

# CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

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**Principal City Officials** 

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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

# City of Frostproof, Florida LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICALS

**September 30, 2022** 

### **City Council**

**Mayor** 

Jonathan Albert

### **Council Members**

Austin Gravely Leslie Brewer Mike Hutto Tashana True

<u>City Manager</u> <u>City Attorney</u> <u>City Clerk</u>

Nicole McDowell Chuck Galloway Nicole McDowell

<u>City Planner</u> <u>Finance Director</u> <u>Library Director</u>

Jennifer Codo-Salisbury Melissa Anderson Melissa D. Hadden

<u>Fire Chief</u> <u>Building Official</u> <u>Utility Manager</u>

Jerry Riner Robert Lane Savannah Padgett

Public Service Director

Josh Turner



# **FINANCIAL SECTION**

# **PURVIS GRAY**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Frostproof, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Commission
City of Frostproof
Frostproof, Florida

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the required supplementary information) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion, or provide any assurance, on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 13, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 13, 2023 Sarasota, Florida

Purvis Gray

### **CITY OF FROSTPROOF**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2022

As management of the City of Frostproof, Florida (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,166,445 (net position) compared to \$17,737,551 in the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,607,058 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors compared to \$2,107,613 in the prior year.
- The City-wide change in net position was an increase of \$423,339 compared to a decrease of \$257,178 in the prior year.
- The City's governmental activities reported ending net position of \$8,177,931 an increase of \$734,301 or 10% over the prior year. The change in net position included a restatement to remove revenue reported in 2021 that should have been reported in 2022 and the amount of the restatement was \$56,160.
- The City's business-type activities reporting ending net position of \$9,988,514 a decrease of \$305,407 or 3% over the prior year. This change in net position included a restatement to report an estimate of unbilled utility service fees that had been earned yet were unbilled on September 30, 2021 in the amount of \$61,715 resulting in a positive restatement of beginning net position.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements consist of two financial statements that address the financial position and result of operations of the City taken as a whole. These two financial statements are the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is like the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are recorded regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the residual measure reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents total revenues and total expenses of the City with the difference between the two equaling the increase or decrease in net position during the year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements** (cont...)

The information in each of these two statements presents the activity of the City as governmental activities or business-type activities.

- **Governmental activities** This category of the government-wide financial statements represents those activities provided by the City, not financed by the imposition of a user fee assessed directly and exclusively against the users of those activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation (streets), culture (library, City Hall auditorium, etc.), and community affairs (recreations and parks).
- **Business-type activities** This category of the government-wide financial statements include those activities which the City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of the services the City provides. The business-type activities of the City consist of water, wastewater treatment, sanitation and stormwater services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds:

### **Fund financial statements**

This is the second section of the basic financial statements. These statements present information that centers on individual funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that provides control over the resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The reason for this different accounting approach is that the activities in these funds are not financed from a direct user fee. As a result, there is no emphasis placed on measuring annual net profit or loss resulting from these operations. Instead, the accounting for these funds focuses on whether there will be enough cash flow available in a given year to finance the costs of providing services. The emphasis is more focused on activities occurring within a one-year budget period rather than the long-term.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

### Overview of the Financial Statements (cont...)

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains two major governmental funds, the general fund and the American Rescue Plan Grant special revenue fund. The general fund accounts for the activities of a variety of different programs that are not financed from direct user charges. This American Rescue Plan Grant special revenue fund was established to account for the collection and expenditure of the Coronavirus State and Local Recovery funds, a part of the American Rescue Plan Act. As major funds, the general fund and the American Rescue Plan Grant special revenue funds are accounted for as a separate column on the governmental fund financial statements. All of the other governmental funds of the City are reported collectively as non-major governmental funds and consolidated into a single column of information titled "other governmental funds". This column represents the activity of the City's special revenue funds, which are segregated from the general fund due to legal requirements, regulatory provisions or administrative action.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule is provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements immediately follow the government-wide financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund is outside the basic financial statements in a section of this report titled "required supplementary information".

**Proprietary funds** - Proprietary funds are those funds classified as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basis of accounting used within these statements is the same full accrual method used in the private sector, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods and services are financed primarily through user charges. There is no difference between the basis of accounting used in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund financial statements.

The City has one proprietary fund, the enterprise fund. This fund appears in the only column in the proprietary funds financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government—wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. While these funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City reports two pension trust funds that are used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the general employees' pension trust fund and the police officers' pension trust fund. Additionally, the City reports a custodial fund to account for certain fees collected on behalf of other governments.

### September 30, 2022

### **Overview of the Financial Statements** (cont...)

**Notes to the financial statements** - The notes to the financial statements comprise the third section of the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information** - In addition to the three components included in the basic financial statements, this annual financial report also includes supplementary information described as follows:

Required supplementary information — This section of the report includes the following additional information: 1) schedules that compare the annual operating budgets adopted by the City for the major governmental funds to the actual revenues and expenditures reported for the year; and 2) trend information regarding the performance of the City's pension trust funds.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The following is a summary of the information presented in the **Statement of Net Position** as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

# Statement of Net Position (Summary) as of September 30,

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Total Primary	Government
	2022	2021	2022	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 5,309,921	\$ 3,244,513	\$ 1,427,877	\$ 1,045,824	\$ 6,737,798	\$ 4,290,337
Capital assets	5,066,945	4,836,748	11,088,739	11,941,372	16,155,684	16,778,120
Total assets	10,376,866	8,081,261	12,516,616	12,987,196	22,893,482	21,068,457
Deferred outflows	308,938	413,702	171,323	86,464	480,261	500,166
Current liabilities	1,510,023	176,661	274,021	168,894	1,784,044	345,555
Non-current liabilities	394,040	594,406	2,136,325	2,390,342	2,530,365	2,984,748
<b>Total liabilities</b>	1,904,063	771,067	2,410,346	2,559,236	4,314,409	3,330,303
Deferred inflows	603,810	280,266	289,079	220,503	892,889	500,769
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	5,048,187	4,836,748	8,974,079	9,570,374	14,022,266	14,407,122
Restricted	1,248,906	932,440	288,215	290,376	1,537,121	1,222,816
Unrestricted	1,880,838	1,674,442	726,220	433,171	2,607,058	2,107,613
Total net position	\$ 8,177,931	\$ 7,443,630	\$ 9,988,514	\$ 10,293,921	\$ 18,166,445	\$ 17,737,551

### **CITY OF FROSTPROOF**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2022

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont...)**

Net position – Investment in Capital Assets – The largest portion of the City's net position, (77%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, sewer and water system, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

**Net position – Restricted** – Restricted net position, representing 8% of the City's total net position, are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

**Net position – Unrestricted** - Unrestricted net position comprises 15% of total net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

On September 30, 2021 and 2022, the City reports positive balances in all three categories of net position for the City as a whole.

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### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont...)**

The following is a summary of the information presented in the **Statement of Activities** as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

# Statement of Activities (Summary) For the year ended September 30,

_	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	<b>Total Primary Government</b>		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 570,209	\$ 595,106	\$ 2,203,003	\$ 1,999,978	\$ 2,773,212	\$ 2,595,084	
Operating grants/contrib.	377,696	359,482	-	-	377,696	359,482	
Capital grants/contrib.	562,608	145,141	202,225	78,320	764,833	223,461	
General revenues:							
Taxes	1,785,881	1,712,923	-	-	1,785,881	1,712,923	
Intergovernmental	484,424	402,076	-	-	484,424	402,076	
Other	56,590	20,092	4,722	752	61,312	20,844	
Total revenues	3,837,408	3,234,820	2,409,950	2,079,050	6,247,358	5,313,870	
Expenses:							
General government	593,237	658,280	-	=	593,237	658,280	
Law enforcement	1,228,065	829,948	-	=	1,228,065	829,948	
Fire control	244,418	208,113	-	-	244,418	208,113	
<b>Building enforcement</b>	38,482	71,140	-	-	38,482	71,140	
Transportation	398,238	447,741	-	-	398,238	447,741	
Culture	214,568	244,743	-	-	214,568	244,743	
Community affairs	285,448	344,294	-	-	285,448	344,294	
Interest	298	-	-	-	298	-	
Water and wastewater	-	-	2,169,104	2,133,617	2,169,104	2,133,617	
Sanitation	-	-	498,347	506,325	498,347	506,325	
Stormwater	<u> </u>		153,814	126,847	153,814	126,847	
Total expenses	3,002,754	2,804,259	2,821,265	2,766,789	5,824,019	5,571,048	
Transfers in (out)	(44,193)	<u> </u>	44,193	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	=	
Change in Net Position	790,461	430,561	(367,122)	(687,739)	423,339	(257,178)	
Net position - Beginning	7,443,630	7,013,069	10,293,921	10,981,660	17,737,551	17,994,729	
Restatement	(56,160)		61,715		5,555	=	
Net position - Ending	\$ 8,177,931	\$ 7,443,630	\$ 9,988,514	\$ 10,293,921	\$ 18,166,445	\$ 17,737,551	

**Governmental activities** – Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$790,461 as a result of operations compared to an increase of \$430,561 for the prior year. The main reasons for the current year changes are as follows:

- Total revenue increased by \$602,588 or 19% and total expenses increased by \$198,495 or 7%.
- General revenue increased \$191,804 or 9% mainly due to increased taxes of \$72,958, increased intergovernmental revenue of \$82,348 and increase other general revenue of \$36,498.
- Program revenues increased by \$410,784 or 37% mainly due to increased capital grants and contributions driven by increased grant revenue of \$336,447 and increased impact fees of \$60,202.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis** (cont...)

- Total expenses increased by \$198,494 or 7% mainly due to a \$398,117 increase in law enforcement expenses due to reporting a negative pension expense of approximately \$53,000 in 2021 and reporting a positive expense of approximately \$334,753 in 2022. This was due to the police officers' pension trust fund decreasing the long-term expected rate of return, and thus decreasing the actuarial discount rate, from 7.0% to 6.5%. The increase in law enforcement pension expense was partially offset by a decrease in the general employees' pension expense in the governmental activities of \$271,375 caused mainly by a 2021 increase in benefit terms which were recognized fully in 2021. The benefit change was an increase to the benefit multiplier from 1.5% to 2.5%.
- The remainder of the governmental activities' expenses experienced an overall increase due to a large variety of changes across diverse expense categories throughout the functions of the governmental activities.

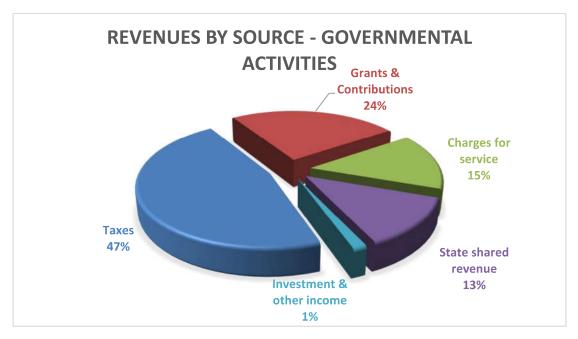
**Business-type activities** — Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$367,122 as a result of operations compared to a decrease of \$687,739 for the prior year. The main reasons for the current year changes are as follows:

- Total revenue increased by \$330,900 or 16% due to a \$203,025 (10%) increase in charges for services due to rate increases and increases in total customers and a \$123,905 (158%) increase in capital grants and contributions due to increased grant funding in 2022.
- Total expenses increased by \$54,476 or 2% mainly driven by water and wastewater expenses that increased by \$35,487 (2%) due to a \$238,489 loss on disposal of capital assets related previously capitalized construction in progress for projects that were no longer viable and had been abandoned and therefore the accumulated cost was written off as a 2022 expense. This loss on disposal of capital assets along, with increases in several other expense categories, was partially offset by decreased personnel costs of approximately \$230,000.

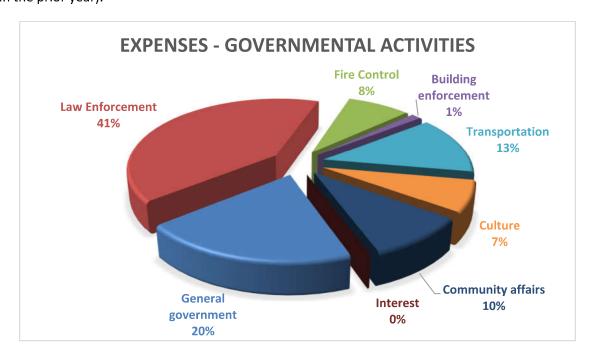
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### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont...)**

The following pie chart illustrates revenues of governmental activity by source for the year ended September 30, 2022. Taxes, which include property, franchise and utility taxes, comprise 47% of the revenue in the City's governmental activities (53% in the prior year). Taxes increased \$72,958 (4%) from the prior year.

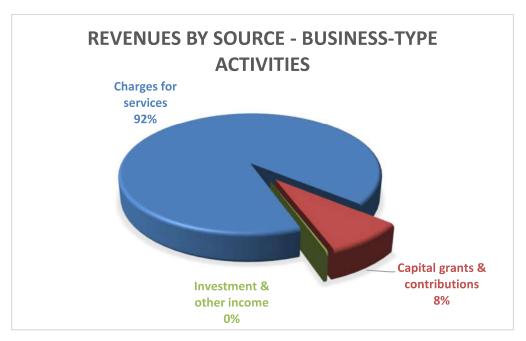


The following pie chart illustrates expenses of governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022. Law enforcement is the largest expense and comprises 41% of the expenses in the City's governmental activities (30 % in the prior year).

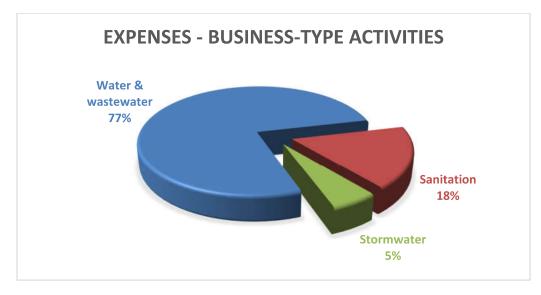


### **Government-wide Financial Analysis** (concluded)

The following pie chart illustrates revenues of business-type activities by source for the year ended September 30, 2022. Charges for services comprise 92% of the revenues in the City's business-type activities (96% in the prior year). Charges for services increased by \$203,025 (10%) from the prior year.



The following pie chart illustrates expenses of business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022. The water and wastewater system accounts for 77% of the expenses of the City's business-type activities (77% in the prior year). Water and wastewater system expenses increased by \$35,487 (2%) from the prior year.



### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Frostproof uses fund accounting to segregate the transactions of the City into specific types of operations.

**Governmental funds:** The focus of the City's governmental funds statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's general fund reported ending fund balances of \$3,667,703 an increase of \$792,674 in comparison with the prior year restated balance. Of this total, \$2,444,625 for the general fund constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is \$1,223,078 and is restricted as indicated on the governmental fund's balance sheet. Total fund balance in the prior year was \$2,931,189, of which \$1,968,375 represented unassigned fund balance.

Activity during the current fiscal year included the following key components:

- Total general fund revenues increased by \$380,177 or 12% mainly due to increased license and permit revenue of \$100,681 (71%) due to increased building related permits and fees due to increased construction activity within the City. Intergovernmental revenue also increased by \$195,623 or 27% due to increased grant funding of City projects compared to the prior year.
- Total general fund expenditures decreased by approximately \$330,668 or 11% mainly caused by decreased capital outlay expenditures of \$398,058 (54%) predominately due to the purchase of a fire truck in the prior year which totaled approximately \$475,000.

**Proprietary funds:** The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of the proprietary fund have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

**Fiduciary funds**: The City uses fiduciary funds to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity that are, therefore, not available to support City programs. General and Police Pension Trust Funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements as well as a custodial fund.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The general fund's budgetary comparison schedule is presented in this report as required supplementary information. The City revised its original budget to reflect changes in expenditures and revenues.

Actual budgetary inflows and other sources (transfers) on a budgetary basis were greater than budgeted resources by \$163,576 and actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$545,932 less than budgeted resulting in an overall favorable budget variance of \$709,508. The general fund budget was amended during the year to increase budgeted outflows by \$59,511. The amendments were to account for actual budgetary outflows that exceeded the City's original estimate.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital assets – The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$16,155,684 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment (purchased and leased), furnishings, water and wastewater treatment system and stormwater system. This amount represents a net decrease of \$622,436 or 4% under last year which is the result of current year depreciation expenses in excess of current year additions. Information on the City's capital assets is summarized in the following table.

### **Capital Assets Activity**

(net of accumulated depreciation) as of September 30,

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Governmen		
	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u> 2021</u>	
Land	\$ 226,886	\$ 226,886	\$ 80,318	\$ 80,318	\$ 307,204	\$ 307,204	
Buildings	1,872,011	1,931,423	-	-	1,872,011	1,931,423	
Intangible assets	-	-	105,300	105,300	105,300	105,300	
Idle assets	-	-	216,537	216,537	216,537	216,537	
Improvements other than buildings	877,976	693,812	-	-	877,976	693,812	
Machinery and equipment	1,098,430	962,641	347,645	360,973	1,446,075	1,323,614	
Infrastructure	973,083	1,021,986	-	-	973,083	1,021,986	
Right to use leased equipment	18,559	-	1,325	-	19,884	-	
Water and wastewater system	-	-	9,592,318	9,028,306	9,592,318	9,028,306	
Stormwater system	-	-	444,262	467,800	444,262	467,800	
Construction in progress		_	301,034	1,682,138	301,034	1,682,138	
Total	\$ 5,066,945	\$ 4,836,748	\$ 11,088,739	\$ 11,941,372	\$ 16,155,684	\$ 16,778,120	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in this report.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration** (concluded)

**Long-Term Debt** – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding in the amount of \$2,113,427 in bonds and loans payable. The following table provides a comparative summary of the City's outstanding debt. This amount represents a net decrease of \$257,571 or 11% under last year which is the result of current year principal payments. Information on the City's capital assets is summarized in the following table:

### **Outstanding Debt**

as of September 30,

	Governme	ental Activiti	es _	Business-type Activities				Total P Goveri	•
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue bonds payable	\$	- \$	- !	\$ 1,548,950	\$	1,702,184	\$	1,548,950	\$ 1,702,184
Loans payable		<u>-</u>		564,477		668,814	_	564,477	 668,814
Total	\$	- \$	<u>- :</u>	\$ 2,113,427	\$	2,370,998	\$	2,113,427	\$ 2,370,998

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

### **Requests for information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Frostproof, Florida, finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Manager at the Frostproof City Hall, 111 West First Street, Frostproof, Florida 33843.

	P	rimary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,412,941	\$ 528,056	\$ 2,940,997
Receivables, current:			
Customer accounts, net	-	293,952	293,952
Franchise and utility service taxes	69,098	-	69,098
Intergovernmental	65,222	144,025	209,247
Notes receivable	5,575	-	5,575
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,650,718	365,471	3,016,189
Net pension asset	106,367	96,373	202,740
Capital Assets:			
Non-depreciable	226,886	703,189	930,075
Depreciable, net	4,840,059	10,385,550	15,225,609
TOTAL ASSETS	10,376,866	12,516,616	22,893,482
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	308,938	171,323	480,261
LIABILITIES	<del>,</del>	<u> </u>	
Accounts payable	60,191	184,098	244,289
Accrued payroll	25,204	12,667	37,871
Due to other governments	4,375	-	4,375
Unearned revenue	1,420,103		1,420,103
Accrued interest payable	1,420,103	6,826	6,826
Customer deposits	150	70,430	70,580
Long-term obligations:	150	70,430	70,380
Due within one year	4,387	266,137	270,524
Due in more than one year	389,653	1,870,188	2,259,841
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,904,063	2,410,346	4,314,409
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	603,810	289,079	892,889
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,048,187	8,974,079	14,022,266
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Debt service	<del>-</del>	48,894	48,894
Cultural activities	25,828	-	25,828
Stormwater management		172,271	172,271
Capital improvement	180,709	67,050	247,759
Building code enforcement	192,395	-	192,395
Transportation expenses	778,032	_	778,032
Fire protection services	71,942	_	71,942
Unrestricted	1,880,838	726,220	2,607,058
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 8,177,931	\$ 9,988,514	\$ 18,166,445
TOTAL MET FOSITION	0,177,931	7 7,300,314	7 10,100,443

Statement of Activities

For the year ended September 30, 2022

			Program Revenues		Net (	Net (Expense) Revenue and	and
			Operating	Capital	Ch	<b>Changes in Net Position</b>	u
		Charges for	Grant and	Grant and	Governmental	<b>Business-Type</b>	
-UNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 593,237	\$ 123,876	\$ 18,000	\$ 24,161	\$ (427,200)	· \$	\$ (427,200)
Law enforcement	1,228,065	7,287	32,970	ı	(1,187,808)	1	(1,187,808)
Fire control	244,418	258,486	3,600	268,111	285,779	1	285,779
Building enforcement	38,482	128,141	•	ı	89,659	•	89,629
Transportation	398,238	34,003	179,709	147,683	(36,843)	•	(36,843)
Culture/recreation	214,568	7,541	134,764	5,133	(67,130)	•	(67,130)
Community affairs	285,448	10,875	8,653	117,520	(148,400)	•	(148,400)
Interest	298	1	1	ı	(298)	1	(298)
Total governmental activities	3,002,754	570,209	377,696	562,608	(1,492,241)	1	(1,492,241)
Business-type activities:							
Water and wastewater utility	2,169,104	1,605,555	•	195,588	•	(367,961)	(367,961)
Sanitation utility	498,347	533,196	1	1	1	34,849	34,849
Stormwater utility	153,814	64,252	1	6,637	•	(82,925)	(82,925)
Total business-type activities	2,821,265	2,203,003	'	202,225	'	(416,037)	(416,037)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 5,824,019	\$ 2,773,212	\$ 377,696	\$ 764,833	(1,492,241)	(416,037)	(1,908,278)
	<b>GENERAL REVENUES</b>	10					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxe:	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	ral purposes		999,498	1	969,498
	Franchise and	Franchise and public service taxes	Kes		786,383	1	786,383
	State shared revenue	enne			484,424	1	484,424
	Investment earnings	ings			24,723	4,722	29,445
	Other revenues				22,532	1	22,532
	Gain (loss) on dis	Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	ssets		9,335	1	9,335
• -	TRANSFERS				(44,193)	44,193	'
	Total genera	Total general revenues and transfers	ansfers		2,282,702	48,915	2,331,617
	Change in net position	sition			790,461	(367,122)	423,339
	NET POSITION, b	eginning of year	NET POSITION, beginning of year as previously reported	ırted	7,443,630	10,293,921	17,737,551
	Restatement (Note 17)	Note 17)			(56,160)	61,715	5,555
	NET POSITION, b	NET POSITION, beginning of the year as restated	ear as restated		7,387,470	10,355,636	17,743,106
	<b>NET POSITION, end</b>	nd of year			\$ 8,177,931	\$ 9,988,514	\$ 18,166,445
						II	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Grant Special Revenue Fund	Non-major Latt Maxcy Memorial Library Special Revenue Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,412,941	\$ 1,401,812	\$ 25,828	\$ 3,840,581
Receivables, current:				
Franchise and utility service taxes	69,098	-	-	69,098
Intergovernmental	65,222	-	-	65,222
Notes receivable	5,575	-	-	5 <i>,</i> 575
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,223,078			1,223,078
Total assets	\$ 3,775,914	\$ 1,401,812	\$ 25,828	\$ 5,203,554
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	60,191	-	-	60,191
Accrued wages	25,204	-	-	25,204
Due to other governments	4,375	-	-	4,375
Deposits	150	-	-	150
Unearned revenue	18,291	1,401,812		1,420,103
Total liabilities	108,211	1,401,812		1,510,023
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted for:				
Cultural activities	-	-	25,828	25,828
Building code enforcement	192,395	-	-	192,395
Capital improvements	180,709	-	-	180,709
Transportation improvements	778,032	-	-	778,032
Fire protection services	71,942	-	-	71,942
Unassigned	2,444,625			2,444,625
Total fund balances	3,667,703	<del>_</del> _	25,828	3,693,531
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,775,914	\$ 1,401,812	\$ 25,828	\$ 5,203,554

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$	,	3,693,531
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		E 066 04E
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,066,945
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not		
reported in the governmental funds.		106,367
Deferred outflows of resources represent a decrease in net position or		
fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, are not		
reported in the governmental funds.		308,938
Deferred inflows of resources represent an increase in net position or		
fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, are not		(500.040)
reported in the governmental funds.		(603,810)
Compensated absences, leases payable and net pension liabilities are not due		
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
		(20 AOE)
This is the year-end compensated absences liability.		(38,495)
This is the year-end net pension liability.		(336,787)
This is the year-end leases payable.		(18,758)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$	,	8,177,931

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the year ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Grant Special Revenue Fund	Non-major Latt Maxcy Memorial Library Special Revenue Fund	Total
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 999,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 999,498
Franchise and utility taxes	846,538	-	-	846,538
Licenses and permits	241,519	-	-	241,519
Intergovernmental revenue	931,327	231,472	-	1,162,799
Charges for services	418,163	-	-	418,163
Fines and forfeitures	18,735	-	-	18,735
Investment income	24,723	-	-	24,723
Other	109,557	<del>_</del>	15,926	125,483
Total revenues	3,590,060	231,472	15,926	3,837,458
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	534,574	-	-	534,574
Public safety	1,232,569	-	-	1,232,569
Transportation	301,926	-	-	301,926
Culture	189,556	-	-	189,556
Community affairs	206,697	-	-	206,697
Capital outlay	327,911	186,919	-	514,830
Debt service	4,513	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,513
Total expenditures	2,797,746	186,919	<del>-</del>	2,984,665
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	792,314	44,553	15,926	852,793
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	360	-	-	360
Transfers out	-	(44,553)	-	(44,553)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	792,674		15,926	808,600
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year - previously reported	2,931,189	-	9,902	2,941,091
Restatement (Note 17)	(56,160)	<u> </u>	=	(56,160)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year - restated	2,875,029		9,902	2,884,931
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,667,703	\$ -	\$ 25,828	\$ 3,693,531

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended September 30, 2022

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 808,600
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
	F24 0F1
This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	524,951
This is the amount of depreciation recorded in the current period.  This is the book value of dispositions recorded in the current period.	(295,307) (22,420)
This is the book value of dispositions recorded in the current period.	(22,420)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	
in the governmental funds.	
This is the change in accrued compensated absences during the year.	(1,320)
This is the principal paid on leases payable during the year.	4,215
Pension expense is reported in the statement of activities which differs from	
pension expenditures as reported in the governmental funds:	
This amount represents the change in deferred inflows related to pensions.	(323,544)
This amount represents the change in deferred outflows related to pensions.	(104,764)
This amount represents the change in the net pension asset.	(20,394)
This amount represents the change in the net pension liability.	 220,444
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 790,461

	Enterprise Fund	
ASSETS		_
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	528,056
Customer receivables, net		293,952
Intergovernmental receivables		144,025
Total current assets		966,033
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		365,471
Net pension asset		96,373
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		703,189
Depreciable, net		10,385,550
Total noncurrent assets		11,550,583
Total assets		12,516,616
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		171,323
LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable  Accrued wages  Bonds, notes and leases payable, current  Total current liabilities		184,098 12,667 266,137 462,902
Noncurrent liabilities:  Liabilities payable from restricted assets:  Customer deposits  Interest payable  Compensated absences  Bonds, notes and leases payable, noncurrent portion  Total noncurrent liabilities  Total liabilities		70,430 6,826 21,665 1,848,523 1,947,444 2,410,346
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		289,079
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for:		8,974,079
Debt service		48,894
Stormwater management		172,271
Capital improvements		67,050
Unrestricted		726,220
Total net position	\$	9,988,514

	Enterprise Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services		
Water and wastewater (pledged as security	\$	1,605,555
for revenue bonds)		
Stormwater		64,252
Assessment and franchise fees - Sanitation		533,196
Total operating revenues		2,203,003
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personnel services		504,025
Contract services		142,491
Insurance		70,908
Materials and supplies		106,637
Repair and maintenance		187,242
Sanitation fees		447,517
Utilities		102,298
Miscellaneous		29,174
Depreciation		931,841
Total operating expenses		2,522,133
OPERATING LOSS		(319,130)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
Interest expense		(60,643)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property		(238,489)
Investment revenue		4,722
Total nonoperating revenues (expense)		(294,410)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(613,540)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Grants		144,025
Impact fees		58,200
Total capital contributions		202,225
TRANSFERS		44,193
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(367,122)
NET POSITION, beginning of year - previously reported		10,293,921
Restatement (Note 17)		61,715
NET POSITION, beginning of year - restated		10,355,636
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	9,988,514

	Enterprise Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers	\$	2,151,068
Payments to suppliers		(985,934)
Payments for salaries and benefits		(531,629)
Net cash flows from operating activities		633,505
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Transfer from other funds		44,193
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		44,193
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net of related payables		(315,046)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(258,989)
Interest paid on borrowings		(61,625)
Impact fees received		58,200
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(577,460)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on invested funds		4,722
Net cash flows from investing activities		4,722
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		104,960
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		788,567
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	893,527
As shown in the Accompanying Financial Statements		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	528,056
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		365,471
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	893,527
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(319,130)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		931,841
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(58,160)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		6,225
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		100,333
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and comp absences		1,872
Increase (decrease) in pension elements		(29,476)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	633,505
Noncash financing and investing activities:  None	_	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2022

	_	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Fund	
ASSETS		Tulius	•	unu
Cash	\$	-	\$	21,053
Investments		5,532,131		-
Receivables:				
Due from other governments		31,970		-
Accrued interest and dividends		4,311		-
Prepaid items		27,050		
Total assets		5,595,462		21,053
LIABILITIES				_
Accounts payable:				
Due to broker		3,156		-
Due to other governments		<u>-</u>		21,053
Total liabilities		3,156		21,053
NET POSITION				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	5,592,306	\$	-

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the year ended September 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds		Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer:				
City	\$	87,204	\$	-
Employee		21,932		-
On-behalf payments - State of Florida		31,970		-
Fee collected on behalf of other governments				313,958
Total contributions		141,106		313,958
Investment earnings:				
Interest and dividends		87,100		-
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(1,029,213)		-
Total investment earnings		(942,113)		-
Less investment expense		39,904		<u>-</u>
Net investment earnings		(982,017)		-
Total additions		(840,911)		313,958
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		361,154		=
Refund of contributions		5,895		-
Administrative expenses		30,500		-
Remittance of fees to other governments				313,958
Total deductions		397,549		313,958
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,238,460)		-
NET POSITION, beginning of year		6,830,766		<del>-</del>
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	5,592,306	\$	

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing U.S. GAAP for state and local governments through its statements (GASBS) and Interpretations (GASBI). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Frostproof, Florida (the "City") is a political subdivision of the State of Florida created by a Home Rule Charter adopted by Ordinance 342 on May 9, 1977 and approved by referendum on May 17, 1977, under the municipal home rule powers act, Florida Statutes Chapter 166. The Charter was amended most recently by referendum on April 3, 2007. The City operates under a council-city manager form of government. These financial statements include all of the funds, organizations, agencies, and departments of the City (the "primary government") and any legally separate entities ("component units") required by U.S. GAAP to be included in the reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the City which should be reported with the City's basic financial statements are identified and described in the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A blended component unit, although legally separate, is in substance part of the City's operations and presented in the financial statements as "blended" components. Blending refers to the fact that the component unit's funds are combined with those of the primary government for financial reporting purposes.

Based on these criteria, the financial reporting entity reports two fiduciary component units which are legally separate from the City, but are so intertwined that they are, in substance the same as the City. They are reported as part of the City and blended with the fiduciary funds of the City and are listed below:

- General Employees' Pension Trust Fund established pursuant to Ordinance No. 411.
- Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund established pursuant to Chapter 185, Florida Statutes and Ordinance No. 00-O-4.

### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The required government-wide financial statements are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements.

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (cont...)

The City's fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to fund activities or obligations of the government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *Business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment, including depreciation.

The City does not allocate the interest expense of the governmental activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

**Fund Financial Statements** - The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB Cod. Sec 2200 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type but as noted above are not included in the government-wide statements.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The funds used by the City are as follows:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as public safety, public works, street construction and maintenance, culture and recreation, and general administration are provided by the general fund.
- American Rescue Plan Grant Special Revenue Fund This fund was established to account for the collection and expenditure of the Coronavirus State and Local Recovery funds, a part of the American Rescue Plan Act.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• Enterprise Fund – The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner like private business enterprises where the costs of providing services, including capital costs, are to be recovered with fees and charges for providing sanitation, potable water, stormwater management and, wastewater collection, treatment and disposal to area residents.

### September 30, 2022

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (cont...)

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

- **Special Revenue Funds** Special Revenue Funds are a type of governmental fund used to account for revenue sources that are usually restricted by law, regulation, or administrative action. The City has one non-major special revenue fund.
- **Pension Trust Funds** Pension Trust Funds are a type of fiduciary fund used to account for the activities of the general employees' pension and the police officers' pension plans, which accumulate resources for defined benefit payments to qualified employees.
- **Custodial Fund** The custodial fund is a type of fiduciary fund which is used to account for impact fees collected on behalf of Polk County, Florida (the "County"). These funds are collected on behalf of the County as new construction takes place within the City and remitted to the County monthly.

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise and public service taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Grant revenues are considered earned and are accrued simultaneously with the grant expenditure. In applying the susceptibility-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and substantially irrevocable; i.e. revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if they meet the availability criteria. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Imposed nonexchange resources (property taxes, fines) are reported as deferred inflows if received before the tax is levied or before the date when use is first permitted. Government mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions are reported as liabilities until the eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met and as deferred inflows if received before time requirements are met and all other eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (cont...)

The proprietary fund is reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Proprietary fund operating revenues generally result from producing and providing sanitation, potable water, stormwater management and, wastewater collection, treatment and disposal services to area residents. Operating expenses for these operations include all costs related to providing the service or product. These costs include billing and collection, personnel and purchased services, repairs and maintenance, depreciation, materials and supplies, and other expenses directly related to costs of services. All other revenue and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

### **CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

- Cash and Cash Equivalents For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund types, cash and equivalents includes cash on hand, bank demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money-market and savings accounts and equity in pooled cash and investments. Equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less.
- Pooled Cash and Investments The City maintains an accounting system which centralizes the investment function of all funds. Each fund's "share" of these pooled cash and investments is included in cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying balance sheets/statements of net position. Investment earnings are distributed monthly in accordance with the participating fund's relative percentage of investments.
- **Restricted Cash and Investments** Represent equity in pooled cash and investments and separately identified investments that are legally restricted to specific uses by external parties or enabling legislation. The City generally uses restricted resources first when an expenditure/expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.
- **Investments** All investments, including those of the pension trust funds, are stated at fair value, which is either a quoted price or the best available estimate.

**RECEIVABLES** – In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include grants, sales, utility and franchise taxes. Receivables for business-type activities represent grants and unpaid bills for utility services. The unbilled utility service fees represent the estimated value of service from the last billing date to year-end and totaled \$62,732 on September 30, 2022. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends. Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable where applicable. No allowance was recorded as all receivables were deemed collectible.

**INTERFUND BALANCES** – Transactions between funds that result in amounts owed are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" for current interfund loans or "advances from/to other funds" for noncurrent interfund loans. Amounts receivable from, or payable to, other funds are reflected in the account of the fund until liquidated. Any remaining balances are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances".

**INVENTORY** – Inventories of expendable supplies are recorded at year-end, if material. These inventories are reported at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. They are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are used.

**CAPITAL ASSETS** - In the government-wide financial statements capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, utility plant, infrastructure, and furniture and equipment. Governmental fund infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, streets, drainage systems and lighting system) acquired prior to October 1, 2003, have not been reported. Capital assets are defined by City policy as personal or real property or improvements with an individual cost of \$1,000 or more (\$5,000 for infrastructure assets) and an estimated useful life more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased and at acquisition value at date of gift, if donated. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs which do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense.

In the government-wide statements, capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Depreciation expense is recorded as an expense of each applicable governmental function in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation netted with capital assets in the statement of net position. Capital asset depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	15-25
Buildings	25-40
Utility system	20-50
Machinery, equipment and furniture	5-15
Vehicles	7-15
Infrastructure	25-50

**INTEREST COSTS** - Interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period is a financing activity separate from the related capital asset and interest costs incurred before the end of the construction period are recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. These interest costs are not capitalized as part of the historical cost of the capital asset.

**DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

The City has one item that qualifies for reporting as deferred outflows of resources. This item is the deferred outflows related to pensions. The deferred outflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Cod. Sec. P20 and will be recognized as either pension expense or a reduction in the net pension liability in future reporting years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has one item that qualifies for reporting as deferred inflows of resources. This item is the deferred inflows related to pensions. The deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Cod. Sec. P20 and will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Debt issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred. Bond premiums and discounts are reported, net of amortization, in the related debt balances shown in the financial statements. For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is the shorter. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements; rather the debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES** – The City personnel policy provides for the payment of accrued vacation and sick pay upon separation of its employees. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured because of employee resignations, terminations or retirements.

**INTERFUND TRANSFERS** – Permanent reallocation of resources between the funds of the City is classified as interfund transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statement presentation.

**CONNECTION FEES AND CAPACITY FEES** – Water connection fees represent reimbursement of the costs incurred to perform the connection of the respective utilities and are recorded as operating revenue when received. Capacity fees, which are not considered connection fees since they substantially exceed the cost of connection, are recorded as capital contributions when received. Prepaid impact fees received, which reserve capacity in the City's future water facilities, are reported as capital contributions when the requirements of the Developer agreements are met by the City.

**LEASES** - *Lessee*: The City is the lessee for several noncancellable leases of equipment. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: As a lessor, at the commencement of a lease the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses the stated interest rate in the lease agreement if available and if not, will attempt to calculate an interest rate implicit within the lease agreement and if that is not possible will mainly use a high-quality municipal bond rate based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices nearest to the date of lease commencement. The City reserves the right to use other discount rates if the circumstances require it.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset, receivable, liability and/or deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

#### **EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS -**

**Government-wide Statements** - The difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position This component consists of net position whose use is subject to external constraints (such as through debt covenants) by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position Consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

**Fund Statements** - The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Spendable resources are to be shown as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned as considered appropriate in the City's circumstances. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- a) Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by formal action (ordinance) of the City using its highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council takes the same highest-level action (ordinance) to remove or change the constraint.
- d) Assigned amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process. The City Council has not established a formal policy regarding authorization to assign fund balance amounts for a specific purpose.
- e) Unassigned amounts that represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The City uses restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

**USE OF ESTIMATES** – The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to government entities, requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the basic financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

#### **NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR**

Under Florida Law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, special districts and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The tax levy of the City is established by the City Council prior to October 1 of each year and the Polk County Property Appraiser incorporates the millages into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, the County, independent districts and the Polk County School Board tax requirements. State statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City's millage rate in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was 6.5530.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year and unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment as follows: 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, 1% in February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. Delinquent taxes on real and personal property bear interest of 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

#### **NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY LAW AND PRACTICE**

The City charter establishes the fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning October 1<sup>st</sup>. The departments submit to the City Manager a budget of estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year after which they City Manager subsequently submits a proposed budget of estimated expenditures and revenues to the City Council.

Upon receipt of the budget estimates, the City Council holds public hearings on the proposed budget. Information about the budget ordinance is then published in the official newspaper of the City.

On or before September 30th, the budget is legally enacted for the General and Enterprise Funds through the passage of an ordinance. City Council approval is required to alter the original budget of any fund or department and this approval must be in the form of an ordinance. The legal level of budgetary control is therefore established at the department level which is the level at which expenditures may not exceed legal appropriations.

Budgetary information is presented as Required Supplementary Information. The budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, the only major governmental fund, can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

#### **NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### **Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's cash deposits may not be returned to the City.

The City's deposits (cash and certificates of deposit) are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per financial institution. All deposits are held in *qualified public* depositories. These depositories participate in a shared risk collateral pool overseen by the State of Florida and established by Florida Statute. The State of Florida collateral pool is a multiple financial institution pool which provides for additional amounts to be assessed to the members of the pool if the value of the pool's collateral is inadequate to cover a loss. The amounts covered by the pool are considered *insured* for financial reporting disclosure requirements. Because of this arrangement, management believes the City's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

On September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits and investments (excluding fiduciary funds) is summarized below:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash on hand	\$ 400
Deposits in financial institutions:	
Insured or fully collateralized bank deposits	5,946,383
FL CLASS governmental investment pool	 10,403
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,957,186

The FL CLASS investment pool is similar to a money market investment that strives to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. FL CLASS does not meet all the specific criteria outlined in GASB Cod. Sec. In5.104, therefore the City is required to measure the FL CLASS investments at fair value. FL CLASS reports the amortized cost of the pool investments which approximates fair value. Furthermore, because FL CLASS is an external investment pool, the City's investment in FL CLASS is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy prescribed by GAAP.

The pool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor and the pool is not exposed to custodial credit risk because the investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The dollar weighted average days to maturity of FLCLASS on September 30, 2022 is 26 days.

#### **NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (cont...)

#### **Restricted Cash**

Certain cash and cash equivalents are legally restricted in the statement of net position on September 30, 2022 as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	В	usiness-type Activities
Capital improvements - transportation	\$ 778,032	\$	_
Cultural services	25,828		-
American Resue Plan Act - Coronavirus			
State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	1,401,812		-
Fire protection services	71,942		-
Building code enforcement	192,395		-
Impact fees:			
Water	-		32,438
Sewer	-		27,375
Stormwater	-		7,238
Fire protection	56,831		-
General government	26,465		-
Library	15,951		-
Police	11,748		-
Parks and recreation	34,138		-
Transportation	20,775		-
Vehicles	14,801		
Stormwater management	-		172,270
Customer deposits	-		70,430
Debt service	 <u>-</u>		55,720
Total restricted cash	\$ 2,650,718	\$	365,471

#### **Investments**

The City does not have a formal investment policy for dealing with investment risks and therefore follows the guidance in the Florida Statutes. The types of investments in which the City may invest are governed by section 218.415, Florida Statutes. According to State Statutes, the City is authorized to invest in the following instruments: Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized through the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; S.E.C. registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating company; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories; direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The pension trust funds have individual investment policies which set forth the allowable mix and type of investments allowed including corporate or other bonds and common stock with certain limitations.

#### **NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (cont...)

#### Investments (cont...)

	Fiduciary		
	Funds	Total	Portfolio
Investment Type:			
Money market funds	\$ 68,436	\$ 68,436	1.24%
U.S. treasuries	265,208	265,208	4.79%
U.S. Gov't agencies	29,328	29,328	0.53%
FMPTF (a)	1,626,110	1,626,110	29.39%
Corporate bonds	151,435	151,435	2.74%
Corporate stocks	2,182,413	2,182,413	39.45%
Equity mutual fund	530,923	530,923	9.60%
Fixed income ETF	648,667	648,667	11.73%
Real estate investment trusts	29,611	29,611	0.54%
Total investments	\$ 5,532,131	\$ 5,532,131	100.00%

(a) The Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) is an external investment pool administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. The City has a beneficial interest in the portfolio, not in the individual securities held within each portfolio. This fund's investments are targeted for a 60% allocation in equity securities and the remaining 40% in bonds and real estate investments. Separately issued financial statements may be obtained by contacting the administrator for the FMPTF at 301 Bronough Street, Suite 300, Tallahassee, Florida 32301.

#### Investments - Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City (excluding pension trust fund investments) reports no investments on September 30, 2022.

The City's Pension Trust Funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

#### **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund:**

The General Employees' Pension Trust Fund is a participating member of the FMPTF. All assets with the FMPTF are invested through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT) for the benefit of the participating members. The FMIvT, administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., is an interlocal governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Florida as a local government investment pool and is considered an external investment pool for GASB purposes and therefore, the City is not required to categorize the positions in the pool within the fair value hierarchy as established by U.S. GAAP. Redemptions from the FMIvT are permitted monthly upon advance written notification.

# NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (cont...)

As of September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund's investments with the FMIvT were as follows:

FMIvT Cash Fund	\$ 16,262
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	242,290
FMIvT Core Plus Fund	235,786
FMIvT Diversified Large Cap	360,996
FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Fund	227,655
FMIvT International Equity	274,813
FMIvT Core Real Estate	 268,308
Total	\$ 1,626,110

#### **Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund:**

		_	Fair Value Measurements Using					
			C	Quoted				
			Р	rices in				
			,	Active	Significant			
			Ma	rkets for	Other	Significant	t	
			ld	lentical	Observable	Unobservab	ole	
	Sept	ember 30,	,	Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
		2022	(L	.evel 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Investment by fair value level								
Debt securities								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	265,208	\$	=	\$ 265,208	\$	-	
U.S. Agencies		29,328		-	29,328		-	
Corporate bonds		151,435		-	151,435		-	
Fixed income exchange traded fund		648,667		648,667				
Total debt securities		1,094,638		648,667	445,971			
Equity securities								
Domestic		1,645,828		1,645,828	=		-	
Foreign		536,585		536,585	-		-	
Real estate		29,611		29,611	-		-	
Mutual fund		530,923		530,923				
Total equity securities		2,742,947		2,742,947				
Total investments by fair value level		3,837,585	\$	3,391,614	\$ 445,971	\$	_	
Investments measured at amortized cost		-						
Money market mutual funds		68,436						
Total investments	\$	3,906,021						

Debt and equity securities classified in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

#### **NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (concluded)

#### **Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that a change in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk, credit risk or foreign currency risk.

The schedule below summarizes the fixed income investments by credit rating and maturity (a measure of credit risk and interest rate risk).

				Weighted
	Credit		Fair	Average
Investment Type	Rating (a) Value		Maturity	
General Employees' Pension Trust Fund:				
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	AAf/S4		242,290	6.70
FMIvT Core Plus Fund	Not Rated		235,786	8.92
		\$	478,076	
Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund:				
U.S. Treasury securities	AAA		265,208	3.34
U.S. Agencies	AA+		29,328	4.35
Corporate bonds	BBB+ to AAA		151,435	3.72
iShares Barclays Aggregate Bond Fund ETF	Not Rated		440,756	na
Barclays TIPS bond fund ETF	Not Rated		207,911	na
		\$	1,094,638	

<sup>(</sup>a) The credit rating service listed above is S&P except for the FMIvT investments which is rated by Fitch

na - not available

# **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is defined as when five percent or more of the total investments are invested with one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments in mutual funds or pools are excluded. There were no concentrations to disclose for the year ended September 30, 2022.

# **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2021 (*)	October 1,		Decreases	Balance September 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:		Transfers	- Hereuses	<u> </u>	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	<b>d</b> 226.006	<b>A</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b> 225 005
Land	\$ 226,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,886
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	226,886			-	226,886
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Equipment Infrastructure Right to use leased equipment	4,392,868 1,782,561 3,106,552 1,384,292 22,973	- - - -	25,050 229,960 269,581 - 360	(2,000) (3,279) (127,737) - -	4,415,918 2,009,242 3,248,396 1,384,292 23,333
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,689,246		524,951	(133,016)	11,081,181
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Equipment Infrastructure Right to use leased equipment	(2,461,445) (1,088,749) (2,143,911) (362,306)	- - - -	(83,591) (44,853) (113,186) (48,903) (4,774)	1,129 2,336 107,131 - -	(2,543,907) (1,131,266) (2,149,966) (411,209) (4,774)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,056,411)		(295,307)	110,596	(6,241,122)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,632,835		229,644	(22,420)	4,840,059
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,859,721	\$ -	\$ 229,644	\$ (22,420)	\$ 5,066,945
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress Intangible assets Idle assets	\$ 80,318 1,682,138 105,300 216,537	\$ - (1,457,538) - -	\$ - 253,134 - -	\$ - (176,700) - -	\$ 80,318 301,034 105,300 216,537
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,084,293	(1,457,538)	253,134	(176,700)	703,189
Capital assets, being depreciated: Water and wastewater system Stormwater system Machinery and equipment Right to use leased equipment	19,082,580 838,114 1,049,823 	1,433,565 - 23,973 -	3,952 - 57,961 	(150,310) - (10,539) 	20,369,787 838,114 1,121,218 2,651
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,973,168	1,457,538	61,913	(160,849)	22,331,770
Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and wastewater system Stormwater system Machinery and equipment Right to use leased equipment	(10,054,274) (370,314) (688,850)	1,700 (1,700) - -	(812,355) (21,838) (96,322) (1,326)	87,460 - 11,599 -	(10,777,469) (393,852) (773,573) (1,326)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,113,438)		(931,841)	99,059	(11,946,220)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,859,730	1,457,538	(869,928)	(61,790)	10,385,550
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,944,023	\$ -	\$ (616,794)	\$ (238,490)	\$ 11,088,739

<sup>(\*) –</sup> the previously reported balances above on October 1, 2021 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 16 for more detail.

# CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (concluded)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following programs and functions:

Gov	err	me	ntal	Act	ivit	ies:
-	~		····	~~		

General government	\$ 51,362
Public safety	64,247
Transportation	84,701
Culture	40,155
Community affairs	 54,842
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 295,307
Business-type Activities:	

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 931,841
Sanitation	 2,166
Stormwater system	28,217
Water and wastewater system	\$ 901,458

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#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Balance October 1, 2021 (*)		October 1,		Decreases	Balance September 30, 2022		Amounts Due within One Year	
Governmental Activities:									
Long-term liabilities:									
Other liabilities:	ċ	FF7 221	<b>~</b>		ć (220.444)	۲.	226 707	۲.	
Net pension liability	\$	557,231	\$	1 220	\$ (220,444)	\$	336,787	\$	-
Compensated absences Leases payable		37,175		1,320	- // 215\		38,495 18,758		- 4,387
• •		22,973	\$	1 220	(4,215)		394,040	\$	
Total long-term liabilities		617,379	<del>&gt;</del>	1,320	\$ (224,659)		,		4,387
Less amounts due in one year							(4,387)		
Net long-term liabilities in excess of one year						<u>\$</u>	389,653		
Punituran Auro Anticiales									
Business-type Activities:									
Long-term liabilities:									
Revenue bonds payable									
Water and sewer system refunding	<u> </u>	001 212	<b>.</b>		ć (00.202)	۸.	012 021	٠.	01.004
revenue bond, series 2012	\$	901,213	\$	-	\$ (88,282)	\$	812,931	\$	91,004
Water and sewer system refunding		000 074			(64.053)		726.040		CC 445
revenue bond, series 2017		800,971		-	(64,952)		736,019		66,415
Loans payable									
Florida Department of Environmental Protection loan DW531010		0.500			(00)		0.494		1.054
		9,580		-	(96)		9,484		1,054
Florida Department of Environmental Protection loan WW60007L		659,234			(104,241)		554,993		106 421
									106,431
Total revenue and loans payable		2,370,998			(257,571)		2,113,427		264,904
Other liabilities:		2.654			(4.440)		4 222		4 222
Leases payable		2,651		-	(1,418)		1,233		1,233
Compensated absences		19,344		2,321			21,665		
Total long-term liabilities	<u> </u>	2,392,993	\$	2,321	\$ (258,989)		2,136,325	\$	266,137
Less amounts due in one year							(266,137)		
Net long-term liabilities in excess of one year						\$	1,870,188		

<sup>(\*) –</sup> the previously reported balances above on October 1, 2021 have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 16 for more detail.

#### **Notes to Long-Term Obligations Table**

Long term liabilities, including accumulated compensated absences, are typically liquidated by the individual fund to which the liability is directly associated. All of the City's long-term debt (revenue bonds and loans payable) arose through direct borrowings or direct placements.

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

#### Revenue Bonds Payable:

• The **2012** Series Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond was issued on August 21, 2012 in the amount of \$1,583,306 (par value) and is secured by the net revenues of the water and wastewater systems and any legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the City. The bond bears interest at 3.06% and payments are due in annual installments, including principal and interest, in the amount of \$115,150 with the final payment due in September 2030.

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (cont...)

#### Notes to Long-Term Obligations Table (cont...)

The bond issue requires that funds be deposited into a sinking fund monthly at amounts which will fully fund the next succeeding principal and interest payments when due. The City is also required to provide net water and wastewater revenues sufficient to maintain minimum debt service coverage of 120%.

• The **2017 Series Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond** was issued June 23, 2017 to refund the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service Loan in the amount of \$1,050,937. The bond bears interest at 2.24% and payments are due semiannually on each March 1 and September 1, including principal and interest, with a final maturity on September 1, 2032. The bond requires the maintenance of a sinking fund. The 2017 Water and Sewer Refunding Bond is on parity with the 2012 Series Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond.

#### Loans Payable:

- The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Loan WW60007L was issued in the amount of \$2,000,000 and provided funds for the collection, transmission and treatment of the wastewater system in the northwest and southeast quadrants of the City and for the planning and design of new collector sewers. The loan bears interest at 2.09% and payments are due in semiannual installments, including principal and interest installments of \$58,739 with the final payment due in June 2027.
- The **State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Loan DW531010** was issued in the amount of \$9,580 and provided funds to increase the wastewater system disposal capacity. The loan has a zero percent interest rate and payments are due in semiannual installments of \$527 with the final payment due in February 2032.
- The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Loans are secured by the net revenues of
  the water and wastewater system. This loan is subordinate to the 2012 and 2017 Water and Sewer
  Refunding Revenue Bonds which are secured by the same revenue. These loans require the maintenance
  of sinking and reserve funds at various specified amounts and require a minimum debt service coverage of
  115% and 120%, respectively.

**Remedies:** All of the City's long-term debt obligations allow for the obligors/lenders to take whatever legal actions are necessary to collect the amounts due in the event of default. The following debt obligations have additional remedies in the event of default as follows:

- **2017 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond** The lender may, at their option, declare the entire principal amount outstanding and accrued interest immediately due and payable and may take possession of the water and sewer system and repair, maintain and operate or rent it.
- State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Loans The lender may request a court to appoint a receiver to manage the City's water and sewer systems, intercept the delinquent amount from any unobligated funds due to the City under any revenue or tax sharing fund established by the State of Florida, impose a penalty in the amount not to exceed a rate of 18 percent per annum on the amount due, notify financial market credit rating agencies and potential creditors, and may accelerate the repayment schedule or increase the interest rate on the unpaid principal of the loan to as much as 1.667 times the loan interest rate.

# **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (concluded)

Lease payable – The following is information related to the City's leases payable on September 30, 2022:

										Lease
	Balance	s as of S	September 30	0, 2022						Term at
		Accı	umulated	Lease	Payment	Pa	yment	Interest	Inception	Inception
Leased asset(s)	Cost	Amo	ortization	Payable	Frequency	Ar	mount	Rate	Year	(months)
Multifunction copiers	\$ 19,736	\$	(3,875)	\$ 15,896	Monthly	\$	357	4.7%	2020	72
Postage machine	3,597		(899)	2,862	Quarterly		222	4.7%	2021	60
Governmental activities	23,333		(4,774)	18,758						
Document inserting system	2,651		(1,326)	1,233	Quarterly		378	4.7%	2018	60
Business-type activities	2,651		(1,326)	1,233						

**Maturities**: Annual requirements to repay all long-term bonds and notes payable for business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ending	Pr	rincipal	In	terest		Total
2023	\$	264,904	\$	51,301	\$	316,205
2024		271,442		44,763		316,205
2025		278,148		38,057		316,205
2026		285,025		31,180		316,205
2027		292,077		24,127		316,204
2028-2032		721,831		40,454		762,285
Total	\$	2,113,427	\$	229,882	\$	2,343,309

Annual requirements to repay all leases payable for the governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ending	Prir	ncipal	Inte	erest	Т	otal	
2023	\$	4,387	\$	786	\$	5,173	
2024		4,597		576		5,173	
2025		4,818		356		5,174	
2026		4,600		129		4,729	
2027		356		1		357	
Total	\$	18,758	\$	1,848	\$	20,606	
		Busin	ess-typ	e Activities			
Fiscal Year Ending	Prir	ncipal	Inte	erest	Т	otal	
2023	\$	1,233	\$	27	\$	1,260	
Total	\$	1,233	\$	27	\$	1,260	

#### NOTE 7 – PLEDGED REVENUES

**Debt service Coverage** – The City is required by the loan covenants of the water and wastewater revenue bonds to provide debt service coverage for bond payments of 120% for the year. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) also requires coverage of 115% for its loan payments for the year. The debt service coverage calculations for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Senior Debt Service Coverage Calculation	
Gross revenues (a)	\$ 1,610,277
Less:	
Total operating expenses (b)	(1,869,972)
Remove: Depreciation expense	901,458
Remove: Change in pension elements	 (29,476)
Operation and maintenance expenses (c)	(997,990)
Net available revenue - Revenue bonds	\$ 612,287
Debt service requirements - Revenue bonds	\$ 197,674
Coverage - Revenue bonds	 310%
Subordinate Debt Service Coverage Calculation	
Net available revenue for revenue bonds	\$ 612,287
less: debt service requirements and required	
coverage for revenue bonds (d)	 (237,209)
Net available revenue - loans payable	\$ 375,078
Debt service requirements - loans payable	\$ 117,478
Coverage - loans payable	 319%

- (a) Includes operating revenues for water and wastewater treatment and investment revenue.
- (b) Excludes sanitation expenses (\$498,347) and stormwater expenses (\$153,814).
- (c) Water and sewer operating expenses after removal of depreciation and changes in the pension elements required by GASB Cod. Sec. P20 because neither require the expenditure of cash.
- (d) The subordinate debt requires the coverage of senior debt obligation debt service as well as the senior debt required coverage to be removed from net available revenues when calculating the subordinate debt coverage ratio. This is the debt service requirements of the revenue bonds multiplied by the senior debt service coverage requirement of 1.2.

The City was able to meet the senior and subordinate debt service coverage requirements of 120% and 115%, respectively.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 – PLEDGED REVENUES** (concluded)

The City has pledged various future revenue sources for various debt issues. For the water and sewer system, the City has pledged future revenues, net of certain operating expenses. The following table provides a summary of the pledged revenues for the City's outstanding debt issues:

		Total	Current Year		% of
	Revenue	Principal and	Principal and	Current	Revenues to
	Pledged	Interest	Interest	Year	Principal and
Pledged Revenue	Through	Outstanding	Paid	Revenue	Interest Paid
Water and wastewater					
net revenues	9/15/2032	\$ 2,343,309	\$ 320,614	\$ 612,287	190.97%

#### NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The American Rescue Plan Act Grant Special Revenue Fund transferred \$44,193 to the Enterprise Fund and \$360 to the general fund during the year ended September 30, 2022. These transfers represent General Fund and Enterprise Fund costs that were paid with American Rescue Plan Act Grant funds.

#### **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS**

The City maintains two separate single employer defined benefit pension plans for its employees. Each provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Both plans were established by City ordinance and are governed by separate board of trustees. The pension plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports. These plans are subject to review by independent actuaries to determine annual required contributions.

It is the policy of the City to fund pension costs for defined benefit plans on an actuarial basis, which includes amortization of prior service costs, and to fund defined contribution plans as pension costs accrue.

In the government-wide and proprietary statement of net position, assets or liabilities are recognized for the City's share of each defined benefit pension plan's net pension asset or liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's sponsored single employer plans and additions to/deductions from the City's sponsored single employer plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City's sponsored single employer plans. For this purpose, defined benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund**

Plan Description – All employees working at least 20 hours each week, excluding police officers, are required to participate in the City's general employees' pension plan after one year of service.

As of October 1, 2021 (the latest available actuarial report date), the members of the plan were as follows:

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries receiving benefits	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits or	
refund of contributions	21
Active plan members	10
Total	39

# **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund (cont...)**

**Benefits Provided** – The plan provides retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits to all current members. Normal retirement age is 65 with at least 10 years of credited service. Upon normal retirement, members are entitled to a benefit at 2.5% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service (up to 30 years). Early retirement age is 55 with at least 10 years of credited service. Upon early retirement, the benefit is reduced actuarially for each year by which the participant's early retirement age precedes the normal retirement age. The plan also provides disability benefits for participants who are disabled on a continuous and permanent basis.

Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of service. The average compensation is equal to the average of the highest consecutive five years of pensionable earnings out of the last 10 years of service. Disability and pre-retirement death benefit amounts are the actuarial equivalent of the normal retirement benefit.

**Contributions** – The City Council establishes and may amend by ordinance the contribution requirements of plan members. The City is required by City ordinance and Florida Statutes to make additional contributions to fund the pension plan at an actuarially determined amount. Plan members contribute at least 1% but not more than 10% of pensionable earnings. The City's actuarially required contribution for the year ended September 30, 2022 was zero due to accumulated overpayments in previous years as well as the favorable funded status of the plan. Actual contributions for the year were zero.

**Net Pension Liability** – The City's September 30, 2022 net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021, that was updated to September 30, 2022 (City's measurement date) using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Liability measurement date	September 30, 2022
----------------------------	--------------------

Valuation date October 1, 2021

Discount rate 7.00% per year (2.62% per year is

attributable to long term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit

payments.

Salary increases 5.50% per year, plus average earnings are

loaded by 2.50% for accumulated leave payments upon termination of employment

Cost of living increases None is assumed

#### **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund** (cont...)

The mortality table used was the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Mortality Tables, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Core bonds	15.00%	1.60%
Core plus	15.00%	2.10%
U.S. large cap equity	25.00%	4.60%
U.S. small cap equity	14.00%	5.50%
Non-U.S. equity	21.00%	6.70%
Core real estate	10.00%	5.00%
Total or weighted		
arithmetic average	100.00%	4.38%

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 4.38% and a 2.62% per year attributable to long term inflation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund (cont...)**

The components of the net pension liability (asset) for the Plan as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total pension liability \$ 1,423,370

Plan fiduciary net position (1,626,110)

Net pension liability (asset) \$ (202,740)

Plan fiduciary net position as a

percentage of the total pension liability 114%

**Changes in City's Net Pension (Asset) Liability** – Changes in the City's net pension (asset) liability for the year ending September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	<b>Total Pension</b>		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability	Net Position		(Asset) Liability	
	(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Measurement date - September 30, 2021	\$	1,706,006	\$	1,915,947	\$	(209,941)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		69,106		-		69,106
Interest		122,099		-		122,099
Difference between actual and						
expected experience		(430,069)		-		(430,069)
Contributions - employee		-		21,932		(21,932)
Net investment income		-		(253,977)		253,977
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(43,772)		(49,667)		5,895
Administrative expense		<u>-</u>		(8,125)		8,125
Net changes		(282,636)		(289,837)		7,201
Measurement date - September 30, 2022	\$	1,423,370	\$	1,626,110	\$	(202,740)

# **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund** (concluded)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the plan's net pension (asset) liability, calculated using the current discount rate of 7%, as well as what the plan's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8%) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
As of	Discount						
September,	Rate	1% De	1% Decrease		Current Rate		Increase
9/30/2022	7.00%	\$	32,039	\$	(202,740)	\$	(394,939)

**Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Plan** — For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized a negative pension expense of \$17,793. On September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ir	Deferred oflows of esources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	42,409	\$	589,719
Change in assumptions		126,895		37,124
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on Plan investments		191,783		-
Total	\$	361,087	\$	626,843

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
September 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (64,832)
2024	(69,989)
2025	(67,228)
2026	2,066
2027	(51,228)
Thereafter	(14,545)
Total	\$ (265,756)

**Payables to Pension Plan** – On September 30, 2022, the City reported no payables for outstanding contributions.

**Money-weighted Rate of Return** – For the year ended September 30, 2022, the money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts invested for the plan was - 13.22%.

#### Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

**Plan Description** – All Police Officers as of January 1, 2007, who elected to remain members of the system shall remain members of the system. There shall be no new members. All members shall be employed as a deputy sheriff by the Polk County Sheriff's Department because of the merger of the City Police Department and the Polk County Sheriff's Department.

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees comprised of two City residents appointed by the City Council, two Police Officers elected by a majority of Police Officers, and a fifth member that is elected by the Board and appointed (as a ministerial duty) by the City Council.

The members of the plan for each valuation report date below (the latest available) were as follows:

	as of October 1,		
	2020	2021	
Inactive plan members and beneficiaries receiving benefits	11	12	
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	1	1	
Active plan members	1		
Total	13	13	

**Benefits Provided** – The plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits to all current members. Normal retirement age is 50 or the completion of 20 years of credited service. Upon normal retirement, members are entitled to a benefit at 3.55% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement age is 45 with at least 10 years of credited service. Upon early retirement, the accrued benefit reduces by 1/15th for each of the first 5 years and 1/30th for each of the next 5 years that early retirement precedes normal retirement.

Employees that are vested (upon termination of employment) with less than 5 years of contributions will receive a refund of accumulated contributions. Employees with 5 years or more will obtain a percentage of accrued pension that is payable at normal retirement or on a reduced basis at early retirement, per the following schedule:

Years of Service	Percent
5	50%
6	60%
7	70%
8	80%
9	90%
10 or more	100%

Disability benefits include the amount of benefit accrued to date of disability but not less than 50% of Average Final Compensation on date of disability for service-connected members. For non-service-connected members, the disability benefit is the greater of the benefit accrued at date of disability using 2% benefit rate, or 25% of their average final compensation.

# Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (cont...)

Pre-retirement death benefits include 50% of average final compensation continued to spouse until death or 15% to each unmarried child until age 18 (22 if student) with a maximum total to all children of 50% for service-connected members.

The pre-retirement death benefits for non-service-connected members are the same as for service-connected except the benefit for spouse or maximum benefit for children is 25% of average final compensation. The minimum death benefit is the actuarial equivalent of Member's accrued benefit payable to beneficiary for life. The death benefit after retirement is payable in accordance with the optional form of pension selected at time of retirement. The cost - of - living adjustment for retirees is up to 3% per year beginning on the October 1 following normal retirement age.

**Contributions** – The Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund receives proceeds from an excise tax on casualty insurance premiums to fund its annual required contribution. While the City no longer has its own police department, some of the City police officers who transferred to the Polk County Sheriff's Office elected to remain with the City retirement plan. The City contributes annually such amounts as are necessary to fund the difference between the actuarially required annual contribution for the plan and the excise tax on casualty insurance premiums.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the excise tax totaled \$31,970 and is treated as an on-behalf payment with the proceeds recorded as operating grants and public safety expenses/expenditures in the government-wide and general fund financial statements. Plan members are required to contribute 1% of their salary. The City's actuarially required contribution for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$92,938. Actual contributions for the year from the City, including the excise tax amount, equaled \$119,174 or 128% of the required contributions.

**Net Pension Liability** – The City's September 30, 2022 net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, that was updated to September 30, 2021 (City's measurement date) using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Liability measurement date	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Valuation date	October 1, 2020	October 1, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	4.00%	4.00%
Discount rate	6.50%	6.50%
Investment rate of return	6.50%	6.50%

The mortality table used for the September 30, 2021 and 2022 measurement date were based on the Society of Actuaries' Retirement Plans Experience Committee (RPEC) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables Reports. All rates were projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

September 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS** (cont...)

# Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (cont...)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 and 2022 are summarized in the following tables:

# September 30, 2021:

		Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	5.85%
International equity	12.50%	4.68%
Emerging markets equity	2.50%	6.25%
Fixed income	30.00%	1.50%
MLP/Energy infrastructure	10.00%	2.90%
Total allocation and weighted arithmetic		
average rate of return	100.00%	4.11%
mher 30, 2022:	·-	

#### September 30, 2022:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45.00%	5.84%
International equity	12.50%	4.57%
Emerging markets equity	2.50%	5.94%
Fixed income	30.00%	1.40%
MLP/Energy infrastructure	10.00%	4.59%
Total allocation and weighted arithmetic		
average rate of return	100.00%	4.23%

#### CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS** (cont...)

# Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (cont...)

**Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.5% was used to measure the total pension liability as of the September 30, 2022 and the September 30, 2021 measurement dates. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Net Pension Liability as of the Plan's Financial Reporting Date** - The components of the net pension liability as of the Plan's financial reporting date of September 30, 2022, which differs from the City's measurement date of September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 5,310,764
Plan fiduciary net position	(3,966,196)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,344,568
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of the total pension liability	75%

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# Police Officers' Pension Trust (cont...)

**Changes in City's Net Pension Liability** – Changes in the City's net pension liability for the measurement date ending September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	<b>Total Pension</b>		Pl	Plan Fiduciary		et Pension	
		Liability	N	let Position	(Asset) Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Measurement date - September 30, 2020	\$	4,895,510	\$	4,338,279	\$	557,231	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		13,672		-		13,672	
Interest		332,795		-		332,795	
Difference between actual and							
expected experience		14,833		-		14,833	
Changes of assumptions		304,724		-		304,724	
Contributions - City		-		88,594		(88,594)	
Contributions - State		-		26,963		(26,963)	
Contributions - employee		-		224		(224)	
Net investment income		-		795,758		(795,758)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(309,928)		(309,928)		-	
Administrative expense				(25,071)		25,071	
Net changes		356,096		576,540		(220,444)	
Measurement date - September 30, 2021	\$	5,251,606	\$	4,914,819	\$	336,787	

In accordance with GASB Cod. Sec. P20, the City's net pension liability of the Police Officers' Pension Trust is measured as of end of the prior fiscal year. The City's September 30, 2022 net pension liability (reporting date) for the Police Officers' Pension Trust was measured as of September 30, 2021 (measurement date). The City uses the same date for the measurement date and the reporting date for the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund.

#### Police Officers' Pension Trust (cont...)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City as of the measurement date (September 30, 2021), and as of the Plan's financial reporting date (September 30, 2022), calculated using the current discount rate for each of the calculations as well as what the plan's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current						
As of	Discount						
September,	Rate	1% [	Decrease	Curi	rent Rate	1% I	ncrease
9/30/2021	6.50%	\$	1,056,549	\$	336,787	\$	(245,874)
9/30/2022	6.50%	\$	2,052,423	\$	1,344,568	\$	769,788

**Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Plan** — For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$334,753. On September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

	De	eferred	Deferred		
	Out	tflows of	Inflows of		
Description	Resources		Resources		
Net difference between projected and	· ·	_			
actual earnings on Plan investments	\$	-	\$	266,046	
City contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		119,174		-	
Total	\$	119,174	\$	266,046	

Deferred outflows of resources related to City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of September 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Remaining amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense in the years and amounts shown below.

Year ending		
September 30,	Amount	
2023	\$ (47,203)	
2024	(40,678)	
2025	(78,215)	
2026	(99,950)	
Total	\$ (266,046)	

# Police Officers' Pension Trust (concluded)

**Payables to Pension Plan** – On September 30, 2022, the City reported no payables for outstanding contributions.

**Money-weighted Rate of Return** – For the year ended September 30, 2022, the money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested for the plan was -15.78%.

#### **Pension Plan Financial Statements**

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2022:

	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund		es' Officers' n Pension		Total
ASSETS					
Investments	\$	1,626,110	\$	3,906,021	\$ 5,532,131
Receivables:					
Due from other governments		-		31,970	31,970
Accrued interest and dividends		=		4,311	4,311
Prepaid items				27,050	27,050
Total assets		1,626,110		3,969,352	5,595,462
LIABILITIES					_
Accounts payable:					
Due to broker		-		3,156	3,156
Total liabilities		-		3,156	3,156
NET POSITION					
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	1,626,110	\$	3,966,196	\$ 5,592,306

#### **NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS** (concluded)

#### Pension Plan Financial Statements (concluded)

#### Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	General		Police			
	Employees'			Officers'		
	_	ension	Pension			
	<u>Ir</u>	ust Fund	Ir	ust Fund		Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer:	_		_		_	
City	\$	-	\$	87,204	\$	87,204
Employee		21,932		-		21,932
On-behalf payments - State of Florida				31,970		31,970
Total contributions		21,932		119,174		141,106
Investment earnings:						
Interest and dividends		-		87,100		87,100
Net increase in the fair value of investments		(250,229)		(778,984)		(1,029,213)
Total investment earnings		(250,229)		(691,884)		(942,113)
Less investment expense		3,748		36,156		39,904
Net investment earnings		(253,977)	-	(728,040)		(982,017)
Total additions		(232,045)		(608,866)		(840,911)
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits		43,772		317,382		361,154
Refund of contributions		5,895		-		5,895
Administrative expenses		8,125		22,375		30,500
Total deductions		57,792		339,757		397,549
CHANGE IN MET POCITION		(200.027)		(0.40, 622)		(4.220.460)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(289,837)		(948,623)		(1,238,460)
NET POSITION, beginning of year		1,915,947		4,914,819		6,830,766
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 1,626,110		\$	3,966,196	\$	5,592,306

#### **NOTE 10 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS**

The City Manager has the option of participating in a separate deferred compensation plan or to participate in the general employees' pension plan. If the City Manager selects the deferred compensation plan, the City contributes 6% of the City Manager's salary and the City Manager is required to contribute a minimum of 1%. The current City Manager opted to participate in the general employees' pension plan, so no City contributions were made to a deferred compensation plan for the benefit of the City Manager.

The City also offers employees who have completed one year of continuous service an optional non-contributory deferred compensation plan created pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Both plans are administered by third party custodians and the plans' assets are not considered part of the reporting entity and are not included in these financial statements.

#### NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) OBLIGATIONS

The City follows GASB Cod. Sec. P50 for certain post-employment health care and dental benefits provided by the City.

The City engaged an actuary to estimate the total other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligation measured as of September 30, 2022 which resulted in an estimated actuarial determined OPEB obligation and OPEB expense that was immaterial and accordingly, there is no OPEB liability recorded in the financial statements. It is the intent of the City to engage an actuary to recalculate the total OPEB liability if there are significant changes in the City's staffing matrix or the health care benefits provided.

#### NOTE 12 – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUND

The City has outstanding debt secured by its water and sewer revenues. The water and sewer operations are accounted for in a single enterprise fund along with sanitation and stormwater. Because many of the assets and liabilities of the enterprise fund are not separately identifiable with any one operating segment (e.g. cash, accounts receivables, accounts payable, etc.), it is not possible to present segment information disclosures for cash flows and some components of net position. Segment financial information that can be separately identified for the enterprise fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, is presented below:

Water Sewer System System  Condensed statement of revenue, expenses and	Water and Sewer System \$ 1,605,555
System System  Condensed statement of revenue, expenses and	System \$ 1,605,555
Condensed statement of revenue, expenses and	\$ 1,605,555
of revenue, expenses and	
changes in net position:	
Operating revenues \$ 700,101 \$ 905,454	(422.202)
Operating expenses	(422.202)
Personnel services (169,886) (252,417)	(422,303)
Contract services (48,439) (78,039)	(126,478)
Insurance (18,611) (42,661)	(61,272)
Materials and supplies (62,839) (38,399)	(101,238)
Repair and maintenance (64,731) (62,365)	(127,096)
Utilities (47,987) (54,311)	(102,298)
Miscellaneous (17,773) (10,056)	(27,829)
Depreciation (280,145) (621,313)	(901,458)
Nonoperating revenues / (expenses)	
Interest expense 95 (60,738)	(60,643)
Impact fees 27,188 24,375	51,563
Grants - 144,025	144,025
Investment revenue 4,722 -	4,722
Gain (loss) on disposal of property (181,789) (56,700)	(238,489)
Transfers in(out) 22,097 22,097	44,193
Change in net position \$ (137,998) \$ (181,049)	\$ (319,046)
Summary information	
from statement of net position:	
Capital assets, net	\$ 11,088,739
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 2,113,427

#### NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

During the ordinary course of its operations, the City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage in amounts management feels is adequate to protect and safeguard the assets of the City. In the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel, legal claims and litigation are not anticipated to have material impact on the financial position of the City.

#### **NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The City participates in several programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from Federal, state, or county agency sources. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government/agency. If expenditures are disallowed due to non-compliance with grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government/agency. As of September 30, 2022, the City believes that disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the City.

The City is under contract with the Polk County Sheriff's Office to provide law enforcement services to the City through the year ended September 30, 2025. The City is required to provide the Sheriff with adequate office space at the City's expense and the contract can be terminated by either party upon 365 days written notice. The City paid \$817,444 for the year ended September 30, 2022. The contract calls for the following minimum costs going forward:

Fiscal year ending	
September 30,	Amount
2023	\$833,288
2024	\$849,953
2025	\$866,952

#### **NOTE 15 – JOINT VENTURE**

**Background** - The Polk Regional Water Cooperative (PRWC) was created on April 1, 2016 by an interlocal agreement between the City of Frostproof, City of Auburndale, City of Bartow, City of Davenport, Town of Dundee, City of Eagle Lake, City of Fort Meade, City of Haines City, City of Lake Alfred, City of Lakeland, City of Lake Wales, City of Mulberry, Polk City, City of Winter Haven, Town of Lake Hamilton and Polk County in accordance with Chapters 163 and 373 of the Florida Statutes.

These local government units are collectively considered the Member Governments. The PRWC is a separate legal entity organized under the laws of the State of Florida, and the Member Governments have no equity ownership in the PRWC.

The PRWC is devoted to encouraging the development of fully integrated, robust public water supply systems comprised of diverse sources managed in a manner that takes full advantage of Florida's intense climatic cycles to ensure reliable, sustainable and drought resistant systems which maximize the use of alternative water supplies to the greatest extent practicable. The PRWC will evaluate, plan and implement water projects and coordinate partnerships with other water users.

#### CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 15 – JOINT VENTURE** (concluded)

**Membership fees** - The terms of the interlocal agreement require each Member Government to contribute their proportionate share of the PRWC's annual working capital needs which are established annually by a resolution of the PRWC's Board of Directors. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the total annual working capital needs of the PRWC was \$198,000 of which the City's proportionate share was \$1,037.

**Projects** – The PRWC is planning, designing, and constructing alternative water systems and these projects are funded by those Member Governments who have agreed to share the cost. The City has opted not to participate in the PRWC projects.

**Contact** - Complete financial statements of the PRWC may be obtained from the PRWC's Executive Director at 330 W. Church Street, P.O. Box 9005, Drawer CA01, Bartow, FL 33831-9005.

#### NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE IMPLEMENTATION

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City implemented the provision of GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

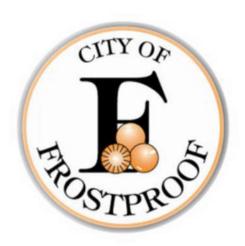
As lessee – During implementation the City identified several right-to-use assets that are required to be reported as assets and liabilities under this Statement and that were previously reported as operating leases. Due to the implementation guidance of this Statement, the lease asset and liability are equal at the beginning of the period of implementation (October 1, 2021) and as a result, this implementation did not result in the restatement of previously reported net position but did require the restatement of previously reported balances of capital assets and long-term obligations to reflect the right-to-use leases asset balances and the related leases payable at that date. In addition to the above items, several leases (under the guidance of GASB 87) were previously reported as financed purchases and these are reclassed to right-to-use assets and leases payable. See Note 5 and Note 6 for the effect of the restated balances.

September 30, 2022

# NOTE 17 – CORRECTION OF ERROR

During 2022, the City identified two errors in that (1) an additional month of electric franchise fee and utility service tax had been recognized in the prior year that should have been reported in the current year and (2) the City's enterprise fund had not previously accrued an estimate for unbilled utility service revenue that was earned but unbilled at the end of the year. The previously reported net position and fund balance has been restated to reflect the correction of these errors as shown below:

	Government-wide		Fund Level	
	Governmental	Business-Type	Enterprise	
	Activities	Activities	Fund	
Net position, beginning of year - previously reported Adjustments:	\$ 7,443,630	\$ 10,293,921	\$ 10,293,921	
To record September 30, 2022 unbilled revenue	-	61,715	61,715	
Correction of revenue reported in prior year	(56,160)			
Net position, beginning - as restated	\$ 7,387,470	\$ 10,355,636	\$ 10,355,636	
			Fund Level	
			General	
			Fund	
Fund balance, beginning of year - previously reported Adjustments:	i		\$ 2,931,189	
Correction of revenue reported in prior year			(56,160)	
Fund balance, beginning - as restated			\$ 2,875,029	



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**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Duageted Amounts		(budgetary	Favorable
	Original	Final	basis)	(Unfavorable)
RESOURCES:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 976,599	\$ 999,450	\$ 999,498	\$ 48
Franchise and utility taxes	796,970	816,362	846,538	30,176
Licenses and permits	123,000	212,339	241,519	29,180
Intergovernmental revenue	936,002	850,401	931,327	80,926
Charges for services	411,962	422,556	418,163	(4,393)
Fines and forfeitures	14,000	16,036	18,735	2,699
Investment income	27,300	27,300	24,723	(2,577)
Other	82,400	82,400	109,557	27,157
Total resources	3,368,233	3,426,844	3,590,060	163,216
OUTFLOWS				
General government:				
Legislative	17,030	27,377	26,712	665
Executive	67,882	67,882	58,616	9,266
Clerk/finance	135,401	135,401	91,492	43,909
Legal	42,700	42,700	42,500	200
Planning	63,900	71,327	71,327	-
Cemetery	102,015	102,015	91,484	10,531
Other general government	173,740	174,640	155,037	19,603
Total general government	602,668	621,342	537,168	84,174
Public safety:				
Law and Code Enforcement	980,405	996,909	987,608	9,301
Fire department	241,334	254,486	210,939	43,547
Building department	42,985	42,985	37,475	5,510
Total public safety	1,264,724	1,294,380	1,236,022	58,358
Transportation	783,676	791,926	525,148	266,778
Library	258,858	261,191	198,302	62,889
Parks and recreation	374,241	374,839	301,106	73,733
Total outflows	3,284,167	3,343,678	2,797,746	545,932
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES				
OVER (UNDER) OUTFLOWS	84,066	83,166	792,314	709,148
Transfers in	-	-	360	360
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 84,066	\$ 83,166	\$ 792,674	\$ 709,508

**NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND -** The annual budget for the general fund is generally prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – American Rescue Plan Grant Special Revenue Fund for the year ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Ori	ginal	Fin	al	•	basis)	(Unf	avorable)
RESOURCES:			-			•		
Intergovernmental revenue	\$		\$		\$	231,472	\$	231,472
Total resources		-		-		231,472		231,472
OUTFLOWS								
Public safety:								
Fire department		-				186,919		(186,919)
Total outflows				_		186,919		(186,919)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) OUTFLOWS		-		-		44,553		44,553
Transfers out		-		-		(44,553)		44,553
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$		\$	<del>-</del>	\$	89,106

**NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND –** A budget for the American Rescue Plan Grant Special Revenue Fund was not prepared and approved for the year ended September 30, 2022.

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Required Supplementary Information

Measurement date Reporting date		9/30/2022 9/30/2022		/30/2021 /30/2021		9/30/2020 9/30/2020		/30/2019 /30/2019
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	69,106	\$	86,830	\$	45,005	\$	51,364
Interest		122,099		92,589		89,816		88,225
Change in assumptions		-		(56,064)		-		-
Change in benefit terms		-		536,508		-		-
Difference between expected and actual								
experience		(430,069)		(169,822)		(21,648)		(54,549)
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(43,772)		(47,305)		(120,237)		(55,845)
Net change in total pension liability		(282,636)		442,736		(7,064)		29,195
Total pension liability, beginning		1,706,006		1,263,270		1,270,334		1,241,139
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	1,423,370	\$	1,706,006	\$	1,263,270	\$	1,270,334
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - City	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,324
Contributions - Employee		21,932		29,805		4,884		5,918
Net investment income (loss)		(253,977)		303,970		96,051		74,688
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(49,667)		(47,306)		(120,237)		(55,845)
Administrative expenses		(8,125)		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(289,837)		286,469		(19,302)		41,085
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		1,915,947		1,629,478		1,648,780		1,607,695
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	1,626,110	\$	1,915,947	\$	1,629,478	\$	1,648,780
Net pension liability (asset) (a)-(b)	\$	(202,740)	\$	(209,941)	\$	(366,208)	\$	(378,446)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of total pension liability		114.24%		112.31%		128.99%		129.79%
Covered payroll	\$	450,027	\$	517,081	\$	454,066	\$	512,265
Net pension liability as a percentage of								
covered payroll		Not Applicable	ľ	Not Applicable	ſ	Not Applicable	Ν	lot Applicable

Continued...

CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Concluded)

**Required Supplementary Information** 

	_					
Measurement date		9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	g	9/30/2015
Reporting date		9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016		9/30/2015
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	58,564	\$ 63,058	\$ 48,978	\$	31,717
Interest		84,198	81,031	59,434		81,166
Change in assumptions		-	106,024	236,289		-
Change in benefit terms		3,238	-	-		-
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		(24,915)	(148,383)	106,809		(114,776)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(54,472)	 (53,039)	 (156,713)		(57,251)
Net change in total pension liability		66,613	48,691	294,797		(59,144)
Total pension liability, beginning		1,174,526	1,125,835	 831,038		890,182
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	1,241,139	\$ 1,174,526	\$ 1,125,835	\$	831,038
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - City	\$	30,815	\$ 35,973	\$ 33,151	\$	32,578
Contributions - Employee		5,119	5,981	5,521		5,394
Net investment income (loss)		110,343	178,460	100,567		(2,720)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(54,472)	(53,039)	(156,713)		(52 <i>,</i> 896)
Administrative expenses		(7,975)	(7,075)	 (8,087)		(7,300)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		83,830	160,300	(25,561)		(24,944)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		1,523,865	1,363,565	1,389,126		1,414,070
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	1,607,695	\$ 1,523,865	\$ 1,363,565	\$	1,389,126
Net pension liability (asset) (a)-(b)	\$	(366,556)	\$ (349,339)	\$ (237,730)	\$	(558,088)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of total pension liability		129.53%	129.74%	121.12%		167.16%
Covered payroll	\$	564,733	\$ 620,486	\$ 510,322	\$	509,811
Net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	١	Not Applicable

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years of data is presented.

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund - Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related

Required Supplementary Information

### **Changes of Assumptions:**

For measurement date September 30, 2021:

 The mortality rates were changed from the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with generational improvements using Scale BB to PUB-2010 Mortality Tables with generational improvements using Scale MP-2018.

For measurement date September 30, 2017:

• The mortality rates were changed from a 2007 projection of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

For measurement date September 30, 2016:

• The discount rate was decreased from 9.08% to 7.00% per annum.

## Changes in Benefit Terms:

For measurement date September 30, 2021:

• The Plan was amended to increase the retirement benefit from 1.50% for each year of credited service to 2.50% and the employee contribution percentage was changed from a flat 1.00% of pensionable wages to a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 10% of pensionable wages as determined by the City.

For measurement date September 30, 2018:

• The Plan was amended to add a graded vesting schedule for those participants who have earned between five and ten years of vested service.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Required Supplementary Information

Measurement date		9/30/2022		/30/2021		/30/2020		30/2019
Reporting date		9/30/2023	9	/30/2022	9	/30/2021	9/3	30/2020
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	-	\$	13,672	\$	13,135	\$	11,966
Interest		331,040		332,795		338,970		331,768
Change in excess State money		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual								
experience		45,499		14,833		(46,501)		26,080
Change of assumptions		-		304,724		(110,337)		118,271
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(317,381)		(309,928)		(258,098)		(251,328)
Net change in total pension liability		59,158		356,096		(62,831)		236,757
Total pension liability, beginning		5,251,606		4,895,510		4,958,341		4,721,584
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	5,310,764	\$	5,251,606	\$	4,895,510	\$	4,958,341
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - City	\$	87,204	\$	88,594	\$	124,352	\$	146,650
Contributions - State of Florida	•	31,970	,	26,963	•	28,570	,	27,130
Contributions - Employee		, -		224		, 754		708
Contributions - Others		_		-		-		-
Net investment income (loss)		(728,040)		795,758		186,373		115,702
Benefit payments, including refunds of		, , ,		,		•		,
employee contributions		(317,382)		(309,928)		(258,098)		(251,328)
Administrative expenses		(22,375)		(25,071)		(21,647)		(26,054)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(948,623)		576,540		60,304		12,808
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		4,914,819		4,338,279		4,277,975		4,265,167
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	3,966,196	\$	4,914,819	\$	4,338,279		4,277,975
Net pension liability (asset) (a)-(b)	\$	1,344,568	\$	336,787	\$	557,231	\$	680,366
Dieu fiele eiem und modifien au augusta								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		74.000/		03.50%		00.630/		06.300/
of total pension liability		74.68%		93.59%		88.62%		86.28%
Covered payroll		n/a	\$	22,444	\$	75,436	\$	70,847
Net pension liability as a percentage of								
covered payroll		n/a		1500.57%		738.68%		960.33%

Continued...

CITY OF FROSTPROOF, FLORIDA

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Concluded) Required Supplementary Information

Measurement date	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Reporting date	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 11,009	\$ 10,689	\$ 21,940	\$ 20,535	\$ 28,891
Interest	329,312	310,266	305,548	307,105	292,750
Change in excess State money	-	-	(9,046)	-	-
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	(49,778)	100,093	47,532	(202,226)	-
Change of assumptions	112,600	132,130	(95,096)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(241,433)	(238,987)	(172,544)	(122,614)	(121,165)
Net change in total pension liability	161,710	314,191	98,334	2,800	200,476
Total pension liability, beginning	4,559,874	4,245,683	4,147,349	4,144,549	3,944,073
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 4,721,584	\$ 4,559,874	\$ 4,245,683	\$ 4,147,349	\$ 4,144,549
•					
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - City	\$ 116,898	\$ 112,042	\$ 124,057	\$ 182,172	\$ 159,813
Contributions - State of Florida	25,010	23,803	21,765	22,367	24,244
Contributions - Employee	656	646	1,262	1,281	3,096
Contributions - Others	16,000	14,692	-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	327,756	345,650	331,941	(108,445)	233,629
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(241,433)	(238,987)	(172,543)	(122,614)	(121,165)
Administrative expenses	(18,776)	(21,771)	(22,547)	(19,737)	(32,810)
Net change in plan fiduciary net	-		_	-	
position	226,111	236,075	283,935	(44,976)	266,807
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	4,039,056	3,802,981	3,519,046	3,564,022	3,297,215
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 4,265,167	\$ 4,039,056	\$ 3,802,981	\$ 3,519,046	\$ 3,564,022
Net pension liability (asset) (a)-(b)	\$ 456,417	\$ 520,818	\$ 442,702	\$ 628,303	\$ 580,527
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of total pension liability	90.33%	88.58%	89.57%	84.85%	85.99%
Covered payroll	\$ 65,605	\$ 64,601	\$ 126,208	\$ 128,143	\$ 173,421
Net pension liability as a percentage of					
covered payroll	695.70%	806.21%	350.77%	490.31%	334.75%

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years of data is presented.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund - Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Required Supplementary Information

# **Changes of Assumptions:**

For measurement date September 30, 2021:

• The investment rate of return was lowered from 7.0% to 6.50%.

For measurement date September 30, 2020:

As mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the
rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate
adjustments made based on plan demographics.

For measurement date September 30, 2019:

• The investment rate of return was lowered from 7.2% to 7.0%.

For measurement date September 30, 2018:

• The investment rate of return was lowered from 7.4% to 7.2%.

For measurement date September 30, 2017:

- The investment rate of return was lowered from 7.5% to 7.4%.
- The inflation assumption was increased from 2.3% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.
- The assumed rates of mortality were changed to match those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report.

For measurement date September 30, 2016:

- The inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.3%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.
- The assumed rates of mortality were changed to match those used in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report.

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information

Fiscal year end	(1) Actuarially Determined Contribution	(2) Contributions Recognized by the Plan	(3) Difference between (1) and (2)	Covered Payroll	Column (2) as a % of Covered Payroll
September 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 450,027	0.00%
September 30, 2021	110,960	-	(110,960)	517,081	0.00%
September 30, 2020	15,540	-	(15,540)	454,066	0.00%
September 30, 2019	27,457	16,324	(11,133)	515,265	3.17%
September 30, 2018	34,117	30,801	(3,316)	564,733	5.45%
September 30, 2017	40,788	35,973	(4,815)	620,486	5.80%
September 30, 2016	27,165	33,151	5,986	510,322	6.50%
September 30, 2015	8,576	32,578	24,002	509,811	6.39%
September 30, 2014	31,112	161,111	129,999	Not Available	Not Available
September 30, 2013	35,033	35,033	-	550,447	6.36%

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund - Notes to Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date October 1, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of October 1, which is one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution amounts:

Discount rate 7.00% per annum

Salary increases: 5.50% per annum, plus average earnings are loaded by 2.50% to account for

accumulated leave payments upon termination of employment

Cost-of-living assumption: None assumed

Mortality basis:

Retirement:

Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median

mortality tables with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-

2018 and with males ages set back one year.

20% of eligible participants are assumed to retire at age 62, 10% of eligible

participants are assumed to retire at each of ages 63 and 64, and 100% of eligible

participants are assumed to retire at 65.

Other decrements: With respect to participants with less than seven years of service, termination rates

are service-based and range from 8.70% with less than one year of service to 6.00% with between six and seven years of service; with respect to all other participants, termination rates are age-based and range from 5.40% at age 20 to 0.00% at age 60.

Non-investment expenses: Projected benefit liability is loaded by 4.50% to account for anticipated

administrative expenses.

Future contributions: Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally

required.

Assumption changes: None

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information

	(1) Actuarially	(2) Contributio	(3) ns Difference		Column (2) as a % of
	Determined	Recognize	d between	Covered	Covered
Fiscal year end	Contribution	by the Pla	n (1) and (2)	Payroll	Payroll
September 30, 2022	\$ 92,93	8 \$ 119	9,174 \$ (26,236)	n/a	n/a
September 30, 2021	120,86	2 11!	5,557 5,305	22,444	514.87%
September 30, 2020	165,16	8 152	2,922 12,246	75,436	202.72%
September 30, 2019	164,14	9 173	3,780 (9,631)	70,847	245.29%
September 30, 2018	149,98	8 15	7,908 (7,920)	65,605	240.70%
September 30, 2017	150,53	6 150	0,536 -	64,601	233.02%
September 30, 2016	154,86	9 154	4,869 -	126,208	122.71%
September 30, 2015	204,53	9 204	4,539 -	128,143	159.62%
September 30, 2014	190,05	2 190	0,052 -	173,421	109.59%

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years of data is presented.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund - Notes to Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date: October 1, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution amounts:

Funding method: Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are applied: Interest - a half

year, based on the current 7.2% assumption. Salary - a half year, based on the current

4.0% assumption.

Discount rate 7.00% per annum (2.50% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was

used to discount all future benefit payments

Salary increases: 4.0% per year up to the assumed retirement age. Also the projected salary at retirement

is increased 10% to account for non-regular compensation.

Cost-of-living assumption: 2.5% per year.

Mortality basis: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 mortality tables with full generational

improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

Retirement age: Earlier of age 50 or the completion of 20 years of service. Also, any Member who has

reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for on additional year.

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Early retirement: Commencing with the earliest Early Retirement Age (45), Members are assumed to

retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Disability and Termination: See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are

service related.

Payroll growth: 0.00%

Changes: Mortality assumptions were changed from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables to the PUB-

2010 Mortality Tables.

Termination and disability rate tables:

		% Becoming	
	% Terminating	disabled	
Age	during the year	during the year	
20	17.20%	0.03%	
30	15.00%	0.04%	
40	8.20%	0.07%	
50	1.70%	0.18%	

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund and Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Investment Returns Required Supplementary Information

# **General Employees' Pension Trust Fund:**

Annual
money-weighted
rate of return
net of investment

	net of investment
Fiscal year ended	expenses
September 30, 2022	-13.22%
September 30, 2021	19.51%
September 30, 2020	6.79%
September 30, 2019	5.38%
September 30, 2018	7.52%
September 30, 2017	13.40%
September 30, 2016	7.80%
September 30, 2015	0.60%
September 30, 2014	8.57%
September 30, 2013	12.00%

### **Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund:**

Annual money-weighted rate of return net of investment

Fiscal year ended	expenses
September 30, 2022	-15.78%
September 30, 2021	18.98%
September 30, 2020	4.47%
September 30, 2019	2.78%
September 30, 2018	8.32%
September 30, 2017	9.35%
September 30, 2016	9.48%
September 30, 2015	-3.19%
September 30, 2014	6.74%

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years of data is presented.



**OTHER REPORTS** 

# **PURVIS GRAY**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Frostproof, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described below, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### 2022-01 Financial Close and Reporting Process

Condition: During the audit, we noted errors in the current year financial statements, resulting in three material audit adjustments to cash/accounts receivable, capital assets/operating expenses, and accounts receivable/revenues. Additionally, in preparation for the audit, management identified an error in the prior year financial statements, which resulted in a material adjustment to beginning equity.

*Criteria*: Financial close and reporting processes should be in place to ensure that trial balances used to prepare financial reports are accurate and complete.

Cause: Due to turnover and personnel issues in the finance department, the City's internal controls over financial reporting did not adequately identify material errors in the financial statements.

Effect: If the errors corrected had not been detected during our audit, which is designed only to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are fairly presented, the City's financial statements would have been materially misstated.

Recommendation: We recommend that management establish and document a well-defined year-end financial close and reporting process, including overall timing, methodology, format, and frequency of analyses, so that in the event of turnover, management has written policies and procedures to assist with monthly and year-end closing.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 13, 2023 Sarasota, Florida

# **PURVIS GRAY**

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE SECTION 218.415 - INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

We have examined the City of Frostproof, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. City management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

October 13, 2023 Sarasota, Florida

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# **PURVIS GRAY**

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Frostproof, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2023.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated October 13, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There was one audit finding noted in the prior year audit report for which corrective action has been taken.

### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City has disclosed this information in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

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City of Frostproof
Frostproof, Florida

### **MANAGEMENT LETTER**

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the below recommendations:

#### ■ 2022-02 Grant Reconciliation

During the audit, we noted the City had not accrued revenues for the Heartland Protection and Sustainability Project grant resulting in an understatement of \$144,025 in grants receivable and revenues in the Utility Fund. We recommend that the City reconcile grant revenue to expenditures for expenditure-driven grants to ensure that all grant receivables and revenues are recognized when applicable requirements have been met.

### 2022-03 Bonuses

The City Commission approved a bonus to all City employees during the year. Florida Statute 215.425 requires that any policy, ordinance, rule, or resolution designed to implement a bonus scheme: (1) be based on work performance, (2) describe the performance standards and evaluation process by which the bonus will be awarded, (3) notify all employees of the policy before the beginning of the evaluation period on which a bonus will be based, and (4) consider all employees for the bonus. We recommend that the City implement and formally document the statutory requirements prior to approving bonuses. Additionally, all payments should be processed through the payroll system to ensure appropriate tax reporting of additional wages.

### ■ 2022-04 Bank Reconciliation

Timely and accurate bank reconciliations are a key component of internal control over multiple financial reporting processes, including cash receipting, cash disbursements, and payroll functions, as a means of detecting potential errors or irregularities. During the audit we noted that improper reconciling items were included in the bank reconciliation resulting in an overstatement of cash and an understatement of accounts receivable of \$67,016. We recommend that the City review its bank reconciliation process to ensure that review of significant reconciling items is being performed prior to the approval of the bank reconciliation.

# **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a municipality to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the municipality in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Frostproof Frostproof, Florida

#### **MANAGEMENT LETTER**

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted no such items.

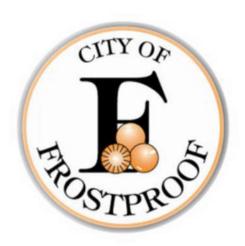
### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the professionalism and courtesies which were extended to our staff. If you have any questions or comments about the contents of this letter, or the information accompanying this letter, please do not hesitate to contact us.

October 13, 2023 Sarasota, Florida

Purvis Gray



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# **OTHER INFORMATION**



October 16, 2023

City of Frostproof City Council 111 West 1<sup>st</sup> Street Frostproof, FL 33843

Honorable Mayor and Council Members:

City Management agrees with the following Audit Findings and are addressing the items and implementing corrections as needed to minimize recurring findings.

### **2022-01 Financial Close and Reporting Process**

During the audit, it was noted errors in the current year financial statements, resulting in three material audit adjustments to cash/accounts receivable, capital assets/operating expenses, and accounts receivable/revenues. Additionally, in preparation for the audit, management identified an error in the prior year financial statements, which resulted in a material adjustment to beginning equity.

**Management Response:** Management will be diligent with making sure adjustments are made in proper period and timely matter by paying close attention to monthly reports.

### 2022-02 Grant Reconciliation

During the audit, it was noted the City had not accrued revenues for the Heartland Protection and Sustainability Project grant resulting in an understatement of \$144,025 in grants receivable and revenues in the Utility Fund. We recommend that the City reconcile grant revenue to expenditures for expenditure-driven grants to ensure that all grant receivables and revenues are recognized when applicable requirements have been met.

**Management Response:** Management will work closely with Finance when grant reimbursement requests are submitted to make sure postings are to the proper period associated with the grant expenditures.

### **2022-03 Bonuses**

The City Commission approved a bonus to all City employees during the year. Florida Statute 215.425 requires that any policy, ordinance, rule, or resolution designed to implement a bonus scheme: (1) be based on work performance, (2) describe the performance standards and evaluation process by which the bonus will be awarded, (3) notify all employees of the policy before the beginning of the evaluation period on which a bonus will be based, and (4) consider all employees for the bonus. We recommend that the City implement and formally document the statutory requirements prior to approving bonuses. Additionally, all payments should be processed through the payroll system to ensure appropriate tax reporting of additional wages.

**Management Response:** Management will bring a draft resolution to City Council implementing a bonus scheme.

#### 2022-04 Bank Reconciliation

Timely and accurate bank reconciliations are a key component of internal control over multiple financial reporting processes, including cash receipting, cash disbursements, and payroll functions, as a means of detecting potential errors or irregularities. During the audit we noted that improper reconciling items were included in the bank reconciliation resulting in an overstatement of cash and an understatement of accounts receivable of \$67,016. We recommend that the City review its bank reconciliation process to ensure that review of significant reconciling items is being performed prior to the approval of the bank reconciliation.

**Management Response:** The Finance Director position is now filled; all of the bank reconciliations are up to date with the exception of the Pooled Cash Account which is currently being worked on.

Noting that 2021 and 2022 were turbulent years for the City considering the staff transitions, specifically in the Finance Department. Management will continue to work diligently to address all concerns expressed by the external auditors.

Sincerely,

Nicole McDowell

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City Manager