omprehensive Annual Inancial eport























City of Oakland Park, Florida

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

ORAFT

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the



Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Trepared by the

Financial Services Department

ORAFT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents

		<u> Page No.</u>
I.	Introductory Section	
	Letter of Transmittal	i - vii
	Organizational Chart	viii
	List of Principal Officials	ix
	Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting	X
	Mission/Vision Statement	xi
II.	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 23
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	24
	Statement of Activities	25
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	26
	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	27
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
	 Governmental Funds 	28
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
	Statement of Activities	29
	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	30
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net	
	Position - Proprietary Funds	31
	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	32
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	33
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	34
	Notes to Financial Statements	35 - 120

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents

(continued)

II.	Financial Section (continued)					
	Required Supplementary Information:					
	Budgetary Comparison Schedules:					
	General Fund		121			
	Oakland Park CRA Fund		122			
	Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	123	-	124		
	Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability					
	- Florida Retirement System (FRS)		125			
	- FRS Health Insurance Subsidy Program		126			
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios					
	- Florida Retirement System (FRS)		127			
	- FRS Health Insurance Subsidy Program		128			
	- General Employees Pension Plan		129			
	- Police and Firefighters Retirement System		130			
	Schedule of Employer Contributions					
	- Florida Retirement System (FRS)		131			
	 FRS Health Insurance Subsidy Program 		132			
	- General Employees Pension Plan		133			
	- Police and Firefighters Retirement System		134			
	Schedule of Investment Returns		135			
	Schedule of Changes in Other Post-Employment Liability and Related Ratios		136			
	Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements:					
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds		137			
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in					
	Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds		138			
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -					
	Budget and Actual: Non-Major Governmental Funds					
	Grant Fund		139			
	Impact Fee Fund		140			
	Debt Service Fund		141			

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents

(continued)

		<u>Page No.</u>			
II.	Financial Section (continued)				
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds		143		
	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position				
	– Pension Trust Funds		144		
III.	Statistical Section				
	Net Position by Component	145	- 146		
	Changes in Net Position	147	- 150		
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	151	- 152		
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	153	- 154		
	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property		155		
	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates		156		
	Principal Property Taxpayers		157		
	Property Tax Levies and Collection		158		
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	159	- 160		
	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding		161		
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt		162		
	Legal Debt Margin Information	163	- 164		
	Pledged Revenue Coverage	165	- 166		
	Demographic and Economic Statistics		167		
	Principal Employers		168		
	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	169	- 170		
	Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program	171	- 172		
	Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program		173		

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents

(continued)

		<u>Pa</u>	ge]	No.
IV.	Compliance Section			
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		174	
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		175	;
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial			
	Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on An			
	Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with			
	Government Auditing Standards	176	-	177
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements			
	Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control			
	over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance			
	and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General	178	-	179
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Federal Awards	180	-	181
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		182	
	Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor			
	General of the State of Florida	183	-	186

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

ORAFT



April 30, 2021

The Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and Citizens of the City of Oakland Park:

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Oakland Park, Florida (the "City" or "Oakland Park"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, pursuant to Section 218.39 of the Florida Statutes and City Charter. The financial statements included in this report conform to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. The financial statements have been audited by BCA Watson Rice LLP, Certified Public Accountants. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified opinion that provides a reasonable basis for an opinion that the City's basic financial statements are fairly presented and complies with all reporting standards noted above.

The contents of the financial report have been influenced by compliance with GASB pronouncements, including GASB Statement 34 that requires the preparation of government-wide financial statements on a full accrual basis of accounting for all funds as well as the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The Reporting Entity and Services

The City was originally incorporated as the Town of Floranada in 1925, and reincorporated as the City of Oakland Park on June 7, 1929. The City's Charter was adopted by the State Legislature on July 15, 1959. The City operates under the Commission-Manager form of government wherein five members, one of whom is the Mayor, are elected at large. The City Commission determines the policies that guide the City's operations by hiring a City Manager to implement and administer these policies on a full-time basis.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB No. 61, the City has included the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), a blended component unit, in its report since the City is financially accountable for and is able to impose its will on the agency or there is a potential for the agency to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Also, the CRA's outstanding debt is expected to be repaid entirely with resources of the City. The nature and significance of its relationship with the City are such that exclusion of the CRA would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Oakland Park provides a full range of municipal services including fire, emergency medical and police services (contracted through the Broward Sheriff's Office), parks and leisure facilities, solid waste collection, water/wastewater, and stormwater management. Oakland Park is one of the few cities in Broward County that operates its own library, a wonderful resource for City residents. Oakland Park is also home to many wonderful parks, such as Royal Palm Park, Jaco Pastorius Park and Veterans Park that overlooks beautiful Blue Heron Lake. In addition, Oakland Park has many beautiful lakes, waterways and canals running through the City, making it an attractive place to live, work, and play.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of Oakland Park comprises approximately eight square miles and is located in the eastern portion of central Broward County, a major metropolitan area. Numerous major attractions are situated in close proximity to the City, such as the Broward Center for Performing Arts and the Broward Convention Center, with the Atlantic Ocean less than three miles away. Local businesses benefit from the sizeable tourist trade the region generates. Residents and visitors have many transportation resources available, access to all major airlines at three nearby international airports, as well as access to rail service, shipping ports, and interstate highways. The new Major League Soccer team Inter Miami CF's stadium has just finished construction and the team's first match was played in March 2020; this stadium is located directly across from Oakland Park's northwestern city limits in Fort Lauderdale and is expected to further enrich local business. Residents and visitors have many transportation resources available, access to all major airlines at three nearby international airports, as well as access to rail service, shipping ports, and interstate highways.

According to the most recent estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, Oakland Park, is home to an estimated 45,202 residents. The City is diverse, 58.1% of our residents are white, 27.4% are black, 3.8% are Asian, and remaining population reports other races (e.g. Native American). Hispanic and Latino residents of any race are 31.0% of the population Close to 57% of our residents are under the age of 45 with the median age being approximately 41. Although Oakland Park is primarily a residential community with slightly over 40% of land use dedicated to residences, the City also has a relatively high proportion devoted to commercial, light industrial and community facility uses, close to 20%. Further, a significant amount of land use, nearly 40%, is dedicated to parks, roads, waterways, canals, and lakes.

The economy in the year 2020 was one marked by incredible and rapid changes due to the COVID-19 pandemic and lingering uncertainty. Record low unemployment in December 2019 quickly turned into record-high levels of unemployment and years of economic expansion came to a halt. As noted by the National Bureau of Economic Research in the announcement of a formal recession in June of 2020, the pandemic created an "unprecedented magnitude of the decline in employment and production". Despite the economic slowdown, the housing market remained stable both in Florida and nationwide. The Building Division of the Engineering and Community Development Department served approximately 16,450 customers and issued 3,759 permits despite the COVID-19 pandemic. The job construction value of permits issued was \$52.5 million, a decrease of approximately 26% from last year, but job value is anticipated to increase greatly large residential and mixed-use projects seek permits in 2021. The unemployment rate in Broward County at the end of FY 20 was at 8.2% or an increase of 5.4% from FY 19, again due to the pandemic. The South Florida region's jobless rate was 2.5% higher at 9.7% than the State rate of 7.2%. These reflect some of the highest historical rates for unemployment, unprecedented levels for the year due to the pandemic, and the impact travel restrictions have had on South Florida's tourism-heavy economy.

The real property taxable value was unaffected by the pandemic and the high growth trend continued. The City's tax base is comprised of 63.2% residential, 20.8% commercial, 14.6% industrial use and 1.4% miscellaneous. The value of new construction, together with the taxable value of the property located within Oakland Park, over the past fifteen (15) years is shown below:

	(\$ millions)	(\$ billions)				
<u>Year</u>	Construction Value	Property Taxable Value				
2006	71.7	2.6				
2007	107.2	3.2				
2008	62.3	3.5				
2009	47.7	3.2				

Economic Condition and Outlook (continued)

<u>Year</u>	(\$ millions) <u>Construction Value</u>	(\$ billions) Property Taxable Value
2010	34.8	2.3
2011	22.3	2.3
2012	40.6	2.1
2013	39.7	2.2
2014	34.4	2.4
2015	39.4	2.5
2016	84.3	2.7
2017	107.3	3.0
2018	64.5	3.3
2019	71.3	3.5
2020	52.5	3.8

As shown above, the City's property tax base is now at the highest level on record, at \$3.8 billion.

Major Initiatives

The City of Oakland Park has been aggressively pursuing funds to continue its revitalization program over the past several years. From drainage to street, park improvements and redevelopment, "A City on the Move" embraces the City Commission's direction of an "Engaged, Inspired and United" community. The City is continuing its revitalization program which addresses major improvements to roadways within the City, landscape enhancements, recreational amenities and infrastructure upgrades to water distribution and wastewater collection systems, in addition to drainage improvements. The following milestones are a testament to the City's progress:

- Completed the NW 10th Avenue Project which included the installation of a concrete shared-use path, road widening, installation of a dedicated bike lane, landscaping, irrigation, lighting and milling & resurfacing;
- Completed the Bid Pack 8 Project. The project included the replacement and upsizing of existing water mains, sidewalk installation, minor drainage improvements, Lift Station rehabilitation (B1) and milling & resurfacing;
- Completed the design for the Municipal Building Hardening Project;
- Completed the design for the Stunson Nature Trail viewing Area;
- Initiated the Planning/Design process for multiple City facilities: City Park (Phase I&II), Public Works, Fire Station 9, Fire Station 20, Fire Station 87 (Remodel), L-Shaped Building and;
- Initiated the design of a new Public Works Maintenance and Operations Complex.

Major Initiatives (continued)

Building on the prudent fiscal management of the past years, FY 20 continued a major transition in the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) five-year plan, as focus shifts away from exclusively underground improvements to above ground components including downtown enhancements, streetscapes, parks facilities, mobility enhancements, and redevelopment projects. The City's investment in the downtown has provided the momentum and commercial interest from investors that is spreading throughout the City. The success of the downtown redevelopment has generated an increase in development, property sales and new investments. The succeeding year maintains this direction and builds on the momentum through major capital investments in western corridors. The City's strategic CIP efforts to upgrade the infrastructure have led to the next stage of planning and implementation for the City's renewed prosperity. Many of the new projects reflect funding from the City's \$40 million General Obligation bond program or are supported through the County's Transportation Surtax program. This year and continuing into next year, the CIP provides projects that promote a sustainable future through enhancements in our City parks and other above ground beautification improvements that promote walkable, bicycle friendly and landscaped streetscapes such as the following, among others:

- NE 34th Ct from NE 12th Terr. To NE 16th Ave Roadway Improvement
- NE 13th Ave Infrastructure Improvements
- Stunson Nature Trail Phase 2
- Citywide Tree Canopy Enhancements
- Oakland Park Blvd West Landscaping Improvements Phase 2
- Main Street Traffic Recirculation
- Oakland Park Elementary School Sidewalk Project
- Lakeside Sidewalk Project
- Lloyd Estates (Safe Routes to School) Sidewalk Project

Changes to Financial Policies and Long-Term Financial Planning

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the government is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. In addition, the City maintains extensive budgetary controls and maintains an encumbrance accounting system. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Commission. A five-year capital improvement plan is also provided to City Commission with the current year of the capital plan appropriated by the City Commission, similar to the other funds.

Major Initiatives (continued)

The City Commission has adopted financial policies that have an ongoing impact on City-wide operations and has established the framework for sound financial management. These policies are presented to the Commission for review as part of the final budget hearing. These fiscal policies provide guidelines for budgeting, fund balance, accounting records, investment and debt management.

In October 2019, the City issued water-sewer revenue bonds in the amount of \$10.73 million to refund the existing 2010b Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds. These new bonds will fully mature on 9/01/2040, the same date as the original bonds. By issuing these refunding bonds, the City has reduced the annual debt service of the water and sewer fund by approximately \$80 thousand a year. This secures a net present value savings \$1,212,564 to the City. These bonds received a high AA credit rating for Standard & Poor's and as part of a separate "green" evaluation, S&P also rated the City's bonds as having "E1" status, the strongest Green Evaluation score on their scale.

On June 11, 2020, the City issued \$26 million of the \$40-million General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds which was approved by the residents at the general election in November 2018. The proceeds of G.O. Bonds are to be used to fund the modernization of the City facilities such as the three (3) fire rescue stations, the municipal library, the community centers, and City Park. The G.O. Bonds of the City are payable from a separate debt service millage levied on all taxable real and tangible personal property within the City. There is no direct limitations imposed by the Florida Constitution or the Florida Statutes on the amount of debt that the City can issue.

Under the City Commission's guidance, six (6) Strategic Performance Areas (SPAs) have been identified:

- Financial stability and sustainability
- Infrastructure needs
- Public safety and security
- Smart growth and redevelopment
- Maintaining parks, leisure facilities, and activities
- Focus on Oakland Park's image

Each of the above-mentioned areas has its performance goals and key intended results. The actions taken by the City reflects progress toward these goals. To effectuate the strategic plan, a business plan is developed as part of the budget to focus on furthering these strategic goals. In FY 2020, the City committed to over 100 BPI activities at a cost of approximately \$3.7 million. Major components of the program included road resurfacing, continued work on revisions to downtown development regulations, updates to the Stormwater Master Plan, the first phase of Evaluation and Appraisal Report of the City's Comprehensive Plan, and purchase of additional stormwater and sewer equipment. Many of the initially planned business plan activities were altered during the 2020 fiscal year to reflect the realities of the COVID-19 pandemic, with resources shifted to help facilitate support to residents and local businesses and to implement and expand online services options.

The City has seen transformational change in recent years. Before the COVID-19 pandemic hit in March 2020, the effects of the recession of 2007 continue to subside as the market recovered and Oakland Park's tax base reached full recovery, exceeding the peak tax base before the recession by 6%. Broward County Property Appraiser data shows that Oakland Park's growth in taxable value is strong, with 2020 tax year data showing almost 7% increase over 2019. The City's Community Redevelopment Agency's activities have continued to succeed in attracting new investments and as of the 2020 tax year, the total tax base for

Major Initiatives (continued)

the CRA was at 115% of the pre-recession peak value. These positive trends are expected to continue as the City is increasingly seeing larger proposed development and redevelopment projects that are anticipated to bring critical mixed-use buildings to the City's downtown area and along major corridors, in addition to expanding the City's tax base. There are currently over 1,000 new residential units that are currently permitted, under construction, or have their site plans approved.

The development trend is expected to continue for Oakland Park, particularly in the City's downtown area. Investment in the downtown area is accelerating, with two mixed-use projects currently in development. The downtown area was also recommended as one of the potential stops for the Tri-Rail Coastal Link passenger service in the 2019 Regional Planning Council Station Area Master Plan. In August 2020, the City Commission adopted a resolution to express support for a commuter rail platform to be located in the downtown, which would positively enhance City's economy, encouraging investment and attracting more interest in development.

The main focus of the City's activities is the implementation of a comprehensive facilities program. In November of 2018, City residents approved a \$40 million general obligation bond to replace and modernize the City's aged facilities, including fire stations, community centers, and the City's municipal library. The City intends to strategically implement the bond projects in a way that will maintain continuity of services, maximize value & utilize resources judiciously, optimize opportunities, and be consistent with the strategic vision for the City as set by the City Commission. As previously mentioned, the City issued the first tranche of the G.O. Bonds in the amount of \$26 million in June 2020. The new program provides an opportunity to reshape how and where services are delivered to the community for the next generation. The City has engaged with residents, expert consultants, and local businesses to ensure the plan adopted promotes economic development and sustainability, is grounded in fiscal responsibility, addresses long-term needs, and realizes the highest and best use of City property. Some results of these efforts include the development of a centralized "City Park" using land currently hosting Public Works operations and Fire Station, both of which will be relocated. The City's existing municipal library will be relocated to the City Park site, which will also feature a community center, splash pad, pickleball, basketball, urban forest, and other amenities. To maximize the leverage of bond dollars, the City has been aggressively seeking grant dollars for projects. The City has committed to completing the bond program in 2029 to coincide with Oakland Park's centennial anniversary.

Even as economic conditions have been severely affected due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the City remains dedicated to a culture of service and efficiency. The City continues to examine the ways it does its business; City services transitioned to online delivery and remote work was implemented for many positions. 2020 was an atypical year, as the focus of the City was not just how to deliver normal services safely, but also to meet the needs of the community during these difficult times. Oakland Park collaborated with Broward County on residential and small business assistance programs, mobilized staff to provide food deliveries for at-risk residents, and opened the first municipal vaccination site in Broward County.

Through careful planning and investments, the City is prepared to go the distance needed to achieve its goals: Oakland Park is truly a City on the Move.

Independent Audit

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 218.39, the City has engaged the firm of BCA Watson Rice, LLP to perform the independent audit of the City's financial statements. The Independent Certified Public Accountant's report is included in the financial section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Awards

The Governmental Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

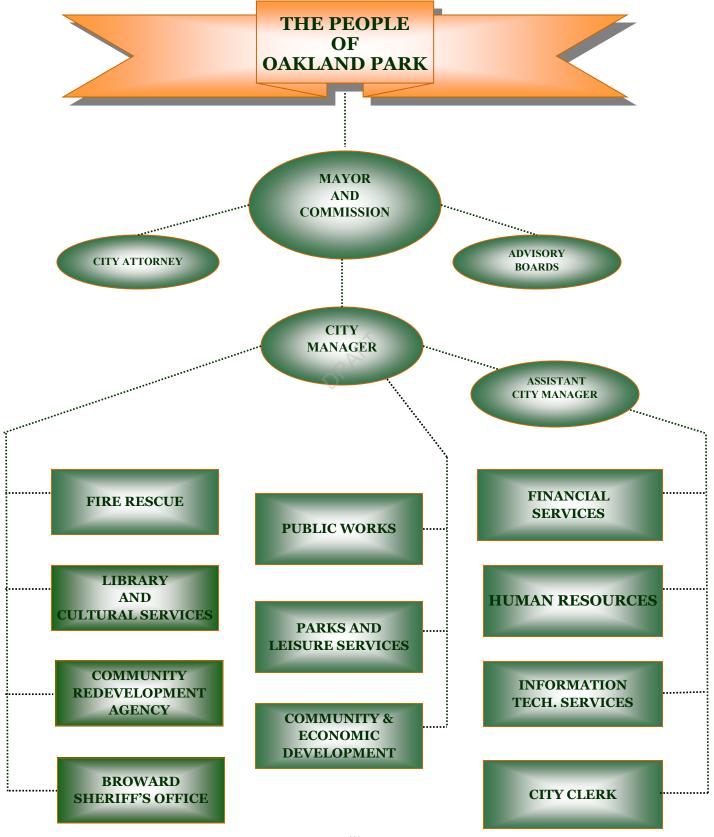
The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department and the City's audit firm, BCA Watson Rice LLP. We express our appreciation to them for their support in planning, conducting and attesting to the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. We would also like to thank the various operating departments for their timely contributions in the writing of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

David HebertCity Manager

Jennifer Frastai Assistant City Manager **Andrew Thompson**Director of Financial Services

CITY OF OAKLAND PARK ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



COMMISSION - MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT LIST OF CURRENT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COMMISSION

JANE F. BOLIN
Mayor

MICHAEL E. CARN

Vice Mayor

MITCH ROSENWALD

Commissioner

MATTHEW SPARKS

Commissioner

AISHA GORDON

Commissioner

SENIOR EXECUTIVE TEAM

DAVID HEBERT

City Manager

DONALD J. DOODY

City Attorney

JENNIFER FRASTAI

Assistant City Manager

RENEE SHROUT

City Clerk

LORI DAY

Human Resources Director

ANDREW THOMPSON, CGFO

Financial Services Director

HEIDI BURNETT

Library & Cultural Services Director

STEPHEN KRIVJANIK

Fire Chief

BRYNT JOHNSON

Engineering and Building Services Director

ALBERT CARBON

Public Works Director

PETER SCHWARZ

Community and Economic Development Di

BRAD OSTROFF

Parks & Leisure Services Interim Director

TAMMY MCNEAL

Police Chief - BSO



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Oakland Park Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



OUR VISION

Oakland Park – A hometown choice for excellence in people, public service, and community.

OUR MISSION

We strive every day to deliver – in a friendly, courteous, reliable, and responsive manner – a diverse set of efficient and effective City services that exceed the expectations of our residents, businesses, and employees.

OUR VALUES

Our actions are guided by the following principles:

RESPECT

We value all members of our diverse community and will treat everyone with the highest respect.

INTEGRITY

The highest standards of honesty and fairness are the foundations of all policies and decisions.

SERVICE

We work together to satisfy the needs of our entire community in the most effective and efficient way possible.

EXCELLENCE

We are committed to excellence through hard work, innovation, creativity, and continuous improvement.



This page is intentionally left blank.

FINANCIAL SECTION

ORAFT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ORAFT



phone: 305.947.1638 fax: 800.698.1440

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Oakland Park, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oakland Park, Florida ("the City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information* on pages 4 through 23 and 121 through 124 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical tables and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other accompanying information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 30, 2021 BCA Waton Rice LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Rounding Disclaimer:

Due to rounding, numbers presented in the succeeding pages may not add up precisely to the totals provided, and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

The management of the City of Oakland Park (the "City") has included this section in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. It is intended to provide readers of this report with a general overview of the financial activities of the City during fiscal year 2020. The information in this section should be considered in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal, the City's financial statements, the notes to financial statements and other required supplemental information.

This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The information contained within this section should be considered only a part of a greater whole. Due to rounding, minor differences may appear between the numbers used in the analyses and the condensed financial information.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following are the highlights of financial condition and activities as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020:

- At the close of FY 2020, the City's total assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$170.2 million, a decrease of \$1.4 million from previous year. Of this total net position amount, \$15.7 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to residents.
- The City's \$50.0 million expenses for governmental activities exceeded the \$48.7 million revenues resulting in a negative change in net position of \$1.3 million. The decrease in net position is primarily due to the \$3.1 million increase of the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) with the Florida Retirement System (FRS), among others. The upward trend of the City's proportionate share of NPL in FRS relates to the increases in covered payroll, most significantly due to the entry of the City's firefighters into the FRS Special Risk Class category effective FY 2019.
- The City's business-type activities recognized \$30.6 million revenues against \$30.7 million expenses posting a negative \$.1 million change in net position. Compared to last year, revenues dropped by about \$1.1 million. This is attributable to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic as demand for water and sewer services went down due to businesses, especially restaurants and bars within the city, being closed or did not operate at full capacity. The very low interest rates also deprived the enterprise funds from generating the same level of interest income that was earned in FY 2019.
- The General Fund's (GF) revenues of \$53.5 million surpassed the expenditures of \$50.0 million by \$3.6 million before transfers. With a net transfer out of \$2.1 million, a net increase in the fund balance of \$1.4 million can be noted. The positive net change in fund balance reflects the increase in property values coupled with the slight increase in the millage rate from 5.9985 in FY 2019 to 6.0880 in FY 2020, in addition to efforts to create operational savings to the COVID-19 related economy uncertainties

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

- At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$18.8 million. Of this balance, about \$1.4 million was either in non-spendable form such as inventory and prepaid cost of insurance or restricted due to the amounts being set aside for grant match and other specified purposes; and \$4.1 million is assigned for subsequent year's budget. The remaining \$13.4 million of total fund balance is unassigned and is available for new spending pursuant to the City Commission's financial policies.
- During the year, Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (OPCRA) fund increased its fund balance by \$49 thousand resulting from its conscious efforts to conservatively use available fund balance in response to the COVID-19 pandemic while continuing to support core services. Historically, the CRA is funded annually by transfers from the General Fund which was \$347 thousand for FY 2020.
- With the inflow of the proceeds from the \$26 million G.O. bonds that was issued during the year to finance the improvement of City facilities, the Capital Projects Fund became a major fund. Fund balance of \$33.9 million in the Capital Project Funds is all committed for capital projects.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and an additional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and capital assets used in the operations of governmental activities. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government and reports the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - ➤ Governmental funds statements tell how general government services, such as parks and recreation, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Required Components of City's Annual Financial Report Management Basic Required Financial Supplementary Discussion Statements Analysis Notes Fund to the Financial Financial **Financial** Statements Summary

Figure A-1

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- > Proprietary funds statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as utilities (water and sewer), solid waste and stormwater systems.
- Fiduciary funds statements report assets held in a trustee capacity for others and, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and are related to one another.

In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our nonmajor governmental funds, each of which is added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows and total liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The government activities of the City of Oakland Park include public works, engineering, parks and recreation, library, community development, fire rescue, community enhancement, police services provided by the Broward's Sheriff Office, and general administration services. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer systems, the solid waste operations and the stormwater system. The government-wide financial statements are on pages 24 and 25 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Oakland Park, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City of Oakland Park maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is always considered to be a major fund. The CRA Fund, although non-major, is presented as a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund and the CRA Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 to 29 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, solid waste and stormwater operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer, solid waste and stormwater operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 to 32 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 to 34 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 35 to 120 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*, which includes information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 121 to 136 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 137 to 144 of this report.

Our analysis of the financial statements of the City begins below. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities that will help answer questions about the position of the City. Both fiscal years 2020 and 2019 are presented for comparison.

- The rest of the page is intentionally left blank. -

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position:

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator over time of a government's financial strength. The table below summarizes Oakland Park's net position as of September 30, 2020 and 2019:

			•	Dakland Pa Net Positio In Thousan	n							
		rnmental ctivities	2020 Business-type Activities			Total	Governmental Activities		2019 Business-type Activities		Total	
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	22,411	\$	22,667	\$	45,078	\$	26,445	\$	29,054	\$	55,499
Capital assets		55,758		18,740		74,498		88,883		124,318		213,201
Total assets		78,169		41,406		119,575		115,328		153,372		268,700
Deferred outflows of resources		53		176		229		15,810		2,592		18,402
Liabilities			O.									
Accounts payable and other liabilities		4,551		6,785		11,337		4,944		7,666		12,609
Long-term liabilities		78,491		49,311		127,802		46,475		50,122		96,597
Total liabilities		83,042		56,096		139,138		51,419		57,787		109,206
Deferred inflows of resources		278		72		350		5,369		930		6,300
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		-		72,489		80,460		152,949
Restricted		1,057		400		1,457		1,458		1,481		2,939
Unrestricted		-		1,094		1,094		403		15,305		15,708
Total net position	\$	1,057	\$	(14,586)	\$	(19,684)	\$	74,350	\$	97,246	\$	171,596

There are six (6) basic transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation:

- 1) Net results of activities will impact current assets and unrestricted net position;
- 2) Borrowing for capital will increase current assets and long-term debt;
- 3) Spending or lack of spending of borrowed proceeds will affect current assets and capital assets;

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Statement of Net Position: (continued)

- 4) Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital will reduce current assets, increase capital assets, reduce unrestricted net position, and increase net investment in capital assets;
- 5) Principal payment on debt will reduce current assets, long-term debt, reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets; and
- 6) Reduction of capital assets through depreciation will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

The City's combined net position was \$170.2 million as of the end of FY 2020; \$73.1 million for governmental activities and \$97.1 million for business-type activities. This represents a \$1.4 million or 0.83% decrease from the net position of last year. It can be noted that current and other assets increased by \$29.0 million which reflects the inflow of the \$26 million General Obligation (G.O.) bonds that was issued during the year. Despite various capital improvement spending and other capital asset acquisitions during the year which amounted to \$6.5 million, net capital assets only posted an increase of \$98.0 thousand. This is due to the related depreciation of the capital assets that amounted to \$6.2 million during the year.

The decrease in deferred outflow of resources of \$221 thousand or 1.2%, and the decrease in deferred inflow of resources of \$1.4 million or -22.9%, are primarily driven by the actuarial valuation changes of the City's proportionate share of pension items with FRS and the City-sponsored General Employees Pension Plan & Police & Firefighters Retirement System.

Accounts payable and other liabilities decreased by \$764 thousand or -6.1% while long-term liabilities increased by \$32.5 million reflecting the first tranche of the G.O. bonds of \$26 million that were issued with a premium of \$5.8 million in February 2020.

The City's net position is heavily weighted on its investment in capital assets such as lands, buildings, equipment and infrastructure. For fiscal year 2020, the net position in this category is 89.3% or \$151.9 million city-wide. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another portion of the City's combined net position of \$2.5 million or 1.4% that represents resources of the government that are not spendable or subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance in *unrestricted net position* of \$15.7 million or 9.2% may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations and projects to residents and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Statement of Activities:

The following table reflects the City's revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2020 compared to fiscal year 2019, with the resulting change in net position:

		Chan	ges i	nd Park, n Net Pos nousands)	itio					
			2	2020					2019	
		vernmental Activities		iness-type ctivities		Total		vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	11,017	\$	30,044	\$	41,061	\$	11,056	\$ 30,685	\$ 41,741
Operating grants/contributions		258		115		373		221	237	458
Capital grants/contributions		606		-		606		948	100	1,048
General revenues			<							
Property taxes		20,616	The	-		20,616		18,988	-	18,988
Franchise fees		2,601		-		2,601		2,671	-	2,671
Utility taxes		4,876		-		4,876		4,973	-	4,973
Communication service taxes		1,435		-		1,435		1,353	-	1,353
Other taxes		1,784		-		1,784		1,938	-	1,938
Intergovernmental		4,320		-		4,320		4,752	-	4,752
Investment earnings		327		414		741		588	612	1,200
Miscellaneous revenue		835			_	835		919	 	 919
Total revenues		48,675		30,572		79,247		48,407	 31,634	 80,041
Expenses:										
General government		1,356		-		1,356		1,597	-	1,597
Public safety		29,498		-		29,498		28,764	-	28,764
Public works		7,725		-		7,725		7,681	-	7,681
Engineering & community development		6,104		-		6,104		5,390	-	5,390
Culture/recreation		4,223		-		4,223		4,809	-	4,809
Water & Sewer		-		20,316		20,316		-	21,810	21,810
Solid Waste		-		6,554		6,554		-	5,357	5,357
Stormwater		-		3,827		3,827		-	3,771	3,771
Interest on long-term debt		1,068			_	1,068		547	 	 547
Total expenses		49,974		30,698		80,672	_	48,788	 30,938	 79,726
Increase in net position		(1,299)		(126)		(1,425)		(381)	696	315
Net position, beginning		74,350		97,246	_	171,596		74,731	 96,551	 171,282
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	73,051	\$	97,121	\$	170,172	\$	74,350	\$ 97,246	\$ 171,596

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

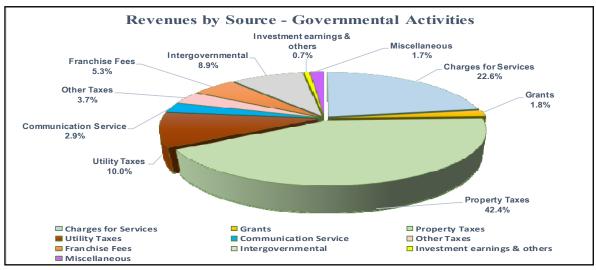
Statement of Activities: (continued)

The following information is presented to assist the reader in understanding the different types of factors that can affect the results from operation. Examples of events that may impact the revenues are as follows:

- 1) *Economic condition* can reflect a declining, stable or growing environment and has a substantial impact on property, non-ad valorem assessments, sales, gas, or other tax revenues as well as consumer spending habits.
- 2) The City Commission has significant authority to set *increases or decreases in City's rates* (water, wastewater, stormwater, permitting, impact fees, user fees, etc.).
- 3) *Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenues* (both recurring and non-recurring) can significantly change and impact the annual comparisons.
- 4) *Market impacts on investment income* may cause investment revenues to fluctuate from the prior year.

Other factors that may impact the expenses are presented below:

- 1) Introduction of new programs or increase in the City's boundary can have a substantial impact on property, non-ad valorem assessments, sales, gas, or other tax revenues as well as consumer spending habits for building permits, user fees and consumption.
- 2) *Changes in service demand levels* can cause the City to increase or decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent 34.1% of the City's operating costs.
- 3) *Salary increases* such as cost of living, performance increases and market adjustments can impact personal service costs.
- 4) While **inflation** appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as chemicals, supplies, fuels and parts. Some functional expenses may experience unusual commodity specific increases.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

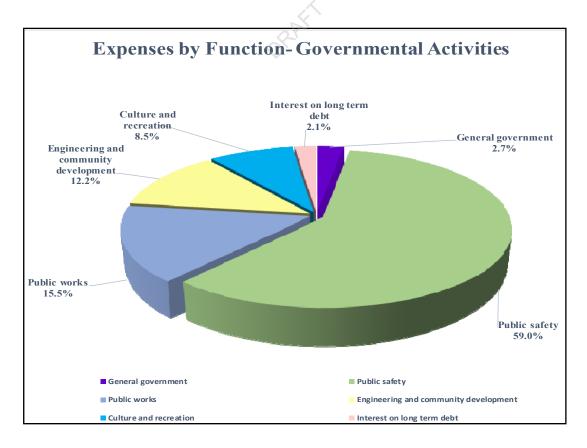
FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Statement of Activities: (continued)

As can be noted on the chart on the previous page, there are two primary contributors to governmental revenues (exclusive of transfers) – which are the property taxes and charges for services. For FY 2020, property taxes at \$20.6 million represent 42.4% of governmental revenues while charges for services at \$11.0 million represent 22.6% of revenues. Grant revenues realized during the year is close to a million at \$864 thousand is 1.8% of the total revenues.

In governmental activities, an increase of \$269 thousand in gross revenues was posted in FY 2020 when compared to FY 2019 primarily due to the increase in property tax revenues by \$1.6 million which reflected the effect of increasing taxable property values. Additional increase in revenue of \$82 thousand was also provided by communication service tax. However, as the City and the rest of the country and the world suffered from the ill effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, the anticipated revenue losses were experienced during FY 2020. The revenue streams that were negatively affected were: intergovernmental revenues, decreased by \$432 thousand; investment earnings decreased by \$261 thousand; utility and other taxes decreased by \$250 thousand; charges for services decreased by \$39 thousand; and miscellaneous income decreased by \$84 thousand.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

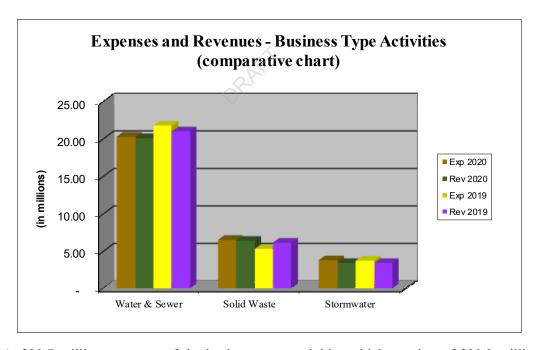
FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Statement of Activities: (continued)

During 2020, total expenses in governmental activities increased by \$1.2 million while business-type activities decreased by \$240 thousand. As shown on the chart in the previous page, governmental expenses are largely weighted in one function, public safety which consists of police (provided by Broward Sheriff's Office) and fire rescue services. At \$29.5 million, public safety is 59.0% of total governmental activities expenses, as reflected on the chart in the previous page.

The revenues earned by the business-type activities are derived primarily from one source which is the charges for sales and services totaling \$30.0 million which is 98.3% of the total. The charges for services represent the fees charged by each of the City's enterprise funds, as follows: \$20.2 million for Water and Sewer, \$6.3 million for Solid Waste and \$3.5 million for Storm water. The total revenues in the business-type activities decreased by \$962 thousand from last year's brought about by the economic slowdown due to COVID-19 pandemic. Further discussion is provided on page 15.



This year's \$30.7 million expenses of the business-type activities which consists of \$20.3 million for Water and Sewer, \$6.6 million for Solid Waste and \$3.8 million for Storm water, is \$240 thousand less than last year's total expenses of \$30.9 million. This slight decrease of \$200 thousand is due to the cost-saving efforts of the City in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, one of which is the implementation of a modified work schedule that effectively reduced the City's personnel cost by 10% for six months during FY 2020.

As mentioned previously, the City's results of operations in governmental activities and business-type activities caused a combined decrease of \$1.4 million in the City's net position. Further analysis is provided in the government fund financial analysis section on the next page.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City Commission has adopted a fiscal policy establishing minimum fund balance requirements. All fund balances in governmental funds are classified based on the level of the resource spending constraints and their purposes. As the City completed the year, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$53.5 million. This includes an increase of \$32.2 million is from the proceeds of the General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds issued in February 2020. Of the total, \$0.5 million is non-spendable in General Fund and about \$1.1 million sits in restricted fund balance (\$803.1 thousand for General Fund and \$254.0 thousand for non-major governmental funds). Committed funds amounted to \$33.9 million for capital projects. Funds assigned for General Fund's subsequent year's budget is \$4.2 million and \$233 thousand for debt service. The \$13.4 million unassigned fund balance is available for any purpose as allowed by the City Commission-adopted fiscal policies.

Before other financing sources, FY 2020's the excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund was \$3.6 million or \$413.0 thousand more than FY 2019 due to a combination of factors, but primarily driven by cost-savings measures implemented in reaction to COVID-19. These factors, and more, are further discussed in the General Fund budgetary highlights section in the next page.

In FY 2020, General Fund provided transfers out to other governmental funds was higher than last year's - from \$2.2 million in FY 2019 to \$3.7 million for FY 2020. The increase was mainly for more funding requirement of debt service payments and capital projects. Another transfer was for operating support to the CRA. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$13.4 million at the end FY 2020 is considered to be adequate for fiscal reserve and in compliance with the City's fiscal policy.

Expenditures of \$50.0 million, excluding transfers out, in the General fund were \$3.9 million below the revised budget of \$53.9 million due to savings and unspent funds. *Please refer to the General Fund Budget Highlights section in the next page for further information.*

As it relates to OPCRA, its revenues and other financing sources exceeded its expenditures by \$48.8 thousand due to vacancy savings. As mentioned, OPCRA is primarily funded by annual operating transfers from the General Fund transfers.

The fund balance of non-major governmental funds appears to decrease by \$3.2 million from \$3.7 million in FY 2019 to \$0.5 million in FY 2020. This is because Capital Projects Fund is no longer a component of the non-major funds, but is now treated as a major fund. The proceeds of the issuance of G.O. bond during the year, as mentioned above, are recorded in the Capital Projects Fund where it provides funding for the City's facility improvements. The other non-major funds are the Debt Service Fund and the Special Revenue Funds which did not have significant activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, for business-type activities, but in more detail.

For fiscal year 2020, a combined \$97.1 million net position was reported, of which \$14.6 million was unrestricted. Among the City's three enterprise funds, Water and Sewer and the Stormwater Funds have significant investments in capital assets which are required to run the daily operations. The Water and Sewer represents the bulk of the unrestricted net position at \$10.1 million.

Water and Sewer (W&S) Fund - Operating revenues decreased by approximately \$901 thousand and operating expenses also decreased by approximately \$2.0 million from FY 2019. With restaurants and bars in the city were being closed or not operating at full capacity due to the pandemic, water salesand wastewater charges were reduced. There was also an observable decrease in the operating costs of the water and sewer fund, \$2.1 million or 10.1%, largely due to the decrease in the cost of water purchase resulting from lesser volume of purchased water and due to the lower rate of purchased water from Fort Lauderdale, resulting from Fort Lauderdale's recent water rate study.

Solid Waste Fund - Operating revenues increased by approximately \$262 thousand and operating expenses decreased by approximately \$1.2 million from FY 2019. The slight increase in revenue is due to the minor increase in the residential assessment rate, from \$227 in FY 2019 to \$235 in FY 2020. Commercial solid waste rates were also increased by 6%. Both rate charges are intended to stabilize the fund and maintain fund balance above the minimum level of reserves set by Commission policy. Operating expenses significantly went up as the recycling cost reached a high of \$88.37 per ton during FY 2020 compared to a high of only \$79.89 per ton in FY 2019.

Stormwater Fund – Operating revenues for the year ended at about the same as last year's \$3.5 million. Revenues were generated based on the same annual stormwater assessment rate of \$84 per equivalent residential unit (ERU). The recurring operating expenses during FY 2020 were slightly lower than prior year due to some cost-saving measures implemented by the City in response to the pandemic. However, an important update to the stormwater master plan and flood vulnerability assessment study began, which posted an increase of about \$72 thousand or 2.1% to the total operating expenses for FY 2020 when compared to last year.

- The rest of the page is intentionally left blank. -

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

As the adopted budget for the FY 2020 was formulated and approved prior to when the COVID-19 pandemic hit, it reflected another modest improvement in the economy with indications such as building permits revenues continuing to surpass the budget and the seventh expansion of the property tax base since 2008. Midway through FY 2020, the local, state, and national economy faced challenges brought about by the pandemic. The City took immediate action by evaluating potential impacts on revenue sources and scaling down the budget. City management made reductions in spending where able, while maintaining consistent City service levels. The City entered the pandemic in a stable financial position and continues to maintain a stable financial position.

The FY 20 adopted budget of the General Fund was approximately \$55 million, representing an increase of approximately \$1.9 million (3.7%) versus the FY 19 adopted budget of approximately \$53 million. Property tax continued to represent the largest source of revenue for the General Fund, providing approximately one-third of all revenues. Property tax is based on two main elements: 1) the assessed property tax base, and 2) the millage rate set by Commission. The certified data provided by the Property Appraiser shows that the City's property tax base has expanded for the seventh time since 2007, increasing by \$266 million (8.1%) over last year. The City's property tax base was \$3.5 billion, which is approximately 99.8% of the peak tax base in 2007. A millage rate of 6.0880 mills was adopted for FY 20, a modest increase of 0.0895 mills (1.5%) from FY 19. The FY 20 millage rate is the first millage rate increase since FY 14 but remains the second-lowest adopted by the City since FY 13. Such millage rate generated \$20.6 million (including penalties for late payment). City taxes only comprise a small portion of what appears on residents' tax bills; about 31% of the tax bill represents the City levy and the rest is paid to other taxing authorities, such as Broward County, the School Board, and other special taxing districts.

Revenue performance compared to the final budget was mixed. Actual total revenue was \$53.5 million, up \$221.7 thousand from the final budget, a variance of 0.4%. A better-than-expected collection of property taxes provided \$202.6 thousand more revenues. Other components contributing to the favorable revenue variances include: communications service taxes increased \$234.6 thousand or 19.6%; increased licenses and permits revenue of \$176.8 thousand or 11.0%; grants with a \$168.4 thousand increase or 67.8%; charges for services, with actual revenues exceeding the final budget by \$97.0 thousand; favorable-than-budget investment earnings of \$23.9 thousand; and other revenues with a \$278.7 thousand increase or 54.2%. These increases were offset by approximately \$1 million in revenue reductions. These reductions include intergovernmental revenues which had a decrease of \$551.6 thousand or 11.3%; other taxes with a \$169.3 thousand decrease or 8.7%; fines and forfeitures with a \$101.2 thousand or 18.4% decrease; franchise fees with a decrease \$99.6 thousand or 3.7%; and utility taxes decreased by \$38.6 thousand. These revenue streams are among those most susceptible to economic changes and reflect the decreased economic activity that occurred during 2020. Overall, these results show the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on the state, regional, and local economies.

All departments/divisions, except the Fire Rescue Department, had positive variances against their expenditures when compared to the FY 20 final budget. The Fire Rescue negative variance is discussed within the Required Supplementary Section of the annual report. Overall, actual expenditures were \$3.9 million less than the final budget, a positive variance of 7.3%. This is primarily due to the steps taken by City Management and Commission to reduce expenditures due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

These efforts included the suspension of travel, requests to vendors for rate reductions, suspension of City special events, hiring and overtime freezes for non-public safety and solid waste positions, and a modification of employee schedules that reduced hours for non-public safety and solid waste staff by 10 percent.

The single largest variance in departmental expenditures of \$1.5 million was within the Public Works department resulting from the following items:

- Administration had savings of \$40.7 thousand mainly due to lower than budgeted personnel costs;
- Parks Maintenance had savings of \$351.3 thousand primarily attributed to lower personnel costs, operating expenditures, including lower electricity and maintenance costs, and reduced capital outlay;
- Streets Maintenance had savings of \$492.3 thousand mainly due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures including for electricity and repair and maintenance;
- Building Maintenance had savings of \$348.8 thousand due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures including for janitorial services and repair and maintenance; and
- Fleet had savings of \$318.3 thousand mainly due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures attributed to lower repair and maintenance, auto parts, and fuel costs.

The other large favorable variance was in the Engineering & Building Services (EBS) and Community and Economic Development (CED) departments, which together experienced a total favorable variance of approximately \$1.1 million. Within EBS and CED, the following can be noted:

- CED's Planning and Zoning Division had savings of \$337.4 thousand mainly due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures for professional services;
- CED's Community Enhancement Division had savings of \$142.4 thousand mainly due to lower personnel costs, other services, operating supplies and grants and aids.
- EBS's Engineering and Construction Management Division had savings of \$439.6 thousand mainly due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures for professional services;
- Building and Permitting Division had savings of \$157.2 thousand primarily due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures for professional services and other services; and

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

General government expenditures had a favorable variance of \$1.0 million due to the following:

- City Commission had savings of \$28.1 thousand mainly due reduced operating expenditures for professional services, travel and promotional activities;
- City Manager had savings of \$40.7 thousand mainly due reduced operating expenditures for professional services and printing and binding;
- City Clerk had expenditure savings of \$187.5 thousand attributable to lower personnel costs, other services, communication services, printing and binding and other current charges;
- Human Resources had \$84.7 thousand of savings mainly due to lower personnel costs as well as reduced operating expenditures in other services, advertising, and office and operating supplies;
- Legal had savings of \$84.7 thousand stemming from a reduction of professional legal services;
- Finance had savings of \$154.4 thousand primarily due to lower personnel costs and reduced operating expenditures for professional services;
- Information Technology Services had \$289.2 thousand in savings primarily due to lower personnel
 costs and reduced operating expenditures including, other services, communication services,
 operating supplies, and training; and
- Non-departmental had savings of \$160.9 thousand due less utilization of contingency budget.

Culture and recreation related activities had a favorable variance of \$366.6 thousand resulting from the following:

- Library had \$103.4 thousand savings mainly due to lower personnel costs, reduced operating expenditures in other services and operating supplies and reduced capital outlay; and
- Parks and recreation had savings of \$263.2 thousand mainly due to the suspension of special events, lower personnel costs as well as reduced operating expenditures in several areas including, professional services, other services, other current charges, operating supplies, and other grants and aids.

As mentioned above, actual revenues exceeded budget by \$221.6 thousand and expenditures before transfers were lower than budget by \$3.9 million. These favorable variances reduced the utilization of unassigned general fund balance, as anticipated. Actual excess of revenues before transfers stands at approximately \$4.1 million. After transfers-in and out of \$658.5 thousand and \$2.8 million, respectively, the net change in fund balance is positive \$1.4 million. The planned reduction in costs was intended to ensure that the City maintained a sufficient fund balance to provide resources needed for the subsequent fiscal year, which was developed during the formal recession period of the pandemic and the height of economic uncertainty.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets:

The City's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020 increased from \$208.8 million of the previous year to \$213.2 million at the end of FY 2020 or an increase of \$4.4 million. The City's net capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of the end of FY 2020 and 2019, are shown on the table below:

			Capital As (Net of Depre (In Thousa	ecia	tion)					
	vernmental Activities	I	2020 Business-type Activities		Total		vernmental Activities	l	2019 Business-type Activities	Total
Land and easements	\$ 17,775	\$	436 \$		18,211	\$	17,775	\$	436	\$ 18,211
Construction in progress	2,297		14,547		16,844		4,550		12,418	16,968
Intangible	25		₹,		25		33		-	33
Buildings	10,259		2Y-		10,259		10,582		37	10,619
Improvements other than buildings	10,353		20		10,373		10,968		23	10,990
Machinery and equipment	3,400		4,138		7,538		3,593		3,987	7,580
Infrastructure	44,401		105,647		150,048	-	41,382		107,417	148,799
Total	\$ 88,511	\$	124,788 \$		213,299	\$	88,883	\$	124,318	\$ 213,201

During the year, the City continued with its projects that were started in prior years. Total additions to construction in progress (CIP) amounted to \$4.9 million for both governmental and business-type activities while the completed projects amounted to \$5.0 million.

The City's adopted capital budget for fiscal year 2020 provided \$3.8 million spending for capital improvement projects with \$1.0 million slated for streetscapes, \$480 thousand for parks, \$736 thousand for facilities, \$1.6 million for water & sewer system improvements, and \$9 thousand for storm water system improvements. The City uses debt financing, loan proceeds, internal funds as well as grant funds to finance these projects. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 starting on page 60.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Debt Administration:

Between the governmental activities and business-type activities, the City had a total debt of \$84.2 million as of September 30, 2020. This balance reflects the loan payments during the year of a little over \$3.0 million, issuance of \$26 million G.O. bonds, as previously mentioned in this document, and the refunding of the 2014 Water & Sewer Revenue bonds. These balances are reflected on the table below.

Outstanding Debt (In Thousands)												
				2020						2019		
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total
Loans payable Gen. obligation bonds	\$	7,111 26,000	\$	2,062	\$	9,173 26,000	\$	7,741 -	\$	2,327	\$	10,068
Revenue bonds Capital lease payable		6,963 736		40,527 754		47,490 1,490		7,468 990		42,307 960		49,775 1,950
Total	\$	40,810	\$	43,343	\$	84,153	\$	16,199	\$	45,594	\$	61,793

More detailed information about the City's liabilities is presented in Note 7, Leases, and Note 8, Long-term debt, beginning on page 61 of the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a State personal income tax and, therefore, the State operates primarily using sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Local governments (cities, counties, school boards, and special districts) primarily rely on property and a limited array of other permitted taxes (telecommunication, gasoline, utilities, business, etc.) and fees (franchise, building permits, charges for services, etc.) to fund their governmental activities. There are a limited number of State-shared revenues and recurring and one-time grants from the state, local and federal governments. For the business-type and certain governmental activities (building inspections, recreational programs, etc.), the user pays a related fee or charge associated with the service.

The Florida legislature continues to consider various proposals relating to property tax relief and communications services taxes rate reductions that could have a significant impact on a local government's ability to maintain and/or improve services to residents. The City is carefully monitoring these initiatives and their future impact on the City's ability to function at its present levels. Furthermore, the City is committed to build a diversified and stable revenue system to minimize the dependence on property taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (continued)

The City continues to emphasize a disciplined and strategic allocation of resources and fiscal prudence to ensure long-term financial sustainability while implementing the Commission's strategic vision for the community. Major emphasis continues to be placed on two elements: 1) aggressive efforts related to business attraction, redevelopment, and capital improvement, and; 2) the continuation of emphasis on community appearance, and community enhancement, community facilities, and quality development. The adopted fiscal year 2021 budget includes over 100 specific business plan initiatives (BPI) valued at \$2.5 million.

The highest appropriations in the FY 2021 BPI is consistent with prior year which is for infrastructure needs followed by parks, leisure facilities and activities; and smart growth, redevelopment and community appearance.

The adopted 2021 budget addresses key priorities identified by the City Commission and the City continues to show improvement which is representative of the economic stabilization and steady, positive growth occurring in the local and state economy. For instance, property tax values in the City continued to increase - from \$3.5 billion in FY 2020 to \$3.8 billion currently or 7.4% increase. Despite the economic challenges that were anticipated in FY 2021 due to the pandemic, the City Commission implemented a decrease in operating millage rate, going down from 6.0880 mills in FY 2020 to 5.8910 in FY 2021. Oakland Park was one of only three cities in Broward County to reduce the operating millage rate to provide relief to taxpayers. The decrease in the operating millage rate was also intended in part fo help reduce the impact of the City's debt service millage, which was levied for the first time. The debt service millage rate was set at 0.5189 mills, which will generate the revenue needed to fund the debt service of the \$26 million in General Obligation Bonds issued in 2020. Combined with the increase in property values, the gross property tax revenues for FY21 operations is estimated to be \$21.2 million while the gross property tax revenues for debt service is \$1.8 million. The expected additional Ad Valorem revenue will help to fund the cost increase for the police services contract with Broward Sheriff's Office, projected increases in personnel costs, and increased maintenance costs associated with new projects.

The residential fire assessment rate has been \$199 since 2017 remains unchanged for fiscal year 2021. The rates adopted will continue to fund approximately 91% of the applicable fire suppression costs of the Fire-Rescue Department. A new fire assessment rate study is underway and will considered as part of the FY 2022 budget ensure costs remain fairly apportioned based on demand by property class and that assessable costs are recovered.

In accordance with the City's water/sewer rate ordinance, water and sewer rates are subject to an annual change based on an automatic pass-through adjustment to reflect changes in the water and wastewater rates being charged to the City by Ft. Lauderdale and Broward County for water purchase and wastewater treatment. An annual consumer price index adjustment is also applied. The City uses a tiered consumption structure for water residential rates.

In 2017, a comprehensive review of the City's solid waste operations, including an analysis of service rates charged to residents and commercial customers, was performed and included recommended adjustments to both the residential assessment and the commercial rates to help stabilize the Solid Waste

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FISCAL YEAR 2020

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (continued)

Fund. Consequently, various rate increases in both residential and commercial solid waste collections rates were approved by the City Commission since FY 2018, most recently a 3.5% or \$8 rate increase for the year in residential solid waste assessment fee from \$227 in FY 20 to \$235 for next year. The residential rates remain below the FY 13 assessment rate of \$255. Commercial rates were increased by 6% for FY 2021.

As the economics of solid waste disposal and recycling remain in a state of instability internationally, the rates in the solid waste fund will need to be reviewed regularly to ensure the long-term stability of the fund.

The City's storm water management assessment remained unchanged at \$84 per equivalent residential unit. The City's stormwater master plan that is currently underway includes a rate analysis component and it is anticipated that the rate will adjust in the future to reflect on operational and capital needs of the program.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. The financial statements are available on the City's website at www.oaklandparkfl.gov. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact Andrew Thompson, Director of Financial Services, City of Oakland Park, 3650 NE 12 Avenue, Oakland Park, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rounding Disclaimer:

Due to rounding, numbers presented in the succeeding pages may not add up precisely to the totals provided, and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETTS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 18,339,283 \$ 18,292,563 \$ 36,631,846 Caccounts receivable - net 4,741,713 2,634,537 7,376,268 Inventories 75,168 378,944 454,112 Prepayments and other assets 1,79,853 135,722 615,625 Internal balances 1,224,739 1,224,739		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities	Total
Accounts receivable - net Inventories 4,741,731 2,634,537 7,376,268 Inventories 75,168 378,944 454,112 Prepayments and other assets 479,853 135,772 615,625 Internal balances (1,224,739) 1,224,739 - Temporarily restricted: 20,070,757 14,982,635 35,033,92 Capital assets, not being depreciated - net 68,439,968 109,805,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,6607,582 151,211,909 297,819,401 Deferred outflow related to pensions 15,351,607 2,563,084 17,914,691 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,443,407 2,746,833 18,180,50 LABILITIES 2 2,463,33 18,180,50 LOUST STAND	ASSETS			
Inventories	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,339,283	\$ 18,292,563	\$ 36,631,846
Inventories	Accounts receivable - net	4,741,731	2,634,537	7,376,268
Internal balances	Inventories	75,168	378,944	454,112
Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents 35,685,561 3,756,888 39,442,49 20pital assets, not being depreciated 20,070,757 14,982,635 35,033,392 20pital assets, being depreciated 68,439,968 109,805,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,607,582 151,211,909 297,819,491 1001,408,200,200 200,805,831 178,245,799 200,805,831 178,245,799 200,805,831 178,245,799 200,805,831 178,245,799 200,805,831	Prepayments and other assets	479,853	135,772	615,625
Cash and cash equivalents 35,685,561 3,756,888 39,442,494 Capital assets, not being depreciated 20,070,757 14,982,635 35,053,392 Capital assets, being depreciated - net 68,489,968 10,98,05,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,607,582 151,211,909 297,819,491 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflow related to pensions 15,351,607 2,563,084 17,914,691 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 LIABLITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits 602,090 238,553 840,632 Customer deposits 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities 56,61,58 1,444,637 1,444,637 Une amed revenues 31,242,00 3,82,53 4,508,432 Co	Internal balances	(1,224,739)	1,224,739	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated 20,070,757 14,982,635 35,033,392 Capital assets, being depreciated - net 68,439,968 109,805,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,607,582 151,211,909 297,819,401 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflow related to oPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 Customer deposits 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 Customer deposits 60,090 238,553 84,046,37 Customer deposits 60,090 238,553 84,046,37 Customer deposits 50,1926 7,839 500,765 Customer deposits 2,547,747 2,050,685 84,056,188 Unearned revenues 50,1926 7,839 350,718 Unearned revenues 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 </td <td>Temporarily restricted:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Temporarily restricted:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated 20,070,757 14,982,635 35,033,392 Capital assets, being depreciated - net 68,439,968 109,805,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,607,582 151,211,909 297,819,401 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflow related to oPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 Customer deposits 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 Customer deposits 60,090 238,553 84,046,37 Customer deposits 60,090 238,553 84,046,37 Customer deposits 50,1926 7,839 500,765 Customer deposits 2,547,747 2,050,685 84,056,188 Unearned revenues 50,1926 7,839 350,718 Unearned revenues 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 </td <td>Cash and cash equivalents</td> <td>35,685,561</td> <td>3,756,888</td> <td>39,442,449</td>	Cash and cash equivalents	35,685,561	3,756,888	39,442,449
Capital assets, being depreciated - net 68,439,968 109,805,831 178,245,799 Total Assets 146,607,582 151,211,909 297,819,491 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflow related to pensions 15,351,607 2,563,084 17,914,691 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 Customer deposits 3,881,93 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits 602,090 238,553 840,633 Customer deposits 566,158 5 566,158 Uncarred revenues 506,158 5 566,158 Uncarred revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities 566,158 5 56,158 Une within one year 8 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due w				
Total Assets	Capital assets, being depreciated - net	68,439,968	109,805,831	
Deferred outflow related to pensions 15,351,607 2,563,084 17,914,691 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits - 1,444,637 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618<				
Deferred outflow related to pensions 15,351,607 2,563,084 17,914,691 Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits - 1,444,637 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618 1,59,618<	DEFEDDED OUTELOWS OF DESOUDCES			
Deferred outflow related to OPEB 28,849 7,864 36,713 Deferred charge on refunding 33,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 LIABILITIES Customer deposits 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits 602,090 238,553 840,643 Accrued interest payable 602,090 238,553 840,643 Other liabilities 566,158 56,158 566,158 Une amed revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities 566,158 4,598,432 506,158 Une within one year 8 4,547,747 2,505,685 4,598,432 507,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 500,685 4,598,432 506,387 4,598,432 506,387 4,598,432 506,387,381 4,598,432 506,387,381 4,598,432 507,718 500,582 4,598,432 508,432 508,418 4,2479,982 86,416,322 <		15 351 607	2 563 084	17 014 601
Deferred charge on refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 53,251 175,885 229,136 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,433,707 2,746,833 18,180,540 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits - 1,444,637 2,456,618 1,566,158 3 566,158 3 566,158 1,586,158 566,158 3 599,765 566,158 1,586,158 509,765 566,158 1,586,158 3 599,765 566,158 1,599,765 4,598,432 3 38,279 353,718 332,718 332,718 332,718 332,718 34,293,32 34,293,32 38,218 34,293,32 34,217				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Clabilities	-			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3,383,193 5,101,883 8,485,076 Customer deposits - 1,444,637 1,444,637 Accrued interest payable 602,090 238,553 840,643 Other liabilities 566,158 - 566,158 Unearned revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 501,926 7,839 509,765 Due within one year 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 80,633,430 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to PEB 277,815	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,433,707	2,746,833	18,180,540
Customer deposits - 1,444,637 1,444,637 Accrued interest payable 602,090 238,553 840,643 Other liabilities 566,158 - 566,158 Uncarried revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 501,926 7,839 509,765 Bonds and notes payable 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 305,201 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532				
Accrued interest payable 602,090 238,553 840,643 Other liabilities 566,158 - 566,158 Unearned revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 501,926 7,839 509,765 Due within one year 800ds and notes payable 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 800ds and notes payable 43,936,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819	* *	3,383,193		
Other liabilities 566,158 - 566,158 Uncarned revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 501,926 7,839 509,765 Due within one year 8 501,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 800,831,40 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education		-		
Unearned revenues 501,926 7,839 509,765 Noncurrent liabilities: 3 3 8 7 8 9 7 8 4 509,765 8 8 7 8 8 4 509,765 8 4,598,432 8 4,598,432 2 500,685 4,598,432 3 38,279 353,718 353,718 300 in more than one year 8 43,936,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 6 6,032 6 1,232,600 7 0 1,232,600 7 0 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,232,600 1,240,103 2,84,167 1,324,306 1,232,600 1,240,103 2,84,167 1,324,306 1,40,972,407 1,400,139 2,84,167 1,324,306 1,40,972,407 1,400,139 2,84,167 1,324,306 1,40,972,407 1,400,139 2,84,167 1,324,306 1,40,972,407 1,400,139 1,			238,553	
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 30,633,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 P	Other liabilities	566,158		
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 30,633,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 P	Unearned revenues	501,926	7,839	509,765
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences 2,547,747 2,050,685 4,598,432 Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 30,633,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 P	Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences 315,439 38,279 353,718 Due in more than one year 315,439 38,279 353,718 Bonds and notes payable 43,936,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION 8 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093	Due within one year		2020 (02	4.700.400
Due in more than one year 43,936,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 -				
Bonds and notes payable 43,936,340 42,479,982 86,416,322 Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 317,878 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 -		315,439	38,279	353,718
Compensated absences 1,058,214 174,386 1,232,600 Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,3		12 02 (240	42 470 002	06.416.222
Net pension liability 30,633,270 4,567,480 35,200,750 Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION ** ** 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: ** ** 317,878 - 317,878 Restricted for: ** 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted				
Other post-employment benefits liability 1,040,139 284,167 1,324,306 Total Liabilities 84,584,516 56,387,891 140,972,407 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611				
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611				
Deferred inflow related to pensions 4,127,973 378,586 4,506,559 Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Total Liabilities	84,384,310	30,387,891	140,972,407
Deferred inflow related to OPEB 277,815 71,717 349,532 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: 8 104,093 104,093 104,093 104,093 104,093 104,093 104,093 104,093 102,737				
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 4,405,788 450,303 4,856,091 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: 8 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Deferred inflow related to pensions	4,127,973		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Deferred inflow related to OPEB	277,815	71,717	349,532
Net investment in capital assets 72,332,872 79,554,947 151,887,819 Restricted for: Education 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,405,788	450,303	4,856,091
Restricted for: Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	NET POSITION			
Education 317,878 - 317,878 Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611		72,332,872	79,554,947	151,887,819
Transportation improvement 1,783 - 1,783 Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Restricted for:			
Public safety 104,093 - 104,093 Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611		317,878	-	317,878
Library 48,340 - 48,340 Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Transportation improvement		-	1,783
Parks and recreation 102,737 - 102,737 Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611			-	
Grant match 482,396 400,000 882,396 Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611			-	
Debt covenants - 1,093,876 1,093,876 Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Parks and recreation	102,737	-	102,737
Unrestricted (339,114) 16,071,725 15,732,611	Grant match	482,396	400,000	882,396
	Debt covenants	-	1,093,876	1,093,876
	Unrestricted	(339,114)	16,071,725	<u>15,732,6</u> 11
	Total Net Position	\$ 73,050,985	\$ 97,120,548	\$ 170,171,533

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Program Re	venue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
			Charges	Operating Gr	ants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Expenses	f	or Services	and Contribut	tions	and Contributions	Activities	Activities		<u>Total</u>	
Functions/Programs											
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 1,356,283	\$	196,996		7,517	\$ -	(1,151,770)		\$	(1,151,770)	
Public safety	29,497,937		7,887,246	164	4,866	-	(21,445,825)			(21,445,825)	
Public works	7,724,735		-		-	606,426	(7,118,310)			(7,118,310)	
Engineering and community development	6,103,528		2,145,981		-	-	(3,957,547)	-		(3,957,547)	
Culture and recreation	4,223,347		787,117	85	5,199	-	(3,351,031)	-		(3,351,031)	
Interest and debt issue cost	 1,068,199		_			_	(1,068,199)			(1,068,199)	
Total governmental activities	 49,974,029		11,017,340	257	7,581	606,426	(38,092,682)			(38,092,682)	
Business-type activities:											
Water and sewer	20,316,249		20,135,698	29	9,923	-	-	(150,628)		(150,628)	
Solid waste	6,554,379		6,435,078	15	5,043	-	-	(104,258)		(104,258)	
Stormwater	3,827,287		3,472,884	70	0,000	-	-	(284,403)		(284,403)	
Total business-type activities	30,697,915		30,043,660	114	4,966	-	-	(539,289)		(539,289)	
Total primary government	\$ 80,671,944	\$	41,061,000	\$ 372	2,547	\$ 606,426	(38,092,682)	(539,289)		(38,631,971)	
		Gene	ral Revenues:								
			xes:								
			Property taxes				20,616,499	_		20,616,499	
			Franchise fees				2,600,936	_		2,600,936	
			Utility taxes				4,876,392	_		4,876,392	
			Communicatio	n service taxes			1,434,626	-		1,434,626	
			Other taxes				1,783,997	-		1,783,997	
		Ur	restricted inve	stment earnings			326,804	413,599		740,403	
		Int	ergovernmenta	al revenue - unres	tricted		4,319,726	_		4,319,726	
		M	iscellaneous				834,891			834,891	
			Total general	revenues and tran	nsfers		36,793,871	413,599		37,207,470	
			Change in ne	t position			(1,298,811)	(125,690)		(1,424,501)	
		Net p	osition, begin	ning			74,349,796	97,246,238		171,596,034	
		Net p	osition, endin	g			\$ 73,050,985	\$ 97,120,548	\$	170,171,533	

See notes to basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Ma	ijor Funds		Other	
		Spec	ial Revenue	2	Non-Major	Total
		Oal	kland Park	Capital	Governmental	
	<u>General</u>		<u>CRA</u>	Project	Funds	Funds
ASSETS	* 15 050 115	Φ.	222 455	Φ.	ф. 222.25 0	ф. 10.220.202
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,872,447	\$	233,457		\$ 233,379	\$ 18,339,283
Accounts receivable - net	4,283,387		56,908	401,436	-	4,741,731
Inventories	75,168		-	-	-	75,168
Prepayments and other assets	479,853		-	-	-	479,853
Temporarily restricted assets:	121 120			25 226 200	220 122	25 (05 5(1
Cash and cash equivalents	131,130	_		35,226,309	328,122	35,685,561
Total Assets	\$ 22,841,985	\$	290,365	\$ 35,627,745	\$ 561,501	\$ 59,321,596
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,867,114	\$	29,919	\$ 486,079	\$ 81	\$ 3,383,193
Due to other funds	-		-	629,739	-	629,739
Compensated absences	131,130		-	-	-	131,130
Other liabilities	560,158		6,000	-	-	566,158
Unearned revenues	311,477		-	-	73,901	385,378
Advances from other funds				595,000		595,000
Total Liabilities	3,869,879		35,919	1,710,818	73,982	5,690,598
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue	116,550		-	-	-	116,550
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	116,550		_			116,550
Fund Balances:	0					
Non-spendable (not in spendable form)						
Inventories	75,168					75,168
Prepayments and other assets	479,853		_	_	_	479,853
Restricted for:	477,033					477,033
Education	317,878				_	317,878
Transportation improvement	1,783			_		1,783
Public safety	1,765				102,225	102,225
Library	_		_	_	48,340	48,340
Tree preservation	1,031		-	-	11,679	12,710
Fire station facility	1,031		-	-	1,868	1,868
Park development	-		-	_	30,471	30,471
Parks and recreation	_		_	_	59,556	59,556
Grant match	482,396		_	_	39,330	482,396
Committed	402,370		_	_	_	402,370
Capital projects	_			33,916,927	_	33,916,927
Assigned to:	_		-	33,910,927	_	33,910,927
Community redevelopment			138,583	-	_	138,583
Debt service	-		130,303	_	233,379	233,379
Subsequent year's budget	4,085,977			-		4,201,840
Unassigned			115,863	-	-	13,411,470
Total Fund Balances	13,411,470		25/ //6	33 016 027	497 510	53,514,448
	18,855,556	•	254,446	33,916,927	487,519	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow and Fund Balances	\$ 22,841,985	\$	290,365	\$ 35,627,745	\$ 561,501	\$ 59,321,596

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 26)		\$ 53,514,448
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		88,510,725
Net pension liability Other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligation		(30,633,270) (1,040,139)
Accrued interest payable not reported in the governmental funds		(602,090)
Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental notes and capital lease payables Deferred charges on refunding to be amortized over the life of the bonds Compensated absences	(46,484,087) 53,251	(46,430,836) (1,242,523)
Deferred inflows/outflows of resources not reported in the governmental funds to pay for current period's expenditures, but the funds exclude those assets.		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to pension		28,849 (277,815) 15,351,607 (4,127,973)
Net position of governmental activities (Page 24)		\$ 73,050,985

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Part		Major	Funds		Other		
Revenues: Funder Funder Funder Property \$ 20,616.499 \$ 1,129,338 \$ 2,1745,837 Franchise fees 2,600,936 45,889 2.0 2,646,825 Utility taxes 4,876,392 6 45,889 2.0 4,876,922 Ommunications service taxes 1,434,626 6 6 3 3,44,022 2,183,510 Other taxes 1,789,108 6 6 3,84,022 2,183,510 Charges for services 14,156,962 6 6 9,501 45,059,22 Charges for services 449,752 6 9,501 459,203 Grants and Contributions 416,545 6 9,501 459,203 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,001 1,175,227 33,864 450,409 Total revenues 5,994,332 7 1,175,227 3,34,40 5,573,40 Public sorts 2,722,3987 6 2 2,202,72 5,943,32 Public sortis 2,722,3987 6 2,202,72			Special Revenue	ė	Non-Major	Total	
Revenues: Taxes: Property \$ 20,616,499 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,129,338 \$ 0.0 2,1745,837 Franchise fees 2,600,366 45,889 0.0 2,1745,837 Franchise fees 2,600,366 0.0 45,889 0.0 2,1745,837 Franchise fees 2,600,362 0.0 45,889 0.0 2,1745,837 48,76,392 0.0 2,48,610,302 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,434,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 0.0 0.0 1,431,626 <			Oakland Park	Capital	Governmental	Governmental	
Taxes: Property \$ 2,0616,499 \$ 0. \$ 1,129,338 \$ 2,246,8825 Franchise fees 2,600,936 45,889 2,246,8825 Utility taxes 4,876,392 - 45,889 - 2,646,825 Other taxes 1,434,626 - - - 1,434,626 Other taxes 1,799,108 - - - 4,319,726 Charges for services 14,156,962 - - - 4,319,726 Charges for services 144,156,962 - - - 4,319,726 Charges for services 144,156,962 - - - 4,319,726 Charges for services 144,156,962 - - - 4,319,726 Fines and forfeitures 247,382 - - 9,501 459,233 Investment earnings 273,862 - - 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 35,521,206 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 5,5173,334 Expenditures -		<u>General</u>	<u>CRA</u>	Project	Funds	Funds	
Property \$ 2,0,616,499 \$ 1,129,338 \$ 2,745,837 Franchise fees 2,600,366 - 45,889 - 2,646,825 Utility taxes 4,876,3992 - 6,28,682 - 1,484,626 Other taxes 1,783,997 - 6,22,606 - 1,783,997 Licenses and permits 1,799,108 - 6,22,606 - 384,402 2,183,510 Interpovernmental 4,319,726 - 6,22,606 - 384,402 2,183,510 Charges for services 14,156,962 - 6,22,606 - 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 - 6,22,606 - 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 - 6,23,606 - 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expeditures Current General government 5,994,332 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,606 - 6,22,							
Franchise fees 2,600,936 45,889 2,646,825 Utility taxes 4,876,392 5 6 4,876,392 Communications service taxes 1,434,626 5 6 1,434,626 Other taxes 1,783,997 6 6 1,783,997 Licenses and permits 1,799,108 384,402 2,183,510 Intergovernmental 4,319,726 6 6 4,319,726 Charges for services 14,156,962 6 7 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 6 7,052 289,31 Investment earnings 792,801 42,091 6 9,501 450,499 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 6 9,602 834,892 Total revenues 5,994,332 7 5 289,493 Expenditures 5 27,723,987 8 9 9 27,724,899 Public safety 27,723,987 9 912 27,724,899 9 9 27,724,899							
Utility taxes 4,876,392 - - 4,876,392 Communications service taxes 1,434,626 - - 1,434,626 Other taxes 1,783,997 - - - 1,783,910 Licenses and permits 1,799,108 - - 384,402 2,183,510 Intergovernmental 4,319,726 - - 4,319,726 Charges for services 14,156,962 - - 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 - - - 834,892 Total revenues 33,21,206 42,091 - - 834,892 Total revenues 5,94,332 - - - 5,94,332 Expenditures - - - <t< td=""><td>1 7</td><td></td><td>\$ -</td><td>-,,</td><td>\$ -</td><td></td></t<>	1 7		\$ -	-,,	\$ -		
Communications service taxes 1,434,626 1,743,626 Other taxes 1,783,997 1,783,997 Licenses and permits 1,799,108 384,402 2,183,510 Intergovernmental 4,319,726 4,319,726 Charges for services 141,56,962 9,501 4459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Coneral government 5,994,332 912 27,724,899 Public safety 27,723,987 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 19,426 3,156,600 Expenditures			-	45,889	-		
Other taxes 1,783,997 1,783,997 Licenses and permits 1,799,108 384,402 2,183,510 Intergovernmental 4,319,726 4,319,726 Charges for services 14,156,962 9,501 459,253 Fines and forfeitures 449,752 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Wiscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Total revenues 5,594,322 5,594,322 Total revenues 5,594,332 5,594,332 Current: 6,624,606 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 1,388,990 Pulbic service: 1,388	,		-	-	-		
Licenses and permits 1,799,108 . 384,402 2,183,101 Intergovernmental 4,319,726 . . 4,319,726 Charges for services 14,156,962 . . 14,156,962 Fines and forfeitures 449,752 . . 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 . . 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 . . 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Currents Sp2,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Public safety 27,723,987 - 9 22,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - 9 2,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - 19,242 31,52,660			-	-	-		
Intergovernmental			-	-	-		
Charges for services 14,156,962 - - 14,156,962 Fines and forfeitures 449,752 - - 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 - - 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 - - 33,864 450,400 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Currents Say,322 - - - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - - 5,848,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - 1,288,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,366,254 - 2,229,736 -	*		-	-	384,402		
Fines and forfeitures 449,752 - 9,501 459,253 Investment earnings 273,862 - - 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 - - 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Current: Current: General government 5,994,332 - - - 6,724,606 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661			-	-	-		
Investment earnings 273,862 - - 7,052 280,914 Grants and contributions 416,545 - - 33,864 450,009 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 - - 834,892 Total revenues 53,521,206 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Current: 8 8 2,594,332 - - 5,994,332 - - 5,994,332 - - - 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 - - - 6,724,606 - - - 5,894,861 - - - 5,844,616 - - - 5,844,616 - - - 6,724,606 - - - 6,724,606 - - - 6,724,606 - - - 6,724,606 - - - 6,724,606 - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>			-	-	-		
Grants and contributions 416,545 - - 33,864 450,409 Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 - - 834,892 Total revenues 53,521,206 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Current: Total government 5,994,332 - - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - 2,229,736 1,59,327 546,182		*	-	-	<i>'</i>		
Miscellaneous 792,801 42,091 — — 834,892 Total revenues 53,521,206 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Current: 5,994,332 — — 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 — 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 — — 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 — — 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 — — 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: — — 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: — — 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest — — — 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 — 2,229,736 — 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,538,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues ove		*	-	-			
Total revenues 53,521,206 42,091 1,175,227 434,819 55,173,343 Expenditures: Current: General government 5,994,332 - - - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: Principal - - - 19,426 3,152,660 Capital outlay 832,788 - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 <th< td=""><td></td><td>*</td><td><u>-</u></td><td>-</td><td>33,864</td><td></td></th<>		*	<u>-</u>	-	33,864		
Expenditures: Current: General government 5,994,332 - - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 De			42,091			834,892	
Current: General government 5,994,332 - - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,382,788 544,618,22 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - 3,68,866	Total revenues	53,521,206	42,091	1,175,227	434,819	55,173,343	
General government 5,994,332 - 5,994,332 Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - - 270,789 - 270,789 Debt issuance cost - - - 270,789	Expenditures:						
Public safety 27,723,987 - 912 27,724,899 Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: - - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 30,62,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfe							
Public works 6,724,606 - - 6,724,606 Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: Trincipal - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991)<		5,994,332	-		-	5,994,332	
Engineering and community development 5,544,714 340,147 - 5,884,861 Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: Principal - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111)	•	27,723,987	-		912	27,724,899	
Culture and recreation 3,133,234 - 19,426 3,152,660 Debt service: Principal - - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance of debt - - - (270,789) - 270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025	Public works	6,724,606	-		-	6,724,606	
Debt service: Principal - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 1,388,990 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 528,950 52,950 528,950 1,522,9736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,761,739 - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 - 20,707,89) -	Engineering and community development	5,544,714	340,147		-	5,884,861	
Principal - - - - 1,388,990 1,388,990 Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 <td>Culture and recreation</td> <td>3,133,234</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>19,426</td> <td>3,152,660</td>	Culture and recreation	3,133,234	-		19,426	3,152,660	
Interest - - - 528,950 528,950 Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616	Debt service:						
Capital outlay 832,788 - 2,229,736 - 3,062,524 Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Issuance of debt - - - (270,789) - (270,789) Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 2	Principal	-	-	-	1,388,990	1,388,990	
Total expenditures 49,953,661 340,147 2,229,736 1,938,278 54,461,822 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Interest	-	-	-	528,950	528,950	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 3,567,545 (298,056) (1,054,509) (1,503,459) 711,521 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Capital outlay	832,788		2,229,736		3,062,524	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Total expenditures	49,953,661	340,147	2,229,736	1,938,278	54,461,822	
Issuance of debt - - 31,761,739 - 31,761,739 Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,567,545	(298,056)	(1,054,509)	(1,503,459)	711,521	
Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Debt issuance cost - - (270,789) - (270,789) Transfers in 587,516 346,886 843,080 1,962,629 3,740,111 Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Issuance of debt	-	_	31,761,739	-	31,761,739	
Transfers out (2,734,991) - (587,516) (417,604) (3,740,111) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Debt issuance cost	-	-		-	(270,789)	
Total other financing sources (uses) (2,147,475) 346,886 31,746,514 1,545,025 31,490,950 Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Transfers in	587,516	346,886	843,080	1,962,629	3,740,111	
Net change in fund balances 1,420,070 48,830 30,692,005 41,566 32,202,471 Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Transfers out	(2,734,991)	<u> </u>	(587,516)	(417,604)	(3,740,111)	
Fund balances, beginning 17,435,486 205,616 3,224,922 445,953 21,311,977	Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,147,475)	346,886	31,746,514	1,545,025	31,490,950	
	Net change in fund balances	1,420,070	48,830	30,692,005	41,566	32,202,471	
Fund balances, ending \$ 18,855,556 \$ 254,446 \$ 33,916,927 \$ 487,519 \$ 53,514,448	Fund balances, beginning	17,435,486	205,616	3,224,922	445,953	21,311,977	
	Fund balances, ending	\$ 18,855,556	\$ 254,446	\$ 33,916,927	\$ 487,519	\$ 53,514,448	

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

GASB 68 & 71 implementation

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Page 25) are different because:

The net effect of OPEB expense resulting from GASB 75 implementation

are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.

Change in net position of governmental activities (Page 25)

Some revenues reported in the fund statements are revenues of prior periods and

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 28)	\$ 32,202,471
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Expenditures for capital outlays Less current depreciation	3,062,524 (3,260,129)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Issuance of debt	(31,761,739)
Principal payments of bonds/notes payable and capital leases	1,388,990
Amortization of deferred charges related to loans	82,745
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Net increase in accrued interest payable	(351,205)
The net effect of pension and retirement contribution decrease resulting from	

(1,898,058)

(48,672)

(715,740)

(1,298,811)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-type A				
ASSETS	Water and Sewer	Sond Waste	Stormwater	<u>Total</u>	
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,887,031	\$ 4,206,688	\$ 2,198,844	\$ 18,292,563	
Accounts receivable, net	2,183,668	423,131	27,738	2,634,537	
Due from other funds	2,165,006	723,131	629,739	629,739	
Inventories	378,944	_	025,735	378,944	
Prepayments and other assets	48,972	24,542	62,258	135,772	
Total Current Assets	14,498,615	4,654,361	2,918,579	22,071,555	
Noncurrent assets:	11,150,015	1,03 1,301	2,710,577		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,626,376	399,134	731,378	3,756,888	
Advances to other funds	595,000	-	-	595,000	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	13,881,250	-	1,101,383	14,982,633	
Capital assets, being depreciated - net	53,200,942	2,399,431	54,205,460	124,788,466	
Total Noncurrent Assets	70,303,568	2,798,565	56,038,221	129,140,354	
Total Assets	84,802,183	7,452,926	58,956,800	151,211,909	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,247,684	918,085	397,315	2,563,084	
Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits	3,221	3,335	1,308	7,864	
Deferred charges on refunding	97,617		78,268	175,885	
Total Deferred Ouflow of Resources	1,348,522	921,420	476,891	2,746,833	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	<				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,283,506	671,924	146,453	5,101,883	
Customer deposits	1,045,503	399,134	, -	1,444,637	
Accrued interest payable	149,265	4,806	84,482	238,553	
Compensated absences	14,767	17,490	6,022	38,279	
Unearned revenues	7,839	-	-	7,839	
Current portion of bonds/loans payable	1,147,429	401,867	501,389	2,050,685	
Total Current Liabilities	6,648,309	1,495,221	738,346	8,881,876	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable	31,670,975	-	8,490,578	40,161,553	
Loans payable	875,000	1,443,429	-	2,318,429	
Compensated absences	67,278	79,676	27,432	174,386	
Net pension liability	2,332,513	1,593,983	640,984	4,567,480	
Other post-employment benefits liability	118,541	118,681	46,945	284,167	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	35,064,307	3,235,769	9,205,939	47,506,015	
Total Liabilities	41,712,616	4,730,990	9,944,285	56,387,891	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflow related to pension	50,584	156,715	171,287	378,586	
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	33,791	26,857	11,069	71,717	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	84,375	183,572	182,356	450,303	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	31,916,500	554,135	47,084,312	79,554,947	
Restricted for:					
Debt covenants	1,093,876	-	-	1,093,876	
Grant match	400,000	-	-	400,000	
Unrestricted	10,943,338	2,905,649	2,222,738	16,071,725	
Total Net Position	\$ 44,353,714	\$ 3,459,784	\$49,307,050	\$ 97,120,548	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Water <u>and Sewer</u>	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total						
	and Sewer	Solid Waste	Stormwater	<u>10tai</u>						
Operating revenues:										
Charges for sales and services:										
Metered water sales (pledged)	\$ 11,058,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,058,497						
Sewer fees (pledged)	9,065,520	-	-	9,065,520						
Residential solid waste service	-	2,349,842	-	2,349,842						
Commercial solid waste service	- 	3,988,854	-	3,988,854						
Other charges for services	11,681	2,552		14,233						
Stormwater fees (pledged)	-	-	3,472,884	3,472,884						
Other revenues		93,830		93,830						
Total operating revenues	20,135,697	6,435,078	3,472,884	30,043,659						
Operating expenses:										
Water system operation	5,628,781	-	-	5,628,781						
Sewer collection and maintenance	8,628,252	-	-	8,628,252						
Solid waste collection	-	4,248,603	-	4,248,603						
Stormwater system operation	-	-	1,092,978	1,092,978						
Administrative support	2,741,136	1,740,260	1,279,572	5,760,968						
Depreciation/amortization	1,355,190	513,471	1,092,405	2,961,066						
Total operating expenses	18,353,359	6,502,334	3,464,955	28,320,648						
Operating income	1,782,338	(67,256)	7,929	1,723,011						
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	24									
Investment earnings	325,100	46,557	41,943	413,600						
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,962,890)	(52,045)	(362,332)	(2,377,267)						
Grants and contributions	29,923	15,043	70,000	114,966						
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,607,867)	9,555	(250,389)	(1,848,701)						
Changes in net position	174,471	(57,701)	(242,460)	(125,690)						
Net position, beginning	44,179,243	3,517,485	49,549,510	97,246,238						
Net position, ending	\$ 44,353,714	\$ 3,459,784	\$ 49,307,050	\$ 97,120,548						

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund							
		Water						
Cash flows from operating activities:	a	nd Sewer	- 1	Solid Waste	5	<u>tormwater</u>		<u>Total</u>
	\$	20,064,197	\$	8,056,719	\$	3,470,958	\$	31,591,874
Cash paid to suppliers		(13,274,947)	Ψ	(2,390,546)	Ψ	(344,734)	Ψ	(16,010,227)
Cash paid to employees		(1,876,882)		(1,704,319)		(890,574)		(4,471,775)
Cash paid for interfund services used		(2,741,136)		(1,740,260)		(1,399,322)		(5,880,718)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,171,232		2,221,594		836,328		5,229,154
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Grants available for operating purpose		29,923		15,043		70,000		114,966
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		29,923		15,043		70,000		114,966
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(2,350,195)		(894,405)		(186,963)		(3,431,563)
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-
Issuance of debt		-		1,399,700		-		1,399,700
Principal paid on bonds and loans payable		(202,389)		(1,776,722)		(483,427)		(2,462,538)
Interest paid on capital debt		(1,961,694)	_	(49,835)		(359,141)	_	(2,370,670)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities		(4,514,278)	_	(1,321,262)		(1,029,531)	_	(6,865,071)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest on investments		325,100	_	46,557		41,943	_	413,600
Net cash provided by investing activities		325,100	_	46,557		41,943		413,600
Net increase (decrease) in pooled cash and cash equivalents		(1,988,023)		961,932		(81,260)		(1,107,351)
Pooled cash and cash equivalents, beginning		16,501,430		3,643,890		3,011,482		23,156,802
Pooled cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	14,513,407	\$	4,605,822	\$	2,930,222	\$	22,049,451
	_	<u> </u>	Ė	,,-	_	<i>yy</i>	_	, , , , ,
Displayed as:		11 007 021		4.207.700		2 100 044		10 202 562
Unrestricted Restricted		11,887,031 2,626,376		4,206,688 399,134		2,198,844 731,378		18,292,563 3,756,888
	Φ.		_		_		_	
Total, September 30	\$	14,513,407	\$	4,605,822	\$	2,930,222	\$	22,049,451
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating	T 0.01	tivities.						
	s aci		\$	(67,256)	P	7,929	\$	1,723,011
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	1,702,550	Ψ	(07,230)	Ψ	1,525	Ψ	1,723,011
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		1,355,190		513,471		1,092,405		2,961,066
Non-cash pension expense		77,838		(39,507)		(95,509)		(57,178)
Non-cash OPEB expense		5,516		4,346		1,748		11,610
Change in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		(76,163)		1,620,468		(1,926)		1,542,379
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(4,083)		-		-		(4,083)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		101,450		(1,470)		4,376		104,356
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities		(1,092,766)		174,894		(50,860)		(968,732)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in customers' deposits		4,663		3,672		(119,750)		(119,750) 8,335
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues		4,003		(2,500)		_		(2,500)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		17,249		15,476		(2,085)		30,640
	\$	2,171,232	\$	2,221,594	\$	836,328	\$	5,229,154
	-	-,1,202	4	2,221,074	-	00,020	-	0,227,101
Noncash items from operating activities:	e.	1 247 694	Φ	010.005	¢.	207.215	e.	2.562.004
-	\$	1,247,684	\$	918,085	\$	397,315	\$	2,563,084
	\$	3,221	\$	3,335	\$	1,308	\$	7,864
	\$	50,584	\$	156,715	\$	171,287	\$	378,586
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	\$	33,791	\$	26,857	\$	11,069	\$	71,717
Net pension liability	\$	2,332,513	\$	1,593,983	\$	640,984	\$	4,567,480
OPEB liability	\$	118,541	\$	118,681	\$	46,945	\$	284,167

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Pension Trust <u>Funds</u>
Assets	ф 2.570.5 <i>(</i> .4.
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,579,564
Receivables:	
Contributions	740,911
Accrued interest and dividends	61,396
Total receivables	802,307
Investments, at fair value:	
Money market funds	37,214,286
Corporate bonds and notes	5,429,460
U.S. Government and agency securities	4,372,943
Mutual funds	46,688,588
Real estate funds	8,595,107
Mutual funds Real estate funds Total investments	102,300,384
Prepaid benefit payments	6,795
Total Assets	105,689,050
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	376,850
Payable for securities sold	139,970
Total Liabilities	516,820
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 105,172,230

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Pension Trust <u>Funds</u>
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Plan members	\$ 102,966
City	1,726,242
State of Florida	693,510
Broward Sheriff's Office	67,000
Total contributions	2,589,718
Investment income:	
Investment earnings	1,311,482
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	5,443,971
Total investment income	6,755,453
Less:	
Investment expenses	(328,847)
Less: Investment expenses Net investment income	6,426,606
Miscellaneous income	484
Total additions	9,016,808
Deductions:	
Pension benefits paid	6,619,648
Administrative expenses	113,947
Total deductions	6,733,595
Change in net position	2,283,213
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, beginning	102,889,017
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, ending	\$ 105,172,230



This page is intentionally left blank.



ORAFT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of the City of Oakland Park, Florida's (the "City") significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. This report, the accounting systems, and classification of accounts conform to standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

a. Reporting Entity

The City of Oakland Park, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. The City, which was incorporated on June 7, 1929, is located in Broward County and operates under the Commission-Manager form of government. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five-member elected Commission, including a rotating mayor. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter and by State and Local laws and regulations.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statements Nos. 39 and 61, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable and ultimately responsible to repay the outstanding debts of the component unit(s), and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City if there is a potential for the organizations to provide specific financial benefits to the City or impose specific financial burdens on the City, regardless of whether the organizations have separate elected governing boards, governing boards appointed by higher levels of government, or jointly appointed boards.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same, or substantially the same and 1) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit or 2) management below the level of the governing board of the primary government has operational responsibility for a component unit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

a. Reporting Entity (continued)

Blended Component Units (continued)

The Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) is a dependent special district established by the City Commission under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The CRA is a legally separate entity governed by a five-member board appointed by the City Commission, currently comprised of the City Commission itself, with its sole purpose is to finance and redevelop the city's designated redevelopment areas. The CRA can provide services and financial benefits to and impose financial burdens on the City.

The CRA Board adopted ordinance # O-2005-037 on December 7, 2005 to establish a trust fund which was intended to be financed through tax increments based on Ad Valorem taxes. However, Broward County discontinued the granting of tax increment financing. Alternatively, the City entered into an interlocal agreement by Resolution R-2007-001 with Broward County to finance the CRA operations through a Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program (RCP) grant.

The CRA activities have been minimal since the establishment of its trust fund. There are no significant revenues other than the transfers from the General Fund and the expenditures have been budgeted in the City's annual budget. Debt incurred by the unit is solely payable by the City.

Although the CRA activities did not meet the major fund criteria, the CRA's financial data is presented within the City's major governmental funds. Separate financial statements are issued by the CRA.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above, but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's utilities function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned and approximate the value of services provided.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. One exception in the fiduciary fund type is an agency fund that cannot be said to have a measurement focus since it does not report equity. The City does not report any agency fund. For the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, when the primary eligibility requirement under a grant is incurring an eligible expenditure, the City recognizes revenue at the time the expenditure is incurred. The City considers the availability period of grant revenues susceptible to accrual to be a year.

Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the governmental fund-based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenue is derived primarily from property taxes, utility taxes and other intergovernmental revenues.
- The **special revenue fund** accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency fund (CRA), one of the City's special revenue fund, is not funded by tax increment financing (TIF). It is mainly funded by operating transfers from the General Fund along with other financing sources such as loans and grants.

Additionally, the City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

- Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are
 restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities
 such as general and roadway improvement projects; and public parks and plazas.
- Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the periodic payment of principal and interest, and expenditures on long-term debt of governmental funds.

- Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The **Water and Sewer fund** is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents and the commerce of the City.
- The **Solid Waste fund** is used to account for the provision of solid waste collection, disposal and recycling for all residential and commercial customers within the City.
- The **Stormwater fund** is used to account for the provision of stormwater management and drainage services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Additionally, the City reports **pension trust funds** which accounts for the activities of the City's General Employees Pension Plan and the City's Police and Firefighters Retirement System. These fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, whose purpose has not been restricted to a specific program.

The principal operating revenues of the City's water and sewer, solid waste and stormwater enterprise funds, are charges to customers for sales and services.

The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, unless there are legal contracts that prohibit doing so, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available for use, the City Commission has adopted a fiscal policy to use committed resources first, assigned resources second, and unassigned resources third.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a pooled cash account for all funds. This enables the City to invest large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time and to optimize earnings potential. Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents represents the amount owned by each fund of the City. Interest earned on pooled cash is allocated monthly based upon equity balances of the respective funds.

The City's investments are reported at fair value. The City's investment in the State Board of Administration Investment Pool – Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida Prime), a 2A-7 pool, is permitted to be reported at its amortized cost which is the fair value of its position in the pool, which is maintained at a constant value same as its value of the pool shares.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary Fund, cash and cash equivalents mean short term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. In addition, GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools", requires disclosure of investments at fair value and recognition of unrealized gain or losses, if material, for investments with remaining maturities of more than one year at the time of purchase. Investments with remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase are recorded at amortized cost.

2. Receivables and Payables

All receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amount. Receivables are analyzed for their collectibility based on the terms of the agreement and the financial assessment of the creditor.

Operating revenues in the water and sewer fund are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Revenues for services delivered during the last month of the fiscal year that have not been read by September 30 are accrued based on meter readings for the applicable consumption period and billed in October.

Revenues and the associated receivable balances are accrued for taxes, franchise fees, and other utility services based on collections within 60 days of year-end.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivables in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

The City's contracted service provider processes receivables associated with Emergency Medical Services (EMS). An allowance account is established for EMS receivables based on historical collection rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position (continued)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Costs

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories and prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased (consumption method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid costs.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds and the Florida Municipal Loan Council loans, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by the applicable bond covenants.

The City's enterprise fund revenue bonds require certain reserves. The "revenue bonds reserve" account requirement is met by depositing an insurance policy to cover potential deficiencies from the City's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments.

The "renewal and replacement" account is used to account for those funds available to pay for the cost of extensions, improvements and additions to, or renewals and replacements of the capital assets of, or repairs of the system.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, culverts, pump stations, stormwater lines, catch basins, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in government-wide financial statements. Capital asset is defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as they are completed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives, as shown on the table on the next page.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position (continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Estimated Useful Life:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	50 - 65
Intangibles	3 - 5

6. Inter-fund Transactions/ Due to/from Other Funds

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures/expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

7. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts collected before revenue recognition criteria are met and receivables, which, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, are measurable, but not yet available. The items consist primarily of license and permit revenues and special assessment revenues.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. These premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position (continued)

8. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds, premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued and the premiums are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits up to certain limits and paid upon retirement or termination. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured – for instance, employee retirements or resignations. On the governmental activities of the government-wide statements and the proprietary funds statements, compensated absences are recognized as liability and expense in the period these are earned by the employees. Therefore, amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as a reconciling item between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide presentation.

In 2009, the Commission fixed the vacation payout rates as of September 30, 2009 for Federated union members; and as of September 30, 2008, for all other city employees except for firefighters.

10. Pollution Remediation Obligation

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, does not require the City to search for pollution remediation obligation but it does require the City to reasonably estimate and report a remediation liability when the obligating events defined in GASB 49 has occurred. To the extent that the liabilities are reasonably estimated, these are shown as part of the non-current liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

The City measures pollution remediation costs using the expected cash flow technique. The estimated cost of all pollution remediation is measured annually and adjusted when benchmarks are met or when new information indicates changes in estimated outlays due to changes in remediation plan or operating conditions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position (continued)

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section below Total Assets, for *Deferred Outflows of Resources*. This represents the usage of net position applicable to future periods and will not be recognized as expenditures until the future period it applies. Items in this category include deferred items related to pension and the deferred charge on refunding reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge is the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section below Total Liabilities, for *Deferred Inflows of Resources*. This represents the acquisition of net position applicable to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue until the future period it applies. In the governmental funds, this category includes unavailable revenue, whereas in the government-wide and the proprietary fund statements, it includes resources related to pension, which will be recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

12. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net Position. Net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. The first category represents net position related to investment in property, plant, equipment and infrastructure reduced by depreciation and outstanding debt used to construct or purchase capital assets, and deferred inflow/outflow of resources attributable to the acquisition of those assets or related debt. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally imposed constraints or by enabling legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. All remaining amounts are considered to be unrestricted.

Fund Balance. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in categories as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These categories are based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in fund balances can be spent. Within the foregoing five (5) categories, the committed, assigned and unassigned are considered unrestricted fund balances.

The City's fund balance classification policies and procedures are as follows:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance or Net Position (continued)

12. Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

- Restricted fund balances are amounts that are constricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the highest level of decision-making authority, the City Commission, through an ordinance (highest form of action) or resolution. Resolutions and ordinances are considered an equally binding form of City's highest level of formal action. The passage of a resolution or ordinance must take place prior to September 30th of the applicable fiscal year but the amount can be determined at a later date. A resolution or ordinance would also be required to modify or rescind the specific use or amount.
- Assigned funds are amounts that have constraints placed on their use by the City Manager. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the Commission in the fiscal policy via a resolution to the City Manager or the Financial Services Director. Thus, the City Manager has the authority to set aside funds for the intended use of a specific purpose. This act would be as part of the annual budget process or in the form of a written notification to the Finance Director. Any modifications or rescissions would be in a written notification to the Finance Director. Upon passage of a budget ordinance where fund balance is used as a source to balance the budget, that amount shall be recorded as Assigned Fund Balance.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual amount of fund balance in the General Fund and deficit
 unassigned fund balance of other governmental funds. It represents the resources available for
 future spending when amount is not a deficit.

13. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City's fiscal policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund balance and enterprise fund net position to provide liquidity in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster. The City Commission has adopted the fiscal policy via a Resolution to maintain a minimum of twenty percent (20%) unassigned fund balance for the General Fund and a minimum of ten percent (10%) of unrestricted net position for enterprise operating funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Property Taxes

Property values are assessed as of January 1 of each year, at which time taxes become an enforceable lien on property. Tax bills are mailed for the City by Broward County on or about October 1 of each year and are payable with discounts of up to 4% offered for early payment. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by seizure of the personal property or by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid property taxes.

Assessed values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser. In November 1992, a Florida constitutional amendment was approved by the voters which provides for limiting the increases in homestead property valuations for ad valorem tax purposes to a maximum of 3% annually and also provides for reassessment of market values upon changes in ownership. The County bills and collects all property taxes and remits them to the City. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes by Broward County are provided for in the Laws of Florida.

State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of assessed taxable valuation). The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission and the Broward County Property Appraiser incorporates the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County and the County School Board tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the City for the year ended September 30, 2020 was 6.0880 mills (\$6.0880 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed valuation).

2. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are recorded in certain proprietary funds and consist primarily of capital donations from private sources or other governmental entities.

3. Operating versus Non-operating Income

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating revenues for the Enterprise Funds include water and sewer, solid waste and storm water service fees.

Operating expenses for the Enterprise Funds include costs of sales and services, administrative fees and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are considered non-operating items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

g. New Accounting Pronouncements Implemented

In accordance with the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncement of **GASB Statement No. 95,** *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* that was effective immediately, the City has not implemented any new accounting standard during the year. However, two (2) GASB pronouncements as enumerated below, that were originally effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 were implemented, as it applies to the City, in FY 2019:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, was originally effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.
- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, was originally effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 an No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, the only provision in Statement 87 that is effective immediately, does not apply to the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for use by all City funds. This gives the City the ability to invest large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time and to maximize earning potential. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents and investments. Income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the respective funds based on monthly ending balances.

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, cash deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires every qualified public depository to deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral. Statutes provide that if a loss to a public depository is not covered by deposit insurance and the proceeds from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository, the difference will be provided by an assessment levied against other public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$5,468,667 as of September 30, 2020. Bank balance before reconciling items were \$5,470,333 at that date, the total of which is collateralized or insured with securities held by the State under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.

The City's cash equivalents include the Florida Prime, a Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (LGSTF) administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), investment pool managed by the Florida Municipal Investment Trust, and other highly liquid institutional money market funds offered through Florida qualified public depositories and pre-approved regional banks. The institutional funds must be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Cash equivalents in external investment pools and open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are also excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirement. The City may maintain a maximum exposure of up to 50% cash deposit with a bank and up to 75% of the cash equivalents portfolio balance in one investment pool to limit the credit risk due to concentration.

Investments are reported at fair value except for the position in Florida State Board Administration's LGSTF ("Florida Prime"). Florida Prime is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapter 215 and 218 of the Florida Statutes. These rules provide guidance and establish the policies and general operating procedures for the administration of Florida Prime. The LGSTF is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but the SBA Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2A-7 Fund, which permits money market funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The following was the City's investments as of September 30, 2020:

	Total	Weighted Average	S&P
	Value	Maturity (WAM)	Rating
Florida Prime	\$ 69,148,396	48 days	AAAm

As of September 30, 2020, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit the City's daily access to 100% of its account value in Florida Prime.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in interest rates. The City's investment policy limits that no security purchases shall cause the City investment portfolio to have duration of greater than five years.

Credit risk is the possibility that an issuer of a fixed income security will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's investment policy limits the investments with authorized investment service providers and required securities purchased to meet specific credit quality criteria.

The City's investment primary objectives are safety, liquidity and yield. Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Florida Statutes, the following types of investments are authorized:

	Maximum	Individual
	(%)	Issue (%)
United States Treasury	100	5
United States Ageny	100	5
Government-sponsored Enterprise (GSE)	75	5
State & Local Government	30	5
Bank Deposits	50	50
Certificate of Deposit	30	5
Local Government Investment Pools	75	25
The State Board Administration Pool (SBA)	75	25
Money Market Mutual Funds	50	25
Repurchase Agreements	50	25

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds

City of Oakland Park General Employees' Pension Plan (GEPP)

The GEPP's investment policy, as authorized by the Board of Trustees, provided for the following guidelines: (a) investment in all equity securities shall be limited to those listed on a major U.S. stock exchange and no more than 70% (at market) of the GEPP's total asset value; (b) no more than 3% of the GEPP's assets invested in the bonds of any one issuing company; (c) repurchase agreement may not exceed 6-month average maturity; (d) fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated A or higher by the major rating services; (e) small cap stocks are limited to no more than 10% and mid cap stocks are limited to no more than 30% of the value at cost of the fund; and (f) all stocks at purchase must have a minimum market capitalization of \$5 million.

The GEPP's investment policy does not set a parameter on the duration of its fixed income securities. However, as of September 30, 2020, the weighted average maturity (WAM) of the fixed income portfolio is presented on the next page.

Investments of the GEPP in common stocks, mutual funds, corporate bonds and government securities are valued at quoted market prices. Investments in money market funds are valued at cost. As of September 30, 2020, the following fixed income investments were held for GEPP:

	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average <u>Maturity</u>	Fitch <u>Rating</u>
Broad Market High Quality Bonds	\$ 3,797,236	6.60 years	Aaf/S4
Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	 4,008,194	5.82 years	Not rated
Total fixed income investment	\$ 7,805,430		

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or corporate bonds which meet or exceed a credit rating of "BBB" or higher. As of September 30, 2020, the GEPP's fixed income investments quality rating is as presented above.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The GEPP's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration. As of September 30, 2020, other than mutual funds, the Plan does not currently hold any securities that exceed 5% of plan net position.

Custodial Credit Risk: The Plan does not have any investments in the possession of counterparties; all investments are held by the master custodian under the Plan's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park General Employees' Pension Plan (GEPP) (continued)

Foreign currency risk: This risk refers to the risk that fluctuations in currency exchange rate may affect transactions conducted in foreign currencies as well as the carrying value of foreign investments. The GEPP's investment policy limits the foreign investments to no more than 18% of its investment balance. The Plan has invested in international equity funds. As of September 30, 2020, the Plan's foreign investments were 18.8% of total investments.

GASB 72 establishes a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investments at fair value. Market price observability is impacted by a number of factors, including the type of investment and the specific characteristics of the investment. Fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments with readily available actively quoted prices or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1 Investments traded in active market with available quoted prices for identical assets as of the reporting date. When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. When quoted prices in active markets are not available, fair values are based on evaluated prices received by the City's asset manager from third party service providers.
- Level 2 Investments not traded or active market but for which observable market inputs are available for an asset, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date.
- Level 3 Investments not traded in an active market and for which no significant observable inputs are available as of the reporting date.

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Shown on the next page is the Plan's recurring fair value measurements of its investments as of September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

Investment Type By Fair Value Level	(Lev	<u>el 1)</u>		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		•	Total
Fixed Income Portfolio:								
Broad market high quality bond fund	\$	-	\$	3,797,236	\$	-	\$	3,797,236
Core plus fixed income		-				4,008,194		4,008,194
Total fixed income portfolio			_	3,797,236		4,008,194		7,805,430
Equity Portfolio								
Diversified value portfolio		-		17,256,330		-		17,256,330
Diversified small cap portfolio		, -		5,316,131		-		5,316,131
International equity portfolio		<u> </u>		7,974,196		-		7,974,196
Core real estate fund	2	_				3,628,470		3,628,470
Total equity portfolio				30,546,657		3,628,470		34,175,127
Total investments by fair value level	\$		\$	34,343,893	\$	7,636,664	\$	41,980,557

FMIvT Broad Market – **High Quality Bond Fund**. This fund invests mainly in US government and agency securities, asset-backed securities and corporate bonds and notes. The underlying securities have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund. This fund invests in two (2) underlying funds, the Franklin Templeton Global Multi-Sector Plus Fund, LP and the Pioneer Institutional Multi-Sector Fixed Income Portfolio, LLC. Shares of these funds are not publicly-quoted. These underlying funds invest in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, debt securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts, litigations trusts for both U.S. and foreign companies and governments.

FMIvT High Quality Growth Portfolio. This portfolio invests mainly in domestic stocks. The majority of the underlying securities have observable level 1 quoted pricing units. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

FMIvT Large Cap Diversied Portfolio. This portfolio invests mainly in domestic stocks. The majority of the underlying securities have observable level 1 quoted pricing units. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

FMIvT Russell 1000 Enhanced Index Portfolio. This portfolio invests in a single underlying fund, the Intech U.S. Broad Enhanced Plus Fund, LLC (Intech Fund), shares of which are not publicly quoted. The Intech Fund invests mainly in domestic stocks, all of which have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs. The value of the portfolio's shares of the Intech Fund investment are determined based on the net asset value provided by Intech Fund, which was calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

FMIvT Diversied Small to Mid Cap Equity Portfolio. This portfolio invests mainly in domestic stocks. The majority of the underlying securities have observable level 1 quoted pricing units. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

FMIvT International Equity Portfolio. This portfolio invests in a single underlying fund, the Investec Dynamic Equity Fund, LLC (Investec Fund) and the Wells Capital Management 525 Market Street Fund, LLC (Wells Fund), shares of which are not publicly quoted. Both Funds invest in stocks sold on U.S. and international exchanges, all of which have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs. The value of the portfolio's shares of the Investec Fund investment and Wells Fund investment are determined based on the net asset value provided by the Funds, which were calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund. This portfolio invests in a single underlying fund, the Morgan Stanley Prime Property Fund (Morgan Stanley Fund), shares of which are not publicly quoted. The Morgan Stanley Fund invests in core real estate in the U.S. The value of the Morgan Stanley Fund investments were determined based on quarterly real estate appraisals, which were calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F)

The RSP&F's investment policy is established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees as regards to the allocation of investment assets. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully-funded status for the benefit provided through the Plan. The Board is authorized to acquire and retain every kind of property, real and personal or mixed, and every kind of investment specifically including, but not limited to bonds and other corporate obligations, and stocks – preferred or common. The investment policy statement was last amended in October 2013. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020:

	Target Alloc	cation Range
	Min	Max
Domestic equity	40%	50%
Foreign equity	10%	20%
Fixed income	20%	30%
Treasury inflation-protected securities	0%	10%
Global bond	0%	10%
Real estate	0%	15%
Cash and cash equivalents	Min	imal

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the RSP&F diversify its investment by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various duration and maturities. The RSP&F's investment policy does not set a parameter on the duration of its investment.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the RSP&F's investment to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the table on the next page that shows the distribution of the RSP&F's investment by maturity as at September 30, 2020:

					Inv	estment Mati	ırıtı	es (in years)		
Investment Type]	Fair Value	I	ess than 1		1 to 5		<u>6 to 10</u>	Mo	re Than 10
Corporate Bonds	\$	5,429,460	\$	159,337	\$	753,636	\$	3,677,040	\$	839,447
U.S. Treasuries		800,630		-		-		800,630		-
Fixed Income Funds		5,364,455		46,397		1,660,877		1,978,505		1,678,676
U.S. Agiencies		3,572,313		2,144,307	_	621,641	_	211,785		594,580
Total Fixed Income Securities	\$	15,166,858	\$	2,350,041	\$	3,036,154	\$	6,667,960	\$	3,112,703

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F)

Credit Risk: The RSP&F's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2020, as applicable:

	<u>I</u>	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
Quality rating of credit securities			
Aaa*	\$	5,590,819	37%
Aa		136,553	1%
A		214,583	1%
A1		406,532	3%
A2		1,891,929	12%
A3		3,130,999	21%
Bbb		671,061	4%
Bb		562,097	4%
В		379,840	3%
Unrated government securities		2,182,445	<u>14</u> %
Total Fixed Income Securities	\$	15,166,858	<u>100</u> %

^{*} Aaa securities are U.S Treasury securities guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment guidelines provide for the appropriate diversification of the portfolio. Investments have been diversified to the extent practicable to control risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer or bank through which financial instruments are bought and sold.

Custodial Credit Risk: Consistent with the RSP&F's investment policy, the investments are held by custodial bank and registered in the RSP&F's name. All of the RSP&F's deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the RSP&F's depository financial institution. The Plan is only exposed to custodial credit risk for uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents that are not covered by federal depository insurance.

- Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F) (continued)

Investment Valuation

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

	Fair Va				
Investment Type By Fair Value Level	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)	Total
Equity securities					
Domestic common stock	\$ 24,738,618		\$	-	\$ 24,738,618
International common stock	2,734,218			-	2,734,218
Equity mutual funds	9,741,450	 -		-	 9,741,450
Total equity securities	37,214,286	 -		-	 37,214,286
Debt Securities:	52				
Corporate bonds	-	5,429,460		-	5,429,460
U.S. treasury securities	800,630	-		-	800,630
U.S. agency securities	-	3,572,313		-	3,572,313
Fixed income mutual funds	 5,364,455	 -		-	 5,364,455
Total debt securities	6,165,085	9,001,773	_	-	 15,166,858
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 6,165,085	\$ 9,001,773	\$	-	52,381,144
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) *					
Real estate fund					 8,595,107
Total investments measured at NAV					 8,595,107
Money market funds (exempt)					2,371,905
Total investments					\$ 63,348,156

^{*}As required by GAAP, certain investment that are measured at net asset value (NAV) have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts present in the table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the total investment line item in the statement of fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F)

Investment Valuation (continued)

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market as follows:

Level 1- Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon quoted prices for identical assets in active markets.

Level 2- Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon observable inputs for the assets either directly or indirectly, other than those considered Level 1 inputs, which may include quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not considered to be active, and quoted prices of similar assets in active or inactive markets.

Level 3- Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon unobservable inputs. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

- Common stocks: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange. Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the Plan. Mutual funds held by the Plan are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value ("NAV") and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plan are deemed to be actively traded.
- Government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.
- Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.
- Real estate funds: Valued at the net asset value of shares held by the Plan at year end. The Plan has investments in private market real estate investments for which no liquid public market exists.
- Money market funds: Valued at the floating net asset value of shares held by the Plan at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Pension Funds (continued)

City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F) (continued)

Investment Valuation (continued)

The table below summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the NAV share practical expedient, including their related unfunded commitments and redemption restrictions.

Investment Measured at the net asset value (NAV) *

				Redemption	
]	Fair Value	funded mitments	Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Real estate fund **	\$	8,595,107	\$ -	Quarterly	One Quarter
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	8,595,107	\$ -		

^{**} Real estate fund: The fund is an open-end, real estate investment fund investing primarily in core office, apartment, mall, and resort properties located through the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and may be redeemed quarterly with notice provided a quarter in advance.

Debt securities: Debt securities consist primarily of negotiable obligations of the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies, corporations, securitized offerings backed by residential and commercial mortgages, Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) and foreign debt securities. These securities can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included on valuation models that use quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type.

Equity securities: These include domestic and international equities. Domestic securities traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sale price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price.

International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollar at the exchange rate in effect at September 30, 2020. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Accounts receivable balances as at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Accounts	Taxes	Ge	Other overnment	llowance for Incollectible Accounts	Net
Government Activities						
General fund	\$ 18,079,697	\$	- \$	108,193	\$ (13,904,503)	\$ 4,283,387
CRA	56,908		-	-	-	56,908
Non-major funds	 		<u>-</u>	401,436	 	401,436
Total Government Activities	\$ 18,136,605	\$	- \$	509,629	\$ (13,904,503)	\$ 4,741,731
Business-type Activities						
Water & sewer	\$ 3,125,409	\$	- \$	-	\$ (941,741)	\$ 2,183,668
Solidwaste	881,821		-	945	(459,635)	423,131
Stormwater	 258,297				 (230,559)	 27,738
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4,265,527	\$ -	\$	945	\$ (1,631,935)	\$ 2,634,537

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities balances at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Other vernments	Total
Government Activities	,			
General fund	\$ 2,018,298	\$ 824,520	\$ 24,296	\$ 2,867,114
CRA	29,144	588	186	29,918
Non-major funds	 486,161		 	 486,161
Total Government Activities	\$ 2,533,603	\$ 825,108	\$ 24,482	\$ 3,383,193
Business-type Activities				
Water & sewer	\$ 4,252,664	\$ 30,842	\$ -	\$ 4,283,506
Solidwaste	644,368	27,556	-	671,924
Stormwater	 135,980	 10,473		146,453
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 5,033,012	\$ 68,871	\$ -	\$ 5,101,883

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, in the governmental activities:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2019	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance Sept. 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and easements	\$ 17,775,434	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,775,434
Construction in progress	4,548,109	2,346,160	(4,598,946)	2,295,323
Total assets not being depreciated	22,323,543	2,346,160	(4,598,946)	20,070,757
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Intangible - software	250,989	-	-	250,989
Buildings	16,605,242	-	-	16,605,242
Improvements other than buildings	23,226,516	472,435	-	23,698,951
Machinery and equipment	13,801,132	673,865	(29,381)	14,445,616
Infrastructure	56,061,870	4,011,632		60,073,502
Total capital assets being depreciated	109,945,749	5,157,932	(29,381)	115,074,300
Less accumulated depreciation for:	OPX			
Intangible - software	(217,818)	(7,303)	-	(225,121)
Buildings	(6,023,200)	(322,815)	-	(6,346,015)
Improvements other than buildings	(12,258,745)	(1,087,360)	-	(13,346,105)
Machinery and equipment	(10,206,370)	(850,845)	12,164	(11,045,051)
Infrastructure	(14,680,234)	(991,806)		(15,672,040)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43,386,367)	(3,260,129)	12,164	(46,634,332)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	66,559,382	1,897,803	(17,217)	68,439,968
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 88,882,925	\$ 4,243,963	\$ (4,616,163)	\$ 88,510,725

Depreciation expense charged by governmental function are as follows:

General Government	\$ 171,701
Public Safety	584,938
Public Works	1,535,538
Engineering and Community Development	14,060
Parks and Leisure Services	 953,892
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,260,129

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, in the business-type activities:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2019	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance Sept. 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and easements	\$ 435,982	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 435,982
Construction in progress	12,418,379	2,541,459	(413,185)	14,546,653
Total assets not being depreciated	12,854,361	2,541,459	(413,185)	14,982,635
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Intangible - software	15,446	-	-	15,446
Buildings	532,994	-	(440,600)	92,394
Improvements other than buildings	29,964	3,537	-	33,501
Machinery and equipment	8,192,900	930,934	(296,592)	8,827,242
Infrastructure	142,550,140	409,207		142,959,347
Total capital assets being depreciated	151,321,444	1,343,678	(737,192)	151,927,930
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Intangible - software	(15,446)	-	-	(15,446)
Buildings	(495,688)	(733)	404,027	(92,394)
Improvements other than buildings	(7,390)	(2,274)	-	(9,664)
Machinery and equipment	(4,206,084)	(778,961)	292,776	(4,692,269)
Infrastructure	(35,133,228)	(2,179,098)		(37,312,326)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,857,836)	(2,961,066)	696,803	(42,122,099)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	111,463,608	(1,617,388)	(40,389)	109,805,831
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 124,317,969	\$ 924,071	\$ (453,574)	\$ 124,788,466

Depreciation expense in each enterprise fund are as follows:

Water and sewer	\$ 1,355,190
Solidwaste	513,471
Stormwater	 1,092,405
Total depreciation expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 2,961,066

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Advances To/From Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	4	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
Water and Sewer fund	Capital Projects fund	\$	595,000	Property purchase
Stormwater fund	Capital Projects fund		629,739	Property remediation
		\$	1,224,739	

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Transfers Out:						
		General Fund	N	Non-Major Funds		Total	Purpose
Transfer In:					\Diamond		
General fund	\$	-	\$	587,516	\$	587,516	Reimbursement of capital expenditures
CRA fund		346,886		-		346,886	For program expenditures
Capital Projects fund		1,962,629				1,962,629	For capital expenditures
Non-Major funds		843,080		-		843,080	For debt service expenditures
Total	\$	3,152,595	\$	587,516	\$	3,740,111	

⁻ Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 6. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The City's restricted assets as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

<u>Nature</u>		General Fund	Capital Project Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		_	Total
BSO* agreement for Police Officers paid time off	\$	131,130	\$ -	\$	-	\$	131,130
Capital project funds		-	35,226,309		-		35,226,309
Park improvement funds		-	-		30,471		30,471
Tree preservation funds		-	-		11,679		11,679
Fire station facility		-	-		1,868		1,868
Public safety grant funds		-/	-		106,772		106,772
Library grant		4	-		117,776		117,776
Parks and recreation grant funds		Ser.	 -		59,556	_	59,556
Total Government Activities	\$	131,130	\$ 35,226,309	\$	328,123	\$	35,685,561

^{*} Broward Sheriff Office

	Business-type Activities							
	,	Water &						
		Sewer Fund	So	olidwaste Fund	St	ormwater Fund		Total
Customers deposits	\$	1,045,503	\$	399,134	\$	-	\$	1,444,637
Renewal and replacement reserve		1,093,876		-		-		1,093,876
Unspent bond proceeds for capital projects		486,997		-		731,378		1,218,375
Total Business-type Activities	\$	2,626,377	\$	399,134	\$	731,378	\$	3,756,888

⁻ Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 7. LEASES

Capital Leases

In 2013, the City entered into a capital lease agreement under a Master Lease Agreement dated August 15, 2013 for the purchase of a fire ladder truck in the amount of \$697,394. Principal and interest payments are due monthly for the years 2013 through 2020 with interest rate at 1.83%.

In November 2014, the City entered into the first amendment to the lease agreement for the purchase of three (3) fire ambulances, one (1) truck and two (2) solid waste front loaders in the amount of \$1,251,291 with interest rate at 2.392%.

In January 2017, the City entered into the second amendment to the lease agreement for the purchase of four (4) solid waste trucks in the amount of \$1,100,000 with interest rate at 1.79%. Upon final payment of the lease expiring in 2024, title to the capital assets will revert to the City.

On June 15, 2018, the City entered into the third amendment to the lease agreement for the purchase of a firetruck in the amount of \$599,611 with interest rate at 3.01%. Upon final payment of the lease expiring in 2025, title to the capital assets will revert to the City.

The following is the schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Year ending September 30:		
2021	\$ 180,508	\$ 223,487
2022	180,633	223,363
2023	180,633	223,363
2024	180,242	112,449
2025	64,016	
Total minimum lease payments	786,031	782,662
Less: amount representing interest	(50,049)	(29,120)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 735,982	\$ 753,542
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Asset type:		
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 2,048,379	\$ 1,595,370
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,118,497)	(741,842)
Net book value	\$ 929,882	\$ 853,528

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans

a. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program (BCRCP) - Loan I

On March 8, 2011, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into a loan agreement and promissory note with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$1,390,050. This unsecured loan was used for the acquisition of the property located in downtown area for redevelopment purposes.

The loan may be converted to a grant in part or in full after 5 years, based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. No payments of principal or interest shall be due in the first 5 years of the loan. If, at the end of 5 years, less than 100% of the loan has been converted to a grant, the amount of loan remaining shall be repaid to the County over a period of 15 years at the Municipal Market Data MMD "A" revenue bond rate in effect at the time repayment begins. An equal amount of principal, plus the interest accrued for the year, shall be made on or before March 31st of each year of the fifteen (15) year period, commencing March 31, 2017.

On March 28, 2017, the City, the CRA and Broward County executed the first amendment to the promissory note of Loan I to defer the payment of principal for a period of two (2) years from the initial maturity date of March 31, 2017. On March 31, 2019, the City paid the first principal that became due on the loan.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending						
September 30:]	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2021	\$	106,927	\$ 35,895	\$	142,822	
2022		106,927	32,632		139,559	
2023		106,927	29,369		136,296	
2024		106,927	26,106		133,033	
2025		106,927	22,842		129,769	
2026-2030		534,635	65,264		599,899	
2031		106,927	 3,263		110,190	
	\$	1,176,196	\$ 215,371	\$	1,391,567	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

b. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program - Loan II

On September 13, 2011, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into a loan agreement and promissory note with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$695,393. This unsecured loan was used for the acquisition of the property in downtown area for future redevelopment.

On September 25, 2018, the Board of County Commissioners have partly forgiven the loan by \$349,118 after going through the successful grant conversion process which is based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. The \$346,275 remaining amount of the loan shall be repaid to the County over a period of 15 years at the Municipal Market Data MMD "A" revenue bond rate in effect at the time when repayment began on September 30, 2019.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending		OP.					
September 30:	Principal			Interest	Total		
2021	\$	26,637	\$	7,346	\$	33,983	
2022		26,637		6,611		33,248	
2023		26,637		5,877		32,514	
2024		26,637		5,142		31,779	
2025		26,637		5,143		31,780	
2026-2030		133,185		11,019		144,204	
2031		26,637		_		26,637	
	\$	293,008	\$	41,139	\$	334,146	

Note: Loans III and IV for \$751,300 and \$305,000, respectively, were effectively cancelled through the successful grant conversion process in FY 2018, as disclosed in prior year's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

c. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program – Loans V and VI

In March 2014, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into two loan agreements and promissory notes, loan V and VI, with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$338,130 and \$65,150, respectively. These unsecured loans were used for the demolition and parking improvement of previously acquired properties located in the downtown area.

The loans have similar terms as previous four loans and may be converted to a grant in part or in full after 5 years, based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. No payments of principal or interest shall be due in the first 5 years of the loan. The term may be up to 15 years after the five-year interest free period. The first principal and interest payments started on March 31, 2020.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loans as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending	OP.		T., .		TD + 1	
September 30:	P	rincipal	 Interest	Total		
2021	\$	26,885	\$ 12,212	\$	39,097	
2022		26,885	11,340		38,225	
2023		26,885	10,467		37,352	
2024		26,885	9,595		36,480	
2025		26,885	8,723		35,608	
2026-2030		134,427	30,530		164,957	
2031-2034		107,542	8,723		116,265	
	\$	376,395	\$ 91,591	\$	467,985	

d. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program - Loan VII

In August 2014, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into a loan agreement and promissory note with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$200,000. This unsecured loan was used for the demolition and site improvement of an acquired properties located in the downtown area.

The loans have similar terms as previous loans and may be converted to a grant in part or in full after 5 years, based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. No payments of principal or interest shall be due in the first 5 years of the loan. The term may be up to 15 years after the five-year interest free period. The first principal and interest payments started on August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

d. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program – Loan VII (continued)

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending							
September 30:	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2021	\$	13,333	\$	3,388	\$	16,721	
2022		13,333		3,146		16,479	
2023		13,333		2,904		16,237	
2024		13,333		2,662		15,995	
2025		13,333		2,420		15,753	
2026-2030		66,667		8,470		75,137	
2031-2034		53,334		2,420		55,754	
	\$	186,666	\$	25,411	\$	212,077	

e. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program - Loan VIII & IX

In November 2014, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into two loan agreements and promissory notes, loan VIII and IX with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$8,562 and \$20,392, respectively. These unsecured loans were used for the soft costs of acquired properties located in the downtown area.

The loans have similar terms as previous loans and may be converted to a grant in part or in full after 5 years, based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. No payments of principal or interest shall be due in the first 5 years of the loan. The term may be up to 15 years after the five-year interest free period. The first principal and interest payments will be due on November 30, 2020.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

September 30:	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Total
2021	\$	1,930	\$	669	\$ 2,599
2022		1,930		625	2,555
2023		1,930		580	2,510
2024		1,930		535	2,465
2025		1,930		491	2,421
2026-2030		9,650		1,785	11,435
2031-2035		9,650		669	10,319
	\$	28,951	\$	5,355	\$ 34,305

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

f. Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program – Loan X & XI

In April 2017, the City and the Oakland Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) entered into two loan agreements and promissory notes, loan X and XI with Broward County Redevelopment Capital Program in the amount of \$325,000 and \$753,752, respectively. These unsecured loans were used for the demolition and partial improvements for the Jaco Pastorius Park located in the downtown area and for street-end enhancements to NE 12th Avenue, respectively.

The loans have similar terms as the previous loans and may be converted to a grant in part or in full after 5 years, based on the amount of increase in the County's tax base that is generated by redevelopment within the CRA during that period. No payments of principal or interest shall be due in the first 5 years of the loan. The term may be up to 15 years after the five-year interest free period. The first payment for principal and interest will be due in February 2023.

g. Capital One - Series 2007 Term Loan

On October 19, 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with Wachovia Bank and issued a promissory note, series 2007, for \$4,000,000. The loan was used as partial reimbursement of the acquisition of the new municipal building, which will house the Oakland Park Division of the Broward Sheriff's Office and various City offices.

Principal payments are due on October 1st of each year with interest payments due on October 1st and April 1st, and the final payment is due on October 1, 2027. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.47% per annum. As security for loan repayment, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget the amounts of legally available non-ad valorem revenues attributable to the General Fund sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement. In February 2015, the loan was assigned to Capital One Bank.

The loan agreement contains a provision that when the maximum federal corporate rate (MFCR) becomes less than 35%, the interest rate is adjusted to reflect the effect based on the margin rate factor. Relative to the decrease in the MFCR from 35% to 21% on January 1, 2018, the effective interest rate of this loan was adjusted from 4.47% to 5.43% effective April 1, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

g. Capital One – Series 2007 Term Loan (continued)

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending					
September 30:	Principal		Interest	Total	
2021	\$	215,704	\$ 103,892	\$	319,596
2022		225,346	91,917		317,264
2023		235,419	79,407		314,827
2024		245,943	66,338		312,281
2025		256,936	45,710		302,646
2026-2028		841,796	 47,042	_	888,838
	\$	2,021,145	\$ 434,306	\$	2,455,451

h. Branch Banking & Trust Company Term Loan 2010

In December 2010, the City entered into a loan with Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T) and issued a 20 year promissory note for \$15,637,000 at 3.7% interest to refund the balance of Florida Municipal Loan Council (FMLC) Revenue bonds, Series 2000B. The outstanding balance of the FMLC loan \$15,025,000 was retired on May 1, 2011. The advance refunding generated a net benefit of \$2,625,888 in cash flows savings and \$1,855,855 economic gain. The new loan principal payments are due every November 1st of the year with interest payments due on November 1st and May 1st. The final principal payment is due on November 1, 2030. As security for loan repayment, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget the amounts of non-ad valorem revenues sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending	Governmental Activities			Fiscal Year ending Governmen			Business-type Activities			 Total P	aym	ents
September 30:]	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	523,933	\$	247,949	\$	221,349	\$	104,752	\$ 745,282	\$	352,701	
2022		542,089		228,227		229,019		96,420	771,108		324,648	
2023		562,493		207,793		237,639		87,787	800,132		295,579	
2024		585,656		186,552		247,425		78,813	833,081		265,364	
2025		607,976		164,470		256,855		69,484	864,831		233,953	
2026-2030		3,387,939		461,704		1,431,320		195,059	4,819,259		656,763	
2031		753,197		13,934		318,207		5,887	 1,071,404		19,821	
	\$	6,963,282	\$	1,510,628	\$	2,941,813	\$	638,202	\$ 9,905,097	\$	2,148,827	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

i. SunTrust-2014 Term Loan

In June 2014, the City entered into a loan with SunTrust and issued a 15-year promissory note for \$1,495,000 at 2.88% interest to refund the balance of Florida Municipal Loan Council (FMLC) Revenue bonds, Series 2004A. The outstanding balance of the FMLC loan \$1,445,000 was retired on July 3, 2014. The new loan principal payments are due on July 1st of each year with interest payments due on July 1st and January 1st. The final principal payment is due on July 1, 2029. As security for the loan, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget amounts of non-ad valorem revenues sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement.

The loan agreement contains a provision that when the maximum federal corporate rate (MFCR) becomes less than 35%, the interest rate is adjusted to reflect the effect based on the margin rate factor. Relative to the decrease in the MFCR from 35% to 21% on January 1, 2018, the effective interest rate was adjusted to the maximum of 3.32% from 2.88%.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

September 30:	Principal		I	Interest		Total		
2021	\$	95,000	\$	32,204	\$	127,204		
2022		100,000		29,050		129,050		
2023		100,000		25,730		125,730		
2024		105,000		22,410		127,410		
2025		110,000		18,924		128,924		
2026-2029		460,000		38,678		498,678		
	\$	1,065,000	\$	202,354	\$	1,267,354		

j. Branch Banking & Trust Company (BB&T) Loan 2016

On July 22, 2016, the City entered into a loan with Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T) and issued a 7 year promissory note for \$745,000 at 1.57% interest to finance the purchase of firefighting equipment including a ladder truck. The new loan principal payments are due on October 1st of each year with interest payments due on April 1st. The final principal payment is due on October 1, 2023. As security for loan repayment, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget the amounts of non-ad valorem revenues sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Bank and Intergovernmental Loans (continued)

k. Branch Banking & Trust Company (BB&T) Loan 2016 (continued)

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

September 30:	<u>I</u>	Principal		Interest		Total		
2021	\$	105,000	\$	6,005	\$	111,005		
2022		110,000		4,318		114,318		
2023		110,000		2,591		112,591		
2024		110,000		864		110,864		
	\$	435,000	\$	13,777	\$	448,777		

l. Florida Community Bank Loan 2018

On August 3, 2018, the City entered into a loan with Florida Community Bank (FCB) and issued a 10-year promissory note for \$1,660,000 at 3.15% interest for the acquisition of a piece of land for municipal purposes. The new loan principal payments are due every December 1st of the year with interest payments due on December 1st and June 1st. The final principal payment is due on December 1, 2028. As security for loan repayment, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget the amounts of non-ad valorem revenues sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending				
September 30:	<u>I</u>	Principal	Interest	 Total
2021	\$	150,000	\$ 45,360	\$ 195,360
2022		155,000	40,556	195,556
2023		155,000	35,674	190,674
2024		160,000	30,713	190,713
2025		165,000	25,594	190,594
2026 - 2029		730,000	 46,779	 776,779
	\$	1,515,000	\$ 224,676	\$ 1,739,676

⁻ Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

m. JP Morgan Chase Loan 2019

On January 10, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with JP Morgan Chase and issued a 7-year promissory note for \$1,399,700 at 3.01% interest to finance the purchase of solid waste trucks. Loan principal and interest payments are due on the 1st day of each month for the next seven years with the final principal payment due on January 1, 2026. As security for loan repayment, the City covenants and agrees to appropriate in its annual budget the amounts of non-ad valorem revenues sufficient to satisfy its annual debt service requirements under the loan agreement.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the above loan as of September 30, 2020:

September 30:	Principal		I	nterest	 Total
2021	\$	191,610	\$	30,235	\$ 221,845
2022		197,458		24,387	221,845
2023		203,484		18,361	221,845
2024		209,694		12,151	221,845
2025		289,580		6,214	 295,794
	\$	1,091,826	\$	91,348	\$ 1,183,174

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020

On June 11, 2020, the City issued \$26,000,000 of the \$40-million General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds which was approved by the residents at the general election in November 2018. The proceeds of G.O. Bonds are to be used to fund the modernization of the City facilities such as the three (3) fire rescue stations, the municipal library, the community centers and the City park. The G.O. Bonds of the City are payable from ad valorem taxes on all taxable real and tangible personal property within the City. There is no direct limitations imposed by the Florida Constitution or the Florida Statutes on the amount of debt that the City can issue.

The Series 2020 Bonds have an outstanding balance of \$26,000,000 due in varying installments through 2040 which bear interest rates from 4.0% to 5.0% with interest payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, beginning in February 2021. The bonds maturing prior to February 1, 2031 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity while the bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2031 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the City from any funds legally available for such purpose, on or after February 1, 2030, in whole or in part on any date, and if in part in any order of maturity selected by the City, and by lot within a maturity if less than an entire maturity is to be redeemed, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Following is the debt service requirements as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending		Principal		Principal Interest		 Total
2021	\$	525,000	\$	1,330,832	\$ 1,855,832	
2022		845,000		1,132,625	1,977,625	
2023		890,000		1,089,250	1,979,250	
2024		935,000		1,043,625	1,978,625	
2025		980,000		995,750	1,975,750	
2026-2030		5,685,000		4,173,125	9,858,125	
2031-2035		7,240,000		2,594,200	9,834,200	
2036-2040		8,900,000		917,600	 9,817,600	
	\$	26,000,000	\$	13,277,007	\$ 39,277,007	

Revenue Bonds

a. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

On August 23, 2010, the City issued \$3,370,000 tax-exempt bonds of Series 2010A and \$11,515,000 of taxable bonds, Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Subsidy) Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, together, the "Series 2010 Bonds". The proceeds of the bonds and other funds made available through the refunding program will be used to (1) pay capital expenditures of water and wastewater system improvements, (2) to refund and defease the Utility System Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 1994, totaling \$1,533,024, (3) to purchase a debt service reserve and insurance policies for the Series 2010 bonds, and (4) to pay the costs of issuance. The portion of the net proceeds from the issuance of the bonds attributed to the defeasance were deposited with an escrow agent to provide for the interest and principal payments on the old bonds. All of the defeased bonds were subsequently called in October 2010.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 authorizes the City to issue taxable bonds known as "Build America Bonds" or "BABs" to finance capital expenditures, for which it could issue tax-exempt bonds, and to elect to receive a subsidy payment from the federal government equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on such taxable bonds (the "Federal Direct Payments"). The available subsidy for the Series 2010B Bonds will be paid to the City; no holders of Series 2010B Bonds would be entitled to a tax credit. The City does not foresee the risk of loss on interest subsidy as probable, however, in the extraordinary event that a change does occur in the future and the subsidy is reduced or eliminated, the City has the option to redeem in whole or in part, the greater of 100% of the principal amount of the bonds or the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments to the maturity date of the bonds being redeemed and to refinance the bonds through the issuance of tax-exempt debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

a. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (continued)

The Series 2010A Bonds are composed of serial and term bonds. The serial bonds are due in varying annual installments from the year 2011 through 2020 and the term bonds are due in 2025. Series 2010A Bond interest rates vary from 2.0% to 4.0% with interest payable semi-annually. Series 2010B Bonds are term bonds, due in varying installments from the year 2025 through 2040, with interest payable semi-annually at interest rates varying from 5.451% to 6.243%. Interest payments are due on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning in 2011. The Series 2010 Bonds are limited obligations of the City, payable solely from water and sewer revenues of the Utility system. Net revenues are defined as the excess of the system's gross revenues over the operating costs.

The covenants of the Series 2010 bonds Ordinance require that certain accounts be maintained as follows:

- Reserve Fund Deposits sufficient to restore in not more than 12 equal monthly payments the funds on deposit therein to an amount equal to the reserve fund requirement. In lieu of this fund the City has purchased with Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., surety bond for 2010A and 2010B series to meet the reserve requirement and a bond insurance policy to guarantee the principal and interest payments of 2010B series.
- Renewal and Replacement Fund The Ordinance requires that the City establish a renewal and replacement fund equal to 5% of the gross revenue of the preceding fiscal year or such other greater or lesser sum recommended by the consulting engineer. Whenever the balance is less than the requirement, the City shall deposit into or credit to the fund the lesser of the balance of all moneys remaining in the revenue fund or 2% of the deposits to the revenue fund during the current month, to the extent necessary to equal the renewal and replacement fund requirement. Excess moneys in the fund may be withdrawn by the City and deposited in the revenue fund. The City is in compliance with the renewal and replacement fund requirement.

The City had covenanted in the Ordinance to fix, establish and maintain and collect such rates and/or impact fees, and to revise the same to the extent necessary, so that the rates and/or impact fees will always provide in each fiscal year either (i) net revenues which are at least equal to 110% of the debt service requirement of the Bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto or (ii) net revenues which are at least equal to 100% of the debt service requirement for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto plus, and which, together with the expansion project percentage of impact fees, are at least equal to 120% of the debt service requirement for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

a. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (continued)

The City is required by the bond resolution to establish, maintain and collect reasonable charges for the services furnished by the Utility System and it will adjust such charges as needed so that the gross revenues in each fiscal year will always be sufficient to pay 115% of the debt service requirements becoming due in the fiscal year on all bonds, in addition to the requirements to cover the cost of operations and maintenance and pay 100% of all reserve requirements set forth above. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

On September 1, 2020, the taxable Series 2010B bonds were retired through an advance refunding program. The said bond series were considered defeased as of September 1, 2020 and the liability for those bonds had been removed from the balance sheet. The advance refunding generated a net benefit of \$1,564,638 in cash flow savings and \$1,212,564 in economic gain.

Annual principal and interest payments on the remaining Series 2010A bonds are expected to require less than 20% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on Series 2010A Bonds is \$313,000. Payments for principal and interest made during the year for the remaining 2010A amounted to \$386,063. Customer net revenues for the year were \$5,878,664.

The debt service for the remaining 2010A Series as of September 30, 2020 is as follows:

Fiscal Year ending	 2010A						
September 30:	 Principal	_	Interest				
2021	\$ 35,000	\$	9,200				
2022	45,000		7,800				
2023	50,000		6,000				
2024	50,000		4,000				
2025	 50,000		2,000				
	\$ 230,000	\$	29,000				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

b. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012

On September 6, 2012, the City issued \$17,175,000 of Series 2012 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds are used to pay capital expenditures of water and wastewater improvements and to pay costs of issuance. The 2012 Bonds are issued on parity with the City's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010.

The Series 2012 Bonds are composed of serial and term bonds. The serial bonds are due in varying annual installments from the year 2013 through 2025 and the term bonds are due in varying installments from the year 2032 through 2042. Interest rates on the serial bonds vary from 3.0% to 3.5% with interest payable semi-annually. The term bonds carry interest rates varying from 3.5% to 3.875% with interest payable semi-annually. The Series 2012 Bonds are limited obligations of the City, payable solely from water and sewer revenues of the Utility system. Net revenues are defined as the excess of the system's gross revenues over the operating costs.

The covenants of the Series 2012 bonds Ordinance require that certain accounts be maintained, as follows:

- Reserve Fund Deposits sufficient to restore in not more than 12 equal monthly payments the funds on deposit therein to an amount equal to the reserve fund requirement. In lieu of this fund the City has purchased with Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., surety bond for 2010A and 2010B series to meet the reserve requirement and a bond insurance policy to guarantee the principal and interest payments of 2010B series.
- Renewal and Replacement Fund The Ordinance requires that the City establish a renewal and replacement fund. The City is required to deposit into or credit to the fund the lesser of the balance of all moneys remaining in the revenue fund or 2% of the deposits to the revenue fund during the current month, to the extent necessary to equal the renewal and replacement fund requirement. Excess moneys in the fund may be withdrawn by the City and deposited in the revenue fund. The City is in compliance with the renewal and replacement fund requirement.

The City had covenanted in the Ordinance to fix, establish and maintain and collect such rates and/or impact fees, and to revise the same to the extent necessary, so that the rates and/or impact fees will always provide in each fiscal year either (i) net revenues which are at least equal to 110% of the debt service requirement of the Bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto or (ii) net revenues which are at least equal to 100% of the debt service requirement for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto plus, and which, together with the expansion project percentage of impact fees, are at least equal to 120% of the debt service requirement for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

b. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 (continued)

required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for amounts owing thereto. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 15% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$23,004,650. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$877,925. Customer net revenues for the year were \$5,878,664.

Following is the debt service requirements as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending		Principal	Interest		 Total
2021	\$	280,000	\$	543,175	\$ 823,175
2022		290,000		534,775	824,775
2023		310,000		526,075	836,075
2024	<	330,000		515,225	845,225
2025		345,000		505,325	850,325
2026-2030		2,330,000		2,320,875	4,650,875
2031-2035		3,085,000		1,858,725	4,943,725
2036-2040		4,105,000		1,209,056	5,314,056
2041-2042		3,700,000		216,419	 3,916,419
	\$	14,775,000	\$	8,229,650	\$ 23,004,650

c. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

On October 19, 2017, the City issued \$6,511,296 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, a single issue. The proceeds of the bonds are used to pay a major portion of the cost to improve the City's water and wastewater system. The term of the bond is 15 years at an interest rate of 2.02% with interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year and principal due October 1 of each year. The final principal payment is due on October 1, 2032. An average of \$508,945 in water and sewer revenues is not being available for other uses by the City each for the next fifteen (15) years. Total principal and interest paid during the year was \$505,060. The following table shows the debt service requirements of the Water and Sewer Bond 2017 Series as of September 30, 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

c. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 (continued)

Fiscal Year Ending	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 392,429	\$ 112,552	\$ 504,981
2022	400,357	104,545	504,901
2023	408,444	96,376	504,820
2024	416,694	88,042	504,736
2025	425,112	79,540	504,652
2026-2030	2,257,889	249,243	2,507,132
2031-2032	 1,467,166	 59,668	 1,526,834
	\$ 5,768,091	\$ 789,966	\$ 6,558,057

d. Stormwater Assessment Bonds, Series 2011

On December 15, 2011, the City issued \$5,765,000 of Series 2011 Stormwater Assessment Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to (1) pay capital expenditures and refinance a loan incurred to pay such expenditures with respect to the stormwater runoff management system of the City (the "2011 Project"), (2) purchase a debt service reserve insurance policy and bond insurance policy for the 2011 bonds and (3) pay costs of issuance.

The Series 2011 Bonds are composed of serial and term bonds. The serial bonds are due in varying annual installments from the year 2012 through 2026 and the term bonds are due in varying installments from the year 2023 through 2041. Interest rates on the serial bonds vary from 2.0% to 4.0% with interest payable semi-annually. The term bonds carry interest rates varying from 3.25% to 4.625% with interest payable semi-annually. The Series 2011 bonds are not general obligations of the City but are payable solely from and secured by the net revenues and pledged accounts. Net revenues are defined as the excess of the stormwater system's gross revenues over the operating costs.

The covenants of the Series 2011 bonds Ordinance require that certain accounts be maintained as follows:

The 2011 Reserve Sub-account is to be funded in an amount equal to the least of (i) 10% of the aggregate initial principal amount of the Series 2011 Bonds secured by the 2011 Reserve Subaccount, (ii) the maximum amount of principal of and interest on the Series 2011 Bonds becoming due in the current or any succeeding fiscal year and (iii) 125% of the average annual amount of principal and interest becoming due on the Series 2011 Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the Series 2011 Bonds, the City deposited a debt service reserve insurance policy issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. in the amount of \$340,350 in the 2011 Reserve Subaccount. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

d. Stormwater Assessment Bonds, Series 2011 (continued)

The City has covenanted in the Ordinance that it will, to the extent permitted by law, fix, establish and maintain and collect such assessments, and revise the same to the extent necessary, as will always provide in each fiscal year net revenues which are at least equal to 110% of the debt service requirement on the Bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency In the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of reserve fund insurance policies or letters of credit for the amounts owing thereto. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 20% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$7,105,138. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$338,775. Customer net revenues for the fiscal year were \$2,379,906.

Following is the debt service requirements as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending September 30:	<	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$	145,000	\$ 194,575	\$ 339,575
2022		150,000	190,225	340,225
2023		155,000	185,350	340,350
2024		160,000	180,313	340,313
2025		165,000	174,713	339,713
2026-2030		920,000	771,375	1,691,375
2030-2034		1,125,000	556,613	1,681,613
2035-2039		1,415,000	276,944	1,691,944
2040-2041		325,000	 15,031	 340,031
	\$	4,560,000	\$ 2,545,138	\$ 7,105,138

Rest of the page is intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

e. Storm water Assessment Bond, Series 2015

On August 7, 2015, the City issued \$2,145,530 of Series 2015 Stormwater Assessment Bond, a single issue. The proceeds of the bonds were used to (1) reimburse capital expenditures incurred for drainage improvement and (2) pay costs of issuance. The terms of the bond is 15 years at an interest rate of 2.64% with interest payable semi-annually.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the BB&T Stormwater Assessment Bond as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year ending							
September 30:	Principal]	Interest	Total		
2021	\$	135,040	\$	40,197	\$	175,237	
2022		138,600		36,632		175,232	
2023		142,260		32,973		175,233	
2024		146,020		29,218		175,238	
2025		149,870		25,363		175,233	
2026-2030		810,840		65,334		876,174	
	\$	1,522,630	\$	229,718	\$	1,752,348	

f. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2019

On October 16, 2019, the City issued \$10,730,000 of Series 2019 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the Build America Bonds (BABs), series 2010B. The 2019 Bonds are issued on parity with the City's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds - Series 2010A, Series 2012 and Series 2017 Bonds.

The Series 2019 Bonds are composed of serial and term bonds. The serial bonds are due in varying annual installments from the year 2021 through 2030 and the term bonds are due in varying installments from the year 2032 through 2040. Interest rate on the serial bonds is 5% payable semi-annually while the term bonds carry interest rates varying from 3% to 4% with interest also payable semi-annually. The Series 2019 Bonds are limited obligations of the City, payable solely from water and sewer revenues of the Utility system. Net revenues are defined as the excess of the system's gross revenues over the operating costs.

The City had covenanted in the Ordinance to fix, establish and maintain and collect such charges the services of the System, and to revise the same to the extent necessary, as will always provide in each fiscal year either (i) Net Revenues which are at least equal to 110% of the Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Revenue Bonds (continued)

f. Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (continued)

fund and to reimburse all providers of Reserve Fund Insurance Policies or Letters of Credit for amounts owing thereto or (ii) Net Revenues which are at least equal to 100% of the Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the Reserve Fund and to reimburse all providers of Reserve Fund Insurance Policies or Letters of Credit for amounts owing thereto and Net Revenues plus the Expansion Percentage of Impact Fees which are at least equal to 120% of the debt service requirement on the bonds for such fiscal year plus 100% of the amount required to restore any deficiency in the reserve fund and to reimburse all providers of Reserve Fund Insurance Policies or Letters of Credit for amounts owing thereto. The City is in compliance with this requirement.

Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 15% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$15,543,000. No principal payment was due during the year while interest paid amounted to \$221,550. Customer net revenues for the current year were \$3,977,524.

The following table shows the debt service requirements of the Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, as of September 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 345,000	\$ 443,100	\$ 788,100
2022	355,000	425,850	780,850
2023	370,000	408,100	778,100
2024	390,000	389,600	779,600
2025	410,000	370,100	780,100
2026-2030	2,385,000	1,521,250	3,906,250
2031-2035	2,315,000	924,550	3,239,550
2036-2040	 4,160,000	 330,450	 4,490,450
	\$ 10,730,000	\$ 4,813,000	\$ 15,543,000

Rest of the page is intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt

Long-term liability activities for governmental activities during the year were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds and notes payable					
Capital lease 2013	\$ 96,485	\$ -	\$ (96,485)	\$ -	\$ -
Capital lease 2014	393,365	-	(74,959)	318,406	767,782
Capital lease 2018	499,684	-	(82,109)	417,575	84,616
Note payable 2007	2,227,620	-	(206,475)	2,021,145	215,704
Note payable 2016	540,000	-	(105,000)	435,000	105,000
BB&T refunding bonds 2010	7,468,464	-	(505,180)	6,963,284	523,933
Gen. Obligation Bonds series 2020		26,000,000	-	26,000,000	525,000
Florida Community Bank 2018	1,660,000	_	(145,000)	1,515,000	150,000
CRA RCP loan	3,313,747		(173,782)	3,139,965	175,712
Total bonds and notes payable	16,199,365	26,000,000	(1,388,990)	40,810,375	2,547,747
Add: Deferred amounts		5,761,739	(88,027)	5,673,712	
Net bonds and notes payable	16,199,365	31,761,739	(1,477,017)	46,484,087	2,547,747
Other liabilities					
Compensated absences	1,155,065	1,257,152	(1,038,564)	1,373,653	315,439
Net pension liability	28,066,107	2,567,163	-	30,633,270	-
OPEB liability	1,166,313	48,672	(174,846)	1,040,139	
Total other liabilities	30,387,485	3,872,987	(1,213,410)	33,047,062	315,439
Total	\$ 46,586,850	\$ 35,634,726	\$ (2,690,427)	\$ 79,531,149	\$ 2,863,186

⁻ Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt (continued)

Long-term liability activities for business-type activities during the year were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	Beginning	<u>Increases</u> <u>Decreases</u>		ses <u>Decreases</u> <u>Ending</u>	
Business-type activities:					
Bonds and notes payable					
Capital lease 2014 (US Bank)	\$ 263,305	\$ -	\$ (50,175)	\$ 213,130	\$ 51,388
Capital lease 2017 (US Bank)	696,559	-	(156,147)	540,412	158,868
Water & Sewer loan 2014 (SunTrust)	1,065,000	-	(95,000)	970,000	95,000
Water & Sewer refunding series 2010 A	595,000	-	(365,000)	230,000	35,000
Water & Sewer refunding series 2010 B	11,515,000	-	(11,515,000)	-	-
Water & Sewer bonds series 2012	15,100,000	-	(325,000)	14,775,000	280,000
Water & Sewer bonds series 2017	5,768,090	-	-	5,768,090	392,430
Water & Sewer refunding bonds 2019	0	10,730,000	-	10,730,000	345,000
Solidwaste loan 2019 (Chase Bank)	1,262,453	-	(170,700)	1,091,753	191,610
Stormwater refunding bonds 2010 (BB&T)	3,155,240	-	(213,426)	2,941,814	221,349
Stormwater bonds series 2011	4,700,000	-	(140,000)	4,560,000	145,000
Stormwater bonds series 2015	1,654,190		(131,560)	1,522,630	135,040
Total bonds and notes payable	45,774,837	10,730,000	(13,162,008)	43,342,829	2,050,685
Less: Deferred amounts	(181,332)	1,429,480	(60,310)	1,187,838	
Net bonds and notes payable	45,593,505	12,159,480	(13,222,318)	44,530,667	2,050,685
Other liabilities					
Compensated absences	182,025	227,945	(197,305)	212,665	38,279
Net pension liability	4,031,778	535,702	-	4,567,480	-
OPEB liability	314,264	11,611	(41,708)	284,167	
Total other liabilities	4,528,067	775,258	(239,013)	5,064,312	38,279
Total	\$ 50,121,572	\$ 12,934,738	\$ (13,461,331)	\$ 49,594,979	\$ 2,088,964

⁻ Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

The City's employee retirement plans include two (2) single-employer defined benefit plans, namely: the General Employees' Pension Plan (GEPP) and the Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F), a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan, the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS) and three (3) defined contribution plans, the 401(a) Executive Plan, the General Employee 401(a) Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. Employees of the City must participate in the Plan appropriate to their positions.

Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the GEPP, the RSP&F, the FRS and the Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) and additions to/deduction from the FRSP and HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSP and HIS. The plans are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due pursuant to the actuarial valuation. State contributions to the RSP&F are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The preparation of these schedules requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and changes therein, including appropriate disclosures at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

General Information

In October 2007, the City joined the FRS to provide retirement and survivor benefits to all new hired general employees. On that date, the employees that were in the GEPP plan had the option of making a one-time election of remaining in the GEPP plan or transferring to the FRS plan. The City's general employees hired after October 2007 participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two (2) cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan").

Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a State agency, County government, District school board, State university, Community college, or a participating City or special district within the State

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

General Information (continued)

of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the web site:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

As required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, this report includes the City's share of the collective net pension liability and associated pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the system's cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans.

Plan Description

The FRS Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class
- Special Risk Class
- Elected Officials Class
- Senior Management Service Class

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular and Senior Management Service. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight (8) highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent (3%) per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent (3%) determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent (3%) of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 8.47% and 10.0%; Senior Management Service – 25.41% and 27.29%; and Special Risk – 25.48% and 24.45%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, respectively.

The City's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$1,397,543 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 with covered payroll of \$15,520,218.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$18,230,405 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the contributions of all participating members. At September 30, 2020, the City's proportionate share was 0.042062262 percent, which was an increase of 0.005428102 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

The components of the City's proportionate share in the net pension liability as of September 30, 2020, were as follows:

		Amount
Total pension liability	OPY	\$ 86,189,672
Plan fiduciary net position	OF	 (67,959,267)
Total net pension liability		\$ 18,230,405
		 ,

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 78.85%

The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the collective net pension liability was determined on the same basis used by the plan. Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Valuation date	July 1, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal

Inflation 2.40 %

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.80%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rate PUB 2010 base table, projected generationally

with Scale MP-2018

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.80 percent consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.30 percent, consistent with the capital market outlook model developed during 2020 by the outside investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.40 percent as adopted in October 2020 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 6.80 percent return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 6.80 percent reported investment return assumption differs from the 7.00 percent investment return assumption chosen by the 2020 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes, as allowable under governmental accounting and reporting standards.

For reference, the table below contains a summary of the Pension actuarial assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		Annual		
	Target	Arithmetic	Compound	Standard
Asset class	Allocation (1)	Return	Annual Return	Deviation
Cash	1%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed income	19%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global equity	54%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real estate (property)	10%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private equity	11%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic investments	4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Assumed inflation - mean			2.4%	1.7%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Total pension liability (A)		Fiduciary net position (B)		Net pension liability (A)-(B)	
Balances, beginning of the year	\$	83,288,467	\$	68,803,205	\$	14,485,262	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,113,580		-		1,113,580	
Interest on total pension liability		5,661,130		-		5,661,130	
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-	
Effect of economic/demographic gains c		188,711		-		188,711	
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		731,101		-		731,101	
Benefit payments & refunds		(4,793,317)		(4,793,317)		-	
Employer contributions		-		1,397,543		(1,397,543)	
Member contributions	57	-		314,817		(314,817)	
Net investment inocme		-		2,246,086		(2,246,086)	
Administrative expenses				(9,067)		9,067	
Net changes		2,901,205		(843,938)		3,745,143	
Balances, end of the year	\$	86,189,672	\$	67,959,267	\$	18,230,405	

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of contributions which are presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, are shown in multi-year trend information.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.80%) or one percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		6 Decrease (5.80%)		s count Rate (6.80%)	1	% Increase (7.80%)
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	29,110,892	\$	18,230,405	\$	9,142,974

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,881,227, as shown below. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Deferred]	Deferred
	Pension	O	utflows of	I	nflows of
Description	Expense	F	Resources	R	esources
Service cost	\$ 1,113,580	\$	_	\$	-
Interest cost	5,661,130		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	341,192		-		-
Effect of changes in assumptions/inputs	1,151,357		3,300,283		-
Member contributions	(314,817)		-		-
Projected investment earnings	(4,642,593)		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	509,629		1,085,456		-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-		697,715		-
Administrative expenses	9,067		-		-
Net amortization of employer-specific amounts					
due to changes in employer proportion	1,052,682		-		-
Employer-specific amounts due to changes in					
employer proportion			4,222,440		-
Contribution subsequent to measurement date	-		395,884		-
Total	\$ 4,881,227	\$	9,701,778	\$	-

The City's contributions to the Pension Plan made subsequent to the measurement date amounting to \$395,884 which is treated as deferred outflow of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year Ending September 30:	<u>Amount</u>		
2021	\$ 2,056,887		
2022	2,617,788		
2023	2,309,421		
2024	1,683,162		
2025	638,636		
Total	\$ 9,305,894		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

a. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

At the end of the fiscal year, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$262,872 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

b. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan

Plan Description

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, was 1.66% for both periods. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The City's total contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$175,071 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 with covered payroll of \$10,546,873.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

b. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$3,709,468 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the contributions of all participating members. At September 30, 2020, the City's proportionate share was 0.030380971 percent, which was an increase of 0.00002878955 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

The components of the City's proportionate share in the net pension liability as of September 30, 2020, were as follows:

C/Y	<u>Amount</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 3,824,387
Plan fiduciary net position	 (114,919)
Net pension liability	\$ 3,709,468
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>3.00</u> %

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	July 1, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age
Inflation	2.40.%

Inflation 2.40 %

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

b. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

j	Tot	al pension	Fid	uciary net	N	et pension
	l	iability	r	osition		liability
		(A)		(B)	_	(A)-(B)
Balances, beginning of the year	\$	3,491,091	\$	91,764	\$	3,399,327
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		80,668		-		80,668
Interest on total pension liability		122,347		-		122,347
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loss		137,487		-		137,487
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		146,385		-		146,385
Benefit payments & refunds		(153,591)		(153,591)		-
Employer contributions		-		175,071		(175,071)
Member contributions		-		112		(112)
Net investment inocme		-		1,615		(1,615)
Administrative expenses		-		(52)		52
Net changes		333,296		23,155		310,141
Balances, end of the year	\$	3,824,387	\$	114,919	\$	3,709,468

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of contributions which are presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, are shown in multi-year trend information.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the collective net pension liability of the HIS Program was determined on the same basis used by the plan. Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

b. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan (continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following shows the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.21%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage lower (1.21%) or one percentage higher (3.21%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate					
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)			
City's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$ 4,287,978	\$ 3,709,468	\$ 3,235,957			

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$595,217. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			I	Deferred	I	Deferred
	P	Pension	O	utflows of	Ir	flows of
Description	Expense		Resources		Resource	
Service cost	\$	80,668	\$	-	\$	-
Interest cost on total pension liabilitity		122,347		-		-
Member contributions		(112)		-		-
Expected investment return		(3,585)		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual						-
earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,962		-
Administrative expenses		52		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or						
losses (difference in actual experience)		25,734		151,740		2,862
Effect of assumptions changes		78,980		398,873		215,691
Recognition of investment (gains) or losses		1,202		-		-
Net amortization of employer-specific amounts						
due to changes in employer proportion		289,931		1,186,724		-
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		<u>-</u>		46,905		
Total	\$	595,217	\$	1,787,204	\$	218,553

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

b. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan (continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's contributions to the HIS Plan made subsequent to the measurement date amounting to \$46,905 which is treated as deferred outflow of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense in the following years, as shown on the table below:

Year Ending September 30:	Amount
2021	\$ 360,991
2022	321,065
2023	250,856
2024	239,783
2025	223,164
Thereafter	 125,887
Total	\$ 1,521,746

Payables to the Pension Plan

At the end of the fiscal year, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$4,437 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Rest of the page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

c. General Employees' Pension Plan

General Information

The City of Oakland Park General Employees' Pension Plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan. It was established by Referendum on May 1, 1963 (collectively known as the "Referendum") as amended on September 1, 1968, as amended by Ordinances O-76-5 and O-76-25 effective April 1, 1976 and Ordinance O-77-11 effective August 13, 1977. The City amended the plan in August 2011 by ordinance O-2011-21 freezing the accrued benefits on all active participants effective October 1, 2011 and moved those participants to a 401(a) defined contribution plan. At which time, the active participants are considered 100% vested for their accrued credit as of that date. The Plan is administered by a governing board which comprises three members which comprises of City staff, to provide pension, disability, and death benefits for its employees and beneficiaries.

The GEPP Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. These financial reports may be obtained by writing to the Board of Trustees c/o City of Oakland Park, 3650 N.E. 12th Avenue, Oakland Park, Florida 33334.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the GEPP Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. The pension benefits is computed as 3.5% of average earnings times up to 20 years of service + 0.50% of average earnings times next 10 years of service payable at normal retirement age of 62 years old. In addition to regular retirement benefits, the Plan also provides for disability pension and preretirement death benefits. The disability pension is a temporary life annuity equal to two-thirds of base salary offset by social security disability benefit and worker's compensation. The pre-retirement death benefit is a lump sum payment equal to either 100% of base pay if less than 15 years of service, or 150% of base pay if at least 15 years of service. Maximum preretirement death benefit under the Plan is \$30,000.

The basic pension is computed as 3.5% of average earnings times up to 20 years of service + 0.50% of average earnings times next 10 years of service payable at normal retirement age of 62 years old. The normal date for retirement is the first day of the calendar month coinciding with or next following the participant's sixty-second birthday. Additionally, a participant may elect to retire, without reduction of benefits, after 30 years of continuous service, regardless of age. Participants may also elect retirement, with reduced benefits, within a ten-year period immediately preceding normal retirement age.

Contribution

The employer's annual required contributions to the Plan are determined as part of the most recent actuarial valuation. Members of the Plan do not contribute since the Plan is closed. The actual contributions from the City based on actuarial determination for the fiscal year amounted to \$1,479,012 with covered payroll of \$2,801,088.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

c. General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

		Amount
Total pension liability	\$	45,292,747
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(42,191,516)
Net pension liability	\$	3,101,231
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
the total pension liability		93.15%

Actuarial assumptions

The City's net pension liability for the GEPP is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the plan is measured as of September 30, 2020 using an annual actuarial valuation of October 1, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	October 1, 2019
Measurement date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.92% long term
Salary increases	5% per annum
Investment rate of return	7.50% compounded

Mortality Sex-distinct rates per RP-2000 Combined

Mortality Table using Scale BB

Retirement age Earlier of age 62 or 30 years of service

Rest of the page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

c. General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

Estimates of long term rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of October 1, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected real rate
Asset class	Allocation	of return
Core bonds	10%	1.60%
Core plus	10%	2.10%
U.S. large cap equity	39%	4.60%
U.S. small cap equity	13%	5.50%
Non-U.S. equity	18%	6.70%
Core real estate	<u>10%</u>	<u>5.00%</u>
Total or Weighted Arithmetic Average	<u>100</u> %	4.58%
Membership as of actuarial valuation date:		
Receiving Benefits	171	
Deferred Vested	44	
Active participants	60	
	<u>275</u>	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the City will be made at statutorily required amount, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of Plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

- Rest of the page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

c. General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total pension liability (A)	Fiduciary net position (B)	Net pension liability (A)-(B)
Balances, beginning of the year	\$ 45,547,838	\$ 41,531,792	\$ 4,016,046
Changes during the year:			
Expected interest growth	3,271,551	3,035,010	236,541
Unexpected investment income	=	(206,087)	206,087
Demographic experience	173,456	-	173,456
Employer contributions	=	1,612,366	(1,612,366)
Benefit payments & refunds	(3,700,098)	(3,700,098)	=
Administrative expense		(81,467)	81,467
Balances, end of the year	\$ 45,292,747	\$ 42,191,516	\$ 3,101,231

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of contributions which are presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, are shown in multi-year trend information.

Sensitivity of the City's Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for 2020, as well as what the employer net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)		
Total Pension Liability Less: Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 49,532,884 (42,191,516)	\$ 45,292,747 (42,191,516)	\$ 41,677,822 (42,191,516)		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,341,368	\$ 3,101,231	\$ (513,694)		

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2020, the City had no reported payable for outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

c. General Employees' Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of (\$190,975) as shown on the table below. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

				Deferred		Deferred	
		Pension	O	outflows of]	Inflows of	
Description		Expense		Resources		Resources	
Balances, beginning of the year	\$	-	\$	2,746,076	\$	2,198,487	
Changes during the year:							
Service cost		-		-		-	
Other recognized changes:							
Expected growth		236,541		-		-	
Investment gain (loss)		(499,671)		206,087		-	
Effect of economic/demographic gain (loss)		(410,303)		173,456		-	
Administrative expenses		81,467		-		-	
Effect of assumption changes/inputs		400,991		-		-	
Net amortization				(855,083)		(1,364,066)	
Net changes		(190,975)		(475,540)		(1,364,066)	
Balances, end of the year	\$	(190,975)	\$	2,270,536	\$	834,421	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year Ending	
September 30:	Amount
2021	\$ 119,615
2022	589,246
2023	682,752
2024	44,502
Total	\$ 1,436,115

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

General Information

The City of Oakland Park Retirement System for Police and Firefighters (RSP&F) is a single employer defined benefit pension plan which provides pension, disability, and death benefits for its employees and beneficiaries. It was established on December 3, 1975 by Ordinance O-75-15, and amended by Ordinance O-76-23 dated September 15, 1976, Ordinance O-83-23 dated December 21, 1983, Ordinance O-95-10 adopted July 5, 1995 and Ordinance O-2005-030 adopted September 7, 2005, (collectively known as the "Ordinances"). On July 5, 1995, the City passed O-95-10 that amended and restated the retirement system for police, firefighters and public safety officers of the City and repealed prior ordinances related to the RSP&F Plan. The City further amended the Plan by Ordinance O-2018-018 freezing the membership effective September 1, 2018 and members as at such date had the option to move to the Florida Retirement System (FRS). Firefighters hired on or after that date become compulsory members of FRS.

The Plan is administered by a governing board comprised of five members and issues publicly available financial reports which may be obtained by writing to the Board of Trustees c/o City of Oakland Park, 3650 N.E. 12th Avenue, Oakland Park, Florida 33334.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides for monthly pension benefits to members, police officers and firefighters, who on March 1, 2013 are within 7 years of their normal retirement date, beginning at normal retirement age of 42 with 20 years continuous service or age 55 with 10 years of continuous service or age 58 regardless of length of service. The Plan permits early retirement on the first day of any month following the earlier of the member's 50th birthday and the completion of 10 years of continuous service or 20 years of continuous service. The Plan also provides certain disability and death benefits. For firefighters hired on or after March 1, 2013 and firefighters who, on March 1, 2013 are not within 7 years of the normal retirement date, the normal retirement date shall be 52 with 25 years continuous service or age 55 with 10 years of continuous service.

For firefighters who retired prior to June 20, 2007 and police officers, the normal monthly retirement benefit will be equal to 3% of the member's average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service, subject to a maximum benefit of 75% of average monthly earnings. Average monthly earnings is defined as the higher of the monthly average of the member's compensation for the best thirty-six (36) consecutive month period out of the last 120 consecutive months, or the average of the best five (5) of the last ten (10) years of service. Average monthly earnings include base pay and longevity pay and do not include overtime, bonuses, holiday premiums, vacation premiums, and any other non-regular payments. Effective October 1, 2003, up to three hundred (300) hours of overtime pay per year shall be included in final average earnings for police officers. For members who complete more than 37½ years of service, accrual of benefits shall recommence at the rate of 2% for each year of creditable service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Benefits provided (continued)

For firefighters who are actively employed on or after June 20, 2007 and firefighters who, on March 1, 2013 are within 7 years of the normal retirement date, the amount of benefit payable at the normal retirement date shall be 3% of the member's average monthly earnings for the first 10 years of continuous service and 4% of average monthly earnings for the next 10 years of service, and 3% of average monthly earnings for the next 5 years of continuous service, subject to a maximum benefit of 85% of average monthly earnings.

For firefighters who complete more than 42 1/2 years of service, accrual of benefits shall recommence at the rate of 2% for each year of creditable service.

For firefighters who are hired on or after March 1, 2013 and firefighters who, on March 1, 2013, are not within 7 years of the normal retirement date, the amount of benefit payable at normal retirement shall be the members' accrued benefit as of March 1, 2013, and 2.25% of the member's average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service after March 1, 2013, subject to a maximum benefit of 70% of average monthly earnings. Provided in no event the benefit of any member employed prior to March 1, 2013 be less than the member's accrued benefit percentage as of March 1, 2013.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

Effective January 3, 2001, the Plan implemented a Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") for police officers and firefighters who are eligible for normal service retirement at age 42 and have at least 20 years creditable service. Participation in the DROP for firefighters who on March 1, 2013 are within 7 years of the normal retirement date and police officers is limited to a maximum 60 months prior to termination of employment. Participation in the DROP for firefighters hired on or after March 1, 2013 and firefighters who, on March 1, 2013, are not within 7 years of the normal retirement date is limited to a maximum 36 months prior to termination of employment. The DROP is administered by the Plan's actuary and earns interest based upon the earnings and losses of the retirement plan. Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them and they also begin to receive their (frozen) monthly retirement benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Contributions

The Plan is funded by member contributions from police officers of 8.5% and from firefighters of 8% for members hired after March 1, 2013 and 10.0% for members hired before such date, plus allowable contributions from the State of Florida under Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes, and the actuarially-determined required employer contribution.

The actual contributions from the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, amounted to \$1,793,242 and the amount of covered payroll was \$1.273,939 Members' contributions were \$102,966 while County and State contributions were \$- and \$693,510, respectively.

Pursuant to Chapters 175 and 185 of the Florida Statutes, premium taxes on certain property and casualty insurance contracts written on City properties is collected by the State and is remitted to the Plan. The amounts of \$226,958 and \$466,522 from property insurance and casualty premium were recognized as revenues and expenditures during the year.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	 Amount
Total pension liability	\$ 73,800,084
Plan fiduciary net position	 (63,640,438)
Net pension liability	\$ 10,159,646
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
the total pension liability	<u>86.23</u> %

Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Actuarial assumptions

The City's net pension liability for the RSP&F plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the plan is measured as of September 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 with the following assumptions:

Valuation date	October 1, 2019
Measurement date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	5.00%
Investment rate of return	7.70% compounded
Mortality	Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar,
	Scale BB
	Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB

Estimates of long-term rate of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of October 1, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term expected
Asset class	Target Allocation	real rate of return
Domestic equity	45%	9.30%
International equity	15%	10.30%
Domestic bonds	25%	4.30%
International bonds	5%	5.30%
Real estate	<u>10</u> %	6.30%
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100%	7.70%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

Membership as of Actuarial Valuation Date	
Receiving Benefits	126
Terminated Vested	24
Active members	12
Drop participants	<u>7</u>
Total	169

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.7% for 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from the City will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the discount rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total pension liability (A)		Fiduciary net position (B)		N	et pension liability (A)-(B)
Balances, beginning of the year	\$	73,647,947	\$	61,357,225	\$	12,290,722
Changes during the year:						
Service cost		118,175		-		118,175
Expected interest growth		5,512,965		4,564,967		947,998
Unexpected investment (gain) loss		-		1,862,123		(1,862,123)
Demographic experience		209,512		-		209,512
Employer contributions		-		2,486,752		(2,486,752)
Employee contributions		-		102,966		(102,966)
Benefit payments & refunds		(6,619,648)		(6,619,648)		-
Assumption changes		931,133		-		931,133
Administrative expense		-		(113,947)		113,947
Net changes		152,137		2,283,213		(2,131,076)
Balances, end of the year	\$	73,800,084	\$	63,640,438	\$	10,159,646

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

The Schedules of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and related ratios and Schedule of Contributions are presented in multiyear trend information within the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

Sensitivity of the City's Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.70% for 2020, as well as what the employer net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.70%)	Discount Rate (7.70%)	1% Increase (8.70%)			
Net pension liability	\$ 16,560,478	\$ 10,159,646	\$ 4,718,144			

- Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources (DOR) and Deferred Inflows of Resources (DIR) Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,301,716 for the Retirement System of Police and Firefighters, as shown in the table below. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

		Deferred	Deferred
	Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of
Description	Expense	Resources	Resources
Balances, beginning of the year	\$ -	\$ 5,648,412	\$ 3,000,784
Service cost	118,175	-	-
Changes during the year:			
Expected interest growth	5,512,965	-	-
Expected investment (gain)/loss	(4,564,967)	-	1,862,123
Effect of economic/demographic gain (loss)	-	209,512	-
Employee contributions	(102,966)	-	-
Administrative expenses	113,947	-	-
Assumption changes	-	931,133	-
Net amortization payments	-	(2,633,884)	(1,409,322)
Recognition of outflow (inflow) of resources	(81,654)	-	-
Recognition of outflow (inflow) of resources	1,306,216		
Net changes	2,301,716	(1,493,239)	452,801
Balances, end of the year	\$ 2,301,716	\$ 4,155,173	\$ 3,453,585

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense in the following fiscal years, as shown below:

Year Ending	Am	ounts to be
September 30:	re	cognized
2021	\$	911,273
2022		260,355
2023		85,277
2024		(555,318)
Total	\$	701,587

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

d. Retirement System for Police and Firefighters

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2020, the City's outstanding contributions payable to the Plan as required for the fiscal year 2020 was \$-0-.

Aggregate Amount for all Pension Plans

		Deferred	Deferred	
	Net Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	Pension
	Liabilities	Resources	Resources	Expenses
Florida Retirement System	\$ 18,230,405	\$ 9,701,778	\$ -	\$ 4,881,227
Florida Retirement System - HIS	3,709,468	1,787,204	218,553	595,217
General Employees Pension Plan	3,101,231	2,270,536	834,421	(190,975)
Police & Firefighters Pension Plan	10,159,646	4,155,173	3,453,585	2,301,716
Grand Total	\$ 35,200,750	\$ 17,914,691	\$ 4,506,559	\$ 7,587,185

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

a. 401(a) Executive Plan and the 401(a) General Employee Plan

The City established two (2) defined contribution plans, titled the "401(a) Executive Plan", is offered to senior management and the '401(a) General Employee Plan' is offered to those employees that did not elect to move to the FRS Retirement System in 2007 when the GEPP Plan was closed to new entrants. The 401(a) Executive Plan is administered by International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA) and the 401(a) General Employee Plan is administered by the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund.

Funding Policy

The City contributed 12% to 26% per contract with each 401(a) Executive Plan participant. The senior management is required to contribute 3%. The City contribution to 401(a) General Employee Plan is determined annually by the City Commission which generally follows the contribution rates set by the FRS Retirement System. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. For FY20, the 401(a) General Employee Plan contribution rates for the City and the employees are 8.46% and 3%, respectively. Total contribution including employees' share for FY20 were \$82,667 for the executive plan and \$321,043 for the general employee plan, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

b. FRS Investment Plan (continued)

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Investment Plan is a defined contribution retirement plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Florida Legislature enacted the Plan during the 2000 legislative session, and amendments to the Plan can only be made by an act of the Florida Legislature.

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Funding Policy

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts are defined by law but the ultimate benefit depends on the performance of the investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established by the Florida Legislature.

The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts who will allocate the contributions among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts based on a percentage of gross compensation by class, October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 8.47% and 10.0%; Senior Management Service – 25.94% and 27.29%; and Special Risk – 25.48% and 24.45%.; as established by Sec. 121.72, Fl Statutes. Total contributions including employees share for FY 2020 were \$251,165.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA. However, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plans (continued)

Funding Policy (continued)

After termination and after an application to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lumpsum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contribution

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City's and employees' contributions for all defined contribution plans were as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contribution requirement	\$ 654,876	\$ 571,886	\$ 543,210
Contributions made by the City (100%)			
401 (a) Plan	\$ 308,666	\$ 320,842	\$ 316,181
FRS Investment Plan	200,584	115,762	89,054
Contributions made by employees (100%)			
401 (a) Plan	95,045	102,043	107,574
FRS Investment Plan	 50,581	 33,239	 30,401
Total contributions made	\$ 654,876	\$ 571,886	\$ 543,210
Total covered payroll	\$ 4,854,196	\$ 4,509,410	\$ 4,599,160
% of contribution to total covered			
payroll	<u>13.49</u> %	<u>12.68</u> %	<u>11.81</u> %

Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Deferred Compensation Plan

An optional deferred compensation plan is offered to employees in addition to the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. The City adopted provisions of IRS Code 457(g) and GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for IRS Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. All assets and income of the Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants. The City makes no investment decisions and has no fiduciary responsibilities regarding the Plan, therefore, the assets and liabilities of the Plan are not included in the City's financial statements at September 30, 2020. The City currently contributes to the plan for executive management ranging from 2.12% to 12.23% of salaries. For fiscal year 2020, the amount contributed by the City was \$7,269.21. Members may make voluntary contributions to 457(b) up to the maximum annual contribution allowed by law.

NOTE 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information

Under Florida State Law, the City is required to offer retirees health and other insurance on the same basis as employees, provided that the retiree pays the full premium, for the relevant coverage; other OPEB may be eliminated at any time by the employer. The City has no formal plan that administers the City's post-employment healthcare, dental and life insurance coverage to eligible individuals that includes all regular employees of the City who retire from active service and are eligible for retirement or disability benefits. The City subsidizes implicitly by allowing the retirees to participate in the plan.

Plan Description

The retiree health, dental and other insurance program is a single-employer (unfunded) OPEB plan. Retirees, their spouses and dependents pay 100% of the blended premium rates to obtain their elected benefits. The blended rates provide an implicit subsidy to them because on an actuarial basis, retiree healthcare costs and future claims are generally expected to result in higher costs to the employer. Retirees must make an election to participate in the Plan within 60 days of the effective date of retirement or the termination date to continue in the Plan as a retiree. The Plan does not provide for a cost of living allowance increase.

The OPEB Plan operates on a pay-as-you-go basis based on the budget and there are no assets accumulated in the Plan.

Benefits provided

The City provides post-employment benefits to retirees, the same healthcare benefits as those provided to active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All full-time equivalent employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Four types of health plans are offered to eligible participants:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Benefits provided (continued)

- Standard Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan
- High Deductible PPO Plan
- Standard Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) Plan
- High Deductible HMO Plan

Covered Individuals

At September 30, 2020, the following number of individuals were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	16
Active employees	<u>229</u>
Total	245

Contributions

The retirees and their spouses and dependents must contribute an amount determined periodically by the insurance carrier equal to 100% of the premium rates of their elected health, dental and other insurance benefits. The City implicitly subsidizes the healthcare premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the same health plan offered to active employees.

Total OPEB Liability

The components of the City's OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020 were as follows:

	 Amount
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,324,306
Plan fiduciary net position	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,324,306
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

Rest of page is intentionally left blank. -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The City's OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020 was determined using the following actuary assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	January 1, 2020
Measurement date	September 30, 2020
Discount rate	3.26%
Salary increases	3% per annum
Cost of living increases	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare cost trend rates	Increases in healtcare costs are assumed to be 7.0% for FY2020 graded down by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for FY 2024 and later years.
Retirees' share of benefit- related costs	Must contribute an amount equal to 100% of the applicable health insurance premium determined periodically by the insurance carrier; there are no minimum required employer contributions.

The discount rate was based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date.

The mortality rates were based on PUB-2010 Mortality Table (without income adjustments) for general and public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2017.

Changes in OPEB Liability

	otal OPEB <u>Liability</u>	OPEB Net Position	Net OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Balances, beginning of the year Changes during the year	\$ 1,480,578	\$ -	\$ 1,480,578
Service cost	119,881	-	119,881
Expected interest growth	56,745	-	56,745
Demographic experience	(43,393)	-	(43,393)
Benefit payments & refunds	(83,831)	-	(83,831)
Assumption changes	 (205,674)		(205,674)
Net changes	 (156,272)		(156,272)
Balances, end of the year	\$ 1,324,306	\$ -	\$ 1,324,306

The Schedules of Changes in the City's OPEB liability and related ratios and Schedule of Contributions are presented in the required supplementary information following the Notes to the Financial statements. Multi-year trend information will be presented as it becomes available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trends:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be using a discount rates that are one percentage point lower (-1) or one percentage point higher (+1) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.26%)	Discount Rate (3.26%)	1% Increase (4.26%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,451,233	\$ 1,324,306	\$ 1,213,693	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trends:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be using healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point lower (-1) or one percentage point higher (+1) than the current rate:

	T	rend Rate (- 1%)	Cost Trend Rate (7.5% graded down to 5%)		T	Trend Rate (+ 1%)	
Net OPEB liabililty	\$	1,185,859	\$	1,324,306	\$	1,489,338	

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to OPEB

In accordance with GASB 75, paragraphs 157 and 158, changes in the total OPEB liability and costs incurred by the employer related to the administration of OPEB are recognized in expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees who are provided with benefits through the OPEB Plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees who are provided with benefits through the OPEB Plan (active and inactive employees).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$60,282. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	_	PEB pense	Ou	eferred atflow of esources	Ir	Deferred iflows of esources
Balances, beginning of the year	\$	-	\$	42,871	\$	139,137
Changes during the year:						
Service cost	1	119,881		-		
Other recognized changes in OPEB liability		-		-		-
Expected interest growth		56,745		-		-
Demographic gain(loss)		(2,561)		-		43,393
Benefit payments and refunds		(83,831)		-		-
Amortization payments	24	-		(6,158)		(38,672)
Assumption changes	0,	(29,952)				205,674
Net changes		60,282		(6,158)		210,395
Balances, end of the year	\$	60,282	\$	36,713	\$	349,532

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in the following fiscal years, as shown below:

Year Ending September 30:	ed Outflow es ources	rred Inflow Resources	 Amount to be Recognized
2021	\$ 6,159	\$ 38,672	\$ (32,513)
2022	6,159	38,672	(32,513)
2023	6,159	38,672	(32,513)
2024	6,159	38,672	(32,513)
2025	6,159	38,672	(32,513)
2026-2029	 5,916	 156,171	 (150,255)
Total	\$ 36,711	\$ 349,531	\$ (312,820)

There are no financial statements for the OPEB plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 11. POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

As of September 30, 2020, the City is involved in two (2) pollution remediation events as follows:

West Dixie Lots - The City owned property at 3869 N. Dixie Highway in Oakland Park (the northern lot of the commonly referred "Dixie Lots") has environmental issues that was determined to require remediation based on site assessments conducted by environmental engineering consultants. Under GASB 49, outlays for pollution remediation to prepare a property for sale can be capitalized. On October 2018, the City entered into a Purchase and Sale and Development Agreement with an investor for the redevelopment of the West Dixie Lots. The terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement provided for the remediation of the contamination. In August 2019, the City engaged the services of environmental engineers who started to perform contamination remedial actions. The cost of the remediation outlays which amounted to \$483,443. Pollution remediation liability for this site is not recorded as they are being capitalized when incurred.

3801 NE 5th Avenue — This property is the current site of the City's fueling station. In April 1987, the City applied with Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) Early Detection Incentive (EDI) Program. FDEP deemed the site eligible to participate in the EDI program on July 10, 1987. In 1991, the City voluntarily removed three (3) 4,000-gallon diesel fuel and one 2,000-gallon underground storage tanks (USTs). No liability was recognized for such event because the EDI program allowed for funding and cleanup assistance for the site.

Furthermore in September 2016, FDEP completed soil and groundwater assessment of the same site which detected concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons above groundwater cleanup target levels on the southeast side of the USTs. As of September 30, 2020, the City is in the process of assessing the options for cleanup of the petroleum-related chemicals in the site to address the outstanding environmental remediation requirement. Accordingly, the cost of the remedial action plan cannot be reasonably estimated, therefore a liability for this site is not recorded in the financial statements.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Police Services

On October 1, 2005, the City entered into a five-year contract with the Broward Sheriff's Office (BSO) for police services. The contract was last renewed in February 2020 for another five (5) years and will expire on September 30, 2025. The original contract called for the City to pay BSO approximately \$841,593 per month for the first year, plus actual fuel usage charged by the City. Annual future increases will be based on BSO's budgeted costs but in no event will the increase be more than 5% over the budgeted costs for the preceding year. BSO is obligated to reimburse the City for any staffing shortages. The City recorded expenses of \$16,035,706 under the contract for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

At the date of the contract in August 2000, the City had eleven police officers that were eligible for retirement. The accrued compensated absence amount for these officers was approximately \$131,130 at September 30, 2020, which remains the responsibility of the City. This liability is recorded in the General Fund as accrued compensated absences with the funds maintained in a separate bank account. The compensated absences liability for the remaining officers was transferred to BSO.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

b. Wastewater Services Interlocal Agreement

On April 20, 1982 and November 2, 1988, the City entered into an agreement with Broward County, Florida and the City of Fort Lauderdale, respectively, for the transmission, treatment and disposal of wastewater. The charges for service provided by the County include operating, maintenance and debt service charges for the facilities and the County Improvement, Repair, and Replacement Fund Surcharge. The charges are adjusted annually based on actual costs incurred in the prior year. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recorded expenses of \$1,134,654 and \$5,486,825 under the Broward County and the Fort Lauderdale contracts, respectively. These agreements will continue in existence and cannot be cancelled on any condition except by mutual agreement between the City, Broward County and City of Fort Lauderdale.

Management's consideration to cancel this agreement is remote. In addition, future payments under this agreement cannot be estimated.

c. Construction and Other Encumbrances

Purchase Orders are issued throughout any given fiscal year to encumber funds and are liquidated upon the payment of the related invoice(s) for the delivery of the good or services ordered. The significant construction and other encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2020, which rolled over to the next fiscal year were as follows:

Fund	Governmental <u>Activities</u>				Business <u>Activi</u>	
General fund	\$ 53	30,887	\$	-		
Capital projects fund	1,80	08,000		-		
CRA	1	15,863		-		
Water and Sewer fund		-		2,318,669		
Solid Waste fund		-		13,215		
Stormwater fund				308,942		
Total Commitments	\$ 2,45	4,750	\$	2,640,826		

d. Litigation

During the ordinary course of its operations, the City is party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. The City is aggressively defending each action. The ultimate liability related to these claims is not presently determinable. Furthermore, it is the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel that the final resolution of these claims and legal proceedings would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

e. Federally Assisted Programs - Compliance Audits

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the City. The amount of expenditures which could be disallowed by the grantor, *if any*, cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The City and OPCRA submitted a request to the County relating to the Redevelopment Capital Program (RCP). As mentioned in Notes 8a thru 8f under Bank and Intergovernmental Loans, the program allows for the loans to be converted to grants based on revenues that can be quantified from the property developments in the OPCRA area for a period of twenty (20) years. The City requested to extend the period by another ten (10) years and the County approved the request on April 20, 2021.

Based on the City's current submission of development projects, the estimated value of RCP loans to be converted to grant in fiscal year 2021 is about \$2.78 million.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City purchases commercial insurance for all types of claims with nominal deductible amount. There has not been any significant change in insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage limitations in any of the past three fiscals.

NOTE 15. NEW FINANCIAL STANDARDS NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the GASB issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, in May 2020. The effective dates of the following GASB pronouncements, which were issued prior to May 2020, are based on the revised dates in Statement 95:

The City has not elected early implementation and, therefore, has not determined the financial statement impact, if any, of these new pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021;
- GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020;

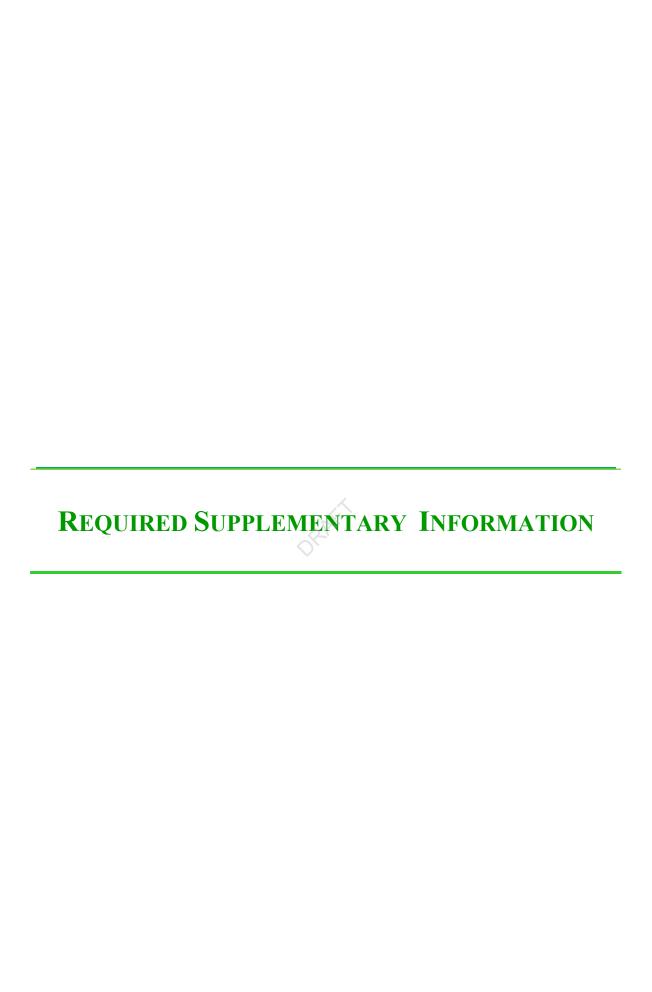
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 15. NEW FINANCIAL STANDARDS NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

- GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019;
- GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligation*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019;
- GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021;
- GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020;
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022;
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022; and
- GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 an No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, except for the requirement in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately.

The City of Oakland Park will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The City is currently evaluating whether or not the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant impact to the City's financial statements and component unit.



ORAFT

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Variance with
		ed Amounts	A . 4 1	Final Budget
D	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes:				
Property	\$ 20,413,84	y \$ 20,413,847	\$ 20,616,499	\$ 202,652
Franchise fees	2,700,55		2,600,936	(99,614)
Utility taxes	4,915,00		4,876,392	(38,608)
Communications service taxes	1,200,00		1,434,626	234,626
Other taxes	1,953,29		1,783,997	(169,298)
Licenses and permits	1,622,283		1,799,108	176,826
Intergovernmental	4,783,59	4,871,340	4,319,726	(551,614)
Charges for services	14,059,98	14,059,988	14,156,962	96,974
Fines and forfeitures	551,000	551,000	449,752	(101,248)
Investment earnings	250,000	250,000	273,862	23,862
Grants	12,000	248,167	416,545	168,378
Other	487,58	514,135	792,801	278,666
Total revenues	52,949,13	53,299,604	53,521,206	221,602
Expenditures:				
General government:				
City commission	220,31		202,197	28,119
City manager	801,84		788,183	40,664
City clerk	800,71		613,203	187,511
Human resources	1,315,17		1,369,540	96,851
Legal	552,00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	467,262	84,738
Financial services	1,387,26		1,243,903	154,380
Information technology service	1,217,31		983,938	289,226
Non-departmental	475,59		340,104	160,875
Total general government	6,770,22	7,050,694	6,008,330	1,042,364
Public safety:	16 704 57	16 690 667	16 502 259	179 400
Police	16,704,57		16,502,258	178,409
Fire rescue	10,851,899		11,853,546	(293,476)
Total public safety	27,556,47	28,240,737	28,355,804	(115,067)
Public works:				
Administration	174,41		133,732	40,685
Parks maintenance	2,406,729		1,920,097	351,313
Street maintenance	2,367,89		2,028,774	492,320
Building and maintenance	1,702,100		1,360,911	348,817
Fleet	1,782,57		1,468,065	318,286
Total public works Engineering and community development:	8,433,72	8,463,000	6,911,579	1,551,421
Planning and zoning	865,91	1,348,692	1,011,238	337,454
Engineering and construction management	1,196,57		1,340,236	439,561
Building and permitting	2,106,59		2,032,308	157,159
Community enhancement	1,173,41		1,160,932	142,437
Total ECD	5,342,512		5,544,714	1,076,611
Culture/recreation:				
Library	879,74	879,740	776,322	103,418
Parks and recreation	3,160,82	2,620,088	2,356,912	263,176
Total culture/recreation	4,040,56	3,499,828	3,133,234	366,594
Total expenditures	52,143,49	53,875,584	49,953,661	3,921,923
Excess of revenues over expenditures	805,63	(575,980)	3,567,545	4,143,525
Other financing sources (uses):				
Other sources	1,961,50	2,723,455	-	(2,723,455)
Transfers in		658,549	658,549	-
Transfers (out)	(2,767,14	(2,806,024)	(2,806,024)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$ -	1,420,070	\$ 1,420,070
Fund balance, beginning			17,435,486	
Fund balance, end			\$ 18,855,556	
	budgetary compari	son schedule.		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OAKLAND PARK COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Other revenues	\$ 42,021	\$ 42,021	\$ 42,021	\$ -
Miscellaneous income	2,500	2,500	70	(2,430)
Total revenues	44,521	44,521	42,091	(2,430)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Community redevelopment	562,440	599,321	340,147	259,174
Total expenditures	562,440	599,321	340,147	259,174
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(517,919)	(554,800)	(298,056)	256,744
Other financing sources (uses):	,			
Other sources	100,000	207,914	-	(207,914)
Transfers in (out)	417,919	346,886	346,886	
Total other financing sources	517,919	554,800	346,886	(207,914)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	48,830	\$ 48,830
Fund balance, beginning			205,616	
Fund balance, end			\$ 254,446	

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Budgetary Information

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund, Grant fund (a special revenue fund), Debt Service fund and Capital Projects fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), except for encumbrances which are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes. In addition, the City prepares annual operating budgets for the enterprise funds.

During the month of July each year, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. This budget includes proposed expenditures as well as the expected means of financing them. The Commission holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than October 1.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Only the General Fund is subject to budgetary control on a department level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure categories within individual departments but transfers between departments and revisions that alter the department totals must be approved by the City Commission. The Special Revenue funds, Debt Service fund, Capital Projects fund and the Enterprise funds are subject to budgetary control on an individual fund basis.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, General Fund supplemental appropriations amounted to about \$1.8 million while CRA had a budget increase of about \$108 thousand. Individual type amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end are re-budgeted in the next fiscal year.

Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

There are no reconciling items between GAAP and Budget.

Excess of Expenditure over Appropriations

Expenditures of the Fire Rescue Department which is within the General Fund exceeded the final budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 at the departmental level, which is the legally-controlled level of appropriations, by the amount shown below:

			Amount in Excess
	Budget	Actual	of Final Budget
Fire Rescue Division	\$11,560,070	\$11,853,546	(\$293,476)

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Excess of Expenditure over Appropriations (continued)

The negative budget-to-actual variance in the Fire Rescue Department is due to timing difference between the budget appropriation and the recognition of the expenditure. In FY 2018, the City Commission approved the appropriation for the purchase of a fire truck. Upon placement of the order, the City advanced the payment of \$600 thousand to the vendor. Due to manufacturing and assembly lead time, delivery of the firetruck that was ordered in FY 2018 took place FY 2020. Accordingly, the capital outlay expenditure for such purchase was only recognized in FY 2020 when the asset was placed into service.

On a technical and legal authority basis, the Fire Rescue Department did not exceed its budget during FY 2020. But due to timing difference between the budget appropriation and the recognition of the expenditure, as explained above, the Department appears in the FY 2020 results.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL) FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	City's Proportion <u>of NPL</u>	City's Proportionate Share of NPL	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of NPL to Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of Fiduciary Net Position to TPL
2020	0.00042062262	\$ 18,230,404	\$ 15,520,218	117.46%	78.85%
2019	0.00036634160	12,616,295	13,031,210	96.82%	82.61%
2018	0.00017638560	5,312,826	6,116,174	86.87%	84.26%
2017	0.00015685038	4,639,529	5,297,747	87.58%	83.89%
2016	0.00011984992	3,026,220	3,980,721	76.02%	84.88%
2015	0.00010863684	1,403,190	3,555,253	39.47%	92.00%
2014	0.00009752654	559,055	2,411,204	23.19%	96.09%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten (10) years of data. For years prior to 2014, data are not available. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date. The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (NPL) FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	City's Proportion <u>of NPL</u>	City's oportionate are of NPL	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of NPL to Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of Fiduciary Net Position to TPL
2020	0.00030380971	\$ 3,709,468	\$ 10,546,873	35.17%	3.00%
2019	0.00027502017	3,077,200	9,200,147	33.45%	2.63%
2018	0.00019527954	2,066,861	6,379,962	32.40%	2.15%
2017	0.00017349410	1,855,079	5,531,969	33.53%	1.67%
2016	0.00014467970	1,686,182	4,467,025	37.75%	0.97%
2015	0.00012782764	1,303,641	3,878,348	33.61%	0.50%
2014	0.00011727468	1,096,547	3,480,283	31.51%	0.99%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten (10) years of data. For years prior to 2014, data are not available. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date. The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTION (Unaudited)

Total Pension Liability (11
Beginning balance
Changes during the year

	2020		2019		2010		2017	_	2010	_	2015		2014
Total Pension Liability (TPL):													
Beginning balance	\$ 83,288,46	7 \$	70,087,522	\$	32,390,144	\$	26,198,876	\$	19,340,270	\$	16,959,923	\$	14,655,911
Changes during the year													
Service cost	1,113,58	0	924,306		427,556		325,269		255,629		229,663		220,092
Interest on total pension liability	5,661,13		4,833,841		2,266,190		1,958,146		1,451,276		1,273,394		1,120,572
Effect of plan changes			4,178		2,200,170		14,459		3,872				-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	188,7	1	90.663		97,861		221,545		117,476		176,085		(43,772)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	731,10		580,881		394,337		1,630,984		123,525		170,003		122,498
											-		
Benefit payments and refunds	(4,793,3	7) _	(3,981,235)		(1,830,455)		(1,546,438)	_	(1,273,396)	_	(1,108,259)		(849,871)
Net change in total pension liability	2,901,20	15	2,452,634	_	1,355,489	_	2,603,966	_	678,382		570,884		569,519
Ending balance (a)	86,189,6	2	72,540,156		33,745,633	_	28,802,842	_	20,018,652	_	17,530,807		15,225,430
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:													
Beginning balance	68,803,20	15	59,053,123		27,170,986		22,238,391		17,792,247		16,297,079		12,977,045
Changes during the year													
Benefit payments and refunds	(4,793,3	7)	(3,981,235)		(1,830,455)		(1,546,438)		(1,273,396)		(1,108,259)		(849,871)
Employer contributions	1,397,54		1,135,923		502,685		408,320		292,273		264,866		213,624
Member contributions	314,8		275,787		131,649		116,828		85,179		75,862		66,563
Net investment income	2,246,08		3,447,436		2,461,502		2,949,088		98,347		600,032		2,224,803
Administrative expenses	(9,00		(7,173)		(3,559)		(2,877)		(2,218)		(1,963)		(1,790)
Administrative expenses	(9,00	<u>''</u>) _	(7,173)	_	(3,339)	_	(2,077)	_	(2,210)		(1,903)		(1,790)
Net change in fiduciary net position	(843,93	8)	870,738		1,261,822	_	1,924,922	_	(799,815)	_	(169,462)	_	1,653,330
Ending balance (b)	67,959,26	7	59,923,861		28,432,808	_	24,163,313		16,992,432		16,127,616		14,630,375
										_			
Employer Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$ 18,230,40	<u>5</u> <u>\$</u>	12,616,295	\$	5,312,826	\$	4,639,529	\$	3,026,220	\$	1,403,190	\$	595,055
Covered payroll	\$ 15,520,2	8 \$	13,031,210	\$	6,116,174	\$	5,297,747	\$	3,980,721	\$	3,555,253	\$	2,411,204
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of													
,	70.0	0/	02 (10)		04.2507		02.000/		0.4.0007		02.000/		06.0004
the total pension liability	78.85	<u>1</u> %0	<u>82.61</u> %		<u>84.26</u> %		83.89%		84.88%		<u>92.00</u> %		<u>96.09</u> %
Net pension liability as a percentage of													
covered payroll	117.46	0/.	96.82%		86.87%		87.58%		76.02%		39.47%		24.68%
covered payron	11/.40	2/0	90.82%		00.07%		81.38%		<u>/0.02</u> %		<u>39.47</u> %		<u>24.06</u> %

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTION HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM (HIS) (Unaudited)

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Total Pension Liability (TPL):													
Beginning balance	\$	3,491,091	\$	2,974,776	\$	2,122,839	\$	2,041,756	\$	1,482,851	\$	1,207,157	\$ 1,039,551
Changes during the year Service cost Interest on total pension liability		80,668 122,347		63,837 115,002		50,470 76,101		52,835 58,552		37,141 56,535		27,805 51,827	22,326 48,072
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs		137,487 146,385		141,933		36,746 (77,916)		(186,283)		(4,460) 195,673		77,681	45,313
Benefit payments and refunds	_	(153,591)		(135,280)		(95,986)		(80,845)		(65,085)		(54,338)	 (47,763)
Net change in total pension liability	_	333,296	_	185,492		(10,583)		(155,741)		219,804		102,974	 67,947
Ending balance (a)		3,824,387		3,160,268	_	2,112,256	_	1,886,015	_	1,702,655		1,310,131	 1,107,498
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:													
Beginning balance		91,764		63,932		34,820		19,754		7,346		11,937	18,521
Changes during the year													
Benefit payments and refunds Employer contributions		(153,591) 175,071		(135,280) 152,716		(95,986) 105,901		(80,845) 91,818		(65,085) 74,158		(54,338) 48,888	(47,763) 40,174
Member contributions Net investment income		112 1,615		54 1,700		46 647		239		82		27	26
Administrative expenses		(52)	_	(54)		(33)		(31)		(27)		(24)	 6
Net change in fiduciary net position		23,155	_	19,136	-	10,575		11,182	-	9,127		(5,447)	 (7,557)
Ending balance (b)		114,919	_	83,068		45,395		30,936	_	16,473	_	6,490	 10,964
Employer Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$	3,709,468	\$	3,077,200	\$	2,066,861	\$	1,855,079	\$	1,686,182	\$	1,303,641	\$ 1,096,534
Covered payroll	\$	10,546,873	\$	9,200,147	\$	6,379,962	\$	5,531,969	\$	4,467,025	\$	3,878,348	\$ 3,480,283
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		3.00%		<u>2.63</u> %		<u>2.15</u> %		<u>1.64</u> %		<u>0.97</u> %		0.50%	0.99%
Net pension liability as a percentage of													
covered payroll		35.17%		33.45%		32.40%		33.53%		<u>37.75</u> %		33.61%	31.51%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY GENERAL EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN (Unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability (TPL):							
Beginning balance	\$ 45,547,838	\$ 47,292,370	\$ 47,095,099	\$ 44,993,140	\$ 44,027,314	\$ 40,770,051	\$ 40,731,647
Changes during the year Expected interest growth Demographic changes Changes in assumptions	3,271,551 173,456	3,412,120 (1,691,558)	3,403,524 145,358	3,246,037 (206,608) 2,201,333	3,178,167 879,003	2,934,291 (248,412) 3,584,856	3,283,975
Benefit payments	(3,700,098)	(3,465,094)	(3,351,611)	(3,138,803)	(3,091,344)	(3,013,472)	(3,245,571)
Net change in total pension liability	(255,091)	(1,744,532)	197,271	2,101,959	965,826	3,257,263	38,404
Ending balance (a)	45,292,747	45,547,838	47,292,370	47,095,099	44,993,140	44,027,314	40,770,051
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:							
Beginning balance	41,531,792	41,181,250	39,088,389	35,489,764	33,876,392	34,476,947	32,014,820
Changes during the year							
Employer contributions Expected interest growth Unexpected investment income Benefit payments	1,612,366 3,035,010 (206,087) (3,700,098)	1,789,505 3,023,540 (906,290) (3,465,094)		1,610,387 2,602,502 2,604,679 (3,138,803)	1,868,141 2,492,646 426,556 (3,091,344)	2,326,446 2,557,604 (2,393,198) (3,013,472)	2,423,532 2,659,281 453,926 (2,999,689)
Administrative expenses	(81,467)	(91,119)	(81,358)	(80,140)	(82,627)	(77,935)	(74,923)
Net change in fiduciary net position	659,724	350,542	2,092,861	3,598,625	1,613,372	(600,555)	2,462,127
Ending balance (b)	42,191,516	41,531,792	41,181,250	39,088,389	35,489,764	33,876,392	34,476,947
Employer Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$ 3,101,231	<u>\$ 4,016,046</u>	<u>\$ 6,111,120</u>	\$ 8,006,710	\$ 9,503,376	\$ 10,150,922	\$ 6,293,104
Covered payroll	\$ 2,801,088	\$ 2,877,185	\$ 3,333,110	\$ 3,616,327	\$ 4,067,102	\$ 4,547,339	\$ 4,757,815
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>93.15</u> %	<u>91.18</u> %	<u>87.08</u> %	<u>83.00</u> %	<u>78.88</u> %	<u>76.94</u> %	<u>84.56</u> %
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>110.72</u> %	<u>139.58</u> %	<u>183.35</u> %	<u>221.40</u> %	<u>233.66</u> %	<u>223.23</u> %	132.27%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Unaudited)

	2020			2019	_	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability (TPL):														
Beginning balance	\$ 73,647,	947	\$	74,945,653	\$	74,437,099	\$	69,803,871	\$	71,184,117	\$	68,911,765	\$	66,605,338
Changes during the year														
Service cost	118,			111,884		381,535		362,043		516,314		518,137		557,925
Expected interest growth	5,512,	965		5,949,655		6,033,930		6,034,650		5,629,161		5,727,406		5,780,261
Differences between expected and actual experience						_		1,469,830		(1,847,492)		(398,244)		1,074,801
Demographic experience	209,	512		(1,097,380)		(611,388)		1,409,630		(1,047,492)		(390,244)		1,074,001
Changes in assumptions	931,			-		546,026		3,643,950		_		1,878,441		_
Benefit payments	(6,619,			(6,261,865)		(5,841,549)		(6,877,245)		(5,678,229)		(5,453,388)		(5,106,560)
Net change in total pension liability	152,			(1,297,706)		508,554		4,633,228	-	(1,380,246)		2,272,352		2,306,427
Ending balance (a)							_							
Ending balance (a)	73,800,	084	_	73,647,947	_	74,945,653	_	74,437,099	_	69,803,871	_	71,184,117	_	68,911,765
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:														
Beginning balance	61,357,	225		62,823,563		60,448,233		58,294,508		57,128,247		58,645,609		55,001,663
Changes during the year														
Employer contributions	2,486,	752		2,912,789		2,739,615		2,350,995		2,175,763		2,449,834		2,708,484
Employee contributions	102,	966		119,816		353,882		368,038		368,419		394,574		404,467
Investment income	4,564,	967		5,136,667		4,956,027		6,434,826		4,419,539		1,199,339		5,738,765
Unexpected investment income	1,862,			(3,257,464)		315,125		-		-				
Benefit payments Administrative expenses	(6,619, (113,	,		(6,261,865) (116,281)		(5,841,549)		(6,877,245)		(5,678,229) (119,231)		(5,453,388) (107,721)		(5,106,560) (101,210)
Administrative expenses	(113,	74 /)	-	(110,201)	_	(147,770)	_	(122,889)	=	(119,231)		(107,721)		(101,210)
Net change in fiduciary net position	2,283,	213	_	(1,466,338)	_	2,375,330	_	2,153,725	_	1,166,261	_	(1,517,362)		3,643,946
Ending balance (b)	63,640,	438		61,357,225	_	62,823,563		60,448,233	_	58,294,508	_	57,128,247	_	58,645,609
Employer Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$ 10,159,	646	\$	12,290,722	\$	12,122,090	s	13,988,866	\$	11,509,363	\$	14,055,870	\$	10,266,156
Employer rec reason Emoney, ending (a) (b)	<u> </u>		Ψ.	12,220,122	Ψ	12,122,000	-	10,700,000	-	11,000,000	Ψ.	11,000,070	Ψ	10,200,100
Covered payroll	\$ 1,273,	939	\$	1,218,521	\$	4,317,687	\$	3,880,334	\$	4,233,012	\$	4,143,754	\$	4,568,578
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability	86.	23%		83.31%		83.83%		81.21%		83.51%		80.25%		<u>85.10</u> %
Net pension liability as a percentage of														
covered payroll	<u>797.</u>	<u>50</u> %		1008.66%		<u>280.75</u> %		<u>360.51</u> %		<u>271.90</u> %		339.21%		224.71%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	Contractually Required Contribution	City's Contribution	Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of City Contributions to Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 1,397,543	\$ 1,397,543	-	\$ 10,932,892	12.78%
2019	1,135,923	1,135,923	-	10,224,419	11.11%
2018	502,685	502,685	-	6,338,429	7.93%
2017	408,320	408,320	-	5,913,348	6.91%
2016	292,273	292,273	-	4,549,574	6.42%
2015	264,866	264,866	-	3,878,095	6.83%
2014	213,625	213,625	-	3,347,833	6.38%

Note:

This schedule is intended to have ten (10) years of data. For years prior to 2014, data are not available. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM - HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	R	ntractually Required ntribution	City's ntribution	Contrib Exce (Deficion	ess	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	% of City Contributions to Covered Payroll
2020	\$	175,071	\$ 175,071	\$	-	\$ 10,932,892	1.60%
2019		152,716	152,716		-	10,224,419	1.49%
2018		105,901	105,901		-	6,338,429	1.67%
2017		91,818	91,818		-	5,913,348	1.55%
2016		74,158	74,158		-	4,549,574	1.63%
2015		48,864	48,864		-	3,878,095	1.26%
2014		40,174	40,174		-	3,347,833	1.20%

Note:

This schedule is intended to have ten (10) years of data. For years prior to 2014, data are not available. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	Employer Contributions	Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contribution <u>Deficiency</u>	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Percent of Payroll <u>Covered</u>
2020	\$ 1,612,366	\$ 1,612,366	\$ - \$	2,801,088	57.56%
2019	1,789,505	1,846,600	(57,095)	2,877,185	64.18%
2018	1,962,213	1,835,540	126,673	3,333,110	55.07%
2017	1,709,600	1,709,600	-	3,616,327	47.27%
2016	1,868,141	1,868,141	-	4,067,102	45.93%
2015	2,326,446	2,230,002	96,444	4,547,339	49.04%
2014	2,423,532	2,519,977	(96,445)	4,757,815	52.97%
2013	2,295,850	2,295,850	-	5,152,927	44.55%
2012	1,871,345	1,871,345	-	5,386,307	34.74%
2011	4,744,632	4,744,632	-	6,281,203	75.54%
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012	1,789,505 1,962,213 1,709,600 1,868,141 2,326,446 2,423,532 2,295,850 1,871,345	1,846,600 1,835,540 1,709,600 1,868,141 2,230,002 2,519,977 2,295,850 1,871,345	(57,095) 126,673 - - 96,444	2,877,185 3,333,110 3,616,327 4,067,102 4,547,339 4,757,815 5,152,927 5,386,307	64.18 55.07 47.27 45.93 49.04 52.97 44.55 34.74

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Measurement date : September 30, 2020 Actuarial valuation date : October 1, 2019

Actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method : Entry age normal level pecentage of pay

Discount rate : 7.50% per annum (2.89% per annum is attributable to long-term

inflation). This rate was used to discount all future benefit payments

Projected salary increases : 5% per annum

Cost-of-living adjustments: None assumed

Mortality basis : Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Mortality Table for

annuitants and non-annuitants using Scale BB

Future generational imrovements in mortality have not been reflected

in the calculations.

Retirement : Retirement is assumed to occur upon the earlier of age 62 or 30 years of

service.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Year <u>Ended</u>	Employer ontributions	D	Actuarially Determined Contributions		ribution iciency	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Percent of Payroll Covered
2020	\$ 3,068,561	\$	3,068,561	\$	-	\$ 1,218,521	251.83%
2019	2,158,556		2,158,556		-	1,273,939	169.44%
2018	2,481,476		2,481,476		-	4,317,687	57.47%
2017	2,368,831		2,368,831		-	3,880,334	61.05%
2016	2,154,993		2,154,993		-	4,233,012	50.91%
2015	1,893,776		1,893,776		-	4,143,754	45.70%
2014	2,169,212		2,169,212		-	4,568,578	47.48%
2013	2,399,739		2,399,739		-	4,560,724	52.62%
2012	2,733,956		2,733,956		-	5,086,610	53.75%
2011	2,992,829		2,992,829		-	5,323,729	56.22%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Measurement date : September 30, 2020

Actuarial valuation date : October 1, 2019

Actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method : Entry age normal level percentage of pay

Discount rate : 7.70% per annum (2.50% per annum is attributable to long-term

inflation). This rate was used to discount all future benefit payments

Projected salary increases : 5% per annum

Cost-of-living adjustments: None assumed

Mortality basis : RP 2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Colar, Scale BB with

separate rates for males and females. No future improvements in

mortality are assumed.

Retirement : Retirement is assumed to occur upon the earlier of age 58 or 25 years of

service.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Florida	General	Police & Fire
	Retirement	Employees	Retirement
	System	Pension Plan	System
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of			
investment expense for fiscal year ended:			
2020	3.35%	6.99%	7.70%
2019	5.98%	7.62%	3.30%
2018	9.28%	8.91%	9.10%
2017	13.59%	14.97%	11.90%
2016	57.00%	8.76%	8.10%
2015	3.77%	0.48%	2.10%
2014	17.57%	9.72%	10.90%



Note: 10-year historical information on annual money-weighted rate of return is not available since this is only the 4th year of GASB 67 implementation.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		2020			2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability:								
Beginning balance		\$	1,480,578	\$	1,539,544	\$	1,363,727	
Changes during the year								
Service cost			119,881		119,881		130,377	
Expected interest growth			56,745		58,891		46,334	
Demographic changes			(43,393)		(47,476)		55,188	
Benefit payments			(83,831)		(83,831)		(56,082)	
Assumption changes			(205,674)		(106,431)		-	
Net change in pension liability			(156,272)		(58,966)		175,817	
Ending balance (a)			1,324,306		1,480,578		1,539,544	
OPEB Net Position (b)	RAK						-	
Net OPEB Liability, ending (a)-(b)		<u>\$</u>	1,324,306	<u>\$</u>	1,480,578	<u>\$</u>	1,539,544	
Covered payroll		\$	13,878,362	\$	13,529,498	\$	13,679,407	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the net OPEB liability			0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll			<u>9.54</u> %		<u>10.94</u> %		<u>11.25</u> %	

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten (10) years of data. Data is not available for years prior to FY 2018.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of resources that are legally restricted or committed for particular purposes and comprise of substantial inflow reported in the funds.

Grants Fund – to account for all grant monies and related program income from various grants such as firefighter's assistance, law enforcement, federal equitable sharing, library, etc.

Impact Fee Fund – to account for impact fee related revenues from developer contributions, Downtown Mixed Use and the Federal Highway Overlay pursuant to City Ordinances.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund – to account for the accumulation of transfers from other funds for the debt services of various loan agreements.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Special Revenue			Debt Service <u>Fund</u>		Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
	Grant Impact Fee <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>							
ASSETS							_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	233,379	\$	233,379
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Temporarily restricted asset:		204 102		44.010				220 122
Cash and cash equivalents		284,103	_	44,019	_			328,122
Total Assets	\$	284,103	\$	44,019	\$	233,379	\$	561,501
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	81	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81
Unearned revenue		73,901		-		_		73,901
Advances from other funds		´ -		-		-		_
Total Liabilities		73,982		-				73,982
Deferred Inflow of Resources								
Unavailable revenue						<u>-</u>		_
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources			_	_		_		<u>-</u>
		SKI						
Fund Balances:		K.						
Non-spendable		/						
Inventories		-		-		-		-
Prepayments		-		-		-		-
Interfund loan		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Public safety		102,225		-		-		102,225
Library		48,340		-		-		48,340
Park development		-		30,471		-		30,471
Parks and recreation		59,556		-		-		59,556
Education		-		-		-		-
Tree preservation		-		11,679		-		11,679
Fire station facility		-		1,868		-		1,868
Committed								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Debt service						222 270		222 270
		-	_	-	_	233,379	-	233,379
Total Fund Balances		210,121	_	44,019		233,379	-	487,519
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	284,103	\$	44,019	\$	233,379	\$	561,501

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Special Revenue				Debt		Total Nonmajor	
		Grant Fund	In	npact Fee Fund	•	Service Fund	Go	vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:		<u>r unu</u>		runu		runu		<u>r unus</u>
Grants	\$	33,864	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,864
Investment earnings (loss)		2,709		4,343		-		7,052
Licenses and permits		-		384,402		-		384,402
Fines and forfeitures		9,501		-		-		9,501
Other		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		46,074		388,745	_		_	434,819
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		912		-		-		912
Public works		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		19,426		-		-		19,426
Debt service:								-
Principal		-		-		1,388,990		1,388,990
Interest		-		-		528,950		528,950
Capital Outlay			A	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures		20,337	<u> </u>			1,917,940		1,938,277
Excess (deficiency) of		OK						
revenues over expenditures		25,737		388,745		(1,917,940)		(1,503,458)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of debt		-		-		-		-
Debt issuance cost		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		1,962,629		1,962,629
Transfers out		_		(417,604)				(417,604)
Total other financing sources			_	(417,604)		1,962,629		1,545,025
Net change in fund balance		25,737		(28,859)		44,689		41,566
Fund balance, beginning		184,385		72,878		188,690		445,953
Fund balance, ending	\$	210,122	\$	44,019	\$	233,379	\$	487,521

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GRANT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Grants	\$ 41,000	\$ 43,500	\$ 33,864	\$ (9,636)
Investment earnings (loss)	2,800	2,800	2,709	(91)
Fines and forfeitures			9,501	9,501
Total revenues	43,800	46,300	46,074	(227)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	16,300	16,300	912	15,388
Culture and recreation	36,500	39,000	19,426	19,574
Total expenditures	52,800	55,300	20,337	34,963
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(9,000)	(9,000)	25,737	34,736
Other financing sources (uses):	2P			
Other sources	9,000	9,000	-	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources	9,000	9,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	25,737	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning	<u>*</u>	<u>·</u>	184,385	<u>·</u>
Fund balance, end			\$ 210,122	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings (loss)	4,000	4,000	4,343	343
Licenses and permits			384,402	384,402
Total revenues	4,000	4,000	388,745	384,745
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures				
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	4,000	4,000	388,745	384,745
Other financing sources (uses):	DA.			
Other sources	39,932	413,604	-	(413,604)
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(43,932)	(417,604)	(417,604)	
Total other financing sources	(4,000)	(4,000)	(417,604)	(413,604)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(28,859)	\$ (413,604)
Fund balance, beginning			72,877	
Fund balance, end			\$ 44,018	

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Variance With Final Budget
		Amounts		Positive
n	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:	¢	¢	¢	¢
Grants Investment earnings (loss)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	_
Total revenues		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>_</u> _
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Principal	1,445,404	1,433,679	1,388,990	44,689
Interest	517,225	528,950	528,950	-
Total expenditures	1,962,629	1,962,629	1,917,940	44,689
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,962,629)	(1,962,629)	(1,917,940)	44,689
Other financing sources (uses):	OPI			
Transfers in	1,962,629	1,962,629	1,962,629	_
Total other financing sources	1,962,629	1,962,629	1,962,629	
Total older manoning sources		1,502,025	1,502,025	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	_	44,689	-
Interfund account write-off		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	44,689	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning			188,690	
Fund balance, end			\$ 233,379	



This page is intentionally left blank.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT FUNDS — TO ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCUMULATION OF RESOURCES TO BE USED FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR THE CITY'S GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND POLICE OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General Employees <u>Pension Fund</u>	Police and Firefighters <u>Pension Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets			
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 207,659	\$ 2,371,905	\$ 2,579,564
Receivables:			
Contributions and others	-	740,911	740,911
Accrued interest and dividends		61,396	61,396
Total receivables		802,307	802,307
Investments, at fair value:			
Money market funds	-	37,214,286	37,214,286
Corporate bonds and notes	-	5,429,460	5,429,460
U.S. Government and agency securities	-	4,372,943	4,372,943
Fixed income funds	41,324,133	5,364,455	46,688,588
Real estate fund	- A	8,595,107	8,595,107
Total investments	41,324,133	60,976,251	102,300,384
Prepayments	<u> </u>	6,795	6,795
Total assets	41,531,792	64,157,258	105,689,050
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-	376,850	376,850
Payable for securities purchased	_	139,970	139,970
Total liabilities		516,820	516,820
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 41,531,792	\$ 63,640,438	\$ 105,172,230

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General Employees Pension Fund	Police and Firefighters Pension Fund	<u>Total</u>
Additions			
Contributions:			
Plan members	\$ -	\$ 102,966	\$ 102,966
City	(67,000)	1,793,242	1,726,242
State of Florida	-	693,510	693,510
Broward Sheriff's Office	67,000		67,000
Total contributions		2,589,718	2,589,718
Investment income:			
Investment earnings	-	1,311,482	1,311,482
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		5,443,971	5,443,971
Total	-	6,755,453	6,755,453
Less: Investment expenses	_	(328,847)	(328,847)
Net investment income		6,426,606	6,426,606
Miscellaneous income		484	484
Total additions		9,016,808	9,016,808
Deductions:			
Pension benefits paid	-	6,619,648	6,619,648
Administrative expenses	_	113,947	113,947
Total deductions		6,733,595	6,733,595
Change in net position	-	2,283,213	2,283,213
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, beginning	41,531,792	61,357,225	102,889,017
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, ending	\$ 41,531,792	\$ 63,640,438	<u>\$ 105,172,230</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Oakland Park's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page	e No	•
Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.			
Net Position by Component	145	-	146
Changes in Net Position	147	-	150
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	151	-	152
Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	153	-	154
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.			
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property		155	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates		156	
Principal Property Taxpayers		157	
Property Tax Levies and Collections		158	
Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.			
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	159	-	160
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding		161	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt		162	
Legal Debt Margin Information	163	-	164
Pledged Revenue Coverage	165	-	166
Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.			
Demographic and Economic Statistics		167	
Principal Employers		168	

STATISTICAL SECTION

Contents	Page	No	•				
Operating Information — these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader the information understand how in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.							
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	169	-	170				
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program 1							
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program		173					

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in theses schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning that year.



Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 64,905,390	\$ 65,134,366	\$ 66,684,747	\$ 67,984,473
Restricted for:				
Special revenue	769,920	987,573	684,139	2,487,168
Capital projects	2,955,884	2,279,506	-	-
Grant match	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	14,908,051	12,004,977	13,993,521	13,170,502
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 83,539,245	\$ 80,406,422	\$ 81,362,407	\$ 83,642,143
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,006,190	\$ 65,033,304	\$ 62,752,703	\$ 65,115,434
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	2,385,823	-	-	-
Grant match	-	-	-	-
Debt service & debt covenants	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	10,359,372	11,020,934	17,709,020	16,987,819
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 71,751,385	\$ 76,054,238	\$ 80,461,723	\$ 82,103,253
Primary Government	OPI			
Net investment in capital assets	\$123,911,580	\$130,167,670	\$129,180,247	\$133,099,907
Restricted for:	Ψ123,711,300	ψ150,107,070	Ψ129,100,217	Ψ133,077,707
Special revenue	769,920	987,573	684,139	2,487,168
Capital projects	5,341,707	2,279,506	-	-,,
Debt service & debt covenants	-	_,_,,,,,,,,	_	_
Grant match	-	_	_	_
Unrestricted	25,267,423	23,025,911	31,702,541	30,158,321
Total primary government net position	\$155,290,630	\$156,460,660	\$161,566,927	\$165,745,396

Source: City of Oakland Park Financail Services Department

Fiscal	Years				
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 67,127,854	\$ 68,813,605	\$ 69,559,837	\$ 70,518,249	\$ 72,489,283	\$ 72,332,872
713,729	481,583	368,948	477,673	577,956	574,832
224,139	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	565,985	878,366	482,396
4,308,851	3,874,904	3,989,503	3,168,756	404,191	(339,115)
\$ 72,374,573	\$ 73,170,092	\$ 73,918,288	\$ 74,730,663	\$ 74,349,796	\$ 73,050,985
\$ 70,090,827	\$ 77,348,537	\$ 77,642,349	\$ 75,002,190	\$ 80,460,347	\$ 79,554,947
-	-	-	-	400,000	-
-	-	-	-	-	400,000
1,065,461	1,023,200	1,034,314	1,054,148	1,081,054	1,093,876
15,551,504	12,059,270	15,717,833	20,494,333	15,304,838	16,071,725
\$ 86,707,792	\$ 90,431,007	\$ 94,394,496	\$ 96,550,671	\$ 97,246,239	\$ 97,120,548
			OBI		
\$137,218,681	\$146,162,143	\$147,202,186	\$145,520,439	\$152,949,630	\$151,887,819
713,729	481,583	368,948	477,673	577,956	574,832
224,139	-	-	-	-	-
1,065,461	1,023,200	1,034,314	1,054,148	1,081,054	1,093,876
-	-	-	565,985	878,366	882,396
19,860,355	15,934,174	19,707,336	23,663,089	15,709,029	15,732,610
\$159,082,365	\$163,601,100	\$168,312,784	\$171,281,334	\$171,196,035	\$170,171,533

Changes in Fund Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis)

	 2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,258,173	\$	997,799	\$	337,068	\$	469,137
Public safety	22,515,601		21,819,794		21,923,435		23,437,947
Public works	3,631,164		5,139,923		4,651,117		5,034,095
Eng. & Community development	3,547,260		3,641,854		3,600,636		3,188,050
Culture and recreation	5,943,331		5,854,059		5,372,980		5,892,221
Interest on long term debt	814,840		554,176		532,350		555,710
Total governmental activities expenses	 37,710,369		38,007,605		36,417,586		38,577,160
Business type activities							
Water and sewer	12,740,960		14,038,761	\$	14,034,929	\$	15,903,626
Solid waste	7,525,930		6,356,474	•	6,319,981	•	5,497,740
Stormwater	3,054,220		3,250,247		3,151,444		2,978,161
Total business type activities expenses	 23,321,110		23,645,482		23,506,354		24,379,527
Total primary government expenses	\$ 61,031,479	\$	61,653,087	\$	59,923,940	\$	62,956,687
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services							
General government	\$ 689,905	\$	665,305	\$	639,536	\$	580,917
Public safety	5,134,575		5,866,561		6,533,279		7,094,092
Eng. & Community development	 998,090		1,243,449		1,297,196		1,462,295
Culture/Recreation	539,417		525,175		517,130		1,031,871
Operating grants and contributions	657,434		350,691		104,729		44,590
Capital grants and contributions	1,815,646		462,974		1,356,205		2,141,441
Total governmental activities program revenues	 9,835,067		9,114,155		10,448,075		12,355,206
Business type activities							
Charges for services: Water and sewer	14,292,649		15,232,281		16 200 204		16,684,366
Solid waste	7,294,361		6,527,762		16,399,284 7,303,375		5,544,291
Stormwater	2,735,721		3,129,533		3,154,975		3,081,078
Operating grants and contributions	334,879		413,722		764,026		224,967
Capital grants and contributions	2,896,277		2,541,022		196,520		937,730
Total business type activities program revenues	 27,553,887		27,844,320		27,818,180		26,472,432
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 37,388,954	\$	36,958,475	\$	38,266,255	\$	38,827,638
Net (Expense)/Revenue	 -						
Governmental activities	\$ (27,875,302)	\$	(28,893,450)	\$	(25,969,511)	\$	(26,221,954)
Business type activities	4,232,777		4,198,838		4,311,826		2,092,905
Total primary government net expense	\$ (23,642,525)	\$		\$	(21,657,685)	\$	(24,129,049)
1 70	 (-)/	-	, , ,)	-	, , ,,,	_	, , -,,

(Continued)

Fisca	1	V	٠.	
P ISCA	ш	- Y 6	•и	r

_	FISCA						****		2010	2020		
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
\$	296,421	\$	533,871	\$	1,117,467	\$	1,474,358	\$	1,596,733	\$	1,356,283	
*	23,147,659	~	22,779,946	-	25,710,343	-	26,184,629	-	28,763,597	-	29,497,937	
	4,130,236		5,209,646		4,845,675		8,120,139		7,681,229		7,724,735	
	3,117,032		4,621,904		5,174,156		5,565,711		5,389,927		6,103,528	
	6,178,785		6,477,191		7,217,705		4,621,007		4,809,098		4,223,347	
	511,576		495,864		546,959		556,959		547,224		1,068,199	
_	37,381,709	_	40,118,422	_	44,612,305	_	46,522,803		48,787,808		49,974,029	
	1640555		16005 : : :		1/	*	10.455.5	*	01 01 0 1 0 1 0 0	*	20.21.5.5	
\$	16,126,887	\$	16,892,145	\$	16,557,929	\$	18,452,247	\$	21,810,139	\$	20,316,249	
	5,360,148		5,788,497		6,651,441		7,012,329		5,357,114		6,554,379	
	2,631,128		2,918,272		3,220,532		3,570,048		3,771,114		3,827,287	
_	24,118,163	_	25,598,914	Φ.	26,429,902	_	29,034,624	Ф	30,938,367	Φ.	30,697,915	
\$	61,499,872	\$	65,717,336	\$	71,042,207	\$	75,557,427	\$	79,726,175	\$	80,671,944	
\$	608,883	\$	471,490	\$	355,277	\$	306,617	\$	310,896	\$	196,996	
	7,612,745		7,385,928		7,372,365		7,487,042		7,815,440		7,887,246	
	703,407		2,368,887		3,010,117		2,155,813		2,200,576		2,145,981	
	1,649,195		880,861		746,651		835,254		729,070		787,117	
	52,689		61,435		574,004		444,746		221,310		257,581	
	466,870		926,016		1,102,931		2,082,492		947,984		606,426	
	11,093,790	_	12,094,617		13,161,345		13,311,964		12,225,276		11,881,347	
_		_		_		_		_		_		
	18,555,649		18,007,209		19,495,458		19,798,530		21,036,346		20,135,698	
	6,654,671		5,511,260		5,624,963		5,988,644		6,172,819		6,435,078	
	3,161,747		3,578,013		3,645,281		3,634,621		3,475,698		3,472,884	
	224,724		225,936		225,694		1,975,796		237,392		114,966	
	2,485,283		3,359,516		1,144,635		-		100,000			
	31,082,074		30,681,934		30,136,031		31,397,591		31,022,255		30,158,626	
\$	42,175,864	\$	42,776,551	\$	43,297,376	\$	44,709,555	\$	43,247,531	\$	42,039,973	
\$	(26,287,919)	\$	(28,023,805)	\$	(31,450,960)	\$	(33,210,839)	\$	(36,562,532)	\$	(38,092,682)	
_	6,963,911	_	5,083,020		3,706,129		2,362,967		83,888		(539,289)	
\$	(19,324,008)	\$	(22,940,785)	\$	(27,744,831)	\$	(30,847,872)	\$	(36,478,644)	\$	(38,631,971)	

Changes in Fund Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis)

	2011		2012	2013	2014
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 12,632,161	\$	12,150,587	\$ 12,831,277	\$ 13,566,402
Franchise fees	2,569,590		2,457,781	2,424,270	2,631,913
Utility taxes	3,676,217		3,760,525	4,059,906	4,364,202
Communication service taxes	2,025,458		1,935,672	1,803,813	1,636,717
Other taxes	1,634,116		1,668,976	1,674,677	1,706,931
Unrestricted investment earnings	68,935		83,304	49,793	22,405
Intergovernmental revenue - unrestricted	3,337,877		3,446,807	3,713,871	3,907,222
Miscellaneous	167,812		256,975	367,889	665,899
Transfers - net	-		-	-	-
Special item	-		-	-	-
Total governmental activities	26,112,160	6	25,760,627	26,925,496	28,501,691
Business type activities:					
Unrestricted investment earnings	66,552		104,015	95,659	55,830
Transfers	-		-	-	-
Special item	-		-	-	-
Total business type activities	66,552		104,015	95,659	55,830
Total primary government	\$ 26,178,718	\$	25,864,642	\$ 27,021,155	\$ 28,557,521
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ (1,763,136) \$	(3,132,823)	\$ 955,985	\$ 2,279,737
Business type activities	4,299,329		4,302,853	4,407,485	2,148,735
Total primary government	\$ 2,536,193	\$	1,170,030	\$ 5,363,470	\$ 4,428,472

Source: City of Oakland Park Financial Services Department

T	7isa	٠.,١	17		
r	4180	'AI	Y	ея	rs

	FISCa	11 1	ears								
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
											_
\$	14,128,644	\$	15,064,291	\$	16,185,976	\$	17,518,760	\$	18,987,785	\$	20,616,499
	2,663,154		2,616,140		2,723,389		2,700,264		2,671,496		2,600,936
	4,510,535		4,566,369		4,697,743		4,870,984		4,972,469		4,876,392
	1,662,895		1,503,326		1,613,895		1,412,591		1,352,718		1,434,626
	1,768,768		1,730,203		1,854,639		1,921,986		1,938,173		1,783,997
	62,991		117,100		250,116		459,792		588,002		326,804
	4,138,359		4,304,238		4,461,100		4,650,307		4,752,294		4,319,726
	487,374		707,533		503,116		633,168		918,728		834,891
	_		1,110,000		_		-		-		-
	-		-		(90,818)		-		-		-
	29,422,720		31,719,200		32,199,156		34,167,852		36,181,665		36,793,871
	86,456		163,525		257,360		518,745		611,680		413,599
	· -		(1,110,000)		-		· -		-		-
	_		-		_		(628,450)		_		_
	86,456		(946,475)		257,360		(109,705)		611,680		413,599
\$	29,509,176	\$	30,772,725	\$	32,456,516	\$	34,058,147	\$	36,793,345	\$	37,207,470
\$	2 124 901	\$	2 605 205	\$	748,196	\$	057 012	\$	(290 967)	\$	(1 200 011)
Ф	3,134,801	Ф	3,695,395	Ф	,	Φ	957,013	Ф	(380,867)	Ф	(1,298,811)
•	7,050,367	\$	4,136,545	\$	3,963,489	\$	2,253,262	\$	695,568	\$	(1.424.501)
Þ	10,185,168	Þ	7,831,940	Þ	4,711,685	Þ	3,210,275	Þ	314,701	Þ	(1,424,501)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis)

	_					
	-	2011	201	2	2013	2014
General Fund		•				•
Reserved		\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:						
General fund, designated for:						
Subsequent year expenditures		-		-	-	-
Fiscal contigency*		-		-	-	-
Grant matching		-		-	-	-
General fund, unreserved, undesignated		-		-	-	-
Nonspendable						
Inventories		72,761		67,971	61,410	74,129
Prepaid Costs		1,787,620		48,927	118,598	137,841
Interfund loan		114,531	1	12,971	112,971	1,726,848
Restricted for						
Grant match		839,952	8	39,952	586,551	-
Education		92,541	1	02,538	113,535	128,846
Transportation improvement		-		-	-	-
Tree preservation		-		-	-	-
Committed to:						
Grant match		-		-	-	-
Assigned to						
Subsequent year's budget		1,894,337	2,5	58,680	2,700,369	2,089,752
Unassigned		11,486,394	12,2	14,133	12,343,763	11,986,648
Total general fund	_	16,288,136		5,172	16,037,197	16,144,064
All Other Governmental Funds	_	/				
Reserved						
Special Revenue Funds	D	<u>-</u>		_	_	_
Capital Project Funds		_		_	_	_
Debt service		_		_	_	_
Other		_		_	_	_
Unreserved, designated - sub. Year expend.						
Special Revenue Funds		_		_	_	_
Un reserved, Undesignated:						
Special revenue fund		_		_	_	_
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Costs		30,485		_	_	_
Restricted for:		20,102				
Public safety		324,755	52	1,195	477,321	364,529
Library		43,543		8,792	28,172	30,031
Tree preservation		344,824		9,821	102,832	5,788
Fire station facility		129,584		1,114	42,491	208
Park development		16,653		7,521	18,483	18,949
Parks and recreation		10,033		0,777	14,840	18,006
Grant match				-	14,040	10,000
Committed to:		_		_	_	_
		2 644 495	2.00	0.226	1 9/1 202	1 961 962
Capital Projects		2,644,485	2,00	9,326	1,841,393	1,861,862
Public safety		1,219,296		-	-	-
Streets and resurfacing		77,129		-	-	-
Assigned to:		(116.044)	(5.5	5.504)	1 407 214	1 770 516
Community redevelopment		(116,044)		5,584)	-1,497,314	-1,772,516
Debt Service		-	1	1,087	11,516	11,516
Subsequent year's budget	_	4.514.510	2 12	4.040	1 020 72 :	500 050
Total all other governmental funds	_	4,714,710	2,40	4,049	1,039,734	538,373
Total governmental funds	=	\$ 21,002,846	\$ 18,34	9,221 \$	17,076,931	\$ 16,682,437

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

Note: The City implemented GASB54 fund balance reporting prospectively from FY2011. Fiscal 1 unassigned fund balance was cha

Fiscal Years

_	Fiscal Y		2015	2010	2010	2020
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$ -	\$ -
	_	_	_	_	_	_
	-	_	_	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	76,838	70,068	74,786	86,448	79,657	75,168
	157,601	1,219,525	751,773	1,285,025	1,083,302	479,853
	1,726,848	1,751,356	1,591,356	185,938	185,938	-
	224,139	<u>-</u>	_	-	331,300	482,396
	153,920	162,577	211,380	235,484	283,844	317,878
	-	-	-	35,818	35,818	1,783
	-	-	-	-	1,031	1,031
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,017,430	2,625,518	5,548,817	3,171,683	2,741,280	4,085,977
	14,440,351	15,540,356	12,358,935	11,473,344	12,693,316	13,411,470
	18,797,127	21,369,400	20,537,047	16,473,740	17,435,486	18,855,556
	-	-	-	2/2·	-	-
	-	-	-	O, -	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	2,388	113,554	110,063	117,346	-
	270 507	200 510	21.521	00.210	00.002	
	270,587 28,709	209,510 29,251	31,521 30,038	80,210 16,731	89,002 39,327	102,225
	6,204	33,653	33,973	34,556	35,337	48,340
	809	1,439	1,604	1,632	1,669	11,679
	19,061	19,724	22,385	27,789	35,872	1,868
	23,849	25,428	38,047	45,453	56,056	30,471
	-	-	-	565,985	547,066	59,556
	2,710,817	2,554,954	3,028,902	5,140,006	2,677,856	33,916,927
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1 700 020	(2.604.011)	(1.500.920)	6.645	205 512	120 502
	-1,788,828 11,516	(2,604,011) 29,573	(1,599,830) 26,656	6,645 74,482	205,512 71,449	138,583
	11,310	49,373 -	20,030	/ 4,4 02 -	/1, 44 9 -	233,379 115,863
	1,282,724	301,909	1,726,850	6,103,552	3,876,492	34,658,891
\$	20,079,851 \$				\$ 21,311,978	\$ 53,514,448
	-,, +	,1,000 W	,:,-:, v	, ,= . =	,,-	

inged in Sept. 2012 to 25% of next year's appropriations.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis)

	2011	2012	2013
Revenues	2011	2012	2010
Taxes:			
Ad Valorem	\$ 12,632,161	\$ 12,150,587	\$ 12,831,277
Utility taxes	3,676,217	3,760,525	4,059,906
Communication Service	2,025,458	1,935,672	1,803,813
Other Taxes	1,634,116	1,668,976	1,674,676
Franchise fees	2,569,590	2,457,781	2,424,270
Licenses and permits	1,143,739	1,159,311	1,251,212
Intergovernmental	3,337,877	3,446,807	3,713,871
Charges for service	11,479,407	10,625,666	11,479,964
Fines and forfeitures	491,432	742,431	472,778
Grants	1,911,047	1,055,355	1,313,380
Investment earnings	68,935	83,304	49,793
Other	197,790	350,710	495,174
Total revenues	41,167,769	39,437,125	41,570,114
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	5,003,438	4,772,781	4,463,378
Public safety	22,097,602	21,374,664	21,572,490
Public works	3,809,861	3,635,786	3,298,663
Eng. and Community development	3,331,934	3,583,745	3,530,597
Culture and recreation	5,141,525	4,982,035	4,797,349
Debt service:			
Principal	600,365	689,118	553,439
Interest	891,892	557,495	533,841
Bond issue costs	148,969	-	=
Capital outlay	5,255,883	3,551,425	4,790,041
Total expenditures	46,281,469	43,147,049	43,539,798
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,113,700)	(3,709,924)	(1,969,684)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of debt	13,078,254	1,056,300	697,394
Payment to refunding bond agent	(10,565,000)	-,	-
Transfers in	5,746,564	3,560,200	3,536,298
Transfers out	(5,746,564)	(3,560,200)	(3,536,298)
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,513,254	1,056,300	697,394
Special Item			
Return of Federal Equitable Sharing Funds	-	-	_
•	\$ (2,600,446)	\$ (2.652.624)	\$ (1.272.200)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,600,446)	\$ (2,653,624)	\$ (1,272,290)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	<u>3.6</u> %	3.1%	<u>2.8</u> %

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

\mathbf{F}	isca	1	\mathbf{v}	ea	re

		Fiscai	Years				
201	4	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	6,402	\$ 14,128,644	\$ 15,064,291	\$ 16,185,976	\$ 17,518,760	\$ 18,987,785	\$ -
	4,202	4,510,535	4,566,369	4,697,743	4,870,984	4,972,469	4,741,731
1,63	6,717	1,662,895	1,503,326	1,613,895	1,412,591	1,352,718	-
1,73	5,031	1,768,768	1,730,203	1,854,639	1,921,986	1,938,173	75,168
2,63	1,913	2,663,154	2,616,140	2,723,389	2,700,264	2,671,496	18,339,283
1,87	5,880	1,403,593	2,081,632	2,687,258	1,856,793	1,726,823	479,853
3,87	9,122	4,138,359	4,304,238	4,461,100	4,650,307	4,752,294	_
11,80	6,480	13,162,629	13,454,340	13,389,381	13,873,238	13,795,959	
92	8,123	927,519	839,130	625,707	516,038	578,543	35,685,561
1,22	4,032	1,895,104	869,908	1,160,268	1,160,006	1,015,872	-
2	2,405	62,991	117,100	250,116	455,845	588,001	59,321,596
	7,553	489,070	707,532	503,116	642,204	786,013	-
	7,859	46,813,261	47,854,209	50,152,588	51,579,016	53,166,146	118,643,192
1 99	5,134	4,628,450	4,879,013	5,324,188	5,888,136	5,638,239	131,130
	6,104	23,762,084	23,470,455	25,019,649	25,811,454	27,336,150	566,158
	2,735						
	-	3,667,082	3,763,159	3,839,996	7,193,874	7,227,845	501,926
	4,231	3,288,485	4,635,561	4,973,013	5,402,587	5,118,910	4 502 407
5,13	2,554	5,548,883	5,674,756	6,119,304	3,578,865	3,593,849	4,582,407
				(F)	0.74 0.70	4 4 = 0 • 40	
	9,442	758,660	774,938	805,236	951,978	1,178,349	-
52	3,303	509,776	490,058	531,902	540,535	546,627	-
	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
	2,130	2,030,942	4,429,810	3,934,647	4,157,803	3,924,208	-
45,35	5,633	44,194,362	48,117,750	50,547,935	53,525,232	54,564,177	5,781,621
(99	7,774)	2,618,899	(263,541)	(395,347)	(1,946,216)	(1,398,031)	112,861,571
60	3,280	778,515	745,000	1,078,752	2,259,611	_	_
00	3,200	770,313	743,000	1,070,732	2,237,011		_
5 15	3,487	2,140,495	5,198,688	3,437,407	7,119,564	2,192,813	_
	-						-
(3,13	3,487)	(2,140,495)	(4,088,688)	(3,437,407)	(7,119,564)	(2,192,813)	-
	2 200	770 515	1.055.000	1 070 752	2 250 (11	132,718	
- 60	3,280	778,515	1,855,000	1,078,752	2,259,611	132,718	
	_	-	-	(90,818)	-	-	-
Ф (20	4 404	Ф 2.207.414	n 1501450		e 212.205	e (1.265.212)	0112 071 771
\$ (39	4,494)	\$ 3,397,414	\$ 1,591,459	\$ 592,587	\$ 313,395	\$ (1,265,313)	\$112,861,571
	<u>2.9</u> %	3.0%	2.9%	<u>2.9</u> %	3.0%	3.4%	0.0%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Assessment Value

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Personal & Other Property	Total Assessed Property Value(1)	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	1,701,485	1,004,413	361,761	141,028	3,208,687	949,516	2,259,171	5.7252
2012	1,649,147	961,225	317,364	129,776	3,057,512	934,497	2,123,015	6.0138
2013	1,658,054	948,483	307,548	132,881	3,046,966	949,832	2,097,134	6.3142
2014	1,818,424	941,357	321,619	139,965	3,221,365	1,017,908	2,203,457	6.3995
2015	2,144,707	937,752	367,699	143,705	3,593,863	1,215,085	2,378,778	6.2744
2016	2,379,158	950,629	384,570	154,484	3,868,841	1,338,149	2,530,692	6.1995
2017	2,639,069	1,016,255	430,673	157,475	4,243,472	1,516,389	2,727,083	6.1555
2018	3,000,946	1,082,394	473,489	161,014	4,717,843	1,733,069	2,984,774	6.0985
2019	3,305,524	1,107,337	526,733	175,012	5,114,606	1,823,124	3,291,482	5.9985
2020	3,605,855	1,147,615	592,205	175,304	5,520,979	1,991,370	3,529,609	6.0880

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser DR403, 420 & real estate use code summary report.

Note: (1) State Law requires that assessed values be established at 100% of current fair market value.

(2) As of December 31st of each year listed.

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City Direct Rate							
Fiscal Year	Oakland Park Operating Rate	Broward County	Broward County School Board	Florida Water Mgmt District	North Broward Hospital District	Florida Inland Navigation District	Children Services Council	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2011	5.7252	5.5530	7.6310	0.6240	1.8750	0.0345	0.4696	21.9123
2012	6.0138	5.5530	7.4180	0.4363	1.8750	0.0345	0.4789	21.8095
2013	6.3142	5.2576	7.4560	0.4289	1.8564	0.0345	0.4902	21.8378
2014	6.3995	5.4400	7.4800	0.4110	1.7554	0.0345	0.4882	22.0086
2015	6.2744	5.4584	7.4380	0.3842	1.5939	0.0345	0.4882	21.6716
2016	6.1995	5.4741	7.2030	0.3551	1.4425	0.0320	0.4882	21.1944
2017	6.1555	5.4474	6.8360	0.3307	1.3462	0.0320	0.4882	20.6360
2018	6.0985	5.4623	6.4740	0.3100	1.2483	0.0320	0.4882	20.1133
2019	5.9985	5.4878	6.4029	0.2936	1.0855	0.0320	0.4882	19.7885
2020	6.0880	5.4878	6.6350	0.2795	1.0324	0.0320	0.4882	20.0429

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value.

The city's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city's residents.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the city.

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Dollars in thousands)

		202	0	2011			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (a)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		ble Assessed 'alue (a)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
WRI JT Northrdige LP	\$45,242	1	1.28%	\$	31,876	1	1.41%
Alliance HTFL LP	27,092	2	0.77%		17,023	3	0.75%
Brookwood CP II LLC	24,560	3	0.70%				
Northland Greentree LLC	24,532	4	0.70%				
Shores Behavioral Hospital LLC	23,090	5	0.65%				
SSC Property Holdings Inc	17,960	6	0.51%				
Jorken Crystal Lake LLC	16,676	7	0.47%				
Set Point Associates LTD PRTNR	15,379	8	0.44%				
Affordable Watehouses, Inc	14,491	9	0.41%				
Oakland Commerce Center LLC	13,884	10	0.39%				
Florida Power & Light Co.					31,208	2	1.38%
Lowe's Home Centers Inc.					16,248	4	0.72%
Southern Tier Southeast					15,815	5	0.70%
Mainstreet AEW V	ORP.				14,745	6	0.65%
Sela LLC	57				13,996	7	0.62%
Oakland Center Associates, LTD	○,				12,502	8	0.55%
Bridgewater Place Assoc LTD					12,085	9	0.53%
SSTI 4950 N Dixie Hwy LLC					11,019	10	0.49%
Total	\$222,906		6.32%	\$	187,159	 	8.28%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collection

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

Total Collections to Date Fiscal Year of Levy **Taxes Levied** Fiscal for Fiscal Year Percentage of Collections in Percentage of **Subsequent Years** Year (from BCPA) Amount Levy Amount Levy 96.22% 2011 12,933,809 12,461,669 96.35% (16,232)12,445,437 2012 94.82% 12,844,598 12,186,893 94.88% (7,297)12,179,597 2013 13,274,836 12,784,619 96.31% (53,851)12,730,768 95.90% 2014 14,147,792 13,563,259 95.87% (66,774)13,496,485 95.40% 2015 14,930,547 14,168,828 94.90% 17,036 14,185,865 95.01% 2016 15,689,028 15,024,930 95.77% 16,075 15,041,005 95.87% 2017 16,786,562 16,132,394 96.10% 15,382 16,147,776 96.19% 29,935 96.23% 2018 18,202,649 17,486,037 96.06% 17,515,973 2019 19,578,834 18,944,914 96.76% 1,497 18,946,411 96.77% 2020 21,335,400 20,604,060 96.57% 20,604,060 96.57%

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser (BCPA) and City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Govern	mental Activiti	es				Bu	siness-Type
Fiscal Year	Refunding Bonds BB&T	CapitalOne Series 2007 Note	CRA RCP Loan	Capital Leases	Note Payable 2016	FCB Bank Loan 2018	General Obligation Bonds 2020	2010 Utility Bonds	2012 Utility Bonds	2019 Utility Refunding Bonds
2011	10,992,811	3,591,176	2,085,443	87,674	-	-	-	14,615,000	-	
2012	10,536,890	3,445,652	3,141,743	-	-	-	-	14,345,000	16,982,710	
2013	10,143,268	3,293,623	3,141,743	689,606	-	-	-	14,065,000	16,881,137	
2014	9,737,029	3,134,798	3,745,023	595,216	-	-	-	13,780,000	16,420,565	
2015	9,314,072	2,968,874	3,773,977	1,174,998	-	-	-	13,470,000	16,136,992	
2016	8,878,506	2,795,533	3,773,977	1,008,965	745,000	-	-	13,145,000	15,853,420	
2017	8,423,846	2,614,444	4,852,729	839,479	745,000	-	-	12,810,000	15,559,847	
2018	7,954,313	2,425,261	3,447,321	1,245,829	645,000	1,660,000	-	12,465,000	15,415,000	
2019	7,468,464	2,227,620	3,313,745	982,986	540,000	1,660,000	-	12,110,000	15,100,000	
2020	6,963,283	2,021,145	3,139,967	735,981	435,000	1,515,000	26,000,000	230,000	14,775,000	10,730,000

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department



Activi	ties						1		
2011 Stormwater Assessment Bonds	Stormwater Refunding Bonds BB&T	2017 Water & Sewer JPMorgan	SunTrust 2014 Loan	Stormwater 2015 Bonds	2019 Solid- waste JP Morgan Chase Loan	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percent. of Personal Income	Per Capita
_	4,644,189	_	-	-	-	834,335	38,853,265	3.75%	935
5,614,949	4,451,574	-	-	-	-	625,805	60,674,323	5.71%	1,444
5,411,610	4,285,278	-	-	-	-	410,953	59,812,218	5.55%	1,396
5,293,169	4,113,653	-	1,495,000	-	-	189,588	58,504,041	5.41%	1,352
5,174,728	3,934,964	-	1,415,000	2,145,530	-	452,433	59,961,568	5.53%	1,382
5,051,287	3,750,948	-	1,330,000	2,028,920	-	406,832	58,768,388	5.46%	1,333
4,927,846	3,558,865	-	1,245,000	1,907,250	-	1,460,128	58,944,434	5.46%	1,327
4,835,000	3,360,500	6,511,296	1,155,000	1,782,370	-	1,162,327	64,064,217	6.05%	1,478
4,700,000	3,155,240	5,768,090	1,065,000	1,654,190	1,262,453	959,864	61,967,652	2.96%	1,367

970,000 1,522,630 1,091,753

4,560,000 2,941,814 5,768,090



753,542 84,153,205 5.40% 1,841

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2011	-	0.00%	-
2012	-	0.00%	-
2013	-	0.00%	-
2014	-	0.00%	-
2015	-	0.00%	-
2016	-	0.00%	-
2017	-	0.00%	-
2018	-	0.00%	-
2019	-	0.00%	-
2020	\$26,000,000	100.00%	\$569

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial stateme

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt atstanding thousands)	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt (in thousands)		
Debt repaid with property taxes Broward County Debt Service * Broward Public Schools Debt Service **	\$ 693,230 337,681	1.759% 1.719%	\$	12,191 5,805	
Subtotal, overlapping debt				17,998	
Oakland Park direct debt (in thousands)				16,193	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	34,191	

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the city.

This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Oakland Park. The estimated percentage is determined by dividing the city's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assed value.

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources:

City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

- * Broward County Accounting Division
- ** School Board of Broward County Financial Reporting Division

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt M	argin	Calculation	for	Fiscal	Year	2020

Assessed value (in thousands)		\$ 3,529,609
Bonded debt limit - 15% of assessed value		\$ 529,441
Debt applicable to limit		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 26,000	
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	 	
Total net debt applicable to limit		26,000
Legal debt margin		\$ 503,441

		2011	2012	2013
Debt Limit Total net debt application to limit		\$ 338,876	\$ 318,452	\$ 314,570
Legal debt margin	OP2	\$ 338,876	\$ 318,452	\$ 314,570
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a % of debt limit		 0%	0%	0%

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiscal Years

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 330,519	\$ 356,817	\$ 379,453	\$ 408,900	\$ 447,543	\$ 492,621	\$ 503,441
\$ 330,519	\$ 356,817	\$ 379,453	\$ 408,900	\$ 447,543	\$ 492,621	\$ 503,441
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	Gross	Less: Operating	Net Available	Deht (Service	
Fiscal Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
	CapitalOne Loan					g
2011	\$ 20,035	\$ 15,705	\$ 4,330	\$ 139	\$ 164	14.29
2012	25,916	23,917	1,999	146	158	6.58
2013	27,213	24,979	2,234	152	150	7.40
2013	28,970	26,060	2,910	159	144	9.60
2015	30,604	26,697	3,907	166	136	12.94
2016	31,588	27,482	4,106	173	129	13.60
2017	32,620	28,379	4,241	181	121	14.04
2017	32,729	30,627	2,102	189	113	6.96
2019	33,090	30,077	3,013	198	126	9.30
2019	52,455	45,988	6,467	206	115	20.15
	ŕ		0,407	200	113	20.13
	evenue Bonds, 201			4 270		
2011	\$ 14,293	\$ 9,825	\$ 4,468	\$ 270	\$ 776	\$ 4
2012	15,232	10,960	4,272	270	775	4.09
2013	16,399	10,455	5,944	280	770	5.66
2014	16,684	10,882	5,802	285	764	5.53
2015	18,556	11,189	7,367	310	759	6.89
2016	18,007	11,774	6,233	325	752	5.79
2017	19,495	11,736	7,759	335	743	7.20
2018	20,639	12,882	7,757	345	735	7.18
2019	21,036	16,319	4,717	355	725	4.37
2020	20,136	14,257	5,879	365	714	5.45
General - 2010 F	BB&T Refunding	Bonds	,			
2011	\$ 20,035	\$ 15,705	\$ 4,330	\$ 290	\$ 428	6.03
2012	25,916	23,917	1,999	456	398	2.34
2013	27,213	24,979	2,234	394	383	2.88
2014	28,970	26,060	2,910	406	368	3.76
2015	30,604	26,697	3,907	423	352	5.04
2016	31,588	27,482	4,106	436	337	5.31
2017	32,620	28,379	4,241	455	320	5.47
2018	32,729	30,627	2,102	470	303	2.72
2019	33,090	30,077	3,013	486	285	3.91
2020	52,455	45,988	6,467	505	267	8.38
	10 BB&T Refundi	· ·	0,.07		20,	0.00
2011	\$ 20,035	\$ 15,705	\$ 4,330	\$ 125	\$ 270	10.96
2012	25,916	23,917	1,999	193	168	5.54
2013	27,213	24,979	2,234	166	162	6.81
2014	28,970	26,060	2,910	172	155	8.90
2015	30,604	26,697	3,907	178	148	11.98
		27,482	,			
2016	31,588		4,106	184	142	12.60
2017	32,620	28,379	4,241	192	132	13.09
2018	32,729 33,090	30,627	2,102	198	128	6.45
2019	,	30,077	3,013	205	121	9.24
2020	52,455	45,988	6,467	213	113	19.84
	essment Bonds, 20		0.017	407		
2012	\$ 3,130	\$ 1,113	\$ 2,017	\$ 195	\$ 141	6.00
2013	3,154	1,002	2,152	115	221	6.40
2014	3,081	1,042	2,039	120	219	6.01
2015	3,161	868	2,293	120	217 214	6.80
2016 2017	3,578 3,645	965 1,103	2,613 2,542	125 125	214 210	7.71 7.59
2017	3,043	1,103	2,342 2,026	130	207	6.01
2018	3,476	1,023	2,453	135	207	7.26
2019	3,470 3,472	1,023	2,433	140	199	7.20
2020	3,4/2	1,093	2,3/9	140	199	7.02

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	Gı	ross		Less: perating	Av	Net ailable		<u>Debt</u> :	Service		
Fiscal Year	Revo	enues	E	xpenses	R	evenue	Pri	ncipal	In	terest	Coverage
Water and Sew	er Revenu	ie Bonds,	2012 9	series							
2012	\$ 1	5,232	\$	10,960	\$	4,272	\$	-	\$	-	-
2013	1	6,399		10,455		5,944		275		607	6.74
2014	1	6,684		10,882		5,802		300		607	6.40
2015	1	8,556		11,189		7,367		290		598	8.30
2016	1	8,007		11,774		6,233		290		589	7.09
2017	1	9,495		11,736		7,759		300		580	8.82
2018	2	0,639		12,882		7,757		305		572	8.84
2019		1,036		16,319		4,717		315		562	5.38
2020	2	0,136		14,257		5,879		325		553	6.70
Water and Sew	er 2014 lo	an - refu	nding								
2015	\$ 1	8,556	\$	11,189	\$	7,367	\$	80	\$	44	59.41
2016	1	8,007		11,774		6,233		85		41	49.47
2017	1	9,495		11,736		7,759		85		38	63.08
2018	2	20,639		15,705		4,934		90		36	39.16
2019	2	21,036		16,319		4,717		90		33	38.35
2020	2	0,136		14,257		5,879		95		35	45.22
Stormwater Ass	sessment l	Bonds, 20	15 seri	ies							
2015	\$ 3	0,604	\$	26,697	\$	3,907	\$	-	\$	-	-
2016	3	1,588		27,482		4,106		117		56	23.74
2017	3	2,620		28,379		4,241		122		53	24.23
2018	1	5,232		10,960		4,272		125		50	24.41
2019	3	3,090		30,077		3,013		128		47	17.22
2020	5	2,455		45,988		6,467		132		44	36.74
Water and Sew	er Bonds,	2017 seri	ies			DX					
2018	\$ 2	25,916	\$	23,917	\$	1,999	\$	-	\$	59	33.88
2019	2	21,036		16,319	(),	4,717		359		128	9.69
2020		-		14,257		(14,257)		385		120	(28.23

Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Gross revenues exclude grants and restricted revenues. Operating expenses exclude depreciation.

and administraitive support fees.

2000B bonds were defeased in 2011 and removed from City's balance sheet

2004A FMLC loan was defeased in 2014 and removed from the City's balance sheet

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population*	Personal Income*		Personal Income*		Per Capita Personal income*	Unemployment Rate**
2011	41,549	\$	1,037,436,981	24,969	7.00%		
2012	42,020	\$	1,062,013,480	25,274	5.80%		
2013	42,832	\$	1,077,438,960	25,155	4.50%		
2014	43,286	\$	1,080,894,706	24,971	4.10%		
2015	43,390	\$	1,083,491,690	24,971	4.30%		
2016	44,090	\$	1,076,854,160	24,424	3.90%		
2017	44,409	\$	1,079,760,426	24,314	3.10%		
2018	43,347	\$	1,058,707,128	24,424	2.80%		
2019	45,339	\$	2,091,740,645	26,611	2.60%		
2020	45,709	\$	1,558,814,027	34,103	8.50%		

Source: *City Engineering and Community Development Department

**Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation



Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

2020

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Sunshine Cleaning Services	439	1	2.42%
Publix Supermakets	336	2	1.85%
Behavioral Shores	296	3	1.63%
US Dept of Veterans	285	4	1.57%
City of Oakland Park	277	5	1.53%
GMRI	228	6	1.26%
Atlas Apex Roofing	225	7	1.24%
Home Depot	193	8	1.06%
Concrete Protection Restoration	169	9	0.93%
Lowes	151	10	0.83%

2011

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Ngu Nations Group USA	300	1	1.70%
Home Depot	300	2	1.70%
City of Oakland Park	254	6	1.44%
Agency Workforce Innovation	172	9	0.97%
US Dept of Veterans	145	4	0.82%
H Lamm Industries	140	7	0.79%
Broward Paper & Packaing	135	8	0.77%
Lipton Toyota	130	10	0.74%
Gateway Insurance	110	3	0.62%
Warranty USA	110	4	0.62%

Source: InfoGroup Employer Database 2017 ed. 1

via Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), Bureau of Labor Market Statistics

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014
Police				
Physical arrests	2,038	1,926	1,881	2,389
Parking violations	116	139	74	280
Traffic violations	5,586	5,844	5,595	8,071
Fire Rescue	3,300	3,044	3,373	0,071
Emergency responses	7,394	7,512	7,541	7,780
Fires extinguished	122	87	141	104
Inspections	3,200	3,116	2,656	2,953
Refuse collection	3,200	3,110	2,030	2,733
Refuse collected (tons per day)	145	144	137	142
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	8	8	11	15
Other public works	O	O	11	13
Street resurfacing (miles)	5	2	_	2
Potholes repaired	1,164	1,578	1,643	2,228
Parks and Leisure	1,10.	1,5 / 0	1,013	2,220
Athletic field permits issued	392	404	448	461
Community center admissions	56,010	57,937	63,580	69,700
Library	20,010	0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	02,200	0,,,00
Volumes in collection	48,462	48,462	47,825	51,676
	106,904	106,200	98,695	82,965
Total volumes borrowed Water New connections Water main breaks		,	,	- %
New connections	1,044	32	23	26
Water main breaks	66	50	46	57
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	3,105	3,084	3,039	3,190
Sewer	, ,	,	,	,
Avg. daily sewage treatment by other (in thousands)	5,387	6,129	7,431	6,560

Source: Various City departments **Includes 57 resulting from Hurricane Wilma, 10/05

^{***}The City does not have a wastewater treatment facility

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1,675	997	1,491	1,614	1,237	1,046
243	309	32	52	33	46
10,520	7,348	6,176	8,657	6,450	4,235
7,976	8,427	9,123	9,032	8,346	8,368
105	130	160	134	129	123
5,585	5,890	4,385	5,953	5,281	3,680
138	159	141	140	140	180
13	15	13	13	13	18
3	2	2	2	6	0
1,705	2,032	2,228	1,991	1,812	1,494
403	355	400	432	436	198
70,000	72,100	73,500	74,500	75,300	56,328
55,170	59,225	71,770	50,594	43,856	44,383
73,334	73,719	63,307	60,354	49,732	25,040
23	57	260	40	73	57
70	27	12	6	8	21
3,236	2,530	2,262	2,478	2,971	3,297
5,703	5,778	6,328	11,861	9,731	12,256

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

							Fig	scal Year
Function/Program		2011		2012		2013		2014
Police								
Stations		1		1		1		1
Zone offices		1		1		1		1
Patrol units		63		68		63		65
Fire stations		3		3		3		3
Refuse Collection								
Collection trucks		11		10		10		13
Other public works								
Streets (miles)		134		134		134		134
Highways (miles)	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	_	(a)	-
Streetlights	*	2,351	*	2,383	*	2,406	*	2,466
Traffic signals	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-
Parks and Leisure								
Acreage		189		198		199		199
Playgrounds		10		10		10		10
Baseball/softball diamonds		9		9		9		7
Soccer/football fields		3		3		3		4
Tennis courts		14		14		14		14
Community centers		4		4		4		4
Basketball Courts		5		5		5		5
Handball/Racquetball Courts	SPAFT	4		4		4		4
Bocce Courts		2		2		2		2
Dog Park		1		1		1		1
Exercise Trail with Exercise Stations		3		3		3		3
Boat Ramp		1		1		1		1
Canoe/Kayak Launch		1		1		1		1
Water								
Water mains (miles)		197		197		197		197
Fire hydrants		1,135		1,135		785		791
Storage capacity (thousand of gallons)	**	-	**	-	**	-	**	-
Sewer								
Sanitary sewers (miles)		100		100		100		100
Storm sewers (miles)		62		62		62		62
Treatment capacity (thousand of gallons)	***	-	***	-	***	-	***	-
Transit - minibuses		-		-		-		-

Source: Various City departments

Note: Data prior to 2006 are not available

^{*}Majority are owned by FPL; the City pays a maintenance fee **No water storage tanks owned by the City

^{***}The City does not have a wastewater treatment facility

⁽a) None owned by the City

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
	1		1		1		1		1		1	
	1		1		1		1		1		1	
	69		69		69		69		88		88	
	3		3		3		3		3		3	
	10		10		8		8		8		8	
	134		134		134		134		134		134	
(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)
k	2,596	*	2,646	*	2,677			*		*		*
(a)	-	(a)	-		-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)	-	(a)
	199		199		201		201		201		201	
	10		10		10		10		10		10	
	7		4		4		4		4		4	
	4		3		3		3		3		3	
	14		14		14		14		14		14	
	4		4		4		4		4		4	
	5		5		5		5 4		5		5	
	4		4		4		4		4		4	
	2		2		2		2		2		2	
	1		1		1		1		1		1	
	3		3		3		3		3		3	
	1		1		1		1		1		1	
	1		1		1		1		1		1	
	197		197		197		197		197		197	
	811		851		855		896		910		910	
**	-	**	-	**	-	**	-	**	-	**	-	**
	100		100		100		100		100		100	
	62		62		63.8		62		62		62	
***	-	***	-	***	-	***	-	***	-	***	-	k

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government	24	22	24	24	22	25	28	28	24	23
Broward Sheriff's Office*	92	97	98	99	98	99	99	99	99	99
Fire Rescue	66	65	63	69	73	67	67	67	67	68
Public Works	15	14	14	15	14	15	16	16	16	20
Engineering	7	8	8	10	9	8	7	7	4	7
Community Development	15	15	16	9	11	24	28	28	26	22
Library	7	7	7	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Parks and Leisure	43	40	42	40	42	36	14	14	20	14
Parks Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	23	22	13
Water & Sewer	23	25	20	22	22	25	26	26	25	24
Solid Waste	23	23	24	22	20	23	23	23	23	21
Storm Water	10	10 <	10	10	10	10	11	11	10	9
Total	325	326	326	326	328	338	346	346	342	326

*Staffing level set by contract Source: City of Oakland Park, Financial Services Department

COMPLIANCE SECTION

ORAFT

CITY OF OAKLAND PARK, FLORIDA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Pass-through		
	CFDA	Identifying		
Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Expenditures	
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)				
Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response	97.083	N/A	\$	146,650
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)				146,650
U.S. Department of Transportation/ Fedreral Highway Administration				
Pass-Through State of Florida Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning & Construction Grant - Local Agency Program Agreement	20.205	G1491		606,425
Total U.S. Department of Transportation/ Federal Highway Administration	ı			606,425
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Pass-Through State of Florida Department of Education				
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	04-0773		18,288
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				18,288
U.S. Department of Justice				
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	N/A		50,479
Total U.S. Department of Justice				50,479
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	821,842

CITY OF OAKLAND PARK, FLORIDA

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Oakland Park, Florida and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2. INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has not elected to use the ten percent de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3. LOAN BALANCES

The City does not have any outstanding loan or loan guarantee balances at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 4. SUB-RECIPIENTS

No federal award amounts have been passed through to sub-recipients during the fiscal year.



phone: 305.947.1638 fax: 800.698.1440

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of Oakland Park, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oakland Park, Florida ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 30, 2021 BCA Waton Rie LLP

ORAFT



phone: 305.947.1638 fax: 800.698.1440

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission of the City of Oakland Park, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Oakland Park, Florida ("the City")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BCA Waton Rice LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 30, 2021

179

CITY OF OAKLAND PARK, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_X_ No		
Sederal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_X_ No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	_X_ None reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs :	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	_X_ No		
Identification of major federal programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	XYes	No		

_Yes _X_ No

__Yes __X_ None Reported

CITY OF OAKLAND PARK, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

None.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings

None.



CITY OF OAKLAND PARK, FLORIDA SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.







phone: 305.947.1638 fax: 800.698.1440

Management Letter

To the Honorable Mayor and Members or the City Commission The City of Oakland Park, Florida. Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Oakland Park, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards; and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Independent Accountant's Report(s) on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 30, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no prior audit findings in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Such information has been disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BCA Waton Rie LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 30, 2021

104



12000 Biscayne Blvd., Suite 503 Miami, FL 33181 www.watsonrice.com

phone: 305.947.1638 fax: 800.698.1440

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members or the City Commission of the City of Oakland Park, Florida

We have examined the City of Oakland Park, Florida (the "City's) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 30, 2021

BCA Waton Rive LLP