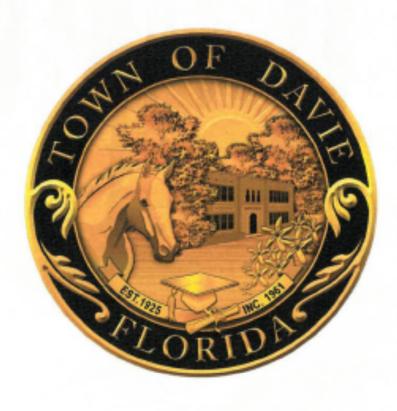
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Prepared by Budget and Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BUDGET AND FINANCE DEPARTMENT



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March 24, 2020

In accordance with Section 11.45, Florida Statutes and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town of Davie's (the "Town") Charter, submitted herewith is the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the "CAFR") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

The financial statements included in this report conform to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Town is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. The financial statements have been audited by Keefe McCullough. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion that this report fairly presents the financial position of the Town and complies with all reporting standards noted above.

The contents of this report are aimed at compliance with GASB pronouncements, including Statement No. 34, requiring the preparation of government-wide financial statements on a full accrual basis of accounting for all funds and including Management's Discussion and Analysis. Also included are additional and enhanced Statistical Tables required by GASB Statement No. 44.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Town was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961. The Town exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. Under Florida law, Davie is considered a Municipal Corporation. The Mayor is elected by all registered voters of the Town, while the four Council members are each elected only by the registered voters of the specific District they are elected to represent. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. The Council appoints the Town Administrator (who is the Chief Administrative Officer) and the Town Attorney. The Town Administrator is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the Council and appoints Department Directors or Division Managers. The Department Directors and Division Managers have the primary responsibility to hire and fire employees, however, the final decision ultimately rests with the Town Administrator. The Town is organized into various Departments and Divisions that are significantly reflected in the attached Illustration 1 (page viii). The Budget and Finance Department, which has the responsibility for preparation of this report, is shown in Illustration 2 (page ix).

The activities included in our report are those over which the Town has ultimate financial accountability. Any activity for which the Town, as a "primary" government, is ultimately financially accountable is presented within this report. No activity has been excluded which would cause our financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), in which the main function is to assist with redevelopment in designated areas of the Town. It is financed by property tax revenues that are levied by the Town and certain other taxing authorities (i.e. Broward County, South Broward Hospital District, North Broward Hospital District and the Central Broward Water Control District) on the increased taxable values in those targeted areas that exceed a base year amount. This is called the tax increment. The CRA is a blended component unit of the Town and is therefore included within this report. Its resources are tracked from year to year and its surpluses, if any, are available for purposes approved by the CRA Board, which is comprised of the Town Council members.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, culture, recreation, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, and towing services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

While part of the larger Fort Lauderdale metropolitan area, the Town has maintained much of its pioneering heritage, rustic, and rural lifestyle. Agriculture, though still present and important to the Town, is giving way to higher education facilities and research and development centers. The Town has grown to over 35.5 square miles and a population of 104,249 residents. The Town's Open Space and Recreational programs were the first of their kind in Florida and they are a source of great civic pride. With modern port facilities and a world-class airport only moments away and linked by several interstate and toll highways, the Town has proven to be a great location for individuals and businesses wishing to be part of the growing South Florida community. Only twenty minutes from downtown Miami and less than half that to Fort Lauderdale, Davie has capitalized on this central and important location.

Fiscal Year 2019

The Town's taxable value is approximately \$ 9.6 billion. After four consecutive years of declining property values due to the economic recession, the Town's taxable value increased this year, for the seventh consecutive year, by approximately \$ 587 million or 6.5% and overall property values also showed a modest increase. During the year, we continued to see positive signs that the local economy continued to improve as the activity within our building and engineering division increased. The Town's population continues to grow and has exceeded 104,000 residents.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In the continued effort of making maintenance of its infrastructure a priority, the Town's major capital improvements included the following expenditures during fiscal year 2019:

General Government:

- Nova Drive \$ 2.9 million
- Phase II Eastside Infrastructure \$ 1.7 million
- New Fire Station \$ 1.7 million
- Fire Engine and Equipment \$ 645K
- Oakes Road \$ 563K
- Davie Road Improvements \$ 411K
- Park Improvements \$ 309K
- Road Improvements \$ 244K
- Fire Station Renovation \$ 141K

Water and Sewer:

- Water and Sewer Equipment \$ 1.1 million
- Scada Design Service Phase I and II \$ 409K
- Sewer Main Line/Lining \$ 392K
- Water and Wastewater Pumps \$ 352K
- Goulds Pump/Morse Pump/Pista Pump \$ 345K

Additionally, the fiscal year 2019 budget included budgetary initiatives that had a significant impact on the Town's financial statements. For example, when comparing the original budget for fiscal year 2018 to the amended fiscal year 2019 budget, the Town increased the total number of budgeted positions from 767 to 806. The overall budgeted payroll costs increased \$ 4.6 million, or 5%. Additionally, when comparing the original budget of fiscal year 2018 to the original 2019 budget, the Town's capital expenditures in the annual budget decreased 23%, decreasing from \$ 47.3 million to \$ 36.6 million.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Accounting Control

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

An annual budget is adopted for all governmental funds, as well as a Capital Improvements Program ("CIP"). Although the CIP related funds are not inclusive in the annual budget, the Town Council approves, annually, the CIP. In accordance with Town Ordinance, appropriations are legally controlled at the Department or Division level. With the exception of projects approved within the CIP, all appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Encumbrances for projects within the Town's CIP do roll forward, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting records and are utilized throughout the fiscal year.

Overview of Financial Activity

The accompanying financial statements reflect that the Town has continued to expand its services to meet the demands of its residential and business communities. A summary of the major financial activities is included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Section of this report.

Financial Policies

The Town's Financial Policies set forth the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the Town. These policies represent a foundation, provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future programs, and assist the Town Council and the Town Administrator in making decisions. Some examples of these type of policies relate to the Town's budget, revenue, expenditures and fund balances (which is discussed in more detail in the next paragraph).

Fund Balances

Previously, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, for its governmental activities. GASB Statement No. 54 establishes various classifications of fund balance based on a hierarchy which details constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and those internally imposed. Fund balances classified as restricted are those with externally enforceable limitations on use. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the Town Council through a resolution or ordinance (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority). Commitments can only be changed or lifted only by the Town Council through formal action. Assigned fund balances are amounts that the Town intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent to utilize these funds is delegated to the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator. Unassigned fund balance can be viewed as the net resources available at the end of the year.

Retirement Programs

The Town contributed to three (3) defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the plan documents within each pension plan and one (1) defined contribution pension plan based on employee classifications created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The plans currently cover all full-time employees, except some contractual employees, of the Town. Under the defined benefit pension plans, the Town and the employees make contributions. Under the defined contribution plan, the Town contributes 11.4% while the employees do not make contributions. Employer contributions for the defined benefit plans for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were approximately as follows: Firefighters' Pension \$ 5.3 million, Police Employees' Pension \$ 6.6 million and Management and General Employees' Pension \$ 4.0 million.

A defined benefit pension plan provides a pension benefit that pays the employee a specific amount of money, typically per month, once the employee becomes eligible for receiving the retirement benefits. Some of the factors that are used to determine the retirement benefit include number of years of service, years of vesting, salary and the multiplier. Under a defined benefit pension plan, the benefits that are paid to the participant will be the sole responsibility of the employer.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be reallocated to such participant's account.

In order to encourage employees to supplement their retirement income, a deferred compensation program is also available to all employees. Under this program, employees may voluntarily elect to defer a portion of their salary to future years. Both programs are administered by Voya under a trust agreement. The plan assets are separate and the Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements. Please see Notes 13 and 14 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of the retirement program.

Financing Programs and Debt Administration

The Town currently has 11 outstanding long-term debt issues. At September 30, 2019, the principal balance outstanding totaled approximately \$ 164 million.

General Obligation Bonds:

The Town previously issued \$ 1.5 million of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008B, due July 2020, with a fixed interest rate of 4.98%. The Bonds refunded the Town's then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000 (the "Refunded Bonds"); and paid certain costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. Ad valorem revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this bond issue.

The Town previously issued \$ 12.4 million General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has a 16-year amortization, due August 2031, with a fixed rate of 2.59%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

The Town previously issued \$ 16.3 million Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has a 11-year amortization, due August 2026, with a fixed rate of 2.18%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Public Improvement Bonds:

The Town previously issued \$ 10.0 million Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, 15-year amortization, due December 2019, bearing fixed interest rate at 4.51%. Legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the General Fund are pledged to repay this bond issue.

Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds:

Previously, the Town issued \$ 10.0 million and \$ 7.4 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, respectively. The purpose of these Refunding Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding \$ 20.0 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2010. The Series 2013 Bonds have a 12-year amortization, due December 2025, with a fixed rate of 3.00% on Series A and 2.95% on Series B. The bonds are secured by a gross pledge and lien of tax increment revenues of Davie's CRA.

Water and Sewer Bonds:

In August 2019, the Town issued \$ 49.9 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. The purpose of these Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. The Refunding Bonds have a 22-year amortization, due October 2040, with a fixed rate of 2.76%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In October 2011, the Town issued Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, in the amount of \$ 49.9 million, due October 2041, bearing interest between 2.00% and 5.00%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In November 2012, the Town issued Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, in the amount of \$ 28.2 million, due October 2042, bearing interest between 2.00% and 4.00%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In September 2013, the Town issued \$ 14.4 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, for the purpose of providing funds, together with other legally available funds of the Town, to refund and defease the then outstanding amount of the Town's \$ 26.3 million Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds, Series 2003. The Series 2013 Bonds have an 8-year amortization, due October 2021, with a fixed rate of 2.08% per annum. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

State Revolving Loan:

In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$ 4.6 million, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$ 17,594 and \$ 89,782, respectively. Semiannual payments are due on each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$ 135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit</u>

In accordance with Section 11.45(3)(a) (4), Florida Statutes, and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town's Charter, the Town engaged the firm of Keefe McCullough, to perform the independent audit of the Town's accounts and records. The independent auditor's report is included in the Financial section.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Davie for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

In addition, the Town also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for the Town's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. It was the eighth consecutive year the Town received the award for the document, which serves as the Town's primary fiscal policy document.

Acknowledgements

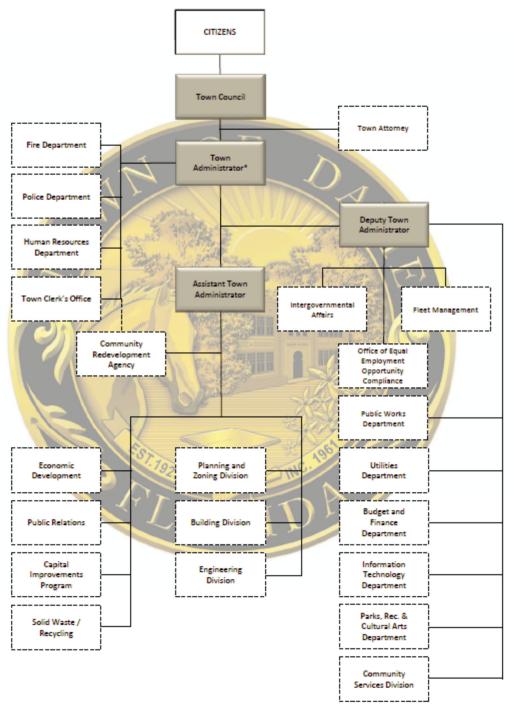
The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Budget and Finance Department. We express our appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would like to express our thanks for the cooperation received from our independent auditors, Keefe McCullough, as they worked diligently with the Town. Of course, we greatly appreciate and thank the Town's Council and Town Administration for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town.

Respectfully submitted,

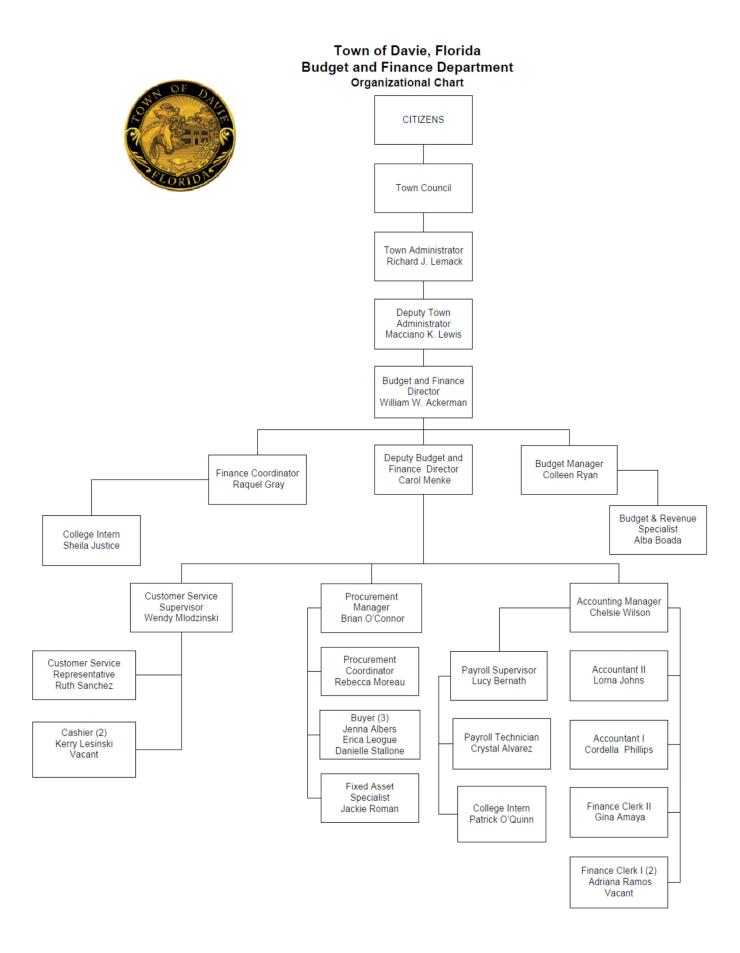
Richard J. Lemack, Town Administrator

William W. Ackerman, Budget and Finance Director

Town of Davie Table of Organization FY 2019



^{*} The Town Administrator also functions as the Executive Director of the Community Redevelopment Agency.



List of Principal Officials

2018-2019 Town Council

Judy Paul Mayor

Caryl Hattan Vice Mayor

Bryan Caletka Councilmember

Marlon Luis Councilmember

Susan Starkey Councilmember

Administrative Officials

Richard J. Lemack Town Administrator

Macciano K. Lewis Deputy Town Administrator

Phillip R. Holste Assistant Town Administrator

William W. Ackerman Budget and Finance Director

Julie Downey Fire Chief

Grace Garagozzo Human Resources Director

Nelson Martinez, Jr. Information Technology Director

Jeffrey Pohlman Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Director

Dale Engle Police Chief

Osdel Fernandez-Larrea Public Works/Capital Projects Director

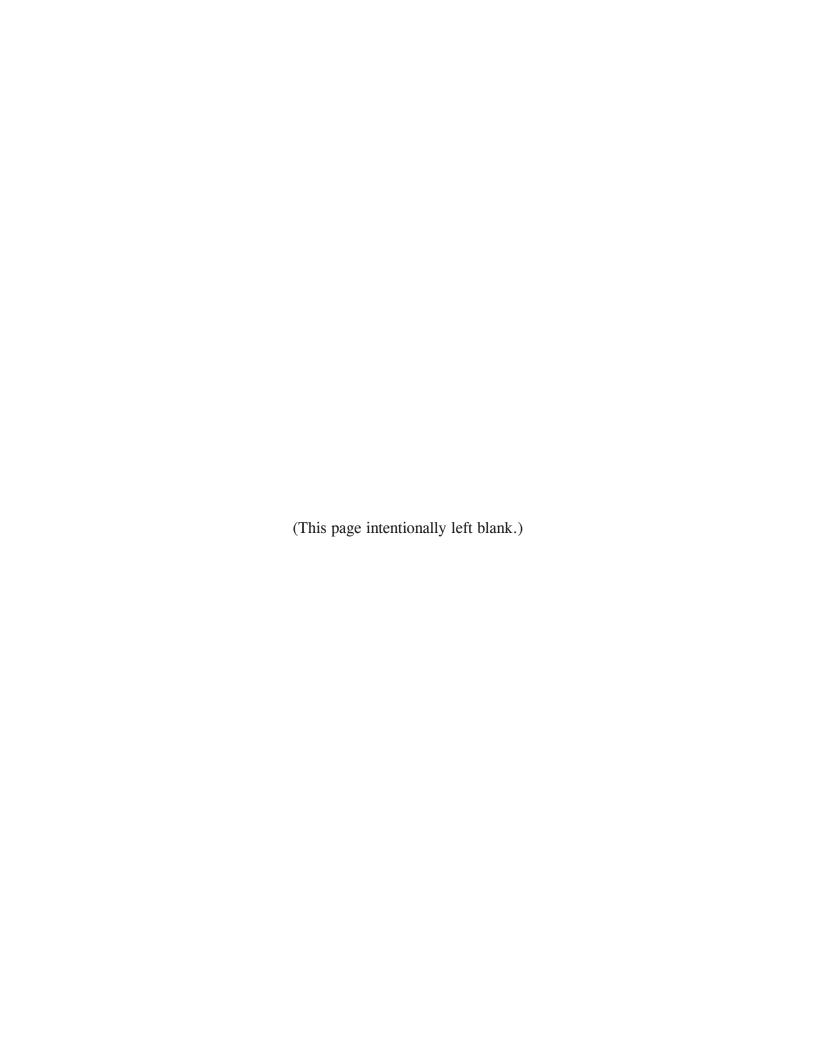
John C. Rayson Town Attorney

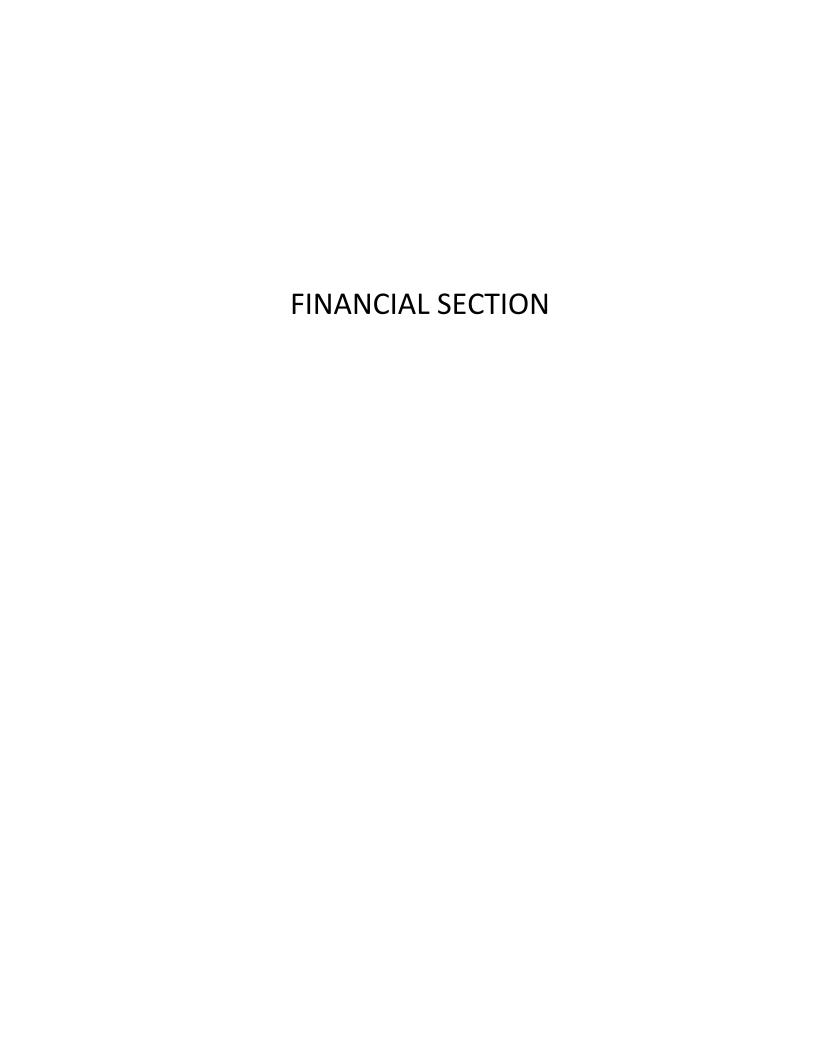
Evelyn Roig Town Clerk

Renuka Bajnath-Mohmammed Utilities Director

Keefe McCullough Town Auditors









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Administrator Town of Davie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, (the "Town") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan or the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, which together represent 79%, 78%, and 74%, respectively, of the assets, net position and additions of the fiduciary funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 14 and 89 through 100, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We, and other auditors, have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General, respectively, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

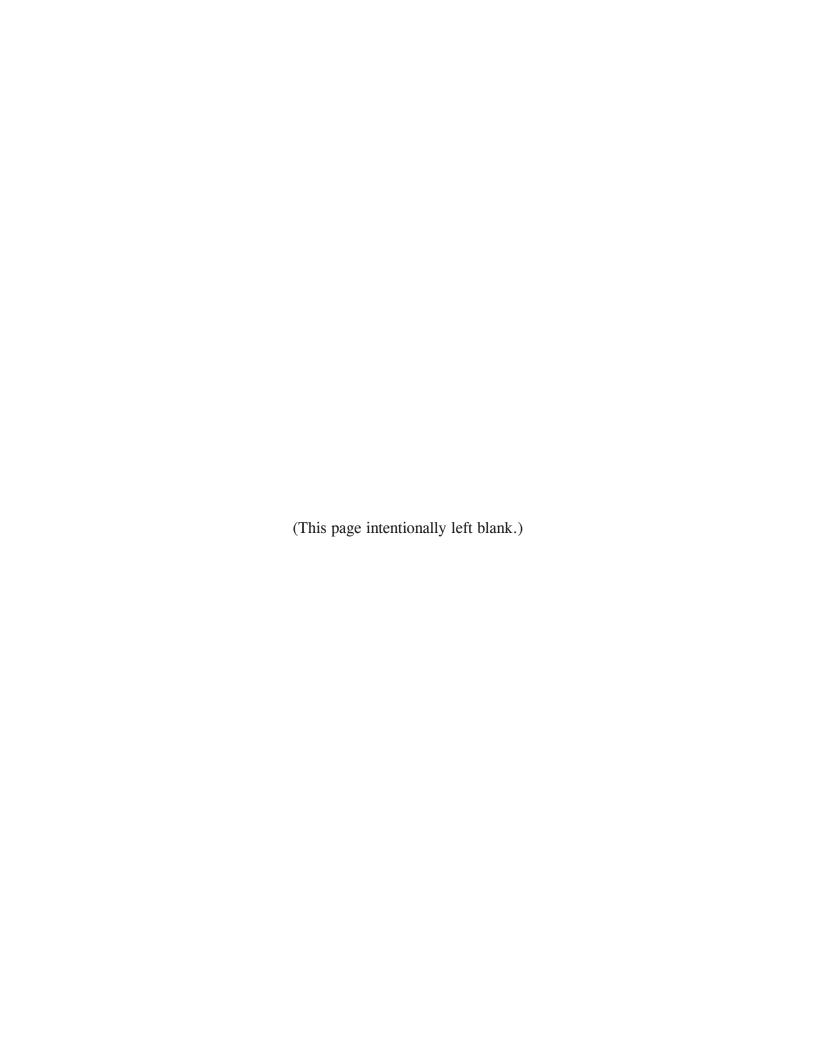
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 24, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town of Davie's (the "Town") Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide a broad overview on short-term and long-term analysis of the Town's activities based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Town. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The Town presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34 — Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments (Statement 34). As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The reader of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and the other Required Supplementary Information (RSI) provided in addition to this MD&A.

Understanding the Basic Financial Statements

GASB Statement 34 represented a monumental change from the way in which government financial statements are recorded and presented. It provided for the first time a concise "entity-wide" Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, providing the user of the financial statements a combined overview of the Town's financial position and result of operations, eliminating interfund activities and "other people's money" such as pension funds, which can mislead users when incorporated in a combined manner. The Government-Wide Financial Statements also differentiate between Governmental and Business-Type Activities, further assisting the reader in their evaluation.

The reporting model requires the use of accrual accounting (which focuses on economic resources) at the top most level, while maintaining modified accrual accounting (which focuses on current financial resources—budgeted resources) at the individual fund level. This was an important change in governmental accounting. The impact of long-term financial decisions is accurately matched to the period in which the expense or revenue is attributed. In short, an accurate presentation of information is achieved and the impacts of long-term decisions are promptly recorded as the transactions occurred, as opposed to the traditional method of recording them when the bill is paid. A good example of this is the recording of compensated absences such as vacation time. Previously, this time was "expensed" as paid, not when earned. As a result, employees could accrue hundreds of hours in the past without that expense being attributed to the taxpayers who benefited from those employees' services. Once the employees separate from the Town it is future taxpayers who will bear the financial liability, but would not benefit from those employees' services. This is but one of many examples of "expenses" that have traditionally not been matched to the period of benefit.

Users interested in "budgetary performance" will find that information available in the required supplementary information and other financial information following the notes to the financial statements. An overview discussion of the different sections of this reporting model follows.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. Both statements represent an overview of the Town as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. All information is presented utilizing the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method better matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenues are earned and the expenses attributed. The Town's Community Redevelopment Agency is shown as a blended component unit. Fiduciary funds, such as pension trust funds, are precluded from these Government-Wide Financial Statements because they represent money and funds legally set aside for use by the employee groups they benefit. In 2015, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This pronouncement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expense/expenditures. Although Florida law requires municipalities to fund pension plans on an actuarially sound basis, it is important for the user to study the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (as explained in the following section) as well as the footnotes, required supplementary information, and statistical sections of this report. In 2018, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits offered to retirees other than pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. Also, combined into the Government-Wide Financial Statements, are the Internal Service Funds of the Town.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the Town and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type and component unit), which are supported by the government's general tax and program revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of cost of various governmental services and the local taxing efforts necessary to sustain each of those activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The Governmental Funds presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary (or Trust) Funds summarized by type (pension, investment, private purpose trusts and agency funds). While these Funds represent fiduciary responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. While the Total column on the Business-Type Fund Financial Statements is the same as the Business-Type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statements, after adjusting for internal service funds, the Governmental Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement. The flow of current financial resources will reflect debt proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and debt principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations (debt and others), among other items, into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-Wide statements).

Analysis of the Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

In evaluating the financial position and short-term financial performance of the Town, two tools are particularly valuable: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

It is useful for the user to compare the current year with the prior year. This aids in spotting trends and other areas of concern or interest. For ease of relative comparisons, we include the percent change from one year to another (Tables 1 and 2).

Statement of Net Position

Net position of the Town represents the difference between (assets, deferred outflows) and (liabilities, deferred inflows) of the Town using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

In general terms, the governmental activities of the Town's total current and other assets increased 15%. The overall increase in governmental activities is primarily due to the increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments. The increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments in governmental activities is primarily due to the Town spending less than anticipated, particularly within personnel service in the General Fund.

The governmental activities of the Town's capital assets increased 2%, while the current liabilities of those activities decreased 3%. The increase in capital assets in governmental activities is primarily due to some of the large projects that the Town has completed or are still in progress. Some of those projects are funded by the Community Redevelopment Agency such as Phase II Eastside Infrastructure. Other Town-wide significant projects include a new Fire Station, Nova Drive Road Improvements, Davie Road Improvements, Park Improvements and other Town-wide projects. Total liabilities in governmental activities decreased 8%, as this total includes an overall 9% decrease in the long-term liabilities due in more than one-year from the prior year and an overall 8% decrease in the long-term liabilities due within one-year. Net Investment in capital assets increased by 3% and unrestricted net position now stand at \$ 104 million, an approximate \$ 29 million increase from the previous year.

The business-type activities of the Town's capital assets decreased 3%, while the current liabilities of those activities decreased 21%. The changes under long term liabilities due in more than one-year are a direct result from liabilities related to current outstanding bonds.

Business-type activities, the Town's Water and Sewer system, had a decrease in total assets of approximately 2%, a 1% decrease in total liabilities, and a 1% decrease in net position. The decrease in total assets is primarily due to the 3% decrease in capital assets, which is due to accumulated depreciation (reduction of capital assets). Some of this reduction in total assets was offset due to a slight increase in water and sewer rates. In January 2008, the Town Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included predetermined rate increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. This approved study allowed the Town to adequately fund operations now and in the future, as well as support the capital improvement necessary for system growth. The increased rates charged to customers have positively impacted the system.

On a total government basis, with current assets increasing while current liabilities decreasing, the Town is able to meet its short-term obligations (the Town has approximately 10 times the current assets than current liabilities). Total net position increased by 10% for the year and the reason for the increase will be explained below under Statement of Activities.

The table below presents a summary of net position as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities					Total			
	2019		2018	Change	-	2019		2018	Change	•	2019		2018	Change
		_					_			-		_		
Assets:														
Current and other \$	165,633	\$	143,528	15%	\$	73,805	\$	72,485	2%	\$	239,438	\$	216,013	11%
Capital assets, net	177,195	-	174,158	2%	-	131,633	-	136,305	-3%	-	308,828	_	310,463	-1%
Total assets	342,828	_	317,686	8%	_	205,438	-	208,790	-2%	-	548,266	_	526,476	4%
Total deferred outflows														
of resources:	51,114	_	67,998	-25%	_	5,694	_	4,191	36%	_	56,808	_	72,189	-21%
Liabilities:														
Current	19,386		19,924	-3%		4,813		6,101	-21%		24,199		26,025	-7%
Long-term:	25,500		25,52 .	0,0		.,020		0,101			2 .,255		20,020	,,,
Due within 1 year	9,740		10,581	-8%		3,180		3,068	4%		12,920		13,649	-5%
Due in more than 1 year	83,835		92,617	-9%		131,046		130,755	0%		214,881	_	223,372	-4%
Total liabilities	112,961	_	123,122	-8%	_	139,039	-	139,924	-1%	-	252,000		263,046	-4%
							-					_		
Total deferred inflows	45.224		27.544	4.40/		764		4 260	4.40/		46.005		20.000	4.40/
of resources:	15,321	_	27,541	-44%	-	764	-	1,368	-44%	•	16,085	-	28,909	-44%
Net Position:														
Net investment in														
capital assets:	146,080		141,488	3%		2,025		4,717	-57%		148,105		146,205	1%
Restricted for:	-,		,			,		,			-,		-,	
Renewal and														
replacement, and														
capital replacement	-		-	-		30,184		29,377	3%		30,184		29,377	3%
Building services	3,866		10,125	-62%		-		-	-		3,866		10,125	-62%
Debt service	283		260	9%		4,785		1,441	232%		5,068		1,701	198%
Community														
redevelopment	5,641		4,624	22%		-		-	-		5,641		4,624	22%
Community development														
projects and services	283		263	8%		-		-	-		283		263	8%
Parks and recreation -														
parks and open space	1,578		1,680	-6%		-		-	-		1,578		1,680	-6%
Public safety - fire	1,082		532	103%		-		-	-		1,082		532	103%
Public safety - police	1,668		686	143%		-		-	-		1,668		686	143%
General government														
activities	855		553	55%		-		-	-		855		553	55%
Unrestricted	104,324	_	74,810	39%	_	34,335	-	36,154	-5%	-	138,659	_	110,964	25%
Total net position \$	265,660	\$_	235,021	13%	\$_	71,329	\$_	71,689	-1%	\$	336,989	\$_	306,710	10%

Statement of Activities

Activities of the Town (Table 2) reflected a 11% increase in overall revenues when compared to the prior year and total Town expenses reflected a 6% decrease. The Statement of Activities illustrates some particular areas that need to be further discussed.

The governmental activities represent the most significant activity within the Town. Program revenues increased 15% in governmental activities mainly due to the increase in capital grants and contributions. The 11% increase in general revenues in governmental activities is primarily due to the increase in Ad Valorem, operating revenues. The majority of this increase is due to higher taxable values and new construction.

The business-type activities, which represent the water and sewer operations and golf related activities of the Town, included a 4% increase in program revenues. The increase in the Town's program revenues are attributed mainly to the increase in capital grants and contributions; which is a result of a capital contributions for ULTRA/47th Ave Land Holdings of \$ 1.0 million, Horseshoe Lake of \$ 835K and HCA Health Services of Florida for \$ 748K. The 45% increase in general revenues in business-type activities is primarily due to the increase in investment income.

Total program expenses in governmental activities decreased by 8% from the previous year with marginal fluctuations between expenses; with the most significant change occurring in general government. The decrease in general government expenses was primarily due to expenses related to Hurricane Irma that were one-time expenses in fiscal year 2018, and a significant reduction in expenses for the Community Redevelopment Agency after completing several projects during fiscal year 2018.

Program expenses of business-type activities increased by 4%. This was primarily due to a significant increase in maintenance and other increases in depreciation/amortization and claims and other fees. Some of these increases were offset by a decrease in personnel services.

Overall, net position increased 10% for the year, with a 13% increase noted for governmental activities and a 1% decrease noted for business-type activities.

The table below presents a summary of changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, as derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities					Total			
-	2019		2018	Change	_	2019		2018	Change	•	2019		2018	Change
Revenues:		•	•				-	,		•		•		
Program revenues:														
Charges for services \$	44,645	\$	38,468	16%	\$	24,330	\$	23,666	3%	\$	68,975	\$	62,134	11%
Operating grants and														
contributions	1,694		2,987	-43%		-		-	-		1,694		2,987	-43%
Capital grants and														
contributions	2,327		826	182%	_	3,073	-	2,778	11%		5,400	-	3,604	50%
Total program revenues	48,666		42,281	15%	_	27,403	-	26,444	4%		76,069	-	68,725	11%
General revenues:														
Ad Valorem, operating	51,935		46,328	12%		-		-	-		51,935		46,328	12%
Ad Valorem, debt service	3,560		4,577	-22%		-		-	-		3,560		4,577	-22%
Utility service taxes	9,192		8,933	3%		-		-	-		9,192		8,933	3%
Other general taxes	4,204		4,315	-3%		-		-	-		4,204		4,315	-3%
Franchise fees	10,730		10,429	3%		-		-	-		10,730		10,429	3%
Intergovernmental, not														
restricted for specific														
purposes	15,110		14,548	4%		-		-	-		15,110		14,548	4%
Investment income	3,377		808	318%		1,184		287	313%		4,561		1,095	317%
Miscellaneous	5,178	-	3,520	47%	_	1,735	_	1,729	0%		6,913	-	5,249	32%
Total general														
revenues	103,286		93,458	11%	_	2,919	_	2,016	45%		106,205	_	95,474	11%
Total revenues	151,952		135,739	12%	_	30,322	_	28,460	7%		182,274	_	164,199	11%
Program expenses:														
General government	11,038		22,313	-51%		_		_	_		11,038		22,313	-51%
Building and engineering	6,362		5,953	7%		_		_	_		6,362		5,953	7%
Public safety - police	50,756		50,794	0%		_		_	_		50,756		50,794	0%
Public safety - fire	31,933		31,229	2%		_		_	_		31,933		31,229	2%
Public works	13,465		13,103	3%		-		_	_		13,465		13,103	3%
Parts, recreation and	10, .00		20,200	0,0							20, .00		10,100	3,0
cultural arts	6,853		6,875	0%		-		-	-		6,853		6,875	0%
Interest	934		1,082	-14%		-		_	-		934		1,082	-14%
Water and sewer	_		-	_		30,463		29,405	4%		30,463		29,405	4%
Golf	-	_	-		_	191	_	206	-7%		191	_	206	-7%
Total expenses	121,341		131,349	-8%	_	30,654	_	29,611	4%		151,995	_	160,960	-6%
Transfers in (out)	28	_	_	100%		(28)	_		-100%		-	_	_	
Change in net position	30,639		4,390	598%		(360)		(1,151)	-69%		30,279		3,239	835%
Net position,														
beginning of year	235,021		230,631	2%	_	71,689	-	72,840	-2%		306,710	-	303,471	1%
Net position,	365.000	۲.	225 024	430/	۲.	71 220	Ļ	71 600	40/	,	226 000	۲.	206 740	100/
end of year \$	265,660	\$	235,021	13%	\$_	71,329	\$	71,689	-1%	\$	336,989	\$	306,710	10%

Individual Fund Performance

Governmental Funds Types

In the General Fund, the Town's revenues exceeded its expenditures by nearly \$28.1 million and the overall fund balance increased by about \$10.7 million. The Community Endowment Fund remained relatively consistent with the prior year, which no significant change in its fund balance. The amount available in this fund for Community Obligations remains at approximately \$0.2 million.

The Community Redevelopment Agency had a decrease in their fund balance of approximately \$ 0.6 million. The amount available in the Community Redevelopment Agency now stands at approximately \$ 5.7 million, which is primarily due to a carryover from operating reserves and partially due to the remaining proceeds from a \$ 20.0 million issuance of Community Redevelopment Bonds in FY 2011, which were refunded during the year ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in the fund balance is primarily due to use of bond proceeds during the current fiscal year.

For the other Special Revenue Funds, the approximate amounts available are as follows: Community Development Block Grant, \$ 283K; Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, \$ 1.6 million; Fire Impact Fees, \$ 1.1 million; Police Impact Fees, \$ 697K; Forfeitures, \$ 971K; and General Government Impact Fees \$ 855K.

The Capital Projects Fund provided projects of approximately \$ 9.7 million to the community this year, compared with approximately \$ 12 million in the previous year. Nearly \$ 3 million was spent on improvements to Nova Drive, \$ 1.7 million on a new Fire Station, nearly \$ 1 million on Oakes Road and Davie Road improvements, approximately \$ 645K on fire engine and equipment, \$ 309K on park improvements and \$ 141K on fire station renovations.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds: The Town's Water and Sewer System experienced an operating loss of \$ 55K, compared to an operating income of \$ 715K in FY 2018. The operations resulted in a pledged revenue coverage of 1.43x, which is an increase from FY 2018 which was 1.32x. The minimum pledged revenue coverage requirement is 1.15x. In January 2008, the Town's Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included recommended increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. This Council adopted rate increase helped contribute to the Town's ability to maintain the coverage ratio over the last several years. As part of monitoring the coverage requirement, the Town will be completing a Master Plan Study for our Water and Sewer System, which is expected to be completed during FY 2020 or FY 2021. The Master Plan Study will give the Town guidance as to the necessary steps to ensure proper revenue coverage compliance. Additionally, the Town is in the process of replacing all of our water and sewer meters during FY 2019 and FY2020 which will generate additional revenue.

The Town's Golf Fund experienced an operating loss of \$ 191K. The total net position is approximately \$ 5.5 million, of which approximately \$ 700K is unrestricted.

Internal Service Funds: The Vehicle Maintenance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 620K resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 12.6 million, of which approximately \$ 6.7 million is unrestricted. The increase is due to not spending everything that was budgeted for operations. Vehicle charge rates to departments are reviewed periodically and adjusted accordingly. When the Town built a new garage facility several years ago, it was completed utilizing funding from the unrestricted net position of the fund which was sufficient to cover all anticipated outlays without affecting working capital needs.

The Self-Insurance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 1.9 million resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 11.3 million, of which the full amount is unrestricted. The increase in the net position is due primarily to less than anticipated claims and less than anticipated administrative costs, as well as higher than anticipated operating revenues.

The Information Technology Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 938K resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 5.1 million, of which approximately \$ 3.9 million is unrestricted. This fund is accumulating enough resources to sustain its operations. This Fund continues to focus on ensuring that the net position is sufficient to accommodate for the Town's planned improvements to information technology.

The use of these funds has served to insulate recurring capital replacement needs from the volatile budgetary process. As a result, the Town's needs for vehicles and information systems component replacement and maintenance have been adequately addressed.

Fiduciary Funds Types

The Town's pension funds posted increases of approximately \$ 17.9 million to the net position of the plans. The combined fair market value of the plans' holdings is \$ 376.9 million as of September 30, 2019. The net position held for pension and other post-employment benefits of the various trusts, total approximately \$ 379.0 million.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

Budget variance reporting is only included for the General Fund. Summarized below are the significant final variances accompanied by an explanation:

General Fund

- Permits and Fees, Favorable \$ 4.8 million. Primarily attributed to higher than budgeted revenue for Building Permit Fees.
- General Government, Favorable \$ 2.3 million. The personnel services favorable variance is primarily attributed to savings associated with maintaining vacancies during the year. The operating favorable variance is due to not spending the budgeted amounts on special projects, professional services, insurance premiums, contractual services, emergency response and discretionary.

- Public Safety, Favorable \$ 5.9 million. The personnel services favorable variance is primarily attributed to savings associated with keeping vacancies open during the year. The operating favorable variance is due to not spending the full budgeted amounts on contractual, fuel, communications, equipment maintenance and training and education expenses. The capital outlay favorable variance is due to not spending budgeted grant related expenses.
- Public Works, Favorable \$ 835K. The favorable variance is primarily due to the savings associated with keeping vacancies open during the year. Additionally, savings was recognized based on the lower than anticipated actual expenses for tree preservation, electric, contractual maintenance, contingency and janitorial services.
- Parks, recreation and cultural arts, Favorable \$ 641K. The favorable variance is primarily due
 to the savings associated with keeping vacancies open during the year. Additionally, savings
 was recognized based on the lower than anticipated actual expenses for special projects,
 contractual services, water and sewer and electric expenses.

Significant Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity

Debt has been issued as part of a long-term financing mechanism for some of the capital projects or significant capital outlay items. Additionally, the Town has utilized one-time revenue sources (for example General Fund Unrestricted Reserves) to also fund some capital projects.

The Town currently has eleven (11) outstanding long-term debt issues as follows: three (3) General/Limited Obligation Bonds, one (1) Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, two (2) Community Redevelopment Bonds, four (4) Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and a loan (1) with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program. Additional information related to long-term debt activity can be found under Note 9 to the financial statements.

The Town spent approximately \$ 11.5 million in governmental funds on capital assets. Of this amount, the Community Redevelopment Agency spent approximately \$ 1.7 million on Phase II Eastside Infrastructure. The Town spent approximately \$ 2.9 million on Nova Drive, \$ 1.7 million was spent on the new Fire Station, \$645K on a fire engine and fire equipment and \$ 563K on Oakes Road.

Approximately \$ 3.3 million in new capital assets was provided for in business-type activities, in which significant portions were related to Water and Sewer Equipment, Scada Design Service Phase I and II, Sewer Main Line/Lining and Water and Wastewater Pumps.

Capital Contributions from developers in the Water and Sewer system amounted to approximately \$ 3.1 million, representing mostly contributions-in-aid of construction.

Additional information related to capital assets can be found under Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In the conduct of municipal government, various lawsuits, commitments, and contingencies will arise. Disclosure of these items appear in the accompanying notes to this report.

Florida has many limiting measures on residential property taxes, and all affect the Town. The first \$ 25,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation on homestead property. A second \$ 25,000 exemption is available but only applies to the portion of the assessed value between \$ 50,000 and \$ 75,000 (excluding taxes paid to the School Board). Florida's Constitution further limits taxable values on homestead property through the Save-Our-Homes amendment. Although an increase in property values is anticipated in the future, Homestead property is limited to a maximum 3% increase in assessed value per year, or less if inflation is less, while commercial property is limited to a maximum 10% increase in assessed value per year. The Town's taxable value decreased over a four-year period, fiscal year 2009 through 2012. The taxable value has increased annually starting in fiscal year 2013 and the Town has fully recovered. FY 2019 represents the highest taxable value in the Town's history. There is no direct correlation with respect to the Town's tax base and the Town's budget as the former will likely not grow as quickly as the latter.

Additionally, the Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency that is making improvements on the east-side of the Town. This Agency encompasses an area which has most of the industrial lands within the Town. The growth in this area's tax base will benefit the component unit and not the governmental activities of the Town, restricting the Town's revenue growth potential even further until the Community Redevelopment Agency expires.

The Town's bargaining groups will continue to request for improve pay, benefits, and working conditions. Given the increasing cost of personnel, coupled with moderately increasing revenues, the Town continues to face a structural budget issue whereas the pace of expenses continues to exceed revenues. The Town has recognized this structural issue and will continue to address it and find solutions.

The Town is located within Broward County in South Florida. Davie is a desirable location for both residences and businesses. Fortunately, the "leading indicators" of growth, such as platting of parcels of lands, site plans of lands, requested land use and zoning changes, continue to increase, indicating the outlook for growth is somewhat positive. The Town is very heavily weighted towards residential properties and the mix of land use could be a problem in the future. The Town currently levies slightly more than half its legally available millage rate.

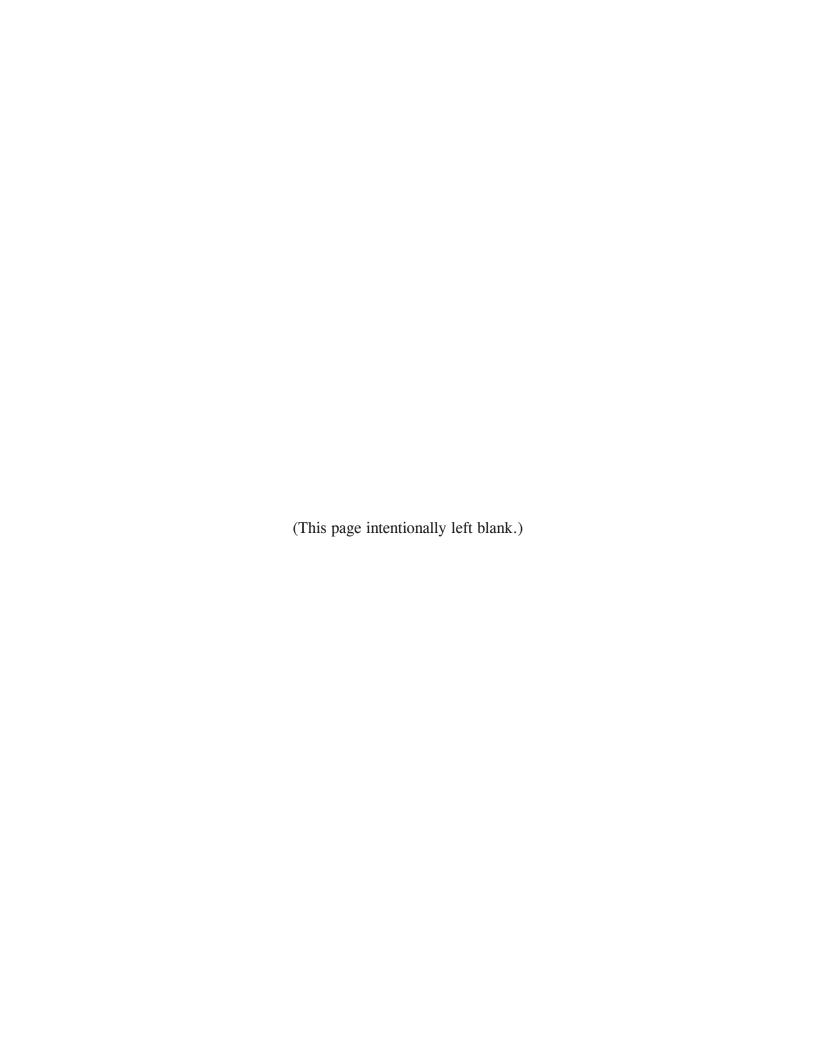
Impacting fiscal year 2008, the State Legislature required property tax revenues to be rolled back to fiscal year 2007 levels, and then required to be reduced by another 9%. This resulted in a net reduction in property tax revenues of 6% for fiscal year 2008. The Town's fiscal year 2010 and 2011 budget reflected similar operating millage rates, an increase from fiscal year 2009 to help offset the reduction in the assessed property tax values and does not recapture the loss in property tax revenue suffered from the implementation of the State Legislature requirements. The Town slightly lowered the operating millage for fiscal year 2012 and then maintained it for FY 2013. In order to offset increasing operating expenditures and address the structural budget issues, the Town increased the operating millage for FY 2014, which was kept the same for fiscal year 2015. In a symbolic gesture, the Town slightly reduced the operating millage for FY 2016 and had a slight reduction for FY 2017. During the FY 2018 Budget process, it was noted that future ad valorem revenue could decrease if the voters throughout the State of Florida voted for an increase in the homestead exemption. In preparation for this possibility, the Town increased the millage rate for FY 2018. The revenue that was generated from the increased millage rate was budgeted to be used towards necessary capital projects and would be used in the future to offset the loss of revenue if the homestead exemption was approved. Although the voters did not approve the additional homestead exemption initiative, the Town maintained the operating millage rate for FY 2019 and continued to set aside some funding towards necessary capital projects.

The Town's adopted FY 2020 budget is \$ 236.4 million, which is approximately a \$ 9.5 million (or 4.2%) increase from the original adopted FY 2019 budget of \$ 226.9 million. The primary reason for the increase in the Town's budget relates to a \$7.1 million increase in the General Fund. The increase in this fund is anticipated due to a few reasons. First, continued importance is placed on Public Safety which has caused an increase in personnel and operating expenses and a nearly \$4.2 million increase in their budgets. Secondly, Public Works experienced a \$1.2 million increase in their budget, primarily due to the creation of a Stormwater Management Division. This newly formed Division was established to address operational needs for the maintenance of the drainage infrastructure in the Town. Lastly, the Information Technology Fund increased by over \$2.2 million due to increases in personnel costs, funding for capital improvement, increased focus on Information Technology Infrastructure (maintenance and personnel) and projected cost increases in employee medical and insurance claims.

Lastly, it is prudent to mention the unknown overall economic impact that the coronavirus Covid-19 pandemic will eventually have on the Town. As of the date of these financial statements, it is unknown if the negative economic impacts will only be short term or if it will trigger a longer lasting downturn in Florida's economy and/or in the entire country. The Town will continue to use its resources to proactively protect the life, health and safety of the Town residents, business owners, employees and visitors.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Town of Davie, Budget and Finance Department at 6591 Orange Drive, Davie, Florida, 33314, or call (954) 797-1050.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	153,459,263 -	\$	34,587,143 36,053,120	\$	188,046,406 36,053,120
Receivables, net		3,452,168		2,076,157		5,528,325
Due from other governments		2,511,172		-,0:0,-0:		2,511,172
Prepaid items		5,193,365		24,358		5,217,723
Inventories		72,204		624,118		696,322
Other assets		-		365,527		365,527
Capital assets not being depreciated		71,841,896		11,889,699		83,731,595
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		105,353,392		119,743,092		225,096,484
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset	_	944,480		75,236		1,019,716
Total assets	_	342,827,940		205,438,450		548,266,390
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows relating to pensions		51,114,415		2,503,308		53,617,723
Deferred charge on refunding	_	-		3,190,968		3,190,968
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	51,114,415		5,694,276		56,808,691
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		14,183,958		1,891,389		16,075,347
Insurance claims payable		2,359,309		-		2,359,309
Other liabilities		1,223,441		_		1,223,441
Unearned revenues		1,394,441		_		1,394,441
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets		-,		1,113,835		1,113,835
Accrued interest payable Due within one year:		224,938		1,807,664		2,032,602
Compensated absences payable		5,157,831		306,268		5,464,099
Bonds and notes payable Due in more than one year:		4,582,244		2,873,555		7,455,799
Net pension liability		52,004,215		1,016,339		53,020,554
Compensated absences payable		4,770,473		104,984		4,875,457
Bonds and notes payable		27,059,838		129,924,993		156,984,831
Total liabilities	_	112,960,688		139,039,027		251,999,715
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows relating to pensions		15,240,259		757,915		15,998,174
Deferred inflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)		81,245		6,387		87,632
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	15,321,504		764,302		16,085,806
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		146,079,895		2,025,211		148,105,106
Renewal and replacement, and capital replacement		-		30,183,933		30,183,933
Building services		3,866,530		-		3,866,530
Debt service		282,700		4,785,622		5,068,322
Community redevelopment		5,640,772		-		5,640,772
Community development projects and services		282,942		-		282,942
Parks and recreation - parks and open space		1,578,525		-		1,578,525
Public safety - fire		1,081,799		-		1,081,799
Public safety - police		1,667,678		-		1,667,678
General government activities Unrestricted		854,878 104 324 444		- 24 224 621		854,878 138 659 075
	_	104,324,444	٠	34,334,631	۸.	138,659,075
Total net position	^{>} =	265,660,163	\$	71,329,397	\$	336,989,560

Town of Davie, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Program Revenu	es		Net Revenue (Expense) Change in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmenta Activities	l Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities:	44.020.576	4 705 600	4 404 056	4 552 277	4 /7 500 604	N 4	A (7.500.624)
General government Building and engineering Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts Interest on long-term debt	\$ 11,038,576 6,361,974 50,755,743 31,932,877 13,464,587 6,852,682 934,230	\$ 1,795,609 12,664,335 8,497,018 20,058,097 291,014 1,338,438	\$ 1,104,056 - 405,580 15,901 111,734 56,891	\$ 552,277 - 534,226 5,190 1,215,231 20,672 -	\$ (7,586,634 6,302,361 (41,318,919 (11,853,689 (11,846,608 (5,436,681 (934,230	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (7,586,634) 6,302,361 (41,318,919) (11,853,689) (11,846,608) (5,436,681) (934,230)
Total governmental activities	121,340,669	44,644,511	1,694,162	2,327,596	(72,674,400	-	(72,674,400)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer Golf	30,462,905 190,840	24,330,000	<u>-</u>	3,073,107 	<u>-</u>	(3,059,798) (190,840)	(3,059,798) (190,840)
Total business-type activities	30,653,745	24,330,000		3,073,107	-	(3,250,638)	(3,250,638)
Total	\$ 151,994,414	\$ 68,974,511	\$ 1,694,162	\$ 5,400,703	(72,674,400	(3,250,638)	(75,925,038)
	General revenues a						54.004.470
	Ad valorem ta: Utility service Other general				51,934,473 3,560,449 9,192,055 4,204,111 10,730,123) - 5 - L -	51,934,473 3,560,449 9,192,055 4,204,111 10,730,123
		tal, not restricted for	r specific purposes		15,109,657 3,376,739 5,177,489 28,410	1,184,418 1,735,340	15,109,657 4,561,157 6,912,829
	Total general re	evenues and transfer	rs		103,313,506	2,891,348	106,204,854
	Change in r	net position			30,639,106	(359,290)	30,279,816
	Net position, begin	ning of year			235,021,057	71,688,687	306,709,744
	Net position, end o	of year			\$ 265,660,163	\$ <u>71,329,397</u>	\$ 336,989,560

	General		Community Endowment	Community Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor Sovernmenta Funds	I	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	General	-	Liidowillelit	_	Agency	•	110,000		<u>r unus</u>	•	T GITGS
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables:	\$ 78,683,245	\$	233,152	\$	6,851,632	\$	40,451,072	\$	6,169,830	\$	132,388,931
Property taxes, net Utility taxes and franchise fees, net	, ,		-		-		-		-		51,603 2,411,695
Other Due from other governments Prepaid items	804,136 1,886,345 182,683	_	- - -	_	1,915 - -		- 536,102 96,800		- 88,725 -		806,051 2,511,172 279,483
Total assets	\$ 84,019,707	\$_	233,152	\$_	6,853,547	\$	41,083,974	\$	6,258,555	\$	138,448,935
Liabilities:	-			-		•					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Other liabilities Unearned revenues	\$ 9,887,125 1,212,941 949,101	\$	- 500 -	\$	1,134,260 - -	\$	2,191,743 10,000 -	\$	347,393 - 445,340	\$	13,560,521 1,223,441 1,394,441
Total liabilities	12,049,167	_	500	_	1,134,260	_	2,201,743		792,733		16,178,403
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	104,226		_		_		536,102		_		640,328
Total deferred inflows		-		_		-	,				-,
of resources	104,226	-	-	_	-		536,102				640,328
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures	182,683		-		-		96,800		-		279,483
Restricted for: Building services Debt service	3,866,530 282,700		-		-		-		-		3,866,530 282,700
Capital projects	-		-		-		448,174		-		448,174
Community redevelopment Community development	-		-		5,719,287		-		-		5,719,287
projects and services Parks and recreation -	-		-		-		-		282,942		282,942
parks and open space Public safety - fire	-		-		-		-		1,578,525		1,578,525
Public safety - me Public safety - police	-		-		-		-		1,081,799 1,667,678		1,081,799 1,667,678
General government activities	-		-		-		-		854,878		854,878
Committed to: Hurricane/emergency and disaster											
recovery operating reserves	23,131,027		-		-		-		-		23,131,027
Community obligations	-		232,652		-		-		-		232,652
Capital projects Wetland mitigation	-		-				36,801,155		-		36,801,155
Tree preservation	314,680 978,072		-		-		1,000,000		-		1,314,680 978,072
Assigned to:	070,072										0,0,0,=
Subsequent year's expenditures Engineering services	2,455,885 804,641		-		-		-		-		2,455,885 804,641
Unassigned	39,850,096		-	_	-		-		_		39,850,096
Total fund balances	71,866,314		232,652		5,719,287		38,346,129		5,465,822		121,630,204
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and		· -	·	_		•				•	
fund balances	\$ <u>84,019,707</u>	\$	233,152	\$_	6,853,547	\$	41,083,974	\$	6,258,555	\$	138,448,935

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	121,630,204
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Cost of capital assets is Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 393,194,654 (215,999,366)	_	177,195,288
Accrued interest payable not reported in the governmental funds			(224,938)
Intergovernmental revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements due to availability of funds; under full accrual accounting they are considered			640,328
revenues.			040,328
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Net pension liability Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	(52,004,215) (31,642,082) (9,928,304)		(93,574,601)
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset, is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the government funds.			944,480
Certain funds related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Prepaid pension contributions Deferred outflows relating to pensions Deferred inflows relating to pensions Deferred inflows relating to other post employment	3,147,647 51,114,415 (15,240,259)		
benefits (OPEB)	(81,245)	_	38,940,558
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities, other than capital assets and long-			
term liabilities already included above.		-	20,108,844
Net position of governmental activities		\$	265,660,163

		General	Community Endowment		Community edevelopmen Agency	it	Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	_				<u> </u>	_	· ·	_		-	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	55,494,922	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,494,922
Utility service taxes		9,192,055	-		-		-		-		9,192,055
Franchise fees		10,628,729	101,394		-		-		_		10,730,123
Intergovernmental		14,150,001	, -		2,413,049		1,069,257		884,925		18,517,232
Other general taxes		4,204,111	_		-		-		, -		4,204,111
Permits and fees		12,111,749	_		_		_		_		12,111,749
Charges for services		16,338,368	_		25,413		-		1,687,871		18,051,652
Fire assessments		12,898,200	_		, -		_		, , , <u>-</u>		12,898,200
Fines and forfeitures		1,531,597	_		-		-		534,226		2,065,823
Investment income (loss)		3,304,410	(1,927)		60,149		_		14,107		3,376,739
Miscellaneous		4,107,971	10,993		-		1,115,416				5,234,380
	_	, - ,-		_		_	, -, -	-		-	
Total revenues	_	143,962,113	110,460	_	2,498,611		2,184,673	-	3,121,129	-	151,876,986
Expenditures: General government:											
General services department:		6 407 400			202 500						
Personnel services		6,407,103	-		303,580		-		121,258		6,831,941
Operating		3,238,312	130,901		1,024,622		-		542,205		4,936,040
Capital outlay	_	77,735		_	2,160,545			_	213,745	-	2,452,025
6.31	_	9,723,150	130,901	_	3,488,747			-	877,208	-	14,220,006
Building and											
engineering division:		4 204 006									4 004 006
Personnel services		4,201,986	-		-		-		-		4,201,986
Operating		1,584,274	-		-		-		-		1,584,274
Capital outlay	_	47,779		_	-			_		_	47,779
	-	5,834,039		_	-	-		-	-	-	5,834,039
Total general											
government	_	15,557,189	130,901	_	3,488,747	_	-	-	877,208	-	20,054,045
Public safety:											
Police department:		10.050.061									40.050.064
Personnel services		40,052,261	-		-		-		-		40,052,261
Operating		7,399,094	-		-		-		48,515		7,447,609
Capital outlay	_	346,128		_	-			_	55,755	_	401,883
e	_	47,797,483		_	-			-	104,270	-	47,901,753
Fire department:		22 252 522									22 252 522
Personnel services		29,863,689	-		-		-		-		29,863,689
Operating		4,053,916	-		-		-		-		4,053,916
Capital outlay	_	108,909		_				_	51,999	-	160,908
	_	34,026,514		_	-	_		-	51,999	-	34,078,513
Total public safety	_	81,823,997		_	-	_		-	156,269	-	81,980,266

Town of Davie, Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019
(continued)

	General Fund	Community Endowment	Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (continued): Public works:	Tunu	Endowniene	Agency	Trojects	Tunus	Tunus
Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	4,907,394 3,753,126 22,931	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,907,394 3,753,126 22,931
Total public works	8,683,451					8,683,451
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Personnel services Operating	2,739,970 1,770,599	- -	- -	- -	- 50,418	2,739,970 1,821,017
Capital outlay	48,603				285,391	333,994
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts	4,559,172				335,809	4,894,981
Non-departmental: Operating	870,295					870,295
Total non-departmental	870,295					870,295
Debt service: Principal Interest and other	3,767,616	-	1,409,146	-	-	5,176,762
fiscal charges	640,768		336,092		-	976,860
Total debt service	4,408,384		1,745,238			6,153,622
Capital outlay				9,677,684	-	9,677,684
Total expenditures	115,902,488	130,901	5,233,985	9,677,684	1,369,286	132,314,344
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	28,059,625	(20,441)	(2,735,374)	(7,493,011)	1,751,843	19,562,642
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	25,322 (17,396,734)	-	2,120,392	15,044,444 (25,322)	<u> </u>	17,190,158 (17,422,056)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(17,371,412)		2,120,392	15,019,122		(231,898)
Net change in fund balances	10,688,213	(20,441)	(614,982)	7,526,111	1,751,843	19,330,744
Fund Balances, beginning of year	61,178,101	253,093	6,334,269	30,820,018	3,713,979	102,299,460
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 71,866,314	\$ 232,652	\$ 5,719,287 \$	38,346,129	\$ 5,465,822	\$ 121,630,204

Town of Davie, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 19,330,744
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets, net Less: current year depreciation	; _	11,521,799 (8,982,913)	2,538,886
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently recognized in the governmental fund financial statements as they become available. The net difference is recorded as a reconciling item.			74,379
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			5,176,762
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset Change in net pension liability Change in prepaid pension contributions Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences		64,978 4,902,808 402,747 42,630 (456,760)	4,956,403
Certain changes related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:			
Change in deferred outflows relating to pensions Change in deferred inflows relating to pensions Change in deferred inflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)		(16,883,444) 12,207,253 12,658	(4,663,533)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The allocated change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with			
governmental activities.			 3,225,465
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 30,639,106

	,		Er	nterprise Funds				
		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Golf (Nonmajor Fund)		Total	_	Internal Service Funds
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	32,098,875	\$	709,715	\$	32,808,590	\$	22,848,885
Restricted cash, cash equivalents		26 252 422				26.052.422		
and investments Receivables, net of allowance for		36,053,120		-		36,053,120		-
uncollectibles, including restricted								
of \$ 30,270		2,076,157		_		2,076,157		182,819
Prepaid items		24,358		_		24,358		1,766,235
Inventories		624,118		-		624,118		72,204
Tatal assument accets	•	70.076.630	-	700 715	•	71 506 242	-	24.070.142
Total current assets	•	70,876,628	-	709,715		71,586,343	-	24,870,143
Noncurrent assets:								
Other assets		365,527		-		365,527		-
Net other post employment	•		-		•		-	
benefits (OPEB) asset	n-	75,236		-		75,236		
Capital assets:						44 000 000		
Land		7,331,847		4,557,852		11,889,699		-
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure		125,186,743		651,716		125,838,459		2,035,963
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		25,711,516 43,798,256		- 158,147		25,711,516 43,956,403		- 22,356,266
Less accumulated depreciation		(75,214,003)		(549,283)		(75,763,286)		(17,229,123)
	•		-		•		-	
Net capital assets		126,814,359	-	4,818,432		131,632,791	-	7,163,106
Total noncurrent assets		127,255,122	-	4,818,432		132,073,554	_	7,163,106
Total assets	•	198,131,750	-	5,528,147		203,659,897	-	32,033,249
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred outflows of Resources. Deferred outflows relating to pensions		2,503,308		_		2,503,308		_
Deferred dutilows relating to pensions Deferred charge on refunding		3,190,968		_		3,190,968		-
2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	•	2,=22,000	-		•	-,=,	-	
Total deferred outflows								
of resources		5,694,276	_	<u>-</u>		5,694,276	_	-

		Enterprise Funds		
	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Golf (Nonmajor Fund)	Total	Internal Service Funds
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Compensated absences	1,874,697 306,268	16,692 -	1,891,389 306,268	623,437 -
Insurance claims payable Accrued interest payable Bonds and notes payable, current	- 1,807,664 2,873,555	- - -	- 1,807,664 2,873,555	2,359,309 - -
Total current liabilities	6,862,184	16,692	6,878,876	2,982,746
Noncurrent liabilities: Customer deposits - payable from				
restricted assets Net pension liability	1,113,835 1,016,339	-	1,113,835 1,016,339	-
Compensated absences Bonds and notes payable	104,984 129,924,993	-	104,984 129,924,993	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	132,160,151	-	132,160,151	
Total liabilities	139,022,335	16,692	139,039,027	2,982,746
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows relating to pensions Deferred inflows relating to other	757,915	-	757,915	-
post employment benefits (OPEB)	6,387		6,387	
Total deferred inflows of resources	764,302		764,302	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for renewal and replacement,	(2,793,221)	4,818,432	2,025,211	7,163,106
and capital replacement Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	30,183,933 4,785,622 31,863,055	- - 693,023	30,183,933 4,785,622 32,556,078	- - 21,887,397
Total net position	\$ 64,039,389	\$ 5,511,455 \$	69,550,844	\$ 29,050,503

Explanation of difference between proprietary funds statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance and insurance, to individual funds. The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here and the residual assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

1,778,553

Total net position - government-wide statement of net position

\$ 71,329,397

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	_	nterprise Fund Golf (Nonmajor Fund)		Total	_	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		_				_	
Charges for services	\$ 24,330,000	\$ <u>.</u>		\$ <u>.</u>	24,330,000	\$.	25,486,420
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	5,170,824		-		5,170,824		2,442,586
Professional fees	665,743		424		666,167		-
Utilities	1,750,792		-		1,750,792		-
Supplies and materials	1,023,290		-		1,023,290		-
Maintenance	3,945,200		28,277		3,973,477		4,132,990
Insurance	238,205		-		238,205		3,075,608
Claims and other fees	-		-		-		11,228,269
Administration	2,879,430		-		2,879,430		2,006,160
Other	777,731		59,368		837,099		-
Depreciation and amortization	7,933,702	_	102,771		8,036,473	_	1,863,341
Total operating expenses	24,384,917	-	190,840		24,575,757	_	24,748,954
Operating income (loss)	(54,917)	_	(190,840)		(245,757)	_	737,466
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Federal bond subsidies	875,565		-		875,565		-
Other income, net	855,775		4,000		859,775		2,452,066
Investment income	1,184,418		, <u>-</u>		1,184,418		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	(6,302,363)		-		(6,302,363)		-
Total nonoperating revenues		' <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	
(expenses)	(3,386,605)		4,000		(3,382,605)		2,452,066
	(3)333)	-	.,000	•	(3)332)337	-	2,132,000
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(3,441,522)		(186,840)		(3,628,362)		3,189,532
	(0)::=/0==/	-	(200)0 :07	•	(0,0=0,00=)	-	0,200,002
Contributions and transfers:	2 072 407				2 072 407		
Capital contributions	3,073,107		-		3,073,107		-
Transfers from (to) other funds	(28,410)	-			(28,410)	-	260,308
Total contributions and transfers	3,044,697	-	-		3,044,697	-	260,308
Change in net position	(396,825)		(186,840)		(583,665)		3,449,840
Net position, beginning of year	64,436,214	_	5,698,295		70,134,509	_	25,600,663
Net position, end of year	\$ 64,039,389	\$	5,511,455	\$	69,550,844	\$	29,050,503
Explanation of difference between propr expenses and changes in net position and				activ	ities:		

Change in net position - proprietary funds financial statements \$ (583,665)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance and insurance, to individual funds.

The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here. 224,375

Change in net position - government-wide statement of activities \$ (359,290)

	_		E	nterprise Funds				
	_	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Golf (Nonmajor Fund)		Total		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers	\$	24,510,757	\$		\$	24,510,757	¢	
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and service providers Payments to employees	Ş	(10,705,669) (5,292,722)	Ş	- (80,856) -	Ş	(10,786,525) (5,292,722)	\$	25,422,588 (22,061,992) (2,422,761)
Other receipts Net cash provided by (used in)	_	855,775	·	4,000		859,775		2,476,529
operating activities Cash Flows from Non Capital	-	9,368,141	,	(76,856)		9,291,285		3,414,364
Financing Activities: Transfers from (to) other funds	-	(28,410)	ı			(28,410)		260,308
Net cash provided by (used in) non capital financing activities	-	(28,410)				(28,410)		260,308
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from debt		49,915,000		-		49,915,000		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net Deferred charge on refunding Principal retirements on debt		(3,326,807) (2,969,783) (49,059,067)		- - -		(3,326,807) (2,969,783) (49,059,067)		(2,516,063) - -
Interest and other fiscal charges paid on capital debt Proceeds from disposition of capital assets Federal bond subsidies		(7,045,705) - 875,565		- - -		(7,045,705) - 875,565		- 130,020 -
Capital contributions	-	3,073,107	ļ			3,073,107		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(8,537,690)				(8,537,690)		(2,386,043)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment income	_	1,184,418				1,184,418		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	1,184,418				1,184,418		
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments	_	1,986,459		(76,856)		1,909,603		1,288,629

Town of Davie, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 (continued)

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Golf (Nonmajor Fund)		Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	66,165,536		786,571		66,952,107	21,560,256
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$ 68,151,995	\$	709,715	\$	68,861,710	\$ 22,848,885
Cash, cash equivalents and investments per Statement of Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ 32,098,875	\$	709,715	\$	32,808,590	\$ 22,848,885
Restricted	36,053,120	۸.	700 745		36,053,120	- 22.040.005
	\$ 68,151,995	\$	709,715	\$	68,861,710	\$ 22,848,885
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (54,917)	\$	(190,840)	\$	(245,757)	\$ 737,466
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Other operating revenues, net	855,775 7 022 702		4,000 102,771		859,775 8 026 472	2,476,529
Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in assets: Receivables, net Inventories Prepaid items	7,933,702 293,007 (13,059) (4,910)		102,771 - - -		8,036,473 293,007 (13,059) (4,910)	1,863,341 (63,832) (371) (1,110,568)
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset	(5,458)		-		(5,458)	-
Deferred outflows relating to pensions Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	1,314,917		-		1,314,917	-
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and compensated absences Insurance claims payable	209,747 -		7,213 -		216,960 -	(131,428) (356,773)
Customer deposits Net pension liability Deferred inflows relating to pensions	(112,250) (445,011) (602,339)		- - -		(112,250) (445,011) (602,339)	- - -
Deferred inflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)	(1,063)				(1,063)	
Total adjustments	9,423,058		113,984		9,537,042	2,676,898
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 9,368,141	\$	(76,856)	\$	9,291,285	\$ 3,414,364

Assets: Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 3,128,467
Investments, at fair value: Domestic equity funds funds Real estate funds International equity funds Fixed income funds United States agency securities Corporate notes/debt securities United States treasuries Mortgage-backed securities Pooled separate accounts - self directed DROP	\$ 122,454,413 87,669,846 47,160,529 31,175,048 29,859,040 7,572,638 32,062,578 11,522,468 1,398,646 6,012,500	376,887,706
Receivables: Interest and dividends State contributions Contributions from members Securities sold Prepaid expenses		351,300 952,655 59,919 93,246
Total assets		382,405,181
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable for securities purchased Prepaid contributions		231,671 66,637 3,147,647
Total liabilities		3,445,955
Net Position: Net position restricted for pensions Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits		376,463,449 2,495,777
Total net position		\$ 378,959,226

Additions: Contributions:		
Employer	\$	15,924,575
Plan members		3,428,760
Buy back		325,944
DROP account		557 <i>,</i> 598
State of Florida	-	2,004,163
Total contributions	-	22,241,040
Investment income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		7,910,658
Interest and dividends, net	-	6,286,814
Total investment income		14,197,472
Less:		
Investment expenses		1,179,492
Net investment income		13,017,980
Other income	-	4,638
Total additions	-	35,263,658
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		16,725,761
Refunds of contributions		156,491
Administrative expenses	-	441,820
Total deductions	-	17,324,072
Change in net position		17,939,586
Net Position, beginning of year	-	361,019,640
Net Position, end of year	\$	378,959,226

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town") was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961, as authorized by Special Acts – Chapter 61-2056 under the Laws of Florida, and exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. All registered voters elect the Mayor and four Council members; each of the four Council members represents a specific district. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. Each elected official serves a three-year term of office. Each year, the Council elects a Vice Mayor who serves in the capacity of the Mayor when the Mayor is unable to perform his or her duties.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, parks, recreation and cultural arts, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, and towing services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component units (entities for which the Town is considered financially accountable). Blended component units, while legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are required to be reported in a separate column from the government. The Town does not have discretely presented component units to report.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> - The Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA"), although an entity legally separate from the Town, is governed by the Town's Council. In December 1988, Ordinance No. 88-75 created the Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency, pursuant to Sec. 163.330 et. seq., Florida Statutes. While the Town Council is not the CRA Board, the CRA's own seven-member board, appointed by the Town Council, serves in the capacity of an advisory board since the CRA's annual budget, contracts, grants and all other actions must be authorized directly by resolutions of the Town Council. In addition, the Town has issued bonds to finance CRA projects and is financially responsible for the CRA. Therefore, for financial reporting purposes, the CRA is reported as if it were part of the Town's operations and included within the Town's reporting entity as a special revenue fund. The CRA is the Town's only component unit.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund (enterprise and internal service funds) and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that debt service on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due. Expenditures related to pension and other post-employment benefits are recognized when the Town has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, utility taxes, other general taxes, assessments, and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions and miscellaneous revenues are considered measurable and available when cash is received by the government. Revenue received in advance of fiscal year to which they apply is presented as unearned on the balance sheet.

Internal service funds of a government are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the Town's governmental activities, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated mainly into the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds and fiduciary-type component units, as applicable, are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The financial transactions of the Town are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: The focus of governmental fund measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net position. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

General Fund (a major fund)

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Community Endowment, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The Community Endowment Fund was established in a prior fiscal year with a fund transfer from a terminated General Employees' Pension Plan. The funds are to be applied to unfunded liabilities; to other liabilities of the Town as may from time to time need funding; to projects or programs that need capital creation that will be repaid over time; or to community projects or charitable programs that have one-time needs.

Community Redevelopment Agency, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund ("CRA") is used to account for the activities of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency, a blended component unit of the Town. The Town presents the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund as a major fund. Revenue is derived primarily from tax incremental revenue, which is the revenue that the CRA collects from the Town, Broward County, Central Broward Water Control District, Children's Services Council of Broward County, and the South & North Broward Hospital District. Those taxes are based on the incremental increase of the real property value and are dedicated to the redevelopment of the area. The annual audit of the Town included an evaluation of the CRA in light of the applicable requirements of Section 163.387, Florida Statutes. Per Town's management, the year end fund balance of \$ 5,719,287 has been restricted for specific redevelopment projects pursuant to the community redevelopment plan.

Capital Projects Fund (a major fund)

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the cost of acquiring, constructing, and placing into service those capital improvements which are associated with activities in the governmental funds and are financed by long-term debt issues which are repaid from recurring operating revenues and assessments from the General Fund. Improvements made from resources provided by this fund are approved in the Town's ten-year capital program and generally have no regard for fiscal periods.

Community Development Block Grant, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Community Development Block Grant Fund is mainly used to account for the activities of the Town's grants received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or the State of Florida related to community development and housing related funds.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP), Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund accounts for funds provided from the State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Act, for the production, acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable housing for low and moderate-income households.

Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Parks and Open Space Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities

Fire Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Fire Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to public safety - fire department.

Police Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The *Police Impact Fees Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to public safety - police department.

Forfeitures, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Forfeitures Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The *General Government Impact Fees Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: Proprietary Funds include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation and amortization) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one Town department to another Town department on a cost reimbursement basis and to accumulate working capital for the renewal and replacement of assets in those funds. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

Water and Sewer, Enterprise Fund (a major fund)

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer utility system. The cost of operating the water and sewer system is recovered almost entirely by user charges. Tax dollars are not permanently used in this fund. The acquisition, maintenance, and improvement of the physical plant facilities are financed from existing cash resources, issuance of revenue bonds and state or federal grants.

Golf, Enterprise Fund (a non-major fund)

The Golf Fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the Town's golf facility.

Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance is used to accumulate the cost of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance. The cost allocation utilized provides for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacement vehicles. Costs of operating vehicles (replacement reserve, insurance reserve, maintenance, etc.) are established as a monthly rental rate per class of vehicle and the user department is charged for each vehicle it uses.

Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance was established to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Internal Service Fund for Information Technology (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Information Technology is used to accumulate the costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, software and support. The cost allocation utilized provides for operation costs of the IT department and for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacing and maintaining the Town's equipment.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Town's programs. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The following is a description of the fiduciary funds of the Town:

Firefighters' Pension

The *Firefighters' Pension* is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the firefighters employed by the Town.

Police Employees' Pension

The *Police Employees' Pension* is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the sworn police officers employed by the Town.

Management and General Employees' Pension

The Management and General Employees' Pension is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan.

OPEB Trust

The *OPEB Trust* is maintained solely for the benefit of retired employees of the Town to provide specified post-employment health care benefits for participants.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund.

Per the Town's charter, interdepartmental budget transfers \$ 5,000 and under may be approved by the Town Administrator and carried out by the Budget and Finance Department. Budget transfers exceeding \$ 5,000, budget transfers between departments in the same fund and all budget amendments require the approval by the Town Council. The Town Administrator may approve some interdepartmental transfers over \$ 5,000, if the Town Council has delegated such authority for the fiscal year and so long as the net change in a department's total appropriation is zero. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's "cash and cash equivalents" are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and deposits held with the State Board of Administration ("SBA") Investment pool. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments are carried at estimated fair value. Unrealized gains and losses in fair value are recognized.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any remaining balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

The Town recognizes receivables in its various funds based on the accounting basis required for that fund. Allowances are provided for possible uncollectible accounts.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) or weighted average method. Inventories are maintained on a consumption basis of accounting where items are purchased for inventory and charged as an expenditure/expense as items are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items in the governmental fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Town's proprietary fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the funds are segregated and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and other similar arrangements. The Town is required to maintain capital replacement, and renewal and replacement resources for unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals or replacements. See Note 8 for additional information.

J. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment purchased or acquired at a minimum cost of \$ 1,500 is carried at historical cost. Where cost could not be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost was used to record the estimated value of the assets. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value at the date of acquisition, as applicable. Interest expense is capitalized in the enterprise funds during the time a project is under construction and begins upon the issuance of bonds to finance the construction of a capital asset. Capitalization begins when expenditure is made by a payment to a vendor from the bond proceeds. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Infrastructure	15-40 years
Buildings and improvements	15-30 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	5-20 years

Upon disposal of property, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposal reported currently. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals and betterments are charged as incurred. Renewals and betterments of a major character are capitalized. In the fund financial statements, acquisition of capital assets is recorded as expenditure and no depreciation is recorded.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the water and sewer fund – statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is the deferred outflows relating to the pension plans, and other post employment benefits, as applicable and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item are the deferred inflows relating to the pension plans, and other post-employment benefits, as applicable and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit full-time employees to accumulate limited amounts of earned vacation leave and earned sick leave. Upon separation from service, employees may receive payment for all unused vacation time and, subject to length of service, generally from 50% to 75% of all unused sick leave.

Accumulated compensated absences are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. Expenditures for accumulated compensated absences have been recorded in the governmental funds only if they have matured, (e.g., resulting from employee resignations and retirements).

N. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary funds is categorized as net investment in capital assets; restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus unspent bond proceeds.

Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

For fund balance disclosures, please refer to Note 10.

O. Pension Plans

As of year-end, the Town sponsors four pension plans: three defined benefit plans (Note 14) and a Money Purchase Plan (Note 13), covering substantially all of its full-time employees. The Town also has an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust plan (Note 15) maintained for the health care benefit of retired employees. The investments of the pension plans and OPEB trust are all carried at fair value.

P. Unearned Revenues

Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

R. Subsequent events

Subsequent events are evaluated by management through March 24, 2020, the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

As required by Florida Statutes, the Town Council has adopted a written investment policy, which may, from time to time, be amended. Under the current policy, Town officials are generally authorized to invest funds in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA Pool), intergovernmental investment pools, United States Government Securities, guaranteed agencies and sponsored agencies, commercial paper, corporate notes, taxable and/or tax-exempt municipal debt, asset-backed securities, interest bearing certificates of deposit or savings accounts, repurchase agreements, and registered investment companies-money market mutual funds. The Community Endowment Special Revenue Fund is authorized to invest in corporate equity securities in addition to the previously listed investments.

The Town's investment policy does not apply to funds not under the direct control of the Town; such as, the deferred contribution plan, deferred benefit plans (Firefighters, Police, Management and General), the OPEB trust fund, or accounts created under resolution or ordinance pursuant to the issuance of debt. The defined benefit pension plans' investment policy is determined by their respective Boards of Trustees and invests in authorized securities as summarized in the tables below.

As of September 30, 2019, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

	Carrying Amount (Fair Value)								
	_	Primary		Fiduciary					
Investment Type		Government	Funds		_	Total			
MSIFT - Core Plus Fixed									
Income Portfolio	\$	110,927	\$	-	\$	110,927			
Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds		5,500,842		81,199,621		86,700,463			
United States treasuries		43,606,684		11,522,468		55,129,152			
United States agency securities		22,740,972		7,572,638		30,313,610			
Mortgage-backed securities		-		1,398,646		1,398,646			
Corporate notes/debt securities		2,781,978		32,062,578		34,844,556			
Fixed income funds		-		6,340,283		6,340,283			
Equity securities, including mutual funds		122,207		87,669,846		87,792,053			
Domestic equity funds		-		84,585,514		84,585,514			
International equity funds		-		19,295,270		19,295,270			
Real estate funds		-		39,228,342		39,228,342			
State Board of Administration -									
Florida PRIME		24,092,055		-		24,092,055			
Pooled separate accounts - self directed DROP		-		6,012,500		6,012,500			
Plus: Cash and money market funds	_	125,143,861		3,128,467		128,272,328			
	-		_						
	\$	224,099,526	\$_	380,016,173	\$_	604,115,699			

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Deposits: The Town's cash balances were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. As of September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$ 123,850,124, with a bank balance of \$ 125,334,271. Cash balances held by the fiduciary funds exists temporarily as cash is in the process of collection from sales or to acquire securities.

Investments:

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure is to interest rate risk. The Town limits their risk by limiting investment maturities to a maximum of seven years, for the investments held by the primary government. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and limit holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

The table below summarizes the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	_	Less than 1		1 to 5	_	6 to 10	•	More than 10
United States treasuries United States agency	\$	43,606,684	\$	12,096,871	\$	31,509,813	\$	-	\$	-
securities		22,740,972		6,300,249		16,440,723		-		-
Corporate notes/debt securities	-	2,781,978	_	1,452,404	-	1,329,574	<u> </u>	-	•	-
	\$	69,129,634	\$_	19,849,524	\$	49,280,110	\$_	-	\$	<u>-</u>

The table below summarizes the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type	 Total Fair Value	_	Less than 1	•	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10
Unites States treasuries United States agency	\$ 11,522,468	\$	-	\$	8,338,053	\$ -	\$ 3,184,415
securities Corporate notes/debt	7,572,638		-		1,958,294	4,743,574	870,770
securities Mortgage-backed	32,062,578		-		5,770,157	25,789,762	502,659
securities	1,398,646		-		1,398,646	-	-
Fixed income funds	6,340,283		-		1,740,652	1,444,078	3,155,553
	\$ 58,896,613	\$	-	\$	19,205,802	\$ 31,977,414	\$ 7,713,397

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The Town controls this risk by investing primarily in U.S. Government backed securities, and setting minimum credit ratings for other securities, rated by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"). The fiduciary funds investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk. The SBA Florida, PRIME has a credit rating by Standard & Poor's ("S&P") of AAAm, while the money market mutual funds are not rated.

The NRSRO ratings for the Town's investments, including those held in pension trust funds as of September 30, 2019, are summarized below.

NRSRO Rating	_	Total Fair Value	_	Primary Government	_	Fiduciary Funds
AAA/Aaa	\$	4,152,484	\$	601,926	\$	3,550,558
AA+		71,952,824		65,745,730		6,207,094
AA		13,331,831		-		13,331,831
A+		3,892,815		2,781,978		1,110,837
Α		2,950,923		-		2,950,923
A-		3,228,312		-		3,228,312
A-AA		1,398,646		-		1,398,646
A-AAA		22,460,123		-		22,460,123
BAA		887,640		-		887,640
BBB+		2,565,995		-		2,565,995
BB		380,417		-		380,417
В		443,820		-		443,820
B-		380,417	_		_	380,417
Total debt type						
investments	\$	128,026,247	\$	69,129,634	\$ _	58,896,613

Concentration risk: The Town's and fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. Specific limits have been established which limit the percentage of portfolio assets that can be invested with a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more of the total investments in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investments pools, or other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2019.

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town and fiduciary funds would not recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investment policy of the Town and fiduciary funds minimizes this risk by establishing minimum standards for institutions and dealers used by the Town. Consistent with the Town's and Plans' investment policy, the investments are held by custodial banks/institutions in the Town's and Plans' name, or in street name or nominee name as the agent, as applicable.

Foreign currency risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in the currency exchange rate may materially affect transactions conducted in currencies other than U.S Dollars and the carrying value of foreign investments. The Town's investments are not subject to foreign currency risk. The Fiduciary Funds exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from investments in international equity funds.

Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds: The Town manages its Defined Benefit Pension Plan investments for its management and general employees and the OPEB trust with the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund ("FMPTF"). The FMPTF is managed through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust ("FMIvT"), a Local Government Investment Pool. The Town also has investments of the primary government with the FMIvT. Required disclosures are as follows:

Fitch Rating	_	Amount
AAf/S4 AAAf/S1 AAAf/S2 Not rated	\$	11,800,344 59,782 5,441,060 11,718,413
Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated	_	28,427,040 9,441,859 11,879,778 7,932,187
	\$_	86,700,463
Duration		WAM
5.31 0.80 1.61 1.40		6.43 0.86 1.69 5.16
	AAf/S4 AAAf/S1 AAAf/S2 Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Total	AAf/S4 \$ AAAf/S1 AAAf/S2 Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated Solution 5.31 0.80 1.61

Fair Value Hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets, either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a general description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments classified as Level 1 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.

Investments classified as Level 2 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, cash flows, maturity, and credit ratings), or other market corroborated inputs specific to the investment type.

Investments classified as Level 3 for the fiduciary funds, in the table below, are valued based on significant unobservable inputs based on all information available in the circumstances to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value of classified level 3 investments represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds can be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2019 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	•	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	 Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	_	Investments Valued at NAV
MSIFT-Core Plus Fixed								
Income Portfolio	\$	110,927	\$	110,927	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds		5,500,842		-	5,500,842	_		-
United States treasuries		43,606,684		43,606,684	-	-		-
United States agency securities		22,740,972		22,740,972	-	-		-
Corporate notes/debt securities		2,781,978		2,781,978	-	-		-
Equity securities, including mutual funds	_	122,207		122,207	 -	 <u>-</u>	_	-
Total investments measured at fair value		74,863,610	\$	69,362,768	\$ 5,500,842	\$ 	\$	
Investments measured at amortized cost: Florida PRIME		24,092,055						
Money market funds and other deposits		125,143,861						
Total	\$_	224,099,526	:					

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2019 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	_	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	· -	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	-	Investments Valued at NAV
Florida Municipal										
Investment Trust Funds	\$	81,199,621	\$	-	\$	61,549,019	\$	19,650,602	\$	-
United States treasuries		11,522,468		8,338,053		3,184,415		-		-
United States agency										
securities		7,572,638		-		7,572,638		-		-
Mortgage-backed securities		1,398,646		-		1,398,646		-		-
Corporate notes/debt										
securities		32,062,578		-		32,062,578		-		-
Fixed income funds		6,340,283		6,340,283		-		-		-
Equity securities, including										
mutual funds		87,669,846		87,669,846		-		-		-
Domestic equity funds		84,585,514		-		32,905,265		-		51,680,249
International equity funds		19,295,270		-		19,295,270		-		-
Real estate funds		39,228,342		-		-		-		39,228,342
Pooled separate accounts -										
self directed DROP	_	6,012,500	_	-		6,012,500		-		_
Total investments measured										
at fair value		376,887,706	Ś	102,348,182	ς	163,980,331	\$	19,650,602	ς	90,908,591
at fair value		370,007,700	Y	102,540,102	7	103,300,331	7	15,050,002	Υ.	50,500,551
Money market funds and										
other deposits		3,128,467								
Tatal	_	200 016 172								
Total	\$ =	380,016,173								

Additional information for investments classified as Level 3, measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share, or equivalent, is presented in the table below as of September 30, 2019.

	_	Fair Value	<u>(</u>	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Domestic equity funds (1) Real estate funds (2) Florida Municipal Investment	\$	51,680,249 39,228,342	\$	- -	Daily Quarterly	1 business day 10-90 days
Trust Funds (3)	_	19,650,602	_		Monthly to Quarterly	1-5 days
	\$	110,559,193	\$_			

⁽¹⁾ Domestic equity funds consist of comingled investment vehicles which invest primarily in publicly traded equity securities. The funds are valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

- (2) Real estate funds hold investments in open-end commingled private equity real estate portfolios; in an open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund; and in an open-end commingled real estate fund. The funds held in open-end commingled private equity real estate portfolios are structured as limited partnerships; their focus is to invest in well-based income producing properties within major U.S. markets. The amounts held in the open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial and multifamily properties located throughout the United States. The amounts held in the open-end commingled real estate fund invests in a pool of real estate assets that are diversified by geography and property type, with a focus on yield-driven investments and, to a lesser extent, on value-added investments. The fair values of the investments in these funds have been determined using the NAV per unit of the trust ownership interest in partner's capital.
- (3) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds consists of core real estate funds and core plus fixed income funds. The core real estate fund invests in core real estate in the United States; while the core plus fixed income fund invests in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, debt securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts, litigation trusts for both United States and foreign companies and governments. These funds are considered level 3 investments, since the value is based on unobservable inputs.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied and becomes a lien on real and personal property on October 1 of each year based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. The Broward County Property Appraiser establishes assessed values. Broward County mails tax bills for the Town as the collection agent on or about October 1 of each year and is payable beginning November 1, with discounts of one to four percent if paid before March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1.

At September 30, material uncollected current year amounts are classified as delinquent taxes receivable in the General Fund and offset by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue in the General Fund during the fiscal year in which they are received.

The Town levied a total rate of 6.0121 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for the fiscal year commencing October 1, 2018.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2019 for the Town's major and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	_	General Fund	 Community Redevelopment Agency	_	Capital Projects	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total
Governmental funds:									
Accounts receivable, other	\$	808,999	\$ 1,915	\$	-	\$	-	\$	810,914
Property taxes and assessments		51,603	-		-		-		51,603
Utility taxes and franchise fees		2,411,695	-		-		-		2,411,695
Intergovernmental	_	1,886,345	-	_	536,102	_	88,725	_	2,511,172
Gross receivables		5,158,642	1,915		536,102		88,725		5,785,384
Less: allowance for									
uncollectible	_	(4,863)	-	_	-	-		_	(4,863)
Net receivables	\$	5,153,779	\$ 1,915	\$_	536,102	\$	88,725	\$	5,780,521

Receivables at September 30, 2019 for the Town's Water and Sewer Fund, and Internal Service Funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	Water and Sewer Fund	_	Internal Service Funds
Accounts receivable Less: allowance for	\$ 6,207,289	\$_	182,852
uncollectible	(4,131,132)	_	(33)
Net receivables	\$ 2,076,157	\$ <u>_</u>	182,819

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Transfers	In	Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 25,322	\$ 17,396,734
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	2,120,392	
Capital Projects Fund	15,044,444	25,322
Proprietary Funds:		
Water and Sewer Fund	-	28,410
Vehicle Maintenance Fund	260,308	<u> </u>
Total	\$ <u>17,450,466</u>	\$ 17,450,466

Transfers were used to move funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fund certain capital improvement projects. Funds were also transferred from the Capital Projects fund to the General Fund for completed or canceled projects. Additionally, funds were transferred from the General Fund to the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund related to tax increment funding. Monies were also transferred from the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund to the Vehicle Maintenance Fund, as the Town purchased vehicles during the year.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	_	Balance October 1, 2018		Additions and Transfers	Retirements and Transfers		:	Balance September 30, 2019
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	61,187,761	\$	21,000	\$		\$	61,208,761
Construction in progress	ب -	5,187,408	ب -	5,445,727	ب -	<u>-</u>	ب -	10,633,135
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	66,375,169	_	5,466,727	_		_	71,841,896
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure		161,026,660		3,780,053		-		164,806,713
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and		88,001,773		954,085		-		88,955,858
vehicles	_	64,900,358	_	3,836,997	_	(1,147,168)	_	67,590,187
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	313,928,791	_	8,571,135	_	(1,147,168)	_	321,352,758
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		94,131,999		3,934,261		-		98,066,260
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and		59,027,040		2,921,657		-		61,948,697
vehicles	-	52,986,758	_	3,990,336	_	(992,685)	-	55,984,409
Total accumulated								
depreciation	-	206,145,797	-	10,846,254	_	(992,685)	-	215,999,366
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	107,782,994	_	(2,275,119)	_	(154,483)	_	105,353,392
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	174,158,163	\$_	3,191,608	\$_	(154,483)	\$ <u></u>	177,195,288

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

		Balance October 1, 2018		Additions and Transfers		Retirements and Transfers	;	Balance September 30, 2019
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:					•		_	
Land	\$	11,889,699	\$_		\$		\$_	11,889,699
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	11,889,699	_				_	11,889,699
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure		25,114,794		596,722		-		25,711,516
Building and improvements Machinery, equipment and	1	25,647,286		191,173		-		125,838,459
vehicles		41,417,491	_	2,538,912			_	43,956,403
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_ 1	92,179,571		3,326,807		-		195,506,378
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		16,492,726		1,036,262		-		17,528,988
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and		35,316,770		5,239,932		-		40,556,702
vehicles		15,954,908	_	1,722,688		_	_	17,677,596
Total accumulated depreciation		67,764,404	_	7,998,882		-	_	75,763,286
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_1	24,415,167	_	(4,672,075)			_	119,743,092
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_1	24,415,167	_	(4,672,075)	_		_	119,743,092
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>1</u>	36,304,866	\$ <u></u>	(4,672,075)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	131,632,791

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

dovernmental activities.	
General government	\$ 294,253
Building and engineering	248,076
Public safety - police	937,783
Public safety - fire	1,161,825
Public works	4,304,873
Parks, recreation and cultural arts	 2,036,103
Subtotal	8,982,913

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets 1,863,341 Total depreciation expense Governmental activities 10,846,254 Business type - activities: Water and sewer \$ 7,896,111 Golf 102,771 Total depreciation expense Business type - activities 7,998,882

Note 7 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities reported by the governmental and proprietary funds at September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Governmental Funds:

	_	General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Vendors, including contractors Payroll, taxes and	\$	3,776,774	\$ 1,127,760	\$	2,191,743	\$ 272,288	\$	7,368,565
benefits Other	_	5,900,367 209,984	 6,500 -	_	-	3,199 71,906		5,910,066 281,890
	\$	9,887,125	\$ 1,134,260	\$	2,191,743	\$ 347,393	\$	13,560,521

Proprietary Funds:

		Water and Sewer	_	Golf	_	Internal Service Funds	Total		
Vendors, including contractors Payroll, taxes and benefits	\$	1,742,426 132,271	\$_	16,692 -	\$	423,743 199,694	\$ 2,182,861 331,965		
	\$	1,874,697	\$ <u>_</u>	16,692	\$ _	623,437	\$ 2,514,826		

Note 8 - Restricted Assets

At September 30, 2019, the Town had \$36,053,120 in restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments in the Water and Sewer Fund. This balance is comprised of the following items:

Restriction	
Renewal and replacement Capital replacement Debt service reserve Customer deposits	\$ 18,822,974 11,330,689 4,785,622 1,113,835
Total	\$ 36,053,120

Note 8 - Restricted Assets (continued)

Renewal and replacement – In accordance with the Town's water and sewer indentures, the Town was required to establish a renewal and replacement account, including capital contribution charges, for its water and sewer plants. The funds may be used only for certain water and sewer system capital improvements/repairs and may be withdrawn and used anytime for this or other prescribed purposes. Since such withdrawn funds represent previously collected revenues (and income earned thereon), the amount of withdrawn funds need not be replaced or returned to the renewal and replacement account, unless recommended by a consultant.

Capital replacement — Previously, the Town hired consultants to perform a rate study and determined that the Town should commence a capital replacement reserve to be funded with an annual deposit of 7.5% of total operating revenues of the facilities. This account was established to provide an additional mechanism to fund the costs of renewals, replacements, betterments and upgrades to the water and sewer system. The Town anticipates that it will continue to make deposits in the same approximate amount in future years in order to maintain the system.

Debt service reserve – As described in Note 9, the Town was required to establish a debt service reserve fund equating to 10% of the par amount of the 2013 issuance and the maximum annual debt service on the 2019 issuance.

Customer deposits – Amount represents the total amount of customer deposits held by the Town at September 30, 2019.

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
			110000010110		
General Obligation Refunding					
Bonds, Series 2008A*	\$ 710,000	\$ -	\$ 710,000	\$ - \$	-
General Obligation Refunding					
Bonds, Series 2008B*	282,450	-	138,400	144,050	144,050
Public Improvement Revenue					
Bonds, Series 2004*	1,658,636	-	814,216	844,420	844,420
Community Redevelopment					
Bonds, Series 2013A *	6,594,971	-	809,920	5,785,051	829,961
Community Redevelopment					
Bonds, Series 2013B *	4,872,787	-	599,226	4,273,561	613,813
General Obligation Refunding					
Note, Series 2015 *	10,500,000	-	690,000	9,810,000	710,000
Limited General Obligation					
Refunding Note, Series 2015 *	12,200,000	-	1,415,000	10,785,000	1,440,000
	36,818,844	-	5,176,762	31,642,082	4,582,244
Insurance claims payable	2,716,082	11,228,269	11,585,042	2,359,309	2,359,309
Compensated absences	9,471,544	7,000,208	6,543,448	9,928,304	5,157,831
	12,187,626	18,228,477	18,128,490	12,287,613	7,517,140
	\$ 49,006,470	\$ 18,228,477	\$ 23,305,252	\$ 43,929,695 \$	12,099,384

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 31,642,082 as of September 30, 2019.

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The entire claims liability is reported in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund and will be liquidated by that fund.

\$ 1,541,250 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008B - Previously, the Town issued \$ 1,541,250 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008B maturing July 1, 2020, with a fixed interest rate of 4.10%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rate was increased to 4.98% due to a change in the corporate tax rate. The Bonds refunded the Town's then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000, and paid certain costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. The original bonds were issued in connection with various recreational projects. Interest is paid semiannually on each July 1 and January 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing July 2008 through July 2020. Ad valorem tax revenues of the General Fund are pledged to repay this Bond issue.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008B are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 144,050	\$	7,178	\$ 151,228	

\$ 10,000,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 10,000,000 of Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, maturing December 1, 2019, with a fixed interest rate of 3.71%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. For fiscal year 2018, the interest rate was increased to 4.51% due to a change in the corporate tax rate. The Bonds were issued in connection with financing and reimbursing the costs of acquisition, construction, and equipping of certain capital improvements and for paying the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. Interest is paid semiannually on each December 1 and June 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing December 2012 through December 2019. Legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the General Fund are pledged to repay this Bond issue.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 are as follows:

September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2020	\$ 844,420	\$ 19,033	\$_	863,453

Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") Bonds - The CRA previously issued \$20,000,000 Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2010, to make various infrastructure improvements, including drainage, road, and water and sewer improvements, and to acquire land for redevelopment purposes. On August 28, 2013 and September 28, 2013, the CRA issued Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, amounting to \$10,000,000 and \$7,394,769, respectively, to currently refund the then outstanding Series 2010 Bonds. The 2013A and 2013B Bonds bear interest at the fixed rate of 2.47% and 2.43%, respectively, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rates were increased to 3.00% and 2.95% for the 2013A and 2013B Bonds, respectively, due to a change in the corporate tax rate. Principal and interest on both series is payable semiannually on each June 10 and December 10 through maturity in December 2025. The Bonds are secured by a pledge and lien on tax increment revenues of the Town's CRA. In addition, the Town covenants to annually budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues to cover any shortfall in tax increment revenue of the CRA to pay for scheduled principal and interest.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	•	Interest	-	Total
2020	\$	829,961	\$	170,268	Ś	1,000,229
2021	•	851,244	•	144,400		995,644
2022		872,696	118,329			991,025
2023		894,688		91,600		986,288
2024		917,104		64,355		981,459
2025-2026	_	1,419,358	_	43,420	_	1,462,778
Total	\$	5,785,051	\$	632,372	\$	6,417,423

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013B are as follows:

_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
\$	613,813	\$	123,738	\$	737,551
•	629,297	•	104,920	•	734,217
	644,897		85,960		730,857
	660,883		66,530		727,413
	677,172		46,733		723,905
_	1,047,499	_	31,523		1,079,022
_				_	
\$_	4,273,561	\$_	459,404	\$_	4,732,965
	- \$ - \$ <u>-</u>	\$ 613,813 629,297 644,897 660,883 677,172 1,047,499	\$ 613,813 \$ 629,297 644,897 660,883 677,172 1,047,499	\$ 613,813 \$ 123,738 629,297 104,920 644,897 85,960 660,883 66,530 677,172 46,733 1,047,499 31,523	\$ 613,813 \$ 123,738 \$ 629,297 104,920 644,897 85,960 660,883 66,530 677,172 46,733 1,047,499 31,523

The outstanding CRA Series 2013A and 2013B arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and failure to budget and appropriate. These events may increase the current interest rate to the lesser of 18% or the maximum lawful rate during the continuation of an event of default. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

\$ 12,465,000 General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 12,465,000 of a General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2031, with a fixed interest rate of 2.59%, to refund the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with constructing and furnishing fire and rescue facilities, and the procurement of certain equipment and technology, including the improvement of emergency management and terrorism preparedness. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2031. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 710,000	\$	254,079	\$	964,079
2021	725,000		235,690		960,690
2022	745,000	00 216,913			961,913
2023	760,000	000 197,617			957,617
2024	785,000		177,933		962,933
2025-2029	4,235,000		574,203		4,809,203
2030-2031	1,850,000		72,261	•	1,922,261
Total	\$ 9,810,000	\$	1,728,696	\$	11,538,696

\$ 16,260,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 – Previously, the Town issued \$ 16,260,000 of a Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2026, with a fixed interest rate of 2.18%, to refund the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with acquiring land to protect the quality of water bodies, preserving and improving wildlife habitat and parks, and constructing and improving recreational areas. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2026. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal Interest		Total	
2020	\$	1,440,000	\$	235,113	\$ 1,675,113
2021		1,475,000		203,721	1,678,721
2022		1,510,000		171,566	1,681,566
2023		1,535,000		138,648	1,673,648
2024		1,575,000		105,185	1,680,185
2025-2026	_	3,250,000	_	106,602	3,356,602
Total	\$_	10,785,000	\$_	960,835	\$ 11,745,835

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the governmental activities debt is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029	\$	4,582,244 3,680,541 3,772,593 3,850,571 3,954,276 9,951,857	\$	809,409 688,731 592,768 494,395 394,206 755,748	\$ 5,391,653 4,369,272 4,365,361 4,344,966 4,348,482 10,707,605
2030-2031		1,850,000		72,261	1,922,261
Total	\$	31,642,082	\$	3,807,518	\$ 35,449,600

The outstanding Series 2008B, 2004, and 2015 (both general and limited obligation) arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and default in any other debt obligations. These events may result in a late charge on overdue payments of 6% (G.O. Series 2015); and may increase the current interest rates on these arrangements to the higher of the then prime rate or adjusted one-month LIBOR rate plus a spread ranging from 2% to 6%. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lenders may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available to them and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurance of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lenders. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

Business - Type Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance October 1, 2018	_	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2019	_	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:							
Water and Sewer Revenue							
Bonds, Series 2010 \$	46,245,000	\$	-	\$ 46,245,000	\$ -	\$	-
Water and Sewer Revenue							
Bonds, Series 2011	47,245,000		-	530,000	46,715,000		540,000
Water and Sewer Revenue							
Bonds, Series 2012	27,435,000		-	200,000	27,235,000		210,000
Water and Sewer Revenue							
Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 *	7,215,000		-	1,890,000	5,325,000		1,925,000
Water and Sewer Revenue							
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 *	-		49,915,000	-	49,915,000		-
State Revolving Fund Loan							
Program*	3,433,073		-	194,067	3,239,006		198,555
Bond Premiums	794,414		-	34,540	759 <i>,</i> 874		-
Bond Discounts	(407,303)		-	(16,971)	(390,332)		-
	131,960,184	_	49,915,000	49,076,636	132,798,548		2,873,555
Compensated Absences	401,474	_	263,169	 253,391	411,252	_	306,268
\$	132,361,658	\$	50,178,169	\$ 49,330,027	\$ 133,209,800	\$	3,179,823

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 58,479,006 as of September 30, 2019.

\$ 49,930,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 49,930,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, maturing October 1, 2041, with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2012 through October 2041. The Bond Indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. The Town has obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2020	\$ 540,000	\$	2,198,581	\$	2,738,581
2021 2022	555,000 1,255,000		2,181,931 2,144,281		2,736,931 3,399,281
2023	1,295,000		2,098,956		3,393,956
2024	1,340,000		2,048,706		3,388,706
2025-2029	7,555,000		9,296,356		16,851,356
2030-2034	9,560,000		7,156,750		16,716,750
2035-2039	12,205,000		4,382,250		16,587,250
2040-2042	12,410,000	_	811,000	_	13,221,000
Subtotal	46,715,000	\$ _	32,318,811	\$ _	79,033,811
Plus: unamortized					
bond premium	759,874				
Total	\$ 47,474,874				

\$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 – In November 2012, the Town issued \$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, maturing October 1, 2042, with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2014 through October 2042. The Bond Indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. The Town has obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2020	\$ 210,000	\$	910,075	\$	1,120,075
2021	215,000		903,625		1,118,625
2022	220,000		899,225		1,119,225
2023	255,000		893,806		1,148,806
2024	295,000		886,800		1,181,800
2025-2029	2,215,000		4,231,250		6,446,250
2030-2034	3,825,000		3,740,876		7,565,876
2035-2039	6,070,000		2,896,988		8,966,988
2040-2043	13,930,000	_	1,117,025	_	15,047,025
Subtotal	27,235,000	\$_	16,479,670	\$_	43,714,670
Less: unamortized					
discount	(390,332)				
Total	\$ 26,844,668				

\$ 14,405,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 – Previously, the Town issued \$ 14,405,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 to refund the then outstanding Series 2003 bonds, with a fixed rate of 1.93%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rate was increased to 2.08% due to a change in the corporate tax rate. The gross proceeds of the 2013 issuance were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance, the establishment of a debt service reserve fund and the required debt service payment on the call date of October 2013. Interest on the Series 2013 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2013 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2014 through October 2021.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2020 2021 2022	\$ 	1,925,000 1,960,000 1,440,000	\$	90,679 50,302 14,966	\$ _	2,015,679 2,010,302 1,454,966
Total	\$ _	5,325,000	\$	155,947	\$ <u>_</u>	5,480,947

\$ 49,915,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 46,245,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, maturing October 1, 2040, which were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

On August 13, 2019, the Town issued \$ 49,915,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, with a rate of 2.76% for the primary purpose of refunding on an advance basis all of the outstanding Series 2010 Bonds. The gross proceeds from the Series 2019 issuance were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance and the required debt service payments through the redemption (call) date of October 1, 2020, at which time the entire principal balance of \$ 46,245,000 (outstanding at September 30, 2019) is redeemed. As a result of this transaction, the Series 2010 Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those Bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$ 2,969,783. The amount is included on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources and is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the life of the old bond or new bond. The Town advance refunded the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 to reduce its total debt service payments over the next twenty-two years by approximately \$ 6,913,000 (net of subsidy) and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt, net of Town's contribution) of approximately \$ 5,768,000. The Town contributed \$ 3,345,122 to fund the required debt service reserve.

Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2021 through October 2040.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	<u>-</u>	Principal	<u>-</u>	Interest	. <u>-</u>	Total
2020	\$	-	\$	872,514	\$	872,514
2021	•	-	•	1,377,654	•	1,377,654
2022		1,000,000		1,363,854		2,363,854
2023		1,995,000		1,322,523		3,317,523
2024		2,050,000		1,266,702		3,316,702
2025-2029		11,115,000		5,441,823		16,556,823
2030-2034		12,740,000		3,798,312		16,538,312
2035-2039		14,595,000		1,915,095		16,510,095
2040-2041	_	6,420,000	_	178,434	_	6,598,434
Total	\$	49,915,000	\$	17,536,911	\$	67,451,911

The Series 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2019 Bonds were issued in parity as to the lien of the pledged revenues. The Water and Sewer Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues derived from the Town's water and sewer system and proceeds from contribution charges received by the Town in connection with the system.

The Town is subject to certain rate covenants outlined in the Bond Indentures. The Bond Indentures contain certain other covenants related to the operation of the water and sewer fund, including the establishment of a renewal and replacement fund and capital replacement fund.

The Series 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2019 arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults as failure to make payment (principal and interest), inability to pay debts – bankruptcy, and violation of material covenants or conditions. However, those violations of covenants or conditions that cannot be remedied within thirty days, shall not constitute an event of default if the Town shall begin to remedy such default within a thirty-day period and is diligently pursuing such remedy. Events of defaults may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately; however, the Town may obtain consent of the holders of not less than fifty-one percent to not force or effect the acceleration of maturities provision. In general, upon occurrence and continuation of an event of default, the default rate is set at the lesser of prime rate plus 5% or the maximum rate permitted by law; or in the event that the consent described above is received, the default rate is then set at the lesser of 18% or the maximum rate permitted by law. The bonds are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by trustee. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply. The Series 2011 and 2012 scheduled payments of principal and interest when due are guaranteed under insurance policies issued concurrently with the delivery of each bond. The Series 2013 and 2019 have established debt service reserve accounts as required at issuance.

\$4,601,081 State Revolving Fund Loan - In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$4,601,081, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$17,594 and \$89,872, respectively. Semiannual payments are due on each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore, the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the State Revolving Fund Loan, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2020	Ś	198,555	\$	73,363	\$	271,918
2021	•	203,148	•	68,770	•	271,918
2022		207,847		64,071		271,918
2023		212,655		59,263		271,918
2024		217,574		54,344		271,918
2025-2029		1,165,736		193,854		1,359,590
2030-2033		1,033,491		55,699		1,089,190
Total	\$	3,239,006	\$	569,364	\$	3,808,370

The State Revolving Fund Loan arrangement discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as failure to make monthly deposits and semiannual loan payments, violation of covenants or actions required by the arrangement with such failure continuing for a period of sixty days after written notice, insolvency-bankruptcy, and false representations. Non-payment may result in acceleration of the repayment schedule or increasing the financing rate on the unpaid principal balance to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the business-type activities is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020 2021 2022	\$	2,873,555 2,933,148 4,122,847	\$ 4,145,212 4,582,282 4,486,397	\$ 7,018,767 7,515,430 8,609,244
2023 2024 2025-2029		3,757,655 3,902,574 22,050,736	4,374,548 4,256,552 19,163,283	8,132,203 8,159,126 41,214,019
2030-2034 2035-2039		27,158,491 32,870,000	14,751,637 9,194,333	41,910,128 42,064,333
2040-2043 Total	- \$_	32,760,000 132,429,006	\$ 2,106,459 67,060,703	\$ 34,866,459 199,489,709

Pledged Revenues:

The Town's debt is collateralized by multiple sources. The following table provides the gross revenue received in the current year and pledged for each debt issuance, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenue for each debt, which is the amount remaining of principal and interest on the indebtedness at September 30, 2019:

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Debt Issue	Pledged Revenue	 Gross Revenue Received	_	Principal and Interest Paid	Future Maturities Principal and Interest	Pledged Through:
Governmental Activities:						
Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B	Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency	\$ 4,533,441	\$	1,745,238	\$ 11,150,388	2026
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008A (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$ 746,986	\$	742,360	\$ -	2019
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$ 153,437	\$	152,475	\$ 151,228	2020
Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004	Legally available non-ad valorem revenues	\$ 41,899,000	\$	870,639	\$ 863,453	2020
General Obligation Note, Series 2015 (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$ 968,091	\$	961,950	\$ 11,538,696	2031
Limited General Obligation Note, Series 2015 (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$ 1,691,935	\$	1,680,960	\$ 11,745,835	2026
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, 2012, 2013 (Refunding), 2019, (Refunding), and State Revolving Fund Loan	Net revenues from the water and sewer system and contribution charges	\$ 30,318,865	\$	9,859,772	\$ 199,489,709	2043

Note 10 - Fund Balance

The Town follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. In fiscal year 2019, this represents \$ 279,483.

Note 10 - Fund Balance (continued)

Restricted fund balance - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In fiscal year 2019, this represents \$ 15,782,513.

Committed fund balance – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority) remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance or resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category. In fiscal year 2019, this represents \$ 62,457,586.

Assigned fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council through a resolution authorized the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator, or designee, to assign fund balance. The Town Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment. In fiscal year 2019, this represents \$ 3,260,526.

Unassigned fund balance - This classification includes the remaining fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. In fiscal year 2019, this represents \$ 39,850,096.

The Town considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal agreements that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending.

Additionally, the Town would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Hurricane/Emergency and Disaster Recovery Operating Reserve - This reserve is to be maintained at 25% of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources. This reserve is established for the purposes of responding to and providing relief and recovery efforts to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during hurricane/emergency/disaster situations. Such emergencies include, but are not limited to, hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes, flooding, terrorist activity and other natural or man-made disasters. In the event these funds are utilized, they should be replenished in order to prepare for possible future events. The Town will make every effort to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of recovery from the event for which the reserve funds were used.

Note 10 - Fund Balance (continued)

At September 30, 2019, the recommended 25% operating reserve to be maintained is \$35,105,976. However, the Town reduced this reserve by as yet unreimbursed costs incurred related to Hurricane Irma of approximately \$ 12 million, of which approximately \$ 10.7 million is projected by management to be reimbursed by FEMA and approximately \$ 700,000 is projected by management to be reimbursed by the State of Florida. The remaining costs of approximately \$ 600,000 represents the Town's share, which the Town will budget to replenish in fiscal year 2020. At September 30, 2019, this net reserve is reported at \$ 23,131,027, under committed fund balance.

Prior to the close of the 2017 fiscal year, Hurricane Irma made landfall affecting almost the entire state of Florida. The long cleanup process was initiated immediately, in which a majority of the costs were incurred during fiscal year 2018. As of the issuance of this report, a material amount of reimbursements from FEMA and the State of Florida for storm related expenses is anticipated to be collected in fiscal year 2020.

Contingency and Capital Reserve - It is the Town's Council intent to maintain reserve funds "minimum fund balance" to provide for a mechanism to fund unanticipated expenditures or to finance future capital outlay requirements providing a degree of financial stability by reducing reliance on indebtedness. This category includes two separate items. The first item requires 3% (\$ 4,212,717 at September 30, 2019) of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources, to be set aside. If such reserve is to be used, it is the Town's intention to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of the contingency for which the reserve funds were used. The second item recognizes the need to identify ongoing funding sources for capital projects. If available, the Town intends to dedicate 0.1 mills of the upcoming fiscal year operating millage to capital projects. Such amount will then be used for the upcoming Capital Improvement Plan; unless during the budget process, it is determined that such funds must be utilized to offset general fund operational expenditures. At September 30, 2019, the Town elected not to dedicate such amount for capital projects.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its insured and uninsured risks of loss.

Previously, the Town joined the Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust ("PGIT"), a Public Entity Insurance Program for the Town's liability and workers compensation exposures. The members of PGIT include over 750 municipalities who have entered into an interlocal agreement with the trust. Should a deficit develop in PGIT, after excess reinsurance recoveries, whereby claims or other expenses cannot be paid, each member assumes liability for the costs of claims brought against that member as if individually self-insured.

Effective July 2002, the Town became self-insured for health benefits. In 2019, the Town conducted a study on its liability for unpaid claims relating to its health benefits and workers compensation. As a result of this study, the Town recorded a liability of \$ 2,359,309 based upon actuarial calculations.

Note 11 - Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the estimated liability for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Liability	-	Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimates	-	Claims (Paid) Adjustments	Ending Liability
2018	\$ 2,092,659	\$	11,258,300	\$	10,634,877	\$ 2,716,082
2019	\$ 2,716,082	\$	11,228,269	\$	11,585,042	\$ 2,359,309

The estimated liability for health care claims and workers compensation claims as of September 30, 2019 was approximately \$829,000 and \$1,530,000 respectively.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior fiscal year. The Town purchases insurance for exposures not covered by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. During the past three (3) fiscal years, no settlements exceeded the coverage provided by this insurance.

Amounts are paid into the Self-Insurance Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, premiums and administrative costs of the program.

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt

Litigation: The Town is involved in various pending lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of management, any potential losses resulting from claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

Commitments: The Town has entered into various agreements related to major infrastructure projects. Outstanding commitments at September 30, 2019 amounted to approximately \$ 12,504,000, which are included in the encumbrances discussed below.

In addition, as a prerequisite for approval of development plats, the Town requires developers to install certain infrastructure elements (roadways, drainage, sidewalks, lighting, landscaping, etc.) that accrue to a development as a whole. Should the developer fail to install the required infrastructure, the Town would be obligated to complete the amenities. To reduce the financial risk that may exist, the Town also requires the developer to guarantee, through third parties, the estimated amount of money that would be necessary to complete the project. At September 30, 2019, the Town held the following guarantees for developers' infrastructure requirements.

Surety bonds	\$	23,408,084
Irrevocable letters of credit	•	3,994,562
Cash bonds		503,110
	•	
Total	\$	27,905,756

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt (continued)

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At September 30, 2019, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor/contractor in the next year are as follows:

Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$	3,365
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	·	157,173
Capital Projects Fund		10,278,242
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		369,964
Proprietary Funds:		
Water and Sewer Fund		4,013,385
Golf Fund		30,400
Vehicle Maintenance Fund	_	680,838
Total	\$	15,533,367

The encumbrances and related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, but are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year.

Contingencies:

Financial Assistance

The Town receives financial assistance from numerous federal, state, and local governmental agencies in the form of grants and revenue sharing. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, such disallowed claims, if any, are not expected to have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the Town at September 30, 2019.

Conduit Debt: In May 2009, the Town authorized the issuance of \$ 60 million Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 as conduit debt on behalf of Nova Southeastern University (the "University"). The bond proceeds were earmarked to pay for the cost of educational facilities to be acquired, constructed and equipped by the University. The outstanding balance on these Bonds at September 30, 2019 was \$ 34,602,886. The Town is not obligated to repay these Bonds.

In October 2013, the Town authorized the issuance of \$ 114 million Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 A and B as conduit debt on behalf of the University. The bond proceeds, along with the Series 2009 Bonds previously mentioned, were earmarked to refund existing debt, and to pay for the cost of educational facilities to be acquired, constructed and equipped by the University. The outstanding balance on these Bonds at September 30, 2019 was \$ 94,155,000 and \$ 13,790,000 for the Series A and B, respectively. The Town is not obligated to repay these Bonds.

In June 2018, the Town authorized the issuance of \$ 141 million Educational Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 as conduit debt on behalf of the University. The bond proceeds were earmarked to refund existing debt, and to pay for the acquisition, construction, improving and equipping of dormitory facilities, residence halls and classroom facilities, located on the University Campus. The outstanding balance on these Bonds at September 30, 2019 was \$ 139,740,000. The Town is not obligated to repay these Bonds.

Note 13 - Defined Contribution Plan

The Town of Davie is a single employer that contributes to the Town of Davie Money Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan currently covers all eligible full-time employees hired prior to October 1, 2007, not covered by the Police or Fire Pension Plans, and who opted not to join the Management and General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan. At September 30, 2019, there were 25 plan members. Contributions for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 for the Plan were approximately \$ 217,000 (representing approximately \$ 1,902,000 in covered payroll).

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depends solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. The Plan provides for two contribution rate levels based on job classifications. For full-time managers, professionals, and certain technical non-unionized personnel, the Town is required to contribute an amount equal to 10% of the employees' gross earnings. The employees must contribute 1.4% of their pretax pay to the plan; however, under IRC 401(a), the Town has elected to "pick-up" the employees' mandatory contribution. The Town has no liability to the employees covered by this Plan other than the employer contribution to the Plan. For all other employees covered by the Plan, the Town is currently required to contribute 11.4% of the employees' gross earnings. There is no mandatory employee contribution to the Plan. Employees hired before January 1, 1996 are 100% vested for all amounts contributed. Employees hired after January 1, 1996 are vested 100% for Town contributions after five years of eligible service. These contribution rates are established in the Plan documents which were adopted by resolution of the Town Council and which may be amended only by the Town Council.

The Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plan's assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. State contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State of Florida. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. The overall valuation processes and information sources by major investment classification are as follows: 1) equity securities and similar funds traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollar at the exchange rate in effect at September 30. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings; 2) debt securities and similar fixed income funds can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type; 3) alternative investments and similar real estate funds typically include investments where no readily ascertainable market value exists. To value these investments, management, in consultation with the general partner and investment advisors, determines the fair values for the individual investments based upon the partnership's or limited liability company's most recent available financial information adjusted for cash flow activities through year end - the estimated fair value of these investments may differ from values that would have been used had a ready market existed; and 4) mutual funds are generally valued by a third party pricing source who strikes the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the holdings at year end. Other mutual funds held by the Plans are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission; publish the NAV on a daily basis; and are deemed actively traded.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net (depreciation) appreciation in fair value of investments on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recognized as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are based on average cost identification methods.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position.

B. General Information About the Plans

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Firefighters' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Firefighters' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 80-42 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 22233 Drawbridge Dr., Leesburg, Florida 34748.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time firefighters that have met the conditions of eligibility. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier one members are members hired prior to January 20, 2016 and Tier two members hired on or after such date.

<u>Contributions</u>: Members are required to contribute 9% of their earnable compensation, starting at their eligibility date and continuing to their date of retirement, disability, termination, death, or entry into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP"), whichever comes first. The State contributes pursuant to Chapter 175 of the Florida Statutes, a premium tax on certain casualty insurance contracts written on Town of Davie properties. The premium tax is collected by the State and remitted to the Town. The Town received \$ 952,655 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town contributions are based upon actuarially determined amounts, which together with earnings, plan member and State contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay for benefits when due.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. A Tier One member may retire on the first day of the month which falls on, or next follows, the date on which the member completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age, or the date on which a member attains age 55 and completes 10 years or more of credited service. A Tier Two member is eligible for retirement after completion of 24 years of credited service, regardless of age, or age 55 with at least 10 years of credited service.

For a Tier One member the amount of normal retirement income is 3% times final monthly compensation multiplied by credited service for the first 10 years. Normal retirement benefit is a 4% multiplier for years 11 to 15 and a 5% multiplier for years 16 through 20, resulting in a 75% benefit after 20 years of service. After 20 years of service, the multiplier shall be 2% per year. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 95% of final monthly compensation.

For a Tier Two member, the amount of normal retirement income is 3.125% times final monthly compensation multiplied by credited service. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 80% of final monthly compensation.

Early retirement is the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date the member attains age 50 with 10 or more years of credited service. The amount of early retirement income is the monthly accrued benefit earned by a member at his or her early retirement date, reduced by 3% per year for commencement prior to normal retirement date.

Share Plan benefit: In addition to the monthly pension benefit, individual "share accounts" have been created for each participant. The Share Plan is funded exclusively with excess Chapter 175 premium tax revenues. Participants receive "shares" for each full year of service rendered. Partial shares are allocated for full months of service. Vesting occurs when the participant has completed ten years of credited service; or the participant becomes eligible for a normal, early, disability, deferred vested or death benefit. Each year, after receipt of the annual distribution of chapter money from the State, the Board of Trustees, with the advice of their actuary, determines the amount of excess chapter money received during the fiscal year that has not been otherwise committed for benefits. Allocation of shares are credited to the participants who on the Town's payroll on September 30 of the year. Upon retirement, participants become eligible to receive a distribution of their share account balance.

Effective upon the ratification of the 2017-2020 collective bargaining agreement, it was agreed that all of the Chapter 175 premium tax revenues that were then being held in reserve (including but not limited to any available funds as defined in the Share Plan, which have not yet been allocated to individual share accounts as of the date of ratification) and any premium tax revenues received on or after that date shall be used to offset the Town's contributions to the pension plan. As a result of this, beginning on the 2019 fiscal year, these amounts will no longer be used to fund the Share Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: In a year where a COLA reserve check is awarded, the retiree will receive 5% of the annual retirement benefit times the number of years that the participant has been retired up to a maximum of 10 years, resulting in a benefit not to exceed the lesser of 50% of the participant's annual pension or \$ 26,500. In the event of an actuarial gain, a positive market value return on assets, or both, retirees receive a "13th check," subject to adjustments.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP")</u>: Effective September 30, 1998, members who continue in employment past normal retirement date and have attained the 20 years of credited service may enter the DROP. The DROP is administered by Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Board of Trustees. The rate of return earned by the DROP is the same as that earned by the Plan less a \$ 10 per month adjustment for expenses. Once a member enters the DROP, the monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and the monthly benefit is paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them and they also begin to receive the (frozen) monthly retirement benefit. In general, the maximum period of DROP participation is five years for all members entering the DROP after June 21, 2007. The total years of credited service plus DROP participants cannot exceed 30 to 31 years, based on eligibility dates.

For the Plan year beginning October 1, 2011, DROP participants have the option to "self-direct" their DROP account balances using certain investment options available under the DROP program. The Board approved that the self-directed DROP be administered by Mass Mutual. Any losses, charges or expenses incurred by the DROP participant shall be borne by the participant, not the Town or the Plan.

The value of the total DROP balance, including amounts pertaining to "self-directed" balances, at September 30, 2019 was \$ 11,075,035.

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Police Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Police Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 76-13 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Police Employees' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 13790 NW 4th Street, Suite 105, Sunrise, Florida 33324.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time sworn police officers. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier One members are members hired prior to October 1, 2010 and Tier Two members are members hired on or after such date.

<u>Contributions:</u> Members are required to contribute 9% of their basic compensation to the Plan, starting on their eligibility dates and continuing to their date of retirement, disability, termination or death, whichever comes first. Pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 185, contributions from the State of Florida Department of Insurance consist of an excise tax imposed by the Town upon certain casualty insurance companies on the gross amount of receipts of premiums from policy holders on all premiums collected on casualty insurance policies covering property within the Town. The Town received \$ 1,051,508 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town pays into the Plan such amount as is determined actuarially to provide for benefits under the Plan not met by member contributions. This amount is reduced by any allowable Chapter 185 State contributions.

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits.

Tier One members - Any member may retire the earlier of the date on which they attain 20 years of benefit service or the date on which they attain age 55. For members terminating service with more than 15 years but less than 20 years of benefit service, the normal retirement benefit will commence on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date the member would have completed 20 years of benefit service. A member has vested benefits after 10 years of continuous service. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly benefit amount equal to the number of years of benefit service multiplied by 3% of final average earnings for the first 10 years of service plus 4% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 5% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 2% for the next 10 years of benefit service, with a 95% maximum. However, after 47 ½ years of benefit service, benefits shall recommence at a rate of 2% of final average earnings per year.

Tier Two members - Tier Two benefits shall be administered in the same manner as Tier One benefits, except as follows: the normal retirement benefit for Tier Two members shall be calculated using a 3% multiplier for the first 20 years of service, and 2% for each additional year, up to a maximum benefit of 80%. Notwithstanding the 80% cap, benefits shall accrue at a rate of 2% per year for any active Tier Two member after 40 years of service. The member's benefits commence on the first day of the month following their retirement date and are continued until death; however, benefits may be payable to the members' beneficiaries, depending on the optional form of payment elected. A member with the consent of the Town may continue to work beyond their normal retirement date and retire on any subsequent first day of the month.

Any member who has completed 10 years of benefit service and attained age 50 may retire early, with the consent of the Town. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly benefit amount equal to the number of years of benefit service multiplied by 3% of final average earnings for the first 10 years of service plus 4% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 5% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 2% for the next 10 years of benefit service. The benefit will be reduced for early payment so that it is actuarially equivalent to the normal retirement benefit. Effective May 1, 2011, the early retirement reduction shall be no more than 3% per year. The member also has the option of deferring the commencement of the monthly benefit at normal retirement date, the earlier of the date the member would have attained 20 years of benefit service (provided the member has completed 15 years of actual benefit service) or age 55. In such case, there would be no actuarial reduction to the monthly benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA"): An annual COLA will be granted to retirees and beneficiaries. Disability retirees are not eligible for a COLA. The amount of the COLA will be 2% per year. For officers who retired prior to October 1, 1997, the monthly benefit after the yearly COLA will not exceed 115% of the original monthly benefit prior to COLA. For post October 1, 1997 retirees, the limit for future monthly benefits after COLA will be 130% of the original benefit amounts prior to any COLA. The first annual COLA will commence on the fifth anniversary of retirement, but no earlier than November 1, 2004.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP"):</u> A Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") was implemented for the year ended September 30, 1998. The DROP is administered by the Police Officers' Pension Board of Trustees. The rate of return earned by the DROP is the same as that earned by the Plan less a \$ 10 per month adjustment for expenses. Once a member enters the DROP, the monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and the monthly benefit is paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account is payable to them and they also begin to receive the (frozen) monthly retirement benefit. The DROP has a five (5) year maximum participation period. Effective October, 1, 2010, DROP participants may remain in the DROP for up to 5 years. In no event can the total of the sum of years of credited service and years of DROP participant exceed 30 years for a member who enters the DROP.

All members electing to participate in the DROP are required upon entering DROP to transfer any accumulated leave balances above four hundred and eighty (480) hours into the member's DROP account, subject to the annual limit set forth in the Internal Revenue Code.

The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2019 was \$ 9,498,349.

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Management and General Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 2004-2. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, there is no separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description:</u> On October 1, 2003 the Town Council created, under the laws of the State of Florida, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan covers substantially all full-time management and general employees. Management level employees include the Town Administrator, Assistant Town Administrator, Directors, Police and Fire Chief, Deputy Police and Fire Chief, Town Clerk, Deputy Town Clerk, Redevelopment Administrator and Assistant Directors. General employees are full-time employees not classified as management and are not otherwise restricted. The plan is administered by the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund ("FMITF"). The Plan is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval.

<u>Contributions</u>: The Town provides all funding requirements for the Plan, based on actuarial determined amounts. All active members hired prior to October 1, 2013 are required to contribute 2.5% of salary. All active members hired on or after October 1, 2013 shall make regular contributions to the Plan of 3% of salary.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. Management level employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 52 and three years of vested service or age 48 and twenty years of vested service. General employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 60 and six years of vested service or age 56 and thirty years of vested services. For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal retirement date is attainment of age 65 with ten years of vested service or thirty years of vested service and age 60.

Normal benefits for management level employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 3%. Average final compensation, for management, means the one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best three years of credited service or career average, whichever is greater. Normal benefits for general employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 2%. Average final compensation, for general employees, means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best five years of credited services or career average, whichever is greater.

For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal benefits shall be a monthly benefit equal to the number of years of credited service multiplied by average final compensation and multiplied by one and eight-tenths percent (1.8%). For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, average final compensation means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the six best years of credited service prior to separation as an active member or the career average, whichever is greater.

The employee contributions accumulated with interest at the rate of 6% per annum; if a non-vested participant terminates employment, the member receives the accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan; vested participants may optionally elect to receive their accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: All benefits include an automatic 3% annual cost-of-living adjustment which is effective for payments made at least five years after initial retirement.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP")</u>: A member is eligible to participate in the management and general employees Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") at attainment of normal retirement age for a period of up to 60 months. The DROP is administered by the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund Board of Trustees. The Plan earns a 6.5%, per annum, rate of return. Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them.

The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2019 was \$ 209,061.

Plan Membership: Employee membership data for the plans at October 1, 2018 was as follows:

	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Inactive employees:			
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but			
not yet receiving them Deferred retirement option plan	80	111	197
participants	12	27	3
Active plan participants	151	159	273
Total	243	297	473

C. Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was determined based on a measurement date of September 30, 2018 for all three plans.

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	<u>-</u>	Firefighter's Pension Plan	_	Police Employees' Pension Plan	_	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
Total pension liability	\$	137,433,449	\$	196,372,184	\$	77,863,210	\$	411,668,843
Plan fiduciary net position		(116,422,111)	_	(169,799,320)	_	(72,426,858)	-	(358,648,289)
Town's net pension liability	\$	21,011,338	\$	26,572,864	\$	5,436,352	\$	53,020,554
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		84.71%		86.47%		93.02%		87.12%

For governmental activities, net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total net pension liability at September 30, 2019 was determined by using actuarial valuations as of October 1, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total net pension liability to September 30, 2018 (the measurement date). The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.50%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: RP-2000 Mortality Tables.

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.50% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.50%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: RP-2000 Mortality Tables.

Management and General Employees'

Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.00%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality

Table with full generational improvements in mortality using

Scale BB.

<u>Investment Policy</u> -The Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by their respective Boards. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

The following are the adopted target asset allocations:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Domestic equity	55.00%	50.00%	50.00%
International equity	10.00%	12.50%	10.00%
Fixed income	25.00%	27.50%	
Real estate funds	10.00%	10.00%	
Core bonds			16.00%
Multi-sector			24.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Domestic equity	4.60% - 5.00%	5.50% - 7.40%	6.08% - 6.83%
International equity	5.20%	3.04%	6.83%
Fixed income	1.50%	2.18%	
Real estate funds	4.50%	5.30%	
Core bonds			0.58%
Multi-sector			1.08%
Absolute return	3.00%		
Global infrastructure	4.00%		

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 4.10%, 2.30%, and 5.40% for the Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The Plans did not have any concentrations (individual investment; 5% or more of fiduciary net position) that warranted disclosure.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%, 7.50% and 7.00% per annum for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that the Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates (statutorily required) and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plans was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

D. Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

	Increase (Decrease)										
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)								
Balances, as of September 30, 2017, Measurement Date	\$ 125,200,743	\$102,468,492_	\$22,732,251_								
Changes for the year:											
Service cost	4,094,128	-	4,094,128								
Interest	9,741,256	-	9,741,256								
Contributions - employer	-	5,319,720	(5,319,720)								
Contributions - state	-	872,448	(872,448)								
Contributions - members	=	1,340,288	(1,340,288)								
Net investment income (loss)	-	10,947,094	(10,947,094)								
Benefit payments, including											
refunds of member contributions	(4,382,442)	(4,382,442)	-								
Change in assumptions	491,896	-	491,896								
Differences between expected											
and actual experience	2,287,868	-	2,287,868								
Administrative expenses		(143,489)	143,489								
Net changes	12,232,706	13,953,619	(1,720,913)								
Balances, as of September 30, 2018,											
Measurement Date	\$ <u>137,433,449</u>	\$ 116,422,111	\$ 21,011,338								

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)										
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)								
Balances, as of September 30, 2017, Measurement Date	\$ 180,619,624	\$ 153,060,867	\$ 27,558,757								
Changes for the year:											
Service cost	4,574,502	-	4,574,502								
Interest	13,924,970	-	13,924,970								
Contributions - employer	-	6,223,000	(6,223,000)								
Contributions - state	-	938,653	(938,653)								
Contributions - members	-	1,382,963	(1,382,963)								
Contributions - buy back	-	643,473	(643,473)								
DROP account	-	431,816	(431,816)								
Net investment income (loss)	-	13,757,131	(13,757,131)								
Benefit payments, including											
refunds of member contributions	(6,438,104)	(6,438,104)	-								
Change in assumptions	3,193,344	-	3,193,344								
Differences between expected											
and actual experience	497,848	-	497,848								
Administrative expenses		(200,479)	200,479								
Net changes	15,752,560	16,738,453	(985,893)								
Balances, as of September 30, 2018,											
Measurement Date	\$ 196,372,184	\$ 169,799,320	\$ 26,572,864								

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

		Increase (Decrease)										
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)						
Balances, as of September 30, 2017, Measurement Date	\$	72,625,168	\$	64,547,803	\$	8,077,365						
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		3,706,722		-		3,706,722						
Interest		5,281,827		-		5,281,827						
Contributions - employer		-		4,389,592		(4,389,592)						
Contributions - members		-		481,568		(481,568)						
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including		-		5,065,294		(5,065,294)						
refunds of member contributions		(1,946,180)		(1,965,892)		19,712						
Demographics experience		(1,804,327)		-		(1,804,327)						
Change in assumptions		-		-		-						
Administrative expenses		-		(91,507)		91,507						
Net changes		5,238,042		7,879,055		(2,641,013)						
Balances, as of September 30, 2018, Measurement Date	\$	77,863,210	\$	72,426,858	\$	5,436,352						
measarement bute	٠,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Υ,	72,720,030	۲	3,730,332						

The net pension liability for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is allocated to the governmental activities and business-type activities based on the distribution of current year contributions to the Plan. At September 30, 2019, it is distributed 83% to governmental activities and 17% to business-type activities.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, 7.50% and 7.00% for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Firefighters' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 36,431,118	\$ 21,011,338	\$ 8,347,355
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Police Employees' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ _50,662,473	\$ 26,572,864	\$ 6,288,932
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Management and General Employees':			
Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 17,361,635	\$ 5,436,352	\$ (4,182,109)

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense as follows:

					ı	Management		
				Police		and General		Total
		Firefighter's		Employees'		Employees'		Pension
		Pension		Pension		Pension		Trust
	_	Plan	_	Plan	_	Plan	_	Funds
Total Pension Expense	\$	3,033,752	\$_	9,199,007	\$_	5,597,545	\$_	17,830,304

At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows:	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and	\$ 6,222,908	\$ 7,676,508 17,015,734	\$ 4,029,322 10,479,204	\$	17,928,738 27,494,938
actual experience	4,133,411	 4,060,636	 -	-	8,194,047
Total	\$ 10,356,319	\$ 28,752,878	\$ 14,508,526	\$	53,617,723

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the subsequent fiscal period, September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Deferred Inflows:	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and	\$ 5,430,693 2,002,167	\$ 4,247,069 -	\$ 2,020,345 -	\$ 11,698,107 2,002,167
actual experience	-	-	2,297,900	2,297,900
Total	\$ 7,432,860	\$ 4,247,069	\$ 4,318,245	\$ 15,998,174

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Firefighters' Pension Plan	_	Police Employees' Pension Plan	_	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
2020	\$ (1,204,798)	\$	4,423,119	\$	1,675,038	\$	4,893,359
2021	(2,210,769)		2,767,073		794,267		1,350,571
2022	(1,740,464)		3,091,286		914,670		2,265,492
2023	(748,237)		2,851,002		1,413,959		3,516,724
2024	433,447		1,869,846		856,454		3,159,747
Thereafter	2,171,372		1,826,975		506,571		4,504,918
	\$ (3,299,449)	\$	16,829,301	\$	6,160,959	\$	19,690,811

F. Pension Trust Funds

The Town maintains three pension trust funds to account for its fiduciary responsibility. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for pension benefits at September 30, 2019 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statements of Net Position:

	_	Firefighters' Pension Plan	_	Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Assets:	۲	477 510	۲	1 021 070	۲	714 002	۲	2 112 402
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	477,510	\$	1,921,079	\$	714,903	\$	3,113,492
Investments		125,323,865		170,364,220		78,718,819		374,406,904
Receivables		1,136,845		320,275		-		1,457,120
Prepaid expenses	-	302,160	-	629,728		-	_	931,888
Total assets	-	127,240,380	-	173,235,302		79,433,722	-	379,909,404
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		46,326		185,345		-		231,671
Payable for securities purchased		-		66,637		-		66,637
Prepaid contributions	_	3,147,647	_	-		-	_	3,147,647
Total liabilities	-	3,193,973	_	251,982		-	_	3,445,955
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	124,046,407	\$	172,983,320	\$	79,433,722	\$	376,463,449

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position:

		Firefighters' Pension Plan		Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions:								
Contributions	\$	7,713,323	\$	9,689,748	\$	4,837,969	\$	22,241,040
Net investment income		4,911,877		3,714,484		4,259,240		12,885,601
Other income		4,638		-		-		4,638
Total additions		12,629,838	-	13,404,232	ı i	9,097,209	•	35,131,279
Deductions:								
Benefits paid		4,865,939		9,924,196		1,935,626		16,725,761
Refunds of contributions		5,031		89,078		62,382		156,491
Administrative expenses	-	134,572	-	206,958		92,337		433,867
Total deductions	-	5,005,542	-	10,220,232		2,090,345		17,316,119
Change in net position	\$	7,624,296	\$	3,184,000	\$	7,006,864	\$	17,815,160

Note 15 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the Town is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the Town's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The Town does not provide retirees with any subsidy for this benefit.

The Town elected to establish an irrevocable other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") trust and began funding the obligation during fiscal year 2009, leaving no unfunded obligation.

Plan Description: In September 2008, the Town established the OPEB Trust, a single employer defined benefit health care plan to all of its employees except for part-time employees and full-time employees who either resign or are terminated. The Town Council is authorized to establish and amend benefit levels, subject to minimum requirements set forth by Florida Statutes, and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

As of October 1, 2018, employee membership data related to the OPEB Plan was as follows:

Inactive employees: Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	
yet receiving them	31
Active plan participants	611
Total	642

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Funding Policy: The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, at their own cost to continue to obtain health, dental and other insurance benefits upon retirement. The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an Employer Contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees and their dependents for the year net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made: Since inception, the Town has contributed \$ 968,000 to the plan through the Florida League of Cities-Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) to pre-fund the Town's OPEB costs. There were no employee contributions to the plan.

OPEB Trust Fund: The Town maintains an OPEB trust fund to account for its fiduciary responsibility, but there are no annual minimum required employer contributions. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for OPEB benefits at September 30, 2019 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statement of Net Position:

A I .	OPEB Trust
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 14,975 2,480,802
Total assets	2,495,777
Liabilities:	
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$ 2,495,777
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position:	
	OPEB Trust
Additions:	_
Additions: Net investment income	\$ _
	\$ Trust
Net investment income	\$ 132,379
Net investment income Total additions Deductions:	\$ 132,379 132,379

Investment Policy: The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town's Council. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan. The following is the adopted target asset allocation:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation
Core bonds Multi-sector U.S large cap equity U.S small cap equity Non-U.S. equity	16.00% 24.00% 39.00% 11.00%
Total	100.00%

<u>Rate of Return</u>: For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, was 5.40%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The Plan did not have any concentrations (individual investment; 5% or more of fiduciary net position) that warranted disclosure.

Net OPEB (Asset) Liability of the Town: The components of the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town at September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$	1,351,635
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(2,371,351)
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ _	(1,019,716)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (asset)		175.44%

For governmental activities, net other post employment obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016, with update procedures used to roll-forward the total net OPEB (asset) liability to September 30, 2018 (measurement date). The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement age:

Firefighters and police officers retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 55 with 10 years of service or any age with 20 to 24 years of service. Management employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 52 with 3 years service or age 48 with 20 years of service. General employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 60/65 with 6/10 years of service or age 56/60 with 30 years of service, based on date of hire.

Healthcare cost trend rates: Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 8.00% for

the 2016-2017 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to

5.00% for the 2022/2023 and later fiscal years.

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum; this rate was used to discount all future

benefit payments and is based on the expected long-term return on assets, which was determined as of the valuation

date by the Asset Consulting Group.

Cost-of-living increases: Retiree contributions and health insurance claims have been

assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost

trend rates.

Inflation: 2.92%

Salary increases: 3.00% per annum.

Investment rate of returns: 7.00%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined

Mortality Table with full generational improvements in

mortality using Scale BB.

Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability

	_	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances, as of September 30, 2017, Measurement Date	\$ 1,267,650	\$ 2,216,930 \$	(949,280)					
Changes for the year: Service cost Expected interest growth Benefit payments and refunds Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses Net changes	35,911 89,813 (41,739) - - - 83,985	- - - 169,197 (14,776) 154,421	35,911 89,813 (41,739) (169,197) 14,776 (70,436)					
Balances, as of September 30, 2018, Measurement Date	\$ 1,351,635	\$ <u>2,371,351</u> \$	(1,019,716)					

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Expected Real Rate
of Return
0.50% 1.00% 6.00% 6.75% 6.75%

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% per annum. The OPEB's plan fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease Di (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(818,605)	\$_	(1,019,716)	\$	(1,189,357)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare				
		Cost Trend				
	1% Decrease Rates					
	(7.00% graded	(7.00% graded (8.00% graded				
	down to 4.00%)	down to 5.00%)	down to 6.00%			
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$ (1,251,838)	\$ (1,019,716)	\$ (735,079)			

OPEB Expense (Credit) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$ (84,157).

At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB from the following sources:

	О	ther Post -
	Er	nployment
	Ber	nefits (OPEB)
Deferred Inflows:		Plan
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan		
investments	\$	87,632

There were no deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ (28,242) (28,242) (28,243) (2,905)
	\$ (87,632)

Note 16 - Stewardship and Accountability

Budget: The Town is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Appropriations at the year-end that are encumbered are brought forward and become part of the subsequent year's original budget.

Note 17 - Future Adoption of GASB Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several statements not yet implemented by the Town. The statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued in January 2017. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB Statement No. 84 is effective for the Town fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

Note 17 - Future Adoption of GASB Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued in June 2017. The objective of this statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. GASB Statement No. 87 is effective for the Town fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued in June 2018. The objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 is effective for the Town fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, was issued in August 2018. The objective of this statement is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. It also improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. GASB Statement No. 90 is effective for the Town fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

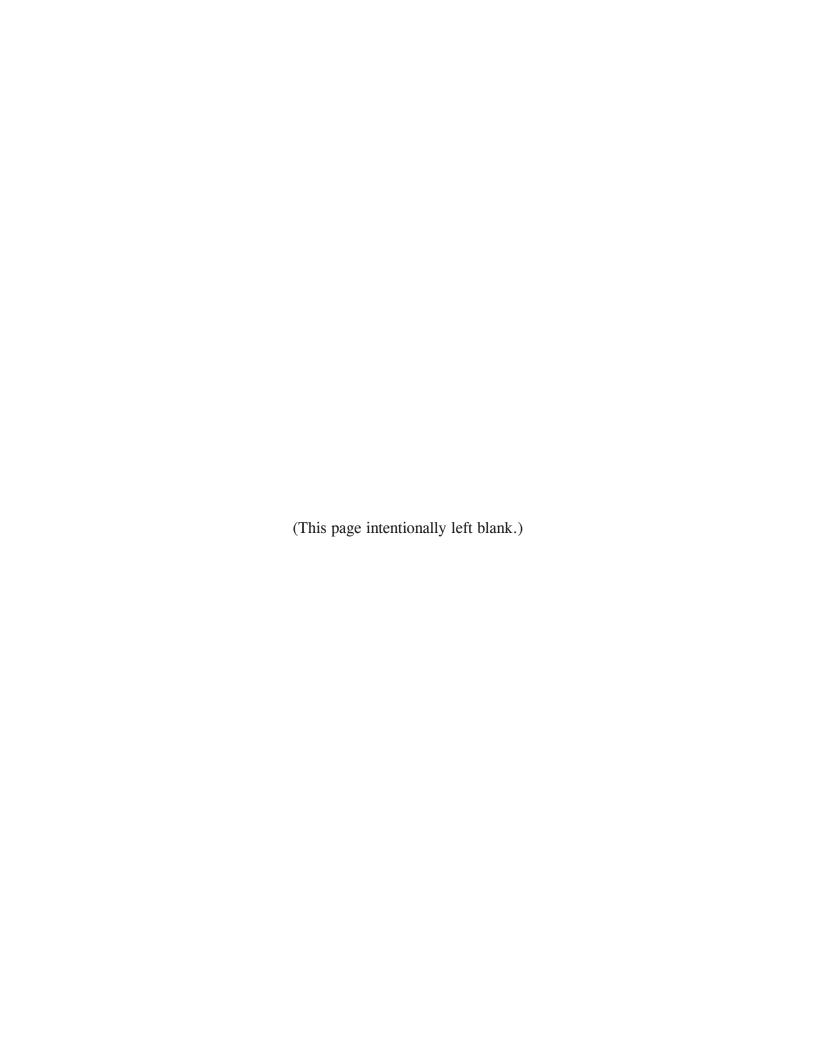
GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, was issued in May 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 91 is effective for the Town fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, was issued in January 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB Statement No. 92 is effective for the Town fiscal years ending September 30, 2020 and 2021.

The Town's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the Town's financial statements.

Note 18 – Subsequent Events

In March 2020, the *World Health Organization* declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. As a result, the local and global financial markets are experiencing significant declines and creating economic uncertainties. At this time, it is unknown how this negative outlook will impact the Town's financial statements. No adjustments have been made to the accompanying financial statements as a result of the current events.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	_	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Utility service taxes Franchise fees Intergovernmental Other general taxes Permits and fees Charges for services Fire assessments Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	55,234,745 9,200,000 10,609,540 13,140,251 3,892,000 5,818,850 15,340,179 12,565,545 952,400 1,153,000 3,818,758	\$	55,234,745 9,180,000 10,434,540 13,106,251 3,892,000 7,314,092 15,290,304 12,631,745 970,600 1,465,000 3,749,258	\$ 55,494,922 9,192,055 10,628,729 14,150,001 4,204,111 12,111,749 16,338,368 12,898,200 1,531,597 3,304,410 4,107,971	\$ 260,177 12,055 194,189 1,043,750 312,111 4,797,657 1,048,064 266,455 560,997 1,839,410 358,713
Total revenues		131,725,268	_	133,268,535	143,962,113	10,693,578
Expenditures: General government: General services department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay		6,898,452 4,170,302 170,850 11,239,604	-	6,884,555 4,185,659 169,390 11,239,604	6,407,103 3,238,312 77,735 9,723,150	477,452 947,347 91,655 1,516,454
Building and engineering division: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay		4,668,740 1,356,929 135,300 6,160,969	-	4,568,735 1,882,934 135,300 6,586,969	 4,201,986 1,584,274 47,779 5,834,039	366,749 298,660 87,521 752,930
Total general government		17,400,573	_	17,826,573	15,557,189	2,269,384
Public safety: Police department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay		42,043,561 8,186,272 761,530 50,991,363	-	41,953,561 8,275,272 762,530 50,991,363	40,052,261 7,399,094 346,128 47,797,483	1,901,300 876,178 416,402 3,193,880
Fire department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay		31,892,260 4,528,619 313,874 36,734,753	-	31,813,760 4,607,119 333,874 36,754,753	29,863,689 4,053,916 108,909 34,026,514	1,950,071 553,203 224,965 2,728,239
Total public safety		87,726,116	-	87,746,116	81,823,997	5,922,119

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019
(continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued):				
Public works: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	5,212,873 4,181,876 13,800	5,238,358 4,257,238 22,953	4,907,394 3,753,126 22,931	330,964 504,112 22
Total public works	9,408,549	9,518,549	8,683,451	835,098
Parks, recreation and cultural arts:				
Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	3,149,763 1,983,455 66,620	3,149,763 1,983,455 66,620	2,739,970 1,770,599 48,603	409,793 212,856 18,017
Total parks, recreation and			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
cultural arts	5,199,838	5,199,838	4,559,172	640,666
Non-departmental: Operating	1,678,335	1,751,085	870,295	880,790
Total non-departmental	1,678,335	1,751,085	870,295	880,790
Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges	3,767,616 640,774	3,767,616 640,774	3,767,616 640,768	- <u>6</u>
Total debt service	4,408,390	4,408,390	4,408,384	6
Total expenditures	125,821,801	126,450,551	115,902,488	10,548,063
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,903,467	6,817,984	28,059,625	21,241,641
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated fund balance Transfers in Transfers out	179,119 - (6,082,586)	7,373,530 25,322 (14,216,836)	25,322 (17,396,734)	(7,373,530) - (3,179,898)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,903,467)	(6,817,984)	(17,371,412)	(10,553,428)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	10,688,213	\$ 10,688,213
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u></u>	61,178,101	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 71,866,314	

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida Community Endowment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		9 days	.1 A					Variance with Final Budget
	-	Budgete Original	a A	mounts Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	-	Original	-	Tillai	-	Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues: Franchise fees Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous	\$	100,000 - 600	\$	100,000 - 600	\$_	101,394 (1,927) 10,993	\$	1,394 (1,927) 10,393
Total revenues	-	100,600	=	100,600	_	110,460	-	9,860
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Operating		134,637	_	134,637	_	130,901	_	3,736
Total expenditures	-	134,637	_	134,637	_	130,901	-	3,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(34,037)	-	(34,037)	_	(20,441)	-	13,596
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance		34,037	_	34,037	_	-	_	(34,037)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	34,037	_	34,037	_	-	_	(34,037)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$_			(20,441)	\$	(20,441)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	253,093		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	232,652		

Town of Davie, Florida
Community Redevelopment Agency
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	•	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	2,316,526	\$	2,413,049	\$	2,413,049	; ;	<u> </u>
Charges for services Investment income	·	60,000		60,000	•	25,413 60,149	-	25,413 149
Total revenues		2,376,526		2,473,049		2,498,611	_	25,562
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Personnel services Operating		321,614 1,413,427		321,614 1,412,927		303,580 1,024,622		18,034 388,305
Capital outlay Total general government		6,867,661 8,602,702		7,447,888 9,182,429		2,160,545 3,488,747	_	5,287,343 5,693,682
Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service		1,387,710 337,132 1,724,842		1,409,146 336,136 1,745,282		1,409,146 336,092 1,745,238	_	- 44 44
Total expenditures		10,327,544		10,927,711		5,233,985	_	5,693,726
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(7,951,018)		(8,454,662)		(2,735,374)	_	5,719,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								(0.00.000)
Appropriated fund balance Transfers in		5,829,876 2,121,142		6,334,270 2,120,392		- 2,120,392	_	(6,334,270) <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	7,951,018	•	8,454,662		2,120,392	_	(6,334,270)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-		(614,982)	\$_	(614,982)
Fund balance, beginning of year						6,334,269		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	5,719,287		

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund. In September, formal public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The legal level of control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed the budget, is at the department level. The Town Administrator is authorized to execute intradepartmental budget transfers within the department budgets as long as the net change in a department's total appropriation is zero. Any budget transfers between departments which increase or decrease a department's budget and all amendments that alter the budget in total must be approved by the Town Council. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any department within the General Fund, Community Endowment Fund or the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund.

2. Explanation of Differences Between – Budget to Actual and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Special Revenue Funds)

Total revenues, per budget and actual, Page 103

896,446

875,828

Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:

Revenues from the Town's State Housing Initiative Partnership are reported in the Community Development Block Grant for budgetary purposes but in the State Housing Initiative Partnership for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund Revenues	(552,277)
Total revenues, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	

and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Page 102 \$ 344,169

Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:

Total expenditures, per budget and actual, Page 103

Expenditures from the Town's State Housing Initiative Partnership are reported in the Community Development Block Grant for budgetary purposes but in the State Housing Initiative Partnership for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund Expenditures (552,277)

Total expenditures, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Page 102 \$ 323,551

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Firefighters' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability			4			
Service cost	\$ 4,249,641 10,457,898	\$ 4,094,128 9,741,256	\$ 3,736,220 8,870,894	\$ 3,763,362 7,880,847	\$ 3,662,229 7,534,708	\$ 4,492,271 6,644,317
Expected interest growth Differences between expected	10,457,696	9,741,230	0,070,094	7,000,047	7,334,706	0,044,517
and actual experience	655,040	2,287,868	1,857,324	(1,334,314)	2,896,606	-
Changes of assumptions	1,420,307	491,896	4,290,680	1,123,055	(12,277,911)	-
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of member contributions	(4,870,970)	(4,382,442)	(3,897,474)	(5,231,413)	(4,807,524)	(3,462,249)
Net change in total pension liability	11,911,916	12,232,706	14,857,644	6,201,537	(2,991,892)	7,674,339
Total pension liability - beginning	137,433,449	125,200,743	110,343,099	104,141,562	_107,133,454	99,459,115
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ 149,345,365	\$ 137,433,449	\$ 125,200,743	\$ 110,343,099	\$ 104,141,562	\$ 107,133,454
Plan fiduciary net position	4 5 270 252	.	A 5444 460	4 2 202 202	4 246 206	Å 4.026.070
Contributions - employer Contributions - members	\$ 5,270,253 1,490,415	\$ 5,319,720	\$ 5,111,468	\$ 3,892,289	\$ 4,216,386 1,060,367	\$ 4,036,070 1,122,208
Contributions - members Contributions - state	952,655	1,340,288 872,448	1,281,189 886,398	1,102,176 919,987	984,329	966,799
Net investment and other	332,033	072,440	000,330	313,307	304,323	300,733
income (loss)	4,916,515	10,947,094	11,650,504	8,278,023	848,808	7,424,391
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of member contributions	(4,870,970)	(4,382,442)	(3,897,474)	(5,231,413)	(4,807,524)	(3,462,249)
Administrative expenses	(134,572)	(143,489)	(128,754)	(148,650)	(144,044)	(126,638)
Net change in plan fiduciary net						
position	7,624,296	13,953,619	14,903,331	8,812,412	2,158,322	9,960,581
Position						
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	116,422,111	102,468,492	87,565,161	78,752,749	76,594,427	66,633,846
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 124,046,407	\$ 116,422,111	\$ 102,468,492	\$ 87,565,161	\$ 78,752,749	\$ 76,594,427
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 25,298,958	\$ 21,011,338	\$ 22,732,251	\$ 22,777,938	\$ 25,388,813	\$ 30,539,027
ending (A) - (b)	23,298,938	3 21,011,338	22,732,231	3 22,777,938	23,366,613	30,339,027
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of the total pension liability	83.06%	84.71%	81.84%	79.36%	75.62%	71.49%
Covered payroll	\$ 14,614,321	\$ 13,995,127	\$ 13,101,270	\$ 10,905,908	\$ 12,095,009	\$ 12,085,728
Town's net pension (asset) liability as						
percentage of covered payroll	173.11%	150.13%	173.51%	208.86%	209.91%	252.69%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Position (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios
Police Employees' Pension Plan
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth	\$ 4,413,896 14,835,448	\$ 4,574,502 13,924,970	\$ 4,567,940 12,970,707	\$ 4,172,243 11,090,225	\$ 4,080,569 10,820,739	\$ 3,065,753 10,387,808
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	2,026,532	497,848 3,193,344	5,256,258 5,409,186	229,588	(698,115) 21,912,756	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(10,013,274)	(6,438,104)	(6,036,548)	(6,691,573)	(7,246,724)	(5,771,558)
Net change in total pension liability	11,262,602	15,752,560	22,167,543	8,800,483	28,869,225	7,682,003
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	196,372,184 \$ 207,634,786	180,619,624 \$ 196,372,184	158,452,081 \$ 180,619,624	149,651,598 \$ 158,452,081	120,782,373 \$ 149,651,598	113,100,370 \$ 120,782,373
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$ 6,625,000	\$ 6,223,000	\$ 6,472,000	\$ 5,672,500	\$ 5,797,600	\$ 5,503,045
Contributions - state Contributions - members	1,051,508 1,442,754	938,653 1,382,963	905,664 1,417,689	858,749 1,359,147	784,261 1,128,753	747,469 1,670,986
Contributions - buy back DROP account	12,888 557,598	643,473 431,816	686,748 129,155	365,598 221,440	256,789 106,274	
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	3,714,484 (10,013,274)	13,757,131 (6,438,104)	16,147,239 (6,036,548)	10,696,539 (6,691,573)	844,685 (7,246,724)	9,398,648 (5,771,558)
Administrative expenses	(206,958)	(200,479)	(197,732)	(192,512)	(152,164)	(171,358)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,184,000	16,738,453	19,524,215	12,289,888	1,519,474	11,377,232
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	169,799,320 \$ 172,983,320	153,060,867 \$ 169,799,320	133,536,652 \$ 153,060,867	121,246,764 \$ 133,536,652	119,727,290 \$ 121,246,764	108,350,058 \$ 119,727,290
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 34,651,466	\$ 26,572,864	\$ 27,558,757	\$ 24,915,429	\$ 28,404,834	\$ 1,055,083
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.31%	86.47%	84.74%	84.28%	81.02%	99.13%
Covered payroll	\$ 15,236,338	\$ 15,388,083	\$ 15,278,632	\$ 14,068,195	\$ 13,411,960	\$ 13,916,944
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	227.43%	172.68%	180.37%	177.10%	211.79%	7.58%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Position (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	_	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	_	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	_	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	_	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	_	9/30/2016 9/30/2015	_	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographics experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	3,754,711 5,645,966 (1,666,386)	\$	3,706,722 5,281,827 (1,804,327)	\$	3,664,762 4,294,721 99,312 7,656,456	\$	2,927,750 3,100,243 (972,917) 12,806,161	\$	1,955,824 4,028,736 (449,761) (5,257,095)	\$	2,250,901 3,255,473 - -
of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	-	(1,976,083) 5,758,208	-	(1,946,180) 5,238,042	-	(1,578,479) 14,136,772	-	16,460,786	-	(1,298,996)	_	(1,154,833) 4,351,541
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$_	77,863,210 83,621,418	\$_	72,625,168 77,863,210	\$ <u>_</u>	58,488,396 72,625,168	\$ <u>_</u>	42,027,610 58,488,396	\$	43,048,902 42,027,610	\$	38,697,361 43,048,902
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - buy back	\$	4,029,322 495,591 313,056	\$	4,389,592 481,568 -	\$	2,995,010 446,412 -	\$	2,951,697 417,945 -	\$	2,885,279 363,834 -	\$	3,388,803 204,808 -
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	_	4,259,240 (1,998,008) (92,337)	-	5,065,294 (1,965,892) (91,507)	_	7,747,395 (1,596,059) (94,733)	_	4,102,297 (1,415,811) (98,335)	=	(31,289) (1,242,993) (112,831)	_	3,755,706 (1,223,456) (98,690)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	7,006,864	_	7,879,055	-	9,498,025	-	5,957,793	-	1,862,000	_	6,027,171
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$	72,426,858 79,433,722	\$	64,547,803 72,426,858	\$	55,049,778 64,547,803	\$	49,091,985 55,049,778	\$	47,229,985 49,091,985	\$	41,202,814 47,229,985
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$_	4,187,696	\$_	5,436,352	\$_	8,077,365	\$_	3,438,618	\$_	(7,064,375)	\$_	(4,181,083)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.99%		93.02%		88.88%		94.12%		116.81%		109.71%
Covered payroll	\$	18,315,307	\$	17,699,671	\$	16,597,598	\$	14,841,440	\$	13,954,054	\$	12,904,184
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll		22.86%		30.71%		48.67%		23.17%		-50.63%		-32.40%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Firefighters' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	 2019	_	2018	2017	_	2016		2015		2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,350	\$	6,210	\$ 5,992	\$	4,740	\$	5,076	\$	4,892	\$	4,964	\$	4,661	\$	4,488	\$	4,187
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 6,350	_	6,210	5,992		4,740		5,076		4,892	_	4,964		4,661		4,488		4,187
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 14,614	\$	13,995	\$ 13,101	\$	10,906	\$	12,095	\$	11,510	\$	11,259	\$	10,709	\$	10,555	\$	10,646
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	43.5%		44.4%	45.7%		43.5%		42.0%		42.5%		44.1%		43.5%		42.5%		39.3%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age-Normal.

Asset valuation method Phasing in the deviations between the actual and expected return on assets at the rate of 25% per year.

The actuarial value is limited to be within the corridor of 80% to 120% of the market value of assets.

Amortization method Layered amortization.

Remaining amortization period 30 years.

Investment rate of return 7.40%, net of pension investment expense. This rate is lower than what would otherwise be assumed, in order to reflect the fact

that 50% of actuarial gains are credited to the COLA Reserve, but losses do not reduce the Reserve.

Projected salary increases 5.00%

Inflation 3.00%

Retirement rates For Tier 1 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 50% to 25 years of service or more at 100%.

For Tier 2 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 25% to 24 years of service or more at 100%.

Age 55 with 10 or more years of credited service, 100% of retiring upon eligibility.

Mortality rates are calculated with the RP-2000 Generational Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females.

For disabled participants, the RP-2000 Disability Table was used with separate rates for males and females.

Changes from most recent valuation Investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 7.40%, compounded annually.

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated January 23, 2020.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Police Employees' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	_	2019	_	2018	2017	_	2016	2015		2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	7,175	\$	7,171	5 7,272	\$	6,419 \$	6,361	\$	6,430	\$ 6,347	\$	6,847 \$	5,780	\$ 6,110
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		7,175		7,171	7,272	_	6,419	6,361	_	6,430	6,347		6,847	5,780	6,110
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$_	<u> </u>	· -	\$_	- \$_	-	\$_		\$ <u>-</u>	\$_	- \$_	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	15,236	\$	15,388 \$	15,279	\$	14,068 \$	13,412	\$	13,917	\$ 13,014	\$	13,006 \$	11,618	\$ 12,106
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		47.1%		46.6%	47.6%		45.6%	47.4%		46.2%	48.8%		52.6%	49.8%	50.5%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age-Normal.

Asset valuation method Determined by smoothing the differences between the actual investment earnings and assumed investment return

over three years (limited to between 80% and 120% of the market value).

Amortization method Layered amortization.

Remaining amortization period 30 years.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension investment expense.

Projected salary increases 5.50% Inflation 3.00%

Retirement rates Participants with 20 or more years of benefit service: ranging from 20 years of service at 65% to 25 years of service

and over at 100%.

Participants with less than 20 years of benefit service: ranging from age 50 at 25% to age 60 and over at 100%.

Mortality rates are calculated with the RP-2000 Generational Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females.

For disabled participants, the RP-2000 Disability Table was used with separate rates for males and females.

Changes from most recent valuation None.

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated January 24, 2020.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	_	2019	2018	_	2017	_	2016	<u> </u>	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012		2011	_	2010
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,944	4,502	\$	3,253	\$	3,091	\$	3,062	\$	3,007	\$	3,583	\$	3,592	\$	3,488	\$	3,329
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	4,007	4,370		2,977	_	2,936	· <u> </u>	2,873	_	3,389	_	3,689		3,592	_	3,488		3,329
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(63)	132	\$	276	\$	155	\$	189	\$	(382)	\$	(106)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	18,315	17,700	\$	16,598	\$	14,841	\$	13,954	\$	12,904	\$	13,169	\$	13,685	\$	11,472	\$	11,358
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		21.9%	24.7%		17.9%		19.8%		20.6%		26.3%		28.0%		26.2%		30.4%		29.3%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate Cost Method.

Asset valuation method Market value of assets, adjusted to reflect a five-year phase-in of the net investment appreciation.

Amortization method Level dollar, open.

Remaining amortization period 30 years.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension investment expense.

Projected salary increases 5.00% Inflation 3.00%

Retirement rates In general, for participants who have met the age and service requirements with a normal retirement benefit

prior to age 60, 70% are assumed to retire at normal retirement age, 10% are assumed to retire each of the next five years, and 100% are assumed to retire six years after normal retirement age. For all other participants, retirement is assumed to occur at the rate of 70% upon the attainment of normal retirement age, 10% per year

at each of the next two years, and 100% three years after normal retirement age.

Mortality Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with full generational improvements in

mortality using Scale BB.

Changes from most recent valuation No

The first \$ 202,019 of employer contributions made for the 2019/2020 plan year will be applied to the 2018/2019 plan year.

Town of Davie, Florida **Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns** Firefighters' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	4.10%	10.50%	12.30%	10.30%	1.00%	10.60%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Police Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2.30%	8.90%	11.80%	8.40%	0.50%	9.10%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investments Returns Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%	8.11%	-0.05%	8.55%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		9/30/2020 9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018	-	9/30/2018 9/30/2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Expected interest growth Assumption changes Demographic experience Benefit payments and refunds - implicit	\$	30,401 96,057 164,543 (252,181) (19,910)	\$	35,911 89,813 - - (41,739)	\$	35,911 84,384 - - (43,692)
Net change in total OPEB liability		18,910		83,985		76,603
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$	1,351,635 1,370,545	\$	1,267,650 1,351,635	\$	1,191,047 1,267,650
Plan fiduciary net position Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses	\$	132,379 (7,953)	\$	169,197 (14,776)	\$	263,795 (10,798)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	•	124,426	•	154,421	-	252,997
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$	2,371,351 2,495,777	\$	2,216,930 2,371,351	\$	1,963,933 2,216,930
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability ending (A) - (B)	\$	(1,125,232)	\$	(1,019,716)	\$	(949,280)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		182.10%		175.44%		174.89%
Covered payroll	\$	48,117,836	\$	44,542,602	\$	44,542,602
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll		-2.34%		-2.29%		-2.13%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Unaudited)

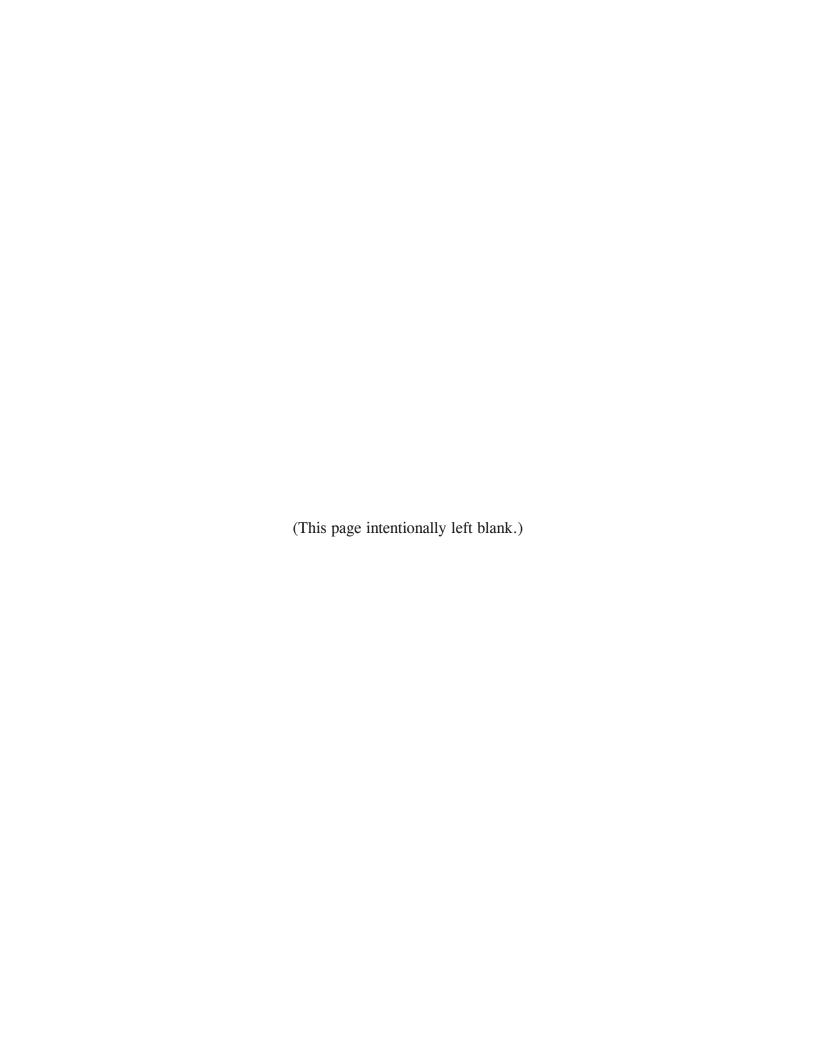
The Town does not currently contribute to the OPEB Plan and therefore there is no funding schedule.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investments Returns Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.



OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for funds received with specific restrictions on how the funds must be spent.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for revenue received mainly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or State of Florida. The revenue is restricted to accomplish the various objectives of the community development and housing related programs.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund – This fund accounts for funds provided from the State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Act, for the production, acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable housing for low and moderate-income households.

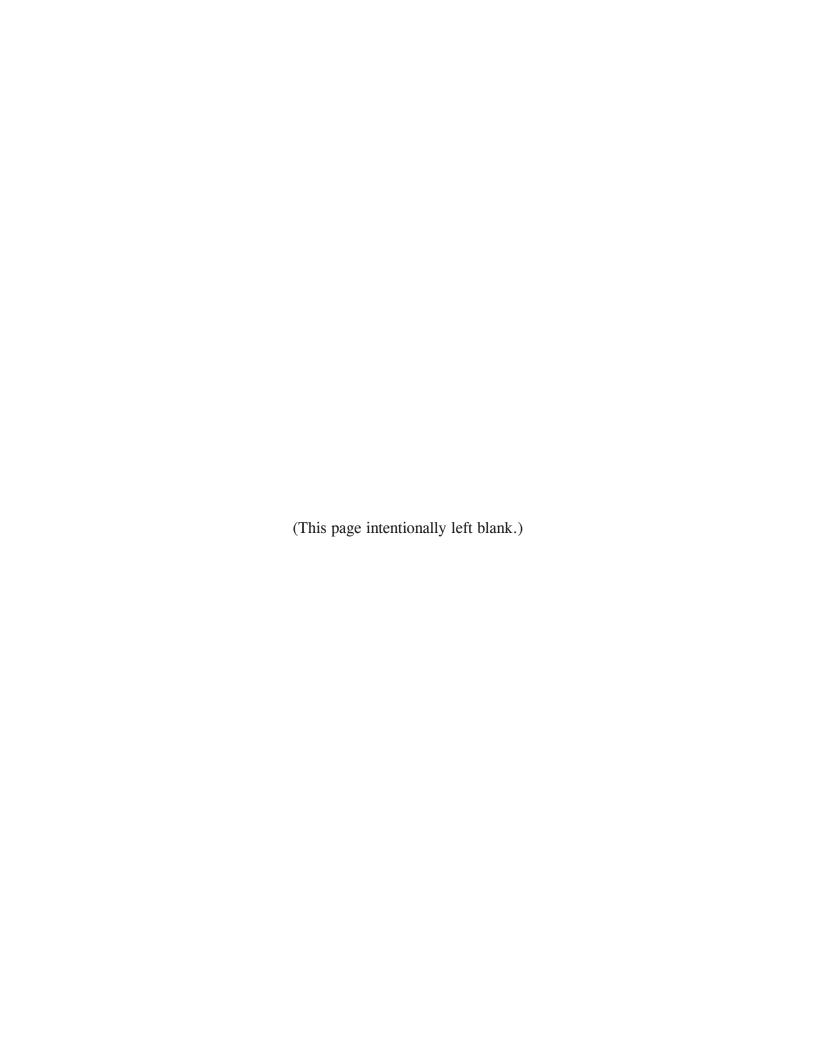
Parks and Open Space Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities.

Fire Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its public safety – fire department.

Police Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its public safety - police department.

Forfeitures - This Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenses from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.



Town of Davie, Florida Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds														
		Community Development Block Grant				Parks and Open Space Impact Fees		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees		Forfeitures	General Government Impact Fees			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Due from other governments Total assets	\$ _	247,428 88,725		445,340	\$ -	1,721,399	\$	1,085,447	. –	752,811	\$	1,062,527		854,878		6,169,830 88,725
TOTAL ASSETS	^ې =	336,153	\$ _	445,340	\$ =	1,721,399	\$	1,085,447	\$ =	752,811	Þ.	1,062,527	,	854,878	\$	6,258,555
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$_	53,211 -	\$ 	- 445,340	\$_	142,874 -	\$_	3,648 -	\$	55,754 -	\$	91,906 -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	347,393 445,340
Total liabilities		53,211		445,340		142,874	_	3,648		55,754		91,906		-		792,733
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Community development projects and services Parks and recreation - parks and		282,942		-		-		-		-		-		-		282,942
open space		-		-		1,578,525		-		-		_		-		1,578,525
Public safety - fire		-		-		-		1,081,799		-		-		-		1,081,799
Public safety - police		-		-		-		-		697,057		970,621		-		1,667,678
General government activities	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		-		854,878		854,878
Total fund balances	_	282,942	_	-	_	1,578,525	. <u>-</u>	1,081,799	_	697,057		970,621		854,878		5,465,822
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	336,153	\$	445,340	\$_	1,721,399	\$_	1,085,447	\$_	752,811	\$	1,062,527	\$_	854,878	\$	6,258,555

Town of Davie, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds														
		ommunity evelopment Block Grant	H In	State Housing Initiative Partnership		Parks and Open Space Impact Fees	Fire Impact Fees			Police Impact Fees	Fo	orfeitures	General Government Impact Fees		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	ć	222.640		a	۲.	.			<u>,</u>	*			۸.		ć 004.005
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	332,648	>	552,277	\$	- \$	CO1 -		\$	- \$	•	-	\$		\$ 884,925
Fines and forfeitures		-		_		234,228	601,7	21		548,793		- 534,226		303,123	1,687,871 534,226
Investment income		11,521		-		<u>-</u>				- -		2,586		<u>-</u>	14,107
Total revenues	_	344,169		552,277	•	234,228	601,7	727	_	548,793		536,812	_	303,123	3,121,129
	_	344,103		332,211	•	254,220	001,		_	340,733	_	330,012	_	303,123	3,121,123
Expenditures: General government: General services department:															
Personnel services		104,005		17,253		-		-		-		-		-	121,258
Operating		7,181		535,024		-		-		-		-		-	542,205
Capital outlay		212,365		-		 -			_				_	1,380	213,745
Total general government	_	323,551		552,277			'		_				_	1,380	877,208
Public safety: Police department: Operating Capital outlay Total police department	_	- - 		- - -						- 55,755 55,755		48,515 - 48,515	_	- - -	48,515 55,755 104,270
Fire department:															
Capital outlay		-		-		-	51,9	99		-		-		-	51,999
Total fire department		-		-	•	-	51,9		_	-		-	_	-	51,999
Total public safety		-		-		-	51,9	99		55,755		48,515		-	156,269
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Operating Capital outlay Total parks, recreation		-		- -	-	50,418 285,391		- -	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -	50,418 285,391
and cultural arts		_		_		335,809				_		_		_	335,809
Total expenditures		323,551		552,277	•	335,809	51,9	999		55,755		48,515		1,380	1,369,286
Net change in fund balances		20,618		-		(101,581)	549,7	28		493,038		488,297		301,743	1,751,843
Fund Balances, beginning of year	_	262,324			_	1,680,106	532,0	071_	_	204,019		482,324	_	553,135	3,713,979_
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	282,942	\$	-	\$	1,578,525 \$	1,081,7	799	\$_	697,057 \$;	970,621	\$	854,878	\$ 5,465,822

	Budgete	ed An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
_	_		_			_	
Revenues:	2 222 744		2 222 770		004 025		(4.247.054)
Intergovernmental \$	2,232,744	\$	2,232,779	\$	884,925	\$	(1,347,854)
Investment income		-		_	11,521	-	11,521
Total revenues	2,232,744	_	2,232,779	_	896,446	_	(1,336,333)
Expenditures: General government: General services department:							
Personnel services	126,709		126,709		121,258		5,451
Operating	1,215,473		1,236,037		542,205		693,832
Capital outlay	890,562	_	890,597	_	212,365	_	678,232
Total expenditures	2,232,744	_	2,253,343	_	875,828	_	1,377,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		_	(20,564)	_	20,618	_	41,182
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			20.564				(20.564)
Appropriated fund balance		-	20,564	_		-	(20,564)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	20,564	_	<u>-</u>	_	(20,564)
Net change in fund balance \$		\$_			20,618	\$_	20,618
Fund balance, beginning of year				_	262,324		
Fund balance, end of year				\$_	282,942		

								Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete Original	d A	Amounts Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	į	Original		Fillal	-	Actual	į	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$.	234,228	\$	134,228
Total revenues	•	100,000		100,000	-	234,228	,	134,228
Expenditures: Parks, recreation and cultural arts:								
Operating		101,000		134,306		50,418		83,888
Capital outlay	,	1,213,800		1,230,991	-	285,391	į	945,600
Total expenditures	,	1,314,800		1,365,297	-	335,809	,	1,029,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	,	(1,214,800)		(1,265,297)	-	(101,581)	•	1,163,716
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance		1,214,800		1,265,297	_			(1,265,297)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,214,800		1,265,297		_		(1,265,297)
sources (uses)	ļ	1,214,000		1,203,237	-			(1,203,237)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			(101,581)	\$	(101,581)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	1,680,106		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,578,525		

								Variance with Final Budget
			ed .	Amounts				Positive
	•	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	601,727	\$	501,727
Total revenues	•	100,000	•	100,000	•	601,727		501,727
Expenditures: Public safety: Fire department:								
Capital outlay	•	418,325		323,493		51,999		271,494
Total expenditures		418,325	•	323,493	•	51,999		271,494
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(318,325)	i	(223,493)		549,728		773,221
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance		318,325		223,493				(223,493)
Total other financing sources (uses)		318,325		223,493				(223,493)
sources (uses)		310,323	i	223,493	•		•	(223,493)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	S		549,728	\$	549,728
Fund balance, beginning of year						532,071		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,081,799		

		Dudaata	م لم				Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete Original	:a <i>F</i>	Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
	•	Originiai		111101	-	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$.	548,793 \$	448,793
Total revenues		100,000		100,000	-	548,793	448,793
Expenditures: Public safety: Police department:							
Capital outlay		110,000		110,000		55,755	54,245
Total expenditures		110,000		110,000	-	55,755	54,245
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10,000)		(10,000)	-	493,038	503,038
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Appropriated fund balance	-	10,000		10,000			(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		493,038 \$	493,038
Fund balance, beginning of year						204,019	
Fund balance, end of year					\$	697,057	

		Budgete	ad An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	u All	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	534,226 2,586	\$	534,226 2,586
Total revenues		-		-		536,812		536,812
Expenditures: Public safety: Police department: Operating	_	-	_	201,385	_	48,515	_	152,870
Total expenditures	_		_	201,385	_	48,515	_	152,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	<u>-</u>	_	(201,385)	_	488,297	_	689,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance	_	-	_	201,385			_	(201,385)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	201,385	_	<u>-</u>	_	(201,385)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	\$_			488,297	\$_	488,297
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	482,324		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	970,621		

						Variance with Final Budget
		_	d A	Amounts		Positive
		Original		<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$ 303,123 \$	253,123
Total revenues	•	50,000		50,000	303,123	253,123
Expenditures: General government: General services department:						
Operating		56,000		56,000	-	56,000
Capital outlay	•	205,000		231,527	1,380	230,147
Total expenditures	•	261,000		287,527	1,380	286,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(211,000)		(237,527)	301,743	539,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance		211,000		237,527		(237,527)
Total other financing		244 222		227 - 227		(007.507)
sources (uses)		211,000		237,527		(237,527)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		301,743 \$	301,743
Fund balance, beginning of year					553,135	
Fund balance, end of year					\$ 854,878	

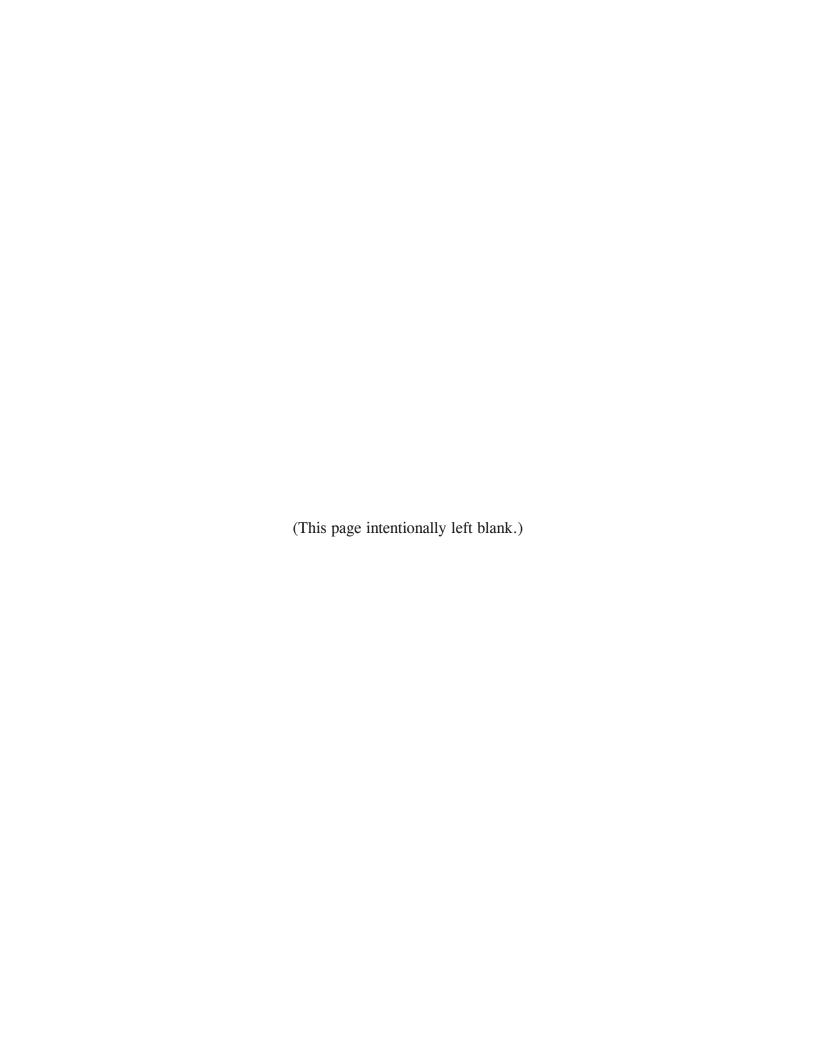
Internal Service Funds

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Vehicle Maintenance - This fund is used to accumulate the costs of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance.

Self-Insurance - This fund is used to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Information Technology - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of capital and distribution of costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, software and support.



	Vehicle Maintenance	-	Self- Insurance		Information Technology	•	Total
Assets: Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents							
and investments Receivables, net of allowance	\$ 6,877,184	\$	12,381,575	\$	3,590,126	\$	22,848,885
for uncollectibles Prepaid items Inventories	48,672 - 72,204	-	134,147 1,174,601 -		- 591,634 -		182,819 1,766,235 72,204
Total current assets	6,998,060		13,690,323	ļ	4,181,760		24,870,143
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:							
Building and improvements Machinery, equipment and	2,035,963		-		-		2,035,963
vehicles Less accumulated depreciation	16,384,983 (12,519,636)	-	- -		5,971,283 (4,709,487)	-	22,356,266 (17,229,123)
Total noncurrent assets	5,901,310	-	-		1,261,796		7,163,106
Total assets	12,899,370	-	13,690,323	,	5,443,556		32,033,249
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	262,725		40,039		320,673		623,437
Insurance claims payable	<u> </u>	-	2,359,309	·	<u>-</u>		2,359,309
Total current liabilities	262,725		2,399,348	·	320,673		2,982,746
Total liabilities	262,725	-	2,399,348	•	320,673		2,982,746
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	5,901,310 6,735,335	<u>-</u>	- 11,290,975		1,261,796 3,861,087	-	7,163,106 21,887,397
Total net position	\$ 12,636,645	\$	11,290,975	\$	5,122,883	\$	29,050,503

	Vehicle Maintenance	Self- Insurance	Information Technology	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 4,644,752	\$ <u>15,637,463</u>	\$ 5,204,205	\$ 25,486,420
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	130,228	148,511	2,163,847	2,442,586
Maintenance	2,458,163	-	1,674,827	4,132,990
Insurance	430,850	2,644,758	-	3,075,608
Claims and other fees	-	11,228,269	-	11,228,269
Administration	-	2,006,160	-	2,006,160
Depreciation	1,435,681		427,660	1,863,341
Total operating expenses	4,454,922	16,027,698	4,266,334	24,748,954
Operating income (loss)	189,830	(390,235)	937,871	737,466
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Other income, net	169,408	2,282,598	60	2,452,066
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	169,408	2,282,598	60	2,452,066
Income (loss) before transfers	359,238	1,892,363	937,931	3,189,532
To confine				
Transfers: Transfers from other funds	260,308			260,308
Total transfers	260,308			260,308
Change in net position	619,546	1,892,363	937,931	3,449,840
Net position, beginning of year	12,017,099	9,398,612	4,184,952	25,600,663
Net position, end of year	\$ 12,636,645	\$ 11,290,975	\$ 5,122,883	\$ 29,050,503

	-	Vehicle Maintenance		Self- Insurance	_	Information Technology	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and	\$	4,614,634	\$	15,603,749	\$	5,204,205	\$	25,422,588
service providers Payments to employees		(3,124,731) (129,820)		(17,217,956) (148,135)		(1,719,305) (2,144,806)		(22,061,992) (2,422,761)
Other receipts	-	193,871		2,282,598	_	60	_	2,476,529
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	1,553,954		520,256	-	1,340,154	-	3,414,364
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities: Transfers from other funds	_	260,308		-	_		_	260,308
Net cash provided by (used in) non capital financing activities	-	260,308	•	-	_	-	_	260,308
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from disposition of								
capital assets Acquisition and construction of		130,020		-		-		130,020
capital assets, net	-	(2,085,168)		-	_	(430,895)	_	(2,516,063)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities	-	(1,955,148)		-	_	(430,895)		(2,386,043)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments		(140,886)		520,256		909,259		1,288,629
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	-	7,018,070		11,861,319	_	2,680,867	_	21,560,256
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$	6,877,184	\$	12,381,575	\$_	3,590,126	\$_	22,848,885

	<u> </u>	Vehicle Maintenance	_	Self- Insurance	_	Information Technology	_	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$_	189,830	\$_	(390,235)	\$_	937,871	\$_	737,466
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Other operating revenues, net		193,871		2,282,598		60		2,476,529
Depreciation		1,435,681		-		427,660		1,863,341
(Increase) decrease in assets:								
Receivables, net		(30,118)		(33,714)		-		(63,832)
Prepaid items		-		(978,646)		(131,922)		(1,110,568)
Inventories		(371)		-		-		(371)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities		(234,939)		(2,974)		106,485		(131,428)
Insurance claims payable	_		_	(356,773)	_		_	(356,773)
Total adjustments	_	1,364,124	_	910,491	_	402,283	_	2,676,898
Net cash provided by (used in) operating								
activities	\$_	1,553,954	\$_	520,256	\$_	1,340,154	\$_	3,414,364

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary trust funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity.

Firefighters' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified firefighter employees of the Town of Davie.

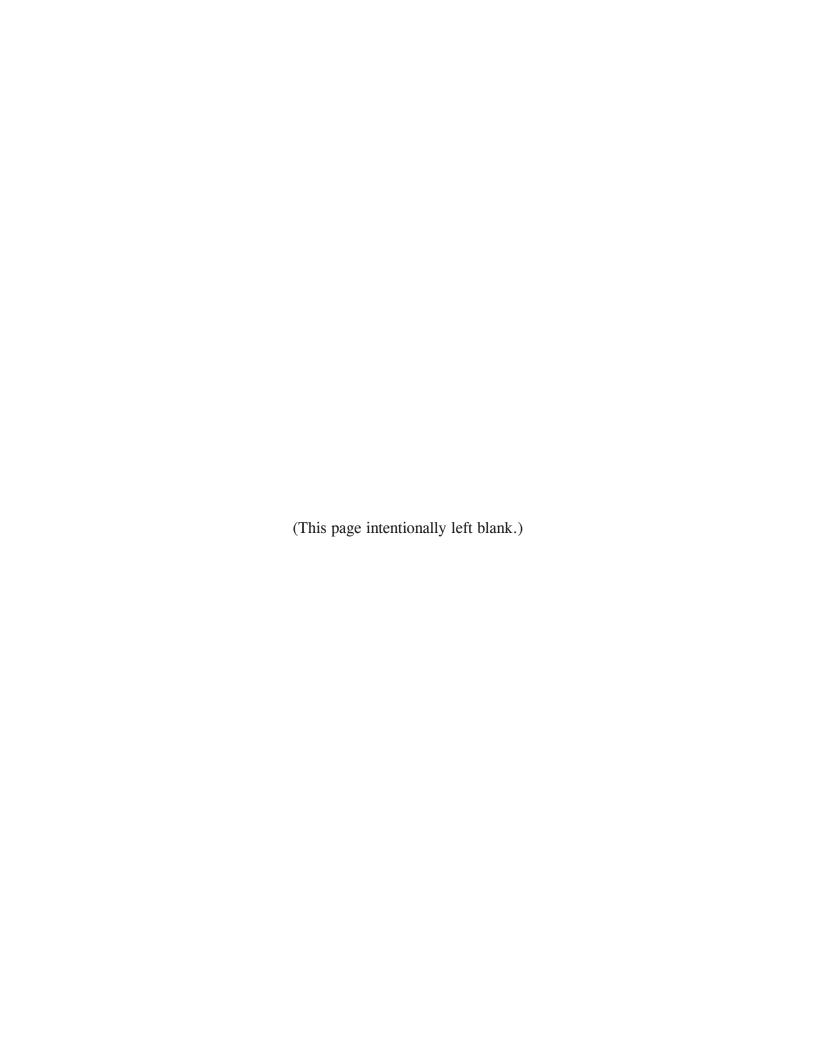
Police Employees' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified police employees of the Town of Davie.

Management and General Employees' Pension - The management and General Employees' Plan is maintained to for the benefit of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan.

OPEB Trust - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for other post-employment health care benefits of the Town's retired employees.

	Firefighters' Pension	· -	Police Employees' Pension	•	Management and General Employees' Pension	_	OPEB Trust	-	Total
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 477,510	\$	1,921,079	\$	714,903	\$	14,975	\$	3,128,467
Investments, at fair value: Domestic equity funds Equity securities, including mutual	51,680,249		32,905,265		36,698,380		1,170,519		122,454,413
funds	28,084,520		59,585,326		-		-		87,669,846
Real estate funds	17,396,763		21,831,579		7,705,071		227,116		47,160,529
International equity funds	-		19,295,270		11,517,890		361,888		31,175,048
Fixed income funds	6,340,283		-		22,797,478		721,279		29,859,040
United States agency securities	2,862,905		4,709,733		-		-		7,572,638
Corporate notes/debt securities	9,602,455		22,460,123		-		-		32,062,578
United States treasuries	3,344,190		8,178,278		-		-		11,522,468
Mortgage-backed securities	-		1,398,646		-		-		1,398,646
Pooled separate accounts -									
self directed DROP	6,012,500		-		-		-		6,012,500
Receivables:									
Interest and dividends	119,925		231,375		-		-		351,300
State contributions	952,655		-		-		-		952,655
Contributions from members	59,919		-		-		-		59,919
Securities sold	4,346		88,900		-		-		93,246
Prepaid expenses	302,160		629,728			_			931,888
Total assets	127,240,380	· -	173,235,302	• •	79,433,722	_	2,495,777	-	382,405,181
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	46,326		185,345		_		_		231,671
Payable for securities purchased	-		66,637		_		_		66,637
Prepaid contributions	3,147,647		-		_		_		3,147,647
Total liabilities	3,193,973	•	251,982	•		-		•	3,445,955
Total habilities		•	231,302	•		-		•	3,443,333
Net Position: Net position restricted for pensions Net position restricted for	124,046,407		172,983,320		79,433,722		-		376,463,449
other post-employment benefits	-	•	-		-	_	2,495,777	-	2,495,777
Total net position	\$ 124,046,407	\$	172,983,320	\$	79,433,722	\$	2,495,777	\$	378,959,226

	-	Firefighters' Pension		Police Employees' Pension		Management and General Employees' Pension	_	OPEB Trust	-	Total
Additions:										
Contributions:										
Employer	\$	5,270,253	\$	6,625,000	\$	4,029,322	\$	-	\$	15,924,575
Plan members		1,490,415		1,442,754		495,591		-		3,428,760
Buy back DROP account		-		12,888 557,598		313,056		-		325,944 557,598
State of Florida		- 952,655				-		-		•
State of Florida	-	952,055		1,051,508			-		-	2,004,163
Total contributions	-	7,713,323	·	9,689,748	•	4,837,969	-		-	22,241,040
Investment income: Net appreciation (depreciation)										
in fair value of investments		2,198,188		1,320,851		4,259,240		132,379		7,910,658
Interest and dividends, net	_	3,120,713		3,166,101	_	-	_		_	6,286,814
Total investment income	-	5,318,901	·	4,486,952	•	4,259,240	_	132,379	_	14,197,472
Less:										
Investment expenses	_	407,024		772,468			_	-	-	1,179,492
Net investment income	-	4,911,877		3,714,484		4,259,240	-	132,379	-	13,017,980
Other income	_	4,638		-		-	_	-	_	4,638
Total additions		12,629,838		13,404,232		9,097,209	-	132,379	-	35,263,658
Deductions:										
Benefits paid		4,865,939		9,924,196		1,935,626		-		16,725,761
Refunds of contributions		5,031		89,078		62,382		-		156,491
Administrative expenses		134,572	i	206,958		92,337	_	7,953	_	441,820
Total deductions	-	5,005,542	•	10,220,232	•	2,090,345	-	7,953	-	17,324,072
Change in net position		7,624,296		3,184,000		7,006,864		124,426		17,939,586
Net position, beginning of year	-	116,422,111	•	169,799,320	•	72,426,858	-	2,371,351	-	361,019,640
Net position, end of year	\$	124,046,407	\$	172,983,320	\$	79,433,722	\$	2,495,777	\$	378,959,226





Statistical Section

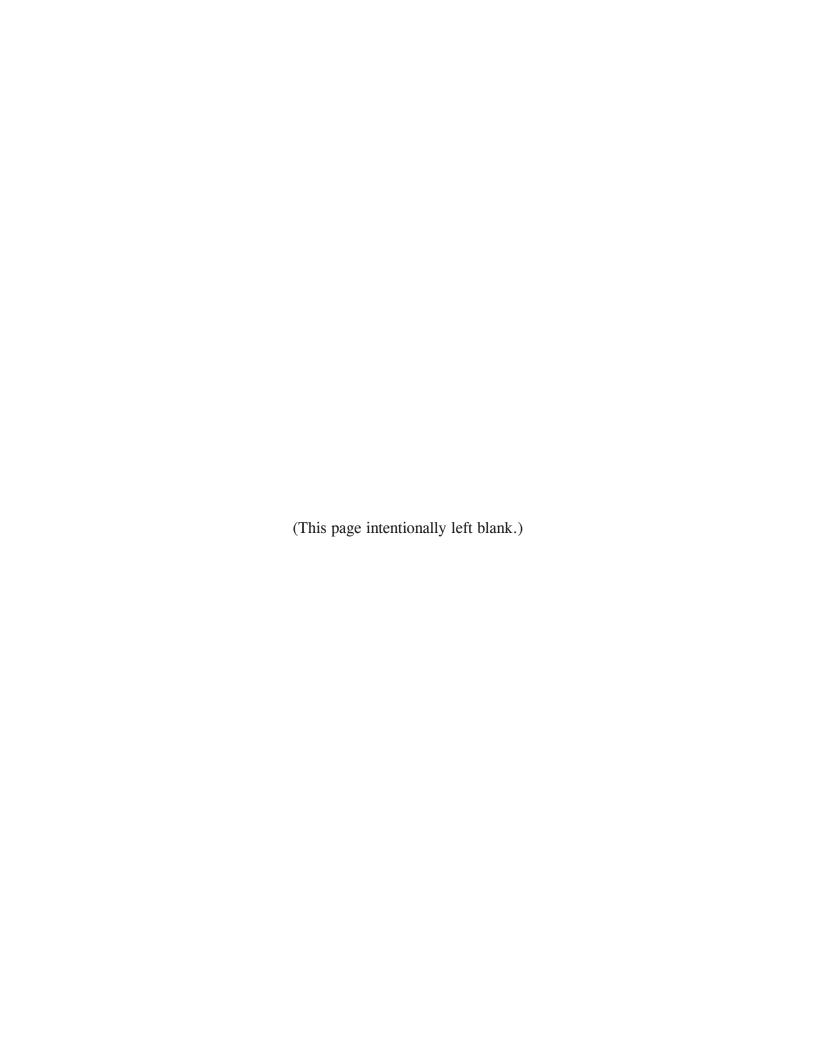
This part of the Town of Davie's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net position by component Changes in net position Governmental activities tax revenues by source Fund balances of governmental funds Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	115 116-117 118 119 120-121
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property Property tax rates - direct and overlapping governments Principal property taxpayers Property tax levies and collections	122 123 124 125
<u>Debt Capacity</u> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of outstanding debt by type Ratios of general bonded debt outstanding Direct and overlapping governmental activity debt Legal debt margin information Pledged-revenue coverage	126 127 128 129 130
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and economic statistics Principal employers	131 132
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-time equivalent town government employees by function/program Operating indicators by function/program Capital asset statistics by function/program	133 134 135

Sources: Unless otherwise indicated, information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the respective years.



	_									Fisc	al Ye	ar								
		2010		2011	_	2012 1	_	2013	_	2014 ²	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017 ³		2018	_	2019
Governmental Activities:																				
Net investment in capital																				
assets	\$	134,863,296	\$,,	\$	-, - ,	\$	-,,-	\$	125,162,180	\$, - , -	\$	123,156,231	\$	128,321,610 \$		1,487,954	\$	146,079,895
Restricted		16,754,148		17,071,661		14,865,524		14,982,045		15,546,687		17,875,329		18,283,193		18,334,762		.8,723,026		15,255,824
Unrestricted		40,870,838		34,826,178	_	54,952,370	-	55,947,315	-	40,775,626	_	60,155,607	_	72,638,771	_	83,974,637	7	4,810,077	_	104,324,444
Total governmental																				
activities net position		192,488,282	-	187,773,878	_	187,985,493	_	191,719,341	_	181,484,493	_	199,215,727	_	214,078,195	_	230,631,009	23	5,021,057	_	265,660,163
Business-Type Activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets		(26,324,353)		13,950,745		15,699,857		18,351,139		17,818,422		16,184,828		10,610,125		7,645,777		4,717,415		2,025,211
Restricted		16,358,557		20,137,832		21,108,710		26,049,822		29,549,241		30,737,703		31,667,288		31,257,099	3	0,817,049		34,969,555
Unrestricted		43,950,401	-	12,700,785	_	16,768,454	_	18,177,518	_	25,237,613	_	28,881,521	_	32,962,336	_	33,936,829		6,154,223	_	34,334,631
Total business-type																				
activities net position		33,984,605		46,789,362		53,577,021	_	62,578,479		72,605,276		75,804,052	_	75,239,749		72,839,705	7	1,688,687		71,329,397
Primary Government:																				
Net investment in capital assets		108,538,943		149,826,784		133,867,456		139,141,120		142,980,602		137,369,619		133,766,356		135,967,387	14	6,205,369		148,105,106
Restricted		33,112,705		37,209,493		35,974,234		41,031,867		45,095,928		48,613,032		49,950,481		49,591,861		9,540,075		50,225,379
Unrestricted		84,821,239		47,526,963		71,720,824		74,124,833		66,013,239		89,037,128		105,601,107		117,911,466		.0,964,300		138,659,075
omestreted	-	0-,021,233	•	-7,520,505	_	71,720,024	-	7-7,12-7,033	-	00,013,233	-	05,057,120	_	103,001,107	-	117,511,400	- 11	.0,50-,500	-	130,033,073
Total primary government																				
net position	\$	226,472,887	\$	234,563,240	\$	241,562,514	\$	254,297,820	\$	254,089,769	\$	275,019,779	\$	289,317,944	\$	303,470,714 \$	3	06,709,744	\$	336,989,560

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Fiscal year 2012, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 65.

² Fiscal year 2014, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 68.

 $^{^{3}}$ Fiscal year 2017, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 75.

	_								Fisca	al Ye	ar								
	_	2010	2011	_	2012	_	2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019
Expenses:																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$	7,667,716 \$	8,383,532	\$	12,602,383	\$	15,021,076	\$	11,195,092	\$	10,675,017	\$	10,881,782	\$	9,892,198	\$	22,313,374	\$	11,038,576
Building and engineering		7,781,663	6,986,600		4,378,568		4,073,708		4,153,971		4,358,435		4,531,890		4,858,164		5,953,001		6,361,974
Public safety - police		33,858,391	37,123,872		37,627,602		38,272,875		39,713,301		36,013,987		44,696,828		47,024,033		50,793,842		50,755,743
Public safety - fire		22,882,410	23,595,994		23,733,336		25,553,166		26,864,502		26,843,925		25,317,372		29,420,157		31,228,673		31,932,877
Public works		11,102,568	8,388,176		10,043,786		10,485,525		10,611,584		11,098,196		10,978,597		12,012,003		13,102,659		13,464,587
Parks, recreation and																			
cultural arts		6,461,415	5,974,303		5,976,439		5,926,310		6,122,782		6,215,254		6,443,584		6,841,915		6,875,546		6,852,682
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,923,734	3,129,898	_	3,476,918	_	3,140,306		2,393,950	_	2,298,240	_	1,450,160	_	1,187,592	_	1,082,179	_	934,230
Total governmental																			
activities expenses		92,677,897	93,582,375		97,839,032		102,472,966		101,055,182		97,503,054		104,300,213		111,236,062		131,349,274		121,340,669
activities expenses	-	32,077,837	93,382,373	-	37,833,032	-	102,472,300		101,033,182	-	37,303,034	-	104,300,213	_	111,230,002		131,343,274	-	121,340,003
Business-type activities:																			
Water and sewer		12,203,521	15,089,101		14,767,222		15,103,264		17,752,622		26,205,254		26,705,805		27,566,881		29,405,466		30,462,905
Golf	_	-	432,332	_	271,483	_	143,208		106,123	_	158,796	_	133,986	_	199,089		205,982	_	190,840
Total business-type																			
activities expenses		12,203,521	15,521,433		15,038,705		15,246,472		17,858,745		26,364,050		26,839,791		27,765,970		29,611,448		30,653,745
detivities expenses	_	12,203,321	13,321,433	-	13,030,703	-	13,240,472		17,030,743	-	20,304,030	-	20,033,731	-	27,703,370	-	23,011,440	-	30,033,143
Total primary																			
government expenses	\$ _	104,881,418 \$	109,103,808	\$	112,877,737	\$	117,719,438	\$1	118,913,927	\$	123,867,104	\$ _	131,140,004	\$_	139,002,032	\$	160,960,722	\$ _	151,994,414
Program Revenues:																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$	2,263,849 \$	3,165,335	ć	8,475,288	ć	7,932,982	ċ	5,442,255	ċ	2,944,443	ċ	4,077,774	ė	3,095,962	ċ	3,747,644	ċ	3,451,942
Building and engineering	Ş	6,302,774	7,258,170	Ą	5,419,679	Ş	5,906,559	Ą	6,400,640	Ą	6,802,367	Ş	7,162,150	Ş	8,531,709	Ş	9,041,193	Ş	12,664,335
Public safety - police		2,679,020	2,310,047		3,789,601		3,534,646		4,015,175		4,445,337		4,280,240		3,912,618		7,397,548		9,436,824
Public safety - fire		9,531,257	9,190,709		9,675,931		11,913,296		17,139,564		17,719,169		18,385,454		21,687,637		20,040,367		20,079,188
Public works		1,822,010	629,427		1,365,811		2,286,608		690,770		265,794		1,024,235		959,633		271,210		1,617,979
Parks, recreation and																			
cultural arts	_	926,610	1,223,047	-	1,016,518	_	1,345,293		1,112,320	_	1,365,575	_	1,169,962	_	2,107,932	_	1,782,978	_	1,416,001
Total governmental																			
activities program revenues		23,525,520	23,776,735		29,742,828		32,919,384		34,800,724		33,542,685		36,099,815		40,295,491		42,280,940		48,666,269

Town of Davie, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (continued)

										Fise	cal Ye	ear								
	_	2010		2011	_	2012		2013	_	2014	_	2015		2016		2017		2018	_	2019
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Golf Capital grants and		16,376,832 -		20,353,221		20,447,839 26,902		21,460,796 51,913		21,619,002 68,132		22,138,550 73,565		22,584,362 59,873		22,601,271 36,413		23,666,225		24,330,000
contributions		1,349,580				648,849		1,055,448	_	3,828,250	_	2,701,909		1,989,676		1,285,972	_	2,778,293		3,073,107
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	17,726,412		20,353,221	_	21,123,590		22,568,157		25,515,384		24,914,024		24,633,911		23,923,656		26,444,518	_	27,403,107
Total primary government program revenues	\$	41,251,932	\$ _	44,129,956	\$ =	50,866,418	\$ _	55,487,541	\$	60,316,108	\$	58,456,709	\$	60,733,726	\$_	64,219,147	\$_	68,725,458	\$ =	76,069,376
Net (Expense) Revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(69,152,377) 5,522,891	\$	(69,805,640) 4,831,788	\$	(68,096,204) 6,084,885	\$	(69,553,582) 7,321,685	\$	(66,254,458) 7,656,639	\$	(63,960,369) (1,450,026)	\$	(68,200,398) (2,205,880)	\$	(70,940,571) (3,842,314)	\$	(89,068,334) (3,166,930)	\$	(72,674,400) (3,250,638)
Total primary government, net expense	\$	(63,629,486)	\$	(64,973,852)	\$_	(62,011,319)	\$_	(62,231,897)	\$_	(58,597,819)	\$	(65,410,395)	\$_	(70,406,278)	\$_	(74,782,885)	\$	(92,235,264)	\$_	(75,925,038)
General Revenues, Transfers, and Other Change in Net Position: Governmental activities:																				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	43,197,609	\$	38,936,355	\$	37,490,024	\$	38,132,831	\$	41,399,721	\$.2,505,050	\$	44,666,126	\$	47,756,767	\$	50,905,694	\$	55,494,922
Utility service taxes		6,758,400		6,750,247		6,917,439		7,289,144		8,078,298		8,209,059		8,402,373		8,630,327		8,932,428		9,192,055
Other general taxes		4,366,292		3,916,806		4,095,094		3,911,368		3,780,827		3,881,030		3,384,206		3,750,301		4,314,907		4,204,111
Franchise fees on gross receipts Intergovernmental, not		9,379,481		9,184,292		8,612,673		8,797,561		9,545,434		9,816,366		9,795,497		10,152,528		10,429,276		10,730,123
restricted for specific purposes		11,761,113		9,360,914		9,753,717		10,245,884		10,742,696		11,535,082		11,998,577		12,492,468		14,547,591		15,109,657
Investment income		2,197,089		1,183,372		1,029,857		386,625		620,238		966,065		973,382		648,353		808,057		3,376,739
Miscellaneous		1,357,893		1,567,257		1,291,941		4,449,017		3,997,275		7,942,197		3,842,705		4,509,340		3,520,429		5,177,489
Transfers	_	3,000,000	_	(5,808,007)	_	(500,000)	_	75,000	_	-	_	(3,044,052)	_		_	52,227	_		_	28,410
Total governmental activities	_	82,017,877	_	65,091,236	_	68,690,745	_	73,287,430	_	78,164,489	_	81,691,603	_	83,062,866	_	87,992,311	_	93,458,382	_	103,313,506
Business-type activities: Investment income		00.750		67.407		F2 C20		12 442		40.267		10.050		105.006		00.115		207 206		1 104 110
Miscellaneous		89,758		67,487		52,630		12,443		40,267		19,058		105,886		90,115		287,286		1,184,418
Transfers		149,589 (3,000,000)		2,097,475 5,808,007		1,159,704 500,000		1,742,330 (75,000)		1,386,811		1,585,692 3,044,052		1,535,691		1,347,570 (52,227)		1,728,626		1,735,340 (28,410)
Total business-type activities	_	(2,760,653)	_	7,972,969	_	1,712,334	_	1,679,773	-	1,427,078	-	4,648,802	_	1,641,577	_	1,385,458	_	2,015,912	_	2,891,348
Total primary government general revenues, transfers,	_		_								_								_	
and other change in net position	\$ _	79,257,224	\$	73,064,205	\$	70,403,079	\$	74,967,203	\$	79,591,567	\$	86,340,405	\$_	84,704,443	\$_	89,377,769	\$_	95,474,294	\$	106,204,854
Change in Net Position:																				
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	12,865,500 2,762,238	\$ _	(4,714,404) 12,804,757	\$ _	594,541 7,797,219	\$	3,733,848 9,001,458	\$	11,910,031 9,083,717	\$ _	17,731,234 3,198,776	\$	14,862,468 (564,303)	\$	17,051,740 (2,456,856)	\$	4,390,048 (1,151,018)	\$ _	30,639,106 (359,290)
Total primary government	\$	15,627,738	\$	8,090,353	\$	8,391,760	\$	12,735,306	\$	20,993,748	\$	20,930,010	\$	14,298,165	\$	14,594,884	\$	3,239,030	\$	30,279,816

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	 Ad Valorem Tax	G	Other Seneral Taxes	 Utility Service Taxes	G	Franchise Fees on ross Receipts	 Total
2010	2009	\$ 43,197,609	\$	4,366,292	\$ 6,758,400	\$	9,379,481	\$ 63,701,782
2011	2010	38,936,355		3,916,806	6,750,247		9,184,292	58,787,700
2012	2011	37,490,024		4,095,094	6,917,439		8,612,673	57,115,230
2013	2012	38,132,831		3,911,368	7,289,144		8,797,561	58,130,904
2014	2013	41,399,721		3,780,827	8,078,298		9,545,434	62,804,280
2015	2014	42,385,856		3,881,030	8,209,059		9,816,366	64,292,311
2016	2015	44,666,126		3,384,206	8,402,373		9,795,497	66,248,202
2017	2016	47,756,767		3,750,301	8,630,327		10,152,528	70,289,923
2018	2017	50,905,694		4,314,907	8,932,428		10,429,276	74,582,305
2019	2018	55,494,922		4,204,111	9,192,055		10,730,123	79,621,211

										Fisc	al Ye	ear								
	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014		2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018		2019
General Fund:																				
Reserved	\$	5,031,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		38,332,924		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-		7,656		20,398		114,899		29,573		3,850		4,487		107,789		155,988		182,683
Restricted		-		5,731,562		4,983,157		4,640,866		5,293,299		6,153,040		7,131,226		7,636,505		10,384,853		4,149,230
Committed		-		21,894,692		23,891,957		24,741,783		27,890,072		28,053,495		30,442,397		20,706,954		21,109,246		24,423,779
Assigned		-		3,248,541		4,404,349		3,941,040		3,699,215		5,624,999		5,880,838		16,564,352		2,302,517		3,260,526
Unassigned		-		6,734,332		4,754,923		7,333,689		7,293,332		14,212,084		13,358,506		17,000,000		27,225,497		39,850,096
	-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_			,
Total General Fund	\$	43,364,469	\$	37,616,783	\$	38,054,784	\$_	40,772,277	\$	44,205,491	\$	54,047,468	\$	56,817,454	\$_	62,015,600	\$_	61,178,101	\$_	71,866,314
All other government funds:																				
Reserved	\$	35,004,322	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in																				
Special revenue funds		421,376		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		40,000		40,000		40,000		79		102,992		405,497		96,800
Restricted		-		37,312,690		35,183,167		35,103,283		33,847,498		34,883,256		34,042,946		26,015,489		12,486,808		11,633,283
Committed		-		14,147,607		13,578,420		11,540,573		15,231,842		21,429,807		28,164,892		32,157,920		28,229,054		38,033,807
Unassigned (deficit)	_	-	_	-	_	(981,173)	_	(662,914)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Total all other																				
governmental funds	\$	35,425,698	\$	51,460,297	\$	47,780,414	\$	46,020,942	\$	49,119,340	\$	56,353,063	\$	62,207,917	\$	58,276,401	\$	41,121,359	\$	49,763,890

Note: Information for fiscal year 2010 has not been restated for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 classifications.

					Fisc	cal Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 43,197,609	\$ 38,936,355	\$ 37,490,024	\$ 38,132,831	\$ 41,399,721	\$ 42,385,856	\$ 44,666,126	\$ 47,756,767	\$ 50,905,694	\$ 55,494,922
Utility service taxes	6,758,400	6,750,247	6,917,439	7,289,144	8,078,298	8,209,059	8,402,373	8,630,327	8,932,428	9,192,055
Franchise fees	9,329,481	9,184,292	8,612,673	8,797,561	9,545,434	9,816,366	9,795,497	10,152,528	10,429,276	10,730,123
Intergovernmental	15,001,294	12,045,032	13,358,215	15,299,531	13,153,551	12,145,881	12,805,620	13,955,628	19,072,642	18,517,232
Other general taxes	4,493,067	4,192,273	4,095,094	3,911,368	3,780,827	3,881,030	3,384,206	3,750,301	4,314,907	4,204,111
Permits and fees	4,273,788	5,848,003	6,149,751	6,560,604	6,952,973	7,392,240	7,722,855	9,210,223	8,739,976	12,111,749
Charges for services	7,105,715	7,564,892	10,534,036	12,336,183	13,339,187	13,783,812	14,410,193	15,625,682	16,553,995	18,051,652
Fire assessments	7,031,918	7,122,668	7,124,432	6,803,622	9,889,781	10,110,026	10,426,283	11,843,257	12,172,946	12,898,200
Fines and forfeitures	809,785	713,734	1,249,899	1,388,196	1,327,254	1,970,968	1,389,538	1,106,928	1,368,869	2,065,823
Investment income	2,212,239	1,183,372	1,029,857	386,625	620,238	966,065	973,382	648,353	808,057	3,376,739
Miscellaneous	2,311,777	1,597,631	1,412,712	4,922,110	5,258,879	7,425,918	4,259,292	4,238,622	3,686,554	5,234,380
Total revenues	102,525,073	95,138,499	97,974,132	105,827,775	113,346,143	118,087,221	118,235,365	126,918,616	136,985,344	151,876,986
Expenditures:										
General government	13,293,822	14,250,449	17,359,559	18,300,674	16,675,752	14,920,656	17,221,056	23,846,879	31,331,610	20,054,045
Public safety	54,829,841	57,179,774	59,990,689	61,148,274	64,415,889	65,483,238	69,282,330	75,422,433	79,987,940	81,980,266
Public works	7,604,031	7,170,797	6,812,650	7,071,640	7,047,481	7,372,191	7,496,375	8,108,498	8,631,348	8,683,451
Non-departmental	1,610,373	1,241,011	1,111,377	1,072,536	1,189,844	232,615	241,219	1,434,922	9,926,355	870,295
Parks, recreation										
and cultural arts	4,259,113	4,103,546	4,167,794	4,014,641	4,163,405	4,277,132	4,363,583	4,762,304	5,818,517	4,894,981
Capital outlay	24,389,154	6,942,474	2,991,147	3,892,084	5,190,071	5,051,591	7,159,809	6,803,684	11,953,331	9,677,684
Debt service:										
Principal	4,630,312	5,403,486		6,257,257	6,048,688	6,614,497	7,103,785	6,404,719	6,027,670	5,176,762
Interest and fiscal charges	2,926,367	3,117,864	3,272,583	3,187,648	2,462,067	2,456,049	1,476,029	1,249,135	1,105,114	976,860
Total expenditures	113,543,013	99,409,401	101,716,014	104,944,754	107,193,197	106,407,969	114,344,186	128,032,574	154,781,885	132,314,344
Excess (deficiency)										
of revenues over										
expenditures	(11,017,940)	(4,270,902) (3,741,882)	883,021	6,152,946	11,679,252	3,891,179	(1,113,958)	(17,796,541)	19,562,642

					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets	11,280,454 (8,280,454) -	3,044,595 (8,486,780) -	2,554,313 (2,054,313) -	1,623,065 (1,548,065) -	7,322,545 (6,943,879) -	7,664,951 (10,709,003) 8,440,500	9,451,352 (9,682,691) 4,965,000	12,680,690 (12,824,007) 2,523,905	8,017,648 (8,213,648) -	17,190,158 (17,422,056) -
Issuance of debt Payment to escrow agent	<u> </u>	20,000,000	<u> </u>	17,394,769 (17,394,769)	- -	28,725,000	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,000,000	14,557,815	500,000	75,000	378,666	5,396,448	4,733,661	2,380,588	(196,000)	(231,898)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (8,017,940) \$	10,286,913 \$	(3,241,882) \$	958,021 \$	6,531,612 \$	17,075,700 \$	8,624,840	1,266,630	(17,992,541)	19,330,744
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.48%	8.71%	9.40%	9.45%	8.58%	8.96%	8.04%	6.81%	5.55%	5.09%

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	-	Real Property	_	Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Rate	_	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2010	2009	\$	8,474,388,034	\$	322,340,587	\$ 1,411,699,304	\$ 7,385,029,317	5.5949	\$	13,203,220,991	55.93%
2011	2010		7,758,406,690		298,755,908	1,345,895,850	6,711,266,748	5.6808		11,186,513,795	59.99%
2012	2011		7,528,749,030		286,149,893	1,242,462,810	6,572,436,113	5.6007		9,979,210,203	65.86%
2013	2012		7,588,509,410		279,671,874	1,253,918,540	6,614,262,744	5.6422		9,939,798,474	66.54%
2014	2013		7,741,261,030		315,289,419	1,228,449,080	6,828,101,369	5.9450		10,223,709,690	66.79%
2015	2014		8,165,770,910		348,276,267	1,197,325,920	7,316,721,257	5.8910		11,085,286,065	66.00%
2016	2015		8,577,709,770		365,641,052	1,193,105,540	7,750,245,282	5.7976		12,020,234,773	64.48%
2017	2016		9,143,047,930		423,261,411	1,181,288,540	8,385,020,801	5.6962		13,070,563,470	64.15%
2018	2017		9,824,850,650		469,092,425	1,211,819,750	9,082,123,325	5.8485		14,033,435,693	64.72%
2019	2018		10,417,873,270		504,534,955	1,253,357,700	9,669,050,525	6.0121		14,822,705,163	65.23%

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser.

Note: Property in the County is reassessed annually. Tax rates are per \$ 1,000 of assessed value.

		Tov	vn of Davie, Flo	rida			Overlappi	ng Rates			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total Direct Rate	Broward County Millage	Broward County School District Millage	South Florida Water Management District	North Broward Hospital District	Broward Children's Services Council	Florida Inland Navigational District	Total Direct and Overlapping
2010	2009	4.8124	0.7825	5.5949	5.3889	7.4310	0.6240	1.7059	0.4243	0.0345	21.2035
2011	2010	4.8124	0.8684	5.6808	5.5530	7.6310	0.6240	1.8750	0.4696	0.0345	21.8679
2012	2011	4.8122	0.7885	5.6007	5.5530	7.4180	0.4363	1.8750	0.4789	0.0345	21.3964
2013	2012	4.8122	0.8300	5.6422	5.5530	7.4560	0.4289	1.8564	0.4902	0.0345	21.4612
2014	2013	5.0829	0.8621	5.9450	5.7230	7.4800	0.4110	1.7554	0.4882	0.0345	21.8371
2015	2014	5.0829	0.8081	5.8910	5.7230	7.4380	0.3842	1.5939	0.4882	0.0345	21.5528
2016	2015	5.0819	0.7157	5.7976	5.7230	7.2740	0.3551	1.4425	0.4882	0.0320	21.1124
2017	2016	5.0799	0.6163	5.6962	5.6690	6.9063	0.3307	1.3462	0.4882	0.0320	20.4686
2018	2017	5.3220	0.5265	5.8485	5.6690	6.5394	0.3100	1.2483	0.4882	0.0320	20.1354
2019	2018	5.6270	0.3851	6.0121	5.6690	6.4029	0.2936	1.0855	0.4882	0.0320	19.9833

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector

Note: Overlapping rates are those of local and County governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Davie, Florida.

State law requires all counties to assess at 100% just valuation and limits millage for operating purposes to ten (10) mills.

		2019				2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
SCG Atlas PalmTrace Landings LLC	\$ 117,174,088	1	1.21%	\$	-	-	-
Florida Power & Light	111,960,159	2	1.16%		63,090,212	2	0.86%
PPF AMLI 5971 Toscana Drive LP	106,211,586	3	1.10%		-	-	-
33 West Owner LLC	71,949,400	4	0.74%		-	-	-
GSG Residential Sunforest LLC	66,815,546	5	0.69%		-	-	-
SUNBELT Rentals #65	60,384,529	6	0.62%		-	-	-
FR Tower Shops LLC	57,837,780	7	0.60%		-	-	-
SCG Atlas New River Cove LLC	54,255,293	8	0.56%		-	-	-
Contentus Davie LLC	53,130,440	9	0.55%		-	-	-
Shalimar 240 LLC	51,982,593	10	0.54%		-	-	-
City National Bank of Trustee	-	-	-		96,232,729	1	1.30%
Tri-County Plaza Assoc. Ltd.	-	-	-		42,113,600	3	0.57%
Equity One	-	-	-		40,856,870	4	0.55%
Konover and Associates South Inc.	-	-	-		34,262,290	5	0.46%
Silver Oaks Landowner LLC	-	-	-		32,147,910	6	0.44%
James M. Dale Liv TR	-	-	-		31,112,280	7	0.42%
Andrx/Watson Laboratories, Inc.	-	-	-		30,636,094	8	0.41%
Palm Trace Landings	-	-	-		26,755,130	9	0.36%
595 CPC LLC		-		-	25,388,460	10	0.35%
Total	\$ 751,701,414		7.77%	\$	422,595,575		5.72%

Source: Broward County Records, Taxes, and Treasury Division.

					Within the of the Levy				Total Collecti	ons to Date
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	 Total Tax Levy for the Fiscal Year	_	Amount Collected	Percentage of the Levy	-	Collections (Credits) in Subsequent Years	_	Amount Collected	Percentage of the Levy
2010	2009	\$ 41,086,629	\$	38,934,136	94.76%	\$	398,533	\$	39,332,669	95.73%
2011	2010	38,001,899		35,946,716	94.59%		64,573		36,011,289	94.76%
2012	2011	36,562,490		35,028,211	95.80%		90,036		35,118,247	96.05%
2013	2012	37,291,063		35,735,499	95.83%		(45,196)		35,690,303	95.71%
2014	2013	40,528,241		38,774,698	95.67%		(152,555)		38,622,143	95.30%
2015	2014	43,066,409		41,051,588	95.32%		48,831		41,100,419	95.43%
2016	2015	44,936,250		43,030,891	95.76%		39,370		43,070,261	95.85%
2017	2016	47,805,550		45,792,620	95.79%		40,414		45,833,034	95.87%
2018	2017	53,166,153		50,840,147	95.63%		13,684		50,853,831	95.65%
2019	2018	58,142,998		55,585,234	95.60%		-		55,585,234	95.60%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collection Division Accountability Statement.

	_	Governm	ent	al Activities	_	Business-Type	Act	ivities					
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,		General Obligation Bonds		Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds		Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds		Note Payable	· <u>-</u>	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	_	Debt Per Capita (1)
2010	\$	53,767,369	\$	12,921,793	\$	61,208,820	\$	-	\$	127,897,982	4.56%	\$	1,406.32
2011		50,550,300		30,735,376		60,760,364		-		142,046,040	5.79%		1,539.13
2012		47,176,589		28,098,872		113,081,654		-		188,357,115	6.93%		2,028.66
2013		43,630,329		25,387,874		140,559,956		1,317,015		210,895,174	7.87%		2,253.18
2014		39,907,398		23,062,117		138,532,387		3,520,530		205,022,432	6.97%		2,146.85
2015		35,998,230		20,356,788		136,124,818		3,529,405		196,009,241	6.57%		2,022.63
2016		31,671,818		17,579,415		133,647,249		3,808,142		186,706,624	5.56%		1,877.58
2017		27,560,284		15,286,230		131,114,680		3,622,752		177,583,946	5.48%		1,763.79
2018		23,692,450		13,126,394		128,527,111		3,433,073		168,779,028	4.80%		1,636.01
2019		20,739,050		10,903,032		129,559,542		3,239,006		164,440,630	4.58%		1,577.38

Note: Debt is presented net of discounts and premiums.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population data is disclosed in Table 15.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	_	General Obligation Bonds (1)	_	Less: Accumulated Resources Restricted To Repaying the Principal of General Bonded Debt	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	-	Per Capita (3)
2010	\$	53,767,369	\$	1,186,000	\$ 52,581,369	0.40%	\$	578.17
2011		50,550,300		1,129,000	49,421,300	0.44%		535.50
2012		47,176,589		535,000	46,641,589	0.47%		502.34
2013		43,630,329		230,000	43,400,329	0.44%		463.68
2014		39,907,398		277,500	39,629,898	0.39%		414.98
2015		35,998,230		145,300	35,852,930	0.32%		369.97
2016		31,671,818		189,200	31,482,618	0.26%		316.60
2017		27,560,284		234,500	27,325,784	0.21%		271.40
2018		23,692,450		260,000	23,432,450	0.17%		227.14
2019		20,739,050		282,700	20,456,350	0.14%		196.23

⁽¹⁾ General bonded debt is presented net of discounts and premiums.

⁽²⁾ For property value data see Table 6: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.

⁽³⁾ For population data see Table 15: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Governmental Unit:	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Broward County School Board Broward County	\$ 357,354,000 508,545,000	4.70% 5.10%	\$ _	16,806,197 25,944,456
Subtotal, overlapping debt				42,750,653
Town of Davie, Florida			_	31,642,082
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ <u>_</u>	74,392,735

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic

boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town of Davie, Florida. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

						Fiscal	Year				
	_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt limit	\$	879,672,862 \$	805,716,260 \$	781,489,892 \$	786,818,128 \$	805,655,045 \$	851,404,718 \$	894,335,082 \$	956,630,934 \$	1,029,394,308 \$	1,092,240,823
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	52,581,369	49,421,300	46,641,589	43,400,329	39,629,898	35,852,930	31,482,618	27,325,784	23,432,450	20,456,350
Legal debt margin	\$_	827,091,493 \$	756,294,960 \$	734,848,303 \$	743,417,799 \$	766,025,147 \$	815,551,788 \$	862,852,464 \$	929,305,150 \$	1,005,961,858 \$	1,071,784,473
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	=	5.98%	6.13%	5.97%	5.52%	4.92%	4.21%	3.52%	2.86%	2.28%	1.87%
Taxable assessed value	\$	7,385,029,317 \$	6,711,266,748 \$	6,572,436,113 \$	6,614,262,744 \$	6,828,101,369 \$	7,316,721,257 \$	7,750,245,282 \$	8,385,020,801 \$	9,082,123,325 \$	9,669,050,525
Tax exempt real property	_	1,411,699,304	1,345,895,850	1,242,462,810	1,253,918,540	1,228,449,080	1,197,325,920	1,193,105,540	1,181,288,540	1,211,819,750	1,253,357,700
	\$_	8,796,728,621 \$	8,057,162,598 \$	7,814,898,923 \$	7,868,181,284 \$	8,056,550,449 \$	8,514,047,177 \$	8,943,350,822 \$	9,566,309,341 \$	10,293,943,075 \$	10,922,408,225
					Legal Debt Margin C	alculation for Fiscal Ye	ar 2019:				
					Taxable Assessed Va Add back: exempt re			\$ _	9,669,050,525 1,253,357,700 10,922,408,225		
					Debt limit (10% of to	otal assessed value)		\$_	1,092,240,823		
					General obligation b Less: Amounts set as	onds side for repayment of		\$	20,739,050		
					general ob	oligation debt		_	282,700		
					Total net debt applic	cable to limit		_	20,456,350		
					Legal debt margin			\$ =	1,071,784,473		

Fiscal	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds										
Year Ended	Water Charges	Less: Operating		Net Available		Debt	t Ser	vice			
September 30,	and Other *	Expenses		Revenue		Principal	-	Interest	Coverage		
2010	\$ 16,466,590	\$ 8,772,924	\$	7,693,666	\$	1,345,000	\$	1,906,278	236.64%		
2011	20,737,704	10,052,376		10,685,328		1,390,000		3,475,123	219.63%		
2012	21,231,766	9,477,833		11,753,933		1,435,000		3,664,539	230.49%		
2013	23,237,974	10,178,244		13,059,730		1,715,000		3,158,950	267.95%		
2014	25,440,833	11,662,722		13,778,111		2,301,646		1,794,488	336.37%		
2015	28,486,341	12,073,335		16,413,006		2,665,294		6,743,818	174.44%		
2016	25,207,810	12,387,452		12,820,358		2,596,944		6,757,287	137.05%		
2017	24,320,696	13,485,764		10,834,932		2,700,390		6,610,944	116.36%		
2018	27,450,471	15,169,017		12,281,454		2,759,679		6,562,409	131.75%		
2019	29,443,300	16,451,215		12,992,085		2,814,067		6,302,363	142.51%		

^{*} Water charges and other includes charges for services, other income, investment income, gain (loss) on sale of capital assets and capital contributions.

Year	Population (1,2,3)	Median Age (1,2)	. <u>-</u>	Personal Income (1,3) (Thousands of Dollars)	_	Per Capita Personal Income (1,3)	School Enrollment (4)	Broward County Unemployment Rate (5,6)
2010	90,945	36.4	\$	2,804,016	\$	30,832	16,265	10.2%
2011	92,290	37.9	•	2,451,868	•	26,567	16,118	9.5%
2012	92,848	35.9		2,716,732		29,260	16,358	7.6%
2013	93,599	39.7		2,680,956		28,643	16,273	5.4%
2014	95,499	37.9		2,940,414		30,790	16,228	5.2%
2015	96,908	37.6		2,983,797		30,790	16,161	5.1%
2016	99,440	40.8		3,360,276		33,792	16,539	4.6%
2017	100,683	37.6		3,240,080		32,181	17,083	3.3%
2018	103,165	37.7		3,518,649		34,107	17,174	2.8%
2019	104,249	37.7		3,593,567		34,471	17,235	2.6%

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) American Community Survey.
- (3) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Research.
- (4) Broward County School 20th day Enrollment.
- (5) State of Florida Unemployment Statistics.
- (6) U.S. Department of Labor.

			2019		2010			
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	
Nova Southeastern University	Educational Complex	4,833	1	0.47%	3,967	1	0.40%	
Broward College	Educational Complex	2,002	2	0.19%	-	-	-	
Broward County Schools	Educational Complex	1,585	3	0.15%	250	5	0.03%	
Rick Case Automotive	Auto/Cycle Dealership	899	4	0.09%	-	-	-	
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	870	5	0.08%	-	-	-	
Town of Davie	Municipality	819	6	0.08%	712	3	0.07%	
Teva/Actavis	Pharmaceutical	545	7	0.05%	-	-	-	
Walmart	Retail	380	8	0.04%	-	-	-	
Home Depot	Retail	378	9	0.04%	-	-	-	
Stryker	Medical	350	10	0.03%	-	-	-	
Watson Laboratories (ANDRX)	Pharmaceutical	-	-	-	900	2	0.09%	
Maheim Auction	Auction House	-	-	-	354	4	0.04%	
Signature Grand	Banquet Hall	-	-	-	230	6	0.02%	
Target Stores	Retail	-	-	-	177	7	0.02%	
Costco	Retail	-	-	-	155	8	0.02%	
Pirtle Construction	Construction	-	-	-	133	9	0.01%	
Drago USA	Retail		-		70	10	0.01%	
Total		12,661		1.22%	6,948		0.71%	

Source: Greater Fort Lauderdale Broward Economic Development Alliance and Town of Davie Administration Department

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program:										
General Government:										
Legislative	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Administrative	79	76	77	76	75	79	94	101	92	100
Public Works/Utilities	100	101	97	106	105	106	111	113	113	115
Parks, Recreation and										
Cultural Arts	51	51	51	51	48	48	49	49	49	74
Building and Engineering	24	23	24	24	29	29	24	24	25	25
Public Safety:										
Police	232	230	236	241	251	253	258	264	274	277
Fire/Rescue	147	146	145	<u>157</u>	156	<u>157</u>	162	<u>176</u>	177	177
Total	638	632	635	660	669	677	703	732	735	773

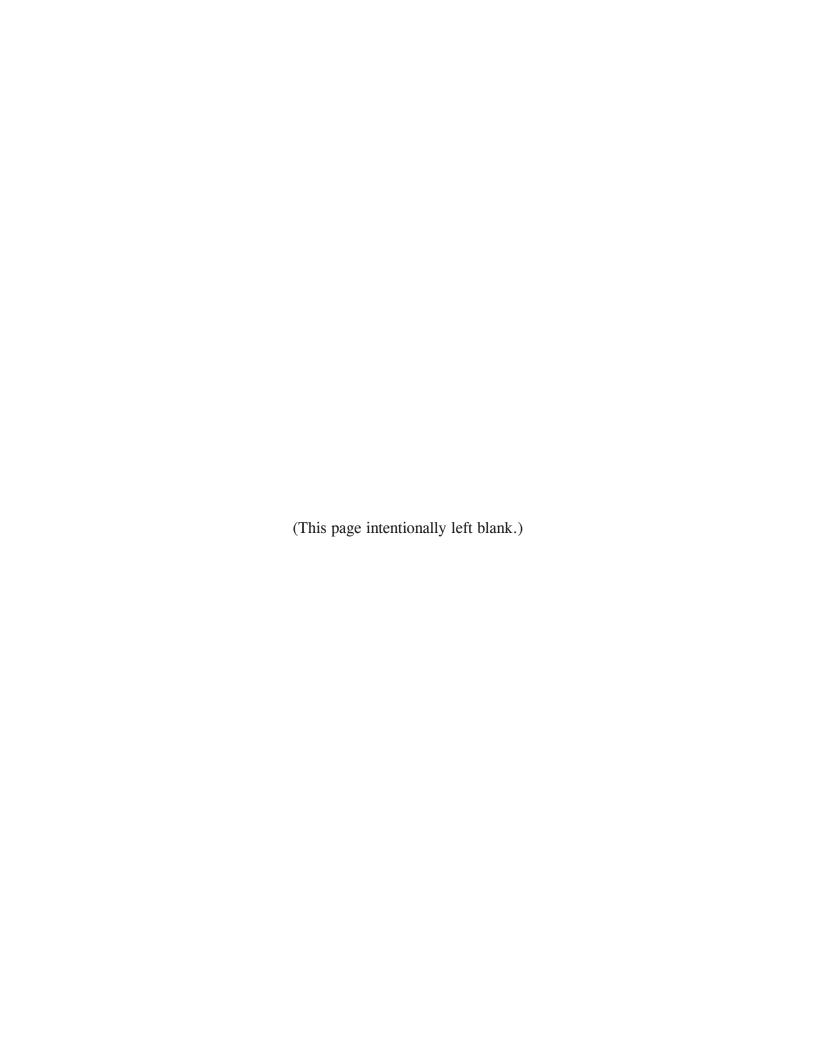
Source: Various Town Departments.

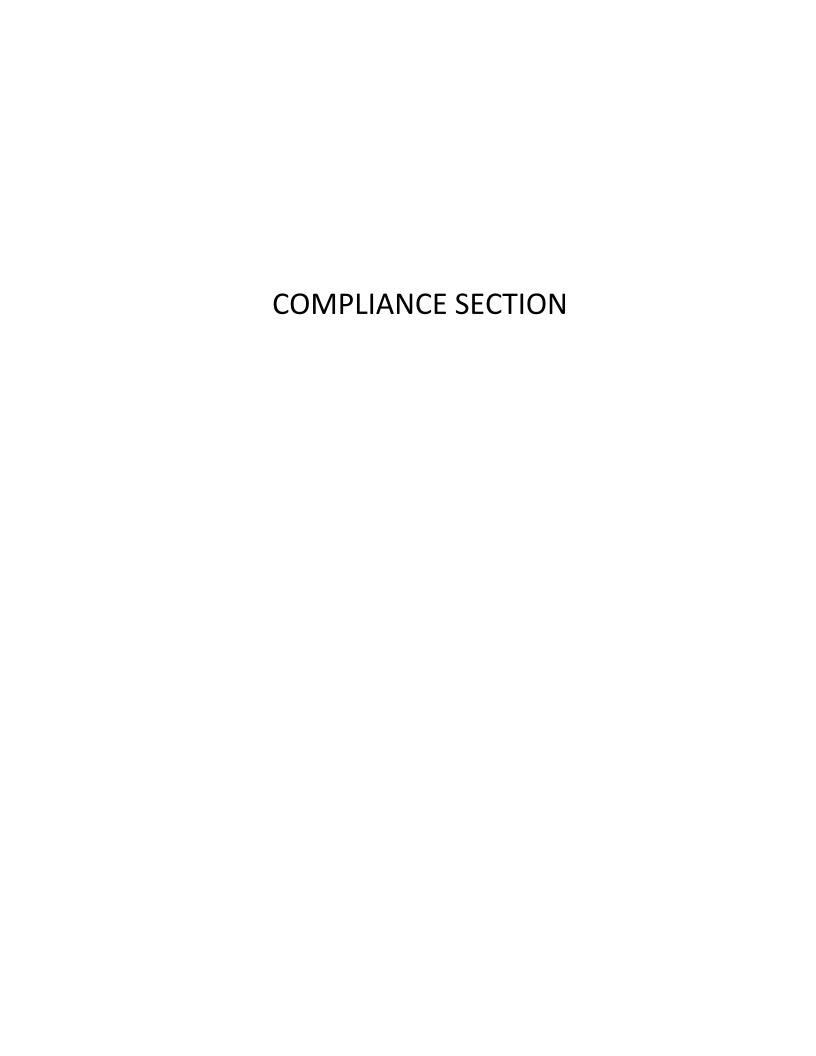
	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program: Police:										
Physical arrests Citations issued	1,895 15,591	2,004 12,364	1,558 11,841	3,381 14,330	1,408 15,188	1,237 13,897	1,873 9,407	954 8,279	964 11,756	1,134 12,674
Fire rescue: Numbers of calls answered Fire inspections	11,948 7,214	11,921 5,603	12,144 5,966	13,119 4,170	13,345 4,560	13,649 5,457	14,094 5,358	14,566 5,444	14,174 8,366	13,964 10,599
Community development: New Residential/Commercial Building permits issued	79	110	111	108	152	157	188	110	239	284
Highway and streets: Street resurfacing (miles)	5	5	0	8	7	10	3	3	8	6
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Athletic programs (participants) Youth camps (participants) Club memberships Facility rentals Pool admissions	3,500 300 360 1,525 35,100	5,000 86 250 1,750 15,000	2,296 339 517 1,549 2,716	3,026 470 331 2,662 56,224	3,227 510 353 3,384 91,898	2,984 498 424 2,464 94,088	3,279 551 489 2,613 98,790	2,054 458 627 1,749 100,413	2,332 539 961 3,687 134,790	1,614 495 946 3,324 136,415
Water: Number of water meters operating Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	9,548 4.71 MGD	9,801 4.71 MGD	9,801 4.43 MGD	9,661 4.22 MGD	9,603 3.83 MGD	9,517 3.73 MGD	9,691 4.64 MGD	10,181 4.51 MGD	10,171 4.47 MGD	9,876 4.42 MGD
Sewer: Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	3.86 MGD	3.98 MGD	3.76 MGD	4.02 MGD	3.83 MGD	3.30 MGD	3.46 MGD	3.78 MGD	3.90 MGD	3.76 MGD

Source: Various Town Departments

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program:										
Public safety:										
Police stations	1 5	1 5	1 5	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	1	1
Fire stations	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	1 6	1 6
Highway and streets:										
Streets (miles)	304	304	304	305	309	310	310	310	310	310
Number of street lights	4,053	4,059	4,059	4,065	4,065	5,152	5,153	5,156	5,164	5,174
Parks, recreation and cultural arts:										
Number of parks	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	36	37	37
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 7
Community centers	6 3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Community bus shuttles	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	162	162	162	162	162	162	162	163	163	169
Fire hydrants	1,212	1,232	1,326	1,329	1,587	1,460	1,460	1,587	1,587	1,587
Maximum daily capacity (in thousand of gallons)	7.42 MGD	7.42 MGD	7.42 MGD	7.42 MGD	7.42 MGD	10.0 MGD				
Sewer/stormwater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	72	72	72	72	73	73	73	73	73	73
Storm sewers (miles) Maximum daily treatment capacity (in millions of gallons	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	89	89
per day - MGD)	3.40 MGD	4.85 MGD	4.85 MGD	8.35 MGD						

Source: Various Town Departments







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Administrator Town of Davie, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, as described in our report on the Town's financial statements. The financial statements of the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



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Town of Davie, Florida

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 24, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Administrator Town of Davie, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the Town of Davie, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the compliance requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Town's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state financial assistance applicable to its federal programs and state projects, respectively.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program and/or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

B P t W

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and/or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and/or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and/or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 24, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO TOWN MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Administrator Town of Davie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 24, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name or official title and legal authority of the Town and its blended component unit are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.



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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State, and other granting agencies, the Members of the Town Council, Town Administrator, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 24, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Administrator Town of Davie, Florida

We have examined the Town of Davie, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

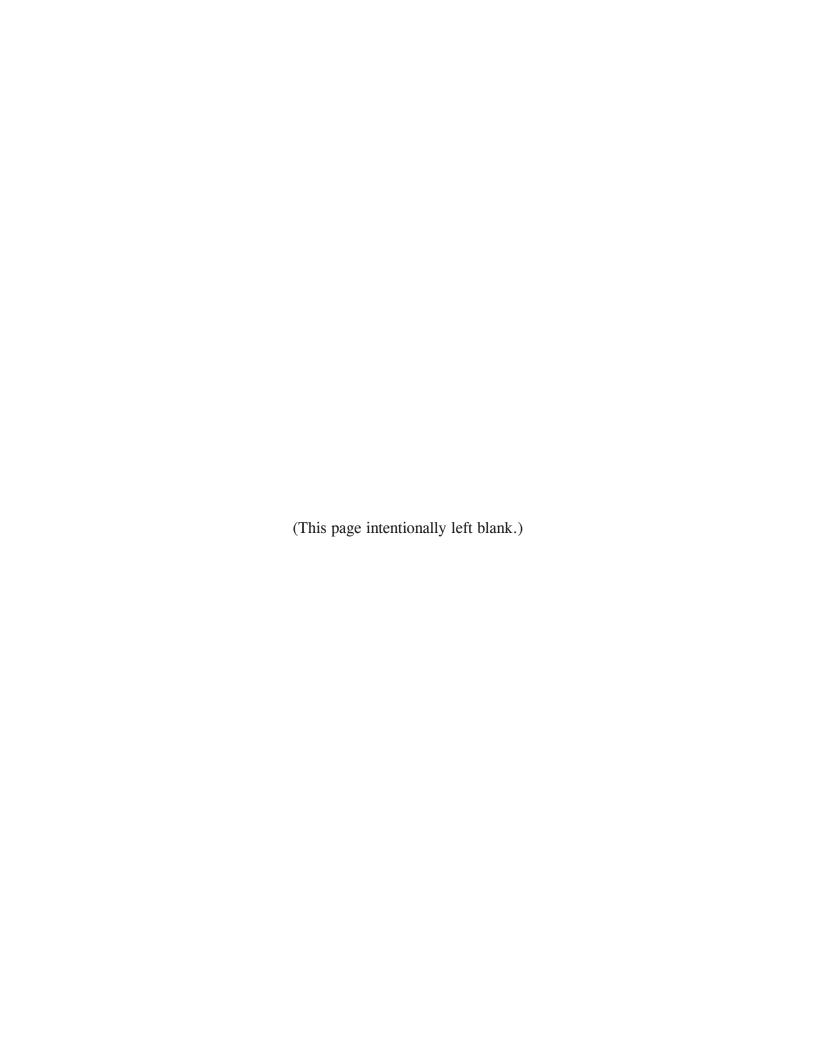
This report is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Town Council, Town Administrator, applicable management, and the State of Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 24, 2020



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS JOURNAL



Town of Davie, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	CFDA/ CFSA Number	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers to Sub-recipients	
Federal Agency Name: Direct Programs: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development -					
Community Development Block Grants/Program for Entitlement Communities	14.218 14.218	BC-16MC-12-0044 BC-18MC-12-0044 14.218 Total	\$ 119,052 203,749 322,801	\$ - 95,813 95,813	
Indirect Programs: United States Department of Justice - Passed through Broward County Sheriff Office - Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		26,515		
United States Department of Transportation - Passed through Florida Department of Transportation - Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	G0867	200,000	-	
United States Department of Homeland Security - Passed through the Florida Division of Emergency Management - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially					
Declared Disasters)	97.036	FL-840082	405,732	-	
	97.036	PA-00-11-16-01-107	386,888	-	
	97.036	DEM-17-PA-U5-11-16-01-061 97.036 Total	37,936 830,556	<u>-</u> -	

Town of Davie, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	CFDA/ CFSA Number	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers to Sub-recipients
Federal Agency Name (continued):				
Indirect Programs (continued): United States Department of Homeland Security -				
Passed through the Florida Division				
of Emergency Management (continued) -				
Preparing for Emerging Threats and Hazards	97.133	EMW-2016-GR-0097	15,901	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		5,000	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,400,773	\$ 95,813
State Agency Name:				
Direct Projects:				
Florida Department of Transportation -				
County Incentive Grant Program (CIGP)	55.008	G-0120	\$1,015,230	\$
Florida Housing Finance Corporation -				
State Housing Initiative Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	LHAP (2015/16)	90,440	-
		LHAP (2016/17)	396,514	-
		LHAP (2017/18)	65,606	-
		LHAP (2018/19)	350	
		40.901 Total	552,910	-
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			\$1,568,140	\$

See note to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") includes the federal and state grant activity of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"). The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General, as well as other applicable provisions of contracts and grant agreements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement, as applicable.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Contingency

The grant and contract revenue received is subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor/contract agencies would become a liability of the Town. In the opinion of management, all grant and contract expenditures are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal/state laws and other applicable regulations.

Note 5 - Prior Year Expenditures

The Schedule includes contract/grants from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security in the amount of \$ 424,824 that represent expenditures from the 2017 and 2018 fiscal years.

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Town.
- 2. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Davie, Florida were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the major federal programs and state projects are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal programs and state projects for the Town of Davie, Florida expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal programs and state projects for the Town of Davie, Florida, are reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program/project tested as major program/project include the following:

Federal Program:	CFDA No.
U.S. Department of Homeland Security -	
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036
Decidied Disasters)	97.030
State Project:	CSFA No.
Florida Department of Transportation -	
County Incentive Grant Program (CIGP)	55.008

- 8. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B for federal programs was \$ 750,000. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B for state projects was \$ 300,000.
- 9. The Town was determined to be a low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance.

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit

No matters are reported.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs and Major State Projects

No matters are reported.

D. Other Issues

- 1. A separate management letter was not issued.
- 2. No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to federal programs and state projects.
- 3. No corrective action plan is required because there were no findings reported under the Uniform Guidance or the Florida Single Audit Act.