City of Lighthouse Point

Florida



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Prepared By: Finance Department

Cori Olympio, CPA Finance Director

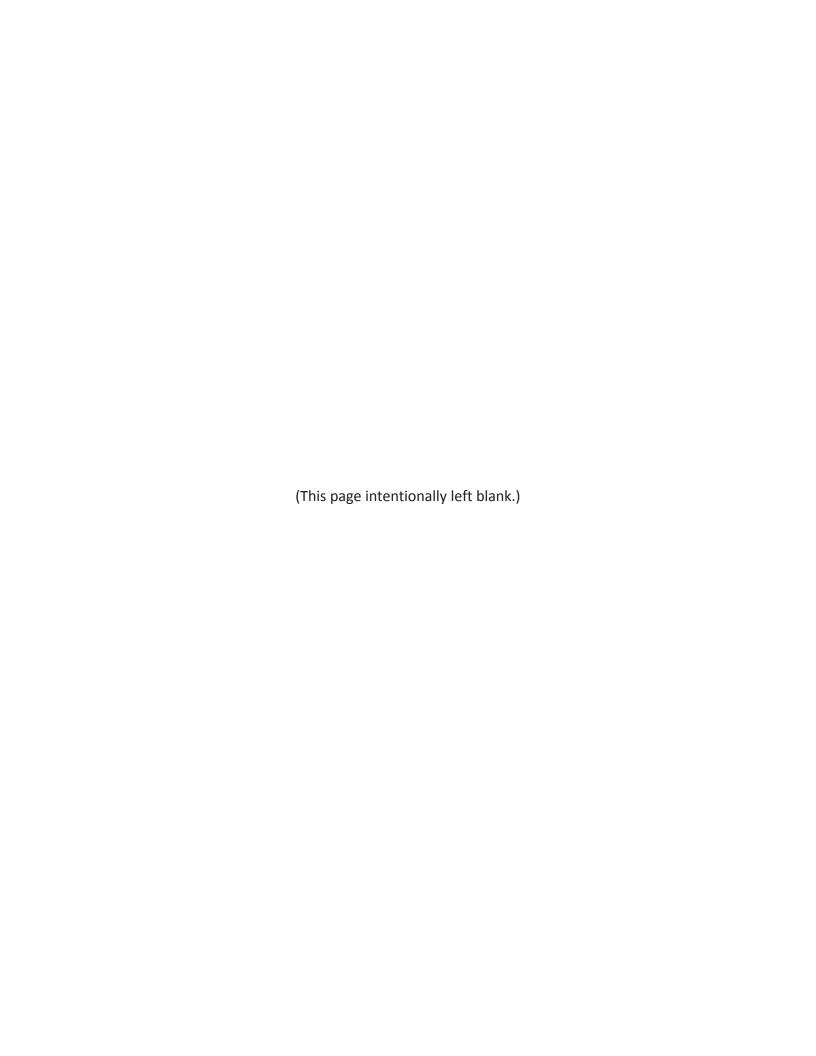


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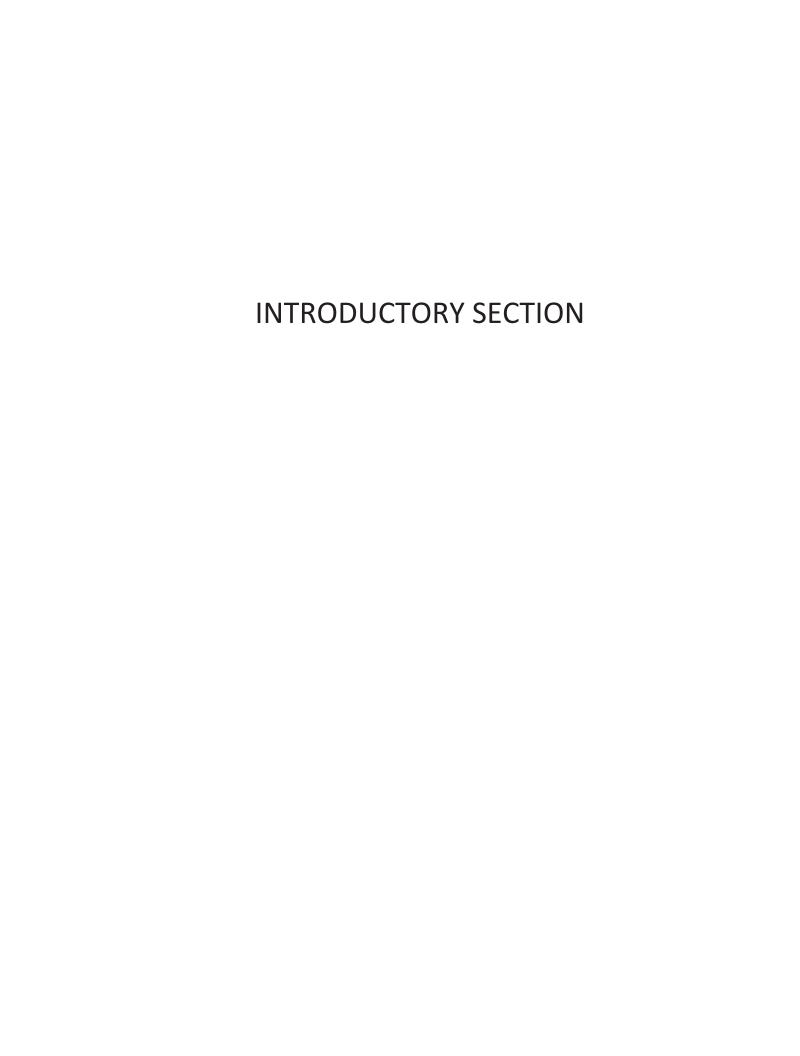
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March 23, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners

Re: City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report - For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Dear Mayor and Commissioners:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This report has been prepared by the Finance Department with input from all City departments. Although the financial statements have been audited by independent certified public accountants, the responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City staff. We believe the information, as presented here, fairly presents the City's financial position in all material respects. We have included the elements required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the State of Florida, and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This report should provide readers with a clear perspective of the City's operations and financial activity.

In accordance with Section 218.32(1) (a), Florida Statutes, an audit of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all administrative departments of the City has been conducted by a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants. Keefe McCullough, independent auditors, has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements as presented herein. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Lighthouse Point's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lighthouse Point was incorporated in 1956. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and a five-member Commission that sets policy, approves ordinances, adopts the City's budget, and levies taxes. The City of Lighthouse Point provides a wide range of municipal services, including law enforcement, fire protection, emergency medical services, recreation, public works, library, building and land development regulation, refuse collection, stormwater management, and a community bus service. Water and sanitary sewer services are provided by other jurisdictions and those revenues and costs are not included in this report.

This report includes all funds of the City in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 entitled "The Financial Reporting Entity". Based on this pronouncement, the Entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the report to be misleading or incomplete. For the City of Lighthouse Point, the Entity is only the primary government. While there are other taxing jurisdictions which levy property taxes upon property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point (Broward County, the School Board, the North Broward Hospital District, and other special districts), they do not represent component units of the City of Lighthouse Point. Therefore, no financial information about those entities is included in the City's financial statements. This report does provide a schedule of overlapping debt including Broward County representing debt affecting property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Lighthouse Point is a developed community that is bordered by Federal Highway on the west and the Intracoastal Waterway on the east. The City is comprised of 2.5 square miles in the northeast section of the County, and surrounded by the municipalities of Pompano Beach, Deerfield Beach, and Hillsboro Beach. The City's tax base is primarily residential, and although it was heavily impacted by the economic downturn of 2008-09, taxable values have recovered. Continued sustainable growth is anticipated for the foreseeable future; COVID-19 created a high demand due to lower interest rates and a low supply of available houses in South Florida. This has kept property values on an upward trend. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, which is the focus of this financial report, the final taxable real and personal property values increased by 5.84 percent to \$2.75 billion, marking the tenth consecutive year of assessed value increases for the City of Lighthouse Point. The City is fully built-out, however values continue to increase at a sustainable pace, and the average market and assessed values of single family homes in the City are among the highest in the County. This is attributed to the City's large amount of waterfront property and strong residential market that continues to see redevelopment as more affluent families make the City their home. The City's building permit revenue has been strong over the past several years, due to a large number of single family home rebuilds and remodels, contributing to the sustained increases in assessed values over the past several years. The City is well positioned with a sound General Fund spendable balance as shown in the financial statements in this report. Continued stabilization of the City's tax base has allowed the City to maintain the same operating ad valorem millage rate for FY 2021/2022 and each year since FY 2011/2012. In April 2019, the City issued \$ 16.5 million in General Obligation Bonds to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, a new Recreation Community Center, a new Public Works Administration Building and renovation of the existing building, and an addition to the Library. Due to the economic conditions of the City and its strong financial management practices, the City received a credit rating of AA+ from Standard and Poor's (S&P). The commercial sector continues to attract new business and retail establishments.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to maintain and rehabilitate its capital facilities and equipment, while preserving a healthy level of fund balance and minimal use of debt. The City finances its capital projects through the use of accumulated fund balance cash and intergovernmental grants, with the balance funded via various debt mechanisms. The City has a capital improvement plan that details multiyear cyclical expenditures, and is published in the City's annual budget. This plan outlines maintenance, rehabilitation, or replacement of many of the City's facilities and infrastructure, including: bridges, canals, roads, seawalls, stormwater, and parks and recreation, and includes funding sources.

The capital improvement plan serves as a guide for the City administration in planning and executing future facility improvements.

During the past year, the City has undertaken or completed the following capital improvement plan projects:

- Continued construction on the new Fire Station/EOC.
- Continued construction on the new Community Center.
- Began construction on new basketball and pickleball courts at Dan Witt Park.
- Began installing new sports field lights at Dan Witt Park.
- Began milling and paving Lake Placid neighborhood.
- Procured engineering services for the Alamanda Bridge Survey, Hydrographic Survey, and Seawall Survey.
- Performed condition assessments for seven City bridges.
- Procured engineering services to update the Stormwater Master Plan.

Financial Information and Relevant Policies

The City administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. The City's accounting system is designed to allow for internal controls that are reasonable and provide assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that financial records are reliable to report on the City's finances and assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires the City administration to make estimates and judgments. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe that the City has established appropriate internal controls to reasonably assure proper recording of financial transactions and protection of assets.

Budgetary Control:

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Although the legal level of control (the point at which expenditures and encumbrances cannot legally exceed appropriations) is by character (Personal Services, Operating Expenses, Capital Outlay), budgetary control is maintained at the object level through the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders, which result in an overrun of balances, are not released until additional appropriations are made available or sufficient resources are assured to cover the liability. Open encumbrances in excess of \$20,000 are reported as commitments of fund balance on September 30, 2022.

Financial Policies:

The City has adopted specific financial policies that have contributed to the sound financial position reflected in this report for FY 2021/2022. These include:

- A contingency policy that requires certain fund balance to be set aside for emergencies.
- An investment policy that emphasizes safety and liquidity above all, with yield being of lowest importance.
- Conservative budget practices that help to maintain healthy levels of fund balance.

Employee Retirement System:

The City offers different retirement plan options to City employees depending upon their employment group. The City had a defined benefit plan for Firefighters and Police Officers that was implemented on October 1, 2003 and that closed to Firefighters on October 1, 2018 and Police Officers on March 1, 2019. All newly hired Firefighters and Police Officers are required to join the Florida Retirement System (FRS). Defined contribution (401a) plans cover General Employees and Management Employees as well as Firefighters and Police Officers that elected not to join the Florida Retirement System in FY 2019. The City offers a deferred compensation plan (457) and Roth IRA to all employees that wish to contribute, as well as a retirement health savings (RHS) plan to certain eligible groups of employees. The defined benefit plan requires ongoing City contributions based on actuarial valuations since all Police and Fire employees left the plan as of September 30, 2019. FRS requires both City and employee contributions, and the Florida State Legislature determines plan structure, benefit levels, and funding. The defined contribution plans require fixed contributions from both the City and the participating employee based upon union contracts and City Commission resolutions. The deferred compensation, Roth IRA, and RHS plans are funded exclusively through employee contributions. More information on the retirement plans are provided in the financial section of this report.

Major Initiatives

The City's major initiatives for FY 2022 included the following:

- Completed the closeout process with FEMA and the State of Florida for Hurricane Irma reimbursements.
- Submitted and received funding from FEMA for the COVID-19 Vaccination Pod.
- Implemented new budgeting software to enhance the City's budget process.
- Obtained several grants to enhance Police Department operations. Grants were received from Broward County for Enhanced Marine Law Enforcement initiatives, from the Department of Justice to replace body armor for sworn police officers, and from the Florida Department of Law Enforcement for the transition to the new Florida Incident Based Crime Reporting System.
- Implemented a revised building fee schedule that aligns with neighboring cities and provides funding for future improvements within the Building Department.
- Amended the interlocal agreement with Broward County to obtain increased revenue to operate the Community Bus.
- Installed a new ADA compliant paver pathway with new sitting bench and picnic table at DeGroff Park.
- Worked with the State of Florida to extend the Florida Department of Environmental Protection grant for improvements at Dan Witt Park.
- Contracted FM Tennis to oversee management and maintenance of the Tennis Center.
- Started the NE 38th Street Drainage project and awarded the contract for the NE 27th Avenue Drainage project.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the City has achieved this recognition. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report.

This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the requirements of this peer review program and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report is the result of the combined efforts of all who contribute to the success of the City of Lighthouse Point, including its elected officials, staff and residents. Due credit and thanks is given to the Mayor and City Commission for their support and for maintaining high standards of professionalism in the oversight and administration of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Cori Olympio Finance Director John D. Lavisky City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lighthouse Point Florida

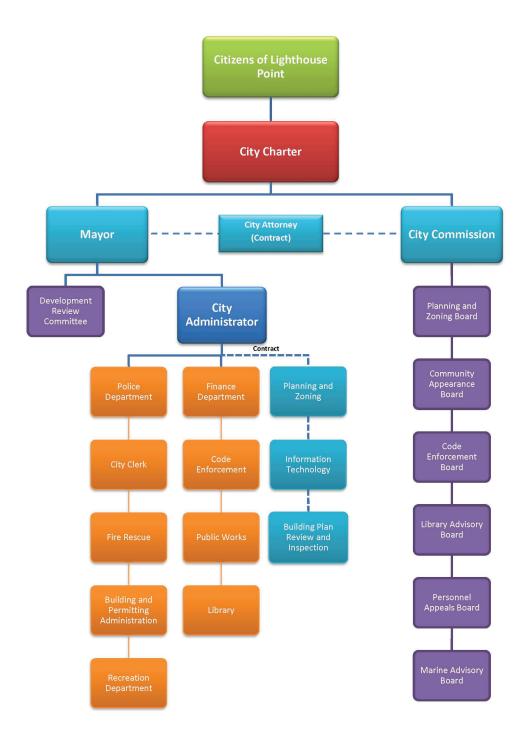
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Lighthouse Point City Governmental Structure September 30, 2022



Mayor Kyle Van Buskirk

Commission President Jason D. Joffe

Commission Vice President Sandy Johnson

Commissioner Michael S. Long

Commissioner Everett Marshall III

Commissioner Patty Petrone

City Administrator John D. Lavisky

City Attorney Michael D. Cirullo, Jr.

City Clerk Kathryn Sims

Finance Director Cori Olympio

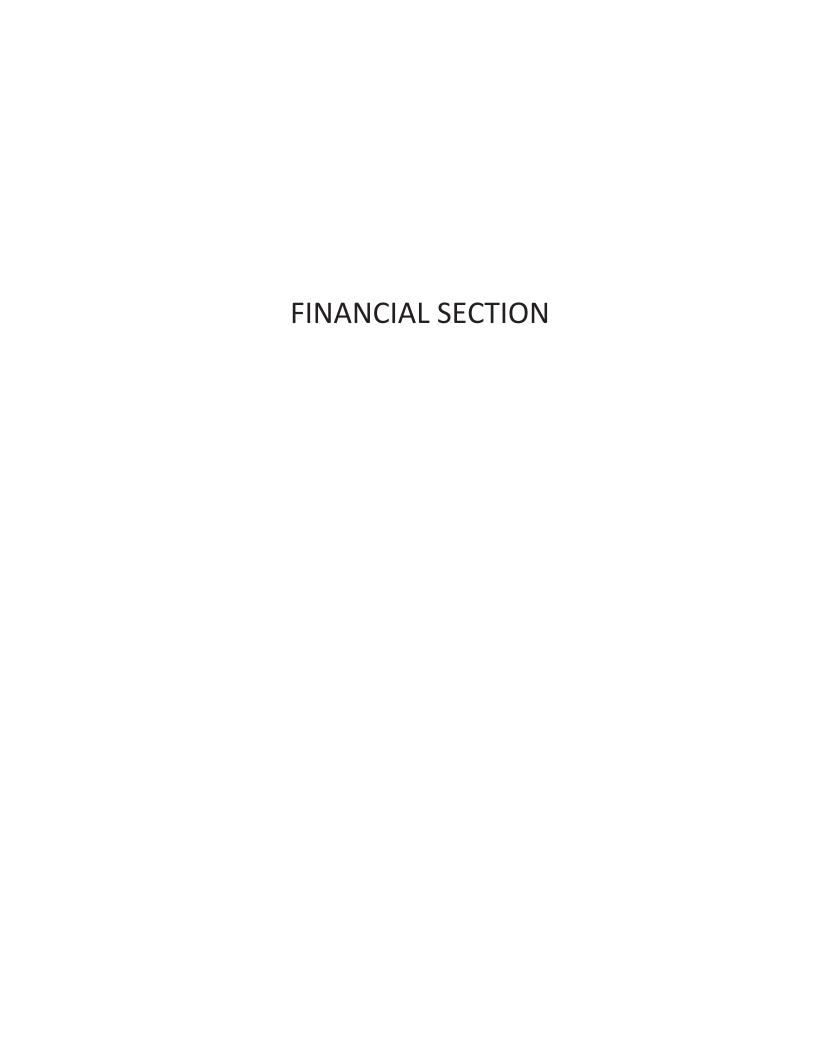
Fire Chief Robert Weech

Library Director Christy Keyes

Police Chief Ross Licata

Public Works Director Charles Schramm

Recreation Director Becky Word





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Garbage and Trash Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



BEST PLACES TO WORK

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, other financial information, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the other financial information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the other supplementary information and the other financial information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

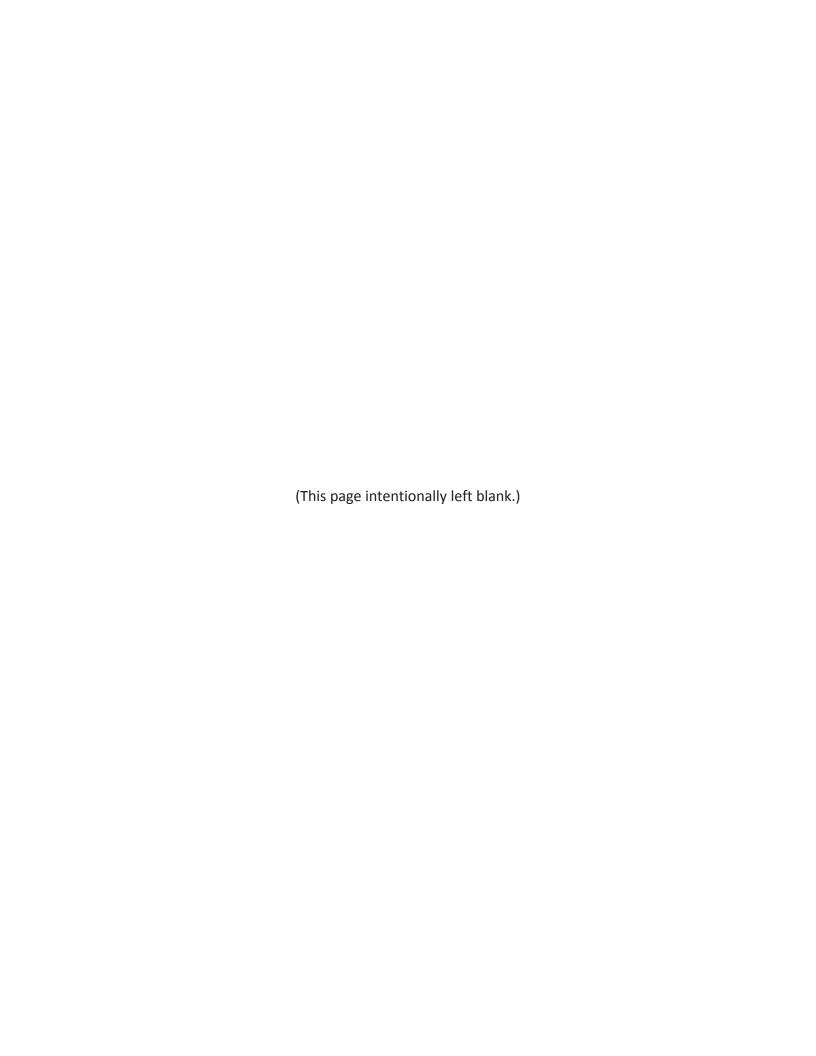
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2023



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

As management of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the City), we offer readers this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This section of the financial report is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, changes in the City's financial position and material deviations from the approved budget; further, to identify issues and concerns within each individual fund. Readers are encouraged to review the information presented here in conjunction with the information presented throughout this report, including the letter of transmittal, financial statements, and notes to the financial statements that follow. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following are highlights of financial activity for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022:

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$33,229,166 (net position). The entire amount was derived from governmental fund activities. Of this amount, \$4,761,370 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's revenues for governmental activities were \$ 22,983,258, including \$ 6,609,092 for program related services. Expenditures for all governmental activities were \$ 25,060,759.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 15,063,526, a decrease of \$ 6,477,166. The General Fund increased by \$ 362,358.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,599,445 including \$112,287 Nonspendable; \$701,913 Restricted; \$1,904,294 Committed; \$3,750,000 Assigned; and \$1,130,951 Unassigned.
- The total value of the City's governmental cash and investments at September 30, 2022 was \$ 21,440,101. The City's balances of cash were up \$ 3,715,937 and invested funds were down \$ 5,116,065.

Overview of Financial Statements

The organization of the City's financial statements is guided by the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and its reporting model prescribed in Pronouncement 34. This annual report consists of four parts: 1) Introductory Section, 2) Financial Section, 3) Statistical Section, and 4) Compliance Section. The Financial Section is comprised of the Independent Auditor's Report, this Management Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and an additional section that presents Combining Statements for nonmajor governmental and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City's financial activity. The following table summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements:

		Fund Statements						
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the City that are not fiduciary, such as police, fire, parks, etc.	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as employee retirement plans					
Required financial	• Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 					
• Statement of	Statement of Activities	 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon after; capital assets are not included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the fiscal year; expenses when goods/services have been received and payment is due, during the year or soon thereafter	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, and are designed to provide a broad overview of the City's financial position as an entity, similar to a private corporation.

The statement of net position shows the total assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows for the City with the difference representing net position. The change in net position over time may be an indicator of the City's financial health. (Table 1 in the Statistical Section provides such a comparison of the growth in the City's net position.)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lighthouse Point that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The *governmental activities* of the City include general government (governing body, administration, records management, and finance), public safety (police, fire-rescue, land and building regulation, and code enforcement), physical environment (public works), and culture and recreation (library and park activities). The City of Lighthouse Point is the primary government and has no component units to report. These statements do not include the fiduciary funds because those resources are being held in trust for beneficiaries and cannot be used for the City's program activities.

Fund financial statements

A fund consists of a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lighthouse Point, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. The City of Lighthouse Point categorizes funds as governmental funds and fiduciary funds, since the City has no proprietary funds.

The governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Governmental funds include the functions summarized as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Lighthouse Point maintains eleven individual governmental funds. For the City's General Fund, Infrastructure Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, and Bond Construction Fund, the information is presented separately in the governmental fund financial statements, as they are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation for the General Fund, the Tennis Center Fund, the Garbage and Trash Fund, the Stormwater Fund, the 2002 Debt Service Fund, and the 2019 Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison is provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found starting on page 34 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required and other supplementary information is included in this report. The required supplementary information is comprised of schedules that demonstrate the City's progress in funding its pension and postemployment benefits obligations.

Other supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund, which demonstrate compliance with the City's annual adopted budget.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented as other financial information, as well as budgetary comparison schedules for the City's Tennis Center Fund, Stormwater Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and 2019 Debt Service Fund, immediately following the other supplementary information section.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial health or position. For the City of Lighthouse Point, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 33,229,166 at the close of the fiscal year. The table below summarizes Lighthouse Point's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 compared to September 30, 2021.

Net Position September 30

	_	2022	,	2021
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	24,644,783 38,660,946	\$	31,010,662 32,558,221
Total assets	_	63,305,729		63,568,883
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	10,906,299	·	10,033,545
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	_	8,160,117 31,336,218	·	3,011,143 23,860,972
Total liabilities	_	39,496,335		26,872,115
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,486,527	,	11,423,646
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	25,120,303 3,347,493 4,761,370		25,515,308 3,157,370 6,633,989
Total net position	\$_	33,229,166	\$	35,306,667

The overall financial position of the City decreased in total by \$ 2,077,501 during FY 2022. Factors that contributed to the decrease included a decrease in the defined pension asset and net investment in capital assets.

Changes in net position over time are a good and useful indicator of financial position. Key elements of the reconciliation of the statements are that the Government-wide Statement of Activities reports the issuance of debt as a liability, the purchases of capital assets as assets which are then charged to expense over their useful lives through annual depreciation or amortization charges and changes in long-term liabilities as adjustments of expenses. Conversely, the governmental fund statements report the issuance of debt as an other financing source of funds, the repayment of debt and the purchase of capital assets as expenditures, and changes in long-term liabilities are not reported in the operating statements.

The majority of the City's total net position (\$ 25,120,303 or 76%) are in capital assets, such as land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, equipment and fixtures, infrastructure, and vehicles, less any related debt that was used to acquire those assets (approximately \$ 17.2 million) that is still outstanding. The City's portion of net assets invested in capital, net of related debt decreased by approximately \$ 395,000 due to the net effect of the acquisition of capital items and scheduled repayment of debt service. The City of Lighthouse Point uses its capital assets to provide services to its residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending or liquidation. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of net position (\$ 3,347,493 or 10%) represents resources that are subject to either external restrictions or City policy on how they may be used. The 2022 balance in restricted net position increased by approximately \$ 190,000.

The remaining balance of \$4,761,370 reflects unrestricted net position (14%) decreased by approximately \$1.8 million and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities:

The following schedule is a summary of the FY 2022 Statement of Activities with comparative information for FY 2021:

Change in Net Position

Fautha Vaan

	For the Year							
	Ended September 30,							
	Ended Septembe 2022							
Revenues:			_					
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,948,012	\$	5,499,997				
Operating grants and contributions		255,167		675,145				
Capital grants and contributions		405,913		4,335,453				
General revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes		10,856,297		10,411,394				
Other taxes		3,560,810		3,269,346				
Intergovernmental revenues		1,583,198		1,319,241				
Miscellaneous and investment income	_	373,861		1,010,697				
			_					
Total revenues	_	22,983,258		26,521,273				

	For the Year					
	Ended Septe	ember 30,				
	2022 2021					
Expenses: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture and recreation Debt service	2,434,142 14,818,434 5,648,083 53,125 1,480,933 626,042	2,042,697 12,634,594 4,357,024 55,664 1,430,436 647,800				
Total expenses	25,060,759	21,168,215				
Change in net position	(2,077,501)	5,353,058				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	35,306,667	29,953,609				
Net Position, End of Year	\$ <u>33,229,166</u> \$	35,306,667				

Revenues decreased from prior year total by approximately \$ 3,538,000 (13.3%), and expenses came in higher than the prior year total by approximately \$ 3,893,000 (18.3%). Net position for the current fiscal year decreased by \$ 2,077,501. Revenues decreased when compared to FY 2021 because the City received one time grants and contributions during the fiscal year that were not received in the FY 2022. One of the City's bridges was replaced by the Florida Department of Transportation last fiscal year along with CARES Act funding from Broward County. Ad Valorem Tax collection increased due to an increase in assessed property values. Other taxes, which includes Franchise Fees and Utility Service Taxes, increased slightly. Miscellaneous and investment income decreased due to a one-time settlement payment received in FY 2021.

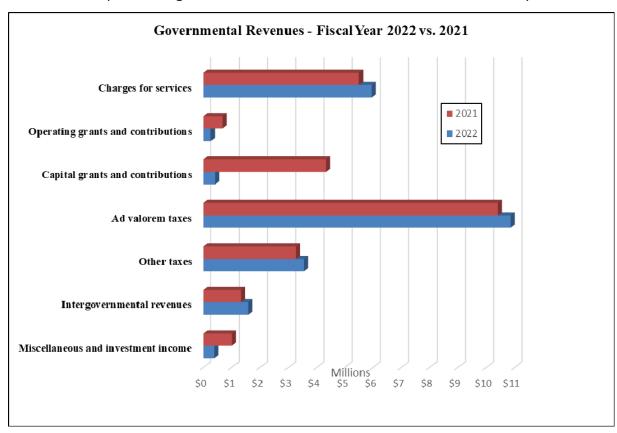
Total expenses for the year increased by 18.3%. Most of the City expenses increased due to increased payroll costs along with capital outlay for the new bond projects. Debt service decreased due to leases being paid off during FY 2022.

Net investment in capital assets decreased by approximately \$ 395,000 due to the net effect of the acquisition of capital items and scheduled repayment of debt service, including construction in progress for the Fire Station, Community Center, and Public Works buildings.

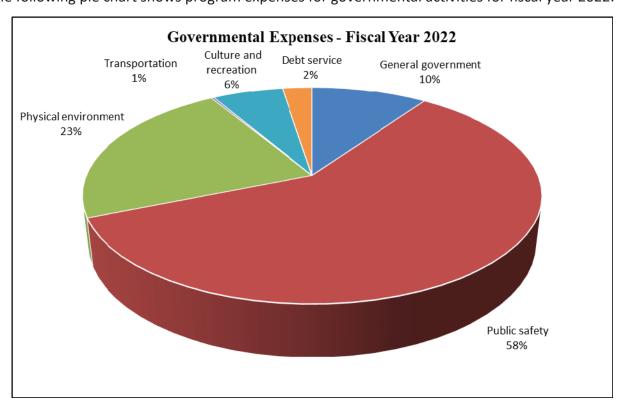
The City reported a Net Pension Asset for Fiscal Year 2022 in the amount of \$ 2,222,835. This represents a decrease of approximately \$ 5 million from the Fiscal Year 2021 reported asset for the City's defined benefit plan, and was due to changes in demographic experience and investment losses.

The City also reported a Net Pension Liability for Fiscal Year 2022 in the amount of \$12,121,624. This represents the City's share of the Florida Retirement System's Pension and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) plan liability.

This chart is a comparison of governmental revenues for the current and last fiscal year:



The following pie chart shows program expenses for governmental activities for fiscal year 2022:



Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Lighthouse Point utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to communicate near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. The information presented, particularly the unreserved fund balance, may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the FY 2022, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 15,063,526.

Approximately 4% of the fund balance constitutes nonspendable fund balance, or \$ 612,287 that is not available for spending at the City's discretion, and represents prepaid insurance premiums for the next fiscal year, as well as the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust Fund. The remainder is spendable but falls into four different categories:

- Restricted by external requirements (\$ 6,513,454 or 43%), comprised of General Fund building department earnings and unspent lease proceeds, Garbage and Trash Fund special assessments, Bond Construction Fund amounts for future capital improvement projects, Public Safety Fund Federal and State fines and forfeitures, Stormwater Fund special assessments, Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund library resources, and unspent debt proceeds of the 2002 Debt Service Fund and 2019 Debt Service Fund;
- Committed by the City Commission (\$ 3,074,439 or 20%) for minimum contingency balance, and use for purposes other than those restricted or nonspendable, including the balance of the special purpose funds;
- Assigned by the Mayor (\$ 3,750,000 or 25%) for emergency recovery purposes;
- Unassigned (\$ 1,113,346 or 8%) is available for spending with no restrictions.

The following is a summary of changes and the breakdown of fund balances as of September 30, 2022:

	General Fund	II -	nfrastructure Fund		Garbage and Trash Fund	ı	Bond Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances, September 30, 2021 Revenues Expenditures Other financing sources (uses)	\$ 7,237,087 18,178,589 (17,837,912) 21,681	\$	1,625,827 559,420 (1,161,475)	\$	86,476 2,391,232 (2,264,950) (70,000)	\$	9,687,292 24,541 (6,280,354)	\$ 2,904,010 1,857,093 (1,984,894) 89,863	\$ 21,540,692 23,010,875 (29,529,585) 41,544
Fund balances, September 30, 2022	\$ 7,599,445	\$	1,023,772	\$	142,758	\$	3,431,479	\$ 2,866,072	\$ 15,063,526
Fund balances are represented as follows: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	\$ 112,287 701,913 1,904,294 3,750,000 1,130,951	\$	- - 1,023,772 - -	\$	- 142,758 - - - -	\$	- 3,431,479 - - -	\$ 500,000 2,237,304 146,373 - (17,605)	\$ 612,287 6,513,454 3,074,439 3,750,000 1,113,346
Fund balances, September 30, 2022	\$ 7,599,445	\$_	1,023,772	\$_	142,758	\$	3,431,479	\$ 2,866,072	\$ 15,063,526

General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lighthouse Point. At the end of FY 2022, total nonspendable and spendable fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,599,445. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both spendable fund balance and total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 27% of the total general fund expenditures.

The following table summarizes the General Fund's revenues compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal		Fiscal			
		Year		Year		Dollar	Percent
		2022		2021		Change	Change
Revenues:	_						
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	9,479,898	\$	9,017,990	\$	461,908	5.1%
Franchise taxes		1,043,636		914,502		129,134	14.1%
Utility service taxes		2,488,901		2,398,806		90,095	3.8%
Licenses and permits		1,165,064		1,130,182		34,882	3.1%
Intergovernmental revenues		1,888,105		1,941,435		(53,330)	-2.7%
Charges for services		709,679		551,103		158,576	28.8%
Non-ad valorem assessments		927,406		928,182		(776)	-0.1%
Fines and forfeitures		349,729		311,749		37,980	12.2%
Investment income		31,067		16,896		14,171	83.9%
Miscellaneous		95,104		298,031		(202,927)	-68.1%
Transfers in and other sources	_	179,643	_	469,707	_	(290,064)	-61.8%
Total revenues	\$	18,358,232	\$_	17,978,583	\$_	379,649	2.1%

General Fund operating revenue totaled \$ 18,358,232, reflecting a net increase of \$ 379,649 when compared with 2021.

The City's property tax base increased by over 5.84% in FY 2022 and the City Commission approved the same millage rate as the prior year, resulting in an increase in Ad Valorem revenue. Franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and charges for services continued to increase as the country recovered from the COVID-19 pandemic with increased activity within the City. Intergovernmental revenue decreased when compared to the prior year due to one-time funding that was received in FY 2021 from the CARES Act and FEMA reimbursements for Hurricane Dorian. Fines and forfeitures increased slightly due to the receipt of code fines. Miscellaneous decreased due to a one-time settlement payment that was received in FY 2021. Transfers in and other sources decreased due to the lease proceeds that were received in FY 2021. The remainder of the categories saw minimal changes from the prior year.

The following table summarizes the General Fund expenditures compared with the prior year:

	Fiscal		Fiscal			
	Year	Year		Dollar	Percent	
	2022		2021	Change	Change	
Expenditures:						
General government	\$ 2,335,963	\$	1,938,105	\$ 397,858	20.5%	
Public safety	12,234,063		12,192,920	41,143	0.3%	
Physical environment	1,722,159		1,702,988	19,171	1.1%	
Transportation	52,242		54,500	(2,258)	-4.1%	
Culture/recreation	1,263,642		1,029,766	233,876	22.7%	
Debt service	229,843		173,644	56,199	32.4%	
Transfers out	157,962		733,774	(575,812)	-78.5%	
Total expenditures	\$ 17,995,874	\$	17,825,697	\$ 170,177	1.0%	

General Fund expenditures were up \$ 170,177 from FY 2021, or about 1.0%. General government increased primarily due to increased operating costs for the fiscal year. Additional attorney fees were needed for union negotiations and the code rewrite. Additional building inspector services were needed due to increased building permit activity. Public safety and physical environment increased slightly due to an increase in salary and benefit costs. FY 2021 public safety included a workers' compensation settlement and police department patrol vehicle purchases that did not take place again in FY 2022 offsetting the increase in salary and benefit costs. Culture/recreation increased due to the improvement projects that began at Dan Witt park including new basketball and pickleball courts. Debt service increased due to the addition of a new lease at the end of FY 2021 with payments starting in the first quarter of FY 2022. Transfers out decreased to normal levels since FY 2021 included a one time transfer of \$ 600,000 to the Infrastructure Fund.

Changes to the City's General Fund original revenue budget are summarized as follows:

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Dollar Change		Percent Change	
Revenues:			•		-				
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	9,426,000	\$	9,479,334	\$	53,334		0.6%	
Franchise taxes		900,000		900,000		-		0.0%	
Utility service taxes		2,350,000		2,350,000		-		0.0%	
Licenses and permits		1,006,000		1,077,811		71,811		6.7%	
Intergovernmental revenues		1,688,787		1,688,787		-		0.0%	
Charges for services		555,600		641,757		86,157		13.4%	
Non-ad valorem assessments	5	925,000		925,000		-		0.0%	
Fines and forfeitures		135,900		135,900		-		0.0%	
Investment income		27,000		27,000		-		0.0%	
Miscellaneous		90,000		121,544		31,544		26.0%	
Allocation of fund balance		554,816		554,816		-		0.0%	
Transfers in		135,000		135,000		-		0.0%	
			•		-				
Total revenues	\$	17,794,103	\$	18,036,949	\$	242,846		1.3%	

Ad valorem revenue increased due to greater than anticipated tax collections. Licenses and permits were higher due to increased building activity throughout the City. Charges for services were higher due to increased zoning fees stemming from increased development activity. Miscellaneous was increased to reflect the sale of City surplus vehicles.

Changes to the City's General Fund original expenditures budget are summarized as follows:

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Dollar Change	Percent Change	
Expenditures:	•		•		_			_
General government	\$	2,106,679	\$	2,345,408	\$	238,729	11.39	%
Public safety		11,924,729		12,241,382		316,653	2.79	%
Physical environment		1,762,935		1,724,197		(38,738)	-2.29	6
Transportation		52,809		53,830		1,021	1.99	%
Culture/recreation		1,601,077		1,284,322		(316,755)	-19.8%	%
Debt service		229,848		229,848		-	0.09	6
Transfers out		116,026		157,962	_	41,936	36.19	%
Total expenditures	\$	17,794,103	\$	18,036,949	\$	242,846	1.49	%

General government appropriations were higher due to increased attorney fees for union negotiations and City code rewrite, increased IT contractual services costs, consulting services for American Rescue Plan funding, and an additional position for Administration services. Public safety was higher due to increased fuel costs, multiple repairs to rescue units, higher overtime to cover position vacancies and employees out on FMLA or worker's compensation, and increased contractual and overtime costs due to increased building activity. Physical environment decreased mainly due to position vacancies throughout the year. Transportation increased due to higher fuel costs. Culture/recreation decreased due to position vacancies and ongoing improvements at Dan Witt Park being rolled into the FY22/23 budget. Transfers out increased due to an additional transfer to the Tennis Center fund to cover costs.

<u>Infrastructure Fund</u>:

The Infrastructure Fund was established by the City Commission to carry out general capital improvement projects, and has been primarily funded with transfers from other City funds. The infrastructure fund balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$ 1,023,772, committed to future capital improvement projects.

The following table summarizes the Infrastructure Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	_	Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous Investment income Transfers in	\$	380,493 175,000 3,927	\$	- 4,762,453 1,805 600,000	\$	380,493 (4,587,453) 2,122 (600,000)	100.0% -96.3% 117.6% 100.0%
Total revenues	\$_	559,420	\$_	5,364,258	\$_	(4,804,838)	-89.6%
Expenditures: Physical environment Capital outlay	\$	1,149,030 12,445	\$	34,542 4,292,572	\$	1,114,488 (4,280,127)	3226.5% -99.7%
Total expenditures	\$_	1,161,475	\$_	4,327,114	\$_	(3,165,639)	-73.2%

Appropriations are approved typically on a project by project basis. There was a one time transfer from the General Fund in FY 2021 to fund future projects. The Florida Department of Transportation funded and constructed the Ibis Bridge which resulted in a significant increase to miscellaneous revenue and expenditures in FY 2021. The intergovernmental revenue was received under the American Rescue Plan Act and was used for various projects in the City including bridge studies, bridge repairs, and milling and paving.

Garbage and Trash Fund:

The Garbage and Trash Fund accounts for the activities involved with the collection and disposal of debris in the City. The City contracts for residential trash removal services with Waste Management and charges a Non-Ad Valorem Special Assessment to residential customers. Commercial customers and condominiums with dumpster service pay directly to the franchisee.

The following table summarizes the Garbage and Trash Fund activity compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Non-ad valorem assessments	\$	2,363,008	\$	2,120,109		242,899	11.5%
Investment income		2,322		1,324		998	75.4%
Miscellaneous	_	25,902	_	29,211	_	(3,309)	-11.3%
Total revenues	\$ _	2,391,232	\$ _	2,150,644	\$ =	240,588	11.2%
Expenditures:							
Physical environment	\$	2,264,950	\$	2,208,134	\$	56,816	2.6%
Transfers out	_	70,000	_	70,000	_	-	0.0%
Total expenditures	\$_	2,334,950	\$_	2,278,134	\$	56,816	2.5%

Non-ad valorem assessment revenue and physical environment expenditures were higher than FY 2021 due to an increase in fees from Waste Management. Miscellaneous revenue decreased due to the timing of a quarterly household hazardous waste payment. The quarterly reimbursement payments also increased when compared to FY 2021 due to the increased cost of the services. As of September 30, 2022, the Garbage and Trash Fund had a balance of \$ 142,758 and is shown as committed fund balance in the financial statements.

Bond Construction Fund:

During FY 2019, the City created the Bond Construction Fund, a capital improvement fund to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds approved by voters and sold during 2019 to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, a new Recreation Community Center, a new Public Works Administration Building and renovation of the existing building, and renovation of the Library.

The following table summarizes the Bond Construction Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	_	Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$_	24,541	\$_	4,276	\$_	20,265	473.9%
Total revenues	\$ =	24,541	\$ =	4,276	\$ =	20,265	473.9%
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay	\$_	6,280,354	\$_	5,267,562	\$_	1,012,792	19.2%
Total expenditures	\$_	6,280,354	\$_	5,267,562	\$_	1,012,792	19.2%

Total revenues increased because interest rates began to rise during FY 2022. Total expenditures increased in FY 2022 with construction continuing on the new Fire Station/EOC and Community Center. Construction also began on the new Public Works Administration building. As of September 30, 2022, the Bond Construction Fund had a balance of \$ 3,431,479 and is shown as restricted fund balance in the financial statements.

Tennis Center Fund:

The Tennis Center Fund accounts for the activities of the City's tennis facility. While it is considered a nonmajor fund, the Tennis Center Fund is an annually appropriated operating fund.

The following table summarizes the Tennis Center Fund activity compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2022	-	Fiscal Year 2021		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:	_		_		_	(======)	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	(50,000)	-100.0%
Charges for services		90,516		118,433		(27,917)	-23.6%
Miscellaneous		4,000		1,000		3,000	300.0%
Transfers in		132,962		117,774		15,188	12.9%
Total revenues	\$	227,478	\$	287,207	\$	(59,729)	-20.8%
Expenditures:							
Culture/recreation	\$	242,962	\$	188,992	\$	53,970	28.6%
Capital outlay		-		69,904		(69,904)	-100.0%
	•		•	·	•		
Total expenditures	\$	242,962	\$	258,896	\$	(15,934)	-6.2%

The Tennis Center received a \$50,000 grant from the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection to replace the tennis court lighting with LED lighting resulting in an increase to intergovernmental revenue and capital outlay expenditures in 2021. During FY 2022 the Tennis Center switched from City employees running the Center to fully contracted employees under FM Tennis, LLC. This resulted in accrual termination payouts that increased expenditures. Court maintenance was also transferred to FM Tennis along with a new revenue sharing agreement. As of September 30, 2022, the Tennis Center Fund had a balance of (\$17,605) and is shown as unassigned fund balance (deficit) in the financial statements.

Public Safety Fund:

The Public Safety Fund records the inflow and outflow of Federal and State forfeiture funds. Expenditures are appropriated on an as needed basis, rather than one annual appropriation like the City's other operating funds. There are external restrictions on the use of these monies, and accordingly, balances are shown in the financial statements as restricted. The funds may be utilized to supplement operational needs, including capital purchases, training and certain overtime expenditures. In FY 2021, revenues increased due to an insurance reimbursement received for one of the patrol vehicles that was originally purchased with forfeiture funds. The decrease in revenue for FY 2022 was offset by increased investment income and a small increase in fines. Patrol vehicles and emergency vehicle equipment were purchased in FY 2021. In FY 2022 there were no capital outlay purchases, which resulted in lower expenditures.

The following table summarizes the Public Safety Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	_	Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,763	\$	776	\$	1,987	256.1%
Investment income		3,793		2,484		1,309	52.7%
Miscellaneous	_	7,500	_	12,201	_	(4,701)	-38.5%
Total revenues	\$ =	14,056	\$	15,461	\$ _	(1,405)	-9.1%
Expenditures:							
Public safety	\$	46,927	\$	54,926	\$	(7,999)	-14.6%
Capital outlay		-		103,511		(103,511)	-100.0%
Transfers out	_	71	_		_	71	100.0%
Total expenditures	\$_	46,998	\$	158,437	\$	(111,439)	-70.3%

All expenditures in the Public Safety Fund were approved by the City Commission. The Public Safety Fund balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$ 1,227,298, restricted for future public safety costs and initiatives.

Stormwater Fund:

The Stormwater Fund was established in FY 2010. The purpose of the fund is to provide resources for capital improvements and significant maintenance of the City's stormwater management infrastructure. Although much of this had been funded by grants in the past, these grant dollars have diminished over time and are now insufficient to meet the City's needs. The primary source of revenue is a non-ad valorem special assessment on the annual property tax bill. A consultant's study was used to determine the benefit for individual properties of the City's stormwater management program. The stormwater management and collection system is aging, and the City continues to assess property owners each year as a way to build a fund balance for probable major stormwater improvements in the future. The Stormwater Fund Balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$881,877, restricted to future maintenance and capital improvement projects in the stormwater system.

The following table summarizes the Stormwater Fund activity compared with the prior year:

Revenues:	-	Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Non-ad valorem							
assessments	\$	339,847	\$	339,399	\$	448	0.1%
Intergovernmental revenue		25,420		-		25,420	100.0%
Investment income		2,274	-	1,334	_	940	70.5%
Total revenues	\$	367,541	\$	340,733	\$_	26,808	7.9%
Expenditures:							
General government	\$	4,827	\$	3,274	\$	1,553	47.4%
Physical environment		194,342		85,881		108,461	126.3%
Capital outlay		-		475		(475)	100.0%
Transfers out	-	65,000	_	65,000	_	-	0.0%
Total expenditures	\$	264,169	\$	154,630	\$_	109,539	70.8%

The assessment remained the same for each equivalent stormwater unit. The City received intergovernmental revenue under the American Rescue Plan Act, which was used to fund the Stormwater Master Plan Update project. Expenditures in the current year consisted primarily of repairs to existing storm drain lines, cleaning and maintenance of storm drains, and billing fees for collection of the assessment.

2002 Debt Service Fund:

The 2002 Debt Service Fund accounts for the repayment of the note payable long term debt issued by the City during FY 2012 to defease the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002. The expenditures are based upon amortization schedules. Since the annual debt service payments do not change, and property values are on the rise, the City has been able to lower the millage rate and still meet the debt service requirements. Any residual fund balance is used to lower the millage rate whenever possible.

The following table summarizes the 2002 Debt Service Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	_	Fiscal Year 2022	_	Fiscal Year 2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	395,952	\$	410,554	\$	(14,602)	-3.6%
Interest income	_	361	-	249		112	45.0%
Total revenues	\$_	396,313	\$_	410,803	\$_	(14,490)	-3.5%
Expenditures:							
Principal	\$	400,995	\$	394,012	\$	6,983	1.8%
Interest and other	_	6,724	-	13,707	_	(6,983)	-50.9%
Total expenditures	\$_	407,719	\$_	407,719	\$_	-	0.0%

The 2002 Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$ 5,470, restricted for repayment of debt service obligations.

2019 Debt Service Fund:

During FY 2020, the City created the 2019 Debt Service Fund to account for the repayment of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 long term debt issued by the City.

The following table summarizes the 2019 Debt Service Fund current year activity:

		Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2021		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:						,	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	980,447	\$	982,850	\$	(2,403)	-0.2%
Investment income		1,406	_	689		717	104.1%
Total revenues	\$_	981,853	\$=	983,539	\$_	(1,686)	-0.2%
Expenditures:							
Principal	\$	320,000	\$	305,000	\$	15,000	4.9%
Interest and other	_	655,850	_	671,100	_	(15,250)	-2.3%
Total expenditures	\$	975,850	\$	976,100	\$	(250)	0.0%

The 2019 Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$ 28,458, restricted for repayment of debt service obligations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

The City of Lighthouse Point's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2022 amounts to \$38,660,946 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure. Major capital asset acquisitions or improvements during the fiscal year include the following:

- <u>City Hall</u> replaced air conditioning unit for server room. Purchased a new desk and Surface Pro tablet for Finance office.
- <u>Fire Department</u> purchased thermal imaging camera for use on fire engine. Installed a fire station alerting system in the new Fire Station.
- Library purchased a dual drop cart with float tray.
- <u>Police Department</u> replaced two outboard motors and one air conditioning unit.
- <u>Public Works</u> purchased a new irrigation truck. Purchased a vehicle lift, motorized wheel balancer and tire changer swing arm for the Public Works garage.
- Recreation installed a playground spinner at Dan Witt Park and purchased an exercise machine for the Community Center.
- Support Services purchased one new air conditioning unit for Dixon Ahl Hall.
- <u>Construction in Progress</u> continued construction of the Fire Station/EOC, Public Works building, Community Center, and Dan Witt Park improvements.

At the end of the current and prior fiscal years, the City had the following capital asset balances (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization):

	_	2022		2021
Land Construction in progress Infrastructure Buildings and land improvements Vehicles Equipment and fixtures	\$	8,865,588 13,082,783 10,155,356 5,185,077 714,124 658,018	\$	8,865,588 6,232,334 10,400,632 5,482,860 937,763 639,044
Total capital assets	- \$_	38,660,946	- \$_	32,558,221

Additional data about the City's capital assets can be found in Note G.

Long-Term Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities:

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total debt and other long-term liabilities outstanding of \$31,950,023. A General Fund pledge to appropriate supports the capital leases, while ad valorem taxes provide the revenue stream for the repayment of the notes payable and the general obligation bond. Compensated absences are paid out upon termination based upon City policy and labor agreements. See Note J for more information on the net pension liability and Note L for more information on the other postemployment benefit liability.

The following table summarizes the City's long-term debt and other long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 16,085,000	\$	-	\$	320,000	\$	15,765,000
Premium on general							
obligation bonds	1,135,519		-		42,057		1,093,462
Notes payable	400,995		-		400,995		-
Leases	604,906		-		220,322		384,584
Compensated absences	1,738,269		35,866		59,732		1,714,403
Net pension liability	3,887,991		8,233,633		-		12,121,624
Other postemployment							
benefit liability	1,061,603		-		190,653		870,950
		-		_		-	
	\$ 24,914,283	\$ _	8,269,499	\$	1,233,759	\$	31,950,023

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a personal income tax and operates primarily through funds generated from sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Local governments are not permitted to levy income taxes either and rely on property tax and a limited number of other taxes on utilities and gasoline as well as local business taxes and franchise fees to support delivery of municipal services. The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to preserve fund balance by carefully using its resources and limiting non-essential expenditures where possible.

The General Fund budget for FY 2023 was approved at \$ 19,547,685 which represents an increase of \$ 1,510,736 above the amended FY 2022 budget. The operating millage was adopted at 3.7539, which was an increase of 0.1646 over last year's rate. The increased millage rate and taxable value increase resulted in an increase in the ad valorem levy for FY 2023.

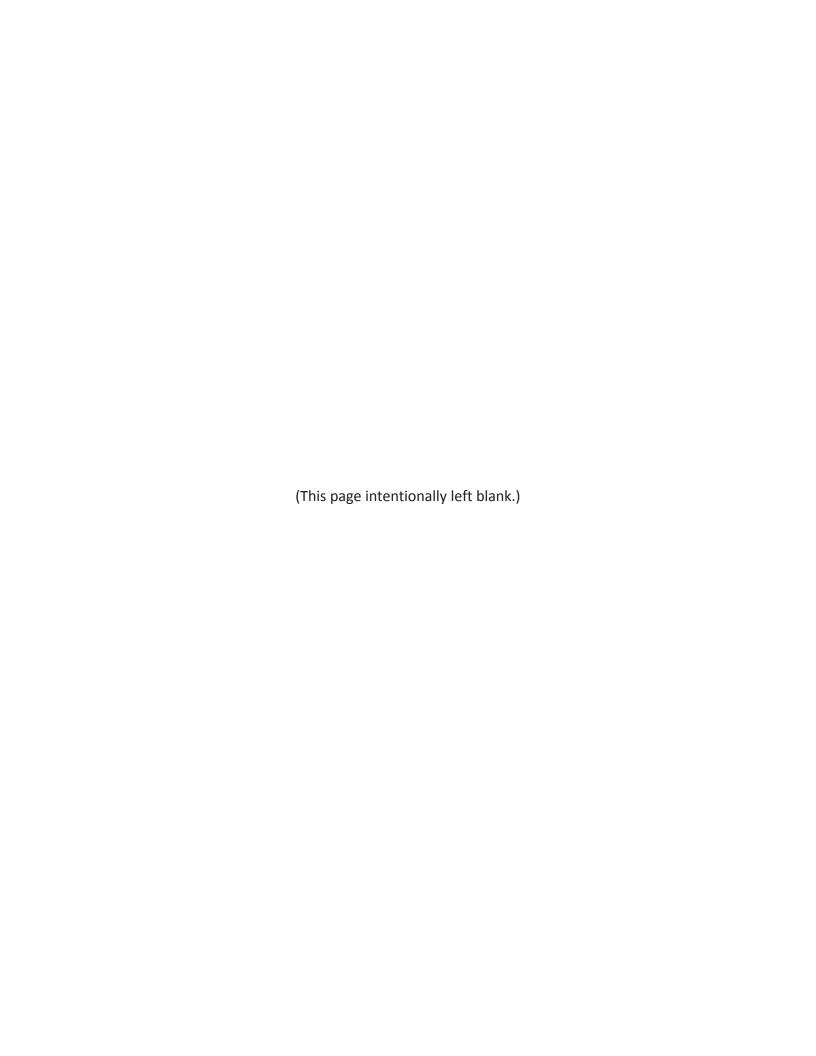
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lighthouse Point for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided herein or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Lighthouse Point, 2200 N.E. 38th Street, Lighthouse Point, Florida 33064.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaids and other assets Net pension asset Capital assets: Not depreciated or amortized	21,440,101 519,981 349,579 112,287 2,222,835 21,948,371
Depreciable and amortizable, net Total assets	16,712,575
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	63,305,729
Deferred outflows, related to pensions Deferred outflows, related to OPEB	10,398,852 507,447
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,906,299
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Accrued interest payable Deposits Licenses collected in advance Unearned revenues Due within one year: Compensated absences payable Bonds and leases payable Due in more than one year: Compensated absences payable Bonds and leases payable Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows, related to pensions	1,475,292 453,262 192,388 104,767 44,133 49,973 5,226,497 143,034 470,771 1,571,369 16,772,275 12,121,624 870,950 39,496,335
Deferred inflows, related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	302,924 1,486,527
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	25,120,303
Debt service Garbage and trash special assessments Law enforcement trust Stormwater improvements Building department Walt and Mary Barker library fund:	33,928 142,758 1,227,298 881,877 467,431
Nonexpendable Expendable Unrestricted	500,000 94,201 4,761,370
Total net position \$	33,229,166

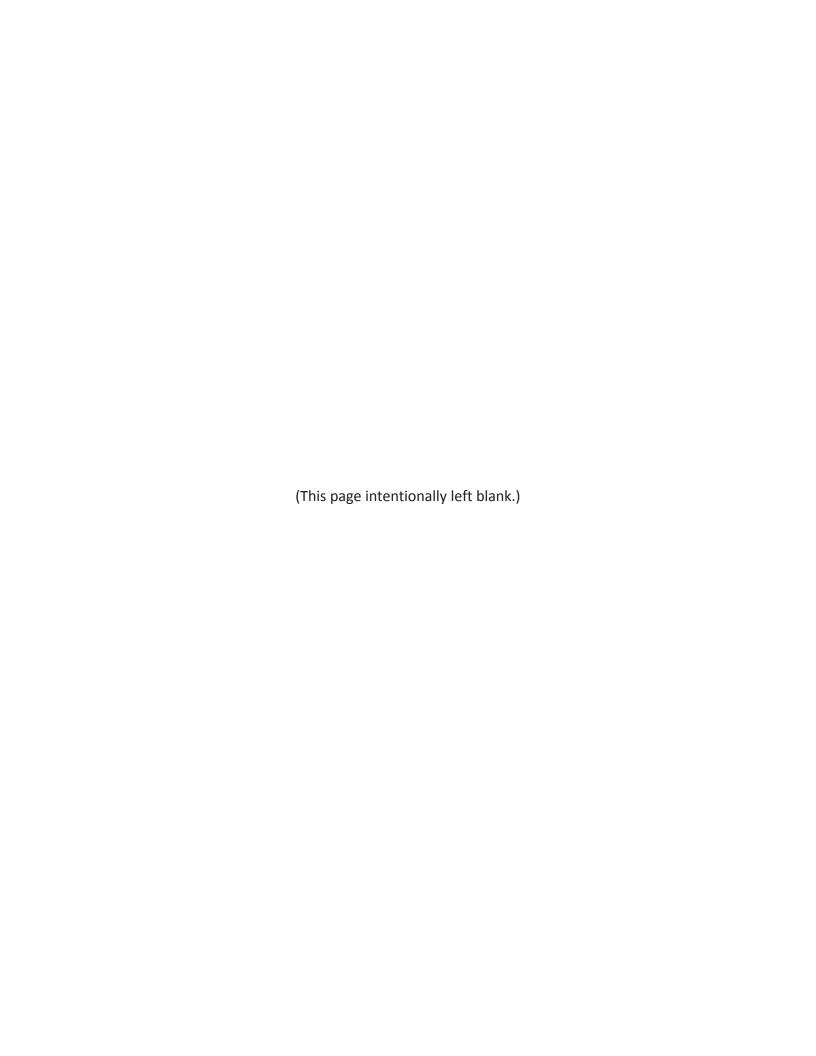
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operatin Grants an Contribution	d	Capital Grants and Contributions		Net Revenues Expenses) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities:							
General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Interest expense	\$ 2,434,142 14,818,434 5,648,083 53,125 1,480,933 626,042	\$ 172,285 2,889,635 2,702,855 - 183,237	\$ 24,4 40,6 138,1 37,4 14,5	17 54 09	405,913 - - - -	\$	(2,237,401) (11,888,182) (2,401,161) (15,716) (1,283,165) (626,042)
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,060,759	\$ <u>5,948,012</u>	\$ 255,1	<u>67</u> \$	405,913	_	(18,451,667)
General revenues: Taxes: Ad-valorem taxes Franchise taxes Utility service taxes Intergovernmental revenues (unrestricted) Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous							
	Total genera	l revenues				_	16,374,166
	Change	in net position					(2,077,501)
	Net position, be	eginning of yea	r			_	35,306,667
	Net position, e	nd of year				\$_	33,229,166



		Major Governmental				
		General Fund		Infrastructure Fund		
Assets:						
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted						
cash, and investments	\$	8,143,112	\$	6,215,577		
Due from other funds		-		189,081		
Accounts receivable		513,542		-		
Due from other governments		349,275		-		
Prepaids and other assets		112,287				
Total assets	\$	9,118,216	\$	6,404,658		
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	355,481	\$	292,719		
Accrued expenses	7	187,951	7	-		
Due to other funds		498,849		-		
Deposits		44,133		-		
Licenses collected in advance		49,973		<u>-</u>		
Unearned revenue		12,245		5,088,167		
Total liabilities		1,148,632		5,380,886		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue - utility service taxes		174,081		-		
Unavailable revenue - franchise and other revenues		113,191		-		
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		82,867				
Total deferred inflows of resources		370,139				
Fund Balances (Deficit):						
Nonspendable		112,287		-		
Restricted		701,913		-		
Committed		1,904,294		1,023,772		
Assigned		3,750,000		-		
Unassigned		1,130,951				
Total fund balances (deficit)		7,599,445		1,023,772		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	9,118,216	\$	6,404,658		

	Fu	nds			
	Garbage and Trash Fund		Bond Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	322,369 6,439 120	\$	3,921,183 - - - - -	\$ 3,160,229 13,374 - 184 -	\$ 21,440,101 524,824 519,981 349,579 112,287
\$	328,928	\$	3,921,183	\$ 3,173,787	\$ 22,946,772
\$	186,170 - - - - - 186,170 - - -	\$	463,729 - 25,975 - - - 489,704 - - -	\$ 177,193 4,437 - - - 126,085 307,715 - - -	\$ 1,475,292 192,388 524,824 44,133 49,973 5,226,497 7,513,107 174,081 113,191 82,867
•					370,139
	- 142,758 - - - -		3,431,479 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	500,000 2,237,304 146,373 - (17,605)	612,287 6,513,454 3,074,439 3,750,000 1,113,346
•	142,758		3,431,479	2,866,072	15,063,526
\$	328,928	\$	3,921,183	\$ 3,173,787	\$ 22,946,772

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 15,063,526
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	\$ 50,768,453 (12,107,507)	38,660,946
Certain revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements due to availability of funds; under full accrual accounting they are considered revenues.		370,139
Certain pension-related amounts, such as net pension liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset Net pension liability Deferred outflows, related to pensions Deferred inflows, related to pensions	\$ 2,222,835 (12,121,624) 10,398,852 (1,183,603)	(683,540)
OPEB obligation and deferred amounts attributable to retiree benefits are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability Deferred outflows, related to OPEB Deferred inflows, related to OPEB	\$ (870,950) 507,447 (302,924)	(666,427)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and leases payable, and other amounts, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds and leases payable Compensated absences payable Retainage payable Accrued interest payable	\$ (17,243,046) (1,714,403) (453,262) (104,767)	(10 515 479)
Accided interest payable	(104,707)	(19,515,478)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 33,229,166



		Major Governmental			
Parana and a same and	-	General Fund		Infrastructure Fund	
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$	9,479,898	\$	-	
Franchise taxes		1,043,636		-	
Utility service taxes		2,488,901		-	
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues		1,165,064 1,888,105		- 380,493	
Charges for services		709,679		380,493	
Non-ad valorem assessments		927,406		-	
Fines and forfeitures		349,729		-	
Investment income (loss)		31,067		3,927	
Miscellaneous		95,104		175,000	
Total revenues		18,178,589		559,420	
Expenditures:					
Current:		2 216 722			
General government Public safety		2,316,723 12,176,145		-	
Physical environment		1,687,049		1,149,030	
Transportation		52,242		-	
Culture/recreation		1,006,069		-	
Capital outlay		369,841		12,445	
Debt service:		220 222			
Principal Interest and other		220,322 9,521		-	
	•	<u> </u>		4.464.475	
Total expenditures	-	17,837,912		1,161,475	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		340,677		(602,055)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		41,544		-	
Transfers out		138,099		-	
Transfers out		(157,962)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,681			
Net change in fund balances		362,358		(602,055)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		7,237,087		1,625,827	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	7,599,445	\$	1,023,772	

	Fur	nds			
	Garbage and Trash Fund		Bond Construction Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	- - - - - 2,363,008	\$	- - - - -	\$ 1,376,399 - - - 25,420 90,516 339,847	\$ 10,856,297 1,043,636 2,488,901 1,165,064 2,294,018 800,195 3,630,261
	2,322 25,902		24,541 	2,763 (88,898) 111,046	352,492 (27,041) 407,052
-	2,391,232		24,541	1,857,093	23,010,875
	- 2,264,950 - - - - - 2,264,950		- - - - - 6,280,354 - - - 6,280,354	4,827 - 247,383 - 343,567 5,548 720,995 662,574	2,321,550 12,176,145 5,348,412 52,242 1,349,636 6,668,188 941,317 672,095
•	126,282		(6,255,813)	(127,801)	(6,518,710)
	(70,000) (70,000) 56,282 86,476		- - - (6,255,813) 9,687,292	157,962 (68,099) 89,863 (37,938) 2,904,010	41,544 296,061 (296,061) 41,544 (6,477,166) 21,540,692
\$	142,758	\$	3,431,479	\$ 2,866,072	\$ 15,063,526

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(6,477,166)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:			
Expenditures for capital assets Less: net book value of disposed capital assets Less: current year provision for depreciation	\$ 6,639,629 (73,888) (916,278)		5,649,463
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			(27,617)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			941,317
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in net pension asset Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premium Change in compensated absences payable Change net pension liability Change in other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability	\$ (5,000,310) 3,996 42,057 23,866 (8,233,633) 190,653		(12,973,371)
Certain changes related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:			
Change in deferred outflows, related to pensions Change in deferred outflows, related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows, related to pensions Change in deferred inflows, related to OPEB	\$ 978,427 (105,673) 10,123,622 (186,503)	_	10,809,873
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$_	(2,077,501)

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	-	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Franchise fees Utility service taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Non-ad valorem assessments Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous Allocation of fund balance	\$ -		- \$ -	9,479,334 900,000 2,350,000 1,077,811 1,688,787 641,757 925,000 135,900 27,000 121,544 554,816	\$ 9,479,898 1,043,636 2,488,901 1,165,064 1,888,105 709,679 927,406 349,729 31,067 95,104	\$	564 143,636 138,901 87,253 199,318 67,922 2,406 213,829 4,067 (26,440) (554,816)
Total revenues	_	17,659,103	_	17,901,949	18,178,589	-	276,640
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest	-	2,104,679 11,870,155 1,761,435 52,809 1,102,477 556,674 220,323 9,525	-	2,326,165 12,182,322 1,687,587 53,830 1,014,262 384,973 220,323 9,525	2,316,723 12,176,145 1,687,049 52,242 1,006,069 369,841 220,322 9,521		9,442 6,177 538 1,588 8,193 15,132
Total expenditures	-	17,678,077	-	17,878,987	17,837,912	-	41,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):	-	(18,974)	_	22,962	340,677	_	317,715
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transters in Transfers out	_	- 135,000 (116,026)	_	- 135,000 (157,962)	41,544 138,099 (157,962)	_	41,544 3,099 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	18,974	_	(22,962)	21,681	_	44,643
Net change in fund balance	\$_	_	\$ <u></u>	-	362,358	\$ <u>_</u>	362,358
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					7,237,087		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$ 7,599,445		

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue - Garbage and Trash Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	-	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	-	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Non-ad valorem assessments: Solid waste fees Miscellaneous Investment income	\$	2,334,614 25,760 2,000	\$	2,363,008 25,902 2,322	\$_	28,394 142 322
Total revenues	_	2,362,374	_	2,391,232	_	28,858
Expenditures: Physical environment Trash collection: Operating expenditures	-	2,292,374	-	2,264,950	_	27,424
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	70,000	-	126,282	_	56,282
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	_	(70,000)	-	(70,000)	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-		56,282	\$_	56,282
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			-	86,476		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	142,758		

Investments: U.S. stock funds	Assets:		
Money market funds and other deposits Balanced funds Bond funds Specialty funds International stock funds Total investments Participant loans receivable Total assets Liabilities Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 10,185,884 9,155,802 8,243,038 8,243,038 4,943,730 4,763,698 205,917 55,780,511 205,917 **Total assets \$ 55,986,428 **Total assets \$ 55,986,428 **Total assets \$ 55,986,428 **Total assets \$ 10,185,884 8,243,038 8,243,0	Investments:		
Balanced funds 9,155,802 Bond funds 8,243,038 Specialty funds 4,943,730 International stock funds 4,763,698 Total investments 55,780,511 Participant loans receivable 205,917 Total assets \$55,986,428 Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	U.S. stock funds	\$	18,488,359
Bond funds Specialty funds International stock funds Total investments Farticipant loans receivable Total assets Liabilities Liabilities Sestricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 8,243,038 4,943,730 4,763,698 205,911 205,917 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,185,884
Specialty funds International stock funds4,943,730 4,763,698Total investments55,780,511Participant loans receivable205,917Total assets\$ 55,986,428Liabilities\$ -Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits43,819,813 12,166,615	Balanced funds		9,155,802
International stock funds 4,763,698 Total investments 55,780,511 Participant loans receivable 205,917 Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	Bond funds		8,243,038
Total investments 55,780,511 Participant loans receivable 205,917 Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615			4,943,730
Participant loans receivable Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615	International stock funds		4,763,698
Participant loans receivable Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615		_	
Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ Net Position: Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	Total investments		55,780,511
Total assets \$ 55,986,428 Liabilities \$ Net Position: Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	Desitation of the consequent of the		205.047
Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615	Participant loans receivable		205,917
Liabilities \$ - Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615	Total accets	Ċ	55 086 428
Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615	Total assets	۶ .	33,380,428
Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615			
Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits 43,819,813 12,166,615	Liabilities	\$	_
Restricted for pensions 43,819,813 Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615		Ϋ.	
Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	Net Position:		
Restricted for other employee benefits 12,166,615	Restricted for pensions		43,819,813
	·		
Total net position \$ 55,986,428	. ,	-	, ,
	Total net position	\$	55,986,428

Additions: Contributions: City Employees	\$ 395,741 1,507,699
Total contributions	1,903,440
Investment earnings and expenses: Interest, dividends and investment value changes Less investment expense	(8,264,599) 267,273
Net investment earnings	(8,531,872)
Total additions	(6,628,432)
Deductions: Benefits paid Refund of contributions Total deductions	2,786,133 18,290 2,804,423
Change in net position	(9,432,855)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and Other Employee Benefits: At Beginning of Year	65,419,283
At End of Year	\$ 55,986,428

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. The basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies relied upon for this report.

Financial reporting entity: The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida is located in Broward County and was incorporated in 1956. The Charter of the City was approved at referendum on June 11, 1956, and the City received its State of Florida charter in 1957. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and five commissioners setting policy. The City provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and culture/recreation. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Lighthouse Point (the primary government).

The criteria used for including component units consist of identification of legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. This criterion also includes identification of organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon this review, there were no component units or related organizations of the City.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements, as well as the notes to the financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report on the government as a whole and provide a financial picture of the entire government. Fiduciary funds of the government are not included in this presentation since these resources are not available for funding general government programs.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which generally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The City has only governmental activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and fines and forfeitures and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are not directly related to program revenue are reported as general revenue, including all taxes levied by the City as well as those shared by the State of Florida.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has only governmental and fiduciary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting: Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as prescribed by GASB. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this perspective, generally only current assets and liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants for capital improvements are posted when earned rather than when they are received because generally the funds are reimbursements for expenditures. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a result of the differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The fund financial statements offer an emphasis upon the more significant sub funds within the governmental category and these are referred to as major funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial transactions except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Infrastructure Fund - This fund accounts for improvements to bridges, seawalls, sidewalks, street paving, canals, buildings, and commission projects. The source of funds is primarily contributions.

Garbage and Trash Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse as performed by a private contractor.

Bond Construction Fund - This capital improvement fund was created to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds approved by voters and sold in 2019 for capital expenditures to improve the public safety, public works, recreation, and library departments.

The City also reports on nonmajor funds within the governmental fund category including the Tennis Center Fund, Public Safety Fund, Stormwater Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and the 2019 Debt Service Fund. The Special Purpose Fund is comprised of locally generated resources for recreation support, environmental projects, cultural support, and other capital projects. Additionally, the City presents the Pension Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund, which accounts for the activities of the various pension plans provided to City employees.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Pension Trust Fund. Under this method of accounting, additions are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and deductions are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position.

Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance:

- 1. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. <u>Investments</u>: All City investments are stated at estimated fair value. Operating funds have been invested in a pooled arrangement. Interest income from pooled cash and investments is allocated on the basis of each individual fund's proportionate share of the investment pool.
- 3. <u>Accounts receivable</u>: Accounts receivable consist of amounts due for services rendered. Management believes all accounts to be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

4. <u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and land improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, rather than fair market value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized such as landscaping or road paving. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the City are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and land improvements	10-50
Equipment and fixtures	5-20
Infrastructure	10-50
Vehicles	3-10

- 5. <u>Compensated absences</u>: City employees earn vacation, sick and compensatory leave in varying amounts based upon their length of service and hours worked. Upon separation in good standing, employees receive full reimbursement for accumulated vacation and compensatory hours. Payments for sick leave vary by bargaining unit, years of service, and age in accordance with City Commission resolution and City policy. The liability due beyond one year for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion of this obligation is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absences payable from expendable available financial resources and only if they have matured.
- 6. <u>Unearned revenue</u>: Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- 7. <u>Long-term obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists of notes and capital leases payable, as well as accrued compensated absences payable, net pension liability and OPEB liability. In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. Issue costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- 8. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. As required by GASB Statements 68 and 75, the City reports deferred outflows of resources for pension-related and OPEB amounts. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of \$10,906,299 in the government-wide statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that are deferred inflows of resources. The first type, unavailable revenue, arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from utility service taxes, franchise and other revenues, and intergovernmental revenues that were earned but not received within 30 days of year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred inflows of \$ 370,139 for this category in the fund level statements. The second type is required by GASB Statements 68 and 75 for pension and OPEB related inflows. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred inflows of \$ 1,486,527 in the government-wide statements.

- 9. <u>Net position</u>: Net position of the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. The first category represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and net of any outstanding debt associated with the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position represents net position that is restricted by requirements of bond indentures or other externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position represents the net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or purpose.
- 10. <u>Fund equity</u>: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance amounts in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which was first effective with the City's fiscal year 2011 financial report. Under these guidelines, the breakdown includes nonspendable and spendable fund balances.

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts).

Spendable balances are placed into four distinct categories by GASB, including restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. For the City, the categories are presented as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: For the City, nonspendable for the reported fiscal year is comprised exclusively of prepaid items and the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust fund, which is restricted to provide for the educational enjoyment of the Library by the citizens of Lighthouse Point.

<u>Restricted</u>: Includes fund balances constrained for specific purposes by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors), law, or enabling legislation legally enforceable by external parties.

As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following restricted fund balances:

Major Funds: General fund:		
Building department	\$	467,431
Unspent lease proceeds	Ψ.	234,482
Garbage and Trash Fund:		
Special assessments		142,758
Bond construction fund:		
Unspent bond proceeds		3,431,479
-		4 276 450
Total major funds		4,276,150
Nonmajor Funds:		
Public safety fund:		
Federal and state fines and forfeitures		1,227,298
Stormwater fund:		_,: ,:
Special assessments		881,877
Walt and Mary Barker library fund:		•
Library resources		94,201
2002 Debt service fund:		
Unspent debt proceeds		5,470
2019 Debt service fund:		
Unspent debt proceeds		28,458
Total nonmajor funds		2 227 204
Total nonmajor funds		2,237,304
Total restricted fund balance	\$	6,513,454
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<u>Committed</u>: Includes all amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by City Commission resolution, including minimum contingency amounts established by City Commission policy, and all other non-general fund balances (except for restricted balances as discussed earlier).

Within the committed fund balance of \$3,074,439 there is an amount of \$1,577,384 set aside for operational contingencies. This amount is established through resolution by City Commission and is adjusted annually based on the following year's adopted expenditure budgeted amounts. It can be used upon approval of the City Commission.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Mayor or the Mayor's designee. The City Commission has delegated this authority to the Mayor by resolution and includes \$ 3.75 million for emergency disaster recovery within the City.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This category includes any fund balance remaining after calculating the previous reporting categories for the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Other policies:

- 1. <u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 2. <u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds for which an annual budget is adopted. At September 30, 2022, encumbrances outstanding are as follows:

General Fund	\$	617,557
Infrastructure Fund	•	674,520
Bond Construction Fund		931,460
Stormwater Fund		331,502
Public Safety Fund		37,084
Tennis Center Fund	_	1,451
	_	
Total	\$	2,593,574

Subsequent events: The City's management has evaluated subsequent events through March 23, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets and budgetary accounting: The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During April, each City department prepares their budget requests for the upcoming fiscal year and reviews the status of their budget for the current fiscal year.
- 2. After June 1st, when the assessed values have been released by the Property Appraiser, the Mayor, as the City's Chief Executive Officer, submits the proposed budget to the City Commission for consideration. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the estimated sources of funding.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

- 3. Traditionally, the Commission conducts a budget workshop in June and in accordance with State Statute approves a preliminary property tax millage in July for notification to all taxpayers in August. Two public hearings are required in September before adoption of the tax rate and budget appropriations for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The budget is adopted by resolution. Property taxes are payable from November 1 to March 31 and become delinquent on April 1.
- 4. Appropriations which are neither expended, encumbered nor specifically designated to be carried over lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Remaining appropriated balances in infrastructure accounts in the General Fund are transferred to the Infrastructure Fund for future investment in infrastructure per City policy.
- The City prepares and adopts annual operating budgets for the General Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, Tennis Center Fund, Stormwater Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and 2019 Debt Service Fund. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Commission or the Mayor. Legislative amendments are for any changes that exceed \$ 1,000 within each character of expenditure (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers). Amendments are required when projected expenditures are anticipated to exceed budgeted appropriations at the character level. The original General Fund budget was amended during the year to provide for \$ 242,846 of supplemental appropriations. The budget was increased to provide for costs associated with the building division's contracted services, overtime for the Fire Department to cover vacancies and absences due to COVID-19 and workers' compensation, and other unforeseen expenditures. Funding for the increased expenditures came from additional ad valorem receipts, Federal Grants, Other Federal Assistance (CARES Act), and miscellaneous revenues.

Note C - Property Tax

Assessed property values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser at just values, and the valuation date is January 1st preceding the start of the fiscal year. Property taxes are adopted as part of the budget process in September for the upcoming fiscal year. Payments are due November 1 with discounts of one to four percent if paid prior to March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1 and bear interest of eighteen percent from this date. Property is liened for unpaid taxes on June 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes were levied, and continues to accrue interest until a tax sale certificate is sold at auction.

The assessed value of property at January 1, 2021, upon which the 2021-2022 levy was based, was approximately \$ 2,744,666,000. The Broward County Revenue Collector bills and collects all property taxes for the City.

The City is permitted by Article 7, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution to levy taxes up to \$ 10 per \$ 1,000 of assessed valuation (10 mills) for general governmental services. In addition, unlimited amounts may be levied for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds if approved by the voters. The operating tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$ 3.5893 per \$ 1,000 and \$ 0.5212 per \$ 1,000 for debt service.

Note D - Deposits and Investments

Governmental Funds

Deposits: The City's deposits must be placed with financial institutions that are qualified as public depositories in compliance with Florida Statutes Chapter 280. As of September 30, 2022, all non-interest bearing deposits are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and interest bearing deposits are insured up to \$250,000. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are covered by the participation of the bank in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$9,016,817 and the combined bank balances totaled \$9,065,036.

Investments: The City's investment policy (Ordinance 782) permits investment or reinvestment of the City's funds, in excess of those required to meet current expenses to be paid within sixty days, primarily in: 1) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME); 2) Money market and mutual funds; 3) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in F.S. 280.02; 4) United States Treasury obligations; 5) Federal agencies and instrumentalities; 6) Repurchase agreements; 7) Commercial paper; and 8) Investment-grade bonds. Additionally, the City has established a maximum maturity of five years on any investment instruments.

As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following governmental investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value
Money market funds Mutual funds	\$ 7,917,968 4,505,316
	\$ 12,423,284

Interest rate risk: The City designed its formal investment policy to minimize the risk that the fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates. The City's portfolio is invested in money market accounts and mutual funds with no inherent interest rate risk.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy specifically sets parameters to minimize the City's credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The City's money market accounts and certificates of deposits are held exclusively with qualified public depositories, and the accounts are guaranteed by the State of Florida's depository program.

Disclosure by Investment Type:

The table below summarizes the City's Governmental Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) for investments held as of September 30, 2022:

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

		Inve	estmen	t Maturities (<u>s)</u>	
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Less than 1	-	1 to 5		6 to 10
Money market funds Mutual funds	\$ 7,917,968 4,505,316	\$ 7,917,968 4,505,316	\$.	-	\$	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 12,423,284	\$ 12,423,284	\$	-	\$	-

The City has public depository money market accounts with the following banks as of September 30, 2022:

	_	Interest Rate			
BankUnited	\$	3,441,519	1.20% annually		
City National Bank	\$	2,501,233	2.25% annually		
Centennial Bank	\$	1,965,148	1.32% annually		

For the money market accounts, interest rates fluctuate based upon market and economic conditions.

The City also holds mutual funds with BNY Mellon, which had a balance of \$3,921,183 at September 30, 2022. These amounts are invested in mutual funds with a rating of Aaa-mf by Moody's and AAAm by S&P.

The City also holds a portfolio with Charles Schwab containing the assets of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust, which amounted to \$703,498 at September 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$584,133 was invested in mutual funds which have a Morningstar rating range of 2 to 4 stars. In addition, the portfolio contains \$10,068 invested in money market funds.

Fair value hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

- Investments classified as Level 1 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.
- Investments classified as Level 2 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates), or other market corroborated inputs.
- Investments classified as Level 3 in the fiduciary funds, in the table on page 46 are valued based on significant unobservable outputs based on all information available in the circumstances to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value of classified level 3 funds represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds can be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Governmental Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2022 as follows:

Investments	 Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	l	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Mutual funds	\$ 4,505,316	\$ 4,505,316	\$ -	\$	
Total investments measured at fair value	4,505,316	\$ 4,505,316	\$ -	\$	
Money market funds	7,917,968				
Total	\$ 12,423,284				

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

The City has seven different pension plans included in the fiduciary funds. Of these plans, six are administered by MissionSquare Retirement, and the other is managed by the Florida League of Cities through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust (FMPT). Four of the MissionSquare plans operate under the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) 401(a) parameters, one plan serves as the City's IRS 457 deferred compensation plan, and one is a retirement health savings plan. Employees select from a diverse group of mutual funds including domestic equities, fixed income, international, and cash management portfolios. Additionally, the City has a defined benefit pension plan for police officers and firefighters who were hired after October 1, 2003 or employees who chose to convert from the 401a plan at that time. This plan is managed by the Florida League of Cities and overseen by the Police and Fire Pension Board. As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following Fiduciary investments:

Investment Type	_	Fair Value
II Carral Carlo	_	40 400 250
U.S. stock funds Money market funds	\$	18,488,359
and other deposits		10,185,884
Balanced funds		9,155,802
Bond funds		8,243,038
Specialty funds		4,943,730
International stock funds		4,763,698
	\$	55,780,511

The table below summarizes the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2022:

		Investment Maturities (in years)								
Investment Type	 Fair Value	 Less than 1	_	1 to 5		6 to 10		More than 10		
U.S. Stock funds Money market funds	\$ 18,488,359	\$ 18,488,359	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
and other deposits	10,185,884	10,185,884		-		-		-		
Balanced funds	9,155,802	-		9,155,802		-		-		
Bond funds	8,243,038	-		414,847		7,828,191		-		
Specialty funds	4,943,730	4,943,730		-		-		-		
International stock funds	4,763,698	 4,763,698	_	-		-	-			
Total	\$ 55,780,511	\$ 38,381,671	\$_	9,570,649	\$	7,828,191	\$	-		

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. To mitigate its exposure to losses in fair value, the City's fiduciary funds are invested in a well-diversified and balanced portfolio. The overall focus is on long-term growth given that the funds are for employee retirement purposes. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and limit holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The plan administrators handle selection of individual securities. Employees select from model portfolios offered by the Vantage Trust Company for the 401(a), 457, retirement health savings plan, and Roth IRA. The portfolio for the defined benefit plan is overseen by a Board of Trustees of the Florida Municipal Investment Trust comprised of local elected officials. Performance is monitored by the Asset Consulting Group of St. Louis, Missouri. The Trust places no limit on the amount that may be invested in an individual issue of the United States Treasury or any United States Agency. The fixed income portion is invested in two separate bond funds: the Broad Market High Quality bond fund, with a Fitch rating of AAf/S4 and a weighted average maturity of 6.70 years, and the Core Plus Fixed Income fund (Not rated) with a weighted average maturity of 8.92 years.

Concentration risk: The fiduciary funds' policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, or other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2022.

Foreign currency risk: The MissionSquare and FMPT funds could be exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent a participant has chosen to invest in international stock funds which has a balance of \$ 6,884,812 at September 30, 2022. It is the employee who has made that choice and bears the risk based upon concentration in that particular investment.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2022 as follows:

Investments	 Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)
U.S. stock funds Money market funds	\$ 18,488,359	\$ 8,849,567	\$ 9,638,792	\$ -
and other deposits	10,185,884	10,185,884	-	-
Balanced funds	9,155,802	9,155,802	-	-
Bond funds	8,243,038	414,847	3,967,348	3,860,843
Specialty funds	4,943,730	550,358	-	4,393,372
International stock funds	4,763,698	263,820	4,499,878	_
Total investments measured	55 700 544	20.420.270	40.405.040	0.054.045
at fair value	\$ 55,780,511	\$ 29,420,278	\$ 18,106,018	\$ 8,254,215

Note E - Interfund Transactions

The City uses a pooled cash arrangement and at any point in time some funds may carry a higher balance of cash and provide resources to other funds that carry a negative balance. Those funds requiring cash at year end are shown with a payable amount. Those funds with available cash to be loaned out are shown with a receivable amount.

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Fund	_	Receivable		Payable
Major Funds: General fund Infrastructure fund Garbage and trash fund Bond construction fund	\$	189,081 322,369 -	\$	498,849 - - 25,975
Total major funds		511,450	_	524,824
Nonmajor Funds: Tennis center fund		13,374	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	524,824	\$ _	524,824
Interfund transfers during the year were as follo	ows:			
Fund	_	Transfer In	_	Transfer Out
Major Funds: General fund Garbage and trash fund	\$	138,099	\$ -	157,962 70,000
Total major funds		138,099	-	227,962
Nonmajor Funds: Tennis center fund Public safety fund Stormwater fund Special purpose fund		132,962 - - 25,000	-	- 71 65,000 3,028
Total nonmajor funds		157,962	_	68,099
Total	\$	296,061	\$ _	296,061

Interfund transfers allow for appropriate allocation of resources when one fund is providing resources for another or a project calls for multiple sources of funds. These balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are actually made.

Note E - Interfund Transactions (continued)

In FY 2022, the General Fund transferred \$157,962 to other funds including \$132,962 for the Tennis Center budgeted subsidy for facility operations, and \$25,000 to the Special Purpose Fund for the City's Keeper Day and Lighthouse A'Glow celebrations. The General fund also received a total of \$138,099 for an allocation of administrative expenses from other funds in the amount of \$70,000 from the Garbage and Trash Fund, \$71 from the Public Safety Fund, \$3,028 from the Special Purpose Fund, and \$65,000 from the Stormwater Fund.

Note F - Special Revenue Funds

The City has six special revenue funds. The Garbage and Trash Fund is budgeted and designed to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse. The Public Safety Fund is appropriated as needed and accounts for Federal forfeitures, State forfeitures and other fine revenues restricted by law. The Tennis Center Fund is budgeted and accounts for the operation of the City's recreational facility at Frank McDonough Park. The Infrastructure Fund is also appropriated as needed and accounts for capital improvement projects that are funded with transfers from the General Fund or occasionally grant dollars. The Stormwater Fund provides for funding of stormwater management projects, is budgeted, and is funded by a special assessment to benefiting properties.

The Special Purpose Fund consists of various special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purpose sub funds account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission. The special purpose fund maintains an internal allocation of the intended purposes of its fund balance.

As of September 30, 2022, the following allocation of fund balance for all of the Special Purpose sub funds is as follows:

Recreational support: LHP A'Glow for annual holiday celebration Sponsor fees for recreation programs Keeper Days for annual City anniversary DeGroff Park Improvements	\$ 49,039 24,672 10,141 4,897
Total	88,749
Environmental: Beautification improvements in the City Waterway cleanup and protection	6,607 293
Total	6,900
Cultural support: Library Cultural arts committee	46,561 4,163
Total	50,724
Total Special Purpose Fund	\$ 146,373

Note G - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

, , ,	Octo	lance ober 1, 021	_	Additions	_	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2022
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land		865,588	\$	-	\$	Ī	\$
Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	•	232,334	-	6,850,449 6,850,449	-		13,082,783 21,948,371
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and land improvements Equipment and fixtures Infrastructure	10,9 2,5	964,296 597,521 215,870	-	- 162,705	-	315,217 127,657	10,649,079 2,632,569 12,215,870
Vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated	2,8	337,911 515,598	-	44,627 207,332	•	249,249	2,633,289 28,130,807
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and land improvements Equipment and fixtures Infrastructure Vehicles	5,2 2,2 1,8	481,436 209,231 315,238 059,985	-	232,538 126,738 245,276 212,307	•	249,972 153,281 - 214,982	5,464,002 2,182,688 2,060,514 2,057,310
Total accumulated depreciation		565,890	_	816,859		618,235	11,764,514
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	17,0	049,708	_	(609,527)		73,888	16,366,293
Lease assets Equipment Vehicles		381,888 272,277	_	- 35,110		<u>-</u>	381,888 307,387
Total lease assets being amortized	6	554,165	_	35,110	_	-	689,275
Less accumulated amortization for: Equipment Vehicles		131,134 112,440	_	42,617 56,802		- -	173,751 169,242
Total accumulated amortization	2	243,574		99,419		-	342,993
Total lease assets, being amortized, net		110,591	_	(64,309)			346,282
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 32,5	558,221	\$ <u></u>	6,176,613	\$	73,888	\$ 38,660,946

Note G - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Physical environment Culture and recreation	\$ 48,968 459,540 276,309 131,461
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 916,278

The City has awarded various construction contracts. As of September 30, 2022, commitments on uncompleted construction contracts totaled approximately \$893,000.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in the long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Balance October 1, 2021		Additions		Deletions	Balance September 30, 2022		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:		_					_	
General obligation bonds Premium on general	\$ 16,085,000	\$	-	\$	320,000	\$ 15,765,000	\$	335,000
obligation bonds	1,135,519		-	_	42,057	1,093,462	-	-
Total bonds payable	17,220,519		_	_	362,057	16,858,462	_	335,000
Notes and leases payable:								
Note payable *	400,995		-		400,995	-		- 125 771
Total notes and	604,906	-		_	220,322	384,584	-	135,771
leases payable	1,005,901	-	<u>-</u>	-	621,317	384,584	-	135,771
Total bonds, notes and leases payable	\$ 18,226,420	\$	-	\$_	983,374	\$ 17,243,046	\$_	470,771
Other liabilities: Compensated absences								
payable	\$ 1,738,269	\$	35,866	\$	59,732	\$ 1,714,403	\$	143,034
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	3,887,991 1,061,603		8,233,633 -	_	190,653	12,121,624 870,950	_	<u> </u>
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 6,687,863	\$	8,269,499	\$_	250,385	\$ 14,706,977	\$_	143,034

^{*} Amount represents direct borrowings and private placements.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Because almost all employees are funded by the General Fund, it is that fund that has predominately been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits.

General Obligation Bonds: In April 2019, the City issued \$ 16,500,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019. The bonds were issued to finance construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, Public Works building, Recreation building at Dan Witt Park, Library expansion, and various renovations of existing City facilities. The outstanding bonds bear an interest rate from 3.0% to 5.0% payable semi-annually on February 1st and August 1st of each year, with principal due annually on August 1 through August 2048. The outstanding principal balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$ 15,765,000. Principal and interest on the note is funded by the voter approved ad valorem tax, the rate of which for FY 2021-22 was 0.3713.

The terms of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019, noted above include other financial provisions for events of default, such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, bankruptcy, and false representation. These events allow the lender to seek enforcement of and exercise of all remedies available and allowed by law.

The annual debt service requirements until maturity for the General Obligation Bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2032 2033-2037 2038-2042 2043-2047 2048	\$	335,000 355,000 370,000 390,000 410,000 2,370,000 2,885,000 3,445,000 4,265,000 940,000	\$ 628,600 611,850 594,100 575,600 556,100 2,452,250 1,937,348 1,399,138 597,052 30,550	\$ 963,600 966,850 964,100 965,600 966,100 4,822,250 4,822,348 4,844,138 4,862,052 970,550
	\$_	15,765,000	\$ 9,382,588	\$ 25,147,588

Note payable: The City's Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds were refunded during FY 2011-2012. On May 4, 2012 the City issued a \$ 3,685,000 note payable to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matured in August 2022. Principal and interest on the note were funded by the voter approved ad valorem tax, the rate of which for FY 2021-22 was 0.1499.

Leases: At September 30, 2022, the City had obligations under three separate lease agreements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the lease inception. Annual debt service payments are funded by General Fund revenues. The carrying value of these assets is approximately \$ 346,300. The City has the following leases:

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

<u>Series 2018:</u> vehicles and equipment for police administration and fire rescue in the amount of \$ 119,509 at inception.

<u>Series 2019:</u> vehicles and equipment for City administration, police administration, and public works in the amount of \$ 216,000 at inception.

<u>Series 2021</u>: vehicles and equipment for police administration, fire rescue, and public works in the amount of \$ 334,707 at inception.

Future lease payments under these lease agreements outstanding at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	135,771 112,141 67,863 68,809	\$ 5,641 3,138 1,548 602	\$	141,412 115,279 69,411 69,411
	\$_	384,584	\$ 10,929	\$	395,513

Note I - Receivables and Payables

Receivables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Accounts	Inter- governmental	Total
Governmental activities:	_			
General fund	\$	513,542	\$ 349,275	\$ 862,817
Garbage and trash fund		6,439	120	6,559
Public safety fund		-	69	69
Stormwater fund		-	15	15
2002 Debt service fund		-	41	41
2019 Debt service fund	_	_	59	59
	\$_	519,981	\$ 349,579	\$ 869,560

Note I - Receivables and Payables (continued)

Payables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	_	Total
Governmental activities:		
General fund	\$	355,481
Infrastructure fund		292,719
Garbage and trash fund		186,170
Bond construction fund		463,729
Tennis center fund		26,642
Public safety fund		3,888
Stormwater fund		142,612
Special purpose fund	_	4,051
	_	
Total governmental activities	\$	1,475,292

All amounts at September 30, 2022 are payable to vendors/contractors.

Note J - Pension Plans

The City provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through either a defined contribution or defined benefit plan. A summary of financial data can be found on pages 92-95. The City acts as a trustee for these plan resources, however, there are no separately audited financial statements of these plans.

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the City began offering pension benefits through the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") plan to its public safety employees. The FRS plan is intended to replace the current Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan offered through the Florida League of Cities. The City is a sponsor of the FRS plan, not a trustee, and, accordingly, there is no fiduciary fund on the City's records. All provisions in relation to the City's portion of FRS are recorded in the government wide statements on pages 22-23. The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (877) 377-1737 or by visiting the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Basis of Accounting

The Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution Plan, the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan, the Deferred Compensation Plan, the Retirement Health Savings Plan, and the FRS plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan. The City is not a trustee of the FRS plan, as there is no fiduciary net position carried on the City's records.

Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the defined contribution plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after completion of one year of continuous service and attainment of age 21. Additionally, police officers and firefighters employed by the City prior to October 2003 continue in the defined contribution plan if they did not convert to the defined benefit plan described later in this section.

The defined contribution plans were established by City Resolution No. 681 in April 1988 for general employees, Resolution No. 841 in January 1993 for fire employees, and Resolution No. 993 in October 1997 for police officers and management employees. Amendments to the defined contribution plans can only be made by resolution.

Each participant's interest in their accrued benefits from employer contributions and associated investment earnings is vested 20% after three years of credited service and 20% for each additional year of service for the next four years. Employee contributions vest immediately.

Contributions made by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

		ı	Requ	ired	Contribution	n Am	nount	Percentage of Contributions to Total
Employee Classification	 Covered Payroll		City		Employee		Total	Covered Payroll
General Fire * Police ** Management / Exempt	\$ 1,776,822 - - 1,056,420	\$	230,986 - - 164,755	\$	93,871 - - 63,385	\$	324,857 - - 228,140	18.28% 0.00% 0.00% 21.60%
Total	\$ 2,833,242	\$	395,741	\$	157,256	\$	552,997	19.52%

^{*} During fiscal year 2019, the Fire employees stopped contributing to the Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund due to addition of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.

^{**} During fiscal year 2022, the Police employees stopped contributing to the Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund due to addition of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.

Plan membership at September 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	General	Fire	Police	Management
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8	7_	4	7
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9			3
Current employees: Fully vested Partially vested Nonvested	18 8 4	5 - -	5 - 	7 1
Total current employees	30	5	5	8
Total membership	47	12	9	18

Investment summaries at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Investment Type	General	Fire	Police	Management
U.S. Stock Funds	8%	54%	32%	23%
Money Market Funds	25%	24%	45%	51%
Balanced Funds	65%	10%	22%	25%
Bond Funds	2%	1%	1%	0%
Specialty Funds	0%	10%	0%	0%
International Stock Funds	0%	1%	0%	1%
	100%	100%	100%	100%
Fair Value of Investments	\$5,179,271	\$ 4,535,418	\$1,979,115	\$5,293,593

All defined contribution (401a) plans provide for employee loans. Loans are limited to 50% of the employee's vested balance not to exceed \$50,000. Interest rates are based on prime plus 0.5%. As of September 30, 2022, participant loans outstanding amounted to \$205,917.

Police and Fire - Defined Benefit

Effective October 1, 2003, the City established a defined benefit pension plan for full-time police officers and firefighters. The defined benefit pension plan is a single-employer variety. In accordance with Ordinance 835, the defined benefit pension plan was mandatory for all new hires and optional for all police officers and firefighters employed on October 1, 2003. Previously, the City contributed 22.27% of employee base salaries and employees contributed 16.34%, but as of September 30, 2019 the plan was frozen due to public safety employees transitioning to the Florida Retirement System Plan. All investments, totaling \$26,626,499 at September 30, 2022, are managed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust. The plan has no past service costs because employees that opted to purchase past service credits were required to do so at the actuarial computed value. The option to purchase past service with the City of Lighthouse Point expired in FY 2009. At September 30, 2022, the membership in the plan consists of six active participants, 33 former employees who are either vested or entitled to a refund of employee contributions, and 22 retirees/beneficiaries receiving a benefit.

Net Pension (Asset) Liability:

The City's Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan net pension (asset) liability as measured as of September 30, 2022 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions - The total net pension (asset) liability in the October 1, 2021 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum (2.62% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.

Salary increases: 7.00% per annum for employees less than age 35; 6.00% per annum for employees age 35 to age 45; 5.00% per annum for employees age 45 to age 55; and 4.00% per annum for employees at least age 55.

Cost-of-living increases: 3.00% as of each October 1 at least five years after retirement.

Mortality basis: For non-retired participants and non-disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table for public safety employees (Below Median table for males), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year (pre-retirement mortality); for disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table (80% general employee rates plus 20% public safety employee rates), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

Retirement: 4.30% at ages 50 and 54; 4.20% at age 52, 4.40% at age 55; 4.50% at age 56; 4.70% at age 57; or 100% at normal retirement age.

Other decrements: Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 7.70% at age 25 to 4.40% at age 55. Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.09% at age 25 to 0.00% at age 55.

Future contributions: Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.

Changes: No assumptions were changed since the prior measurement date.

Long-term expected rate of return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note J - Pension Plans (continued)

Investment Type	Target Allocation	Expected Long-Term Real Return
Core bonds	15%	1.60% per annum
Core plus	15%	2.10% per annum
U.S. large cap equity	25%	4.60% per annum
U.S. small cap equity	14%	5.50% per annum
Non-U.S. equity	21%	6.70% per annum
Core real estate	10%	5.00% per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100%	4.38% per annum

Rate of Return - For the year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was -13.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) liability was 7.00% per annum. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset) liability.

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Balances, beginning	\$ 24,669,925	\$ (31,893,070)	\$	(7,223,145)	
Changes for the year: Expected interest growth Unexpected investment income Demographic experience Benefit payments, including	1,676,223 - (850,062)	(2,193,047) 6,312,557 -		(516,824) 6,312,557 (850,062)	
refunds of member contributions Administrative expense	(1,092,422)	1,092,422 54,639		- 54,639	
Net changes	(266,261)	5,266,571		5,000,310	
Balances, ending	\$ 24,403,664	\$ (26,626,499)	\$	(2,222,835)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension asset of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	_	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	_	1% Increase (8.00%)
Total pension liability Less: fiduciary net position	\$ 27,288,997 (26,626,499)	\$	24,403,664 (26,626,499)	\$_	22,114,104 (26,626,499)
Net pension (asset) liability	\$ 662,498	\$	(2,222,835)	\$_	(4,512,395)

<u>Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City recognized pension income of \$ 769,461. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual investment gain/loss Change of assumptions Demographic experience	\$ 3,136,337 124,267 199,718	\$ - - 311,086
Total	\$ 3,460,322	\$ 311,086

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension (income) expense as follows:

_	Amount
Ş	929,481
\$	522,919
\$	501,098
\$	1,195,738
\$	NONE
	- \$ \$ \$ \$

Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as amended by Congress. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the City. Under the deferred compensation plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and therefore defer paying taxes on such portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency subject to approval by the City.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated independent plan administrator. Under the terms of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment returns are held in trust by the City for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As part of its fiduciary role, the City has an obligation of due care in selecting the third party administrator, approving investments offered to participants, monitoring compliance with maximum contribution limits, catch-up provisions, and emergency withdrawals. The current plan administrator is MissionSquare Retirement. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the City has acted in a prudent manner and is not liable for losses that may arise from the administration of the deferred compensation plan. Due to the level of fiduciary responsibility accepted by the City, the deferred compensation fund is presented as a Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Retirement Health Savings Plan

As a voluntary supplement to the employees' required pension trust funds, the City established by Resolution 2003-1298 a retirement health saving plan and trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The retirement health saving plan is fully funded by employee pre-tax contributions. The account totaled \$ 730,021 at September 30, 2022 and is invested by MissionSquare per the direction of each participant. Funds can only be withdrawn for medical expenses as approved by Internal Revenue Service regulations.

Should funds not be expended, they revert back to the City plan, however the City's policy is to distribute any remaining proceeds upon death of a participant to their beneficiaries as they have provided in writing. Based upon employee group commitments, the plan currently includes Fire Captains, Police Department non-union employees, Administrative Secretaries, the Chief Clerk of the Police Department, Fire Driver-Engineers, Fire Rescue Supervisors, and the City Administrator.

Roth IRA

The City administration allows employees to make voluntary after-tax contributions to a Roth IRA, established through MissionSquare. Participants choose how much to contribute to the voluntary plan, and the IRS provides guidelines on contributions and distributions.

Florida Retirement System

General Information:

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan") and a defined contribution pension plan ("Investment Plan"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

Pension Plan:

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of creditable service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of creditable service for all these members and increasing normal retirement age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before August 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is three percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, respectively, were as follows: Special Risk – 25.89% and 27.83%; and DROP participants – 18.34% and 18.60%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022.

HIS Plan:

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the HIS contribution rate was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding four years.

HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

At September 30, 2022, the City reported liabilities of \$ 10,630,260 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability and \$ 1,491,364 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total pension liability of \$ 12,121,624. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportionate share was .028569796 percent for the Pension Plan and .014080634 percent for the HIS Plan, which was a decrease of .000104818 percent and an increase of .000042814 percent respectively, from the proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 2,489,454 for the Pension Plan and \$ 285,343 for the HIS Plan for a total pension expense of \$ 2,774,797. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources				rces
Description	_	Pension Plan	,	HIS Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	504,876	\$	45,266	\$	550,142
Changes of assumptions		1,309,161		85,486		1,394,647
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		701,915		2,159		704,074
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,114,488		773,944		3,888,432
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	376,886		24,349	_	401,235
	\$_	6,007,326	\$	931,204	\$_	6,938,530

Note J - Pension Plans (continued)

		Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		Pension		HIS		
Description		Plan	_	Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	6,562	\$	6,562
Changes of assumptions		-		230,713		230,713
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		635,242	_		_	635,242_
	\$_	635,242	\$_	237,275	\$_	872,517

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending September 30, 2022. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Employer Share of Deferred Outflows/Inflows					
Year Ended	_	Pension		HIS			
September 30,		Plan		Plan		Total	
	_						
2023	\$	1,605,137	\$	183,196	\$	1,788,333	
2024		1,226,287		194,711		1,420,998	
2025		403,960		202,027		605,987	
2026		1,666,829		110,949		1,777,778	
2027		92,985		(7,178)		85,807	
Thereafter	_	<u> </u>		(14,125)	_	(14,125)	
	_	_		_	_	_	
	\$_	4,995,198	\$	669,580	\$_	5,664,778	

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	Pension Plan	HIS Plan		
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%		
Salary increases	3.25% average, including inflation	3.25% average, including inflation		
Investment rate of return	6.70%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A		
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age		
Mortality table	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018		

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
	100.0%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.3%

⁽¹⁾ as outlined in the Pension Plan's Investment Policy

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70% for the Pension Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the HIS Plan's total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date.

Because the HIS Plan benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension liability. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact to the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2022.

	1% Decrease (5.70%)	Current Discount Rate (6.70%)	1% Increase (7.70%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for Pension Plan	\$ 18,384,304	\$ 10,630,260	\$4,146,957_
	1% Decrease (2.54%)	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for HIS Plan	\$ 1,706,243	\$ 1,491,364	\$ 1,313,556

Investment Plan:

The SBA (State Board of Administration) administered the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS Defined Benefit Plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends, in part, on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class, as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2021-2022 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows:

Class	<u>Allocation Rate</u>
Elected Officials	14.34%
Senior Management	10.37%
Special Risk	17.00%
Regular Employees	9.30%
regulai cilipioyees	9.30/0

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan vesting is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on these funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over his or her account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's pension expense for the Investment Plan totaled \$52,322 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Aggregate Amounts For All Plans

	Police and Fire	Ret	Florida Retirement System					
	Defined Benefit Plan	Pension Plan	HIS Plan	Total				
Net pension asset	\$ 2,222,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,222,835				
Net pension liability	\$ -	\$ 10,630,26	50 \$ 1,491,364	\$ 12,121,624				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,460,322	\$ 6,007,32	26 \$ 931,204	\$ 10,398,852				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 311,086	\$ 635,24	\$ 237,275	\$ 1,183,603				
Pension expense	\$ 769,461	\$ 2,489,45	54 \$ 285,343	\$ 3,544,258				

Note K - Commitments and Contingencies

Risk management: The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City places all insurance risk, less nominal deductibles, in the hands of commercial carriers. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Grants compliance: The City receives financial assistance from federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the Florida Single Audit Act, the City was not required to conduct a "single audit" for federal or state grants. The threshold for such audits is \$ 750,000 for either level of government. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City did not have any financial assistance that met the "single audit" threshold.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan description and funding policy: The City's only post-retirement benefit is a single-employer defined benefit plan, which offers retired employees the opportunity to retain the City's health insurance coverage by paying the full premium paid by the City for active employees. For department directors only, employees who retire at age 62 with at least ten years of service receive the City health insurance until age 65 with the City paying the full premium for the retiree. At age 55 with at least ten years of service, a department director may receive 33% of the premium subsidy from the City.

Elected officials, who have served five years, are eligible to retain City health insurance at their own expense. All other employees may stay with the City's health plan upon normal retirement but without any City contribution. An actuarial valuation was completed as of October 1, 2021 and reflects the most current estimate of the other post-employment benefit obligation liability. As of September 30, 2022, the net obligation was \$870,950. Consequently, the Statement of Net Position reflects this amount.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of the measurement date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	104
Total plan members	111

The liabilities and costs used in the valuation studies were based on numerous assumptions concerning the cost of benefits to be provided in the future, the contributions expected to be made by retirees in the future, the incidence and level of benefit coverage in the future, and the future demographic experience of the current active employees, retirees, and covered dependents. The cost developed pursuant to GASB Statement 75 is only an estimate of the true cost of providing post-employment benefits. The basis for these benefits is authorized by the City Commission by resolution.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Currently, the City's OPEB benefits are unfunded. This plan is not accounted for in a trust fund. To date, the City has followed a pay as you go funding policy, therefore, only those amounts necessary to provide for the City's reporting of current year benefit costs and expenses have been contributed from the General Fund. Contribution rates are determined by the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and it is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the future value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2022 was based on an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2021 with a measurement date of September 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement date: September 30, 2022

Valuation date: October 1, 2021

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method: Market

Inflation: 3.00%

Healthcare cost

trend rates: 7.0% decreasing to 5.0% ultimate

Salary increaases: 3.00%

Retirement age: Safety (uniformed): Rates from age 50 and 25 years.

General: Rates from age 55 and 10 years.

Mortality: PUB 2010 mortality table with MP-2021 projection

Discount rate: 4.77%

Changes - Since the prior measurement date (September 30, 2021), the discount rate increased from 2.43% to 4.77%.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2022 was 4.77%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Total OPEB liability of the City: The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability OPEB plan fiduciary net position	\$ -	870,950 -
City's net OPEB liability	\$	870,950
OPEB plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	=	0%
Measurement year ended September 30,	2022	
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Assumption changes Benefit payments and refunds	\$	105,487 24,825 (27,267) (213,718) (79,980)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(190,653)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	_	1,061,603
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	870,950

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.77%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

				Current Discount				
		l% Decrease (3.77%)	_	Rate (4.77%)		1% Increase (5.77%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$ <u>_</u>	962,300	\$ _	870,950	\$	779,697		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

	1% Trend		Trend Rate		1% Trend
	Decrease		Assumption		Increase
	6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
	Decreasing		Decreasing		Decreasing
_	to 4.00%	_	to 5.00%		to 6.00%
\$	766,064	\$	870,950	\$	995,273
	- \$	Decrease 6.00% Decreasing to 4.00%	Decrease 6.00% Decreasing to 4.00%	Decrease Assumption 6.00% 7.00% Decreasing Decreasing to 4.00% to 5.00%	Decrease Assumption 6.00% 7.00% Decreasing Decreasing to 4.00% to 5.00%

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 181,503. At September 30, 2022, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Demographic experience	\$ 257,528	\$	38,560		
Assumption changes	249,919	_	264,364		
Total	\$ 507,447	\$_	302,924		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

ı	Fiscal Year Ending	
	September 30,	 Amount
	2023	\$ 51,191
	2024	\$ 51,191
	2025	\$ 51,191
	2026	\$ 51,191
	2027	\$ 31,996
	Thereafter	\$ (32,237)

Note M - Individual Fund Disclosures

At September 30, 2022, the Tennis Center Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$17,605. The City expects to reduce this deficit through transfers from the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

Note N - New Accounting Pronouncements

During 2022, the City implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases.* GASB No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the City's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Upon review of the City's leases, there was no effect on beginning net position or fund balance upon implementation of GASB No. 87.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	_	2022	2021	_	2020	2019
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.028569796%	0.028674614%		0.031689588%	0.017188014%
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,630,260	\$ 2,166,041	\$	13,734,734	\$ 5,919,313
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	4,929,793	\$ 4,629,538	\$	4,310,968	\$ 2,319,529
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		215.63%	46.79%		318.60%	255.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		82.89%	96.40%		78.85%	82.61%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

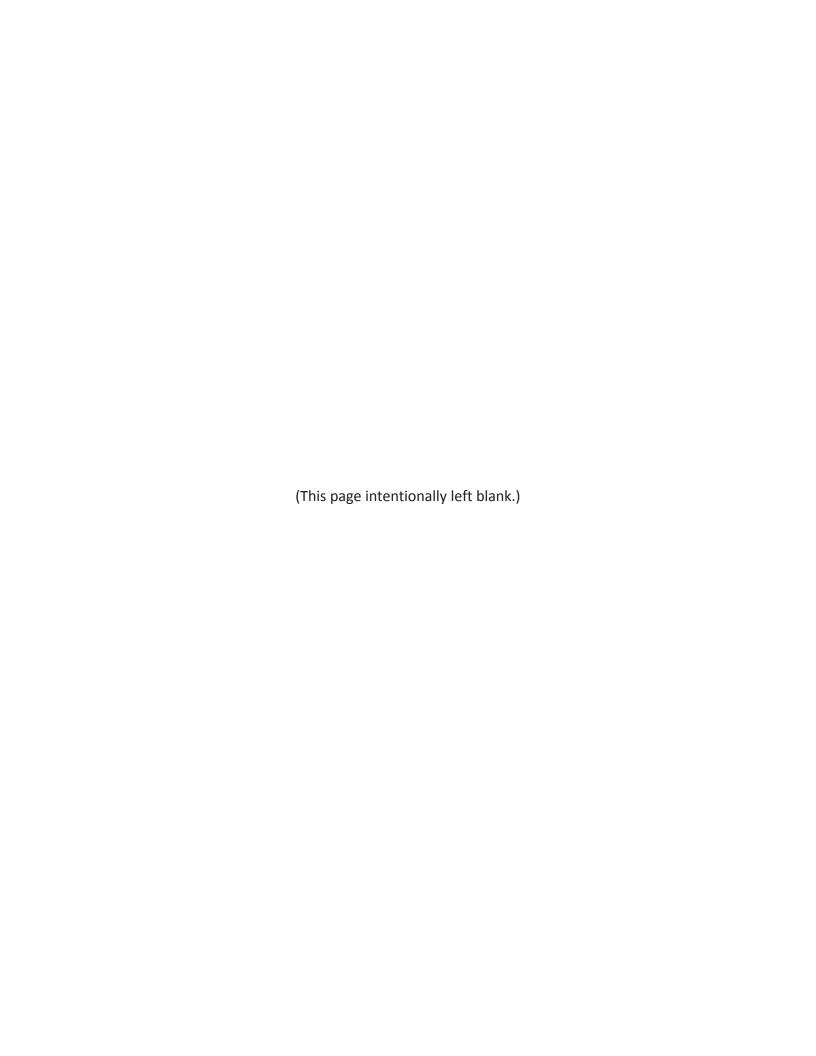
		2022	2021	2020	2019
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.014080634%	0.014037820%	0.013134623%	0.007251617%
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,491,364	1,721,950	\$ 1,603,716	\$ 811,383
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	5,131,416	4,969,698	\$ 4,558,649	\$ 2,425,248
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		29.06%	34.65%	35.18%	33.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	_	2022	2021	_	2020	_	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,299,168	1,161,401	\$	1,024,346	\$	772,311
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	1,299,168	1,161,401	_	1,024,346	_	772,311
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-		\$_		\$_	
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	5,244,441	4,684,824	\$	4,345,899	\$	3,337,710
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		24.77%	24.79%		23.57%		23.14%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	90,359	\$	82,920	\$	76,607	\$	58,067
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	90,359	_	82,920	_	76,607	_	58,067
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	5,443,288	\$	4,995,172	\$	4,614,905	\$	3,498,009
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%



City of Lighthouse Point, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios
Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(unaudited)

		2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Assumption changes Benefit payments, including	\$	1,676,223 (850,062)	\$	1,658,172 873,392 (1,306,723)	\$	1,685,413 (1,379,006)	\$	11,959 2,051,009 (636,834)
refunds of member contributions Changes in benefit terms	_	(1,092,422)	_	(904,064)	_	(667,030)	_	(1,404,551) (5,154,431)
Net change in total pension liability		(266,261)		320,777		(360,623)		(5,132,848)
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ _	24,669,925 24,403,664	\$ -	24,349,148 24,669,925	\$ -	24,709,771 24,349,148	\$ -	29,842,619 24,709,771
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses	\$	- (4,119,510) (54,639)	\$	- - 5,295,691 (51,063)	\$	- - 1,677,474 -	\$	- 111,254 1,331,005 -
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(1,092,422)	_	(904,064)	_	(667,030)	_	(1,404,551)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(5,266,571)		4,340,564		1,010,444		37,708
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		31,893,070	_	27,552,506	_	26,542,062	_	26,504,354
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ =	26,626,499	\$ _	31,893,070	\$ _	27,552,506	\$ =	26,542,062
City net pension (asset) liability - ending (A) - (B)	\$	(2,222,835)	\$	(7,223,145)	\$	(3,203,358)	\$	(1,832,291)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension (asset) liability		109.11%		129.28%		113.16%		107.42%
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,581
City net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		-823.20%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

During 2019, the City froze the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan due to the addition of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, causing a decline in covered payroll amounts.

-	2018	-	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
\$	398,297 1,658,825 2,898,623 1,803,577	\$	371,661 1,586,392 (426,868)	\$	371,661 1,129,166 659,097 4,860,207	\$	253,497 1,514,924 (32,379) (1,940,714)	\$	338,632 1,477,810 - -
	(746,176) -	_	(455,688) -	_	(454,253) -	_	(355,333)	_	(599,481) -
	6,013,146		1,075,497		6,565,878		(560,005)		1,216,961
\$	23,829,473 29,842,619	\$	22,753,976 23,829,473	\$ -	16,188,098 22,753,976	\$ <u>-</u>	16,748,103 16,188,098	\$ -	15,531,142 16,748,103
\$	1,372,606 702,612 1,733,186	\$	991,535 722,202 2,653,471 -	\$	815,761 564,019 1,400,099	\$	776,750 544,741 (79,907) -	\$	812,593 561,829 1,198,583
-	(746,176)	-	(455,688)	_	(454,253)	_	(355,333)	_	(387,047)
	3,062,228		3,911,520		2,325,626		886,251		2,185,958
-	23,442,126	-	19,530,606	_	17,204,980	_	16,318,729	_	14,132,771
\$	26,504,354	\$	23,442,126	\$ =	19,530,606	\$ =	17,204,980	\$ _	16,318,729
\$	3,338,265	\$	387,347	\$	3,223,370	\$	(1,016,882)	\$	429,374
	88.81%		98.37%		85.83%		106.28%		97.44%
\$	3,261,638	\$	3,261,638	\$	3,011,289	\$	3,043,337	\$	3,125,632
	102.35%		11.88%		107.04%		-33.41%		13.74%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

		2022		2021		2020	ı	2019		2018	2	2017	ı	2016	ı	2015		2014	2013
	↔		₩	1 1	↔	1 1	δ.		\$ 1,	1,372,607 957,596	٠٠ 6 6	991,535 991,535	δ.	\$ 815,761 \$ 815,761	⋄	776,750 776,750		812,593 812,593	812,593 \$ 1,194,863 812,593 1,194,863
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		⋄		ۍ پ	,	.	'	` 	415,011			⊹		⋄			1	\$
	\$	1	ب	1	ب	1	Ş	222,581	\$ 3,	\$ 3,261,638	\$ 3,2	3,261,638	\$ 3,	3,011,289	, 3,	3,043,337	\$ 3,1	3,125,632	\$ 3,108,447
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		29.36%		30.40%		27.09%		25.52%		26.00%	38.44%

Valuation date: October 1, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net									
of investment expense	-13.14%	19.53%	6.58%	5.40%	7.49%	13.46%	8.20%	-0.23%	8.50%

Note:

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		2022 9/30/2022	-	2021 9/30/2021	2020 9/30/2020	_	2019 9/30/2019		2018 9/30/2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience	\$	105,487 24,825 (27,267)	\$	105,227 23,006 (21,262)	\$ 88,631 12,096 188,231	\$	37,544 10,932 269,804	\$	29,429 10,007
Assumption changes Benefits payments	-	(213,718) (79,980)	-	(80,447) (79,980)	398,977 (98,415)	_	(45,822) (29,200)	-	(5,255)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	-	1,061,603	-	(53,456) 1,115,059	589,520 525,539	_	243,258		34,181 248,100
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	870,950	\$ _	1,061,603	\$ 1,115,059	\$ _	525,539	\$	282,281
Covered payroll	\$	10,920,134	\$	9,509,173	\$ 6,088,198	\$	5,845,659	\$	4,992,342
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		7.98%		11.16%	18.32%		8.99%		5.65%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final
	Original		Final	_	Amounts		Budget
Revenues:				_	_		
Ad valorem taxes:		_		_		_	
Current \$	9,426,000	\$	9,479,334	\$	9,479,334	\$	-
Delinquent		_		_	564	_	564
	9,426,000	_	9,479,334	_	9,479,898	_	564
Franchise taxes:							
Electricity	825,000		825,000		965,887		140,887
Solid waste	75,000	_	75,000	_	77,749	_	2,749
	900,000	_	900,000	_	1,043,636	_	143,636
Utility service taxes:							·
Electricity	1,235,000		1,235,000		1,310,790		75,790
Water	550,000		550,000		571,621		21,621
Gas	-		-		23		23
Propane	50,000		50,000		61,773		11,773
Communications services	515,000	_	515,000	_	544,694	_	29,694
	2,350,000	_	2,350,000	_	2,488,901	_	138,901
Licenses and permits:							
Business license tax	80,000		80,000		95,724		15,724
Building permits	385,000		410,271		410,271		-
Plumbing permits	85,000		85,000		114,734		29,734
Electrical permits	105,000		105,000		125,499		20,499
Other	351,000	_	397,540	_	418,836	_	21,296
	1,006,000	_	1,077,811	_	1,165,064	_	87,253
Intergovernmental revenues:							
State revenue sharing	315,000		315,000		403,494		88,494
Other state revenue sharing	59,000		59,000		33,074		(25,926)
Alcoholic beverage license	8,000		8,000		8,516		516
Gasoline tax	185,000		185,000		182,522		(2,478)
Half cent sales tax	700,000		700,000		869,051		169,051
Firefighters supplemental Motor fuel rebate	12,250		12,250		13,998		1,748
County occupational license	6,000 12,000		6,000 12,000		5,305 12,189		(695) 189
Federal grants	284,000		284,000		176,313		(107,687)
State grants	-		-		14,403		14,403
Local grants	107,537		107,537		169,240		61,703
	1,688,787	_	1,688,787	_	1,888,105	_	199,318

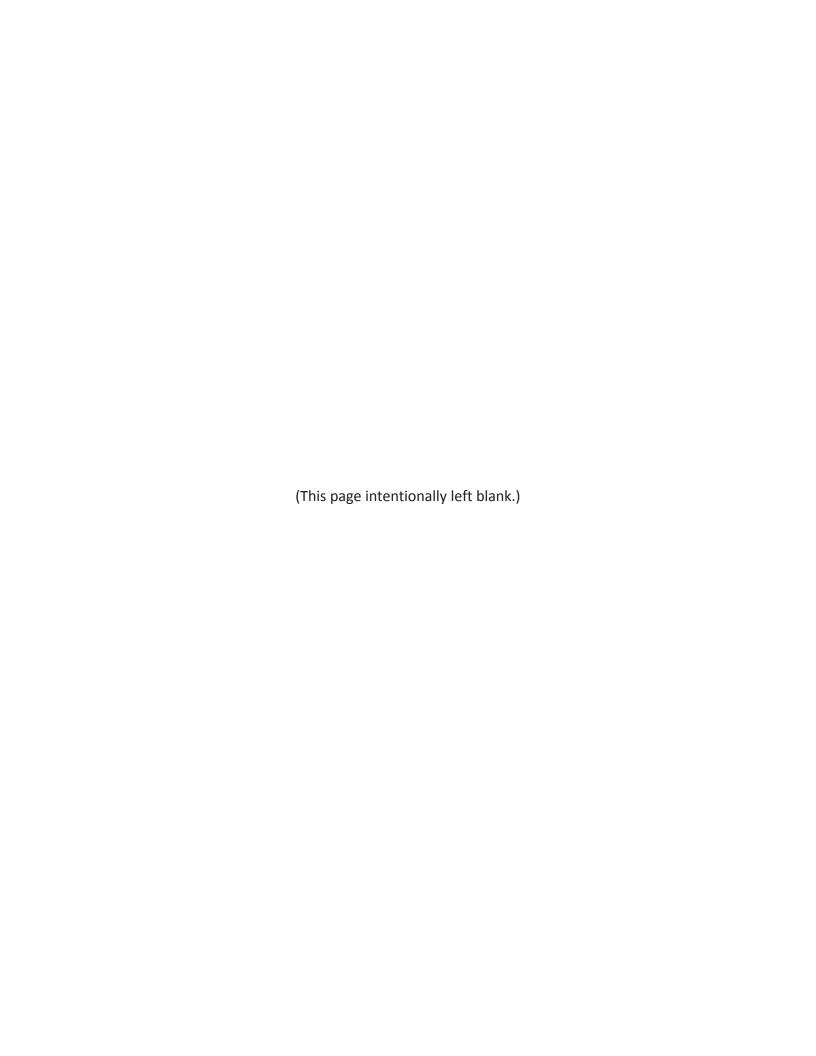
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Budget
Revenues (continued)				
Charges for services:	40.000	40.000	42.425	2.425
Lien search fees	40,000	40,000	43,425	3,425
Zoning fees	40,000	126,157	126,157	- 4.50
Merchandise sales	4 000	-	1,159	1,159
Certification, copying, research	1,000	1,000	968	(32)
Election fees	500	500	476	(24)
Other fees - city clerk	200	200	100	(100)
Accident reports	2,500	2,500	3,541	1,041
Fingerprinting fees	5,000	5,000	930	(4,070)
Alarm fees	8,000	8,000	5,700	(2,300)
Special detail fees	30,000	30,000	33,525	3,525
Fire inspection fees	27,000	27,000	24,174	(2,826)
Construction inspection fees	3,000	3,000	4,461	1,461
Other fees - fire	750	750	525	(225)
Ambulance fees	290,000	290,000	371,817	81,817
Library fees	1,000	1,000	800	(200)
Photostat and other fees	1,500	1,500	408	(1,092)
Registration - recreation	40,000	40,000	39,480	(520)
Summer recreation fees	60,000	60,000	40,700	(19,300)
Other recreation fees	5,150	5,150	11,333	6,183
	555,600	641,757	709,679	67,922
Non-ad valorem assessments:				
Special assessments - fire	925,000	925,000	927,406	2,406
·	925,000	925,000	927,406	2,406
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines	9,000	9,000	12,543	3,543
Library fines	400	400	261	(139)
Parking citations	1,500	1,500	1,255	(245)
Code enforcement fines	125,000	125,000	335,670	210,670
	135,900	135,900	349,729	213,829
Miscellaneous income:				
Investment income	27,000	27,000	31,067	4,067
Other	90,000	121,544	95,104	(26,440)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
	117,000	148,544	126,171	(22,373)
Allocation of fund balance	554,816	554,816		(554,816)
Total revenues	17,659,103	17,901,949	18,178,589	276,640

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Expenditures: General government: Legislative - commission				
Personal services Operating expenditures	57,720 69,808	60,314 131,193	60,097 131,192	217 1
Grants and aids	11,164	11,164	11,164	
	138,692	202,671	202,453	218
Executive - Mayor: Personal services	36,725	33,665	33,664	1
Operating expenditures	14,180	14,180	11,719	2,461
	50,905	47,845	45,383	2,462
Administration/finance: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	799,225 126,295 	859,046 172,933 8,043	856,111 172,368 8,040	2,935 565 3
	925,520	1,040,022	1,036,519	3,503
City attorney: Operating expenditures	224,720	256,799	256,798	1
Support services: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	72,442 692,400 2,000	72,442 714,429 11,200	70,883 712,727 11,200	1,559 1,702
	766,842	798,071	794,810	3,261
Total general government	2,106,679	2,345,408	2,335,963	9,445
Public safety: Police department: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	5,768,866 393,606 47,574	5,726,809 453,037 52,060	5,726,776 454,334 52,060	33 (1,297)
	6,210,046	6,231,906	6,233,170	(1,264)
				

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Public safety (continued) Fire department:				
Personal services	4,134,320	4,238,780	4,238,777	3
Operating expenditures	278,434	331,940	330,760	1,180
Capital outlay	7,000	7,000	5,858	1,142
	4,419,754	4,577,720	4,575,395	2,325
Building department:				
Personal services	195,326	216,904	216,796	108
Operating expenditures	725,870	839,234	839,208	26
	921,196	1,056,138	1,056,004	134
Code enforcement:				
Personal services	353,253	353,253	347,234	6,019
Operating expenditures	20,480	22,365	22,260	105
	373,733	375,618	369,494	6,124
Total public safety	11,924,729	12,241,382	12,234,063	7,319
Physical environment: Public works:				
Personal services	1,264,305	1,141,689	1,141,690	(1)
Operating expenditures	497,130	545,898	545,359	539
Capital outlay	1,500	36,610	35,110	1,500
Total physical environment	1,762,935	1,724,197	1,722,159	2,038
Transportation:				
Community bus: Personal services	42,495	40,000	39,542	458
Operating expenditures	•	13,830	12,700	1,130
Operating expenditures	10,314	13,030	12,700	1,130
Total transportation	52,809	53,830	52,242	1,588

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget	
Culture/recreation: Library:					
Personal services	401,497	356,310	356,309	1	
Operating expenditures	48,440	42,440	35,804	6,636	
Capital outlay	48,600	28,560	28,559	1	
	498,537	427,310	420,672	6,638	
Recreation department:					
Personal services	425,710	368,402	366,930	1,472	
Operating expenditures	226,830	247,110	247,026	84	
Capital outlay	450,000	241,500	229,014	12,486	
	1,102,540	857,012	842,970	14,042	
Total culture/recreation	1,601,077	1,284,322	1,263,642	20,680	
Debt service:					
Principal	220,323	220,323	220,322	1	
Interest	9,525	9,525	9,521	4	
Total debt service	229,848	229,848	229,843	5	
Total expenditures	17,678,077	17,878,987	17,837,912	41,075	
Excess (deficiency)					
of revenues over					
expenditures	(18,974)	22,962	340,677	317,715	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital					
asset	-	-	41,544	41,544	
Transfers in	135,000	135,000	138,099	3,099	
Transfers out	(116,026)	(157,962)	(157,962)		
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	18,974	(22,962)	21,681	44,643	
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	362,358	\$ 362,358	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			7,237,087		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 7,599,445		



OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for financing of particular purposes.

<u>Tennis Center Fund</u> - This fund accounts for membership revenues and expenditures associated with the operation of the City's nine clay courts and Pro Shop located at Frank McDonough Park.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of Federal and State forfeitures stemming from the Police Department's participation in anti-crime task forces.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2009/2010 to provide resources for stormwater management capital improvements and significant maintenance of stormwater infrastructure that had been funded in past years by grants.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - This fund represents a number of special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purposes account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is not budgeted on an annual basis like operating funds but rather appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission.

Permanent Fund

<u>Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2015 to provide resources that enhance or augment the educational enjoyment of the City's Library by residents. The funds were received from the Mary M. Barker Trust and shall be invested for growth and income. Each year, an amount equal to 5% of the January 1st value of the trust may be spent on library resources; however any expenditure of trust fund proceeds shall be at the discretion of the Lighthouse Point City Commission.

Debt Service Funds

<u>2002 Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds. The 2002 Debt Service Fund was initially established to finance and account for the payment of interest and principal on the \$ 6,190,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002. During FY 2012, the City issued a note payable in the amount of \$ 3,685,000 to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matured in August 2022.

<u>2019 Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the \$ 16,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019.

	Special Revenue							
	Tennis Center Fund			Public Safety Fund	_	Stormwater Fund		Special Purpose Fund
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, restricted								
cash, and investments Due from other funds	\$	100 13,374	\$	1,231,117	\$	1,150,559 -	\$	150,424 -
Due from other governments		-		69	_	15	_	
Total assets	\$_	13,474	\$_	1,231,186	\$ <u>_</u>	1,150,574	\$_	150,424
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	26,642	\$	3,888	\$	142,612	\$	4,051
Accrued expenses Unearned revenue		4,437 -	_	-	_	- 126,085	_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	_	31,079	_	3,888	_	268,697	_	4,051
Fund Balances (Deficit): Nonspendable		_		_		_		_
Restricted		-		1,227,298		881,877		-
Committed		-		-		-		146,373
Unassigned	_	(17,605)	_	-	-	-	_	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	(17,605)	_	1,227,298	_	881,877	_	146,373
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,474	\$_	1,231,186	\$_	1,150,574	\$_	150,424

_	Total		Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	_	2002 Debt Service Fund	-	2019 Debt Service Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	2,532,200 13,374 84	\$	594,201 - -	\$_	5,429 - 41	\$	28,399 - 59	\$	3,160,229 13,374 184
\$_	2,545,658		594,201	\$_	5,470	\$_	28,458	\$_	3,173,787
		•		_				_	
\$	177,193 4,437 126,085	\$	- - -	\$_	- - -	\$	- - -	\$_	177,193 4,437 126,085
_	307,715		-		-		_		307,715
_	- 2,109,175 146,373 (17,605)		500,000 94,201 - -	_	- 5,470 - -	_	- 28,458 - -	_	500,000 2,237,304 146,373 (17,605)
	2,237,943		594,201	-	5,470	_	28,458	-	2,866,072
\$_	2,545,658	\$	594,201	\$_	5,470	\$_	28,458	\$_	3,173,787

	Special Revenue						
	Tennis Center Fund	Public Safety Fund	Stormwater Fund	Special Purpose Fund			
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	25,420	-			
Charges for services	90,516	-	-	-			
Non-ad valorem assessments	-	-	339,847	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	2,763	-	-			
Investment income (loss)	-	3,793	2,274	370			
Miscellaneous	4,000	7,500		99,546			
Total revenues	94,516	14,056	367,541	99,916			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	4,827	-			
Physical environment	-	46,927	194,342	6,114			
Culture/recreation	242,962	-	-	88,410			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	5,548			
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-			
Interest and other							
Total expenditures	242,962	46,927	199,169	100,072			
Excess (deficiency)							
of revenues over							
expenditures	(148,446)	(32,871)	168,372	(156)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	132,962	-	-	25,000			
Transfers out		(71)	(65,000)	(3,028)			
Total other financing sources							
(uses)	132,962	(71)	(65,000)	21,972			
Net change in fund balance	(15,484)	(32,942)	103,372	21,816			
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(2,121)	1,260,240	778,505	124,557			
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (17,605)	\$1,227,298	\$ 881,877	\$146,373			

	Total		Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	-	2002 Debt Service Fund		2019 Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	25,420 90,516 339,847 2,763 6,437 111,046	\$	- - - - - (97,102)	\$	395,952 - - - - - 361 -	\$	980,447 - - - - 1,406	\$	1,376,399 25,420 90,516 339,847 2,763 (88,898) 111,046
-	576,029	,	(97,102)	_	396,313		981,853		1,857,093
	4,827 247,383 331,372 5,548		- - 12,195 - - -		- - - - 400,995 6,724		- - - - 320,000 655,850		4,827 247,383 343,567 5,548 720,995 662,574
_	589,130		12,195	_	407,719		975,850	-	1,984,894
_	(13,101)		(109,297)	_	(11,406)		6,003	-	(127,801)
	157,962 (68,099)		- -	_	- -		- -		157,962 (68,099)
_	89,863	,	-	_		•		-	89,863
	76,762		(109,297)		(11,406)		6,003		(37,938)
_	2,161,181	·	703,498	_	16,876		22,455	-	2,904,010
\$_	2,237,943	\$	594,201	\$_	5,470	\$	28,458	\$	2,866,072

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Special Revenue - Tennis Center Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Rudgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues: Charges for services:				
Membership fees \$ Revenue sharing	25,000	\$ 60,000 25,000	\$ 43,750 32,664	\$ (16,250) 7,664
Daily use fees Summer camp fees	18,000 3,000	18,000 3,000	14,102 -	(3,898) (3,000)
Miscellaneous	1,000	4,000	4,000	
Total revenues	107,000	110,000	94,516	(15,484)
Expenditures: Culture/recreation:				
Personal services	147,001	165,793	165,791	2
Operating expenditures	51,025	77,169	77,171	(2)
Total expenditures	198,026	242,962	242,962	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(91,026)	(132,962)	(148,446)	(15,484)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	91,026	132,962	132,962	
Net change in fund balance \$		\$	(15,484)	\$(15,484)
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Y	ear		(2,121)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year			\$ (17,605)	

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Special Revenue - Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Non-ad valorem assessments: Stormwater fees Intergovernmental revenue Investment income Allocation of fund balance	\$	336,289 - 1,500 245,911	\$	339,847 25,420 2,274	\$_	3,558 25,420 774 (245,911)
Total revenues	_	583,700		367,541	_	(216,159)
Expenditures: Finance/administration: Operating expenditures		5,040		4,827		213
Physical environment: Operating expenditures	_	513,660		194,342	_	319,318
Total expenditures	_	518,700		199,169	_	319,531
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	65,000	_	168,372	_	103,372
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	-	(65,000)	_	(65,000)	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$ ₌		_	103,372	\$_	103,372
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				778,505		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$_	881,877		

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida 2002 Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Allocation of fund balance Investment income	\$	393,627 13,792 300	\$ _	395,952 - 361	\$	2,325 (13,792) 61
Total revenues	_	407,719	_	396,313	_	(11,406)
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest	_	401,757 5,962	_	400,995 6,724	_	762 (762)
Total expenditures	_	407,719	_	407,719	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	<u>-</u>		(11,406)	\$ _	(11,406)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			_	16,876		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$_	5,470		

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida 2019 Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

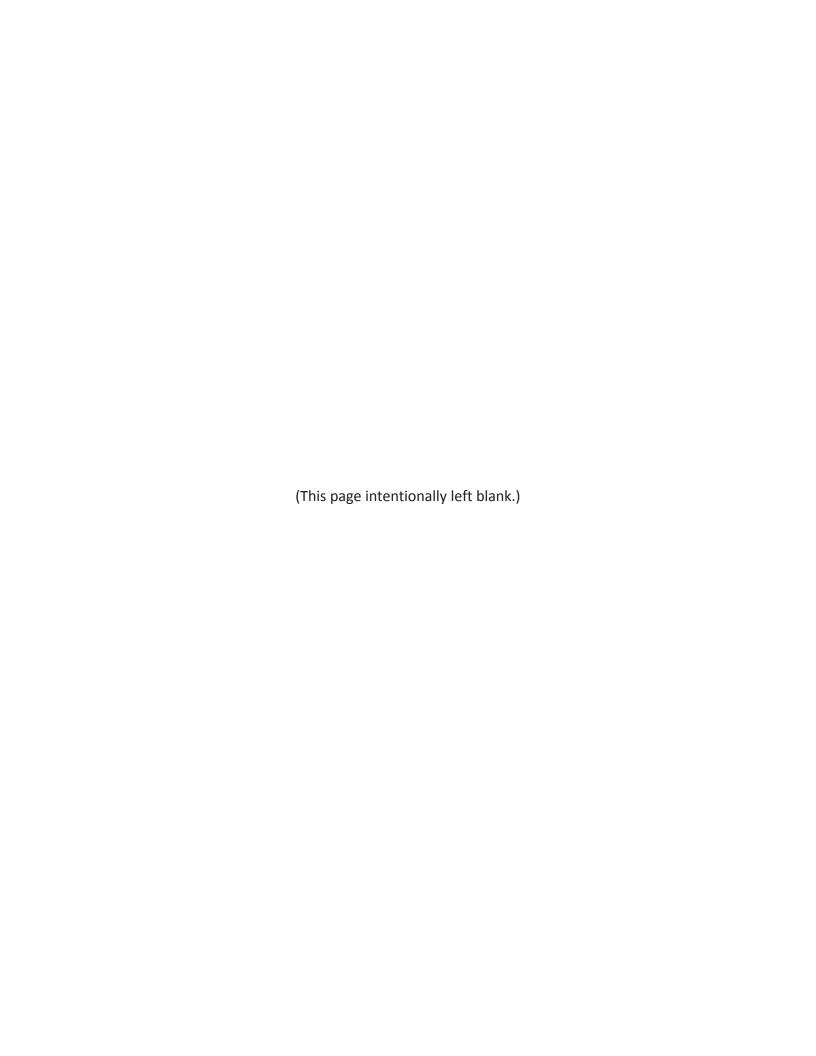
	_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	-	Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Investment income	\$ -	975,050 800	\$ -	980,447 1,406	\$ -	5,397 606
Total revenues	_	975,850	_	981,853	-	6,003
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest Other	_	320,000 644,600 11,250	_	320,000 644,600 11,250	-	- - -
Total expenditures	_	975,850	_	975,850	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>=</u>			6,003	\$	6,003
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			-	22,455		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$_	28,458		

		Defined Contribution Pension Plans										
		General		Fire		Police		Management		Total		
Assets: Investments Participant loans receivable	\$	5,179,271 149,655	\$	4,535,418 13,888	\$_	1,979,115 26,337	\$	5,293,593 16,037	\$_	16,987,397 205,917		
Total assets	\$_	5,328,926	\$_	4,549,306	\$_	2,005,452	\$_	5,309,630	\$_	17,193,314		
Liabilities	\$_		\$_	_	\$_	_	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>		
Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits	_	5,328,926	_	4,549,306 -	_	2,005,452 -	_	5,309,630	_	17,193,314		
Total net position	\$	5,328,926	\$	4,549,306	\$	2,005,452	\$	5,309,630	\$	17,193,314		

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	Deferred Compensation	Retirement Health Savings Plan	Total
\$ 26,626,499	\$ 11,436,594	\$ 730,021	\$ 55,780,511
		_	205,917
\$ 26,626,499	\$ <u>11,436,594</u>	\$ 730,021	\$ 55,986,428
\$ 	\$	\$ 	\$
26,626,499	-	-	43,819,813
	11,436,594	730,021	12,166,615
\$ 26,626,499	\$ 11,436,594	\$ 730,021	\$ 55,986,428

	Defined Contribution Pension Plans										
	_	General	_	Fire		Police	į	Management		Total	
Additions: Contributions:											
City Employees	\$_	230,986 93,871	\$	-	\$	-	\$	164,755 63,385	\$_	395,741 157,256	
Total contributions	_	324,857	-	-	-		-	228,140	_	552,997	
Investment earnings and expenses: Interest, dividend and											
investment value changes Less investment expense	_	(750,003) 38,901	_	(743,252) 34,120		(243,061) 14,840		(667,221) 39,291	_	(2,403,537) 127,152	
Net investment earnings	_	(788,904)	_	(777,372)		(257,901)		(706,512)	_	(2,530,689)	
Total additions	_	(464,047)	_	(777,372)		(257,901)		(478,372)	_	(1,977,692)	
Deductions: Benefits paid	-	487,219	-	175,942		107,435		380,572	_	1,151,168	
Refund of contributions: City	_	18,290	_		-		-		_	18,290	
Total deductions	_	505,509	_	175,942	-	107,435	-	380,572	_	1,169,458	
Change in net position		(969,556)		(953,314)		(365,336)		(858,944)		(3,147,150)	
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and Other Employee Benefits:											
Beginning of Year	-	6,298,482	-	5,502,620	-	2,370,788		6,168,574	-	20,340,464	
End of Year	\$_	5,328,926	\$	4,549,306	\$	2,005,452	\$	5,309,630	\$_	17,193,314	

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	Deferred Compensation		Retirement Health Savings Plan	-	Total			
\$ - - -	\$ - 1,304,544 1,304,544	\$	- 45,899 45,899	\$ -	395,741 1,507,699 1,903,440			
(4,119,510) 54,639	(1,635,963) 		(105,589) 6,570	-	(8,264,599) 267,273			
(4,174,149)	(1,714,875) (410,331)		(112,159)	-	(8,531,872)			
1,092,422	508,234		34,309	-	2,786,133			
1,092,422	508,234		34,309	-	18,290 2,804,423			
(5,266,571)	(918,565)	•	(100,569)	-	(9,432,855)			
\$ 31,893,070 26,626,499	12,355,159 \$ 11,436,594	\$	830,590 730,021	\$	65,419,283 55,986,428			



STATISTICAL SECTION

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

This part of the City of Lighthouse Point's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	96-103
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	104-110
Debt Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	111-115
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	116-117
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	118-123

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

		Fiscal									
	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019			
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	25,120,303 3,347,493 4,761,370	\$_	25,515,308 3,157,370 6,633,989	\$	19,754,023 2,869,269 7,330,317	\$	19,483,620 2,773,223 10,541,565			
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	33,229,166	\$_	35,306,667	\$_	29,953,609	\$_	32,798,408			

Notes: The City has no business-type activities.

		Year				
2018	2017	2016	,	2015	2014	2013
\$ 21,228,328 2,595,822 5,778,930	\$ 18,960,079 2,951,222 7,480,739	\$ 19,261,328 2,680,004 7,603,373	\$	17,949,228 3,995,702 7,469,821	\$ 16,691,679 3,250,412 5,899,447	\$ 16,705,644 3,191,909 6,421,799
\$ 29,603,080	\$ 29,392,040	\$ 29,544,705	\$	29,414,751	\$ 25,841,538	\$ 26,319,352

	Fiscal										
	•	2022		2021		2020		2019			
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	2,434,142	\$	2,042,697	\$	1,898,882	\$	1,902,050			
Public safety		14,818,434		12,634,594		14,562,191		8,581,339			
Physical environment		5,648,083		4,357,024		4,682,249		4,090,349			
Transportation		53,125		55,664		43,476		50,423			
Culture/recreation		1,480,933		1,430,436		1,318,882		1,416,800			
Interest expense		626,042		647,800		795,985		443,935			
Total governmental											
activities expenses	:	25,060,759	\$	21,168,215	\$	23,301,665	\$	16,484,896			
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services:											
General government	\$	172,285	\$	140,823	\$	99,366	\$	52,127			
Public safety		2,889,635		2,725,204		2,416,814		2,417,111			
Physical environment		2,702,855		2,459,508		2,325,163		2,277,313			
Culture/recreation		183,237		174,462		121,938		227,221			
Operating grants and											
contributions		255,167		675,145		425,242		529,086			
Capital grants and contributions		405,913		4,335,453		-		-			
Total governmental											
activities program											
revenues	\$	6,609,092	\$	10,510,595	\$	5,388,523	\$	5,502,858			
Total governmental											
activities net expense	\$	18,451,667	\$	10,657,620	\$	17,913,142	\$	10,982,038			
General Revenues and Changes											
in Net Position:											
Taxes:											
Ad valorem taxes	\$	10,856,297	\$	10,411,394	\$	10,027,872	\$	8,711,785			
Franchise taxes		1,055,165		929,709		885,017		899,011			
Utility service taxes		2,505,645		2,339,637		2,301,571		2,352,865			
Intergovernmental revenues		1,583,198		1,319,241		1,173,114		1,290,317			
Miscellaneous and investment											
income (loss)	•	373,861		1,010,697		680,769		923,388			
Total general revenues	\$	16,374,166	\$	16,010,678	\$	15,068,343	\$	14,177,366			
Changes in Net Position	\$	(2,077,501)	\$	5,353,058	\$	(2,844,799)	\$	3,195,328			

	Year											
	2018	-	2017	_	2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$	1,823,307 10,696,943 4,046,490 48,582 1,329,199 49,127	\$	1,781,048 10,120,375 4,380,588 44,246 1,286,251 50,790	\$	1,717,475 9,827,589 4,054,749 42,655 1,262,675 60,161	\$	1,624,496 8,684,687 3,550,580 43,471 1,196,903 65,540	\$	1,465,093 9,134,305 3,506,609 46,027 1,122,567 71,369	\$	1,415,364 8,686,485 3,854,194 44,667 1,156,366 77,180	
\$ <u></u>	17,993,648	\$	17,663,298	\$	16,965,304	\$	15,165,677	\$	15,345,970	\$	15,234,256	
\$	67,505 2,452,535 1,931,329 214,804	\$	48,203 2,477,037 1,936,657 189,145	\$	53,324 2,423,816 2,133,587 184,524	\$	51,423 2,040,455 2,100,378 161,164	\$	34,564 1,891,940 2,068,101 150,725	\$	27,335 1,603,627 2,236,065 125,904	
-	244,468 	-	130,980	-	129,830		162,097 1,202,548		119,455 	•	153,494 	
\$	4,910,641	\$	4,782,022	\$	4,925,081	\$	5,718,065	\$	4,264,785	\$	4,146,425	
\$ ₌	13,083,007	\$ ₌	12,881,276	\$ <u>-</u>	12,040,223	\$	9,447,612	\$	11,081,185	\$ ₌	11,087,831	
\$	8,147,243 865,160 2,315,992 1,274,422	\$	7,652,001 873,192 2,264,796 1,297,569	\$	7,270,669 850,214 2,212,221 1,209,109	\$	6,928,063 864,725 2,256,338 1,166,306	\$	6,583,961 869,058 3,124,968 1,153,978	\$	6,393,001 862,148 2,195,295 1,288,713	
-	650,330	-	641,053	-	627,964	•	1,805,393	•	416,655	-	537,573	
\$	13,253,147	\$	12,728,611	\$_	12,170,177	\$	13,020,825	\$	12,148,620	\$	11,276,730	
\$_	170,140	\$	(152,665)	\$_	129,954	\$	3,573,213	\$	1,067,435	\$	188,899	

			F	iscal			
	2022		2021	_	2020		2019
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	112,287	\$	132,332	\$	89,273	\$	90,932
Restricted	701,913	•	645,388	•	251,700	'	233,996
Committed	1,904,294		2,107,043		1,724,320		1,416,224
Assigned	3,750,000		3,750,000		3,750,000		3,750,000
Unassigned	1,130,951		602,324	_	1,285,804		913,981
Total general fund	7,599,445	\$	7,237,087	\$	7,101,097	\$	6,405,133
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Major Funds:							
Infrastructure fund:							
Committed	1,023,772	\$	1,625,827	\$	588,683	\$	661,406
Garbage and trash fund:							
Restricted	142,758		-		-		-
Committed	-		86,476		213,966		378,347
Bond construction fund:							
Restricted	3,431,479		9,687,292		14,950,578		15,687,581
Nonmajor Funds:							
Public safety fund:	4 227 200		1 200 240		1 102 216		1 5 6 4 1 0 5
Restricted	1,227,298		1,260,240		1,403,216		1,564,105
2002 Debt service fund:	F 470		16.076		42.702		0.270
Restricted	5,470		16,876		13,792		9,379
2019 Debt service fund: Restricted	20 450		22.455		15.016		
	28,458		22,455		15,016		-
Walt and Mary Barker Library fund:	500,000		500,000		500,000		500,000
Nonspendable Restricted	94,201		203,498		93,143		92,903
Other nonmajor funds:	34,201		203,436		33,143		92,903
Nonspendable	_		_		_		_
Restricted	881,877		778,505		592,402		415,341
Committed	146,373		124,557		98,578		475,154
Unassigned (deficit)	(17,605)		(2,121)	_	(30,432)		(27,680)
Total all other							
governmental funds	7,464,081	\$	14,303,605	\$	18,438,942	\$	19,756,536

	Year										
-	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013
\$	81,542	\$	76,661	\$	62,003	\$	59,549	\$	57,923	\$	550,156
-	1,492,589 2,250,000 21,580	_	1,598,527 3,750,000 380,815	-	1,365,837 3,750,000 887,155	_	1,379,797 3,750,000 349,186	_	1,560,813 3,750,000 158,139	-	1,665,151 3,250,000 174,354
\$	3,845,711	\$ _	5,806,003	\$	6,064,995	\$ _	5,538,532	\$ _	5,526,875	\$	5,639,661
\$	552,586	\$	447,370	\$	845,438	\$	1,355,656	\$	-	\$	-
	26,543 393,327		221,423 393,327		- 393,327		- 324,682		- 342,805		- 471,867
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,688,447		1,796,681		1,953,004		2,069,312		2,202,826		2,328,298
	14,952		10,825		14,673		14,103		7,580		323
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	500,000 96,904		500,000 77,555		500,000 19,579		473,483 -		-		- -
-	295,519 417,800 (19,506)	_	344,738 353,133 (28,916)	-	192,748 322,932 (11,078)	_	- 1,438,804 295,443 (8,826)	_	1,040,006 1,046,300 (9,641)	-	750 863,288 859,603
\$_	3,966,572	\$_	4,116,136	\$_	4,230,623	\$_	5,962,657	\$_	4,629,876	\$_	4,524,129

				Fisc	al Y	ear		
	,	2022		2021		2020		2019
Revenues:	,				·		•	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	10,856,297	\$	10,411,394	\$	10,027,872	\$	8,711,785
Franchise taxes		1,043,636		914,502		884,380		899,319
Utility service taxes		2,488,901		2,398,806		2,441,650		2,496,561
Licenses and permits		1,165,064		1,130,182		902,297		973,488
Intergovernmental revenues		2,294,018		1,991,435		1,740,485		1,684,464
* Charges for services		800,195		669,600		588 <i>,</i> 895		650,587
* Non-ad valorem assessments		3,630,261		3,387,690		3,252,409		3,196,902
Fines and forfeitures		352,492		312,525		222,680		149,795
Investment income (loss)		(27,041)		38 <i>,</i> 745		233,059		256,726
Miscellaneous		407,052		5,257,118		445,476		719,396
Total revenues		23,010,875		26,511,997	·	20,739,203		19,739,023
Expenditures:								
General government		2,321,550		1,922,880		1,804,286		1,826,188
Public safety		12,176,145		11,927,065		11,089,766		10,850,196
Physical environment		5,348,412		4,087,447		4,467,245		3,889,144
Transportation		52,242		54,500		43,476		50,423
Culture/recreation		1,349,636		1,266,237		1,163,157		1,268,181
Capital outlay		6,668,188		10,030,459		1,178,665		548,947
Debt service:		0,000,100		10,030,433		1,170,003		340,347
Principal		941,317		863,761		710,547		621,346
Interest and other		672,095		693,702		903,691		270,843
		,		•	ļ	· · ·		,
Total expenditures		29,529,585		30,846,051		21,360,833		19,325,268
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	i	(6,518,710)		(4,334,054)		(621,630)		413,755
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of bond		_		_		_		16,500,000
Premium of bond		_		_		_		1,219,631
Issuance of leases		_		334,707		_		216,000
Proceeds from sale of				334,707				210,000
capital assets		41,544		_		_		_
Transfers in		296,061		868,774		271,150		2,083,824
Transfers out		(296,061)		(868,774)		(271,150)		(2,083,824)
Transfers out		(250,001)		(000,774)		(271,130)		(2,003,024)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		41,544		334,707		-		17,935,631
	·				,		•	
Net change in	,	/a	.1	(0.005.5)	_	100	_	
fund balances	\$	(6,477,166)	\$	(3,999,347)	\$	(621,630)	\$	18,349,386
Debt service as a % of noncapital								
expenditures		7.0%		7.5%		8.0%		4.8%
5p 5.101001 00		7.070		,.570		0.070		1.070

^{*} Beginning in FY17, solid waste fees for the garbage and trash fund were designated as non-ad valorem assessments.

					Fisc	al Y					
_	2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014		2013
\$	8,147,243 869,133	\$	7,652,001	\$	7,270,669 847,516	\$	6,928,063 874,245	\$	6,583,961	\$	6,393,001
	2,448,572		867,349 2,397,754		2,360,010		2,353,013		862,847 2,260,186		864,519 2,239,104
	1,093,785		953,071		1,083,509		913,141		707,214		605,477
	1,496,896		1,431,410		1,348,559		1,333,079		1,278,800		1,432,563
	614,961		565,855		2,423,630		2,368,838		2,250,635		2,412,786
	2,758,864		2,549,895		885,813		883,227		883,144		841,554
	203,342		582,221		402,299		188,214		304,337		133,114
	104,127		91,912		65,359		74,328		41,337		33,226
_	492,786		586,528	_	566,985	_	2,946,439	_	419,966	_	518,735
_	18,229,709		17,677,996	_	17,254,349	_	18,862,587	-	15,592,427	_	15,474,079
	1,763,537		1,735,223		1,651,595		1,542,644		1,433,511		1,345,069
	10,350,349		10,355,168		9,650,329		9,320,877		8,901,379		8,782,071
	3,832,573		4,176,377		3,887,800		3,406,984		3,417,866		3,712,686
	48,582		44,246		42,655		43,471		46,027		44,579
	1,175,293		1,155,759		1,099,429		1,120,957		986,683 686,317		1,000,339
	2,644,692		449,298		1,680,540		1,737,933		000,317		397,492
	593,693		503,408		484,229		476,214		525,369		499,021
_	50,356		51,996	_	61,343	_	66,747	-	72,506	_	78,296
_	20,459,075		18,471,475	_	18,557,920	_	17,715,827	-	16,069,658	_	15,859,553
_	(2,229,366)		(793,479)	_	(1,303,571)	_	1,146,760	_	(477,231)	_	(385,474)
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		-		-		-		-		_
	119,509		420,000		98,000		197,678		470,192		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	270,405		762,328		313,784		336,889		273,000		235,511
-	(270,405)		(762,328)	-	(313,784)	-	(336,889)	-	(273,000)	-	(235,511)
	119,509		420,000		98,000		197,678		470,192		-
_		•						-		_	
\$_	(2,109,857)	\$	(373,479)	\$_	(1,205,571)	\$_	1,344,438	\$	(7,039)	\$_	(385,474)
	3.6%		3.1%		3.2%		3.4%		3.9%		3.7%

		Persona
Commercial	Other	Propert
4.42.402	24.000	24

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal Property
2013	2012	1,994,093	143,483	24,009	21,967
2014	2013	2,109,780	140,854	28,578	24,317
2015	2014	2,370,635	140,326	29,413	25,995
2016	2015	2,630,639	141,754	30,113	26,671
2017	2016	2,780,511	155,879	30,118	27,196
2018	2017	2,973,368	167,257	30,789	28,922
2019	2018	3,142,114	179,631	30,796	27,712
2020	2019	3,192,936	187,419	30,390	26,928
2021	2020	3,298,145	196,025	31,928	26,932
2022	2021	3,463,656	199,891	34,791	27,025

Real Property

Note: Other includes institutional, government, and miscellaneous property uses.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Less: Exe	mptions	Total		Estimated	Net Assessed Value as a	
Real Property	Personal Property	Taxable Assessed Value	City Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value	
472,386	3,996	1,707,170	3.8691	2,183,551	78.18%	
523,322	3,946	1,776,261	3.8307	2,303,550	77.11%	
679,481	4,978	1,881,910	3.8175	2,566,369	73.33%	
844,533	4,979	1,979,665	3.8028	2,829,177	69.97%	
896,758	5,305	2,091,641	3.7892	2,993,718	69.87%	
950,577	5,350	2,244,409	3.7803	3,200,337	70.13%	
980,003	5,170	2,395,080	3.7623	3,380,254	70.86%	
940,999	4,955	2,491,719	4.1713	3,437,673	72.48%	
938,265	5,979	2,608,786	4.1439	3,552,121	73.44%	
976,598	4,099	2,744,666	4.1105	3,725,366	73.68%	

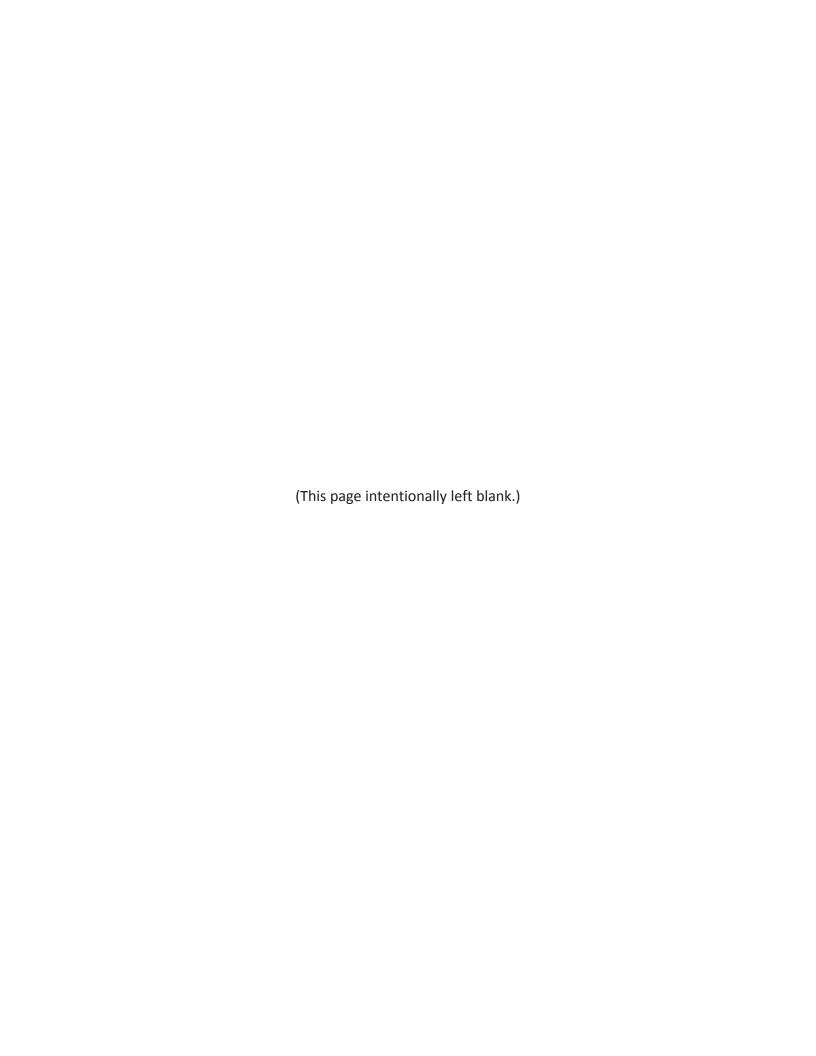
	City o	f Lighthouse F	Point	Br	у	School Board	
Fiscal Year/ Tax Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage
2013/12	3.5893	0.2798	3.8691	5.2576	0.2954	5.5530	7.4560
2014/13	3.5893	0.2414	3.8307	5.4400	0.2830	5.7230	7.4800
2015/14	3.5893	0.2282	3.8175	5.4584	0.2646	5.7230	7.4380
2016/15	3.5893	0.2135	3.8028	5.4741	0.2489	5.7230	7.2030
2017/16	3.5893	0.1999	3.7892	5.4474	0.2216	5.6690	6.8360
2018/17	3.5893	0.1910	3.7803	5.4623	0.2067	5.6690	6.4740
2019/18	3.5893	0.1730	3.7623	5.4792	0.1898	5.6690	6.2750
2020/19	3.5893	0.5820	4.1713	5.4878	0.1812	5.6690	6.6350
2021/20	3.5893	0.5546	4.1439	5.4999	0.1691	5.6690	6.4140
2022/21	3.5893	0.5212	4.1105	5.5134	0.1556	5.6690	6.3180

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

School	Board						
Debt Service Millage	Total School Board Millage	Child Services Council	South Florida Water Management District	Florida Inland Navigation District	North Broward Hospital District	Hillsboro Inlet District	Total Direct and Overlapping Rate
-	7.4560	0.4902	0.4289	0.0345	1.8564	0.0860	19.7741
-	7.4800	0.4882	0.4110	0.0345	1.7554	0.0860	19.8088
-	7.4380	0.4882	0.3842	0.0345	1.5939	0.0860	19.5653
0.0710	7.2740	0.4882	0.3551	0.0320	1.4425	0.0860	19.2036
0.0703	6.9063	0.4882	0.3307	0.0320	1.3462	0.0860	18.6476
0.0654	6.5394	0.4882	0.3100	0.0320	1.2483	0.0860	18.1532
0.1279	6.4029	0.4882	0.2936	0.0320	1.0855	0.0860	17.8195
0.1043	6.7393	0.4882	0.2795	0.0320	1.0324	0.0985	18.5102
0.0912	6.5052	0.4882	0.2675	0.0320	1.1469	0.0985	18.3512
0.1441	6.4621	0.4699	0.2572	0.0320	1.2770	0.0995	18.3772

		Fiscal	Year 202	22	Fis	13	
Taxpayer	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Brixmore Venetian Isle LLC	\$	\$ 28,928,630	1	1.05%	\$ -	-	-
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club Investments LLC		14,784,740	2	0.54%	-	-	-
Florida Power & Light Co		11,934,396	3	0.43%	5,851,077	6	0.34%
Beacon Light Partners LTD		10,697,080	4	0.39%	9,974,230	2	0.58%
Acheson, James C & Suzanne J		9,238,130	5	0.34%	8,001,480	4	0.47%
Lighthouse Point FL LLC		8,158,560	6	0.30%	-	-	-
Lighthouse Point Auto Investors I Inc		6,915,270	7	0.25%	-	-	-
Wye, Jane & Thomas Wye Family Rev Tr		6,514,380	8	0.24%	-	-	-
Lighthouse Point Newport Property LLC		6,336,000	9	0.23%	-	-	-
Jenkins, David G		5,760,000	10	0.21%	-	-	-
Centro Heritage Venetian Isle		-	-	-	18,536,180	1	1.09%
Lighthouse Point at Vintage LLC		-	-	-	8,992,320	3	0.53%
Silver Seas Hotel, Inc.		-	-	-	6,407,270	5	0.38%
RHPH LLC		-	-	-	5,539,510	7	0.32%
J.H. and T. M. Verillo		-	-	-	5,270,260	8	0.31%
Grove Gateway LLC		-	-	-	5,023,380	9	0.29%
Foxman, Leonard A TRSTEE		 -	-		4,891,630	10	0.29%
Total	\$	 109,267,186		3.98%	\$ 78,487,337		4.60%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector



		Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year						
Fiscal Year	- -	Gross Levy	_	Discount	_	Net Levy		
2013	\$	6,610,703	\$	283,841	\$	6,326,862		
2014	\$	6,812,658	\$	340,039	\$	6,472,619		
2015	\$	7,195,575	\$	358,575	\$	6,837,000		
2016	\$	7,535,473	\$	372,364	\$	7,163,109		
2017	\$	7,930,348	\$	359,908	\$	7,570,440		
2018	\$	8,495,187	\$	372,468	\$	8,122,719		
2019	\$	9,023,277	\$	395,808	\$	8,627,469		
2020	\$	10,399,161	\$	468,461	\$	9,930,700		
2021	\$	10,814,506	\$	422,289	\$	10,392,217		
2022	\$	11,303,710	\$	455,699	\$	10,848,011		

Notes: Florida Statutes provide for up to a 4% discount for timely payment of property taxes.

Collections in subsequent years include prior year's collections, corrections, and penalties.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Table 8

	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections In		_	Total Collect	ollections to Date	
_	Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy	_	Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy	
\$	6,228,508	94.22%	\$	162,200	\$	6,390,708	96.67%	
\$	6,421,761	94.26%	\$	159,268	\$	6,581,029	96.60%	
\$	6,768,795	94.07%	\$	170,320	\$	6,939,115	96.44%	
\$	7,100,350	94.23%	\$	188,367	\$	7,288,717	96.73%	
\$	7,463,634	94.11%	\$	141,396	\$	7,605,030	95.90%	
\$	8,005,847	94.24%	\$	197,059	\$	8,202,906	96.56%	
\$	8,514,726	94.36%	\$	21,603	\$	8,536,329	94.60%	
\$	10,006,267	96.22%	\$	9,445	\$	10,015,712	96.31%	
\$	10,401,949	96.19%	\$	474	\$	10,402,423	96.19%	
\$	10,855,822	96.04%	\$	-	\$	10,855,822	96.04%	

	_	Gove	rnmental Act	ivities	_						
Fiscal Yea	ar _	General Obligation Bonds	Leases	Notes Payable		Total Primary Government	_	Per Capita Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	<u> </u>	er Capita
2013	\$	-	\$ 166,208	\$ 3,347,222	\$	3,513,430	\$	43,792	0.77%	\$	338
2014	\$	-	\$ 454,476	\$ 3,003,777	\$	3,458,253	\$	43,283	0.77%	\$	333
2015	\$	-	\$ 526,137	\$ 2,653,532	\$	3,179,669	\$	44,909	0.68%	\$	307
2016	\$	-	\$ 496,857	\$ 2,296,583	\$	2,793,440	\$	46,906	0.57%	\$	266
2017	\$	-	\$ 777,537	\$ 1,932,495	\$	2,710,032	\$	48,680	0.53%	\$	257
2018	\$	-	\$ 674,805	\$ 1,561,043	\$	2,235,848	\$	50,269	0.42%	\$	212
2019	\$*	17,719,631	\$ 648,266	\$ 1,182,236	\$	19,550,133	\$	52,308	3.53%	\$	1,847
2020	\$*	17,567,575	\$ 434,948	\$ 795,007	\$	18,797,530	\$	55,908	3.20%	\$	1,788
2021	\$*	17,220,519	\$ 604,906	\$ 400,995	\$	18,226,420	\$	64,453	2.71%	\$	1,746
2022	\$ *	16,858,462	\$ 384,584	\$ -	\$	17,243,046	\$	N/A	N/A	\$	N/A

Sources: Per capita personal income provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce (http://www.bea.gov).

Notes: Per capita personal income is representative of Miami/Ft. Lauderdale/ Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

^{*} Includes bond premium for the General Obligations Bonds, Series 2019.

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	_	Taxable Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	_	Per Capita
2013	\$ -	\$	1,707,169,924	0.00%	\$	-
2014	\$ -	\$	1,776,261,097	0.00%	\$	-
2015	\$ -	\$	1,881,909,580	0.00%	\$	-
2016	\$ -	\$	1,979,665,674	0.00%	\$	-
2017	\$ -	\$	2,091,641,994	0.00%	\$	-
2018	\$ -	\$	2,244,395,332	0.00%	\$	-
2019	\$ 17,719,631	\$	2,395,081,376	0.74%	\$	1,674
2020	\$ 17,567,575	\$	2,491,718,885	0.71%	\$	1,671
2021	\$ 17,220,519	\$	2,608,786,893	0.66%	\$	1,650
2022	\$ 16,858,462	\$	2,744,666,119	0.61%	\$	1,615

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser's Office

Jurisdiction	 Net Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Broward County School Board of Broward County	\$ 68,790,000 758,375,000	1.24% 1.16%	\$ 852,309 8,781,567
Subtotal, overlapping debt			9,633,875
City direct debt			17,243,046
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 26,876,921

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: The estimated percentage applicable is derived using taxable value data provided by

the Broward County Property Appraiser, Form DR-403. That percentage is multiplied

by the total County debt outstanding.

The School Board of Broward County debt outstanding is as of June 30, 2022.

The City Charter does not establish a legal debt margin nor does the Florida Statutes impose a limit.

The City Charter does not set a debt margin.

The City does not have any pledged revenue.

Calendar		School	Unemployment	Personal Incom	e	
Year	Population	Enrollment	Rate	Total	_	Per Capita
2013	10,401	260,796	8.4%	\$ 80,525,783	\$	43,792
2014	10,374	262,563	6.4%	\$ 80,905,552	\$	43,283
2015	10,358	265,401	5.6%	\$ 85,167,498	\$	44,909
2016	10,506	268,836	5.0%	\$ 89,572,271	\$	46,906
2017	10,526	271,105	4.6%	\$ 94,239,400	\$	48,680
2018	10,560	271,517	3.9%	\$ 98,087,689	\$	50,269
2019	10,587	270,550	3.3%	\$ 102,145,579	\$	52,308
2020	10,536	267,970	7.1%	\$ 109,473,926	\$	55,908
2021	10,486	260,715	5.9%	\$ 124,458,321	\$	64,453
2022	10,514	256,021	2.9%	\$ N/A	\$	N/A

Sources:

School enrollment data provided by the School Board of Broward County.

Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Personal income data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

Notes:

School Enrollment data is County-wide.

Unemployment rates are representative of Miami / Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

Per capita personal income is representative of Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach / Deerfield Beach metropolitan area.

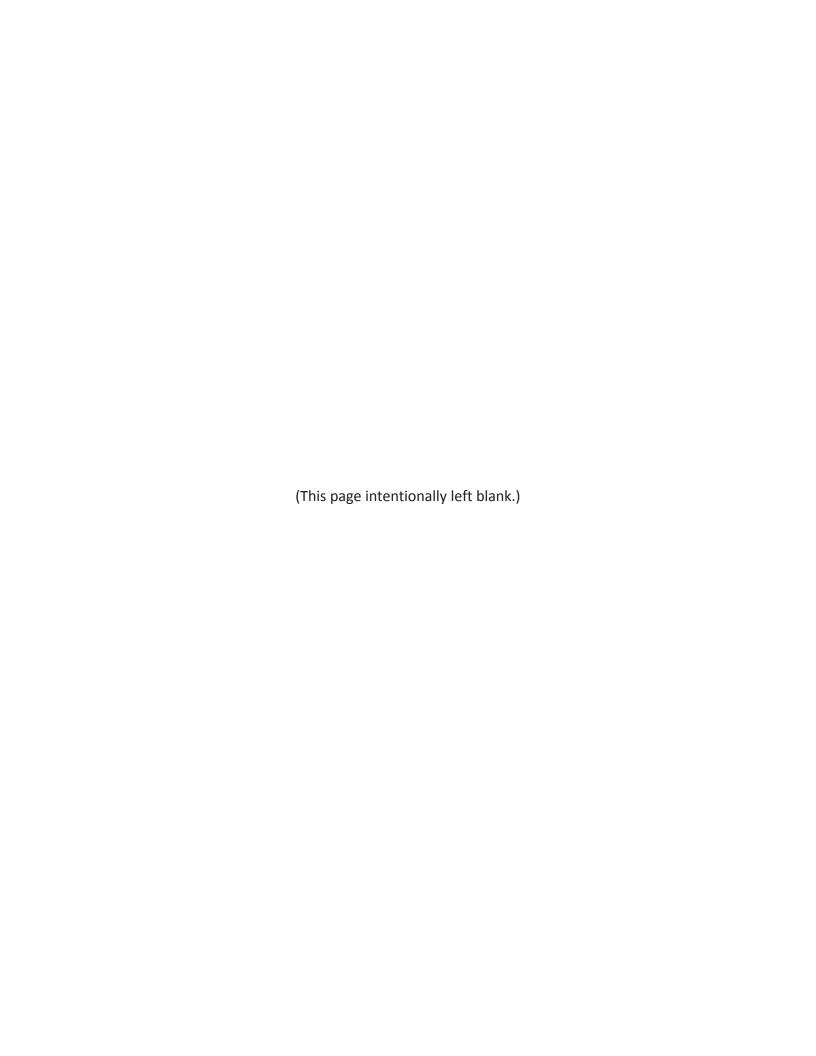
		Fis)22	Fise	cal Year 2		
				Total			Total
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	City	Employees	Rank	City
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	193	1	0.021%	275	1	0.027%
City of Lighthouse Point	Municipality	113	2	0.012%	103	2	0.010%
Hendrick Honda	Automotive	103	3	0.011%	99	3	0.010%
Sheehan Buick GMC, Inc.	Automotive	100	4	0.011%	*	*	*
Bonefish Mac's Sports Grille	Restaurant	100	4	0.011%	85	4	0.008%
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club	Restaurant	85	5	0.009%	84	5	0.008%
McDonald's	Restaurant	48	6	0.005%	*	*	*
Wash Depot I, Inc.	Automotive	38	7	0.004%	*	*	*
Bateman Gordon & Sands	Insurance	37	8	0.004%	*	*	*
Trinity Learning Center	Daycare/Nursery	29	9	0.003%	*	*	*
CVS	Retail	28	10	0.003%	*	*	*
The Nauti Dawg Marina Café	Restaurant	-	-	0.000%	48	6	0.005%
Total		874		0.093%	694		0.068%

Source: Individual businesses upon payment of annual business tax.

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for the current year and nine years ago. However, information prior to FY 2014 is not available as this was the first year businesses provided this information.

^{*} Data not available prior to FY 2014 as this was the first year businesses have provided this information.



Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government:				
Finance and administration	6.00	5.63	5.00	5.00
Subtotal	6.00	5.63	5.00	5.00
Public safety:				
Police	42.52	42.52	41.52	42.05
Fire	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
Building	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Code enforcement	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
Subtotal	74.97	74.97	74.97	75.50
Public works	13.00	13.00	12.63	12.00
Transportation	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.82
Culture/recreation:				
Library	4.63	4.63	4.73	4.60
Recreation	8.66	8.66	8.21	8.38
Subtotal	13.29	13.29	12.94	12.98
Total authorized employees	108.11	107.74	106.39	106.30

Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

Note: All employee counts are reported as Full-Time Equivalents (FTE).

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
42.05 27.00 3.00 3.00	42.03 27.00 3.50 3.00	43.00 27.00 3.50 3.00	43.00 27.00 3.00 3.00	42.50 27.00 3.00 3.00	42.50 27.00 2.00 3.00
75.05	75.53	76.50	76.00	75.50	74.50
12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
4.10 8.00	4.10 7.60	3.90 7.68	3.90 6.04	3.90 6.04	3.45 6.04
12.10	11.70	11.58	9.94	9.94	9.49
104.97	105.05	105.96	103.82	103.32	101.87

Function/Program	_	2022	2021	2020	2019
General government:					
Square miles		2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
Elections:		2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43
Registered voters		8,465	8,635	8,610	8,277
Votes cast in last election		2,281	N/A	2,633	3,463
Lien searches processed		584	689	556	443
Business licenses issued		309	399	419	424
Ordinances prepared and					
adopted		9	3	4	8
Resolutions prepared and		_	_		-
adopted		53	56	47	63
Commission minutes prepared					
adopted		27	23	24	26
Agenda packets prepared		27	23	24	26
Public safety:					
Police: Stations		4	4	4	4
		1	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		33	34	34	34
Calls-for-service handled		8,960	9,144	10,505	11,549
Traffic accidents handled		385	361	357	457
Traffic citations/warnings issued		26	4.066	2 220	2 42 4
Fire:		2,097	1,966	2,330	3,424
Stations		4	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26
Incidents responded to					
Building:		1,919	1,767	1,711	1,510
Permits issued		3,336	3,180	2,736	2,974
Value of construction	\$	53,527,261 \$			-
value of construction	۲	33,327,201 Ç	36,323,363	34,343,003	37,838,430
Physical environment:					
Miles of streets		41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Miles of waterways		18	18.00	18.00	18.00
Culture/recreation:					
Library:					
Books in collection		35,123	34,745	35,392	42,963
Circulation		24,836	19,588	22,422	39,765
Volunteer hours		1,707	135	2,914	8,151
Recreation:		1,707	155	2,914	0,131
Facilities					
Al Fletcher Park acreage		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Dan Witt Park acreage		6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
DeGroff Park acreage		4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
Exchange Club park acreage		14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
Frank McDonough Park acreage		6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Tennis Center		1	1	1	1
		-	т.	1	_

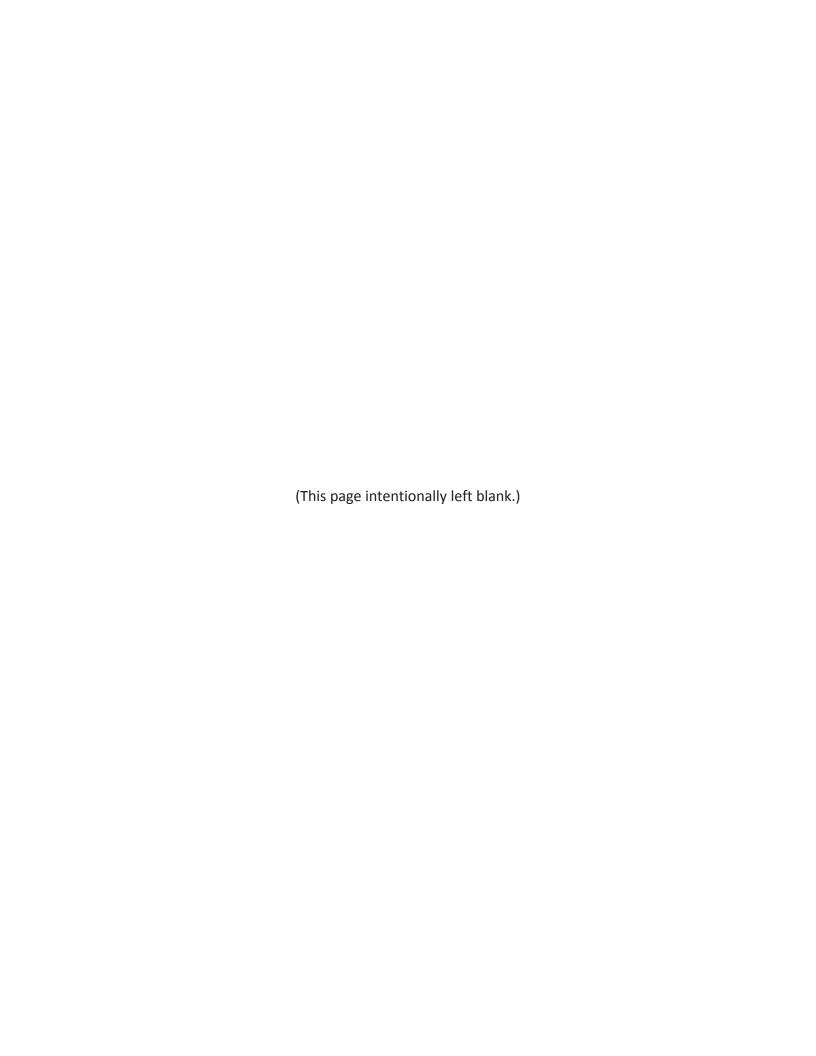
Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
	6,855 -	8,379 2,235	8,640	7,827 1,722	7,848 1,885	7,894 2,639
	478	530	506	525	461	459
	480	494	449	415	446	460
	16	9	16	10	15	3
	65	60	64	57	47	51
	30	19	21	29	29	25
	25	17	19	26	24	20
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	34	34	34	34	34	34
	10,380	10,615	10,724	10,940	8,992	8,516
	427	455	451	400	360	347
	2,354	2,231	3,070	3,462	1,973	2,366
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	26	26	26	26	26	26
	1,460	1,704	1,397	1,444	1,332	1,235
\$	3,149	3,070	3,297	2,863	2,702	2,634
	50,925,434	\$ 41,555,309	\$ 42,754,614	\$ 33,659,276	\$ 20,268,696	\$ 26,680,297
	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
	40,688	42,593	41,761	41,841	41,000	38,323
	41,117	41,272	39,482	40,377	40,000	42,673
	8,498	9,447	10,000	10,400	10,500	10,200
	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities:				
General government				
Miles of streets	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Square feet of buildings	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
Public safety:				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of fire stations	1	1	1	1
Culture/Recreation:				
Libraries	1	1	1	1
Acres of parks	31	31	31	31
Number of parks	5	5	5	5

Source: City Departments

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
31	31	31	31	31	31
5	5	5	5	5	5



COMPLIANCE SECTION Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditor's Report to City Management

Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



BEST PLACES TO WORK

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 23, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida was established in 1957 under the provision of Chapter 57-1534 of the laws of the State of Florida. The City does not have any component units.



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Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a and 10.556(7)., Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have examined the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the City Commission, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2023

