

CITY OF PALM BEACH GARDENS, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Prepared By
Finance Department
City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

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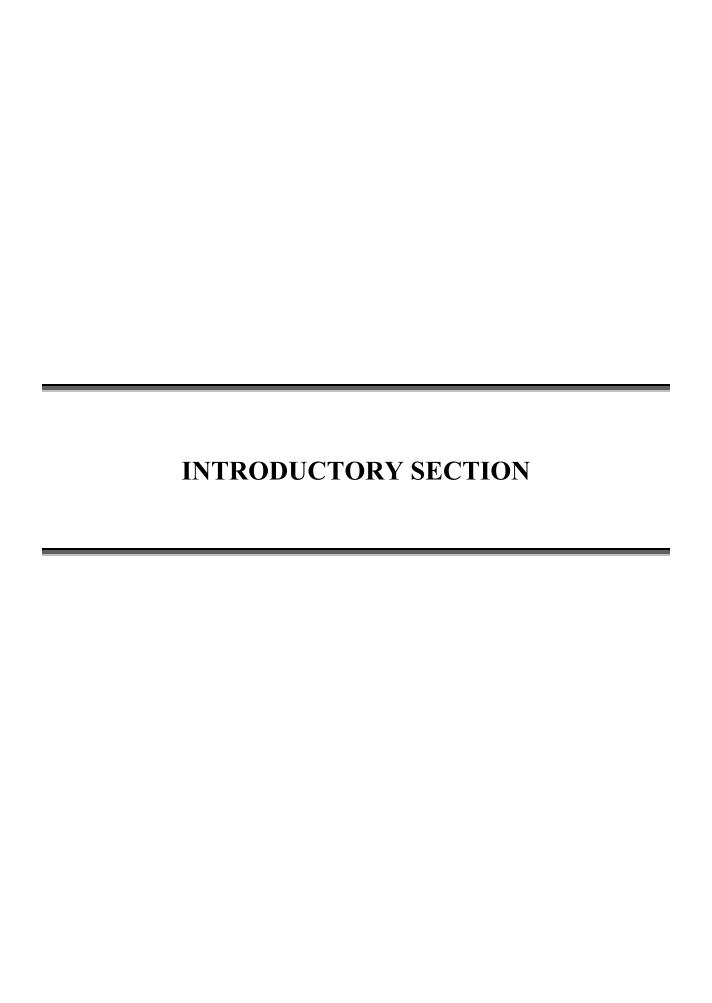
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April 25, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council, and Citizens of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Palm Beach Gardens. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Palm Beach Gardens has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Palm Beach Gardens' financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Palm Beach Gardens' comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Palm Beach Gardens' financial statements have been audited by Marcum LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Palm Beach Gardens for the year ended September 30, 2018, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the City of Palm Beach Gardens' financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Palm Beach Gardens' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Palm Beach Gardens, incorporated in 1959, is located in the southeastern part of Florida, approximately 7 miles north of West Palm Beach and 70 miles north of Miami. The City currently has a land area of 56 square miles, making it one of the largest cities in Palm Beach County, and has a population of 53,800. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. The City also has the power by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which is done periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Palm Beach Gardens has operated under the Council-Manager form of government from its inception. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Governing Council, which consists of a Mayor and four Council Members. The Governing Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Governing Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the City's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council Members are elected to three-year staggered terms, with two Council Members elected one year and three Council Members the following year. Council Members are elected at large; the Mayor is selected annually from among the Council Members by the Council Members themselves.

The City of Palm Beach Gardens provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. Water and sewer services are provided through Seacoast Utilities, a legally separate Water and Sewer Authority, which functions totally independent of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, and therefore has not been included as an integral part of the City of Palm Beach Gardens' financial statements. There are no component units of the City of Palm Beach Gardens at this time.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Palm Beach Gardens' financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Palm Beach Gardens are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in March each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review prior to July 31. The Council is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City of Palm Beach Gardens' fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The budget may be amended in several ways. An intradepartmental or interdepartmental transfer within the same fund may be authorized by the City Manager. A transfer between different funds may be authorized initially by the City Manager, subject to approval within 30 days by resolution adopted by the City Council. A third way is a transfer from the contingency account of the City Council, which may be authorized only by resolution adopted by the Council; except that, in the event of an emergency declared by the Manager, such a transfer may be made initially upon authorization of the Manager, subject to approval within 30 days by resolution adopted by the Council. Any increase in the total appropriations for a fund must be approved by ordinance of the Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 93-94.

Local Economy. The City of Palm Beach Gardens has evolved into an upscale community with a fairly diverse economic base including employment in the fields of healthcare, technology, tourism and leisure, engineering, and education. The City also benefits from having the Scripps Florida Research Institute and Max Planck Society located in Northern Palm Beach County. The City has a strong tax base with approximately 78% of ad valorem taxes generated by the residential component. Additionally, the City does not assess many of the traditional taxes that other municipalities use for generating revenue, but rather, it primarily depends on ad valorem taxes to fund services. Residents are not assessed additional taxes for utility, solid waste, storm water, or fire rescue; and pay a minimal amount in communication services taxes. The City has opted to pay for these services out of ad valorem assessments.

The City of Palm Beach Gardens has been fortunate to have land mass that has been available for future development, which will only further enhance the City's economic base and allow the City to continue to prosper with additional employment opportunities and increases in property valuations and revenues. There is a significant amount of development within the City and multiple developments that could potentially increase employment.

The following are some of the significant projects taking place:

Gardens Corporate Center – The project is currently under construction for two 11-story professional office buildings that are 111,971 square-feet per tower and a parking garage totaling 478,000-square feet.

Avenir – The project includes a 4,763-acre site with plans for 2,407 acres of conservation, 2,690 single family homes, 960 age-restricted dwelling units, 250 multifamily townhomes, 1.8 million square feet of office, 400,000 square feet of retail, 200,000 square feet of medical office and 300 hotel rooms. The project also includes 20 acres of agriculture, 115-acre public civic/park/recreation parcel, and a 15-acre city annex parcel. The projected increase in population from this project represents approximately 15% of the City's current population. The City has approved two site plan petitions for the Avenir Community. One application is received approval of 416 single family homes. The other application received approval of 469-unit age-restricted single-family homes. The City is currently reviewing a Clubhouse and recreation area as well as the Phase 1A of the Town Center District.

Alton – Alton Development of Regional Impact – Formerly known as the Florida Phase II/Briger Tract, is a 681-acre Development of Regional Impact (DRI) project with approval for 1,018 single family homes, 681 multifamily townhomes, 353 apartment units, 2.6 million square feet of industrial/research, 1.2 million square feet of office, 450,000 square feet of retail, and 300 hotel rooms.

Construction activity on the site currently consists of a residential neighborhood comprised of 217 single family homes and 143 multifamily townhomes, a 353-multifamily apartment project, and a 256-bed Assisted Living Facility. Currently, the Alton Town Center, a 360,203 square-foot retail center is under construction. Two of the major tenants Publix and PetSmart have already opened and they are finishing a third building on the site. Artistry, a 469-single family residential area with a 3,290- square foot clubhouse is also under construction. Also, construction on the United Technologies Corporation 224,066 square foot Center for Intelligent Buildings Technology Complex was completed in 2018 and the building is used to showcase the company's innovative

products and integrated systems. This project represents a \$100 million capital investment, retains 70 local jobs and creates 380 new jobs with an average salary of \$85,000 by 2020.

Florida Power & Light-The City is currently reviewing a site plan for a 250,000 square foot 6-story office building located between Kyoto Gardens Drive and PGA Boulevard that will provide for 1,000 employees on an 80-acre site.

Formerly known as Gander Mountain, the At Home – retail furniture store is currently proposing exterior modifications to the recently vacated 120,000 square foot retail building.

Through funding from the South Florida Transit Oriented Design (TOD) grant, the City completed a Station Area Planning study for the anticipated Tri-Rail station in Palm Beach Gardens. In conjunction, the City completed a Mobility Study for funding and other potential transit uses in the City. These studies will allow for the City to encourage infill, higher density, walkability and attainable housing within the City's urban core and in close proximity to a future Tri-Rail station. Beginning this year, the City is also taking an initiative to take a comprehensive look at encouraging and providing incentives for a Workforce/attainable Housing Program in the City.

In an effort to diversify and thus stabilize the economic base, the City of Palm Beach Gardens realized the need to attract industries and employers. Before state and local officials began courting The Scripps Research Institute, the City adopted an Economic Development Element in the City's Comprehensive Plan in January, 2005. Its adoption indicated the City's commitment to its economic goal to achieve a balanced and diversified economy which is compatible with the City's quality built environment and protects important natural resources. The City adopted policies in order to attain the objectives of a balanced and diversified economy, moderate seasonality in employment, increase opportunity for small business enterprises, improve the availability of education and training opportunities, and maintain the balance between man-made and natural environments. Based on the skill sets of the citizenry (available work force) and demographic data collected, growth in targeted cluster industries such as biotechnology, communications, information technology, medical products, marine biology, aerospace research, and associated ancillary businesses would be encouraged. The City has committed a portion of fund balance that will be used to provide future economic incentives as a way to attract companies in these industries.

The City has currently earmarked funds for four companies that have already or plan to expand and establish headquarters within the City of Palm Beach Gardens. Chromalloy Gas Turbine LLC – manufacturer of jet turbines, TBC Corporation - a tire distribution company, Zimmer Biomet Holdings – a medical device company, and United Technologies Corp. – a technology company that focuses on the aerospace and building industries.

Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include bioscience, technology, medical manufacturing, education, health care, financial services, and leisure service industries. Major employers include Palm Beach County School Board, Palm Beach Gardens Medical Center, TBC Corp, PGA National Resort & Spa, Zimmer Biomet, Belcan Engineering Group, NuVista Living, Synthes Anspach Companies, LRP Publications and Cross Match Technologies.

The City of Palm Beach Gardens had an unemployment rate of 2.4% as of September 2018. This rate compares favorably to the State of Florida rate of 3.5% and to the national unemployment rate

of 3.7%. With the prospect of new development projects and the addition of a number of corporate headquarters, future employment within the City appears more than stable.

Long-term financial planning. As mentioned previously, there are major developments that present many opportunities for the future financial stability of the City. However, there are also many challenges that will need to be dealt with. There will be quality of life issues that the City must face, such as transportation, roads, education, recreation, public safety and general government levels of services that must not be compromised for either existing or future residents.

Palm Beach County voters approved a ballot issue to enact a one-cent infrastructure sales surtax to pay for the acquisition and improvements to public infrastructure. The additional tax went into effect January 1, 2017 and will be in place for up to ten years with the City's share of the proceeds estimated to be approximately \$30 million. The City reviewed current and long-term infrastructure needs and formulated a plan for the expenditure of the one-cent sales surtax to address current and projected shortages of office and meeting space, current and future parks, recreation amenities, as well as the long-term maintenance needs associated with the expansion of the parks and facilities. The City earmarked funds for certain projects that will address the demands caused by growth occurring within the City.

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (30.4% of total general fund expenditures) exceeds the policy guideline of a minimum of 17%. Due to the potential risk of future uncertainties relating to natural disasters, an economic downturn, or legislative changes that could have an impact on local government revenue, the City is dedicated to maintaining a strong fund balance position throughout the coming fiscal years.

Major Initiatives. During 2018, there were several projects completed or started that will further enhance the City's roads, parks and facilities. Major projects included the golf course club house expansion, District Park improvements, road improvements related to Shady Lakes Drive and the construction of a new Operations Center.

The golf course club house expansion project was completed during the fiscal year. The project included the complete renovation of the clubhouse to address the aging facilities to support golf course operations. The project cost was approximately \$5.8 million.

Phase I and II of the Gardens North County District Park project is projected to be completed during the next fiscal year. The project was 13.5% complete as of September 30, 2018. The project consists of three multi-purpose fields, two flexible use playing fields, a concession/restroom building, playground, preserve area, nature trails, lighting, parking and landscaping. The cost of improvements will be covered by the one-cent infrastructure sales surtax.

The Shady Lakes Drive improvement and expansion projects were completed in the fiscal year. The project cost was approximately \$2.8 million.

The new Operations Center will centralize all maintenance divisions within the City to improve operations. The project was 18.9% complete as of September 30, 2018. The cost of construction will be covered by the one-cent infrastructure sales surtax.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Palm Beach Gardens for its comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") for the year ended September 30, 2017. This was the 23rd consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The GFOA also awarded the Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City of Palm Beach Gardens for its operating and capital improvements budget for the year ended September 30, 2018. This was the 21st consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the Governing Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Palm Beach Gardens' finances.

Respectfully submitted,

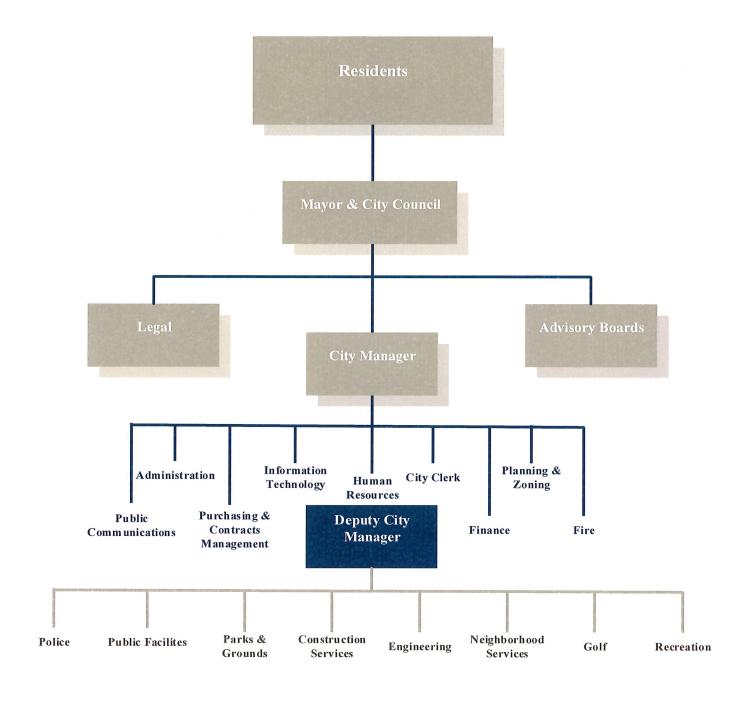
Ron Ferris City Manager Allan Owens, CPA, CGFO Finance Administrator

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TITLE	NAME				
Mayor	Maria Marino				
Vice-Mayor	Carl Woods				
Council Member	Matthew Lane				
Council Member	Rachelle Litt				
Council Member	Mark Marciano				
City Manager	Ronald M. Ferris				
Deputy City Manager	Stephen Stepp				
City Attorney	Lohman Law Group, P.A.				
City Clerk	Patricia Snider				
Finance Administrator	Allan Owens				
Human Resources Administrator	Sheryl Stewart				
City Engineer	Todd Engle				
Information Technology Administrator	Eric Holdt				
Chief of Police	Clinton Shannon				
Fire Chief	Keith Bryer				

CITY OF PALM BEACH GARDENS, FLORIDA ORGANIZATION CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palm Beach Gardens Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Police Officers' Pension Fund and the City's Firefighters' Pension Fund, which represent 90 percent, 92 percent, and 55 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City's Police Officers' Pension Fund and the City's Firefighters' Pension Fund, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.



Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 17 and the budgetary comparison schedule and notes, schedule of total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedules of the City's net pension liability and related ratios, and proportionate share of net pension liabilities, schedules of City contributions and the schedules of investment returns - pensions, on pages 93 through 108 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the introductory and statistical sections, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 25, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

April 25, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2018. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i to vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Palm Beach Gardens exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$108.1 million (*net position*).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$82.8 million, a decrease of approximately \$391 thousand in comparison with the prior year. 33.8% of this total amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$28.0 million, or 30.4% of total general fund expenditures for financial reporting purposes. This amount includes the \$5.2 million budget stabilization fund.
- The City's total governmental activities debt decreased by \$1.9 million (4.4%) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Palm Beach Gardens' basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. In addition to these basic financial statements, this report contains other supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the City include public safety, physical environment, transportation, culture and recreation, and general government services. The City does not operate any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 - 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund and One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital Improvements fund, of which both are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 109-125 of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget (pages 93 - 94).

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance and self-insurance provided to all departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 - 26 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements for the internal service funds can be found on pages 126 - 128 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 - 28 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements for the fiduciary funds can be found on pages 129 - 130 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

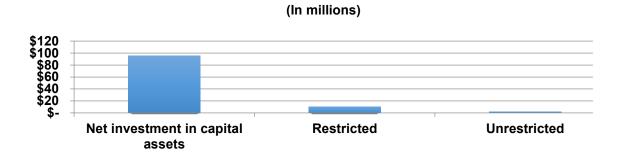
The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 92 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including the budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund and information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 93 - 108 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$108.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The largest portion of the City's net position (88.1%) represents investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, roadways, machinery and equipment), less any related outstanding debt and related deferred outflows used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.



As the chart shown below illustrates, an additional portion of the City's net position, \$10.7 million (9.9%), represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$2.1 million (2.0%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Palm Beach Gardens Summary of Net Position September 30, 2018 and 2017

The following table illustrates a summary of net position for Governmental activities:

	Governmental Activities		
	2018	2017	
Current and other assets	\$109,194,371	\$108,029,488	
Capital assets, net	110,827,823	100,547,320	
Total assets	220,022,194	208,576,808	
Total deferred outflows of resources	34,193,208	31,036,373	
Long-term liabilities	116,138,712	115,176,701	
Other liabilities	15,948,739	14,097,683	
Total liabilities	132,087,451	129,274,384	
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,000,480	6,914,660	
Net investment in capital assets	95,276,106	87,952,986	
Restricted	10,702,072	9,051,076	
Unrestricted	2,149,293	6,420,075	
Total net position	\$108,127,471	\$103,424,137	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in net position for all governmental type activities.

There was an overall increase in the City's assets of \$11.4 million or 5.5% during the current fiscal year. This was mainly due to increases in capital assets relating to the increase in the number of city-wide projects.

The City's deferred inflows and outflows of resources as well as a portion of liabilities all significantly changed due to the posting of activity to record changes in the net pension and total OPEB liabilities as well as deferred inflows and outflows relating to the City's pension plans. The current year changes resulted in an increase to deferred outflows of resources of \$3.2 million, an increase in liabilities of \$2.8 million, and an increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$7.1 million.

The following table summarizes changes in net position for governmental activities:

City of Palm Beach Gardens Summary of Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

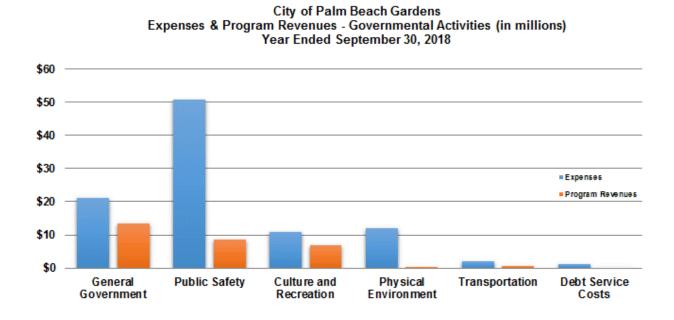
Governmental
Activities

	Activities		
	2018	2017	
Revenues:		_	
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 27,800,781	\$ 28,301,685	
Operating grants and contributions	1,921,496	1,529,434	
Capital grants and contributions	87,109	415,926	
General Revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	59,347,671	55,324,350	
Local business tax	1,530,796	1,608,214	
Public service taxes	2,069,939	2,028,360	
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Sales Tax and local option gas tax	8,754,312	7,010,462	
State shared revenue	1,773,158	1,694,011	
Local shared revenue	17,633	68,618	
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,121,587	497,772	
Gain on disposal of capital assets	182,618	397,739	
Miscellaneous	2,372,299	1,904,266	
Total revenues	106,979,399	100,780,837	
Expenses:			
General government	21,148,515	20,064,766	
Public safety	50,752,213	48,503,388	
Culture/recreation	10,755,062	8,904,360	
Physical environment	11,936,744	10,991,757	
Transportation	2,045,453	2,742,420	
Interest on long-term debt	1,266,773	1,095,700	
Other debt service costs		62,720	
Total expenses	97,904,760	92,365,111	
Change in net position	9,074,639	8,415,726	
Net position – beginning, as restated	99,052,832	95,008,411	
Net position – ending	\$ 108,127,471	\$ 103,424,137	

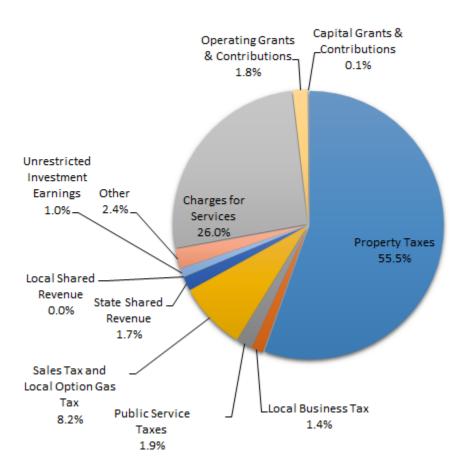
Governmental Activities. As illustrated in the table on the previous page, net position of the City's governmental activities increased by approximately \$4.7 million or 4.5% from \$103.4 million in last fiscal year to \$108.1 million in the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are:

- Total revenues exceeded expenses by \$9.1 million mostly due to a continued increase in taxable values, new construction activity, and a full year of one-cent sales surtax collections.
- Total revenues increased \$6.2 million as a result of an increase in property taxes of \$4.0 million (7.3%) due to rising property values, \$1.7 million (24.9%) increase in sales tax related to the full year collection of the one-cent sales surtax for infrastructure projects and an increase in investment earnings of \$624 thousand (125.3%) due to an increase in interest rates.
- Total expenses increased \$5.5 million (6.0%), mainly due to personnel increases, filling of vacant and new positions, and the effect of posting the change in the net pension liability.

The chart below depicts expenses and program revenues by function for all governmental activities. The graph illustrates the relatively minor amount of support for governmental operations that is derived from program revenues.



City of Palm Beach Gardens Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities Year Ended September 30, 2018

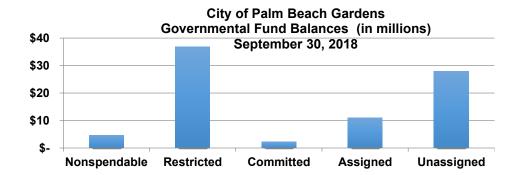


As illustrated in the chart above, property taxes comprise 55.5% of total governmental activity revenues.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Palm Beach Gardens uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.



As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$82.8 million, a decrease of \$391 thousand in comparison with the prior year.

Approximately 33.8% of this total amount (\$28.0 million) represents unassigned fund balance, which includes the budget stabilization fund and amounts available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance was restricted, committed, assigned, or nonspendable for a variety of purposes, such as construction projects, infrastructure improvements, economic development, and law enforcement.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. General tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs not paid through other funds are paid from this fund.

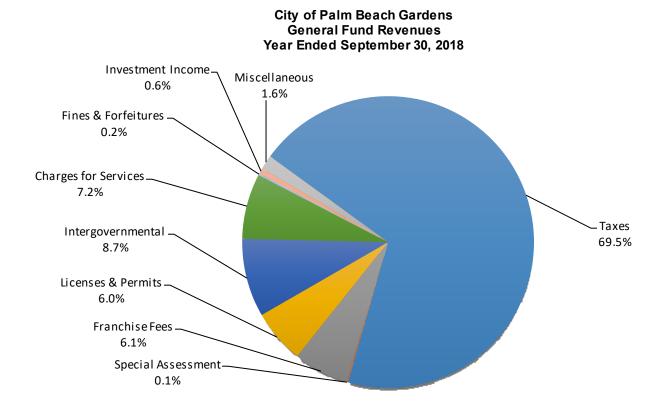
At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$28.0 million, nonspendable fund balance was approximately \$4.5 million, restricted fund balance was approximately \$1.1 million, committed fund balance was approximately \$2.3 million, and assigned fund balance was \$10.5 million for a total fund balance of \$46.4 million.

The amount of General Fund revenues by type, their percent of the total and the amount of change compared to last fiscal year are shown in the following schedule:

		Percent		Percent	Increase	Percentage
	2018	of	2017	of	(Decrease)	of Increase
Revenue Sources	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	From 2017	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$ 62,948,406	69.5%	\$ 58,960,924	68.3%	\$ 3,987,482	6.8%
Special assessment	115,709	0.1%	114,377	0.1%	1,332	100.0%
Franchise fees	5,542,336	6.1%	5,564,984	6.4%	(22,648)	(0.4)%
Licenses and permits	5,392,299	6.0%	5,832,223	6.8%	(439,924)	(7.5)%
Intergovernmental	7,881,444	8.7%	7,236,439	8.4%	645,005	8.9%
Charges for services	6,566,762	7.2%	6,382,549	7.4%	184,213	2.9%
Fines and forfeitures	166,472	0.2%	166,503	0.2%	(31)	0.0%
Investment income	543,476	0.6%	336,500	0.4%	206,976	61.5%
Miscellaneous	1,450,161	1.6%	1,757,015	2.0%	(306,854)	(17.5)%
Total revenues	\$ 90,607,065	100.0%	\$ 86,351,514	100.0%	\$ 4,255,551	4.9%

As illustrated above, General Fund revenues increased by approximately \$4.3 million, or 4.9%, in fiscal year 2018.

Taxes increased by \$4.0 million or 6.8% as a result of an increase in property values and new construction. Licenses and permits decreased by \$440 thousand or 7.5% as a result of a decrease in building permits, although amounts were greater than budgeted projections. Intergovernmental revenue increased by \$645 thousand or 8.9% due to an increase in sales tax and state shared revenue collections.

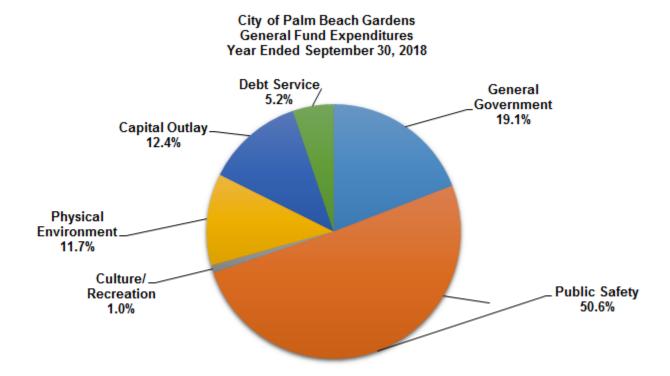


The graph above illustrates the percentage composition of General Fund revenues by type. As can be seen, Taxes comprise the majority of General Fund revenues, with the next largest sources of revenues being Intergovernmental revenues and Charges for Services.

Expenditures schedule:	ın	the	General	Fund	are	shown	ın	the	following
				Percent		Perc	ent	Increase	Percentage
			2018	of	2017	0	f	(Decrease)	of Increase
Expenditur	es		Amount	Total	Amount	Tot	tal	From 2017	(Decrease)
General governm Public safety Culture and recre Physical environr Capital outlay Debt service	ation	\$	17,633,866 46,585,617 876,544 10,733,099 11,449,909 4,791,691	19.1% 50.6% 1.0% 11.7% 12.4% 5.2%	\$16,736,9' 43,715,1' 749,1' 9,606,3' 6,606,3' 4,433,2'	74 53.4 35 0.9 25 11.7 09 8.1	4% 9% 7% %	\$ 896,887 2,870,443 127,409 1,126,774 4,843,600 358,442	6.6% 17.0% 11.7% 73.3%
Total expenditu	ires	\$	92,070,726	100.0%	\$81,847,1	71 99.8	8%	\$10,223,555	5 12.5%

In fiscal year 2018, total General Fund expenditures increased \$10.2 million or 12.5% compared to the prior year. The increase in general government of \$897 thousand is due to salary increases and the filling of vacant positions. The increase in public safety of \$2.9 million relates to salary increases and the addition of personnel. Physical environment increased by \$1.1 million due to an increase in stormwater repairs and maintenance. Capital outlay increased by \$4.8 million or 73.3% due to a significant increase in the number of capital projects relating to golf course facility improvements and improvements to roadways and parks.

As illustrated in the graph below, Public Safety expenditures account for 50.6% of total General Fund expenditures.



One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital Improvements Fund. The City's One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital Improvements Fund is a capital project fund used to account for the receipt and disbursement of a voter approved one-cent sales infrastructure surtax restricted for the purpose of constructing infrastructure projects within the City. Revenues consisted of approximately \$3.7 million from the one-cent sales surtax and \$514 thousand from investment income. Capital outlay expenditures of \$3.4 million were related to various infrastructure projects. Debt service costs of \$300 thousand were related to the funding of infrastructure projects with the use of future one-cent sales surtax revenues to make the bond payments. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance was \$29.4 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the past year, the budget was amended twice. The Council authorized the budget amendments principally to:

- Adjust the carryover of funds by the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for purchase orders and projects from the previous fiscal year.
- Adjust fund balance carryovers to actual amounts per the fiscal year 2017 audit.

- Transfer accumulated fund balance from the extra duty special revenue fund to the general fund.
- Record capital lease purchases of \$2.7 million.

Actual revenue exceeded final budgeted revenue by approximately \$4.1 million mostly due to favorable variances in building permit activity of \$1.3 million, inspection and engineering fees of \$543 thousand due to an increase in building permit and construction activity, EMS transport fees of \$712 thousand, and miscellaneous revenue of \$533 thousand due to an increase in public safety contributions.

Expenditures were \$13.2 million less than the final budget. The variance is mostly attributed to unspent capital projects and purchase orders that will be included in the next fiscal year's budget amendment to carryover funds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The following table illustrates the City's capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2018, which amount to \$110.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roadways, drainage and structures, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was 10.2%.

	Governmental		
	Activities		
	2018 2017		
Land	\$ 15,209,845	\$ 15,209,845	
Construction in progress	10,365,570	8,093,693	
Buildings	22,850,754	18,979,716	
Roadways	25,257,821	23,812,448	
Drainage and structures	13,000,390	12,822,550	
Machinery and equipment	12,566,958	9,762,195	
Improvements other than buildings	11,576,485	11,866,873	
Total	\$110,827,823	\$100,547,320	

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Golf Course Clubhouse expansion and equipment totaling \$5.8 million.
- Roadway improvement projects to Shady Lakes Drive totaling approximately \$2.8 million.
- Capital lease purchases of two fire trucks, three rescue units and two brush trucks totaling approximately \$2.7 million.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 starting on page 51 of this report.

Long-term Debt. The following table illustrates the City's governmental activities long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$40.3 million. All of the City's outstanding debt is secured by specified revenue sources.

Activities 2018 2017 Debt payable: General obligation bonds 540,466 \$ 1,730,056 33,909,672 Non ad valorem bonds payable 36,034,532 Capital leases payable 5,836,189 4,378,159 Total \$40,286,327 \$42,142,747

Governmental

All of the City's general obligation debt is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The City's non-ad valorem debt is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, AA+ by Fitch and Aa1 by Moody's. The City's comprehensive plan provides that debt expenditures shall not exceed 20% of total annual revenues and total outstanding debt is limited to no more than 10% of the City's property tax base.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 starting on page 52 of this report.

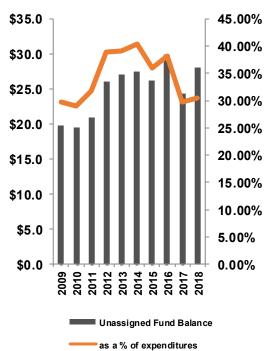
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

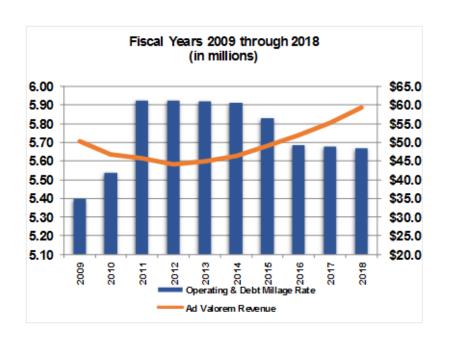
The City's local economy is primarily based upon construction, retail and service activities. The unemployment rate for the City is currently 2.4%. The City's current economic condition continues to expand as new construction continues to grow with \$361 million in permit valuation issued during the fiscal year.

These factors were considered in preparing the City of Palm Beach Gardens' budget for the year ending September 30, 2019.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$28.0 million. It is approximately equal to three and a half months of the General Fund expenditures. The current year balance includes approximately \$5.2 million as part of the budget stabilization fund. Over the last ten years, the City has been able to maintain its unassigned fund balance, not only in dollar value but as a percentage of expenditures, within the fund balance policy target of 17% as shown in the graph to the right.







In 1995, the State of Florida limited increases in homesteaded property taxable values in any given year to 3% or cost of living, whichever is lower. The graph to the left indicates the property tax revenue collected and millage rate trends over the last ten years. The left axis refers to the millage rate and the right axis refers to the dollar value (millions) of revenue collected. millage rate will fluctuate from year to year depending on the total taxable value of the City and the required amount of revenue needed to maintain current levels of service. In next year's budget, the City has reduced the millage rate slightly as taxable property values have continued to increase.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Palm Beach Gardens' finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Allan Owens, Finance Administrator, Finance Department, City of Palm Beach Gardens, 10500 North Military Trail, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,760,999
Investments	56,555,513
Receivables (net)	3,560,927
Due from other governments	743,549
Inventory	132,414
Prepaid items	4,576,664
Investment in joint venture	1,864,305
Capital assets not being depreciated	25,575,415
Capital assets being depreciated, net	85,252,408
Total Assets	220,022,194
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amount on refunding	336,352
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	33,856,856
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	34,193,208
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,294,754
Contracts and retainage payable	1,812,330
Accrued liabilities	7,858,499
Claims payable	588,067
Unearned revenue	3,015,196
Accrued interest payable	379,893
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	7,203,767
Due in more than one year	37,567,409
Net pension liability	62,615,372
Total OPEB liability	8,752,164
Total Liabilities	132,087,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	13,593,702
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	406,778
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,000,480
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	95,276,106
Restricted for:	, ,
Capital improvements	5,808,955
Road improvements	2,969,905
Other purposes	1,923,212
Unrestricted	2,149,293
Total Net Position	\$ 108,127,471

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Functions/Program Activities		Expenses		Charges for Services		gram Revenue Operating Grants and ontributions	G ₁	Capital rants and ntributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities		•							
General government Public safety Culture and recreation Physical environment Transportation Interest on long-term debt	\$	21,148,515 50,752,213 10,755,062 11,936,744 2,045,453 1,266,773	\$	13,245,743 6,955,992 6,718,228 310,747 570,071	\$	205,950 1,590,864 124,682	\$	37,109 50,000 	\$ (7,696,822) (42,168,248) (3,986,834) (11,625,997) (1,350,700) (1,266,773)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	97,904,760	\$	27,800,781	\$	1,921,496	\$	87,109	(68,095,374)
	Ti U U G M	State shared r Local shared nrestricted in ain on dispos- tiscellaneous	ess tax e taxx terge loca rever rever vesti	tes overnmental: al option gas t nue enue ment earnings capital assets					59,347,671 1,530,796 2,069,939 8,754,312 1,773,158 17,633 1,121,587 182,618 2,372,299
		al General R							77,170,013
	Cha	ange in Net F	Posit	ion					9,074,639
			_	ning, as previ ment - Implen		•	3 No.	75	103,424,137 (4,371,305)
	Net	Position - Bo	egin	ning, as restat	ed				99,052,832
	Net	Position - E	ndin	g					\$ 108,127,471

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital	Other	Total
	General Fund	Improvements Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,833,605	\$ 15,338,213	\$ 8,702,403	\$ 33,874,221
Investments	41,555,513	15,000,000		56,555,513
Receivables:				
Accounts (net of allowance for	270 (01		44.220	422.011
doubtful accounts of \$1,639,842)	378,691		44,320	423,011
Special assessment	1,269,401			1,269,401
Franchise fees	1,073,144			1,073,144
Utility taxes	170,763			170,763
Interest	96,080	247.702	 (0.214	96,080
Due from other governments	427,543	247,792	68,214	743,549
Inventory Prepaid items	4,519,841		51,766 4,253	51,766 4,524,094
Frepard items	4,319,641		4,233	4,324,094
Total Assets	\$ 59,324,581	\$ 30,586,005	\$ 8,870,956	\$ 98,781,542
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,890,983	\$ 717	\$ 170,587	\$ 2,062,287
Contracts and retainage payable	366,163	1,169,124	277,043	1,812,330
Accrued liabilities	7,824,901		33,598	7,858,499
Unearned revenue	1,597,791		1,417,405	3,015,196
Total Liabilities	11,679,838	1,169,841	1,898,633	14,748,312
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - special assessment	1,268,766			1,268,766
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	4,519,841		4,253	4,524,094
Inventory			51,766	51,766
Restricted for:				
Capital improvements		29,416,164	2,622,374	32,038,538
Road improvements			2,969,905	2,969,905
Law enforcement	1,066,476		56,772	1,123,248
Art improvements			799,964	799,964
Committed to:				
Economic development	2,297,975			2,297,975
Assigned to:				
Capital improvement and replacement	9,038,073			9,038,073
Special projects	111,435			111,435
Other purposes	830,346		467,289	1,297,635
Subsequent year budget	527,359			527,359
Unassigned	27,984,472			27,984,472
Total Fund Balances	46,375,977	29,416,164	6,972,323	82,764,464
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 59,324,581	\$ 30,586,005	\$ 8,870,956	\$ 98,781,542

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds (page 20)			\$	82,764,464
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. (Excludes internal service fund capital assets.)				109,215,603
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (Excludes internal service fund liabilities.) Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:				
Bonds payable	\$	(34,469,133)		
Net pension liability	Φ	(61,775,334)		
Capital leases payable		(5,383,364)		
Total OPEB liability		(8,534,675)		
Accrued interest payable		(379,893)		
Compensated absences	_	(4,099,421)		
			(114,641,820)
Certain deferred inflows and outflows are not required				
to be reported in the governmental funds but are required to be				
reported at the government-wide level.				
Deferred charges on refunding		336,352		
Deferred outflows relating to pension activity		33,467,125		
Deferred inflows relating to pension activity		(13,525,707)		
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB activity		(396,669)		
				19,881,101
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet maintenance activities and insurance to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.				7,774,417
•				7,777,717
Other long-term assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/ deferred inflows are not available to pay for current period revenues or expenditures, and therefore, are not recognized in the funds.				
Investment in joint venture				1,864,305
Special assessment				1,269,401
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 18)			\$	108,127,471

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 59,347,671	\$	\$	\$ 59,347,671
Local business taxes	1,530,796			1,530,796
Utility taxes	2,069,939			2,069,939
Special assessment	115,709			115,709
Franchise fees	5,542,336			5,542,336
Licenses and permits	5,392,299			5,392,299
Intergovernmental	7,881,444	3,728,975	863,348	12,473,767
Impact fees			1,735,643	1,735,643
Charges for services	6,566,762		6,259,193	12,825,955
Fines and forfeitures	166,472		6,660	173,132
Investment earnings	543,476	514,146	35,355	1,092,977
Miscellaneous	1,450,161		783,675	2,233,836
Total Revenues	90,607,065	4,243,121	9,683,874	104,534,060
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	17,633,866			17,633,866
Public safety	46,585,617		432,475	47,018,092
Culture and recreation	876,544		7,100,970	7,977,514
Physical environment	10,733,099			10,733,099
Transportation			641,199	641,199
Capital outlay	11,449,909	3,442,139	3,678,292	18,570,340
Debt service:	, ,,,,,,,	-, ,	- , , -	- , ,-
Principal	4,313,966			4,313,966
Interest	477,725	299,525		777,250
Total Expenditures	92,070,726	3,741,664	11,852,936	107,665,326
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,463,661)	501,457	(2,169,062)	(3,131,266)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,186,883		514,960	1,701,843
Transfers out	(514,960)		(1,186,883)	(1,701,843)
Capital lease financing	2,641,100		<u></u>	2,641,100
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	99,000			99,000
1 1				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,412,023		(671,923)	2,740,100
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,948,362	501,457	(2,840,985)	(391,166)
Fund Balances - Beginning	44,427,615	28,914,707	9,813,308	83,155,630
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 46,375,977	\$ 29,416,164	\$ 6,972,323	\$ 82,764,464

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 22)		\$	(391,166)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated			
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The amount is less			
than the total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts that are under			
the capitalization threshold, and therefore, were not capitalized.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 17,374,991		
Less: current year depreciation	(6,634,235)]	10,740,756
Governmental funds report special assessments as revenue when collected, but the statement of activities recorded the full amount of the special assessment as		•	10,7 10,720
revenue when there became an enforceable legal claim.			(115.700)
Special assessment			(115,709)
In the statement of activities, the net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (disposals) is to increase net position, whereas in the			
governmental funds these items have no effect on current financial resources: Gain on disposal of capital assets			(129,583)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while			
the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial			
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on			
net position. Also, governmental funds report the payment of premiums, discounts			
and similar items when debt is first issued.			
Capital lease financing	(2,641,100)		
Principal payments on debt	4,313,966		
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	(217,441)		
Amortization of premium	11,953		1,467,378
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of			1,407,376
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Increase in accrued interest payable	(269,123)		
Increase in compensated absences	(476,568)		
			(745,691)
Certain pension expenses in the statement of activities are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB 68.			
Amount of pension expenses recognized at government-wide level			(1,245,929)
Certain OPEB expenses in the statement of activities are recognized on the			
accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB 75.			(447.010)
Amount of OPEB expenses recognized at government-wide level			(447,918)
Governmental funds report the investment in joint venture as expenditures. However,			
the cost of the investment in joint venture is recorded as an asset in the statement			1.44.042
of net position			144,942
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet maintenance			
and self-insurance activities to individual funds. The net revenues of the internal			(202.441)
service funds are reported with governmental activities.			(202,441)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 19)		\$	9,074,639

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
Assets	Funds
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,886,778
Accounts receivable	528,528
Inventory	80,648
Prepaid items	52,570
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	8,548,524
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1 611 595
	1,611,585 1,611,585
Total noncurrent assets Total Assets	10,160,109
1 otal Assets	10,100,109
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	389,731
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	232,467
Claims payable	588,067
Capital lease payable, current portion	147,230
Total current liabilities	967,764
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Claims payable	337,617
Net pension liability	840,038
Total OPEB liability	217,489
Compensated absences payable	28,816
Capital lease payable, net of current portion	305,595
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,729,555
Total Liabilities	2,697,319
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	67,996
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	10,108
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	78,104
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,158,760
Unrestricted	6,615,657
Total Net Position	\$ 7,774,417

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
	Internal
	Service
On another December	Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$ 2,880,448
Employer contributions	7,263,285
Employee contributions Miscellaneous	1,325,819
Miscellaneous	1,125,865
Total Operating Revenues	12,595,417
Operating Expenses	
Personnel expenses	1,018,118
Claims expense	8,443,981
Insurance premiums	477,017
Repair and maintenance	379,847
Fuel and chemicals	569,463
Operating supplies	176,422
Other professional and contractual	953,282
Other expenses	302,136
Depreciation	602,627
Total Operating Expenses	12,922,893
Operating Loss	(327,476)
Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)	
Investment income	28,611
Gain on disposal of capital assets	111,336
Interest expense	(14,912)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	125,035
Change in Net Position	(202,441)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously stated	8,193,041
Prior period adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75	(216,183)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	7,976,858
Net Position - Ending	\$ 7,774,417

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Funds
Receipts for interfund services provided	\$ 10,944,744
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,856,862)
Payments to employees for services	(965,195)
Payments for claims	(8,414,967)
Other operating revenues	1,125,864
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(166,416)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchases of capital assets	(311,872)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	111,336
Principal paid on capital lease	(143,639)
Interest paid on capital lease	(14,912)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(359,087)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest earned	28,611
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	28,611
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(496,892)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,383,670
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 7,886,778
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Used by Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (327,476)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	602,627
Changes in operating assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/	
deferred inflows:	(505 500)
Receivables	(527,788)
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	(11,038)
Inventory Prepaid items	3,354 4,305
Accounts payable	(5,916)
Claims payable	29,013
Net pension liability	43,102
Total OPEB liability	1,306
Compensated absences	(16,964)
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	28,951
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	10,108
Total Adjustments	161,060
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (166,416)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Pension Trust Funds
Assets	Φ	0.504.051
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,524,351
Investments:		1 777 (42
Money market funds		1,777,643
U.S. Government obligations		8,942,985
Mortgage backed securities		4,782,917
Municipal obligations		1,164,295
Fixed income funds		9,743,667
Collateralized mortgage obligations		4,508,124
Corporate obligations		18,045,957
Equity securities		64,583,441
Equity funds		64,862,309
Foreign bonds		826,585
International funds		2,161,969
Real estate funds		20,725,322
Total investments		202,125,214
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends		284,004
Employer		282,936
Pending trades		389,800
State of Florida		1,388,483
Employees		18,614
Total receivables		2,363,837
Prepaid items		304,494
Total Assets		207,317,896
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		267,882
Pending trades payable		432,190
Prepaid employer contributions		1,783,063
repaid employer contributions		1,765,005
Total Liabilities		2,483,135
Net Position		
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 2	204,834,761

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
City	\$ 7,113,676
Insurance premium taxes collected by the State of Florida	
on behalf of the City of Palm Beach Gardens	1,388,483
Employees	1,084,503
Total contributions	9,586,662
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	15,161,910
Interest and dividends	3,915,566
Other	60
Total investment earnings	19,077,536
Less investment expense	(755,602)
Net investment earnings	18,321,934
Total Additions	27,908,596
Deductions	
Pension benefits	9,960,859
Refund of participant contributions	30,633
Administrative expenses	241,393
Total Deductions	10,232,885
Change in Net Position	17,675,711
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	
Beginning of year	187,159,050
End of year	\$ 204,834,761



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida (the "City") was incorporated in 1959, pursuant to House Bill No. 2186, and is located in Northern Palm Beach County, Florida. The City is governed by an elected City Council (the "Council"), which appoints a City Manager. The City provides the following services to its residents: public safety, growth management, sanitation, streets and roads, parks, recreation and a golf course. The Council is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the City. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government.

Significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below:

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2100, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria for component units described above.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The City reported no business-type activities during the current fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining nonmajor governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes when levied for, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, intergovernmental if eligibility requirements are met, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be measurable and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The One-Cent Sales Surtax Capital Improvements Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of a voter approved one-cent sales infrastructure surtax restricted for the purpose of constructing infrastructure projects within the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* – The City operates two internal service funds to account for fleet management services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis and to account for self-insurance health benefits.

The *Pension Trust Funds* – The City's three defined benefit pension plans are accounted for in individual pension trust funds. The pension trust funds are the General Employees' Pension, the Police Pension and the Fire Pension.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of an internal service fund are charges to other funds for usage. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

IMPLEMENTATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENTS

The City implemented the following GASB Statement during the year ended September 30, 2018 that had an impact on the financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

This statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring OPEB liabilities, deferred outlfows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. See Note 9 for more information relating to the City's total OPEB liability.

The effect of the accounting change on net position as previously reported for fiscal year 2017 and prior years is a reduction of \$4.4 million and is an adjustment as of October 1, 2017 beginning fund balance.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as deposits with financial institutions, money market accounts, local government investment pools and highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have a maturity when purchased of three months or less.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents also include each respective fund's equity in pooled cash and investments that are described above. Each fund is able to withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty and there is sufficient liquidity to meet the daily cash needs of each fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS

The City categorizes investments according to the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on observable and unobservable inputs used in establishing the fair value of a financial asset or liability. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices in active markets on a trade date basis. Money market mutual funds and commercial paper that has a remaining life of one year or less upon acquisition are reported at amortized cost. Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments includes the difference between cost and fair value of investments held as well as the net realized gains and losses for securities which are sold. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis when earned. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade basis. Additional information regarding the fair value measurement of investments is disclosed in Note 2.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

RECEIVABLES

Receivables include amounts due for a special assessment, franchise taxes, insurance claims, utility taxes, extra police services and emergency medical services. The City does not require collateral for accounts receivable. Receivables for emergency medical service billings are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is determined based on the age of the individual receivable. Generally, the allowance includes accounts over 60 days past due. Receivables are written off on an individual basis in the year the City deems them to be uncollectible.

INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at cost for items not held for sale and at the lower of cost or net realizable value (only if held for sale) using the first-in, first-out basis and accounted for using the consumption method whereby inventories are charged against operations in the period when used. Inventory in the special revenue recreation and golf funds consists of merchandise held for resale. Inventory in the internal service fund consists of vehicle engine parts and fuel held for consumption. The non-spendable portion of fund balance for inventory in governmental fund types equals the physical inventory to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for appropriation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items consists of certain costs which have been paid prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which are applicable to future accounting periods. These items are accounted for using the purchasing method. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by a non-spendable category of fund balance to indicate that these amounts are not available for appropriation.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., streets, sidewalks, drainage or similar items) are reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date of donation. Lease agreements that qualify as capital leases are recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The City did not retroactively record their intangible assets with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 51. For fiscal year 2018, no separately identifiable assets met the threshold for recording.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, buildings, equipment and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	15 - 25
Roadways	3 - 40
Drainage and structures	35 - 75
Machinery and equipment	3 - 7
Improvements other than buildings	15
Land improvements	25

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported.

UNEARNED REVENUE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Unearned revenue is a liability that arises when resources are obtained before revenue recognition criteria, other than time recognition criteria, have been satisfied. The unearned revenue consists mainly of business taxes and impact fees received in advance of the year for which they are levied. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the year that the revenue recognition criteria has been met.

In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

The City has one item, unavailable revenues relating to a special assessment that is reported as a deferred inflow of resources within the governmental fund financial statements. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the year that the amounts become available.

Within the government-wide statement of net position, the City reports deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB for amounts representing the net difference between expected and actual results, changes in assumptions and projected and actual earnings of its pension plans. The amounts will be amortized over a five-year closed period beginning in the year in which the difference occurred or over the remaining service lives of all employees, as applicable. See Note 8 and 9 for additional details.

The City also recognizes a deferred charge on refunding, which qualifies for reporting as a deferred outflow of resources reported on the government-wide statement of net position. The refunding loss on bonds payable resulted from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused personal leave, which will be paid upon separation of service. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirements. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund.

ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The City receives on-behalf payments from the State of Florida to be used for Police and Fire-Rescue pension benefits. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures in the GAAP basis government-wide and general fund financial statements, but are not budgeted and therefore are not included in the general fund budgetary comparison schedule. On-behalf payments paid to the City by the State totaled \$1,380,632 for the year ended September 30, 2018. Pursuant to City Ordinance, the Fire Pension deducts 2% of the total compensation for participants from the Chapter 175 taxes received during the fiscal year and allocates this amount as Employee Contributions in lieu of increasing the members' contribution rate.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are recognized during the current period. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received and principal payments on debt are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

NET POSITION

Equity in the government-wide statement of net position is displayed in three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt and any deferred inflows/outflows associated with the debt, incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets, excluding unexpended proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by City legislation or external restrictions by other governments, creditors or grantors. Unrestricted net position consists of all remaining net position that do not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is a measurement of available financial resources and is the difference between total assets and deferred outflows and total liabilities and deferred inflows in each fund. Governmental accounting principles distinguish fund balance classification based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specified amounts can be spent. Beginning with the most restrictive constraints, the City's fund balance amounts will be reported in the following categories:

Nonspendable. Represents amounts that are not in a spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Represents amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external parties either constitutionally or through enabling legislation.

Committed. Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (ordinance or resolution which are of equal authority) of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through the same action that created the commitment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Assigned. Represents amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the City Council or by a designee to whom the governing body delegates the authority. Under the City's adopted policy through resolution, only the City Council or City Manager may assign amounts for specific purposes. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned. Includes all amounts not contained in other classifications and is the residual classification of the General Fund only. Unassigned amounts are the portion of Fund Balance which is not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose.

The goal of the City's fund balance policy is to achieve and maintain an Unassigned Fund Balance in the General Fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 17% of expenditures, which represents approximately two (2) months' operating expenditures. If the Unassigned Fund Balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the City shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance. At the end of the fiscal year, the City's unassigned fund balance equaled 30.4% of expenditures.

FLOW ASSUMPTIONS

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

FLOW ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2018, excluding amounts held by Fiduciary Funds, include petty cash of \$5,205 and deposits with financial institutions with a carrying value of \$23,225,039 and a bank balance of \$25,624,139. Cash equivalents also includes \$18,530,755 in money market funds which are recorded at amortized cost. Cash equivalents consist of amounts invested in money market mutual funds and the Florida Education Investment Trust Fund (FEITF).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The FEITF is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) but operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a-7 allows funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share. There are no restrictions or fees to withdrawal from this pool.

Cash of the Fiduciary Funds at September 30, 2018, consist of deposits with financial institutions with a carrying value and bank balance of \$2,524,351.

All deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions which comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Accordingly, all deposits with financial institutions are considered fully insured. The money market mutual fund deposits are uninsured and uncollateralized.

INVESTMENTS

Florida Statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations and agencies of the U.S. Government; fully collateralized interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts with banks or savings and loan associations; the State Board of Administration Florida PRIME Fund; local government investment pools; short term corporate obligations; investments in any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided the portfolio of such investment company is limited to Government Obligations and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such Government Obligations; Government National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae or Florida Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. The City's Pension Boards have full power and authority to invest and reinvest subject to the general terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, on the investments of public employee retirement systems.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The General Employees' Pension Plan is a participating member in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) and therefore the investments follow the policies established by the Master Trust Agreement. The agreement provides that the Master Trustees have the authority and discretion to manage and control the assets of the FMPTF. The established investment policy and portfolio guidelines are designed to assist the plan administrator in monitoring the assets and to guide investment managers with structuring portfolios that are consistent with the FMPTF desired performance results and levels of acceptable risk. A variance of more than 5% from the approved allocation percentages of any asset class requires approval by the Master Trustees. The FMPTF has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 like pool. The FMPTF is an external investment pool and therefore, the fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares.

Due to the various risks associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements.

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes is fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1

Investments' fair values based on prices quoted in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2

Investments' fair values based on observable inputs for the assets either directly or indirectly, other than those considered Level 1 inputs, which may include quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not considered to be active, and quoted prices of similar assets in active or inactive markets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

Level 3

Investments' fair values based upon unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the fair value techniques for the City's investments. Level 1 and 2 prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the City's custodian bank:

Money market funds and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost.

Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates (Level 1). This includes common stock and mutual fund equities.

Debt securities classified as Level 2 are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. This includes U.S. federal agencies, mortgage backed and collateralized securities, municipal bonds, and corporate obligations, including asset backed, bonds and notes.

The General Employees' Pension Plan invests in various funds in which the underlying securities have observable Level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable Level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. Most of the security prices were obtained from a pricing service, Interactive Data Corporation (IDC). While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted. Value is based on market corroborated data. (Level 2 inputs).

The General Employees' Pension Plan invests in a Core Plus Fixed Income Fund. This fund invests in two underlying funds, which are not publicly quoted. These underlying funds invest in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, debt securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts, litigation trusts for both U.S. and foreign companies and governments. Value is based on unobservable inputs. (Level 3 inputs).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

The General Employees' Pension Plan also invests in a Core Real Estate Fund. This fund invests in one underlying fund, which are not publicly quoted. The underlying fund invests in core real estate in the United States, which is valued based on quarterly real estate appraisals. Value is based on unobservable inputs. (Level 3 inputs).

The Police Officer and Fire Pensions hold certain investments in alternative assets consisting of real estate funds and a collective investment trust fund which hold a variety of investment vehicles that do not have readily available market quotations. The alternative investments are measured at net asset value based on their proportionate share of the value of the investments as determined by the fund managers and are valued according to methodologies which include pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

The following are recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

Investment Types		Fair Value	Quoted Pric Active Mar for Identic Assets (Lev	kets cal		Significant servable Inputs (Level 2)	Uno	gnificant bservable Inputs Level 3)
Primary Government								
U.S. Government obligations	\$	18,989,680	\$		\$	18,989,680	\$	
Mortgage backed securities		4,843,458				4,843,458		
Corporate obligations		4,619,342				4,619,342		
Municipal obligations	_	577,538			_	577,538		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	_	29,030,018	\$		\$	29,030,018	\$	
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) *								
Florida Education Investment Trust Fund Term	_	15,000,000						
Total Investments Measured at NAV	_	15,000,000						
Commercial paper (exempt)		12,525,495						
Total Primary Government Investments	\$	56,555,513						
Fiduciary Funds								
Investments by fair value level:								
U.S. Government obligations	\$	8,942,985	\$ 5,806	,334	\$	3,136,651	\$	
Mortgage-backed securities		4,782,917				4,782,917		
Collateralized mortgage obligations		4,508,124				4,508,124		
Fixed income funds		9,743,667	8,893	,783		388,748		461,136
Corporate obligations		18,045,957				18,045,957		
Municipal obligations		1,164,295				1,164,295		
Foreign bonds		826,585				826,585		
Equity securities		35,940,950	35,320	,600		620,350		
Equity funds		93,504,800	92,306	,383		1,198,417		
International funds		2,161,969	1,781	,264		380,705		
Real estate funds	_	5,666,109			_	<u></u>	5	,666,109
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	_	185,288,358	\$ 144,108	,364	\$	35,052,749	\$ 6	5,127,245
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) *								
Real estate funds	_	15,059,213						
Total Investments Measured at NAV	_	15,059,213						
Money market funds (exempt)	_	1,777,643						
Total Fiduciary Funds Investments	\$	202,125,214						

^{*} As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), certain investments that are measured at net asset value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the total investment line item in the statement of fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient, including their related unfunded commitments and redemption restrictions.

Investments Measured at the NAV	Fair Value	_	nfunded nmitments	Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period (Days)
Real estate fund ¹	\$ 9,289,566	\$		Quarterly	10 days
Real estate fund ²	5,769,647			Quarterly	90 days
Florida Education Investment Trust					
Fund Term ³	 15,000,000			Daily	7 days
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$ 30,059,213	\$			

- (1) Real estate fund: The fund is an open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund that invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 10 days prior to quarter end.
- (2) Real estate fund: The fund is an open-ended real estate investment fund investing primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 90 days prior to quarter end.
- (3) Florida Education Investment Trust Fund Term: The fund is a local government investment pool that invests exclusively in high quality money market instruments. The investments are valued at NAV on each planned redemption date, however, there is no assurance that this will be achieved if shares are redeemed prior to their original maturity date and are subject to an early redemption penalty.

The value, liquidity, and related income of certain securities with contractual cash flows, such as asset backed securities collateralized by mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage backed securities, and mutual funds investing in these securities or entities, are particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including real estate value, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the issuers and changes in interest rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for debt investment pools - such as bond mutual funds and external bond investment pools—that do not meet the requirements to be reported as a 2a7-like pool. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Cash equivalents have a weighted average maturity of ninety days or less, resulting in minimal interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy states that securities included within the short term fund will have maturities of less than one year. Investments included in the core fund will have a maximum maturity of five (5) years. Although the Fiduciary Funds' investment policies do not provide limitations as to maturities, the Funds minimize the risk of fair value losses in fixed income portfolios due to rising interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet ongoing cash requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity; and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities or by cash flow projections. The table below summarizes the scheduled maturities of fixed income investments at September 30, 2018:

		Investment Maturities					
		Less Than	One to	Six to	More Than		
Investment Types	Value	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	Ten Years		
Primary Government							
U.S. Government obligations	\$ 18,989,680	\$	\$ 18,989,680	\$	\$		
Mortgage backed securities	4,843,458		4,843,458				
Corporate obligations	4,619,342		4,619,342				
Municipal obligations	577,538		577,538				
Commercial paper Florida Education Investment Trus	12,525,495	12,525,495					
Fund Term	15,000,000	15,000,000					
Total Primary Government	\$ 56,555,513	\$ 27,525,495	\$ 29,030,018	\$	\$		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INTEREST RATE RISK (CONTINUED)

		Investment Maturities				
		Less Than	One to	Six to	More Than	
Investment Types	Value	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	Ten Years	
Fiduciary Funds						
Money market funds (at cost)	\$ 1,777,643	\$ 1,777,643	\$	\$	\$	
U.S. Government obligations	8,942,985	235,000	3,119,215	2,429,949	3,158,821	
Mortgage-backed securities	5,132,950	477	11,317	702,617	4,418,539	
Fixed income funds	849,884		849,884			
Collateralized mortgage obligations	9,173,879	372,460	4,784,570	2,674,428	1,342,421	
Corporate obligations	13,030,169	758,832	5,456,761	2,564,935	4,249,641	
Municipal obligations	1,164,295		441,605	343,951	378,739	
Foreign bonds	826,585		286,777	261,360	278,448	
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$ 40,898,390	\$ 3,144,412	\$ 14,950,129	\$ 8,977,240	\$ 13,826,609	

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio. The Police Pension Plan's investment policy limits corporate obligations to only those holding a rating of one of the three highest classifications by an NRSRO. The Fire Pension Plan's policy limits investments to securities with a rating of investment grade or a higher classification by an NRSRO. The General Employee Pension Plan's investment policy does not limit corporate obligations to those with one of the three highest classifications by an NRSRO. The NRSRO ratings for the City's and the Plan's investments at September 30, 2018, are summarized below.

Investment Type	NRSRO Rating	Value
Money market funds (at cost)	Aaa-mf	\$ 1,777,643
Fixed income funds	AA	849,884
U.S. Gov't bonds & notes	AaaAA+	18,989,680
U.S. Gov't bonds & notes	AaaAA+	5,806,334
U.S. Gov't bonds & notes	Aaa	3,136,651
U.S. Gov't agency securities	AaaAA+	4,843,458
U.S. Gov't agency securities	AaaA	3,715,690
U.S. Gov't agency securities	Aaa	1,067,227

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Investment Type	NRSRO Rating	Value
Commercial paper	A-1P-1	\$ 12,525,495
Collateralized mortgage obligations	AaaA1	4,508,124
Corporate Obligations	AaaBBB+	4,619,342
Corporate Obligations	AaaBaa3	8,872,078
Corporate Obligations	AaaBaa1	9,173,879
Municipal Obligations	Aa3A	577,538
Municipal Obligations	AaaA1	1,164,295
Foreign bonds	Aa2Baa3	826,585
Florida Education Investment Trust		
Fund Term	AAAf	15,000,000
Fixed income funds	Unrated	8,893,783
Equity securities	Unrated	64,583,441
Equity funds	Unrated	64,862,309
International funds	Unrated	2,161,969
Real estate funds	Unrated	20,725,322

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investment policy of the City minimizes this risk by prohibiting the purchase of securities subject to custodial credit risk. The City and its pension plans require that all securities be held by a third party custodian in the name of the City or the respective Plan. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy limits the concentration of credit risk by setting limits on the maximum amount of securities held by type and by single issuer. The City's Police Pension Plan's investment policies limit investments in the stock of any one issuing company to 5% of the Plan's assets and to 5% of the outstanding capital

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

stock of any issuing company. The City's Fire Pension Plan's investment policy limits investments in the stock of any one issuing company to 3% of the Fund's assets, and to 3% of the outstanding capital stock of any issuing company. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

The General Employees' Pension Plan as well as the Police and Fire Pension Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5% or more of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no direct exposure to foreign currency risk in the City's and the Plans' investments at September 30, 2018 as all foreign investments are denominated in U.S. dollars.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables and the related allowance for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Gross	Allowance for		
	Accounts	Doubtful	Net Accounts	
	Receivable	Accounts	Receivable	
Governmental Activities			_	
Due from EMS	\$ 1,916,380	\$ (1,639,842)	\$ 276,538	
Special assessment	1,269,401		1,269,401	
Franchise fees	1,073,144		1,073,144	
Special claim reimbursement	524,808		524,808	
Utility taxes	170,763		170,763	
Interest	96,080		96,080	
Extra police services	44,320		44,320	
Other miscellaneous services	105,873		105,873	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,200,769	\$ (1,639,842)	\$ 3,560,927	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector, respectively. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year and each assessment roll is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the assessment roll meets all of the appropriate requirements of State law. State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills.

The tax levy of the City is established by the Council prior to October 1st of each year during the budget process. The Palm Beach County Property Appraiser incorporates the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County, County School Board, and special district tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the City for the year ended September 30, 2018, was 5.6678 (\$5.6678 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation).

Taxes may be paid less a 4% discount in November, or at declining discounts each month through the month of February. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1st following the year in which they are assessed. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June 1st following the tax year, certificates are offered for sale for all delinquent taxes on real property.

After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by the County. Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations. At September 30, 2018, unpaid delinquent taxes are not material and have not been recorded by the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
	October 1,	Additions/	Retirements/	September 30,		
	2016	Transfers	Transfers	2017		
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 15,209,84	5 \$	\$	\$ 15,209,845		
Construction in progress	8,093,693		(11,959,845)	10,365,570		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	23,303,53	8 14,231,722	(11,959,845)	25,575,415		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	40,338,98	5,403,506		45,742,490		
Roadways	69,057,96	5 2,616,950		71,674,916		
Drainage and structures	17,760,41	7 372,090	(79,533)	18,052,974		
Machinery and equipment	31,395,50	5,881,915	(2,125,123)	35,152,297		
Improvements other than buildings	25,962,34	1,140,563	(58,134)	27,044,774		
Total capital assets being depreciated	184,515,21	7 15,415,024	(2,262,790)	197,667,451		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	(21,359,26)	8) (1,532,468)		(22,891,736)		
Roadways	(45,245,51	8) (1,171,577)		(46,417,095)		
Drainage and structures	(4,937,86)	7) (186,302)	71,585	(5,052,584)		
Machinery and equipment	(21,633,31)	0) (2,915,601)	1,963,572	(22,585,339)		
Improvements other than buildings	(14,095,47	2) (1,430,951)	58,134	(15,468,289)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(107,271,43	5) (7,236,899)	2,093,291	(112,415,043)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	77,243,782	2 8,178,125	(169,499)	85,252,408		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 100,547,32	22,409,847	\$ (12,129,344)	\$ 110,827,823		
Governmental Activities						
General government			\$	678,688		
Public safety				2,714,893		
Culture and recreation				2,251,510		
Physical environment				206,671		
Transportation				1,385,137		
Total Depreciation Expense – Govern	<u>\$</u>	7,236,899				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Balance						Balance	Due	
		October 1,					S	eptember 30,	Within	
		2017		Additions		Reductions		2018	One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Debt Payable										
Capital leases payable	\$	4,378,159	\$	2,641,100	\$	(1,183,070)	\$	5,836,189	\$ 1,061,309	
General obligation bonds payable		1,730,056				(1,189,590)		540,466	540,466	
Pubic improvement refunding		6,180,000				(1,675,000)		4,505,000	1,725,000	
bonds payable										
Add premium on revenue bonds		30,948				(11,953)		18,995		
Public improvement bonds payable	_	29,854,532	_			(449,860)	_	29,404,672	3,233,187	
Total Debt Payable		42,173,695	_	2,641,100	_	(4,509,473)		40,305,322	6,559,962	
Other Liabilities										
Compensated absences		3,668,633		4,479,781		(4,020,177)		4,128,237	306,188	
Claims payable	_	392,874	_	7,150,316		(7,205,573)	_	337,617	337,617	
Total Other Liabilities		4,061,507		11,630,097	_	(11,225,750)		4,465,854	643,805	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	46,235,202	\$	14,271,197	\$	(15,735,223)	\$	44,771,176	\$ 7,203,767	

CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

The City has entered into various lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of fire rescue and police vehicles. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Assets					
Machinery and equipment	\$ 8,426,752				
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,361,674)				
Total	\$ 7,065,078				

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities				
2019	\$ 1,235,126				
2020	1,186,397				
2021	1,211,397				
2022	825,482				
2023	1,176,131				
2024-2028	821,308				
Total Minimum Lease Payments	6,455,841				
Less amount representing interest	(619,652)				
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 5,836,189				

OPERATING LEASES

The City has entered into a fleet leasing agreement with Enterprise Fleet Management to lease fleet vehicles rather than purchasing the units outright. The leasing program will result in a complete change out of all current fleet vehicles, including police and public service vehicles within five years. At September 30, 2018, the City was in possession of 47 vehicles of which 3 vehicles had a term of 12 months, 8 vehicles had a term of 36 months and 36 vehicles had a term of 60 months. Total costs for the leases were \$286,480 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

OPERATING LEASES (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental
September 30,	Activities
2019	\$ 302,546
2020	291,275
2021	275,148
2022	242,894
2023	198,233
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,310,096

BONDS PAYABLE

General Obligation Bonds

The City's voters authorized by special referendum on September 3, 1996, the issuance of bonds, not to exceed \$19.1 million, for payment of the cost of demolition of the old City Hall and Police Station; acquisition, construction and furnishing of the new City Hall, new Police Station, an addition to the central Fire Station; and improvements to certain recreational facilities. The bonds are general obligations of the City, payable from ad valorem taxes to be levied upon all taxable property in the City, in addition to all other taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount. The bonds were issued in series.

	tstanding Balance
<u>Series 2010</u>	
The City issued \$4,440,997 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 on December 17, 2010, to retire the General Obligation Bonds that were issued in 1998 and 1999. Interest at rates ranging from 2.67% to 3.245% is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1, commencing on July 1, 2011. Principal payments will be due July 1 each year beginning July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2019. Debt service payments will be made from the general fund.	540,466
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 540,466

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Public Improvement Bonds

On November 6, 2003, the City Council approved, through adoption of Resolution 174, 2003, the issuance of Public Improvement Bonds in one or more series for the purpose of financing the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing capital and non-capital projects and refunding prior obligations issued by the City. The bonds are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

Outstanding Balance

Public Improvement Bonds

Series 2011

The City issued \$16,190,000 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 on November 8, 2011, to advance refund the outstanding Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2003. Interest at rates ranging from .85% to 3.75% is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1. Principal is payable in annual installments of \$325,000 to \$1,880,000, with the final payment due May 1, 2023. Debt service payments will be made from the general fund.

4,505,000

Series 2013

On June 6, 2013, the City approved, through adoption of Resolution 39, 2013, the issuance of the Public Improvement Bond, Series 2013, in the amount of \$4,300,000 for the purpose of financing the cost of improvements to the City's Golf Course and the construction of a new fire station. Interest at rates ranging from 1.77% to 2.29% is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is payable in annual installments of \$209,370 to \$245,403, with the final payment due December 1, 2022. Debt service payments will be made from the general fund.

2,129,672

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Public Improvement Bonds (continued)

Outstanding Balance

Series 2017

On February 9, 2017, the City approved, through adoption of Resolution 14, 2017, the issuance of the Public Improvement Bond, Series 2017, in the amount of \$30,000,000 for the purpose of financing the cost of certain infrastructure projects within the City relating to the one-cent sales surtax. Interest at the rate of 2.20% is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1. Principal is payable in annual installments of \$2,725,000 to \$3,300,000, with the final payment due October 1, 2026. Debt service payments will be made from the one-cent sales surtax capital improvements fund.

27,275,000

Total Public Improvement Bonds

\$ 33,909,672

Annual debt service payments to maturity for all bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Gener	al Obliga	atioı	n Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds			Total All Bonds						
September 30	Prin	cipal	I	nterest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$ 5	540,466	\$	17,538	\$	4,958,187	\$	763,325	\$	5,498,653	\$	780,863	\$	6,279,516
2020						5,076,669		637,426		5,076,669		637,426		5,714,095
2021						3,695,307		504,750		3,695,307		504,750		4,200,057
2022						3,779,106		418,682		3,779,106		418,682		4,197,788
2023						3,615,403		330,231		3,615,403		330,231		3,945,634
2024-2027						12,785,000	_	570,075		12,785,000		570,075	_	13,355,075
Total	\$ 5	540,466	\$	17,538	\$	33,909,672	\$	3,224,489	\$	34,450,138	\$ 3	3,242,027	<u>\$.</u>	37,692,165

IN-SUBSTANCE DEFEASANCE – PRIOR YEARS

In 2003, the City defeased a bond issue (Florida Intergovernmental Finance Commission Capital Revenue Bonds, 2001 Series B) by creating a separate irrevocable trust fund. New debt was issued and the proceeds of the new debt were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust fund. The investments and fixed earnings

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

IN-SUBSTANCE DEFEASANCE – PRIOR YEARS (CONTINUED)

from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the City's government-wide financial statements. As of September 30, 2018, the amount of defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the City's government-wide financial statements is \$4,400,000.

In 2011, the City defeased the Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 by creating a separate irrevocable trust fund. New debt was issued and the proceeds of the new debt were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust fund. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the City's government-wide financial statements. As of September 30, 2018, the amount of defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the City's government-wide financial statements is \$4,480,000.

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers by fund type for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Transfer In							
	Non-major							
			gov	ernmental				
Transfer Out	Ger	neral Fund		funds	Total			
General Fund	\$		\$	514,960	\$	514,960		
Non-major governmental funds		1,186,883				1,186,883		
Total Funds	\$	1,186,883	\$	514,960	\$	1,701,843		

Transfers were made to move funds from the general fund to the golf special revenue fund to offset the anticipated loss of revenue due to the construction of the new clubhouse and other golf improvement capital projects. A transfer of the accumulated fund balance from the extra duty detail special revenue fund to the general fund was made to offset costs in public safety. A transfer to the general fund from the road impact fund was made for scheduled debt service payments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

In October 2006, the City approved, through the adoption of Resolution 84, 2006, the participation in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") for general employees, including elected officials and senior management. Employees participating in another City retirement plan that were hired prior to October 1, 2006, had the right to elect to continue participating in the City plan or discontinue participation in the City plan and join the FRS. Employees that elected to join the FRS were eligible for past service credit, at the City's expense, for the period of the participation in the City retirement plan, up to 9.75 years. Additional past service credit could be purchased at the employee's expense. Employees are vested in FRS after six years of service.

There are two defined benefit plans as part of the Florida Retirement System. The FRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The Health Insurance Subsidy Program ("HIS") is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The FRS and HIS were created by the Florida Legislature and are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability or death benefits for retirees or their designated beneficiaries while HIS assists retirees in paying costs related to health insurance. All retirement legislation must comply with Article X, Section 14 of the State Constitution and Part VII, Chapter 112 Florida Statutes. Both of these provisions require that any increase in retirement benefits must be funded concurrently on an actuarially sound basis.

Both plans are included as a fiduciary fund in the State of Florida's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report is available via the Florida Department of Financial Services' homepage at www.myfloridacfo.com. FRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes statements of financial condition, investment objectives and policy, an actuarial report, historical and statistical information on active members, annuitants, and benefit payments, as well as a description of the retirement plans. The report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Benefits Provided

HIS - The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (continued)

FRS –The general classes of membership are as follows:

Regular Class – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Elected County Officers Class – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) – Members in senior management level positions.

Special Risk Class – Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants. DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The plan's total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Below is the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011

Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service 1.60% Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service 1.63% Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service 1.65% Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service 1.68%

Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011

Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service 1.60% Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service 1.63% Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service 1.65% Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service 1.68%

Elected County Officers 3.00%

Senior Management Service Class 2.00%

Special Risk Regular Class 3.00%

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Employees in the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Investment Plan are required to contribute 3% of their income as part of SB 2100 FRS reform measures that passed in the 2011 Florida legislative session. The total amount of employee contributions was \$531,662. Contribution percentage amounts are subject to change each year based on legislative law changes, investment experience and the actuarial experience of the trust fund. As of September 30, 2018, the City's required annual contribution is 8.26% of the covered salary for general employees, 24.06% for senior management, 48.70% for elected officials, and 24.50% for special risk. The City's contribution to FRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 was \$1,850,513, equal to 100% of the required contribution for the fiscal year. Included in these rates is 1.66% relating to the HIS plan for all classes of employees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the City reported liabilities of \$15,150,597 for its proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability and \$5,990,730 for the HIS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's fiscal year 2018 contributions relative to the fiscal year 2017 contributions of all participating members. At September 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.05030 percent for the FRS plan and 0.05660 percent for the HIS plan, which was an increase of 0.00271 percent and 0.00319 percent respectively, from the proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,669,225. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
	FRS	HIS	Total			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,283,483	\$ 91,71	5 \$ 1,375,198			
Assumption Changes	4,950,478	666,24	5,616,721			
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		- 3,61	3,616			
Changes in proportion and differences between City						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,628,478	932,37	5 2,560,853			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	344,809	70,10	414,916			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,207,248	\$ 1,764,05	<u>\$ 9,971,304</u>			
	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	FRS	HIS	Total			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 46,584	\$ 10,17	8 \$ 56,762			
Assumption Changes		- 633,39	633,390			
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments	1,170,568	-	- 1,170,568			
Changes in proportion and differences between City						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	74,755	<u> </u>				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,291,907	\$ 643,56	<u>\$ 1,935,475</u>			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$414,916, resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Employer Share of Deferred Outflows / (Inflows)							
Year Ending								
September 30		FRS		HIS	Total			
2019	\$	2,371,195	\$	280,085	\$	2,651,280		
2020		1,695,659		279,781		1,975,440		
2021		473,637		240,907		714,544		
2022		1,161,383		167,655		1,329,038		
2023		750,709		48,995		799,704		
Thereafter		117,949		32,958		150,907		
Total	\$	6,570,532	\$	1,050,381	\$	7,620,913		

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both cost-sharing defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	FRS	HIS			
	Generational I	RP-2000 with			
Mortality Table	Projection Scale BB Tables				
Experience Study	7/1/08-6/30/13				
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal				
Investment rate of return	7.00%	3.87%			
Projected salary increases	3.25%	3.25%			
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed income	18%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global equity	54%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real estate (property)	11%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private equity	10%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic investments	6%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
	100%	:		
Assumed inflation-Mean		2.6%		1.9%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent for the FRS plan. The fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The HIS program uses a pay as you go funding structure, therefore, the depletion date is considered to be immediate and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate. The municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate for FRS was decreased from 7.10% to 7.00%. The HIS discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2018.

City's Proportion	ate Share of the Net P	ension Liability
	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
 D	D -4-	T.,

 Pension Plan
 Decrease
 Rate
 Increase

 FRS
 \$ 27,650,475
 \$ 15,150,597
 \$ 4,768,709

 HIS
 6,823,091
 5,990,730
 5,296,909

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

CITY SPONSORED - DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Descriptions

The City is the sponsor of three single-employer defined benefit plans: City of Palm Beach Gardens Police Officers' Pension Fund (the "Police Pension") covering police officers, City of Palm Beach Gardens Retirement Plan for Firefighters (the "Fire Pension") covering Firefighters, and City of Palm Beach Gardens Retirement Plan for General Employees (the "General Employees' Pension"). The defined benefit plan for general employees was closed to new employees hired after May 1, 1995. All three plans are reported as pension trust funds. The City Council is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

At the election of the Pension Boards, separate audited financial statements are produced for the Police Pension and the Fire Pension. The General Employees' Pension does not issue separate statements. The stand-alone statements for the Police Pension and the Fire Pension are available on the City's homepage at www.pbgfl.com.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Plan Descriptions (continued)

Each pension plan has its own board that acts as plan administrator and trustee. Each plan's assets may only be used for the payment of benefits to the members and beneficiaries of the plan in accordance with the terms of each plan document. The costs of administering each plan are financed in the appropriate pension trust fund.

The General Employees' Pension Board has three members and is comprised of a plan member or retiree or HR administrator if one of these is unable to serve; the City's finance administrator and the City manager or designee.

The Police and Fire Pension Boards are managed by a five-member Board of Trustees comprised of two members appointed by City Council, two members that are elected by plan membership, and a fifth member who is chosen by the other four members.

Basis of Accounting

The Plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer and State of Florida contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value except for money market funds and commercial paper which are at amortized cost, and are managed by third party money managers. The Plans' independent custodians and individual money managers price each instrument using various third party pricing sources. The benefits and refunds of the defined benefit pension plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS

General Employees' Pension

The Plan provides normal retirement, early retirement, deferred retirement, disability retirement and death benefits. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended under the authority of City Ordinance. A participant may retire with normal benefits after age 62 with 10 years of credited service. Reduced early retirement benefits are available once a participant reaches age 55 and accumulates 10 years of credited service. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the participant's average earnings times the participant's credited service years. A participant becomes 100% vested after 10 years of credited service. Early retirement benefits are the same as normal retirement benefits, reduced by 0.55% for each of the first sixty months by which the early retirement age precedes age 62 and further reduced by 0.27% for each of the next twenty-four months by which the early retirement age precedes age 62. Average earnings for purposes of calculating benefits is the average of the three highest years of pensionable earnings out of the last five years of employment. Salary means the average monthly earnings reported to the Internal Revenue Service for income tax purposes.

Disability Benefits

A participant must become totally and permanently disabled prior to his termination of employment as determined by the pension board. The disability benefit is a monthly 10-year certain and life annuity equal to the participant's monthly accrued benefit, but offset as necessary to preclude the total of the participant's worker's compensation, 50% of the participant's social security disability benefit, and any other City-provided disability compensation from exceeding his final monthly salary excluding overtime. For this purpose, the amount of any lump sum worker's compensation payment is converted to an equivalent monthly benefit payable for 10 years certain by dividing the lump sum amount by 83.9692. A disabled participant may elect the single life annuity or a joint and contingent annuity in lieu of the 10-year certain and life form of payment. Regardless of the form of payment, benefits cease upon the participant's recovery from the disability prior to normal retirement date.

Eligibility for disability benefits begins from the participant's date of hire, if the disability is service connected, or after 10 years of service if non-service connected. Service-incurred disability benefits are 60% of the participant's average final compensation, and not less than 2.0% of the participant's average final compensation times his or her credited service years. Non-service incurred disability benefits are 2.5% of the participant's average final compensation times his or her credited service years up to a maximum of 50% of average final compensation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

General Employees' Pension (continued)

Death Benefits

If a vested participant dies prior to retirement, the participant's beneficiary receives a 10-year certain annuity equal to the participant's monthly accrued benefit, payable beginning at the participant's early or normal retirement age. If a non-vested participant dies prior to retirement, the participant's beneficiary receives the participant's accumulated contributions.

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits for unvested participants are the return of the participant's contributions. For participants who are vested when they terminate, their vested accrued pension benefit is payable at the early or normal retirement date. Full vesting occurs at the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Police Pension

The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits for its members. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the City of Palm Beach Gardens, in conjunction with the Palm Beach County Police Benevolent Association. A member hired before September 13, 2012 may retire with normal benefits after the earlier of age 52 with 10 years of credited service, or 20 years of credited service regardless of age. A member hired on or after September 13, 2012 may retire with normal benefits upon the attainment of age 59 and 10 years of credited service. Reduced early retirement benefits are available once a member reaches age 50 and accumulates 10 years of credited service. For members retiring prior to September 13, 2012, normal retirement benefits are 3.5% of the member's average monthly earnings times his or her credited service years, up to a maximum of 100% of average monthly earnings, plus a monthly supplemental benefit of \$12.50 per year of service. For members hired prior to September 13, 2012 and retiring on or after September 13, 2012, but not having attained the normal retirement date prior to September 13, 2012, normal retirement benefits are 3.5% of the member's average monthly earnings times his or her credited service years earned prior to September 13, 2012 plus 2.75% of the member's average monthly earnings times his or her credited service years earned on or after September 13, 2012, up to a maximum of 75% of average monthly earnings, plus a monthly supplemental benefit of \$12.50 per year of service. For members hired on or after September 13, 2012, normal retirement benefits are 2.75% of the member's average monthly earnings times his or her credited service years, up to a maximum of 75% of average monthly earnings, plus a monthly supplemental

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Police Pension (continued)

benefit of \$12.50 per year of service. Early retirement benefits are the same as normal retirement benefits, reduced by 3.0% for each year by which early retirement precedes the normal retirement date. Average monthly earnings for purposes of calculating benefits is the average of salary during the last five years of employment producing the highest average. Salary means the average monthly earnings reported to the Internal Revenue Service for income tax purposes, plus deferred compensation. Beginning with salary after December 31, 2008, the definition of salary includes amounts paid by the City as differential wages to members who are absent from employment while in qualified military service. Notwithstanding the preceding two sentences, effective September 13, 2012, salary will henceforth mean base pay, excluding all other compensation, provided that the salary of any member employed on September 13, 2012 shall include payment for unused accrued sick and annual leave up to the dollar amount of unused sick and annual leave that the member has accrued as of September 13, 2012. However, in no event will the salary of any member who is employed on September 13, 2012 be less than the member's salary on September 12, 2012 as determined in accordance with the definition of salary in effect on September 12, 2012.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Any member who attains 20 years of service or age 52 with 10 years of service may elect to participate in a deferred retirement option plan (DROP) while continuing his or her active employment as a police officer. The election to enter the DROP must be made prior to completing 25 years of credited service. Upon participation in the DROP, the member becomes a retiree for all Plan purposes so that he or she ceases to accrue any further benefits under the Plan. Normal retirement payments that would have been payable to the member as a result are accumulated and invested in the DROP plan to be distributed to the member upon his or her termination of employment. Participation in the DROP plan ceases for a member at the first to occur of: termination of employment, 30 years of credited service or 5 years of participation.

Disability Benefits

Eligibility for disability benefits begins from the member's date of hire, if the disability is service connected, or after 10 years of service if non-service connected. Service-incurred disability benefits are 60% of the member's current compensation, and not less than the accrued pension benefit. Non-service incurred disability benefits are calculated the same as a normal retirement pension based on average monthly earnings and credited service at the time of disability, but not less than 25% of average monthly earnings or the accrued pension benefit, whichever is greater.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Police Pension (continued)

Death Benefits

Pre-retirement death benefits for service related deaths are paid to the member's beneficiary for life. Benefits are calculated at 50% of the member's average monthly earnings, with a minimum equal to the accrued pension benefit (with no early retirement reduction). Pre-retirement death benefits for non-service related deaths are paid to the member's beneficiary for life. For members with less than 5 years of contributing service at the date of death, the benefit is the return of the member's contributions without interest. For members with 5 years or more of contributing service at the date of death, the benefit is equal to that payable at early or normal retirement age. If the member is eligible for normal retirement, the benefit is equal to his or her accrued pension benefit, and is payable for life.

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits for unvested members are the return of the member's contributions. For members who are vested when they terminate, their vested accrued pension benefit is payable at the early or normal retirement date. Full vesting occurs at the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Fire Pension

The Plan provides normal retirement, early retirement, deferred retirement, disability retirement and death benefits. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended under the authority of City Ordinance. A participant may retire with normal benefits after the earlier of age 52 with 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service regardless of age. Reduced early retirement benefits are available once a participant reaches age 50 and accumulates 10 years of credited service. Normal retirement benefits are 3.0% of the participant's average final compensation times the participant's credited service years up to a maximum of 99% (75% for participants retiring on or after September 13, 2012 who were not eligible for normal retirement or who did not have an accrued pension benefit in excess of 75% of average final compensation on that date) of average final compensation. Early retirement benefits are the same as normal retirement benefits, reduced by 3.0% for each year by which the commencement of benefits precedes age 52. Average final compensation for purposes of calculating benefits is one twelfth of the average annual salary for the best five years of the last ten years of credited service. Salary means the total

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Fire Pension (continued)

compensation for services rendered to the City as a firefighter is reportable on the participant's W-2 form plus all tax deferred, tax-sheltered or tax exempt items of income derived from elective employee payroll deduction or salary reduction. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, effective September 13, 2012, salary shall exclude all overtime compensation as well as payments for unused accrued sick and annual leave; provided the salary of any participant employed on September 13, 2012 shall include payment for unused accrued sick and annual leave up to the number of hours of unused sick and annual leave accrued on September 13, 2012.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Any participant who attains 25 years of service or age 52 with 10 years of service may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) while continuing his or her active employment as a firefighter. Upon participation in the DROP, the participant becomes a retiree for all Plan purposes so that he or she ceases to accrue any further benefits under the Plan. Normal retirement payments that would have been payable to the participant as a result are accumulated and invested in the DROP plan to be distributed to the participant upon his or her termination of employment. Participation in the DROP plan ceases for a participant at the first to occur of: termination of employment or 5 years of participation.

Disability Benefits

Eligibility for disability benefits begins from the participant's date of hire, if the disability is service connected, or after 10 years of service if non-service connected. Service-incurred disability benefits are 60% of the participant's average final compensation, and not less than 2.0% of the participant's average final compensation times his or her credited service years. Non-service incurred disability benefits are 2.5% of the participant's average final compensation times his or her credited service years up to a maximum of 50% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits

The death benefit for a participant who was partially or fully vested, but had not attained at least age 50, is a payment of the participant's accrued pension benefit to the participant's beneficiary for 10 years, beginning on the date that the participant would have attained age 52 for a normal retirement benefit or age 50 for an early retirement benefit, at the option of the beneficiary. The death benefit for a participant who was not vested is a return of the participant's contributions to the participant's beneficiary.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Fire Pension (continued)

Termination Benefits

Termination benefits for unvested participants are the return of the participant's contributions. For participants who are vested when they terminate, their vested accrued pension benefit is payable at the early or normal retirement date. Full vesting occurs at the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Cost of Living Adjustments

Beginning January 1, 2004, and each January 1 thereafter, all participants receiving benefits, excluding disability retirees, shall receive an age based cost of living adjustment. The amount will be 1.0% for participants who are age 53, 2.0% for participants who are age 54, and 3.0% for participants who are age 55 or greater. Effective January 1, 2013, the applicable percentage for participants who are age 55 or greater, and who were not employed and eligible for normal retirement on September 13, 2012, shall be 1.5%.

The plan membership as of October 1, 2018 for the General Employees' and October 1, 2017 for the Police and Fire, the date of the latest actuarial valuation are listed below:

	General Employees'	Police	Fire
Active Employees	2	91	95
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	10	79	51
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	2	3	5
Total	14	173	151

Contributions

The Florida Constitution requires local governments to make the actuarially determined contribution. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves each local government's actuarial report for funding purposes. Additionally, the State collects two locally authorized insurance premium surcharges (one for the Police Pension Plan on casualty insurance policies and one for the Fire Pension Plan on certain real and personal property insurance policies within the corporate limits) which can only be distributed after the State has ascertained that the local government has met their actuarial funding requirement for the then most recently completed fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Fire Pension (continued)

The following schedule summarizes the contribution rates for the City and its plan members:

	General		
	Employees'	Police	Fire
Contribution Rates:			
City	114.76%	47.39%	52.24%
State	N/A	9.16%	6.44%
Plan members	6.00%	8.60%	6.00%

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plans are partially funded by contributions from the State of Florida under Chapters 185 and 175, respectively, of the Florida Statutes. This contribution consists of excise taxes collected by the State on property and casualty insurance premiums on policies written within the City and totaled \$1,380,632 for the year ended September 30, 2018: \$715,996 for property insurance contracts for firefighters and \$664,636 for casualty insurance contracts for police officers. These amounts are recognized as insurance premium tax revenues and public safety expenditures in the General Fund.

NET PENSION LIABILITY

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017 for the Police Pension and Fire Pension and the General Employees' Pension was measured as of September 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial accounting valuation as of these dates.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016, updated to September 30, 2017 for the Police Pension and Fire Pension and the General Employees' Pension used an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 updated to September 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions, applied to all measurement periods:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

	General		
	Employees'	Police	Fire
	RP-2000 Combined	RP-2000 Table for	
	Mortality Table with	annuitants with	
	full generational	mortality	RP-2000
	improvements in	improvement	Generational
	mortality using Scale	projected to all future	Table using
Mortality Table	BB	years using Scale BB	Scale BB
Investment rate of return	7.00%	6.70%	7.25%
Projected salary increases	5.00%	3% - 4.5%	0% - 5.2%
Inflation	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%
Cost of living adjustments	0.00%	N/A	1%-2%

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2017 accounting valuation for the Police Pension and Fire Pension were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2016. The assumptions used in the September 30, 2018 accounting valuation for the General Employees' Pension were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of October 1, 2014 – September 30, 2017.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return for the General Employees' Pension, Police Pension and the Fire Pension investments were determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the General Employee's Pension, Police Pension and Fire Pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized and included in the following table.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

			Long-Term
			Expected
		Target	Real Rate of
Plan	Asset Class	Allocation	Return
General Employees	Core bonds	16%	0.58%
	Multi-sector	24%	1.08%
	U.S. large cap equity	39%	6.08%
	U.S. small cap equity	11%	6.83%
	Non-U.S. equity	10%	6.83%
Fire	Domestic equity	50%	7.50%
	Foreign equity	10%	8.50%
	Broad market fixed income	10%	2.50%
	Intermediate fixed income	10%	2.50%
	Global fixed income	5%	3.50%
	Real estate	10%	4.50%
	Alternative	5%	6.00%
Police	Domestic equity	55%	7.50%
	International equity	10%	8.50%
	Domestic bonds	25.0%	2.50%
	Real estate	10.0%	4.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for the General Employees' Pension, 6.70% for the Police Pension, and 7.25% for the Fire Pension. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made as legally required. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (continued)

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate of the Police Pension discount rate has been lowered each year for the past six years and will continue until the rate of 6.50% is reached. The Fire Pension discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.25%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability at the measurement date, were as follows:

		General			
	Employees'		Police		Fire
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	28,765	\$	1,496,123	\$ 1,799,419
Interest		245,929		6,883,615	7,817,426
Change in Excess State Money					
Share Plan Allocation				74,487	483,485
Changes of Benefit Terms					
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(9,661)		533,315	3,648,972
Changes of Assumptions				989,323	3,032,216
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions		(233,373)		(6,546,403)	 (2,353,058)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		31,660		3,430,460	14,428,460
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,606,301	_	102,969,473	 104,309,008
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	3,637,961	\$	106,399,933	\$ 118,737,468

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (continued)

	General Employees' Police					
				Police	Fire	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	104,336	\$	2,843,423	\$	3,048,414
Contributions - State				624,188		483,485
Contributions - Employee		10,927		515,513		449,828
Net Investment Income		194,699		10,747,480		11,585,691
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(233,373)		(6,546,403)		(2,353,058)
Administrative Expense		(10,513)		(121,211)		(101,089)
Other						
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		66,076		8,062,990		13,113,271
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,614,946		82,113,694		81,330,340
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	2,681,022 *	\$	90,176,684	\$	94,443,611
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	956,939	\$	16,223,249	\$	24,293,857
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the						
Total Pension Liability		73.70%		84.75%		79.54%
Covered Payroll	\$	176,946	\$	5,994,337	\$	7,497,133
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		540.81%		270.64%		324.04%

^{*} The amount does not agree to the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund by \$939 due to an adjusting journal entry.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the current discount rates and the liability using discount rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	ľ	Net Pension Liability					
		Current					
	Discount	1%					
Pension Plan	Decrease	Rate	Increase				
General Employees'	\$ 1,319,735	\$ 956,939	\$ 646,132				
Police	27,223,714	16,223,249	7,099,498				
Fire	39,796,491	24,293,857	11,795,782				

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for General Employees, 6.70% for Police and 7.25% for the Fire Plan.

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the Police Pension and Fire Pension fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports. The General Employees' fiduciary net position information is shown below:

General Employees Pension Trust Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2018

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,724
Investments	2,670,298
Receivables	402
Total Assets	2,681,424
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,341
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 2,680,083

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

General Employees Pension Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2018

Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 195,435
Employees	10,991
Total Contributions	206,426
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	194,700
Less investment expenses	(5,392)
Net investment gain	189,308
Total Additions	395,734
Deductions	
Pension benefits	233,373
Administrative expenses	5,200
Total Deductions	238,573
Change in Net Position	157,161
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:	
Beginning	2,522,922
Ending	\$ 2,680,083

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, The City recognized pension expense of \$7,870,683. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
	General Employees'	Police		Fire		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 876,	135 \$	2,919,176	\$	3,795,311
Assumption Changes	185,279	1,912,	345	7,905,575		10,003,199
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	31,007	1,699,	965			1,730,972
Differences between expected and actual experience	30,866					30,866
Employer and State contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,499,	567	4,825,637		8,325,204
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 247,152	\$ 7,988,	012 \$	15,650,388	\$	23,885,552
		Deferred	Inflow	s of Resource	es	
	General Employees'	Police		Fire		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption Changes	\$ 111,808	\$	\$ 	1,853,334	\$	1,965,142
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	115,450	6,358,	981	3,218,654		9,693,085
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 227,258	\$ 6,358,	981 \$	5,071,988	\$	11,658,227

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

CITY SPONSORED – DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$8,325,204 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	General			
September 30	Employees'	Police	Fire	Total
2019	\$ 6,365 \$	(172,508)	\$ 1,748,920	\$ 1,582,777
2020	(22,708)	(1,955)	2,123,778	2,099,115
2021	(17,774)	(1,157,332)	936,710	(238,396)
2022	13,134	(725,734)	943,355	230,755
2023	16,348	186,993		203,341
Thereafter	24,529			 24,529
Total	<u>\$ 19,894</u> <u>\$ (</u>	(1,870,536)	\$ 5,752,763	\$ 3,902,121

The following summarizes the pension related amounts for the City as of the indicated measurement date:

			Deferred	Deferred	
	Measurement	Net Pension	Outflows	Inflows	Pension
_	Date	Liability	of Resources	of Resources	Expense
FRS	6/30/2018	\$ 15,150,597	\$ 8,207,248	\$ 1,291,907	\$ 3,025,803
HIS	6/30/2018	5,990,730	1,764,056	643,568	643,422
General Employees'	9/30/2018	956,939	247,152	227,258	157,311
Police	9/30/2017	16,223,249	7,988,012	6,358,981	2,328,869
Fire	9/30/2017	24,293,857	15,650,388	5,071,988	5,384,503
Total		\$ 62,615,372	\$ 33,856,856	\$ 13,593,702	\$ 11,539,908

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices.

Cost of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2017-18 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 3.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 4.95%, Special Risk class 11.00%, Senior Management Service class 4.67% and County and Local Elected Officers class 8.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Investment Plan (continued)

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$309,643 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Defined Contribution Plan

The City of Palm Beach Gardens Money Purchase Plan (the "General Plan") and the City of Palm Beach Gardens Executive Plan (the "Executive Plan") are defined contribution pension plans established by the City and administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation to provide benefits at retirement to the employees of the City. The General Plan was closed to new employees hired on or after October 1, 2006.

Employees of the City that were hired prior to October 1, 2006, and elected not to join the FRS are eligible to participate in the General Plan. There were eleven plan members during the fiscal year. The City contributes to the General Plan an amount equal to the FRS contribution rate at the time of election (9.85% general employee and 13.12% senior management) of the employee's base salary each month. Employees also contribute an amount equal to 4% of their base salary in the General Plan. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employees' accounts) are fully vested after one year of continuous service. Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council.

The City Manager is the only employee eligible to participate in the Executive Plan. The City contributes 15% to the Executive Plan. As part of the employment agreement with the City Manager, the City contributes 3% of the base salary to the Executive Plan, in addition to the 15%.

The City's contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of \$876,570 for the General Plan and \$232,349 for the Executive Plan. The City made its required contributions of \$94,505 for the General Plan and \$41,823 for the Executive Plan and employees made their required contributions of \$35,062 to the General Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. This plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer the payment of a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in this plan is voluntary and the City makes no contributions to this plan on behalf of the employee. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred, including the investments and earnings thereon, vest with the employee and are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The City follows the guidance contained in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for certain post-employment health care benefits provided by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City provides certain healthcare benefits to active and retired employees and their dependents. The health plan is a single employer plan administered by the City. The benefits, levels of benefit, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through management recommendations to, and approval by, City Council as part of the annual budget adoption process. The plan is not reported as a trust fund nor has an irrevocable trust or equivalent arrangement been established to account for the plan. As a result, the plan does not issue a separate financial report. The activity of the plan is reported in the City's Self-Insurance fund, an internal service fund.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

Retired City employees can continue the same medical coverage they had as active employees. The City provides postemployment health care benefits to its retired employees and their dependents. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must reach retirement eligibility in their respective pension plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

BENEFITS PROVIDED (CONTINUED)

All health care benefits are provided through the City's self-insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, and substance abuse care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon a retired employee reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the City's plan will not pay benefits already paid by Medicare.

MEMBERSHIP

As of September 30, 2018, membership consisted of:

Membership September 30, 2018	
Active Employees Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	479 <u>54</u>
Total	533

FUNDING POLICY

The City establishes the individual premium to be paid by the retired employees. The State of Florida prohibits the City from separately rating retired employees and active employees. As a result, the City's premium charges to retired employees can be no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. Generally accepted accounting principles, however, require that the actuarial information presented below be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from the active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of an implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability. For the year ended September 30, 2018, retired employees contributed \$621,764 to the plan. For those employees, through its Self-Insurance Fund, the City paid \$835,482 in claims and administrative costs resulting in a net cost of \$213,718. Active employees do not contribute 100% of the premium cost to the plan until retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial accounting valuation as of this date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the October 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

The actuarial assumptions included a 3.5% investment discount rate, inflation rate of 2.2%, an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.50% decreasing until it reaches 4.00%, and payroll growth of 3.5%. Life expectancies were based upon data found in the RP-2000 healthy and disability tables. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the City has not advance funded its obligation. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on September 1, 2017 census data, which included data and medical claims from October 2016-April 2017.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability at the measurement date, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability

Service cost	\$	390,934
Interest cost		264,888
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(194,561)
Changes of assumptions		(293,572)
Benefit payments	_	(115,134)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		52,555
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		8,699,609
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	8,752,164

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Covered Employee Payroll

\$ 34,490,167

Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Payroll

25.38%

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the current discount rates and the liability using discount rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rates:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 9,512,454	\$ 8,752,164	\$ 8,066,884

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates and the liability using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	2.40%	3.40%	4.40%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,944,718	\$ 8,752,164	\$ 9,678,811

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense, *Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB*For the year ended September 30, 2018, The City recognized OPEB expense of \$574,466.
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 162,135
Assumption Changes		244,643
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments		
Employer and State contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date		
Total	\$	\$ 406,778

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2019	\$ (81,356)
2020	(81,356)
2021	(81,356)
2022	(81,356)
2023	(81,354)
Total	\$ (406,778)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 10 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various claims and legal actions occurring in the course of operations. While the ultimate outcome of the litigation cannot be determined at this time, management believes that any amounts not covered by insurance, if any, resulting from these lawsuits would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS

Commitments on major construction contracts consist of the following:

	Total	Expended at	Balance
	Project	to	
Project	Authorization	2018	Complete
Golf Course Parking Improvements/Expansion	\$ 1,183,238	\$ 985,582	\$ 197,656
Golf Course Maintenance Bldg. Renovation	1,783,619	503,736	1,279,883
New Soccer Complex- District Park	13,700,000	1,844,982	11,855,018
New Operations Center	6,697,230	1,264,527	5,432,703
Gardens Park BB Concession/ Pavilions	955,226	951,934	3,292
Shady Lakes/117th Court Connector Road	2,250,000	2,017,794	232,206
Shady Lakes Drive Intersection-Phase 2	1,226,096	1,065,715	160,381
	\$ 27,795,409	\$ 8,634,270	\$ 19,161,139

SOLID WASTE, RECYCLING, AND VEGETATIVE WASTE COLLECTION SERVICES

On January 4, 2018, the City entered into an agreement to retain the services of Waste Management, Inc. of Florida and granting an exclusive solid waste, recycling and vegetative waste collection services franchise. The agreement is for a period of ten years commencing April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2028, with no options to renew. The cost of the contract totaled \$2,677,676 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized by the City during the year. Because appropriations expire at year end, even if encumbered, it is the City's policy to re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as part of restricted and assigned fund balances. Below is a listing of outstanding encumbrances by fund at September 30, 2018:

	Encumbrances
Fund	Outstanding
General fund	\$ 2,523,036
One-cent sales surtax capital improvements fund	12,229,768
Non-major governmental funds	487,412
Total	\$ 15,240,216

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City, through an interlocal agreement with certain other municipalities and Palm Beach County, created the Seacoast Utility Authority ("Seacoast") which provides water and sewer service to the citizens of each of the participating municipalities and a portion of Palm Beach County. Seacoast's governing board is comprised of one member from each participating entity. Seacoast is an independent authority organized under the laws of the State of Florida and the City has no participating equity ownership in Seacoast. The City paid \$214,962 to Seacoast during the fiscal year for water and sewer service and connection fees relating to capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Specifically, the City purchases commercial insurance for property, liability, and workers' compensation. The City is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of municipalities to individual claims of \$200,000/\$300,000 for all claims relating to the same accident. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

SELF-INSURANCE FUND

During fiscal year 2009, the City established the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund) to account for medical insurance claims of City employees and their covered dependents. Under this program, the fund provides the employee with an unlimited lifetime maximum benefit. A maximum deductible of \$225,000 for specific claims has been set. Commercial insurance for specific loss claims in excess of the coverage provided by the fund is supplied by Symetra Life Insurance Company. The City has contracted with Blue Cross/Blue Shield to perform certain administrative functions, such as monitoring, reviewing and paying claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the excess insurance limits during the fiscal year.

All City departments participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based upon actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims, claims reserves, and administrative costs.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

SELF-INSURANCE FUND (CONTINUED)

The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether the expenses are allocated to specific claims. Changes in claims liabilities were as follows:

	Claims				
	Payable	Claims and			Claims
Fiscal Year	Beginning	Changes in	Claim	Pa	yable End
Ended	of Year	Estimates	Payments		of Year
9/30/2017	\$ 277,168	\$ 6,370,305	\$ (6,254,599)	\$	392,874
9/30/2018	392,874	7,150,316	(7,205,573)		337,617

NOTE 14 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

The City entered into an interlocal agreement with two other municipalities in Palm Beach County to purchase and operate a county-wide public safety communications system. The interlocal agreement established the Municipal Public Safety Communications Consortium of Palm Beach County ("MPSCC") whose purpose is to provide its members with expanded radio communication services (via the 800MHz trunked radio system) to aid in public safety over a larger geographical region. The MPSCC is a cost sharing organization. Its annual budget is prepared by the Executive Director and approved by the Board of Directors of MPSCC. The member municipalities of the MPSCC are obligated for the debt incurred by the consortium and each municipality is responsible for their respective portion of costs incurred by the MPSCC. The City's initial investment in this joint venture was \$676,200, which represented 13.8% of the total consortium investment. During the current fiscal year, the City had expenditures of \$144,942 relating to the consortium. The City's investment in the joint venture is \$1,864,305 as of September 30, 2018. Separate financial statements for the MPSCC may be obtained from, Palm Beach Gardens Police, Attention: Ernie Carr, 10500 Military Trail, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 15 – INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT

On September 30, 2010, the City adopted Resolution 74, 2010, entering into an agreement with three other municipalities (the Town of Jupiter, Town of Juno Beach, and Jupiter Inlet Colony) to provide consolidated police dispatch operations in Palm Beach County. On September 17, 2014, the Village of North Palm Beach entered the interlocal agreement. The Northern Municipal Regional Communications Center's (NMRCC) budget for the fiscal year was \$3,554,925 which was offset by \$71,264 in Palm Beach County 911 reimbursements. In addition, each participating municipality was responsible for its prorata share of administrative service fees totaling \$541,167.

The allocation of expenditures to the four municipalities is based on population with the City's share at 40.2%, the Town of Jupiter at 47.3%, the Village of North Palm Beach at 9.5%, the Town of Juno Beach at 2.6% and the Jupiter Inlet Colony at .3%. The City received payments from the Town of Jupiter, Town of Juno Beach, Village of North Palm Beach and Jupiter Inlet Colony for dispatch services totaling \$2,415,412, which included an administrative services fee of \$323,536. The City was responsible for \$1,609,421. Actual expenditures were less than the dispatch operations budget during the fiscal year by \$114,076. The accumulated portion of payments from municipalities that exceed actual expenditures is shown as restricted to law enforcement on the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTE 16 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

On December 7, 2017, the City adopted Resolution 83, 2017, authorizing the issuance of a debt obligation of the City in the amount of \$10,257,000 with the proceeds loaned to St. Mark's Church, Inc. and used for the purpose of refinancing certain outstanding debt of the borrower in connection with the acquisition, construction, and equipping of facilities for a pre-kindergarten to grade eight school. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the debt was \$10,080,040.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Original Adopted Budget	Legally Adopted Budget Amendments	Final Revised Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	59,199,325	\$	\$ 59,199,325	\$ 59,347,671	\$ 148,346
Local business taxes		1,650,000		1,650,000	1,530,796	(119,204)
Utility taxes		1,950,000		1,950,000	2,069,939	119,939
Special assessment		105,000		105,000	115,709	10,709
Franchise fees		5,345,000		5,345,000	5,542,336	197,336
Licenses and permits		3,999,900		3,999,900	5,392,299	1,392,399
Intergovernmental		5,998,000	180,399	6,178,399	6,500,812	322,413
Charges for services		5,312,307		5,312,307	6,566,762	1,254,455
Fines and forfeitures		94,000		94,000	166,472	72,472
Investment income		360,000		360,000	543,476	183,476
Miscellaneous		917,000		917,000	1,450,161	533,161
Total Revenues		84,930,532	180,399	85,110,931	89,226,433	4,115,502
Expenditures						
General Government:						
City Council		471,181		471,181	356,537	114,644
Administration		745,455		745,455	721,585	23,870
Purchasing and Contract Management		152,445		152,445	146,069	6,376
Information Technology		2,317,612	50,000	2,367,612	2,162,880	204,732
City Clerk		795,357	50,000	795,357	769,818	25,539
Legal Services		491,334		491,334	463,290	28,044
Public Communications						28,0 44 99,846
		388,660		388,660	288,814	
Engineering Services Human Resources		589,283		589,283	563,714	25,569
		843,649		843,649	791,718	51,931
Finance		1,153,511	10.200	1,153,511	1,159,182	(5,671)
General Services		5,582,144	10,300	5,592,444	5,766,010	(173,566)
Planning and Zoning:		606.726	200.405	1 006 221	(20.150	206.051
Administration		696,736	309,485	1,006,221	620,150	386,071
Development Compliance		434,637		434,637	420,249	14,388
Planning		712,058		712,058	635,158	76,900
GIS		264,504		264,504	256,676	7,828
Construction Services - Building		1,861,999		1,861,999	1,687,395	174,604
Code Enforcement		903,627		903,627	824,621	79,006
Total general government	_	18,404,192	369,785	18,773,977	17,633,866	1,140,111
Public safety:						
Police		24,167,927	490,531	24,658,458	23,387,221	1,271,237
Fire and Emergency Services		21,891,807	(801)	21,891,006	21,817,764	73,242
		46,059,734	489,730	46,549,464		
Total public safety	_	+0,039,734	409,/30	40,349,404	45,204,985	1,344,479
						(Continued)

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

Culture and Recreation: Administrative Services Seniors and Wellness	Original Adopted Budget \$ 189,288 65,177	Legally Adopted Budget Amendments \$	Final Revised Budget \$ 189,288 65,177	Actual \$ 188,858 68,195	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 430 (3,018)
Aquatics	228,907		228,907	300,120	(71,213)
Tennis Programs	183,996 149,032		183,996 149,032	174,138 145,233	9,858 3,799
Total cultural and recreation	816,400		816,400	876,544	(60,144)
Physical Environment:					
Administrative Services	1,045,405	5,590	1,050,995	958,870	92,125
Facilities Maintenance	2,851,316	55,750	2,907,066	2,492,192	414,874
Stormwater and Street					
Maintenance	3,373,349	267,397	3,640,746	3,349,637	291,109
Parks and Grounds	4,309,225	(136,676)	4,172,549	3,932,400	240,149
Total physical environment	11,579,295	192,061	11,771,356	10,733,099	1,038,257
Capital outlay	3,855,085	17,316,147	21,171,232	11,449,909	9,721,323
Debt Service:					
Principal	4,313,023		4,313,023	4,313,966	(943)
Interest	470,721		470,721	477,725	(7,004)
Total debt service	4,783,744		4,783,744	4,791,691	(7,947)
Total Expenditures	85,498,450	18,367,723	103,866,173	90,690,094	13,176,079
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(567,918)	(18,187,324)	(18,755,242)	(1,463,661)	17,291,581
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)					
Transfers in	687,883	500,000	1,187,883	1,186,883	(1,000)
Transfers out	(686,613)		(686,613)	(514,960)	171,653
Capital lease financing		2,641,100	2,641,100	2,641,100	
Sale of capital assets		2,295,000	2,295,000	99,000	(2,196,000)
Total Other Financing	1.270	5 426 100	5 427 270	2 412 022	(2.025.247)
Sources/(Uses)	1,270	5,436,100	5,437,370	3,412,023	(2,025,347)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(566,648)	(12,751,224)	(13,317,872)	1,948,362	15,266,234
Fund Balance, Beginning	28,729,414	15,698,200	44,427,614	44,427,615	(1)
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 28,162,766	\$ 2,946,976	\$ 31,109,742	\$ 46,375,977	\$ 15,266,233

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

State of Florida statutes require that all municipal governments establish budgetary systems and approve annual operating budgets. The Council annually adopts an operating budget and appropriates funds for the general fund, special revenue funds (except the extra duty police fund), capital projects funds and the proprietary fund. The procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

Prior to the first Council meeting in August of each year, the City Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the Council for the next fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The proposed budget includes expenditures and the means of financing them.

The Council holds public meetings to obtain taxpayer comments.

Upon completion of the public hearings, a final operating budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance before September 30th. Estimated fund balances are considered in the budgetary process.

A City ordinance establishes the legal level of budgetary control at the fund level. Any increase in the total amount appropriated for all funds must be approved by ordinance of the Council. Any transfer between funds must be approved by the City Manager and by ordinance of the City Council. Transfers from the Council contingency account must be approved by the City Council. Any other budget transfer within the same fund must be approved by the City Manager.

The adopted budgets are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Council also adopts non-appropriated operating budgets for the proprietary funds substantially on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that depreciation is not budgeted and capital outlay purchases are presented as expenditures. The reported budgetary data represents the final appropriated budgets after amendments adopted by the Council.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISONS

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund is required to be prepared under the basis of accounting used in preparing the budget. As indicated in Note 1, the modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes. On-behalf payments from the State of Florida for Police and Fire-Rescue pensions are not included in the budget. As a result, General Fund revenue and expenditures reported in the budget and actual statement differ from the corresponding amounts reported on the basis of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. These differences can be reconciled as follows:

	Revenue	Expenditures
Budgetary basis	\$ 89,226,433	\$ 90,690,094
State on-behalf payments for Police and Fire-Rescue pension contributions not included in budgetary basis	1,380,632	1,380,632
GAAP Basis	\$ 90,607,065	\$ 92,070,726



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	390,934
Interest cost		264,888
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(194,561)
Changes of assumptions		(293,572)
Benefit payments	_	(115,134)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		52,555
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		8,699,609
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	8,752,164
Covered Payroll	\$ 3	34,490,167
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Payroll		25.38%

Note to Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Total Pension Liability										_
Service cost	\$	22,444	\$	26,882	\$	28,547	\$	29,083	\$	28,765
Expected interest growth		247,973		216,936		225,546		229,409		245,929
Unexpected investment income										
Changes of benefit terms										
Differences between expected and actual experience				(177,492)		45,110		92,626		(9,661)
Changes of assumptions				299,295				122,668		
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
member contributions	_	(255,756)	_	(244,528)	_	(240,519)	_	(237,655)	_	(233,373)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		14,661		121,093		58,684		236,131		31,660
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,175,732	_	3,190,393	_	3,311,486	_	3,370,170	_	3,606,301
Total pension liability - Ending	\$ 3	3,190,393	\$	3,311,486	\$	3,370,170	\$	3,606,301	\$	3,637,961
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	120,572	\$	172,758	\$	146,187	\$	253,534	\$	104,336
Contributions - member		9,540		10,080		9,976		10,111		10,927
Expected interest growth		173,559		156,819		151,081		160,489		194,699
Unexpected investment income		12,965		(155,031)		24,668		154,538		
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
member contributions		(244,528)		(244,528)		(240,519)		(237,655)		(233,373)
Administrative expense	_	(5,486)	_	(11,175)	_	(10,675)	_	(11,796)	_	(10,513)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		66,622		(71,077)		80,718		329,221		66,076
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,209,462	_	2,276,084	_	2,205,007		2,285,725		2,614,946
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		2,276,084	_	2,205,007		2,285,725*		2,614,946	**	2,681,022 **
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	914,309	\$	1,106,479	\$	1,084,445	\$	991,355	\$	956,939
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.34%		66.59%		67.82%		72.51%		73.70%
Covered Payroll	\$	101,085	\$	166,945	\$	176,405	\$	174,581	\$	5,994,337
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		904.50%		662.78%		614.75%		567.85%		15.96%

Note to Schedule:

^{*} The amount does not agree to the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund by \$857 due to an adjusting journal entry.

^{**} The amount does not agree to the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund by \$92,024 due to differences related to the timing in the fiscal year 2018 employer contributions of \$91,099 as well as an adjusting journal entry of \$925.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PLAN

					Contributions
					as a Percentage
	Actuarially	Contributions	Contribution	Covered	of Covered
Year Ended	Determined	Recognized	Deficiency/	Employee	Employee
September 30,	Contribution	By the Plan	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2012	\$ 130,810	\$ 130,810	\$	\$ 122,051	107.18%
2013	120,572	120,572		101,085	119.28%
2014	120,572	120,572		101,085	119.28%
2015	142,615	172,758	(30,143)	166,945	103.48%
2016	149,812	146,187	3,625	176,405	82.87%
2017	182,198	253,534	(71,336)	174,581	145.22%
2018	182,198	104,336	77,862	176,946	58.96%

Note: Information is only included for pension plans that do not issue stand-alone financial statements. Data not available prior to 2012.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date
Asset Valuation Method
Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method
Amortization Period
Actuarial Assumptions:

October 1, 2017
4-year smoothed
Aggregate Cost
Level percent of pay, open
30 years

Investment return 7.00%
Projected salary increases 5.00%
Inflation (1)
Cost of living adjustments

Note to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Included in projected salary increases

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense

	General		_
Year Ended September 30,	Employees'	Police	Fire
2012	17.37%	18.63%	17.64%
2013	11.82%	14.53%	14.29%
2014	8.68%	10.73%	11.65%
2015	0.08%	1.29%	0.92%
2016	8.15%	10.96%	8.21%
2017	13.74%	13.60%	14.37%
2018	7.63%	11.27%	8.75%

Note: Data not available prior to 2012.

Note to Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 1,229,681	\$ 1,232,020	\$ 1,321,153	\$ 1,496,123
Interest	6,083,570	6,501,215	6,705,476	6,883,615
Change in Excess State Money				
Share Plan Allocation	134,105	(426,717)	(70,233)	74,487
Changes of Benefit Terms	885,269			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	264,087	911,791	53,192	533,315
Changes of Assumptions	876,591	750,916	1,038,564	989,323
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(2,284,524)	(3,297,505)	(3,946,901)	(6,546,403)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	7,188,779	5,671,720	5,101,251	3,430,460
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	85,007,723	92,196,502	97,868,222	102,969,473
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 92,196,502	\$ 97,868,222	\$ 102,969,473	\$ 106,399,933
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	2,712,635	3,007,780	2,897,754	2,843,423
Contributions - State	546,749	524,479	643,259	624,188
Contributions - Employee	391,188	422,145	452,421	515,513
Net Investment Income	6,798,928	925,754	8,107,238	10,747,480
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(2,284,524)	(3,297,505)	(3,946,901)	(6,546,403)
Administrative Expense	(114,098)	(116,088)	(132,973)	(121,211)
Other				
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,050,878	1,466,565	8,020,798	8,062,990
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	64,575,453	72,626,331	74,092,896	82,113,694
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	72,626,331	74,092,896	82,113,694	90,176,684
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 19,570,171	\$ 23,775,326	\$ 20,855,779	\$ 16,223,249
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	78.77%	75.71%	79.75%	84.75%
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,548,698	\$ 4,908,663	\$ 5,260,709	\$ 5,994,337
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	430.24%	484.35%	396.44%	270.64%

Note to Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION PLAN

					Contributions
					as a Percentage
	Actuarially	Contributions	Contribution	Covered	of Covered
Year Ended	Determined	Recognized	Deficiency/	Employee	Employee
September 30,	Contribution	By the Plan	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$ 3,125,279	\$ 3,125,279	\$	\$ 4,548,698	68.71%
2015	3,357,659	3,420,424	(62,765)	4,908,663	69.68%
2016	3,316,250	3,456,991	(140,741)	5,260,709	65.71%
2017	3,256,067	3,393,124	(137,057)	5,994,337	56.61%
2018	3,394,168	3,404,856	(10,688)	6,971,547	48.84%

Note: Data not available prior to 2014.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date October 1, 2016

The Actuarial Value of Assets is calculated by recognizing 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and expected actuarial asset

Asset Valuation Method value.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent, closed

Amortization Period 19 years

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment return6.7%Projected salary increases:3%-4.5%Inflation2.5%Cost of living adjustmentsN/A

Note to Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIRE PENSION PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 1,741,473	\$ 1,760,152	\$ 1,637,466	\$ 1,799,419
Interest	6,280,207	6,786,918	7,174,074	7,817,426
Change in Excess State Money				
Share Plan Allocation	304,698	222,133	51,623	483,485
Changes of Benefit Terms				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,460,746)	(1,684,439)	3,648,972
Changes of Assumptions	1,772,793	2,004,899	5,890,763	3,032,216
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,844,859)	(1,935,428)	(1,803,517)	(2,353,058)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,254,312	7,377,928	11,265,970	14,428,460
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	77,410,798	85,665,110	93,043,038	104,309,008
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 85,665,110	\$ 93,043,038	\$ 104,309,008	\$ 118,737,468
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	2,866,126	3,746,995	3,088,524	3,048,414
Contributions - State	843,533	726,993	568,403	483,485
Contributions - Employee	475,442	445,465	455,983	449,828
Net Investment Income	6,977,925	835,212	6,152,911	11,585,691
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,844,859)	(1,935,428)	(1,803,517)	(2,353,058)
Administrative Expense	(88,142)	(84,807)	(91,145)	(101,089)
Other				
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	9,230,025	3,734,430	8,371,159	13,113,271
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	59,994,726	69,224,751	72,959,181	81,330,340
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 69,224,751	\$ 72,959,181	\$ 81,330,340	\$ 94,443,611
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 16,440,359	\$ 20,083,857	\$ 22,978,668	\$ 24,293,857
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	80.81%	78.41%	77.97%	79.54%
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,924,041	\$ 9,695,082	\$ 7,599,715	\$ 7,497,133
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	207.47%	207.16%	302.36%	324.04%

Note to Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIRE PENSION PLAN

Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions Recognized By the Plan	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2013	\$ 3,443,143	\$ 3,911,687	\$ (468,544)	\$ 8,294,732	47.16%
2014	3,404,960	3,404,960	ψ (100,5 11) 	7,924,041	42.97%
2015	3,460,519	4,251,855	(791,336)	9,695,082	43.86%
2016	3,605,305	3,605,305		7,599,715	47.44%
2017	3,531,899	3,531,899		7,497,133	47.11%
2018	4,807,157	4,807,157		7,868,225	61.10%
Note: Data not available prior to 2013.	, ,			, ,	
Notes to Schedule:					
Valuation Date	October 1, 2016				
Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Actuarial Assumptions:	The Actuarial Val between the marke Entry age normal Level percent of p 20 years	et value of assets			
Investment return	7.45%				
Projected salary increases:	Age	Increase			
3	20	5.2%			
	30	2.6%			
	40	2.2%			
	50	1.7%			
	60	1.5%			
Inflation Cost of living adjustments	3.00%				

 $^{^{(1)}}$ 1.0% increase for members who are Age 53, 2.0% increase for members who are age 54, and 3.0% increase for members who are Age 55 or greater.

Note to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to have 10 years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

Contributions

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

June 30,	2018		2017	2016			2015	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.050299	922% 0	0.047587909%	0.038860308%		0.0	039859281%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,150	,597 \$	5 14,081,016	\$ 9,	812,258	\$	5,148,361	
City's covered payroll	\$ 18,272	2,280 \$	5 17,317,803	\$ 14,	920,339	\$	14,032,498	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	82	2.92%	81.31%		65.76%		36.69%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84	.26%	83.89%		84.88%		92.00%	

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

September 30,	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,433,507	\$ 1,238,830	\$ 947,671	\$ 971,803
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (1,433,507)	\$ (1,238,830)	\$ (947,671)	\$ (971,803)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 18,272,280	\$ 17,317,803	\$ 14,920,339	\$ 14,032,498
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.85%	7.15%	6.35%	6.93%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

June 30,		2018	2017		2016			2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	0.056601158% (0.053413415%		% 0.047598032%		045751278%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,990,730	\$	5,711,200	\$	5,547,353	\$	4,665,911
City's covered payroll	\$	18,272,280	\$	17,317,803	\$	14,920,339	\$	14,032,498
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		32.79%		32.98%		37.18%		33.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

September 30,		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	306,950	\$	282,679	\$	243,970	\$	174,890
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(306,950)		(282,679)		(243,970)		(174,890)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1	8,272,280	\$	17,317,803	\$ 1	14,920,339	\$ 1	14,032,498
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.68%		1.63%		1.64%		1.25%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68



OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes, other than debt service or capital projects. The nonmajor special revenue funds of the City are as follows:

<u>Police Training Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for fees collected from traffic citations to be used for the training and education of the City's police.

<u>Recreation Programs Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and costs related to special programs such as special events and athletic programs.

<u>Golf Course Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and costs related to the operations of the City's Golf Course.

<u>Extra Duty Police Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues to be used to fund extra police duty.

<u>Local Option Gas Tax Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt of local option gas taxes. The use of these funds is restricted for transportation related capital improvements or maintenance costs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The nonmajor capital projects funds of the City are as follows:

<u>Recreation Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of enhancing the recreational facilities within the City.

<u>Police Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of enhancing the level of law enforcement services in the City.

<u>Fire Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of enhancing the level of fire/rescue services in the City.

<u>Art Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of providing art and cultural activities.

<u>Road Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of improving roads within the City.

<u>Capital Improvement & Replacement Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of debt proceeds and special assessments related to infrastructure and capital improvement and replacement projects.

<u>Public Facilities Impact Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is established to account for the receipt and disbursement of developer paid impact fees restricted for the purpose of improving public facilities within the City.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENT FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
		lice ining			Golf	Extra Duty Police	Local Option Gas Tax	Total		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other governments Inventory Prepaid items Total Assets		11,499 598 12,097	\$ 	546,055 11,816 3,645 561,516	\$ 244,477 39,950 608 \$ 285,035	\$ 817 44,320 \$ 45,137	\$ 1,216,174 67,616 \$ 1,283,790	\$ 2,019,022 44,320 68,214 51,766 4,253 \$ 2,187,575		
Liabilities Accounts payable Contracts and retainage payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	 	\$	31,565 6,515 173,805	\$ 87,053 5,218 19,087	\$ 462 	\$ 27,230	\$ 146,310 11,733 192,892		
Total Liabilities Fund Balances		<u></u>		211,885	111,358	462	27,230	350,935		
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Inventory Restricted for:		 		3,645 11,816	608 39,950			4,253 51,766		
Capital improvements Road improvements Law enforcement Art improvements Assigned		 12,097 		 334,170	 133,119	44,675 	1,256,560 	1,256,560 56,772 467,289		
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,097 12,097	\$	349,631 561,516	173,677 \$ 285,035	44,675 \$ 45,137	1,256,560 \$ 1,283,790	1,836,640 \$ 2,187,575		

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			Са	pital Project	s Funds				
	Recreation Impact	Police Impact	Fire Impact	Art Impact	Road Impact	Capital Improvement & Replacement	Public Facilities Impact	Total	Total Other Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other governments Inventory Prepaid items Total Assets	\$ 471,416 \$ 471,416	\$ 750,678 \$ 750,678	\$ 1,117,904 \$ 1,117,904	\$ 821,829 \$ 821,829	\$ 3,058,620 \$ 3,058,620	\$ 197,275 \$ 197,275	\$ 265,659 \$ 265,659	\$ 6,683,381 <u></u> \$ 6,683,381	\$ 8,702,403 44,320 68,214 51,766 4,253 \$ 8,870,956
Liabilities Accounts payable Contracts and retainage payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 15,936 1,374 17,310	\$ 	\$ 1,511 161,737 163,248	\$ 21,865 21,865	\$ 6,830 113,932 1,224,513 1,345,275	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 24,277 277,043 21,865 1,224,513 1,547,698	\$ 170,587 277,043 33,598 1,417,405 1,898,633
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Inventory Restricted for: Capital improvements Road improvements Law enforcement Art improvements Assigned	 454,106 	750,678 	 954,656 	 799,964 	 1,713,345 	 197,275 	 265,659 	2,622,374 1,713,345 799,964	4,253 51,766 2,622,374 2,969,905 56,772 799,964 467,289
Total Fund Balances	454,106	750,678	954,656	799,964	1,713,345	197,275	265,659	5,135,683	6,972,323
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 471,416	\$ 750,678	\$ 1,117,904	\$ 821,829	\$ 3,058,620	\$ 197,275	\$ 265,659	\$ 6,683,381	\$ 8,870,956

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Police Training	Recreation Programs	Golf	Extra Duty Police	Local Option Gas Tax	Total		
Revenues	ф	¢.	¢.	¢.	e 012 240	Ф 012 240		
Intergovernmental Impact fees	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 813,348	\$ 813,348		
Charges for services		4,174,212	2,084,981			6,259,193		
Fines and forfeitures	6,660		2,004,701			6,660		
Investment income		5,363	1,831	231	4,420	11,845		
Miscellaneous		33,817	139,382	485,794	124,682	783,675		
Total Revenues	6,660	4,213,392	2,226,194	486,025	942,450	7,874,721		
Expenditures Current: Public safety	3,338			429,137		432,475		
Culture and recreation		4,602,883	2,498,087			7,100,970		
Transportation					641,199	641,199		
Capital outlay			188,105		8,637	196,742		
Total Expenditures	3,338	4,602,883	2,686,192	429,137	649,836	8,371,386		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,322	(389,491)	(459,998)	56,888	292,614	(496,665)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in Transfers out			514,960	 (499,000)		514,960 (499,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			514,960	(499,000)		15,960		
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,322	(389,491)	54,962	(442,112)	292,614	(480,705)		
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,775	739,122	118,715	486,787	963,946	2,317,345		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 12,097	\$ 349,631	\$ 173,677	\$ 44,675	\$ 1,256,560	\$ 1,836,640		
						(Continued)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Capital Projects Funds								
	Recreation Impact	Police Impact	Fire Impact	Art Impact	Road Impact	Capital Improvement & Replacement	Public Facilities Impact	Total	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues		Φ.			•		•	. .	0.62.240
Intergovernmental	* /	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 50,000	\$ 863,348
Impact fees	1,683	243,866	351,333	411,933	570,071		156,757	1,735,643	1,735,643
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures									6,259,193
Investment income	 2 555	2,623	3,602	2,650	11,271		809	23,510	6,660
Miscellaneous	2,555	2,023	3,002	2,030	11,2/1	 		25,510	35,355 783,675
Total Revenues	54,238	246,489	354,935	414,583	581,342		157,566	1,809,153	9,683,874
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety									432,475
Culture and recreation									7,100,970
Transportation									641,199
Capital outlay	2,473,151	50,000	438,775	93,837	411,787	14,000		3,481,550	3,678,292
Total Expenditures	2,473,151	50,000	438,775	93,837	411,787	14,000		3,481,550	11,852,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	(2,418,913)	196,489	(83,840)	320,746	169,555	(14,000)	157,566	(1,672,397)	(2,169,062)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in									514,960
Transfers out					(687,883)			(687,883)	(1,186,883)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(687,883)			(687,883)	(671,923)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,418,913)	196,489	(83,840)	320,746	(518,328)	(14,000)	157,566	(2,360,280)	(2,840,985)
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,873,019	554,189	1,038,496	479,218	2,231,673	211,275	108,093	7,495,963	9,813,308
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 454,106	\$ 750,678	\$ 954,656	\$ 799,964	\$ 1,713,345	\$ 197,275	\$ 265,659	\$ 5,135,683	\$ 6,972,323

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE TRAINING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,660	\$ 660
Total Revenues	6,000	6,000	6,660	660
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public Safety	7,564	7,564	3,338	4,226
Total Expenditures	7,564	7,564	3,338	4,226
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,564)	(1,564)	3,322	4,886
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,564	8,775	8,775	
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,211	\$ 12,097	\$ 4,886

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EXTRA DUTY POLICE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Origi Budg		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Investment income	\$		\$	\$ 231	\$ 231
Miscellaneous				485,794	485,794
Total Revenues				486,025	486,025
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Safety				429,137	(429,137)
,					
Total Expenditures				429,137	(429,137)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures				56,888	56,888
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers out			(500,000)	(499,000)	1,000
Tansiers out			(300,000)	(477,000)	1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance			(500,000)	(442,112)	57,888
Fund Balance - Beginning			500,000	486,787	_(13,213)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	<u></u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 44,675	\$ 44,675

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION PROGRAMS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				_
Charges for services	\$ 4,002,118	\$ 4,002,118	\$ 4,174,212	\$ 172,094
Investment income	1,000	1,000	5,363	4,363
Miscellaneous	44,600	44,600	33,817	(10,783)
Total Revenues	4,047,718	4,047,718	4,213,392	165,674
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	4,457,812	4,457,812	4,602,883	(145,071)
Capital outlay				
Total Expenditures	4,457,812	4,457,812	4,602,883	(145,071)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(410,094)	(410,094)	(389,491)	20,603
Fund Balance - Beginning	957,438	739,122	739,122	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 547,344	\$ 329,028	\$ 349,631	\$ 20,603

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLF COURSE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$2,198,861	\$2,198,861	\$2,084,981	\$(113,880)
Investment income	213	213	1,831	1,618
Miscellaneous	173,558	173,558	139,382	(34,176)
Total Revenues	2,372,632	2,372,632	2,226,194	(146,438)
Expenditures Current:				
Culture and recreation	2,797,907	2,799,407	2,498,087	301,320
Capital outlay	332,500	332,500	188,105	144,395
Total Expenditures	3,130,407	3,131,907	2,686,192	445,715
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(757,775)	(759,275)	(459,998)	299,277
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	686,613	686,613	514,960	171,653
Net Change in Fund Balance	(71,162)	(72,662)	54,962	299,277
Fund Balance - Beginning	78,427	118,715	118,715	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,265	\$ 46,053	\$ 173,677	\$ 299,277

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 783,000	\$ 783,000	\$ 813,348	\$ 30,348
Investment income	350	350	4,420	4,070
Miscellaneous	87,000	87,000	124,682	37,682
Total Revenues	870,350	870,350	942,450	72,100
Expenditures				
Current:				
Transportation	766,804	791,584	641,199	150,385
Capital outlay		122,813	8,637	114,176
Total Expenditures	766,804	914,397	649,836	264,561
Net Change in Fund Balance	103,546	(44,047)	292,614	336,661
Fund Balance - Beginning	584,559	963,946	963,946	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 688,105	\$ 919,899	\$ 1,256,560	\$ 336,661

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$
Impact fees	357,930	357,930	1,683	(356,247)
Investment income	2,000	2,000	2,555	555
Total Revenues	359,930	409,930	54,238	(355,692)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	23,900	2,792,064	2,473,151	318,913
Total Expenditures	23,900	2,792,064	2,473,151	318,913
Net Change in Fund Balance	336,030	(2,382,134)	(2,418,913)	(36,779)
Fund Balance - Beginning	220,494	2,873,019	2,873,019	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 556,524	\$ 490,885	\$ 454,106	\$ (36,779)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	ф (OO 205	Ф. (OO 205	Φ 570.071	Ф. (120.124)
Impact fees	\$ 690,205	\$ 690,205	\$ 570,071	\$ (120,134)
Investment income	1,500	1,500	11,271	9,771
Total Revenues	691,705	691,705	581,342	(110,363)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		2,089,218	411,787	1,677,431
•				
Total Expenditures		2,089,218	411,787	1,677,431
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	691,705	(1,397,513)	169,555	1,567,068
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers in				
Transfers in Transfers out	(687,883)	(687,883)	(687,883)	
Transfers out	(007,003)	(087,883)	(087,883)	
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(687,883)	(687,883)	(687,883)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,822	(2,085,396)	(518,328)	1,567,068
Fund Balance - Beginning	227,672	2,231,673	2,231,673	3,145,703
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 231,494	\$ 146,277	\$ 1,713,345	\$ 4,712,771

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 215,756	\$ 215,756	\$ 243,866	\$ 28,110
Investment income	250	250	2,623	2,373
Total Revenues Expenditures Capital outlay	216,006	216,006	246,489	30,483
Cupital outlay				
Total Expenditures		50,000	50,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	216,006	166,006	196,489	30,483
Fund Balance - Beginning	370,032	554,189	554,189	(739,874)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 586,038	\$ 720,195	\$ 750,678	\$ (709,391)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 316,407	\$ 316,407	\$ 351,333	\$ 34,926
Investment income	300	300	3,602	3,302
Total Revenues	316,707	316,707	354,935	38,228
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	75,000	810,259	438,775	371,484
Total Expenditures	75,000	810,259	438,775	371,484
Total Expenditures	73,000	610,237	436,773	3/1,707
Net Change in Fund Balance	241,707	(493,552)	(83,840)	409,712
Fund Balance - Beginning	160,703	1,038,496	1,038,496	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 402,410	\$ 544,944	\$ 954,656	\$ 409,712

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ART IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$	\$ 22,444	\$ 411,933	\$ 389,489
Investment income			2,650	2,650
Total Revenues		22,444	414,583	392,139
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		117,031	93,837	23,194
Total Expenditures		_117,031	93,837	23,194
Net Change in Fund Balance		(94,587)	320,746	415,333
Fund Balance - Beginning	383,216	479,218	479,218	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 383,216	\$ 384,631	\$ 799,964	\$ 415,333

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT & REPLACEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenditures Capital outlay		161,285	14,000	147,285
Total Expenditures		161,285	14,000	147,285
Net Change in Fund Balance		(161,285)	(14,000)	147,285
Fund Balance - Beginning	49,990	211,275	211,275	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 49,990	\$ 49,990	\$ 197,275	\$ 147,285

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ONE-CENT SALES SURTAX CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues	_				_	
Intergovernmental	\$	3,240,000	\$ 3,240,000	\$ 3,728,975	\$	488,975
Investment income		30,000	30,000	514,146		484,146
Total Revenues		3,270,000	3,270,000	4,243,121		973,121
Expenditures						
Capital outlay			29,669,441	3,442,139		26,227,302
Debt Service:			, ,	, ,		, ,
Principal		2,725,000	2,725,000			2,725,000
Interest		690,525	690,525	299,525		391,000
Total Expenditures		3,415,525	33,084,966	3,741,664		29,343,302
Net Change in Fund Balance		(145,525)	(29,814,966)	501,457	(28,370,181)
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,359,819	32,030,207	28,914,707		(3,115,500)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,214,294	\$ 2,215,241	\$ 29,416,164	<u>\$ (</u>	31,485,681)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues		<u> </u>		()
Impact fees	\$ 140,530	\$ 140,530	\$ 156,757	\$ 16,227
Investment income	75	75	809	734
Total Revenues	140,605	140,605	157,566	16,961
Expenditures				
Net Change in Fund Balance	140,605	140,605	157,566	16,961
Fund Balance - Beginning	77,602	108,093	108,093	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 218,207	\$ 248,698	\$ 265,659	\$ 16,961

INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Fleet	Self	
	Management	Insurance	Total
Assets			
Current assets:	Ф 1.052.12 <i>5</i>	Ф. C 02.4. C 4.2	ф д 007 дд 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,052,135	\$ 6,834,643	\$ 7,886,778
Accounts receivable	3,720	524,808	528,528
Inventory	80,648		80,648
Prepaid items	2,070	50,500	52,570
Total current assets	1,138,573	7,409,951	8,548,524
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,587,918	23,667	1,611,585
Total noncurrent assets	1,587,918	23,667	1,611,585
Total Assets	2,726,491	7,433,618	10,160,109
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	389,731		389,731
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	114,081	118,386	232,467
Claims payable		588,067	588,067
Capital lease payable, current portion	147,230		147,230
Total current liabilities	261,311	706,453	967,764
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Claims payable		337,617	337,617
Net pension liability	840,038	,	840,038
Total OPEB liability	217,489		217,489
Compensated absences payable	28,816		28,816
Capital lease payable, net of current portion	305,595		305,595
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,391,938	337,617	1,729,555
Total Liabilities	1,653,249	1,044,070	2,697,319
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	67,996		67,996
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	10,108		10,108
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	78,104		78,104
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	1,135,093	23,667	1,158,760
Unrestricted	249,776	6,365,881	6,615,657
Total Net Position	\$ 1,384,869	\$ 6,389,548	\$ 7,774,417

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Fleet	Self	
	Management	Insurance	Total
Operating Revenues	-		
Charges for services	\$ 2,880,448	\$	\$ 2,880,448
Employer contributions		7,263,285	7,263,285
Employee contributions		1,325,819	1,325,819
Miscellaneous	121,307	1,004,558	1,125,865
Total Operating Revenues	3,001,755	9,593,662	12,595,417
Operating expenses			
Personnel expenses	1,017,680	438	1,018,118
Claims expense		8,443,981	8,443,981
Insurance premiums		477,017	477,017
Repair and maintenance	379,847		379,847
Fuel and chemicals	569,463		569,463
Operating supplies	110,322	66,100	176,422
Other professional and contractual	38,378	914,904	953,282
Other expenses	302,136		302,136
Depreciation	599,506	3,121	602,627
•			
Total Operating Expenses	3,017,332	9,905,561	12,922,893
Operating Loss	(15,577)	(311,899)	(327,476)
N (C D (C)			
Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)	2.707	24.014	20 (11
Investment income	3,797	24,814	28,611
Gain on disposal of capital assets	111,336		111,336
Interest expense	(14,912)		(14,912)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	100,221	24,814	125,035
Change in Net Position	84,644	(287,085)	(202,441)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously stated	1,516,408	6,676,633	8,193,041
Prior period adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75	(216,183)		(216,183)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	1,300,225	6,676,633	7,976,858
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,384,869	\$ 6,389,548	\$ 7,774,417

INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Fleet	Self	
	Management	Insurance	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			_
Receipts for interfund services provided	\$ 2,880,448	\$ 8,064,296	\$ 10,944,744
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,353,267)	(1,503,595)	(2,856,862)
Payments to employees for services	(965,195)		(965,195)
Payments for claims		(8,414,967)	(8,414,967)
Other operating revenues	121,307	1,004,557	1,125,864
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	683,293	(849,709)	(166,416)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Purchases of capital assets	(311,872)		(311,872)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	111,336		111,336
Principal paid on capital lease	(143,639)		(143,639)
Interest paid on capital lease	(14,912)		(14,912)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(359,087)		(359,087)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest earned	3,797	24,814	28,611
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	3,797	24,814	28,611
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	328,003	(824,895)	(496,892)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	724,132	7,659,538	8,383,670
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 1,052,135	\$ 6,834,643	\$ 7,886,778
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (15,577)	\$ (311,899)	\$ (327,476)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	599,506	3,121	602,627
Changes in operating assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows:			
Accounts receivable	(2,980)	(524,808)	(527,788)
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	(11,038)	(32 1,000)	(11,038)
Inventory	3,354		3,354
Prepaid items	4,305		4,305
Accounts payable	39,220	(45,136)	(5,916)
Claims payable		29,013	29,013
Net pension liability	43,102		43,102
Total OPEB liability	1,306		1,306
Compensated absences	(16,964)		(16,964)
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	28,951		28,951
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	10,108		10,108
Total Adjustments	698,870	(537,810)	161,060
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 683,293	\$ (849,709)	\$ (166,416)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Pension	Trust Funds	
	General	Dalias	Eine	Total
Assets	Employees	Police	Fire	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,724	\$ 2,066,018	\$ 447,609	\$ 2,524,351
Investments:				
Money market funds		82,214	1,695,429	1,777,643
U.S. Government obligations		3,136,651	5,806,334	8,942,985
Mortgage backed securities		1,067,227	3,715,690	4,782,917
Municipal obligations		1,164,295		1,164,295
Fixed income funds	849,884		8,893,783	9,743,667
Collateralized mortgage obligations		4,158,091	350,033	4,508,124
Corporate obligations		9,173,879	8,872,078	18,045,957
Equity securities		10,439,323	54,144,118	64,583,441
Equity funds	1,198,417	57,810,589	5,853,303	64,862,309
Foreign bonds			826,585	826,585
International funds	380,705		1,781,264	2,161,969
Real estate funds	241,292	9,289,566	11,194,464	20,725,322
Total investments	2,670,298	96,321,835	103,133,081	202,125,214
Receivables:				
Interest and dividends		129,810	154,194	284,004
Employer		,	282,936	282,936
Pending trades			389,800	389,800
State of Florida		664,636	723,847	1,388,483
Employees	402		18,212	18,614
Total receivables	402	794,446	1,568,989	2,363,837
Prepaid items		302,697	1,797	304,494
Total Assets	2,681,424	99,484,996	105,151,476	207,317,896
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,341	52,651	213,890	267,882
Pending trades payable			432,190	432,190
Prepaid employer contributions		1,783,063		1,783,063
	1 241		(46,000	
Total Liabilities	1,341	1,835,714	646,080	2,483,135
Net Position				
Net Position Restricted for				
Pension Benefits	\$ 2,680,083	\$ 97,649,282	\$ 104,505,396	\$ 204,834,761

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Pension Trust Funds							
		General						
	<u>E</u>	nployees		Police		Fire		Total
Additions								
Contributions:	Φ	105 425	Φ	2.024.021	Φ	4 002 210	Φ	7 112 676
Employer	\$	195,435	\$	2,834,931	\$	4,083,310	\$	7,113,676
State of Florida		10.001		664,636		723,847		1,388,483
Employees		10,991		599,553		473,959		1,084,503
Total contributions		206,426		4,099,120		5,281,116		9,586,662
Investment Earnings								
Net appreciation in fair								
value of investments		194,700		8,828,659		6,138,551		15,161,910
Interest and dividends				1,120,515		2,795,051		3,915,566
Other				60				60
Total investment earnings		194,700		9,949,234		8,933,602		19,077,536
Less investment expenses	-	(5,392)		(290,690)		(459,520)	-	(755,602)
Net Investment Earnings		189,308		9,658,544		8,474,082		18,321,934
Total Additions		395,734		13,757,664		13,755,198		27,908,596
Deductions								
Pension benefits		233,373		6,137,826		3,589,660		9,960,859
Refund of participant contributions				12,573		18,060		30,633
Administrative expenses		5,200	_	134,667		101,526		241,393
Total Deductions		238,573		6,285,066		3,709,246		10,232,885
Change in Net Position		157,161		7,472,598		10,045,952		17,675,711
Net Position - Beginning	2	2,522,922		90,176,684		94,459,444		187,159,050
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 2</u>	2,680,083	\$	97,649,282	\$	104,505,396	\$	204,834,761



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Palm Beach Garden's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:	
Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	131-132 133-136 137 138-139
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections	140-141 142-143 144 145
<u>Debt Capacity</u> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage	156-147 148 149 150-151
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	152 153
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless other wise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 67,009,120	\$ 67,825,780	\$ 70,503,248	\$ 69,245,447
Restricted	13,449,860	12,950,242	9,383,210	7,934,680
Unrestricted	25,731,157	26,836,009	26,203,130	28,494,191
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	106,190,137	107,612,031	106,089,588	105,674,318
Primary Government				
Net Investment in capital assets	67,009,120	67,825,780	70,503,248	69,245,447
Restricted	13,449,860	12,950,242	9,383,210	7,934,680
Unrestricted	25,731,157	26,836,009	26,203,130	28,494,191
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 106,190,137	\$ 107,612,031	\$ 106,089,588	\$ 105,674,318

Fisca	l Year				
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 70,034,049 11,487,326 28,797,278	\$ 69,151,586 10,927,847 37,132,301	\$ 72,259,435 16,288,640 (4,045,911)	\$ 78,370,940 12,549,249 4,088,222	\$ 87,952,986 9,051,076 6,420,075	\$ 95,276,106 10,702,072 2,149,293
110,318,653	117,211,734	84,502,164	95,008,411	103,424,137	108,127,471
70,034,049 11,487,326 28,797,278	69,151,586 10,927,847 37,132,301	72,259,435 16,288,640 (4,045,911)	78,370,940 12,549,249 4,088,222	87,952,986 9,051,076 6,420,075	95,276,106 10,702,072 2,149,293
\$ 110,318,653	\$ 117,211,734	\$ 84,502,164	\$ 95,008,411	\$ 103,424,137	\$ 108,127,471

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2009	2010	2011
Expenses			
Governmental activities:			
General Government	\$ 15,136,680	\$ 14,021,839	\$ 13,637,124
Public Safety	41,112,818	43,008,415	43,117,470
Culture/Recreation	9,151,914	10,140,073	7,586,300
Physical Environment	5,771,316	3,962,941	6,688,611
Transportation	3,954,595	2,613,051	2,558,809
Interest on long-term debt	1,492,723	1,396,709	1,148,800
Other debt service costs			
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	76,620,046	75,143,028	74,737,114
Program Revenues			
Governmental activities:			
Charges for services:			
General Government	8,594,096	8,409,479	8,006,806
Public Safety	2,423,564	2,587,741	3,267,903
Culture/Recreation	4,168,677	4,459,166	4,717,578
Physical Environment			
Transportation	237,674	446,235	120,663
Operating grants and contributions	1,296,236	2,576,479	1,458,831
Capital grants and contributions	3,551,406	744,438	579,543
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	20,271,653	19,223,538	18,151,324
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 20,271,653	\$ 19,223,538	\$ 18,151,324

Table 2

	Fisco	l Year				
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 13,772,084	\$ 14,577,754	\$ 14,130,877	\$ 14,978,857	\$ 17,541,387	\$ 20,064,766	\$ 21,148,515
43,586,151	41,943,456	40,628,867	42,414,598	43,962,040	48,503,388	50,752,213
7,470,717	7,435,778	7,753,450	7,988,072	8,301,284	8,904,360	10,755,062
6,876,606	7,031,948	7,822,307	8,986,513	9,700,482	10,991,757	11,936,744
1,927,567	2,214,405	2,329,335	2,529,685	2,050,549	2,742,420	2,045,453
945,926	935,201	916,909	818,570	725,961	1,095,700	1,266,773
91,923	36,500	, 	, 	, 	62,720	
74,670,974	74,175,042	73,581,745	77,716,295	82,308,703	92,365,111	97,904,760
8,749,869	9,710,901	12,320,246	11,781,970	11,868,769	13,300,392	13,245,743
4,321,215	4,883,193	2,709,767	5,860,916	6,075,497	7,094,400	6,955,992
5,030,609	5,879,675	5,528,028	6,962,118	6,150,055	6,627,415	6,718,228
				1,660,821	185,809	310,747
109,553	627,407	338,718	350,647	546,678	1,093,669	570,071
1,650,949	1,470,016	1,794,424	1,616,429	1,679,128	1,529,434	1,921,496
167,897	123,665	63,000	135,307	596,851	415,926	87,109
20,030,092	22,694,857	22,754,183	26,707,387	28,577,799	30,247,045	29,809,386
\$ 20,030,092	\$ 22,694,857	\$ 22,754,183	\$ 26,707,387	\$ 28,577,799	\$ 30,247,045	\$ 29,809,386
						(Continued)
						(Commuca)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Net (Expense) Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (56,348,393)	\$ (55,919,490)	\$ (56,585,790)	\$ (54,640,882)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (56,348,393)	\$ (55,919,490)	<u>\$ (56,585,790)</u>	\$ (54,640,882)
General Revenues and Other Changes				
in Net Position				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 50,314,207	\$ 46,762,961	\$ 45,755,279	\$ 44,232,540
Local business tax	1,540,700	1,464,400	1,421,834	1,370,720
Public service taxes	1,278,766	1,087,582	1,005,079	1,829,028
Unrestricted intergovernmental:				
Sales tax and local option gas tax	3,726,391	3,754,372	3,864,850	3,850,419
State shared revenue	1,076,977	1,802,019	1,195,559	1,236,054
Local shared revenue		121,564	188,040	119,452
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,415,326	764,799	348,553	299,589
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	17,141	43,748	32,867	(7,165)
Miscellaneous	1,596,547	1,539,939	1,251,286	1,294,975
Cumulative effect of change in				
accounting principle				
Total Governmental Activities	60,966,055	57,341,384	55,063,347	54,225,612
Total Primary Government	60,966,055	57,341,384	55,063,347	54,225,612
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 4,617,662	\$ 1,421,894	\$ (1,522,443)	\$ (415,270)
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,617,662	\$ 1,421,894	\$ (1,522,443)	\$ (415,270)

Fisca	l Year				
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ (51,480,185)	\$ (50,827,562)	\$ (51,008,908)	\$ (53,560,795)	\$ (62,118,066)	\$ (68,095,374)
\$ (51,480,185)	\$ (50,827,562)	\$ (51,008,908)	\$ (53,560,795)	\$ (62,118,066)	\$ (68,095,374)
\$ 44,946,393	\$ 46,310,990	\$ 49,094,541	\$ 51,974,181	\$ 55,324,350	\$ 59,347,671
1,424,382	1,480,360	1,642,308	1,600,232	1,608,214	1,530,796
2,220,036	2,162,550	2,094,656	2,015,310	2,028,360	2,069,939
4.012.770	4 200 024	4 550 257	4 72 6 527	7.010.462	0.754.212
4,013,779	4,280,034	4,558,257	4,736,527	7,010,462	8,754,312
1,304,870	1,405,807	1,513,243	1,601,965	1,694,011	1,773,158
74,589	65,982	60,735	38,788	68,618	17,633
165,741	223,316	423,980	442,722	497,772	1,121,587
290,676	146,150	60,378	293,043	397,739	182,618
1,837,258	1,645,457	1,985,539	1,534,383	1,904,266	2,372,299
		(43,134,299)			
56,277,724	57,720,646	18,299,338	64,237,151	70,533,792	77,170,013
56,277,724	57,720,646	18,299,338	64,237,151	70,533,792	77,170,013
\$ 4,797,539	\$ 6,893,084	\$ (32,709,570)	\$ 10,676,356	\$ 8,415,726	\$ 9,074,639
\$ 4,797,539	\$ 6,893,084	\$ (32,709,570)	\$ 10,676,356	\$ 8,415,726	\$ 9,074,639

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$ 47,033	\$ 114,228	\$ 77,819	\$ 14,857	\$ 7,018	\$ 10,289	\$ 3,409,759	\$ 4,519,841
Restricted	3,050,763	626,283	3,518,253	3,374,314	1,844,608	486,302	852,620	1,066,476
Committed	1,253,889	1,253,889	2,632,575	2,632,575	2,367,875	2,350,475	2,324,225	2,297,975
Assigned	2,836,036	786,693	1,411,359	5,062,949	6,241,970	5,591,893	13,540,429	10,507,213
Unassigned	20,964,535	26,058,560	27,109,724	27,529,515	26,200,218	29,931,355	24,300,582	27,984,472
Total General Fund	28,152,256	28,839,653	34,749,730	38,614,210	36,661,689	38,370,314	44,427,615	46,375,977
All Other Governmental Funds								
Nonspendable	25,662	36,357	31,270	36,743	21,473	26,151	3,158,655	56,019
Restricted	7,650,881	7,308,397	7,969,073	7,553,533	14,444,032	12,062,947	37,870,178	35,865,179
Committed								
Assigned	1,034,597	1,004,043	772,850	2,288,839	955,757	1,068,221	814,682	467,289
Total All Other Governmental								
Funds	8,711,140	8,348,797	8,773,193	9,879,115	15,421,262	13,157,319	41,843,515	36,388,487
Total Governmental Funds	\$36,863,396	\$37,188,450	\$43,522,923	\$48,493,325	\$52,082,951	\$51,527,633	\$86,271,130	\$82,764,464

Note: Data not available prior to fiscal year 2011 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definition .

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 50,314,207	\$ 46,762,961	\$ 45,755,279	\$ 44,232,540
Local business tax	1,540,700	1,464,400	1,421,834	1,370,720
Utility taxes	1,278,766	1,087,582	1,005,079	1,829,028
Special assessment				
Franchise fees	5,702,964	5,040,183	4,946,864	5,327,897
Licenses and permits	2,020,336	2,363,552	2,066,521	2,414,586
Intergovernmental	6,454,771	8,693,914	7,250,927	6,894,564
Impact fees	567,498	1,024,537	535,700	754,853
Charges for services	5,865,175	6,263,022	7,306,291	8,427,574
Fines and forfeitures	436,227	301,780	184,221	163,076
Investment income	1,414,745	763,632	348,002	299,204
Miscellaneous	2,070,220	1,738,946	1,537,789	1,621,486
Total Revenues	77,665,609	75,504,509	72,358,507	73,335,528
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	14,592,013	13,579,416	12,820,887	13,101,603
Public Safety	39,078,675	41,375,382	40,678,920	41,616,208
Culture and Recreation	7,363,738	8,360,697	5,688,357	5,505,915
Physical Environment	5,375,753	3,602,222	6,081,652	6,151,650
Transportation	809,220	685,673	827,068	591,089
Capital outlay	5,239,712	3,940,814	5,974,920	2,081,097
Debt service:				
Principal	2,929,195	2,948,742	3,113,455	3,328,573
Interest	1,398,206	1,304,010	1,066,464	850,124
Bond issuance costs			28,000	117,944
Other debt service costs				91,923
T-4-1 F d'4	76,786,512	75,796,956	76,279,723	73,436,126
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				75,150,120
(Under) Expenditures	879,097	(292,447)	(3,921,216)	(100,598)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	4,291,078	1,454,187	2,338,257	803,596
Transfers out	(4,238,316)	(1,454,187)	(2,338,257)	(743,460)
Capital leases	(4,230,310)	(1,434,167)	(2,336,237)	136,451
Sale of capital assets	7,278			150, 151
Bonds and notes issued	7,276			
Refunding bonds issued			4,440,997	16,190,000
Premium on bond issuance				101,429
Refunded bonds redeemed			(4,412,997)	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(.,.12,>>/)	(16,062,364)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,040		28,000	425,652
Special Items				
Proceeds from defined contribution plan				
Payment to defined benefit plan				
Total Special Items				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 939,137	\$ (292,447)	\$ (3,893,216)	\$ 325,054
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	<u>5.88%</u>	<u>5.87%</u>	<u>5.96%</u>	<u>5.84%</u>

Table 4

_	Fiscal	l Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$	44,946,393	\$ 46,310,990	\$ 49,094,541	\$ 51,974,181	\$ 55,324,350	\$ 59,347,671
	1,424,382	1,480,360	1,642,308	1,600,232	1,608,214	1,530,796
	2,220,036	2,162,550	2,094,656	2,015,310	2,028,360	2,069,939
					114,377	115,709
	5,101,610	5,493,667	5,559,815	5,425,438	5,564,984	5,542,336
	3,537,512	3,537,090	4,546,357	4,905,124	5,832,223	5,392,299
	7,159,350	7,531,569	7,824,817	8,078,313	10,256,074	12,473,767
	2,563,745	1,259,848	2,625,215	1,730,260	2,934,014	1,735,643
	8,356,187	9,155,442	10,557,716	10,709,338	11,993,327	12,825,955
	308,095	253,207	271,264	321,570	172,986	173,132
	162,847	219,231	418,442	436,783	491,590	1,092,977
	1,874,051	1,917,229	2,366,415	2,051,152	2,463,251	2,233,836
	77,654,208	79,321,183	87,001,546	89,247,701	98,783,750	104,534,060
	13,891,617	13,670,394	14,757,766	15,762,838	16,736,979	17,633,866
	39,690,034	39,918,404	42,140,959	43,328,804	44,110,412	47,018,092
	5,461,517	5,749,601	5,956,101	6,214,376	6,853,710	7,977,514
	6,496,310	7,311,775	8,031,030	8,203,345	9,606,325	10,733,099
	882,857	802,773	849,961	965,058	616,681	641,199
			*	,		
	6,045,352	3,431,802	7,095,189	12,108,700	13,585,815	18,570,340
	3,623,063	3,857,772	3,954,800	4,038,352	6,642,493	4,313,966
	713,851	720,871	626,114	562,576	906,256	777,250
	36,500				62,720	
	76,841,101	75,463,392	83,411,921	91,184,049	99,121,391	107,665,326
	813,107	3,857,791	3,589,626	(1,936,348)	(337,641)	(3,131,266)
	630,786	2,434,043	8,005,816	3,191,233	1,801,320	1,701,843
	(647,494)	(2,434,043)	(8,005,816)		(1,801,320)	(1,701,843)
	1,208,074	1,022,611	(0,005,010)	1,152,030	1,965,638	2,641,100
	30,000	90,000		229,000	1,505,050	99,000
	4,300,000	70,000		227,000	30,000,000	<i>77</i> ,000
	4,300,000				30,000,000	
-	5,521,366	1,112,611		1,381,030	31,965,638	2,740,100
_						
_						
\$	6,334,473	\$ 4,970,402	\$ 3,589,626	\$ (555,318)	\$ 31,627,997	\$ (391,166)
	6.09%	<u>6.32%</u>	<u>5.90%</u>	<u>5.71%</u>	<u>8.63%</u>	5.64%

NET ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Real Property		
Year					_
Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	
September 30,	Property	Property	Property	Property	Total
2009	\$ 7,229,265,998	\$ 1,871,391,912	\$ 81,429,357	\$ 57,716,346	\$ 9,239,803,613
2010	6,420,991,961	1,669,597,264	187,362,285	54,338,191	8,332,289,701
2011	5,848,513,461	1,449,291,192	159,894,950	46,154,142	7,503,853,745
2012	5,845,989,740	1,356,197,434	158,956,614	46,668,841	7,407,812,629
2013	5,971,391,486	1,362,505,644	137,804,685	54,067,590	7,525,769,405
2014	6,179,351,874	1,399,487,396	138,859,513	53,618,149	7,771,316,932
2015	6,655,059,315	1,519,351,040	70,050,865	138,572,340	8,383,033,560
2016	7,120,899,821	1,733,042,304	75,316,429	100,964,163	9,030,222,717
2017	7,578,568,351	1,949,533,937	82,092,236	108,638,650	9,718,833,174
2018	8,205,876,033	2,140,701,464	91,118,225	106,370,063	10,544,065,785

Note: Assessed values are established by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office as of January 1, each year. Assessments were increased to 100% of market value as of 1980.

Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

N/A - Information not available

Personal Property	Centrally Assessed	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
\$ 445,097,893	\$ 2,302,570	\$ 9,687,204,076	5.3990	\$ 11,905,455,511	81.37%
435,423,487	1,525,288	8,769,238,476	5.5390	10,584,957,812	82.85%
419,393,252	1,530,479	7,924,777,476	5.9258	9,478,563,840	83.61%
355,387,197	1,580,454	7,764,780,280	5.9225	9,524,962,077	81.52%
357,685,952	1,261,843	7,884,717,200	5.9194	9,634,287,354	81.84%
357,264,904	1,567,443	8,130,149,279	5.9137	10,015,793,537	81.17%
374,540,771	1,842,341	8,759,416,672	5.8315	11,106,390,736	78.87%
400,381,117	2,111,042	9,432,714,876	5.6871	12,267,715,478	76.89%
376,051,655	2,332,101	10,097,216,930	5.6781	13,251,477,046	76.20%
328,044,724	2,460,119	10,874,570,628	5.6678	14,150,783,918	76.85%

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City of Palm Beach Garden	City	of Palm	Beach	Gardens
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Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Palm Beach County School District	Palm Beach County
2009	5.2500	0.1490	5.3990	7.2510	3.9656
2010	5.3900	0.1490	5.5390	7.9830	4.5614
2011	5.7404	0.1854	5.9258	8.1540	4.9960
2012	5.7404	0.1821	5.9225	8.1800	4.9925
2013	5.7404	0.1790	5.9194	7.7780	4.9902
2014	5.7404	0.1733	5.9137	7.5860	4.9852
2015	5.6700	0.1615	5.8315	7.5940	4.9729
2016	5.5500	0.1371	5.6871	7.5120	4.9277
2017	5.5500	0.1281	5.6781	7.0700	4.9142
2018	5.5500	0.1178	5.6678	6.7690	4.9023

Note: All millage rates are based on \$1 for every \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: City of Palm Beach Gardens Finance Department and Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

(1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Palm Beach Gardens. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Palm Beach Gardens property owners (i.e. the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

Overlapping Rates (1)

Palm Beach County Health Care District	Palm Beach County Library System	South Florida Water Management District	Children's Services Council	Florida Inland Navigation District	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
0.9975	0.5427	0.6240	0.6009	0.0345	19.4152
1.1451	0.5518	0.6240	0.6898	0.0345	21.1286
1.1451	0.5491	0.6240	0.7513	0.0345	22.1798
1.1250	0.6081	0.4363	0.7475	0.0345	22.0464
1.1220	0.6066	0.4289	0.7300	0.0345	21.6096
1.0800	0.6065	0.4110	0.7025	0.0345	21.3194
1.0800	0.6024	0.3842	0.6745	0.0345	21.1740
1.0426	0.5985	0.1459	0.6677	0.0320	20.6135
0.8993	0.5933	0.3307	0.6833	0.0320	20.2009
0.7808	0.5891	0.3100	0.6590	0.0320	19.7100

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

		2018			2009	
			Percent of			Percent of
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value (1)	Value	Rank	Value (1)
The Gardens Venture LLC	\$ 292,828,825	1	2.69%	\$ 205,000,000	1	2.12%
Excel Gardens LLC	109,053,852	2	1.00%	67,247,126	3	0.70%
GLL US Retail LP	86,515,000	3	0.80%	105,147,822	2	1.09%
BREIT MF San Merano LLC	83,661,307	4	0.77%	54,206,475	7	0.56%
Northlake Blvd LLC	73,280,751	5	0.67%	56,833,511	5	0.59%
GK 3801 PGA Blvd LLC	59,249,101	6	0.54%	50,622,243	8	0.52%
Landmark at Gardens Square LLC	59,908,648	7	0.55%			
WFGR Resort Core V LLC	57,075,312	8	0.52%	50,000,000	9	0.52%
Devonshire at PGA National LLC	56,328,313	9	0.52%	54,455,275	6	0.56%
11900 Valencia Gardens AV Apts	51,726,950	10	0.48%			
Terra Funding GB Inc				44,060,479	10	0.46%
WCI Communities				65,208,300	4	0.67%
	\$ 929,628,059	=	<u>8.54</u> %	\$ 752,781,231		<u>7.79</u> %

Source: Tax roll provided by Palm Beach County Property Appraisers Office.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Net Assessed Value on page 120 for Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the Year Total Tax Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections in					Total Collections to Date			
Ended	Levy for		Percent	- Su	ıbsequent			Percentage
September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy
2009	\$ 52,198,753	\$ 49,743,531	95.30%	\$	266,335	\$	50,009,866	95.81%
2010	48,572,811	46,500,965	95.73%		555,890		47,056,855	96.88%
2011	46,934,495	45,094,498	96.08%		95,204		45,189,702	96.28%
2012	45,986,911	44,142,070	95.99%		129,642		44,271,712	96.27%
2013	46,672,795	44,866,669	96.13%		103,485		44,970,154	96.35%
2014	48,079,264	46,260,814	96.22%		77,724		46,338,538	96.38%
2015	51,080,538	49,137,584	96.20%		26,623		49,164,207	96.25%
2016	53,644,793	51,655,014	96.29%		86,038		51,741,052	96.45%
2017	57,333,007	55,238,312	96.35%		(78,934)		55,159,378	96.21%
2018	61,634,891	59,426,605	96.42%				59,426,605	96.42%

Source: City of Palm Beach Gardens Finance Department and Palm Beach County Tax Collector's Office.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental	Activities	
Year		General		<u> </u>
Ended	Revenue	Obligation	Capital	
September 30,	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Notes
2009	\$ 20,056,285	\$ 10,567,106	\$ 922,247	\$
2010	18,279,922	9,566,340	844,172	
2011	16,366,001	8,579,140	762,039	
2012	14,445,715	7,489,697	801,213	
2013	18,188,016	6,365,138	1,608,643	
2014	15,805,833	5,204,098	2,304,750	
2015	13,376,878	4,004,775	1,966,269	
2016	10,889,118	2,884,475	2,676,052	
2017	36,065,480	1,730,056	4,378,159	
2018	33,928,667	540,466	5,836,189	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 132 for population data.

Table 9

Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita ⁽¹⁾
\$ 31,545,638	0.0429%	\$ 632
28,690,434	0.0413%	573
25,707,180	0.0360%	531
22,736,625	0.0301%	469
26,161,797	0.0329%	529
23,314,681	0.0249%	466
19,347,922	0.0198%	383
16,449,645	0.0158%	319
42,173,695	N/A	802
40,305,322	N/A	749

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended September 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value (1)	Per Capita ⁽²⁾
2009	\$ 10,567,106	0.11%	\$ 212
2010	9,566,340	0.11%	191
2011	8,579,140	0.11%	177
2012	7,489,697	0.10%	155
2013	6,365,138	0.08%	129
2014	5,204,098	0.06%	104
2015	4,004,775	0.05%	79
2016	2,884,475	0.03%	56
2017	1,730,056	0.01%	33
2018	540,466	0.00%	10

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statement.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Net Assessed Value on page 120 for Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.

⁽²⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 132 for population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Government Unit	Net Debt Unit Outstanding		Amount Applicable to the City of Palm Beach Gardens
			_
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes			
Palm Beach County	\$ 82,850,0	000 5.22%	\$ 4,324,770
Palm Beach County School Board		5.21%	
Other Debt			
Palm Beach County	927,706,1	5.22%	48,426,262
Palm Beach County School Board	1,535,730,0	5.21%	80,011,533
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			132,762,565
City of Palm Beach Gardens Direct Debt			40,305,322
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 173,067,887

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and business.

Source: Data provided by the Palm Beach County Finance Department and the Palm Beach County School Board.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's and School Board's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries.

CITY OF PALM BEACH GARDENS, FLORIDA

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2011 Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds

	2011 Public Improve	ilicili alla Kelu	nung Bonds		
Year Ended September 30,	Local Business Tax	Utility Taxes	Special Assessment	Franchise Fees	Licenses and Permits
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$ 1,540,700 1,464,400 1,421,834 1,370,720 1,424,382 1,480,360 1,642,308 1,600,232 1,608,214	\$ 1,278,766 1,087,582 1,005,079 1,829,028 2,220,036 2,162,550 2,094,656 2,015,310 2,028,360	\$ 114,377	\$ 5,702,964 5,040,183 4,946,864 5,327,897 5,101,610 5,493,667 5,559,815 5,425,438 5,564,984	\$ 2,020,336 2,363,552 2,066,521 2,414,586 3,537,512 3,537,089 4,546,357 4,905,124 5,832,223
2018	Non Ad Valorem Revenue Available for Debt Coverage	2,069,939 Debt S Principal	Service Interest	5,542,336 - Coverage	5,392,299
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$ 26,783,904 27,717,011 26,067,528 28,348,135 30,144,070 30,144,070 31,750,341 35,543,260	\$ 1,969,256 1,947,976 2,005,259 2,239,130 2,498,505 2,696,732 2,755,476 2,918,051	\$ 943,136 887,781 828,446 593,622 492,496 536,167 479,293 453,439	9.20 9.77 9.20 10.01 10.08 9.82 10.91 10.54	

Note: The City's 2011 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds are obligations of the City payable solely from and secured solely by non ad valorem revenue. The original bonds were issued in November 2003 to refund certain prior obligations of the City. Additional bonds were issued in 2013 and 2017 to finance the cost of improvements to the City's golf course, parks, and facilities.

2,763,075

3,268,015

440,911

749,601

12.65

10.82

40,525,386

43,450,746

Source: City of Palm Beach Gardens Finance Department

2017

2018

							N	on Ad Valorem
	Charges		Fines					Revenue
Inter-	for		and	Investment				Available for
governmental	Services	Fo	orfeitures	Income	Mi	scellaneous	I	Debt Coverage
								_
\$ 6,454,771	\$ 5,865,175	\$	436,227	\$ 1,414,745	\$	2,070,220	\$	26,783,904
8,693,914	6,263,022		301,780	763,632		1,738,946		27,717,011
7,250,927	7,306,291		184,221	348,002		1,537,789		26,067,528
6,894,564	8,427,574		163,076	299,204		1,621,486		28,348,135
7,159,350	8,356,187		308,095	162,847		1,874,051		30,144,070
7,531,570	9,155,443		253,206	219,233		1,917,223		31,750,341
7,824,817	10,557,716		271,264	418,442		2,366,415		35,281,790
8,078,313	10,709,338		321,570	436,783		2,051,152		35,543,260
10,256,074	11,993,327		172,986	491,590		2,463,251		40,525,386
12,473,767	12,825,955		173,132	1,092,977		2,233,836		43,450,746

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Palm Beach County Personal Income (2)	Palm Beach County Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	(In Thousands)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	* *
2009	49,941	\$ 73,546,909	\$57,461	10,338	7.2%
2010	50,075	69,488,201	52,526	10,549	7.8%
2011	48,452	71,432,467	53,500	11,234	6.9%
2012	48,452	75,461,490	52,191	10,937	5.7%
2013	49,434	79,564,774	57,985	10,909	5.1%
2014	50,067	93,526,272	66,914	11,175	4.1%
2015	50,521	97,806,900	68,743	10,935	4.0%
2016	51,532	103,876,015	71,946	10,024	4.1%
2017	52,591	N/A	N/A	10,699	3.4%
2018	53,800	N/A	N/A	10,899	2.4%

Sources:

- (1) University of Florida Bureau of Business and Economic Research
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Palm Beach County School Board Budget Office
- (4) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

N/A: Information not available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

		2018			2009	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Palm Beach County School Board (estimated)	1,193	1	4.16%	903	3	3.09%
Tenet Healthcare Corp (estimated)	855	2	2.98%	1,100	2	3.77%
TBC Corporation (Headquarters)	800	3	2.79%			
PGA National Resort & Spa	700	4	2.44%	780	4	2.67%
City of Palm Beach Gardens	496	5	1.73%	484	7	1.66%
Zimmer Biomet	651	6	2.27%	537	5	1.84%
Belcan Engineering Group	458	7	1.60%	467	8	1.60%
NuVista Living	330	8	1.15%			
Cross Match Technologies	300	9	1.05%			
LRP Publications (Headquarters)	292	10	1.02%			
Synthes Anspach Companies				256	10	0.88%
The Wackenhut Corp.				3,000	1	10.27%
Virtual Bank				497	6	1.70%
Palm Beach Gardens Marriott				277	9	0.95%
	6,075		21.16%	8,301		28.43%

Source: 2017 Business Development Board of Palm Beach County

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Number of Employees										
General Government	95	80	66	71	71	73	75	81	84	86
Public Safety	272	272	280	278	281	278	280	283	298	309
Culture and Recreation	64	72	38	38	39	36	38	41	43	43
Physical Environment	53	40	66	65	64	67	67	67	71	77
Total Number of Employees	484	464	450	450	455	454	460	472	496	515

Source: City of Palm Beach Gardens Finance Department

CITY OF PALM BEACH GARDENS, FLORIDA

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012				
General Government								
Information Technology:								
Number of online inspections scheduled	6,188	6,495	12,150	7,720				
City Clerk:								
Public records request	553	140	110	95				
Finance:								
A/P checks issued	6,829	5,849	4,914	3,863				
Public Safety								
Police personnel and officers	150	150	162	163				
Fire personnel	122	122	118	118				
Number of police foot patrols	16,400	13,473	10,874	9,028				
Number of police service calls	39,882	39,233	38,220	36,866				
Number of fire rescue calls	7,410	8,000	7,836	7,582				
Culture and Recreation								
Special event attendees	75,000	104,100	110,000	144,000				
General program participants	9,220	16,710	17,000	16,500				
Youth camp registrations	3,805	3,750	3,775	3,988				
Tennis members	356	360	367	455				
Rounds of golf played	43,000	38,835	41,954	39,107				
General pool admissions	32,144	32,910	37,826	31,723				
Physical Environment								
Curb miles swept	800	2,560	2,779	2,335				
Linear feet of storm drains cleaned/repaired	800	4,400						
Permits issued	5,272	6,013	6,315	6,822				
Value of permits	\$ 189,340,190	\$ 178,555,009	\$ 188,625,476	\$ 208,997,432				
Inspections performed	19,250	18,170	18,100	18,605				

Sources: Various City Departments

Fiscal Year										
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
4,051	3,569	3,647	9,000	9,583	11,000					
127	207	148	316	157	190					
3,183	3,391	3,174	2,969	2,610	2,345					
158	160	160	163	168	183					
113	118	120	120	130	138					
8,619	8,771	9,516	9,631	14,319	10,707					
30,515	30,540	33,827	34,833	41,577	34,618					
9,492	9,594	9,899	10,876	10,800	12,098					
167,000	170,000	170,000	186,461	191,125	200,681					
17,000	16,000	16,000	16,010	17,706	20,913					
4,072	3,591	3,495	5,287	4,900	6,821					
409	453	453	413	547	567					
28,904	32,742	32,742	39,781							
30,530	34,130	34,130	26,128	9,924	24,907					
1,551	2,605	2,364	2,000	2,364	1,762					
140	58	462	814	800	328					
7,560	7,712	7,565	8,248	8,883	10,575					
\$ 293,661,857	\$ 232,474,244	\$ 406,243,050	\$ 294,899,950	\$ 560,765,434	\$ 360,719,935					
24,105	22,882	20,814	23,399	24,397	25,220					
2.,103	22,502	20,011	25,577	2 1,377	25,220					

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government Number of general government buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Transportation Miles of streets	54	54	54	54	54	57	57	59	59	61
Culture and Recreation										
Parks acreage	168	168	172	172	172	172	201	222	222	222
Parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	14	16	16	16
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course acreage	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140
Multipurpose fields	10	10	11	11	11	11	15	15	15	17
Multipurpose rinks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Baseball/softball fields	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Tennis courts	19	19	19	19	19	19	24	24	26	26
Pickleball courts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	18
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	17	17	17
Basketball courts	12	13	13	13	13	13	15	18	18	18
Racquetball courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Skatepark	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Sources: Various City Departments





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORNACE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 25, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City's Police Officers' Pension Fund and the City's Firefighters' Pension Fund, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

April 25, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 25, 2019. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Police Officers' Pension Fund and the City's Firefighters' Pension Fund, which represent 90 percent, 92 percent, and 55 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City's Police Officers' Pension Fund and the City's Firefighters' Pension Fund, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated April 25, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding audit report.



Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. This assessment was done as of fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

West Palm Beach, FL April 25, 2019

Marcun LLP



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida

We have examined the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida (the City) compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes and it is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

April 25, 2019

