

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019





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## City of Panama City, Florida

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019

Prepared by:
The City of Panama City

**Accounting Division** 

Cover photo: Sunset on the Bay

Photographer: Doug Dobos



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#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

#### THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING SUBSECTIONS:

- > LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- > PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
- > CITY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
- > GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING



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## "Dedicated to Excellence... People Serving People"

July 29, 2020

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Panama City (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The September 30, 2019 financial statements have been presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). These principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Panama City's MD&A can be found on page four.

#### The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The City of Panama City was incorporated on March 12, 1926 and covers an area of approximately 34 square miles. The population of the City for 2019 was estimated to be 32,951. The City is the county seat of Bay County. The City has a commission-manager form of government and provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety, public improvements, planning and zoning, and related general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates three enterprise activities: water and sewer, solid waste management, and marina services.

Criteria considered in concluding which related activities (component units) should be included in the City's combined financial statements are as follows:

- Financial accountability;
- Appointment of a voting majority;
- Imposition of will;
- Financial benefit to or burden on a primary government; and
- Financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The following component units were included, by discrete presentation for 2019, based upon the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
- Panama City Port Authority

The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) and the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund are included as blended component units in the City's financial statements.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Due to the City's coastal location, which is subject to hurricane activity, the City Commission adopted a fund balance policy that authorized a committed fund balance in the General Fund with a target balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures and the City targeted a balance of 10% as unassigned fund balance to meet general operating expenditures. For Enterprise Funds, the City authorized a target unrestricted net position balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures. The fiscal year ended 2019 balances adequately meet the targets adopted in the policy.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Since Hurricane Michael, housing within the City remains a top priority. After losing a high percentage of available housing, City officials and staff have found innovative ways to bring housing back stronger and more affordable. Some of the positive solutions are micro-housing and modular construction. The City's Community Development department is committed to rehouse those affected by Hurricane Michael and COVID-19 and to stabilize vulnerable populations.

The Community Development department is working hard to turn renting citizens into home owners. Currently, the national ratio is 30% renters to 70% owners while in the City the ratio is 70% renters to 30% owners. The Community Development department hopes to reverse this trend and create resident stability and resiliency through homeownership.

Therefore, the Community Development department updated its Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP) and increased income thresholds for applicant qualifications. This allows an estimated 40% of the City and Bay County residents to qualify for some type of needed housing assistance such as purchase assistance (up to \$45,000 down payment assistance and \$5,000 in closing costs). Under the prior LHAP, only an estimated 10% of residents would have qualified for assistance.

The CRA continues a grant program which allows for commercial and residential improvement incentives. In addition, a paint voucher program was created as well as a job creation incentive credit program. These programs were created to attract investment and reverse blight and have been responsible for creating new jobs.

New housing developments continue to succeed and provide needed new housing for the City's citizens. SweetBay, located at the old Panama City Airport, is close to being sold out for Phases I and II of the development (approximately 474 new homes). The housing development, Liberty, planned for Panama City North, will provide 1,900 single family homes when fully developed.

The retail development, Bay City Point, continues its growth with eight new stores which are set to open in Summer of 2020. The project is expected to provide a total of 800 jobs to the area.

The Panama City Mall is looking to reconfigure its retail development and begin rebuilding their property in the near future.

The City anticipates continued improvements in the local economy due to rebuilding and revitalizing projects throughout the City after Hurricane Michael. City Officials closely monitor economic conditions and are committed to working with community groups to attract businesses and tourists to Panama City.

COVID-19 has impacted the City in several of its revenue streams from Merchant License, State revenue sharing, half-cent sales tax and local option gas tax. Additional COVID-19 impacts to revenue can continue to potentially be realized into the 2021 calendar year.

The levy and collection of the Panama City Tourist taxes began during 2015. Annual revenue generated by this tax approximates \$900 thousand for FY19. These funds are collected by Bay County and disbursed to the Panama City Community Development Council, Inc. to promote tourist-related business activities. The Council plans to focus on developing key interest points for visitors within the City, including sailing and boating tourism, culinary

tourism, and arts and culture tourism.

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, Bay County published reports confirm that sales tax collections were up by 9.21%.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The Panama City Port Authority East terminal development is well underway. Phase I includes a 250,000 square foot warehouse, including railroad and road infrastructure. The expansion will double the working acreage of the Port facilities and accommodate the potential for more ships and businesses. Phase I and II of the project is nearing completion.

Because of Hurricane Michael, Eastern Shipbuilding received a delivery deadline time extension which helped to secure their \$10 billion dollar contract to build cutters for the United States Coast Guard.

The City has identified over 200 projects to help rebuild the City of Panama City using the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Section 428 Alternative Public Assistance Program. These projects located in the downtown and surrounding areas represent a \$50 million dollar capital investment into the City's facilities and infrastructure.

The City and Bay County continue to work closely together to identify cost-effective post-disaster projects within the City that will greatly reduce or eliminate future disaster risk to facilities within the City. The bulk of the funding for these projects will be obtained through the FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP).

Recovery, rebuilding, and development plans continue moving forward for the Panama City and St. Andrews marinas. Both are now clear of storm debris and progress continues on the bulkhead repairs at the Panama City Marina.

The City continues the Panama City Marina redevelopment project with hiring an urban planner and entering into a memorandum of understanding for the St. Joe Company to potentially construct a 100 room hotel on the Marina. The Marina redevelopment project is expected to become a lucrative part of the City, sustaining investment returns through sales and property taxes. The City will consider tax-increment financing, concessions for impact fees and funding for infrastructure improvements.

A thirty year planned unit development agreement was entered into between the City and St. Andrew Bay Land Company for development of the old airport property. Plans include constructing 3,200 dwellings and 700,000 gross square feet of non-residential units in the 700+ acre waterfront area that is now called SweetBay. Currently, Phase I development, Academy Park, is nearing completion with approximately 274 single family homes on 66 acres. Soon, Phase II will begin construction and consist of approximately 200 single family homes.

#### For the Future

The Downtown CRA plan was extended until year 2034. The new revised plan includes continuing community policing efforts, improving the streetscape, encouraging increased economic and tourism based activities, and increasing the grants program.

The City adopted a Strategic Vision for Downtown to direct future growth, to preserve the city's history, its waterfront, and its strong sense of community. For fiscal year 2020, the City is asking the citizens to help set a vision for the future of Glenwood, Millville, and St. Andrews. The Strategic Vision for each neighborhood will reflect the community's ideas and priorities for preservation, sustainable building, streets, public spaces, dealing with storm water, and more. The City is working to illustrate these ideas and blend them into one plan, which can be used to guide future actions.

During first quarter 2019, Phase I construction upgrade of the St. Andrews Waste Water Treatment Facility was completed. The \$31.6 million plant expansion created a more advanced treatment process allowing for greater nutrient removal from the treated effluent. During March 2019, the City approved as an addition to this project

the construction of a 2700 square foot Lab building with an estimated cost of \$1,400,000. Construction should be completed by the end of 2020.

The United States Air Force which depends on the support of local communities is underway with the planning process to rebuild Tyndall Air Force Base. The United States Air Force plans to rebuild the base as a premiere military facility that will host up to four F-35 stealth fighter squadrons and also host two dozen MQ-9 Reaper drones by 2023.

Currently, Tyndall Air Force Base and Naval Support Activity provide approximately 10,000 military and civilian jobs and 15,000 retirees have chosen to remain in the Panama City-Bay County area. The annual economic impact of the two bases totals over \$1.2 billion.

#### **Accounting System and Internal Control**

The City's accounting, budgetary, and financial reporting systems have been designed to conform to the standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Office of Management and Budget, and the State of Florida.

In developing and altering the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and
- The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the government is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

In conformance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes, budgetary control is maintained through constant review by the accounting division. Detailed monthly budget reports are prepared for each department, documenting revenues and expenditures.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Commission. Activities of the General Fund, Utilities Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Marina Fund, Debt Service Fund, Medical Self-Insurance Fund, Community Planning and Development Fund, State Housing Initiative Partnership City, State Housing Initiative Partnership County, General Grants Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, Hurricane Michael Fund and the Community Redevelopment Agency areas are included in the appropriated annual budget. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique in accomplishing budgetary controls. Encumbered amounts lapse at the year end. Encumbrances are generally re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

#### **Reporting Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Panama City, Florida, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the 26th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgments

I thank the City Commission members for their commitment to planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a highly responsible and conservative manner. The completion of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated efforts of the entire Accounting Division. Sincere appreciation is extended to the firm of Tipton, Marler, Garner and Chastain, for its professional approach and high standards in the conduct of the firm's independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions.

Respectfully submitted, landy Waldron

Interim City Clerk-Treasurer





### City of Panama City Officials

Commission - Manager Form of Government

#### **City Commission**

Greg Brudnicki, Mayor

**Ward I** Jenna Flint Haligas

**Ward III**Billy Rader

**City Manager** Mark McQueen

**City Clerk - Treasurer** Brandy Waldron (Interim) Ward II

Kenneth Brown

Ward IV
Mike Nichols

**City Attorney** Nevin Zimmerman

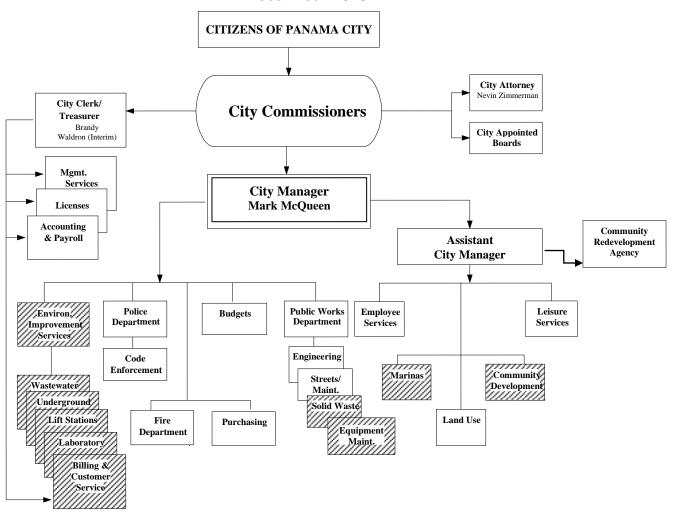
**Independent Auditors** 

Tipton, Marler, Garner & Chastain

Fiscal Year October 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

#### Fiscal Year 2019



Non-General Fund
General Fund

Dedicated to Excellence ~ People Serving People



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

### City of Panama City Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2018** 

Christophu P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

### FINANCIAL SECTION

#### THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING SUBSECTIONS:

- > INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
- > MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- > BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- > COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
  AND SCHEDULES
- > SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



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Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the

effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 16, and budget to actual comparison — major funds (general fund) on page 130 and pension and other post employment schedules on pages 131 through 145 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual financial statements, the schedule of receipts and expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual financial statements, and expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Tipton, Marly, Lainer: Chastain

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Panama City, Florida July 29, 2020

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#### City of Panama City, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

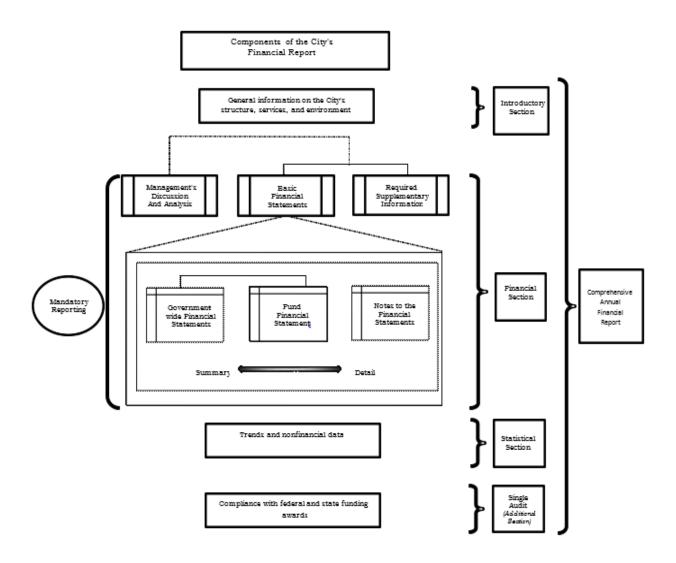
The City of Panama City, Florida's Management Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and offers a comparative analysis between fiscal years 2019 and 2018. It serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 17, and the Letter of Transmittal, located in the Introductory Section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's assets (\$391,029,793) and deferred outflows of resources (\$4,844,711) exceeded its liabilities (\$187,587,338) and deferred inflows of resources (\$3,180,108) as of September 30, 2019 by \$205,107,058. Of this amount, \$26,967,236 (unrestricted net position) represents the portion of total net assets which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens, customers, and creditors. Of the total net position, \$134,186,413 is invested in capital assets (net of related debt) and the remaining \$43,953,409 is restricted.
- Total net position for the City increased \$19,359,091 (10.4%) over fiscal year 2018 ending net position of \$185,747,967. Governmental activities had increased by 21.6% (\$20,308,857) at the end of fiscal year 2019 and accounted for \$114,283,095 of the City's total net position. Business-type activities decreased 1.0% (\$949,766) over the previous fiscal year to \$90,823,963. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities equaled \$10,818,031 and restricted equaled \$31,273,810. Business-type activities reported net positions of \$16,149,205 in unrestricted and \$12,679,599 in restricted.
- Capital assets increased 4.1% from fiscal year 2018 to \$188,565,200, at the close of fiscal year 2019.
   Of this amount, \$91,776,940 are assets held in governmental activities and \$96,788,260, are assets held in business type activities.
- The General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$15,131,988 on September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$10,184,252 (40.2%) from fiscal year 2018. The general fund ending balance represents 27.7% of general fund expenditures and transfers out for fiscal year 2019.
- Total debt for fiscal year 2019 increased 49.4% from fiscal year 2018. The increase of \$55,995,699 was primarily due to the issuance of debt during fiscal year 2019 to finance repairs for Hurricane Michael prior to receiving FEMA reimbursement.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This comprehensive annual financial report was prepared in conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34. The report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements provide information on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and its major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund financial) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year) and enhance the City's accountability. The following illustration presents the components of the financial report.



#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Panama City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is paid or received.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position are reported separately for *governmental activities* and *business-type activities*.

The *statement of activities* reports all of the City's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the most recent fiscal year. Both governmental and business-type activities are presented to summarize the gross and net cost of various City functions. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture/recreation. Costs of governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-

type activities include water and sewer utilities, solid waste, and marina operations. Costs of business-type activities are supported by user charges and fees.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Panama City and its *blended component units* (The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agencies and the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. (a nonprofit)), but also *discretely-presented component units* for which the City is financially accountable. The Panama City Downtown Improvement Board and the Panama City Port Authority are legally separate entities over which the City, as the *primary government*, may exercise influence or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy. The information for these two *discretely-presented component units* is presented in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements. Component unit financial statements may be requested by contacting that entity at the address listed on page 33 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The financial activities of the City are recorded in separate *funds*. Funds are groupings of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City of Panama City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Panama City maintains twenty four governmental funds. The General Fund, Hurricane Michael Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Capital Projects 2013 Fund, Capital Projects Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and Capital Projects New City Hall Fund are considered to be major funds. Therefore, a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are presented beginning on page 20. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Panama City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 25. The City of Panama City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. They include the Utilities Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and the Marina Fund. All are considered to be major funds of the City. Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City. The funds maintained by the City include the Equipment Maintenance, Medical Self-Insurance, and Dental Insurance funds. Because these services

predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Financial statements of proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in greater detail. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

It is important to recognize that, while the total column on the business-type fund financial statement may be the same as the business-type column on the government-wide financial statement, the governmental funds total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus utilized (current financial resources versus total economic resources). The related reconciliations are included for examination.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Panama City's own programs. The accounting for those funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary funds include Police, Fire, and Senior Management Supplemental Pension Funds, and can be found beginning on page 29.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 129 of this report.

Other information, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, includes Police, Fire, and Senior Management Supplemental Pension funding obligations in the *required* supplementary information beginning on page 131. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information beginning on page 146.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The largest component (65.4%) of the City's net position at September 30, 2019 is net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure). This amount (\$134,186,413) is net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City of Panama City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Approximately 13.2% (\$26,967,236) remains available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens, creditors and customers. The remaining 21.4% of total net position (\$43,953,409) are resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

#### City of Panama City, Florida Summary Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Current and Other assets S Capital assets	167,076,686 91,776,940 258,853,626	\$ 81,696,666 88,454,290 170,150,956	\$ 35,387,907 96,788,260 132,176,167	\$ 42,633,481 \$ 92,669,743 135,303,224	202,464,593 188,565,200 391,029,793	\$ 124,330,147 181,124,033 305,454,180			
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,243,900	3,861,768	600,811	819,292	4,844,711	4,681,060			
Current and Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	18,745,612 127,456,325 146,201,937	6,802,113 70,456,088 77,258,201	5,888,900 35,496,501 41,385,401	6,662,273 37,229,303 43,891,576	24,634,512 162,952,826 187,587,338	13,464,386 107,685,391 121,149,777			
Total deferred inflows of resources  Net position:	2,612,494	2,780,285	567,614	457,211	3,180,108	3,237,496			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	72,191,254 31,273,810 10,818,031 114,283,095	70,572,052 19,045,770 4,356,416 93,974,238	61,995,159 12,679,599 16,149,205 90,823,963	58,183,597 10,248,871 23,341,261 91,773,729 \$	134,186,413 43,953,409 26,967,236 205,107,058 \$	128,755,649 29,294,641 27,697,677 185,747,967			

At the end of the current fiscal year, as in the prior year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of total net position as a whole, and individually, within the governmental and business-type activities.

The City's overall net position on September 30, 2019 increased by \$19,359,091 from fiscal year 2018. The City is required to report on the face of the financial statements the deferred inflows, deferred outflows, net pension assets and net pension liabilities for each of the City's pension plans and proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). (See note 9).

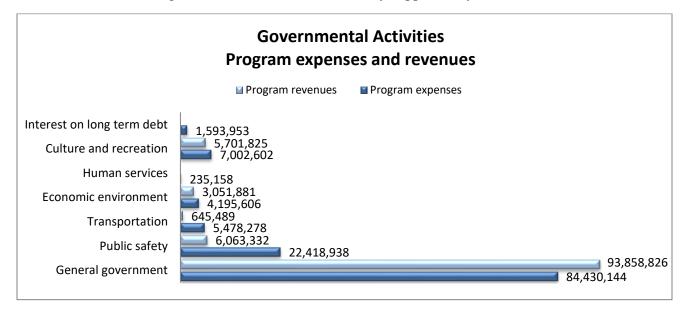
Key elements of the increases and decreases between 2018 and 2019 can be compared by examining changes in net position on the *Statement of Activities* (following page). The Statement of Activities shows the governmental and business-type activities during the previous two fiscal years.

#### City of Panama City, Florida Statement of Activities Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

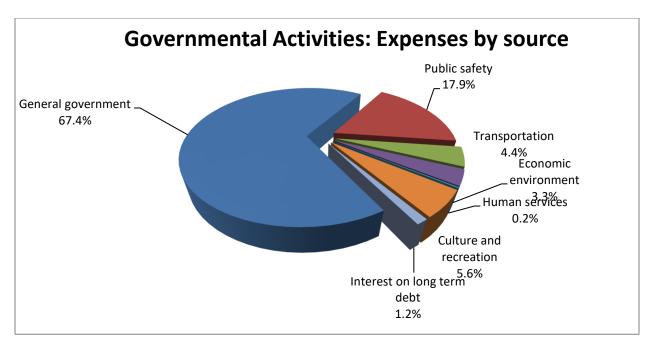
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities					Total			
	_	2019 2018		_	2019	2018	_	2019 2018				
Revenues			_		_		_		_		_	
Program Revenues:	_		_						_		_	
Charges for services-governmental	\$	25,033,681	\$	12,019,037	_	45.004.007	_	40,000,000	\$	25,033,681	\$	12,019,037
Charges for services-utilities					\$	15,934,927	\$	19,622,582		15,934,927		19,622,582
Charges for services-solid waste						5,943,083		7,186,148		5,943,083		7,186,148
Charges for services-marinas		04 007 070		4 004 000		748,905		3,148,592		748,905		3,148,592
Operating grants and contributions		84,287,672		1,301,296		9,699,648		218,225		93,987,320		1,519,521
Capital grants and contributions						637,468		361,400		637,468		361,400
General Revenues:												
Taxes:												
Ad valorem		10.099.539		8.929.919						10.099.539		8.929.919
Tax increment		2.311,262		2,172,010						2,311,262		2,172,010
Gas tax		1.315.941		1,295,819						1,315,941		1,295,819
Franchise fees		3.490.296		4.261.663						3,490,296		4.261.663
Utilityservice taxes		3.719.558		4.540.419						3,719,556		4,540,419
Communications service taxes		1.361.929		1.574.325						1.361.929		1.574.325
Local option sales tax		3,596,071		3,279,225						3,596,071		3.279.225
State revenue sharing		5.531,002		5,117,650						5.531.002		5.117.650
Investmentearnings		1,253,276		663.874		560,802		488,472		1,814,078		1.152.348
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-11		(107,719)		,		8.585		-		(99,134)
Miscellaneous		1.937.466		(		1.846		-,		1.939.312		-
Other general revenues		.,,		618.970		- 1		12,844		-		631.814
Total Revenues	Ξ	143,937,691	_	45,666,488	_	33,526,679	: :	31,046,848	_	177,484,370	: =	76,713,336
Expenses												
Expenses												
General government		84,430,144		8.232.205						84,430,144		8.232.205
Public safety		22,418,938		21,197,707						22,418,938		21,197,707
Transportation		5,478,278		5.824.445						5,478,278		5.824.445
Economic en vironment		4,195,606		4,956,197						4,195,606		4.956.197
Human services		235,158		244,479						235,158		244,479
Culture and recreation		7,002,602		3,665,526						7,002,602		3,665,526
Interest on long-term debt		1,593,953		205,222						1,593,953		205,222
Water and sewer utilities						23,524,617		15,981,122		23,524,617		15,981,122
Solid waste operations						6,569,405		6,440,541		6,569,405		6,440,541
Marinas operations						2,656,578		2,842,914		2,656,578		2,842,914
Total Expenses	_	125,354,679	_	44,325,781	_	32,750,600	: :	25,264,577	_	158,105,279	: =	69,590,358
Increase in net position before transfers		18,583,012		1,340,707		776,079		5,782,271		19,359,091		7,122,978
Transfers in (out)	_	1,725,845	_	1,861,812	-	(1,725,845)	-	(1,861,812)	-		-	
Increase in net position		20,308,857		3,202,519		(949,766)		3,920,459		19,359,091		7,122,978
Net position-beginning of year		93,974,238		90,771,719		91,773,729		87,853,270		185,747,967		178,624,989
Net position - end of year	\$	114,283,095	\$_	93,974,238	\$_	90,823,963	\$	91,773,729	\$	205,107,058	\$	185,747,967

#### **Governmental Activities**

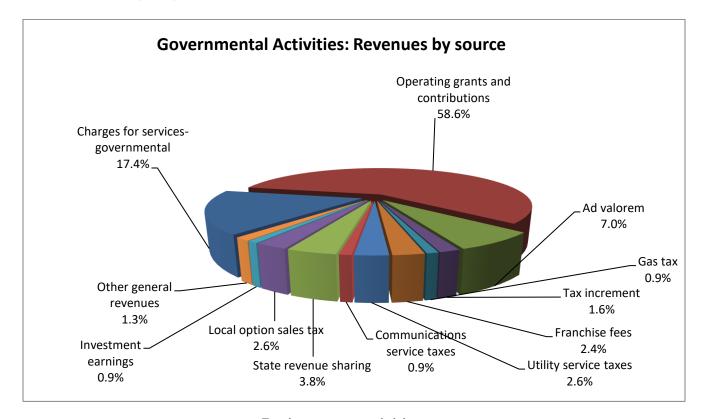
GASB Statement No. 34 reporting requires that functional expenses are matched with revenues that directly support the function. The bar chart on the next page gives a clear indication of which functions are dependent on general revenues to support their operations. Public Safety, consisting of police and fire services, has the largest difference and is traditionally supported by taxes.



Expenses in the governmental activities are highest in the general government category (67.4%) followed by public safety (17.9%) and culture and recreation (5.6%). Total governmental activity expenses increased by 182.8% (\$81,028,898) in fiscal year 2019. The largest dollar increase in expenses occurred in the general government category (\$76,197,939) and the greatest decrease in economic environment in the amount of \$760,591. The overall governmental activities and general government category increases are due mainly to repair and restoration costs from Hurricane Michael.

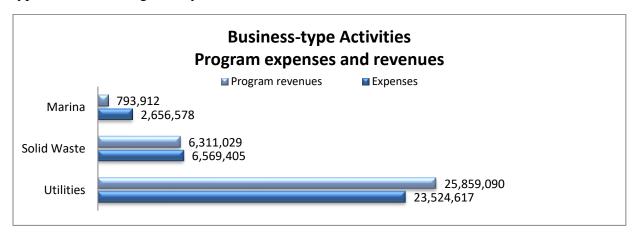


Revenues from governmental activities increased \$98,271,203 from fiscal year 2018. This increase is mainly due to FEMA and State Disaster grant revenue. After operating grants and contributions, charges for services continue to be the largest revenue source in governmental activities (17.4%), followed by ad valorem taxes (7.0%).

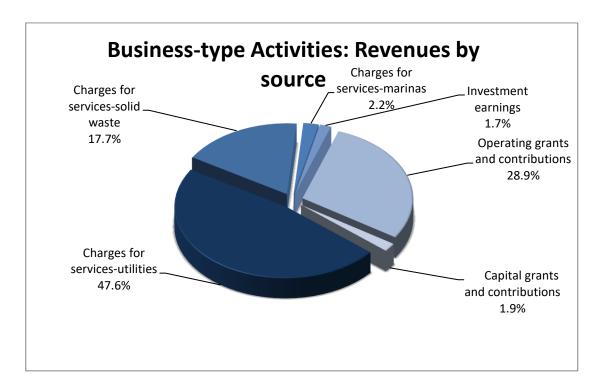


**Business-type activities** 

All funds that provide business-type activities for the City of Panama City charge fees in order to cover the cost of operations during the fiscal year. The chart below compares the amount of program revenues received for "charges for services" to the amount of program expenses for each of the three business-type activities during fiscal year 2019.



Total expenses for business-type activities increased 29.6%, \$7,486,023 in fiscal year 2019. Expenses for utility activities, solid waste services, and marina activities had increases (decreases) of 47.2%, 2.0%, and (6.6%) respectively. Combined business-type expenses, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, were \$32,750,600. Charges for services are the major source of revenue (67.5%) for business-type activities. These charges represent \$22,626,915 of revenue dollars utilized by the City to provide utility, solid waste, and marina services to citizens and customers. Revenues from all business-type activities sources increased \$2,427,084 (7.9%) from fiscal year 2018.



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Fund balances are the differences between assets and liabilities in a governmental fund. The non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory), or amounts that are required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes that are stipulated by their providers, such as grant, bond, or higher levels of government. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are determined by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (City Commission). Assigned fund balance applies to amounts that are intended for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body or authorized official. Unassigned fund balance includes all amounts not contained in other classifications for the general fund, and deficit fund balances in any other governmental fund.

The City of Panama City's coastal location places a risk of natural disaster which could severely impair its ability to continue operations or services following the impact of such an event. In addition, the City

recognizes that fluctuations in the economy can affect the resources available from year to year. As a measure to provide economic stability for the City and enable continued long term operations, the City established a committed fund balance which is subject to specified criteria as prescribed by the City Commission. Committed funds cannot be utilized for any purpose other than those established by the City Commission. Unassigned fund balance is maintained at a level sufficient to adequately provide for the annual operating expenditures of the City. Further information on fund balance can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The *general fund* is the chief operating fund of the City of Panama City. On September 30, 2019, the total fund balance in the general fund was \$15,131,988, of which \$304,141 was non-spendable, \$242,020 was assigned, and \$14,585,827 was unassigned. Compared to fiscal year 2018, the total fund balance decreased by \$10,184,252 (40.2%). This was due to the economic impact of Hurricane Michael, discussed later.

General revenue increased \$2,475,495 (6.4%) in fiscal year 2019. Both intergovernmental and miscellaneous revenue increased from 2018 by \$1,859,601 (31.53%) and \$1,767,521 (480.61%), respectively. The increases were a result of federal and state disaster relief. All other general fund revenue categories decreased for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. General fund expenditures increased in fiscal year 2019 by \$399,748 or 1.2%. Transportation decreased by 21.8% (\$818,839), which was the greatest dollar decrease of all the categories, resulting mainly because the City's efforts were focused on recovery versus building during the year. The largest dollar increase occurred in public safety by 7.3% (\$1,270,669) compared to the previous fiscal year, due to an increased need during the time immediately after the storm.

During fiscal year 2019, special revenue fund balances increased by \$82,830,770. Increases or decreases in special revenue funds are typically indicative of funding changes as activities are identified, initiated, or completed. The greatest increase (\$78,759,785) was in the Hurricane Michael fund. This fund was created in fiscal year 2019 to account for the Hurricane Michael related revenues and expenses. The City administers State Housing Initiative Partnership funds awarded to both the City and Bay County for housing initiatives, and additional funding was received in fiscal year 2019 to aid in housing stability programs. The SHIP City and SHIP County combined fund balances increased by \$1,503,153. The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency is a blended component unit of the City that utilizes tax increment dollars, from changes in assessed property values in target areas, to fund revitalization and redevelopment efforts in designated areas of the City. The amounts in the Special Revenue Funds are restricted to accomplishing the various objectives of each specific program.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal and interest for the City's general bonded debt. Principal and interest payment obligations were met in a timely manner during the fiscal year. Payments for general bonded debt are funded by transfers from the City's general fund.

The City utilizes four capital projects funds to account for projects in governmental activities costing over \$25,000. The total capital projects fund balance on September 30, 2019 was \$31,976,073, a decrease of \$1,393,030 from fiscal year 2018. This fund balance decrease is due to increased expenses in the two new capital projects funds created during fiscal year 2018, the Capital Projects Infrastructure Surtax Fund and the Capital Projects New City Hall Fund. The available fund balance is assigned for pending capital projects. Capital projects are funded by transfers from the general fund, or other City funds, in addition to debt for related projects. Before Hurricane Michael struck, the general fund budgeted and transferred \$1,850,000 to the capital projects fund in fiscal year 2019 to fund various capital projects such as a special needs playground, Jenks Avenue widening, Martin Theater repairs, fire station repairs and remodeling, dredging projects, tarpon dock bridge repairs, and various City park

repairs. Due to the storm, the scope of many of those projects changed. These planned projects will be completed using these funds along with insurance, FEMA and State Emergency funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds are composed of the *enterprise funds* and the *internal services funds*. Enterprise funds are utilized to report activities for which a fee is charged to *external* users for goods or services. The City's three enterprise funds are the Utility Fund, the Solid Waste Fund, and the Marina Fund. These enterprise funds are supported primarily through user charges. All of the City's enterprise funds are classified as major funds. Internal service funds are designed to recover the *internal* costs of general services provided to other city departments. Internal service funds are, for the most part, supported through charges to other City funds.

The Utility Fund had a total net position of \$75,095,435 at fiscal year-end, an increase of \$2,098,059 over the prior fiscal year. Operating revenues decreased \$3,687,655 in fiscal year 2019, and operating expenses increased in the amount of \$8,061,087.

The Solid Waste Fund had a total net position of \$9,662,051 at the end of fiscal year 2019. Total net position decreased by \$1,446,977. Operating revenues decreased by \$1,243,065 and operating expenses increased \$446,278.

The Marina Fund had a total net position of \$5,248,238 in fiscal year 2019, which was a decrease of \$2,147,743 from the prior fiscal year. Operating revenues decreased by \$2,399,687 and operating expenses decreased in the amount of \$235,876.

A comparison of the operating income for the most current and previous fiscal years for the City's enterprise funds is available in the following table.

	 Operating I	Income	e (Loss)				
	2019 2018						
Utility Fund	\$ (5,985,489)	\$	5,763,253				
Solid Waste Fund	(423,701)		1,265,642				
Marina Fund	(1,787,671)		376,140				
Total	\$ (8, 196, 861)	\$	7,405,035				

Due to the impact of Hurricane Michael, lost customers/lower revenues and repairing damages, all of the enterprise funds had operating expenses that exceeded operating revenues before transfers.

The individual internal service funds are reported on pages 178-181.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

A budget to actual statement is provided for the General Fund on page 130. Columns for both the original budget, adopted in fiscal year 2019, as well as the final budget are presented. Estimated budgeted amounts are adjusted throughout the year to more closely reflect the actual final amounts that occur. Original budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2019 were \$38,416,381, while amended and final budgeted revenues were \$40,184,040 during the year. Actual revenues for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$41,014,556 which was \$830,516 more than the final budget. Original budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2019 were \$36,043,660, amended in the amount of \$1,066,924 to a final fiscal year 2019 budget

of \$37,110,584. Actual expenditures for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$33,242,413 which was \$3,868,171 *less* than the final budget. Expenditures for general government, public safety, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture/recreation had final expenditures *less* than the final budget due to the City's conservative spending practices. The total amount carried forward from fiscal year 2018 budget to fiscal year 2019 budget was \$1,149,255. Overall, revenues exceeded actual expenditures for fiscal year 2019.

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities, as of September 30, 2019 was \$188,565,200 (net of accumulated depreciation). This is an increase of \$7,441,167 from fiscal year 2018. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and drainage systems. Governmental activities accounted for \$91,776,940 and business-type activities \$96,788,260 of total capital assets of the City of Panama City on September 30, 2019. Capital assets held by the City at the end of the most current and previous fiscal years are summarized in the table below.

## City of Panama City, Florida Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

		Governmental Activities				Business-t	ype	Activities	Total				
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018		
Land	\$	19,488,856	\$	19,488,856	\$	1,828,384	\$	1,828,384	\$ 21,317,240	\$	21,317,240		
Construction in progress		7,412,438				41,306,130		34,712,148	48,718,568		34,712,148		
Buildings		15,162,636		14,672,145		2,274,053		1,175,352	17,436,689		15,847,497		
Improvements other than													
buildings		18,631,692		22,137,568		44,907,282		48,849,948	63,538,974		70,987,516		
Machinery and equipment		3,624,173		3,434,301		6,469,739		6,100,438	10,093,912		9,534,739		
Intangibles		35,012		37,589		2,672		3,473	37,684		41,062		
Infrastructure		27,422,133	_	28,683,831	_		_		27,422,133	_	28,683,831		
Total	\$_	91,776,940	\$_	88,454,290	\$_	96,788,260	\$_	92,669,743	\$ 188,565,200	\$_	181,124,033		

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets may be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 55.

#### **Debt Management**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$137,234,497. All of the City's debt maintains a "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and a "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investors Services. Additional information regarding the activities of the City's bonded debt during fiscal year 2019 may be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 60.

#### Outstanding Bonded Debt As Of September 30, 2019 and 2018

Governmen	Activities	Business-	typ	e Activities		Total				
2019		2018	2019		2018	2019			2018	
\$ 102,189,497	\$	44,956,000	\$ 35,045,000	\$	37,884,000	\$	137,234,497	\$	82,840,000	

#### **Economic Factors**

The City of Panama City, in 2019 had an unemployment rate of 2.6%. This was a decrease of 0.2% from the prior fiscal year.

Taxable property values in Panama City decreased 14.1% from \$2,395,503,395 in 2018 to \$2,057,342,366 in 2019

#### **Hurricane Michael**

The City experienced a catastrophic natural disaster when Hurricane Michael, a Category 5 storm, struck the area on October 10, 2018. The City suffered significant damage to water and sewer lines, other infrastructure, buildings, marinas, parks and equipment. The City had insurance to cover some of these damages. After the storm, the City incurred almost \$8 million in emergency protective measures which included costs to provide comfort stations for citizens and workers. Along with these widespread damages, the City also incurred costs for debris cleanup and removal. Estimates are that the City collected approximately four million cubic yards of debris, which is over thirty-eight years of debris collected in the fifteen months following Hurricane Michael.

The City has been and will continue to work with our consultants, FEMA and the State to determine all of the damages and the costs to restore the City. Debris cleanup and removal, restoration and repair work has been ongoing since the storm struck. The City expects the costs of the emergency protective measures and debris removal to exceed \$89 million. FEMA is expected to reimburse the City 100% of these costs incurred during the first 45 days after the storm, and 90% of the costs after that time period. As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had received \$14,961,503 from FEMA and expects to receive an additional \$74 million by September 30, 2020 for fiscal year 2019. The total costs of debris removal and to repair and restore the vast damages to the City are expected to be in excess of \$400 million with much of the costs to be reimbursed by insurance, FEMA, 428 projects, HMGP, CDBG-DR, CDBG-MIT and other State funds. As of the date of issuance, the City has over 200 projects started in various stages of processing with FEMA. At the time of issuance of these financial statements, the full impact of the damages and their effects on the City's financial statements have not been fully determined.

This report was prepared by the Accounting Division of the City of Panama City under the direction of the City Clerk-Treasurer. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Brandy Waldron, Interim City Clerk-Treasurer, P.O. Box 1880, Panama City, Florida 32402-1880.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- > GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Component Units			
	Primary Government			Panama City		
				Downtown	Panama City	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type	Total	Improvement	Port	
	Activities	Activities	1 Otal	Board	Authority	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,170,179	\$ 13,183,503	\$ 84,353,682	\$ 113,367	\$ 6,825,128	
Investments	7,743,548	1,170,673	8,914,221		3,028,922	
Receivables, net:						
Accounts	1,176,896	3,329,441	4,506,337	9,854	5,005,420	
Special assessments	81,308		81,308			
Insurance	1,801,552	452,095	2,253,647		877,895	
Internal balances	6,742,846	(6,742,846)	4 49 =04		201.454	
Prepaid items	162,498	203	162,701	3,845	384,676	
Due from other governmental entities	67,197,040	9,699,648	76,896,688			
Inventories	2,988,391	125,435	3,113,826			
Restricted assets:		14.160.755	14160 755			
Cash and cash equivalents	0.010.400	14,169,755	14,169,755			
Notes receivable	8,012,428		8,012,428			
Capital assets:			<b>50.005.000</b>	424.000	#0.000.010	
Non-depreciable	26,901,294	43,134,514	70,035,808	424,999	70,022,942	
Depreciable (net)	64,875,646	53,653,746	118,529,392	31,648	60,661,669	
Total assets	258,853,626	132,176,167	391,029,793	583,713	146,806,652	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Outflows from hedging					418,604	
Charges on debt refunding		231,663	231,663			
OPEB related outflows					1,410	
Pension related outflows	4,243,900	369,148	4,613,048		71,452	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,243,900	600,811	4,844,711		491,466	
LIABILITIES						
	12.764.479	2 165 942	14.020.220	3,165	2 5 4 2 9 6 1	
Accounts payable  Due to other governmental entities	12,764,478 251,615	2,165,842	14,930,320 251,615	3,103	3,543,861	
Accrued salaries	820,190	208,170	1,028,360			
	820,190					
Accrued taxes payable Unearned revenue		1,375	1,375		60.015	
Deposits	3,834	13,751	13,751 3,834		69,915	
•	3,034	190 760				
Accrued interest payable Accrued other liabilities	231,274	489,760	489,760 231,274		199,239	
Noncurrent liabilities:	231,274		231,274		199,239	
Due within one year:						
Claims and judgments					20,360	
Compensated absences	346,978	104,002	450,980		26,108	
Line of credit	340,770	104,002	430,700		3,000,000	
Bonds, notes, leases and loans payable	4,327,243	2,906,000	7,233,243		3,110,020	
Due in more than one year:	7,327,273	2,700,000	1,233,243		3,110,020	
Deposits		1,302,073	1,302,073			
Claims and judgments		1,502,075	1,502,075		333,940	
Compensated absences	1,040,931	312,003	1,352,934		78,323	
OPEB liability	2,247,054	789,477	3,036,531		280,392	
Bonds, notes, leases and loans payable	99,180,582	32,139,000	131,319,582		19,647,226	
Net pension liability	24,987,758	953,948	25,941,706		236,407	
Interest rate swap agreement (net)	= 1,7 01,700	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,		418,604	
Total liabilities	146,201,937	41,385,401	187,587,338	3,165	30,964,395	
		,,			, ,	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related inflows	590,080	207,325	797,405			
Pension related inflows	2,022,414	360,289	2,382,703		97,210	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,612,494	567,614	3,180,108		97,210	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	72,191,254	61,995,159	134,186,413	456,647	104,431,000	
Restricted for:	, , ,	, , , ,	, , ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
General Government	108,321		108,321			
Housing and Urban Development	9,229,815		9,229,815			
			6,328,580			
Infrastructure	6,328,580		.,,			
-		10,421.728	11,811.195			
Infrastructure	1,389,467	10,421,728	11,811,195 4,799,724			
Infrastructure Debt service Self-insurance	1,389,467 4,799,724	10,421,728	4,799,724			
Infrastructure Debt service	1,389,467		4,799,724 2,619,411			
Infrastructure Debt service Self-insurance Community redevelopment	1,389,467 4,799,724 2,619,411	10,421,728 2,257,871 16,149,205	4,799,724	123,901	11,805,513	

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and ontributions
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:	Φ.	04.420.144	Φ	12.267.604	Φ	00 401 222		
General government	\$	84,430,144	\$	13,367,604	\$	,,		
Public safety		22,418,938		4,897,479		1,165,853		
Transportation		5,478,278		615,382		30,107		
Economic environment		4,195,606		499,945		2,551,936		
Culture and recreation		7,002,602		5,653,271		48,554		
Human services		235,158						
Interest on long-term debt		1,593,953						
Total governmental activities		125,354,679		25,033,681		84,287,672		
Business-type activities:								
Utilities		23,524,617		15,934,927		9,286,695	\$	637,468
Solid Waste		6,569,405		5,943,083		367,946		
Marina		2,656,578		748,905		45,007		
Total business-type activities		32,750,600		22,626,915	_	9,699,648		637,468
Total primary government	\$	158,105,279	\$	47,660,596	\$	93,987,320	\$	637,468
Component units:								
Panama City Downtown Improvement Board	\$	764,020						
Panama City Port Authority		15,502,852	\$	18,350,453			\$	15,104,180
Total component units	\$	16,266,872	\$	18,350,453			\$	15,104,180

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Ad valorem taxes

Tax Increment Ad valorem taxes

Local option gasoline tax

Franchise fees

Utility service tax

Communications service tax

Local option sales tax

Unrestricted state revenue sharing

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position  Primary Government Component Units						
Governmental	Business-type		Panama City Downtown Improvement	Panama City Port		
Activities	Activities	Total	Board	Authority		
\$ 9,428,682		\$ 9,428,682				
(16,355,606)		(16,355,606)				
(4,832,789)		(4,832,789)				
(1,143,725)		(1,143,725)				
(1,300,777)		(1,300,777)				
(235,158)		(235,158)				
(1,593,953)		(1,593,953)				
(16,033,326)		(16,033,326)				
	\$ 2,334,473	2,334,473				
	(258,376)	(258,376)				
	(1,862,666)	(1,862,666)				
(4.5.022.22.5)	213,431	213,431				
(16,033,326)	213,431	(15,819,895)				
			\$ (764,020)			
			, , ,	\$ 17,951,781		
			(764,020)	17,951,781		
10,099,539		10,099,539	161,035			
2,311,262		2,311,262				
1,315,941		1,315,941				
3,490,296		3,490,296				
3,719,556		3,719,556				
1,361,929		1,361,929				
3,596,071		3,596,071				
5,531,002		5,531,002				
1,253,276	560,802	1,814,078		175,370 10,432		
1,937,466	1,846	1,939,312	122,360	10,432		
1,725,845	(1,725,845)					
36,342,183	(1,163,197)	35,178,986	283,395	185,802		
20,308,857	(949,766)	19,359,091	(480,625)	18,137,583		
93,974,238	91,773,729	185,747,967	1,061,173	98,098,930		
\$ 114,283,095	\$ 90,823,963	\$ 205,107,058	\$ 580,548	\$ 116,236,513		

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 General		Hurricane Michael	Capital Projects		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,074,640	\$	14,086,901	\$	3,280,148	
Investments	530,369				2,596,446	
Receivables, net:						
Accounts	245,054		858,752		23,090	
Special assessments	81,308					
Insurance			1,801,552			
Due from other funds	1,117,668		7,565,320			
Due from other governmental entities	2,049,334		64,036,950		300,000	
Prepaid items	161,178					
Inventories	140,711					
Notes receivable	1,506,956				1,800,000	
Total assets	\$ 17,907,218	\$	88,349,475	\$	7,999,684	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,747,608	\$	9,589,690	\$	6,351	
Due to other funds	899				880,077	
Due to other governmental entities						
Accrued salaries	791,615					
Accrued other liabilities	231,274					
Deposits	 3,834					
Total liabilities	 2,775,230		9,589,690		886,428	
Fund balances:						
Non-spendable	304,141					
Spendable:						
Restricted			6,798,492			
Committed			71,961,293			
Assigned	242,020				7,113,256	
Unassigned	14,585,827					
<b>Total fund balances</b>	 15,131,988	_	78,759,785		7,113,256	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,907,218	\$	88,349,475	\$	7,999,684	

Pr	Capital ojects 2013		pital Projects frastructure Surtax	_	oital Projects w City Hall		Non-Major Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	3,549,666 4,616,733	\$	14,878,265	\$	1,989,693	\$	15,568,084	\$	65,427,397 7,743,548
\$	8,166,399	\$	14,878,265	\$	1,989,693		2,024 801,594 1,320 2,531,437 4,705,472 23,609,931		1,126,896 81,308 1,801,552 8,685,012 67,187,878 162,498 2,672,148 8,012,428 162,900,665
Ψ	6,100,000		11,070,200	Ψ	1,505,050		25,565,551		102,500,000
				\$	171,540	\$	168,605 186,773 251,615 17,724	\$	11,683,794 1,067,749 251,615 809,339 231,274 3,834
					171,540	_	624,717		14,047,605
							2,532,757		2,836,898
							20,452,457		27,250,949 71,961,293
\$	8,166,399	\$	14,878,265		1,818,153				32,218,093 14,585,827
\$	8,166,399 8,166,399	\$	14,878,265 14,878,265	\$	1,818,153 1,989,693	\$	22,985,214 23,609,931		148,853,060
net p Ca D D	position are difficult apital assets us resources and eferred outflow eferred inflows eferred inflows	ferent ed in theref vs for s for p	because: governmental a fore are not repe pension related in the pension related in the pension related itself.	ctivitie orted in items. tems.		ial	E		91,768,455 4,243,900 (2,022,414) (590,080)
Lo	certain activition individual fund included in the ong-term liabili	es, suc ds. The gove ities, i	ch as insurance e assets and lial rnmental activit ncluding bonds	and ed bilities ties in payab	ent to charge the quipment mainte of the internal se the statement of ole, are not due a eported in the fu	enance, service finet pos and paya	to Funds are ition.		4,080,908
	Por		,	Gove	ernmental long-t	erm deb	ot		(103,507,825)
				Net j	pensated absend pension liability OPEB liabitiy				(1,368,827) (24,987,758) (2,186,324)
N	et position of	gover	nmental activi	ties				\$	114,283,095

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General		Hurricane Michael	Capital Projects	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	19,987,261			
Licenses and permits		9,650,287			
Intergovernmental		7,758,341	\$ 78,998,453		
Charges for services		1,164,419			
Investment earnings		318,962	124,948	\$	94,655
Miscellaneous		2,135,286	31,696		
Total revenues		41,014,556	79,155,097		94,655
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		6,201,011	74,217,364		
Public safety		18,639,334	689,948		23,196
Transportation		2,939,075	301,012		40,309
Economic environment		1,175,295	135,835		
Human services		235,158			
Culture and recreation		2,050,925	4,511,273		
Debt service:					
Capital lease principal		622,728			
Capital lease interest		44,326			
Principal retirement					
Interest and other charges					
Capital outlay		1,334,561	10,919,238		584,890
Total expenditures		33,242,413	90,774,670		648,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		7,772,143	(11,619,573)		(553,740)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Insurance proceeds			18,876,796		
Issuance of refunding bonds					
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent					
Issuance of long-term debt		1,023,412	59,054,497		
Transfers in		2,353,541	12,906,796		1,850,000
Transfers out		(21,333,348)	(458,731)		(226,181)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	_	(17,956,395)	90,379,358		1,623,819
Net change in fund balances		(10,184,252)	78,759,785		1,070,079
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year	_	25,316,240			6,043,177
End of year	\$	15,131,988	\$ 78,759,785	\$	7,113,256

		Ca	pital Projects			Non-Major Other	Total
Capital			frastructure	Car	oital Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Pr	ojects 2013		Surtax	_	w City Hall	Funds	Funds
						\$ 3,596,071	\$ 23,583,332
							9,650,287
						4,936,586	91,693,380
							1,164,419
\$	141,870	\$	338,244	\$	45,558	189,039	1,253,276
						977,782	3,144,764
	141,870		338,244		45,558	9,699,478	130,489,458
					794,615		81,212,990
						8,506	19,360,984
							3,280,396
						2,834,532	4,145,662
						, ,	235,158
							6,562,198
							, ,
							622,728
							44,326
						1,821,000	1,821,000
						1,550,357	1,550,357
	_		44,039		1,719,477	1,575,959	16,178,164
			44,039		2,514,092	7,790,354	135,013,963
	141,870		294,205		(2,468,534)	1,909,124	(4,524,505)
	141,670		274,203	-	(2,400,334)	1,505,124	(4,324,303)
						1,223,814	20,100,610
						41,185,195	41,185,195
						(41,185,195)	(41,185,195)
						(41,165,195)	60,077,909
						5,803,097	22,913,434
			(430,650)			(2,412,924)	(24,861,834)
			(430,650)				78,230,119
			(430,030)			4,613,987	76,230,119
	141,870		(136,445)		(2,468,534)	6,523,111	73,705,614
	,0,0		(-2 0, 1.0)		(=, 120,001)	-,- <del>-</del> ,	. 2,7 00,021
	8,024,529		15,014,710		4,286,687	16,462,103	75,147,446
\$	8,166,399	\$	14,878,265	\$	1,818,153	\$ 22,985,214	\$ 148,853,060
Ψ	3,100,377	Ψ	11,070,203	Ψ	1,010,133	<u> </u>	Ψ 110,033,000

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances -	total governmental funds

\$ 73,705,614

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital assets	16,178,164	
Less current year depreciation	(5,643,665)	10,534,499

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales, trade-ins, donations) is to decrease net position.

(7,152,427)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

(57,633,451)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued compensated absences	54,982
Employer pension related costs	(802,855)
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) cost	(31,495)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and equipment maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

1,633,990

#### Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 20,308,857

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	SEPTEM	Governmental				
	-		e Activities - ise Funds		Activities - Internal Service	
	Utilities	Waste	Marina	Total	Funds	
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,455,701	\$ 1,453,456	\$ 2,274,346	\$ 13,183,503	\$ 5,742,782	
Investments	ψ	1,170,673	Ψ 2,274,340	1,170,673	Φ 3,742,762	
Due from other governmental entities	9,286,696	367,946	45,006	9,699,648	9,162	
Due from other funds	376,258	194,515		570,773		
Receivables, net:						
Accounts Insurance	2,410,794	896,580 35,091	22,067	3,329,441	50,000	
Inventories		55,091	417,004 125,435	452,095 125,435	316,243	
Prepaid items	203		123,433	203	310,243	
Total current assets	21,529,652	4,118,261	2,883,858	28,531,771	6,118,187	
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:						
Impact fee account	3,727,791			3,727,791		
Utility upgrade account	20,236			20,236		
Revenue bond - future debt reserve accounts	3,979,346			3,979,346		
Revenue bond contingency (renewal and	c 442 202			5 442 202		
replacement) account	6,442,382			6,442,382		
Capital assets:	724 102	500 CTF	505 516	1 020 204		
Land Buildings	724,193 2,450,774	598,675 73,102	505,516 76,195	1,828,384 2,600,071		
Improvements other than buildings	2,430,774	2,188,304	11,331,903	13,520,207		
Machinery and equipment	4,722,447	8,868,020	2,900,906	16,491,373	153,526	
Intangibles	4,007	0,000,020	2,,,,,,,,	4,007	100,020	
Utility system	95,148,415			95,148,415		
Less accumulated depreciation	(57,634,108)	(4,249,594)	(12,226,625)	(74,110,327)	(145,041	
Construction work in progress	41,226,212		79,918	41,306,130		
Total noncurrent assets	100,811,695	7,478,507	2,667,813	110,958,015	8,485	
Total assets	122,341,347	11,596,768	5,551,671	139,489,786	6,126,672	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Charges on debt refunding	231,663			231,663		
Pension related outflows	272,358	45,950	50,840	369,148		
Total deferred outflows of resources	504,021	45,950	50,840	600,811		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,610,686	363,990	191,166	2,165,842	1,080,683	
Due to other funds	7,760,880	370,927	51	8,131,858	56,178	
Accrued salaries	134,526	66,593	7,051	208,170	10,851	
Compensated absences Accrued taxes payable	68,775	33,493	1,734 1,375	104,002 1,375	4,771	
Current portion of bonds, notes, and loans payable	2,906,000		1,373	2,906,000		
Accrued interest payable	489,760			489,760		
Unearned revenue	,		13,751	13,751		
Total current liabilities	12,970,627	835,003	215,128	14,020,758	1,152,483	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	206,324	100,478	5,201	312,003	14,312	
Net OPEB liability	494,934	224,703	69,840	789,477	60,730	
Deposits	758,253	541,535	2,285	1,302,073		
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	32,139,000			32,139,000		
Net pension liability	768,195	162,583	23,170	953,948		
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,366,706	1,029,299	100,496	35,496,501	75,042	
Total liabilities	47,337,333	1,864,302	315,624	49,517,259	1,227,525	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related inflows	129,977	59,008	18,340	207,325	15,948	
Pension related inflows	282,623	57,357	20,309	360,289		
Total deferred inflows of resources	412,600	116,365	38,649	567,614	15,948	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	51,848,839	7,478,507	2,667,813	61,995,159	8,485	
Restricted for:						
Hurricane Michael	2,257,871			2,257,871		
Debt service	10,421,728			10,421,728		
Claims	10 500 005	2 102 544	0.500.405	15 220 066	4,799,724	
Unrestricted  Total net position	10,566,997 \$ 75,095,435	\$ 9,662,051	\$ 5,248,238	15,330,966 90,005,724	\$ 4,883,199	
<u>-</u>	Ψ 13,033,433	ψ 2,002,031	Ψ 3,240,230	90,003,724	Ψ 4,003,199	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	6 1			010.000		
or incompal common trind activities valeted to enterny	co tunde			818,239		
of internal service fund activities related to enterpri	se fullus			010,237		

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Governmental			
		Solid			Activities - Internal
	Utilities	Waste	Marina	Totals	Service Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 15,380,834	\$ 5,904,191	\$ 661,197	\$ 21,946,222	\$ 801,598
Connection and hydrant fees	529,372			529,372	
Contributions					2,859,072
Miscellaneous	24,721	38,892	87,708	151,321	51,028
Total operating revenues	15,934,927	5,943,083	748,905	22,626,915	3,711,698
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	3,856,876	1,600,984	270,838	5,728,698	366,911
Operating expenses	15,054,942	3,385,268	2,048,312	20,488,522	1,940,931
Insurance claims and expenses					4,188,554
Depreciation	3,008,598	1,380,532	217,426	4,606,556	4,319
Total operating expenses	21,920,416	6,366,784	2,536,576	30,823,776	6,500,715
Operating income (loss)	(5,985,489)	(423,701)	(1,787,671)	(8,196,861)	(2,789,017)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	461,975	48,840	49,987	560,802	69,278
Grant	9,286,695	367,946	45,007	9,699,648	
Interest expense	(979,519)			(979,519)	
Other debt service costs	(163,153)			(163,153)	
Scrap sales		1,846		1,846	205
Gain (loss) on disposal of asset		(14,635)	(87,141)	(101,776)	(3,097)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	8,605,998	403,997	7,853	9,017,848	66,386
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,620,509	(19,704)	(1,779,818)	820,987	(2,722,631)
Contributions and transfers:					
Capital contributions	637,468			637,468	
Transfers in	655,650			655,650	4,985,723
Transfers out	(1,815,568)	(1,427,273)	(367,925)	(3,610,766)	(82,207)
Total contributions and transfers	(522,450)	(1,427,273)	(367,925)	(2,317,648)	4,903,516
Change in net position	2,098,059	(1,446,977)	(2,147,743)	(1,496,661)	2,180,885
Net position - beginning of year	72,997,376	11,109,028	7,395,981		2,702,314
Net position - end of year	\$ 75,095,435	\$ 9,662,051	\$ 5,248,238		\$ 4,883,199
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise fund	s			546,895	

See the accompanying notes.

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ (949,766)



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# **CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental
	<b>Utilities</b>	Solid Waste	Marina	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ (5(2.225	Φ 5.546.206	Φ 454.505	Φ 10.560.116	Φ 706.660
Receipts from customers	\$ 6,562,225	\$ 5,546,306	\$ 454,585	\$ 12,563,116	\$ 796,668
Payments to suppliers	(6,617,778)	(3,340,457)	(1,376,520)	(11,334,755)	(462,778)
Payments to employees	(3,826,927)	(1,537,380)	(302,539)	(5,666,846)	(363,274)
Internal activity-payments (to) from other funds	(344,210)	(75,329)	(2,400)	(421,939)	2 010 100
Cash received for insurance contributions					2,910,100
Cash paid for insurance claims	(4.226.600)	502 140	(1.226.974)	(4.960.424)	(5,912,257)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(4,226,690)	593,140	(1,226,874)	(4,860,424)	(3,031,541)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Grants	9,286,695	367,946	45,007	9,699,648	
Transfers in	655,650			655,650	4,985,723
Transfers out	(1,815,568)	(1,427,273)	(367,925)	(3,610,766)	(82,207)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital					
financing activities	8,126,777	(1,059,327)	(322,918)	6,744,532	4,903,516
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of capital assets	(8,541,204)	(1,405,972)	(79,917)	(10,027,093)	
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		1,846	720,614	722,460	235
Interest and other debt service costs paid on capital debt	(3,818,519)			(3,818,519)	
Impact fees	637,468			637,468	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital					
and related financing activities	(11,722,255)	(1,404,126)	640,697	(12,485,684)	235
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from maturity of investments	1,931,280	2,400,917	1,589	4,333,786	816,597
Purchase of investment securities		(1,170,673)	•	(1,170,673)	,
Interest and dividends	461,975	48,840	49,987	560,802	69,278
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,393,255	1,279,084	51,576	3,723,915	885,875
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5,428,913)	(591,229)	(857,519)	(6,877,661)	2,758,085
Cash and cash equivalents:					
		• • • • • •	2 121 2 -	0.4.000.04.0	• • • • • •

29,054,369

2,044,685

 \$ 23,625,456
 \$ 1,453,456
 \$ 2,274,346
 \$ 27,353,258

3,131,865

34,230,919

2,984,697

\$ 5,742,782

**Balances - beginning of year** 

Balances - end of year

# **Business-type Activities -**

	Enterprise Funds				Governmental			
		Utilities		Solid Waste	Marina	Total		Activities - Internal rvice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5,985,489)	\$	(423,701)	\$ (1,787,671)	\$ (8,196,861)	\$	(2,789,017)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		3,008,598		1,380,532	217,426	4,606,556		4,319
Impairment of assets					479,631	479,631		51,976
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Receivables, net		(23,969)		9,378	(157,201)	(171,792)		
Due from other governmental entities		(9,287,305)		(367,946)	(45,007)	(9,700,258)		(4,930)
Prepaid items		442				442		
Deferred outflows of resources		37,851		9,781		47,632		
Inventories		,		- ,	57,373	57,373		(129,016)
Accounts payable		557,693		(30,518)	132,388	659,563		(168,510)
Accrued salaries		17,723		18,318	(7,150)	28,891		(1,090)
Accrued interest payable		(31,110)		10,510	(7,150)	(31,110)		(1,000)
Accrued taxes payable		(31,110)			(8,656)	(8,656)		
Compensated absences		(3,506)		42,255	(23,544)	15,205		5,602
Due to other funds		7,565,929		42,233	(23,344)	7,565,929		3,002
Deposits		(61,428)		(38,209)	45	(99,592)		
Net pension liability		61,319		17,101	43	78,420		
Deferred inflows of resources		53,669		38,394	18,339	110,402		15,948
Net OPEB liability		(137,107)		(62,245)	(19,346)	(218,698)		(16,823)
Unearned revenue		(137,107)		(02,243)	(83,501)	(83,501)		(10,823)
Net cash provided by (used in)					 (83,301)	 (83,301)		
operating activities	\$	(4,226,690)	\$	593,140	\$ (1,226,874)	\$ (4,860,424)	\$	(3,031,541)
Reconciliation of cash and cash								
equivalents per statement of cash								
flows to the statement of net position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,455,701	\$	1,453,456	\$ 2,274,346	\$ 13,183,503	\$	5,742,782
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:								
Utility upgrade account		20,236				20,236		
Impact fee account		3,727,791				3,727,791		
Revenue bond - future debt reserve accounts		3,979,346				3,979,346		
Revenue bond contingency account		6,442,382				6,442,382		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,625,456	\$	1,453,456	\$ 2,274,346	\$ 27,353,258	\$	5,742,782

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Pension Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,385,755	\$ 93,889
Investments:		
Common stock	8,962,418	
Mutual funds	41,388,299	
Pooled/common/commingled funds	23,913,164	
Total investments	74,263,881	
Accounts receivable	29,954	
Total assets	76,679,590	\$ 93,889
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	59,348	
Accrued payroll deductions and matching		\$ 93,889
Total liabilities	59,348	\$ 93,889
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 76,620,242	

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Pension Trust
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,038,435
State	646,886
Plan members	689,117_
Total contributions	4,374,438
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	3,043,368
Interest	1,891,590
Total investment earnings	4,934,958
Less investment expense	(383,823)
Net investment earnings	4,551,135
Total additions	8,925,573
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	6,048,039
Refunds of member contributions	231,163
Administrative expenses	151,029
Total deductions	6,430,231
Change in net position	2,495,342
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:</b>	
Beginning of year	74,124,900
End of year	\$ 76,620,242



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#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Panama City, Florida was created in 1925 by a Special Act, Chapter 11678, No. 343 of the Florida State Legislature. The City was incorporated March 12, 1926, and is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. The City provides police and fire protection, general government, parks and recreation, health and social services, and public works services to its residents. In addition, the City operates water and sewer, solid waste, and marina enterprises. It also maintains various trust funds in a fiduciary capacity.

The financial statements presented in this report conform to the reporting requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which established combined statements at the required reporting level for governmental entities that present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City is a Florida municipal corporation with a five-member City Council comprised of the Mayor (elected at large) and four district Commissioners. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. The following criteria are considered in concluding which related activities (component units) should be included in the City's combined financial statements:

- Financial accountability;
- Appointment of a voting majority;
- Imposition of will;
- Financial benefit to or burden on a primary government; and
- Financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The accompanying combined financial statements include all funds, boards, and authorities for which the City is financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operation. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The following component units were included, by blended presentation for 2019, based on the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency
- Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - the City Council serves as the CRA board. Although legally separate, the CRA is blended as a governmental fund component unit into the primary government because the structure of the CRA meets the GASB Statement 80 criteria for blending. The criteria assessed and determined to result in blending are: (a) the boards of the CRA and the City are the same, and (b) management of the City has operational responsibility for the CRA.

On November 22, 1983, the City adopted ordinance No. 1153 designating the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board as the Community Redevelopment Agency pursuant to Florida Statute 163.357(3). On September 12, 2006, the City restructured the Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency by adopting ordinance No. 2216 pursuant to Section 163.357, Florida Statutes. Four community redevelopment areas have been established for which separate trust funds have been opened. The Downtown CRA District was recently extended for an additional 20 years by action of the City Commission under the provisions of FS Chapter 163 part III. Ordinance No. 2488 and 2489 were adopted on March 12, 2013 and may be found in the public records of the City and CRA. The St. Andrews Redevelopment Area was established to finance projects in the St. Andrews region of Panama City. The Downtown North Redevelopment Area was established to finance projects in the Millville region of Panama City. As of October 1, 2009, the CRA began operating as a special revenue fund of the City of Panama City, blended component unit.

On November 13, 2018, the City Commissioners moved to approve the establishment of the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. (Relief Fund). The City Council serves as the Relief Fund board. Although, legally separate, the Relief Fund is blended as a governmental fund component unit into the primary government because the structure of the Relief Fund meets the GASB Statement 80 criteria for blending. The criteria assessed and determined to result in blending are: (a) the boards of the Relief Fund and the City are the same, and (b) Management of the City has operational responsibility for the Relief Fund.

The Relief Fund was incorporated on November 13, 2018 to assist the City with: (a) to provide funds to assist in paying for hurricane disaster related expenses incurred by the City that are not reimbursed by FEMA or any other private insurance, (b) to provide funds to reinvest or improve the infrastructure, programming and quality of life in the City for the benefit of the citizens, (c) to serve the needs of the City employees by providing hurricane disaster relief, and (d) for any and all other lawful not-for-profit purposes and other permitted charitable purposes.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices.

Administrative Offices:

Panama City Community Panama City Redevelopment Agency 501 Harrison Avenue, Room 206 Panama City, Florida 32401 Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. 501 Harrison Avenue Panama City, Florida 32401

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The following component units were included, by discrete presentation for 2019, based upon the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
- Panama City Port Authority

#### Governmental Fund Type

Panama City Downtown Improvement Board. The Panama City Downtown Improvement Board was incorporated on July 5, 1974, by House Bill No. 4094 enacted by the legislature of the State of Florida. This act provided for the establishment of a special taxing district under Article VII, Section 9 of the Florida Constitution. The members of the governing board of the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board are appointed by the City Commission. The City also has the authority to levy ad valorem taxes of up to 3 mills for Downtown Improvement Board District operations.

# Proprietary Fund Type

Panama City Port Authority. The Panama City Port Authority is a Dependent Special District created under Special Act 1945, Chapter 23466. The members of the governing board of the Port Authority are appointed by the City Commission. Operational and capital budgets of the Port Authority must be approved by the City Commission.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices.

#### Administrative Offices:

Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
501 Harrison Avenue
Panama City, Florida 32401
Panama City Port Authority
One Seaport Drive
Panama City, Florida 32401

GASB requires reasonable separation between the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units, both in the financial statements and in the related notes and required supplementary information. Because the discretely presented component units, although legally separate, have been and are operated as if each is part of the primary government, there are limited instances where special note reference or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented is equally applicable.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for the agency funds which are a part of the fiduciary fund statements and have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of grant revenues as they are considered available when eligible expenditures have occurred even though they may be collected for up to one year after the current fiscal year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Hurricane Michael fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for financial resources of the general government that relate to Hurricane Michael including grants and insurance proceeds.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The *capital projects 2013 fund* is used to account for capital improvements to the Panama City Marina.

The *capital projects infrastructure surtax fund* is used to account for capital improvements to the City's infrastructure funded by debt proceeds received from pledged State of Florida infrastructure surtax revenue.

The *capital projects new city hall fund* is used to account for capital improvements to the building at 501 Harrison Avenue, the new city hall for the City of Panama City.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *utility fund* is used to account for activities related to retail utility operations.

The *solid waste fund* is used to account for activities related to retail solid waste operations.

The marina fund is used to account for activities related to retail marina operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following funds:

Special revenue funds account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the State Housing Initiatives Partnership program, Community Redevelopment Agencies, the State of Florida infrastructure surtax, charitable contributions for Hurricane Michael relief, and other general grants. Revenues are restricted to accomplishing the various objectives of these programs.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

*Internal service funds* account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City. The services provided include medical self-insurance, dental insurance and equipment maintenance costs.

*Pension trust funds* account for assets held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the City's three defined benefit pensions.

Agency funds account for cafeteria plan assets held by the City in a trustee capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

*Debt service funds* account for the payment of principal and interest on debt reported in the general long-term debt account group.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility, solid waste, and marina enterprise funds, and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The utility fund also recognizes as operating revenue tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The investments are categorized at their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset that prioritizes inputs into three levels; Level 1 – quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets; Level 2 – significant inputs that are observable; Level 3 – significant inputs that are unobservable.

#### Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Notes, assessments, and accounts receivable are charged to bad debt expense as they are deemed uncollectible.

The property tax revenues calendar is as follows:

Lien date	January 1	Payment due by	March 31
Levy date	October 1	Delinquent date	April 1
Tax bill mailed	November 30	Tax sale-delinquent property tax	June 1

The County Tax Collector collects property taxes on behalf of each municipality within the county boundaries. By May 31, during each year for which taxes are levied, all taxes have been collected and remitted to the City or the delinquent taxes are raised by public auction of tax certificates and the proceeds are remitted to the City shortly after the certificates are sold. Because of this arrangement there are no material unremitted tax revenues for each fiscal year on September 30th.

#### Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

In governmental fund type accounts, prepaid items are generally accounted for using the purchases method. Under the purchases method, prepaid items are treated as expenditures when purchased and residual balances, if any, at year end are not accounted for as assets.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Restricted assets

Certain assets of the enterprise funds are required by resolution to be set aside and used for specific purposes; thus, they are not available for general operating purposes. These restricted assets consist of cash in various bank accounts and are recorded at cost.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. For this fiscal year, net interest cost is considered immaterial.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives unless they are inexhaustible or are intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. The term depreciation (and related forms of the term) includes amortization of intangible assets.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Building improvements	10
Public domain infrastructure	40
Utility plant	40
System infrastructure	40
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10
Furniture and fixtures	8
Automobiles and trucks	5
Intangibles	5

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category: 1) the deferred outflow of resources on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price and the amount is capitalized and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt, 2) the deferred outflow of resources on the hedging derivatives is a result from the decrease in the fair value of the derivative instrument and a deferred outflow is recognized to verify that the decrease is not expected to be recognized in investment income in future periods, 3) deferred outflows related to pensions as discussed in Note 9, 4) deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits as discussed in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category which is related to pensions as discussed in Note 9, and other post-employment benefits as discussed in Note 10.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plans and additions to/deductions from these plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. One third of total sick leave balances of employees with six years or more of service is accrued in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. In accordance with GAAP, for the government funds in the fund financial statements, all of the compensated absences are considered long-term and, therefore, are not a fund liability and represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method based on the life of the bond issue. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net position is liquid assets (generated from revenues and net bond proceeds) which are not accessible for general use because of third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations.

Unrestricted net position represents unrestricted liquid assets.

#### *Fund equity*

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### Categories and classification of fund balance

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54. This statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

balance classifications, under GASB Statement No. 54, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. For further details of the various fund balance classifications refer to Note 13.

#### *Use of estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

# **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds and proprietary fund types. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. It is the City's policy to reappropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

Budgets for all funds, except pension trust funds, are legally adopted at the beginning of each fiscal year through passage of a resolution by the City Commissioners. The level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is within a department or division by fund.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer part or all of an unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a department. Management may not increase a department's total expenditures without seeking the approval of the City Commissioners, who may amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental amendments. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds**

The City had expenditures exceed appropriations by \$44,326 in the General Fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain ARO's, including obligations that may not have been previously reported. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2019. The City has determined that GASB Statement No. 83 is not applicable to its CAFR.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement will enhance consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement increased the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement will improve the information that is disclosed in notes of governmental financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 88 in this report.

In June 2018, The GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and will simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In August 2018, The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. This statement will enhance the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with 1) commitments extended by issuers, 2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and 3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92 *Omnibus 2020*. This statement will enhance the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operation or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORS) in hedging derivative instruments and leases and identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into public-public partnership arrangements (PPPS) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and by enhancing the understanding, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPS and APAs. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and implementation guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 95 in this annual report, however it does not have any current impact on the City.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures* amends GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments, and Reverse Repurchase Agreements*, and is designed to inform financial statement users about deposit and investment risks that could affect a government's ability to provide services and meets its obligations as they become due. GASB Statement No. 40 addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk and requires that deposit and investment policies related to the risks be disclosed, as applicable.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the following disclosures are made regarding the City's deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2019:

#### Deposits:

Under the City's investment policy the City may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks provided that such deposits are secured by collateral as prescribed by Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, of the Florida Statutes and the State Treasurer's investment pool. Included in the City's cash balances are amounts deposited with banks in interest bearing accounts, non-interest bearing demand accounts, and interest bearing time deposit accounts. The bank balances are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act of the State of Florida.

#### Investments:

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, limits the types of investments that a government can invest in unless specifically authorized in an investment policy. The City has adopted an investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes that established permitted investments, asset allocation limits, issuer limits, and maturity limits to protect the City's cash and investment assets. The investment policy applies to all cash and investments held or controlled by the City with the exception of Pension Funds.

The City is authorized to undertake investments in the following authorized investments:

- a. United States Government Securities
- b. Interest Bearing Time Deposit or Saving Accounts
- c. Federal Instrumentalities (United States Government sponsored agencies)
- d. Repurchase Agreements
- e. Money Market accounts placed with financial institutions qualifying as public depositories as provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- f. Registered Investment Companies (Mutual Funds)
- g. Intergovernmental Investment Pool
- h. Commercial Paper

The City participates in the State Board of Administration's (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, a Florida PRIME governmental investment pool. As a Florida PRIME participant, the City invests in pools of investments whereby the City owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities. GASB Statement No. 31, titled *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, applies to the Florida PRIME. GASB 31 defines an external investment pool as an arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio; one or more of the participants is not part of the sponsor's reporting entity.

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement 79 titled *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants* in response to the Securities and Exchange Commission's amendments in 2014 to regulations that apply to money market funds. GASB 79 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If the external investment pool meets the criteria in GASB 79 and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Florida PRIME currently meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, the account balance is also considered the fair value of the investment. The Florida PRIME investment is exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of the account value.

Florida Prime annually issues a publicly available financial report available at www.sbafla.com.

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT) is an authorized investment under Section 163.01, Florida Statutes, for units of local government in Florida. It was created to offer diversified and

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

professionally managed portfolios for the investment of the assets of participating municipalities. The Trustees of the Trust are designated as having official custody of the funds, which are invested by the purchase of shares of beneficial interest in the Trust. The Trust operates as a fiduciary trust fund under governmental accounting rules that require the Trust to prepare a series of financial statements. The FMIvT is a Local Governmental Investment Pool (LGIP) and, therefore, considered an external investment pool for GASB reporting purposes. The City's investment is the FMIvT portfolio, not the individual securities held within each portfolio.

The Firefighters' and Police Officers' pension plans' investment policies restricted un-invested cash to minimal balances generally covered by the FDIC and cash instruments with a minimum rating of at least Standard and Poor's A1 or Moody's P1. As of September 30, 2019, cash instruments for both funds consisted of Federated Treasury Obligations.

Investment policies for the Firefighters' and Police Officers' pension plans provide for investment manager(s) who have full discretion of assets allocated to them subject to the overall investment guidelines set out in the policies. Overall investment guidelines provide for diversification and allow investment in debt securities (rated at least BB or Ba by Standard and Poor or Moody) and equity securities traded on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ market, U.S. Government obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government, bonds issued by the State of Israel, and any commingled funds that are restricted to these investments.

The Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) is established as a trust whereby governmental entities with employee pension or OPEB plans may elect to join the trust (becoming a Participating Employer), and with the trust providing the plans with administrative and investment services for the benefit of Participating Employers, Participating Employees, and Beneficiaries. All employee pension plans or OPEB assets with the FMPTF are included in the trust's Master Trust Fund. Employee pension plans or OPEB assets of the defined benefit type are invested by the FMPTF through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT) for the benefit of the Participating Employers, Participating Employees, and Beneficiaries.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. A credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or the counterparty to an investment may be unable to meet its obligations. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities as well as investments in external investment pools, money market funds, and other pooled investments of fixed income securities.

Generally, the City's investing activities are managed by the City Clerk Treasurer. Investing is performed according to the City's investment policy in accordance with the investment policy set forth by the State of Florida Statutes. The structure of the City's investment policy is designed to

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

minimize credit risk. As of September 30, 2019, the City's investment portfolio was held with a third-party custodian as required by the City's investment policy.

It is the City's intention to limit its investment in these investment types to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). Some funds are sent to the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) for investment. The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard and Poor's. The current rating is AAAm.

FMIvT investment guidelines state that each fund will seek to maintain a bond fund credit rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization of AAA. Funds having an AAA bond fund credit rating are composed of a preponderance of assets that carry the highest credit ratings from a NRSRO. Funds having an AA bond fund credit rating are composed of a large percentage of assets that carry the highest credit rating from a NRSRO. The funds may invest in corporate bonds issued by any corporation in the United States with at least an A rating and collateralized mortgage obligations having a rating of AAA. The City only invested in the FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund. At September 30, 2019, Fitch rated the portfolio investment as AAAF/S1.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City or Pension Trust Plans will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized under GASB No. 40 because they are not evidenced by security that exist in physical or book entry form.

Participants' investments in the SBA, FMIvT, and FMPTF are evidenced by shares of the pool. The City's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Consistent with each Pension Trust Plan's investment policy, the investments are held by each Plan's custodial bank and registered in each Plan's name.

#### Concentration Credit Risk

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of the concentration of credit risk when five or more percent of the total assets of the portfolio are invested with a single issuer. Investments issued are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds or pools are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosures requirements.

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City limits the amount it may invest in any one investment varying by the type of investment. The SBA, FMIvT, and FMPTF are all pooled investments, therefore no additional disclosure is required.

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Trust Plans' investment policies prohibit investments in common stock that exceed 70% of the funds assets at market value, investments in common stock in any one issuer that exceed 5% of the funds assets at cost, investments that comprises 5% or more of any one issuer's outstanding stock, and investments in foreign securities that exceed 25% of the fund assets. Additionally, cash and cash equivalents may not exceed 5% of the funds assets, and all repurchase agreement transactions must adhere to the requirements of the Master Repurchase Agreement.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt instruments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a "2a-7 like" pool. Additionally, GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the interest rate be disclosed using one of five approved methods. The five methods are: segmented time distribution, specific identification, weighted average maturity (WAM), duration, and simulation model. Different methods may be presented for different types of investments.

The City's investment policy is limited to complying with the State's investment statutes. The State law has not addressed an interest rate risk and, therefore, the City has not adopted an investment policy on that point. It is the City's intention to make investments to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they become due. The City uses the weighted average maturity method for its FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund which results in a duration of 0.80 and a WAM of 0.86. The City uses the weighted average maturity method for Florida PRIME which results in a WAM of 37 days, and a weighted average life (WAL) of 85 days.

The three Pension Trust Plans can have investments in a combination of stocks, bonds, government securities, and other investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect balances and the amounts reported in the statement of plan net position and the statement of changes in plan net position. Each individual plan's investment advisor monitors the plan's investments and the associated risks on a regular basis, which minimizes risks.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that foreign currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has nominal exposure to foreign currencies due to investments in non-U.S. markets implemented through portfolios. Foreign currencies will fluctuate relative to the U.S. dollar, but it is believed that the diversification benefits outweigh potential risks. Given the limited exposure, foreign currency risk is considered minor.

#### Deposits and Investments:

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2019 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of	net	t positio	on:
Coch and a	och	a anima	lant

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,353,682
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	14,169,755
Investments	8,914,221
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,385,755
Investments	 74,263,881
Total cash and investments	\$ 184,087,294

Cash on hand, deposits, and investments as of September 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Governmental and business-type investments:

Cash on hand	\$	5,040
Deposits with financial institutions		91,324,989
SBA		5,888,185
Short term investments		1,220,886
Investments in federal instrumentalities		8,998,558
Senior management pension plan:		
Deposits with financial institutions		31,200
Investments in pooled/common/commingled funds		3,435,429
Police officers and firefighters pension plan:		
Deposits with financial institutions		2,354,555
Investments in mutual funds		41,388,299
Investments in equity/common stock		8,962,418
Investments in pooled/common/commingled funds		20,477,735
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	<u>184,087,294</u>

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures:

As of September 30, 2019, the City held the following investments as categorized below in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure:* 

		Investment 1	Maturities			
<b>Primary Government:</b>	T 1	1	c . 10	3.6 .1 .10		
Investment Type	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	More than 10 Years	Total	Average Rating (1)
Federal Instrumentalities State Board of Administration	\$ 6,498,558	\$ 2,500,000			\$ 8,998,558	AA
Florida PRIME	5,888,185				5,888,185	AAAm
Total primary government	\$ 12,386,743	\$ 2,500,000			\$ 14,886,743	
Fiduciary Funds:						
Investment Type	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	More than 10 Years	Total	Average Rating (1)
Common Stock Pooled/common/	\$ 8,962,418				\$ 8,962,418	N/A
commingled funds	23,913,164				23,913,164	NR
Mutual Funds	41,388,299				41,388,299	NR
Total fiduciary funds	\$ 74,263,881				\$ 74,263,881	

<sup>(1)</sup> Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *credit risk*. N/A indicates not applicable. NR indicates the fund is not rated.

# NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

# Fair Value

A summary of the investment under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

#### **Primary Government**

•		Fa	Fair Value Measurements Using			
		Quoted prices	Other significant observable	Significant unobservable inputs		
	 <b>Total</b> 9/30/19	Level 1	inputs Level 2	Level 3		
Investments by fair value level Government agency securities	\$ 8,998,558		\$ 8,998,558			

# **Fiduciary Funds**

		Fair Value Measurements Using				ing
		Quoted		Other		Significant
		prices		significant		unobservab
				observable		le inputs
	Total			inputs		
	9/30/19	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level						
Stocks	\$ 8,962,418	\$ 8,962,418				
Mutual funds – fixed						
income	21,531,455	21,531,455				
Mutual funds - equity	19,856,844	19,856,844				
Pooled-real estate						
investment trust	5,808,432				\$	5,808,432
Pooled – fixed income	499,195		\$	499,195		
Pooled - equity	 17,605,537	 		2,104,243		15,501,294
Total Investment by fair value level	\$ 74,263,881	\$ 50,350,717	\$	2,603,438	\$	21,309,726

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique provided by third party custodians. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments classified at Level 3 are valued based on unobservable inputs.

For investments held by Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT), administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., most of the security prices were obtained from a pricing service. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted, these shares are reported as Level 2. The investments with unobservable inputs are reported as Level 3.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

(Panama City Port Authority)

Derivative instruments outstanding as of September 30, 2019:

<u>Item</u>	Type	Objective	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity	Terms	09/30/2019 Fair Value (Negative)
A	Pay-fixed interest rate swap	Hedge the variable rate risk associated with the first draw on the \$7,500,000 debt.		06/01/2007	06/01/2027	Pay 4.43%, receive 67% of LIBOR plus 70 basis points.	\$(418,604)

Derivative instrument A is considered a hedging derivative instrument for 2019. The fair value of the interest rate swap was estimated using a proprietary valuation model developed by the counterparty. This method calculates future cash flows by projecting forward rates, then discounting those cash flows at their present value.

#### Risks

#### 1. Credit Risk:

The Port Authority's derivative instrument is held with a counterparty whose credit rating is "Baa1". The counterparty bears the risk of non-payment.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. Interest Rate Risk:

The Port Authority is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swap. On its pay-fixed, variable-rate interest rate swap, as LIBOR decreases, the Port Authority's net payment on the swap increases.

#### 3. Basis Risk:

The Port Authority is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed swap derivative instrument because the variable-rate payments received by the Port Authority on this derivative instrument is based on a rate or index other than interest rates the Port Authority pays on its hedged variable-rate debt. At September 30, 2019, variable interest rate and LIBOR-based rate of the swap was as follows:

	<u>Variable Rate</u>	LIBOR Based Rate
Derivative A	.0225	2.099

#### 4. *Termination Risk*:

The swap may be terminated by the Port Authority or the counterparty if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the swap agreement. If the swap is terminated, the Port Authority would prospectively pay the variable-rate on the Line of Credit. The termination of the swap agreement could increase the Port Authority's total debt service if, at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value by the amount of such negative fair value. As noted below under fair value, the Port Authority has a negative fair value for derivative instrument A as of September 30, 2019 and would be liable to the counterparty if the swap was terminated prematurely.

#### 5. Rollover Risk:

Derivative instrument A's swap agreement termination date is June 1, 2027. The Port Authority may not be able to replicate the hedge associated with the current swap agreement on the termination date.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Derivative Instruments – Fair Value

The fair value balance of the derivative instrument outstanding at September 30, 2019, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instrument are as follows:

	Changes in Fair Value		Fair Valu	2019			
	Classification	A	mount	Classification	Amount		Notional
Business-type activities Cash flow hedges: Pay-fixed interest rate swap							
Derivative A	Deferred outflow	\$	103,278	Debt	\$ (418,604	4) \$	5 7,500,000
					Fair Value	Meas	surements
					Quoted		Other
				Total	Prices		Significant Observable Inputs
				9/30/19	Level 1		Level 2
Investment derivative by	fair value level						
Pay-fixed interest rate	e swap		\$ (4	418,604)		\$	(418,604)

Derivative instruments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates.

#### **NOTE 3 – NOTES RECEIVABLE**

#### General Fund:

A note receivable is recorded in the general fund for \$1,506,956 related to the sale of property. Principal and interest payments, at 5% interest rate, are to be made over twenty-four years beginning in February, 2012.

#### Capital Projects:

A note receivable is recorded in the capital projects fund for \$1,800,000 related to the Industrial Park. Interest payments, at 2% interest rate, are to be made for the entirety of the loan. Principal is payable upon the earlier of demand or the sale or lease of any portion of the specified property.

#### NOTE 3 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

#### Special Revenue Fund:

The City participates in loan rehabilitation programs that assist low income residents in obtaining safe and sanitary housing, businesses in downtown improvement areas, and rental housing improvements. The loans, accounted for in the special revenue fund, are due and payable at their respective maturity dates or change of home ownership, whichever occurs first. The City maintains a security interest in the property. These loans are non-interest bearing and will mature at various dates up to 2048.

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 19,488,856			\$ 19,488,856
Construction in progress		\$ 7,412,438		7,412,438
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	19,488,856	7,412,438		26,901,294
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	35,567,895	6,451,217	\$ 19,173,828	22,845,284
Improvements other than buildings	33,412,661	525,113	3,081,728	30,856,046
Machinery and equipment	18,904,847	1,501,356	1,695,703	18,710,500
Intangibles	58,871	11,063		69,934
Infrastructure, excluding bridges	70,010,955	276,977		70,287,932
Total capital assets, being depreciated	157,955,229	8,765,726	23,951,259	142,769,696
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	20,895,750	412,518	13,625,620	7,682,648
Improvements other than buildings	11,275,093	2,464,578	1,515,317	12,224,354
Machinery and equipment	15,470,546	1,218,573	1,602,792	15,086,327
Intangibles - amortizable	21,282	13,640		34,922
Infrastructure, excluding bridges	41,327,124	1,538,675		42,865,799
Total accumulated depreciation	88,989,795	5,647,984	16,743,729	77,894,050
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	68,965,434	3,117,742	7,207,530	64,875,646
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 88,454,290	\$ 10,530,180	\$ 7,207,530	\$ 91,776,940

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,828,384			\$ 1,828,384
Construction in progress	34,712,148	\$ 7,383,908	\$ 789,926	41,306,130
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,540,532	7,383,908	789,926	43,134,514
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,596,888	1,405,196	402,013	2,600,071
Improvements other than buildings	112,042,754		3,374,132	108,668,622
Intangibles	4,007			4,007
Machinery and equipment	14,647,891	2,027,916	184,434	16,491,373
Total capital assets, being depreciated	128,291,540	3,433,112	3,960,579	127,764,073
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	421,536	33,576	129,094	326,018
Improvements other than buildings	63,192,806	2,941,270	2,372,736	63,761,340
Intangibles - amortizable	534	801		1,335
Machinery and equipment	8,547,453	1,630,909	156,728	10,021,634
Total accumulated depreciation	72,162,329	4,606,556	2,658,558	74,110,327
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	56,129,211	(1,173,444)	1,302,021	53,653,746
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 92,669,743	\$ 6,210,464	\$ 2,091,947	\$ 96,788,260

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Total depreciation expense for governmental activities for fiscal year 2019 is \$5,647,984. Total depreciation expense for business-type activities for fiscal year 2019 is \$4,606,556.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,475,071
Public safety	1,002,869
Highways and streets, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	1,890,868
Culture and recreation	274,857
	5,643,665
Other: Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	4,319
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 5,647,984
Business-type activities:	
Utilities	\$ 3,008,598
Solid waste	1,380,532
Marina	<u>217,426</u>
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	<u>\$ 4,606,556</u>

# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Activity for the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 753,588		\$ 328,589	\$ 424,999
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements other than buildings	872,681	\$ 4,681	769,888	107,474
Furniture and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>20,719</u> <u>893,400</u>	4,681	<u>20,719</u> <u>790,607</u>	107,474
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment	536,422 17,833	7,295	467,891 17,833	75,826
Total accumulated depreciation	554,255	7,295	485,724	75,826
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	339,145	(2,614)	304,883	31,648
Downtown Improvement Board capital assets, net	\$1,092,733 -57-	\$ (2,614)	<u>\$ 633,472</u>	<u>\$ 456,647</u>

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Activity for the Panama City Port Authority for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	<u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 26,049,047			\$ 26,049,047
Construction in progress	17,603,286	<u>\$31,434,666</u>	\$ 5,064,057	43,973,895
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	43,652,333	31,434,666	5,064,057	70,022,942
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	60,683,317		9,720,753	50,962,564
Improvements other than buildings	57,829,520			57,829,520
Machinery and equipment	18,034,454	315,359	118,525	18,231,288
Total capital assets, being depreciated	136,547,291	315,359	9,839,278	127,023,372
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	28,535,475	1,520,846	2,869,981	27,186,340
Improvements other than buildings	26,673,824	2,335,589		29,009,413
Machinery and equipment	9,180,929	1,029,873	44,852	<u>10,165,950</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	64,390,228	4,886,308	2,914,833	66,361,703
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	72,157,063	(4,570,949)	6,924,445	60,661,669
Port Authority capital assets, net	<u>\$115,809,396</u>	<u>\$26,863,717</u>	<u>\$11,988,502</u>	<u>\$130,684,611</u>

# **Impairment and Related Insurance Proceeds**

As a result of Hurricane Michael which made landfall in October 2018, the City has impaired multiple capital assets and recorded related insurance recoveries.

# **Primary Government**Government-wide Statement of Activities

	]	Insurance			Ne	et effect on
	Proceeds		Proceeds Impairment			es for Services
General Government	\$	1,802,084	\$	858,973	\$	943,111
Public Safety		4,041,921		1,038,810		3,003,111
Transportation		196,333		34,740		161,593
Economic Environment		1,223,814		732,959		490,855
Culture and recreation		8,048,326		3,902,655		4,145,671

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#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	I	nsurance				tharges for	
	Proceeds		eeds Impairment			Services	
Proprietary Fund - Marina	\$	417,004	\$	896,635	\$	(479,631)	
Internal Service Fund - Equipment Maintenance		-		51,977		(51,977)	

#### **Panama City Port Authority**

Government-wide Statement of Activities

	Insurance		Net effect on Charges for
Discretely Presented Component Unit	Proceeds	Impairment	Services
Discretely Presented Component Cint	\$ 15,877,895	\$ 11,945,226	\$ 3,932,669

#### **NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchased commercial insurance for all risks of loss except medical claims of the City of Panama City employees and their covered dependents. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the current year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City has established a medical self-insurance fund and a dental insurance fund which are accounted for as Internal Service Funds. The purpose of these funds is to pay medical claims and dental insurance of the City of Panama City employees and their covered dependents and minimize the total cost of annual insurance to the municipality. Medical claims exceeding \$100,000 per insured are covered through private carriers. Dental claims are limited to \$1,000 per year for each insured person. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Contributions to the self-insurance fund are determined by projected losses based on historical claims experience. Claims liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, using past experience adjusted for current trends, and any other factors that would modify past experience. Claim liabilities include specific incremental claim adjustment expenses. Unpaid losses occurring prior to September 30, 2019, have been estimated and accrued at present value as a liability as of September 30, 2019. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

#### **Medical Self Insurance**

<u>Year</u>	_	Balance Fiscal Year Beginning October 1	Current Year Claims/Fees and Changes in Estimates	Claims/Fees Payments	Balance Fiscal Year Ending September 30
2019 2018	\$	1,157,019 593,173 -59-	\$ 5,439,053 7,362,857	\$ 5,603,014 6,799,011	\$ 993,058 1,157,019

# **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

# Primary Government - Governmental Activities:

Long-term obligations at September 30, 2019, includes the following debt issues:

	Authorized And Issued	Balance September 30, 2019
Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified), interest 1.94%, principal and interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal matures April 1, 2023; collateralized by and payable from pledged funds of non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 1,922,000	\$ 595,000
Capital Improvement Taxable Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013A, interest 2.24%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal is, payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the occupational license taxes.	3,315,000	237,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B, interest 2.81%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal is, payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the occupational license taxes.	12,999,000	8,543,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016, interest 1.87%, Interest and principal are payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the occupational license taxes.	3,207,000	2,735,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018, interest 3.30%, payable semi-annually on April 1, and October 1; principal is payable on October 1; collateralized by a lient and pledge of the occupational license taxes.		15,925,000
Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2018, interest 3.02%, payable semi-annually on April 1, and October 1; principal is payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the sales surtax revenues and all moneys in the related funds.	15,100,000	15,100,000

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019, Revolving Line of Credit, interest at 2.384%, interest payable On January 1 and October 1, Principal payable in full at January 1, 2022, collateralized by a lien and payable from Pledged funds on non-ad Valorem revenues.		75,000,000		59,054,497
Total	<u>\$</u>	127,873,000	<u>\$ 1</u>	02,189,497
Primary Government - Business-Type Activities:				
Long-term obligations at September 30, 2019 includes the follow	wing is	ssues:		D 1
		Authorized And Issued	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2019
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012: dated April 19, 2012, interest 2.36%, principal payable annually on October 1, interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.	\$	5,465,000	\$	5,076,000
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014: dated July 3, 2014, interest 1.55%, principal payable annually on October 1; interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.		7,758,000		1,529,000
Water and Sewer Revenue Note, Series 2015: dated September 22, 2015, interest 2.94%, principal payable annually on October 1; interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.		32,135,000		28,440,000
2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2				
Total	<u>\$</u>	45,358,000	<u>\$</u>	35,045,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Long-term liability activity Governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Note, Series 2008					
(Modified)	\$ 738,000		\$ 143,000	\$ 595,000	\$ 146,000
Capital Improvement Taxable					
Revenue Refunding Note,					
Series 2013A	468,000		231,000	237,000	237,000
Capital Improvement Revenue	<b>;</b>				
Note, Series 2013B	9,388,000		845,000	8,543,000	865,000
Capital Improvement Revenue	<b>;</b>				
Note, Series 2016	2,932,000		197,000	2,735,000	201,000
Capital Improvement Revenue	<del>)</del>				
Note, Series 2018	16,330,000		405,000	15,925,000	913,000
Infrastructure Sales Surtax					
Revenue Note, Series 2018	15,100,000			15,100,000	1,670,000
Add (Deduct) deferred amount	ts				
on premium	(38,483)	5 1,013	1,743	(39,213)	(1,683)
Total bonds/notes payable	44,917,517	1,013	1,822,743	43,095,787	4,030,317
Capital lease obligation	956,857	1,023,412	622,728	1,357,541	296,926
Net pension liability	22,981,910	2,005,848		24,987,758	
Net OPEB liability	2,869,504		622,450	2,247,054	
Hurricane Recovery Revenue					
Note, Series 2018					
(Line of Credit)		41,185,195	41,185,195		
Hurricane Recovery and					
Refunding, Note, Series 2019	9				
(Line of Credit)		59,054,497		59,054,497	
Compensated absences	1,437,289	1,379,141	1,428,521	1,387,909	346,978
Total long-term liabilities	\$73,163,077	<u>8104,649,106</u>	\$45,681,637	132,130,546	\$ 4,674,221

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Long-term liability activity Business -type activities for the year ended September 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	In	creases	Decreases		Ending Balance	ue within One Year
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>							
Water and Sewer							
Refunding Revenue Note,							
Series 2012	\$ 5,137,000			\$	61,000	\$ 5,076,000	\$ 62,000
Refunding Revenue							
Note, Series 2014	3,032,000				1,503,000	1,529,000	1,529,000
Revenue Note, Series 201:	5 29,715,000				1,275,000	28,440,000	1,315,000
Add (Deduct) deferred amoun	its						
on premium	7,697			_	7,697		
Total bonds/notes payable	37,891,697				2,846,697	35,045,000	2,906,000
Net OPEB liability	1,008,175				218,698	789,477	
Net pension liability	875,528	\$	79,287		867	953,948	
Compensated absences	400,800		392,412		377,207	416,005	 104,002
Total long-term liabilities	\$40,176,200	\$	471,699	\$	3,443,469	\$37,204,430	\$ 3,010,002

Pension liabilities, OPEB liability and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund that reports the liability and pays the related costs. Therefore, the general and utility funds liquidate a majority of the pension liabilities, OPEB liability and compensated absences liability.

#### **Debt Issuances and Refundings**

On December 14, 2018, the City issued Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018, a line of credit, in the amount of \$50,000,000. Proceeds were placed in the Hurricane Michael fund for expenditures related to Hurricane Michael. This line of credit was paid off with the line of credit below.

Note Series	True Interest Cost	Average Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Line of Credit Available	Line of Credit Drawn	Underwriters Cost of Issuance
2018	2.340	2.340	01/1/2022	\$50,000,000	\$41,195,195	\$113,765

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

On March 22, 2019, the City issued Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019, in the amount of \$75,000,000. Proceeds were placed in the Hurricane Michael fund for expenditures related to Hurricane Michael.

Note	True	Average	Maturita	Line of	Line of	Underwriters	
Note	Interest	Coupon	Maturity	Credit	Credit	Cost of	
Series	Cost	Rate	Date	Available	Drawn	Issuance	
2019	2.384	2.384	01/1/2022	\$75,000,000	\$59,054,497	\$62,564	

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Panama City Downtown Improvement Board

Changes in long-term liability obligations for the year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	 eginning Balance Increases		_De	creases	Ending Balance		Due within One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 1,969	\$	_	\$	1,969	\$		\$	

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Panama City Port Authority

Changes in long-term liability obligations for the year ended September 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Bank Line of Credit - Interest currently at 4.43%; principal and interest is due based on equal quarterly installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date June 2027.	\$ 4,128,665		\$ 395,372	\$ 3,733,293	\$ 413,181
Note payable - Interest at 3%; interest payable quarterly and principal balance payable upon the earlier of the sale or lease of any portion of the specified Industrial Park property or upon demand; collateralized by specified Industrial Park property.	300,000			300,000	300,000
Note payable- Interest at 2%; interest payable quarterly and principal balance payable upon the earlier of the sale or lease of any portion of the specified Industrial Park property or upon demand; collateralized by specified Industrial Park property.	1,800,000			1,800,000	1,800,000

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 4%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2032.	3,743,668		218,162	3,525,506	226,889
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 4%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2035.	1,724,915		77,302	1,647,613	80,395
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 3%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2047.	12,000,000		265,380	11,734,620	273,341
Total notes payable	23,697,248		956,216	22,741,032	3,093,806
Claims and judgments	428,547		74,247	354,300	20,360
Net pension liability	281,599		45,192	236,407	
Net OPEB liability	255,877	\$ 24,515		280,392	
Compensated absences	93,441	227,264	216,274	104,431	26,108
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 24,756,712</u>	\$ 251,779	<u>\$ 1,291,929</u>	\$ 23,716,562	\$ 3,140,274

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity subsequent to September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ended	Notes	Payable	Line o	of Credit
September 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2020	\$2,100,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 413,181	\$ 159,626
2021			431,791	138,714
2022			451,239	118,065
2023			471,564	97,004
2024			492,804	75,736
2025-2028			1,472,714	93,017
Total	\$2,100,000	<u>\$ 45,000</u>	<u>\$3,733,293</u>	\$ 682,162

Year Ended	State Infrastructure Loan Agreements						
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest					
2020	\$ 580,625	\$ 558,963					
2021	601,116	538,472					
2022	622,346	517,242					
2023	644,340	495,248					
2024	667,125	472,462					
2025-2029	3,707,275	1,990,663					
2030-2034	3,396,319	1,318,870					
2035-2039	2,298,758	867,480					
2040-2044	2,621,041	505,859					
2045-2048	_1,768,794	107,168					
Total	<u>\$16,907,739</u>	<u>\$7,372,427</u>					

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Derivative instruments outstanding as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

			Notional	Effective	Maturity			9/30/2019 Fair Value
Item	Туре	Objective	 Amount	Date	Date	Terms	(	negative)
A	Pay-fixed interest rate swap	Hedge the variable rate risk associated with the first draw on the \$7,500,000 debt.	\$ 7,500,000	6/1/2007	6/1/2027	Pay 4.43%, receive 67% of LIBOR plus 70 basis points	\$	(418,604)

Derivative instrument A is considered a hedging derivative instrument for 2019. The fair value of the interest rate swap was estimated using a proprietary valuation model developed by the counterparty. This method calculates future cash flows by projecting forward rates, then discounting those cash flows at their present value.

### <u>Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt – Derivative A</u>

As of September 30, 2019, aggregate debt service requirements of the Port Authority's debt (fixed-rate and variable-rate) and net receipts/payments on associated hedging derivative instruments are presented below. These amounts assume a forward implied interest rate on the variable interest rates that the Port Authority will receive from the hedging derivative instrument. As these rates vary, interest payments on variable-rate bonds and net receipts/payments on the hedging derivative instrument will vary. The hedging derivative instrument column reflects only net receipts/payments on the derivative instrument that qualify for hedge accounting.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Hedging Derivatives, Net	Total
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2027	\$ 413,181 431,791 451,239 471,564 492,804 1,472,714	118,065 97,004 75,736	\$ (68,737) (51,682) (43,009) (35,701) (28,328) (36,101)	\$ 504,070 518,823 526,295 532,867 540,212 1,529,630
	\$ 3,733,293	\$ 682,162	\$ (263,558)	<u>\$ 4,151,897</u>

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The amount of accrued annual and sick leave pay at September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Primary Government	Current Portion		Long-Term Portion			Total
Governmental activities	\$	346,978	\$	1,040,931	\$	1,387,909
Business-type activities		104,002		312,003	_	416,005
Total	\$	450,980	<u>\$</u>	1,352,934	<u>\$</u>	1,803,914
<b>Discretely Present Componer</b>		nits Current Portion	L	ong-Term Portion		Total
Panama City Port Authority	\$	26,108	\$	78,323	\$	104,431

#### **Advance Refundings**

The City has provided for the advance refunding of several bond issues. Under the terms of the refunding issues, sufficient assets to pay all principal and interest on the refunded issues have been placed in special escrow accounts. Because the escrow accounts are sufficient to pay principal, interest, and redemption premiums on the refunded bonds, the bonds are not recorded as a liability in the financial statements of the City.

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The various bond issues that have been refunded are as follows:

	Fund Affected	Date Issued	Amount of Original Issue	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Bonds Outstanding at 9/30/19
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	Utility	1996	\$11,560,000	10/01/19	\$ 1,600,000
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2003 B	Utility	2003	4,980,000	9/30/23	4,980,000
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2004	Utility	2004	12,590,000	10/01/19	1,585,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds	Capital Improv.	1999	3,645,000	10/01/19	280,000
Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds - Series 2005	Capital Improv.	2005	7,285,000	10/01/19	260,000

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bonded debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Year Ending September 30	Serie	Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified) Principal Interest		Capital Improvement Taxable Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013A Principal Interest					Capital Leases Principal Interest			
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	149 151	\$,000 \$ ,000 ,000 ,000	10,845 7,993 5,092 2,143	\$	237,000	\$	2,654	\$	296,926 310,495 305,284 186,306 126,771 131,759	\$	60,090 46,521 32,340 18,244 10,172 5,184	
	\$ 595	,000\$	26,073	\$	237,000	\$	2,654	\$	1,357,541	\$	172,551	
Year Ending	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, nding Series 2013B			Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016			Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018					
September 30	Princip	al	Interest	I	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2033	885 905 926		227,705 203,139 178,011 152,309 126,002 228,617 1,115,783	\$	201,000 204,000 208,000 212,000 216,000 1,144,000 550,000 2,735,000	\$	49,742 45,955 42,114 38,195 34,202 108,396 12,929 331,533	\$	913,000 943,000 975,000 1,007,000 1,040,000 5,737,000 5,310,000 15,925,000	\$	510,460 479,837 448,190 415,486 381,711 1,361,729 357,555 3,954,968	
V E I		ructure Sales	e,									
Year Ending September 30	Princip	Series 2018 al	Interest									
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029	\$ 1,670 1,752 1,804 1,859 1,915 6,100 \$ 15,100	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000	430,803 379,131 325,435 270,124 213,137 279,984 1,898,614									

#### **Business-type Activities**

Year Ending	Water & Refunding Note, Se			Water & Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014			Water & Sewer Revenue Note, Series 2015			
September 30	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2037	\$ 62,000 1,638,000 1,673,000 1,703,000	\$	118,222 79,601 40,154	\$	1,529,000		\$	1,315,000 1,350,000 1,390,000 1,430,000 1,475,000 8,055,000 9,305,000 4,120,000	\$	797,475 757,785 716,919 674,877 631,512 2,460,633 1,168,650 61,446
	\$ 5,076,000	\$	237,977	\$	1,529,000		\$	28,440,000	\$	7,269,297

#### **NOTE 7 - LEASES**

#### **Primary Government:**

**Operating Lease**. The City leases a portion of its property in the capital assets. All revenues from rentals are accounted for by the operating lease method. The cost of leased property in the capital assets is not determinable and is included in the municipal waterfront land, buildings, and improvements of \$1,638,279. Rental income totaled \$151,197 in the General Fund during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. As of September 30, 2019, minimum rentals collectible on the noncancellable lease in the General Fund totaled \$920,000 as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 20,000
2021	20,000
2022	20,000
2023	20,000
2024	20,000
2025-2029	100,000
2030-2034	100,000
2035-2039	100,000
2040-2044	100,000
2045-2049	100,000
2050-2054	100,000
2055-2059	100,000
2060-2064	100,000
2065	20,000
Total	<u>\$ 920,000</u>

**Capital Leases.** The City has entered into lease agreements to finance equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The cost of assets acquired through capital leases is \$3,721,069 and is included in equipment. Accumulated depreciation for the equipment is \$1,797,021 as of September 30, 2019, which makes the net value \$1,924,048. Interest in the amount of \$44,326 was incurred and charged to expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these lease payments as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

#### NOTE 7 - LEASES (Continued)

Yea	<u>r</u>	
2020	) 9	\$ 357,016
202	1	357,016
2022	2	337,624
2023	3	204,550
2024	1	136,943
2025	5 _	136,943
		1,530,092
Less amount representing interest	_	(172,551)
Present value of minimum lease paym	ents	1,357,541

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Panama City Port Authority

**Operating Lease.** The Port Authority leases a portion of its property to various lessees under operating lease agreements, both cancellable and noncancellable. Total minimum future rentals for noncancellable leases at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 1,970,792
2021	1,967,124
2022	1,861,999
2023	1,883,864
2024	1,305,719
Total	\$ 8,989,498

The cost and accumulated depreciation of property held for rental included on the balance sheet are as follows:

Land	\$ 360,683
Buildings and improvements	12,781,657
Accumulated depreciation	(7,941,694)
Total	\$ 5,200,646

The Port Authority recognized \$2,447,924 of revenue from property leases during the year, none of which was from contingent rentals.

#### NOTE 7 - LEASES (Continued)

The Port Authority is the lessee in an agreement with the City of Panama City, Florida, for the lease of the land occupied by the Port Authority. The lease is for a period of 99 years, expiring August 31, 2065. The terms of the lease include a minimum annual payment of \$20,000 plus additional rent as the Port Authority deems appropriate in view of its surplus. This additional amount is arbitrary and subject to mutual agreement. Annual rent in the amount of \$22,000, \$2,000 above the minimum, was paid for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Future minimum rental commitments at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year	
2020	\$ 20,000
2021	20,000
2022	20,000
2023	20,000
2024	20,000
2025-2029	100,000
2030-2034	100,000
2035-2039	100,000
2040-2044	100,000
2045-2049	100,000
2050-2054	100,000
2055-2059	100,000
2060-2064	100,000
2065	20,000
Total	\$ 920.000

#### **NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Due From	Due To
Primary Government:		
Governmental Funds -		
Major -		
General Fund	\$ 1,117,668	\$ 899
Capital Projects		880,077
Hurricane Michael	7,565,320	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds -		
Community Planning and Development	1,389	171,096
State Housing Initiative Partnership-County	360	1,401
State Housing Initiative Partnership-City		371
Panama City Community Redevelopment		
Agency-Downtown North	275	
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds -		
Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)		13,905
Proprietary Funds -		
Major -		
Utilities	376,258	7,760,880
Solid Waste	194,515	370,927
Marina		51
Nonmajor -		
Equipment Maintenance		56,178
Total	\$ 9,255,785	\$ 9,255,785

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

# NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers in/out are summarized as follows:

Transfers in/out are summarized as follows:		
	<u>Transfers In</u>	<b>Transfers Out</b>
Primary Government:		
Governmental Funds -		
Major		
General Fund	\$ 2,353,541	\$21,333,348
Hurricane Michael	12,906,796	458,731
Capital Projects	1,850,000	226,181
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax	, ,	430,650
Aggregate Major	17,110,337	22,448,910
1155105utc 111ujoi	17,110,557	
Nonmajor		
General Grants		12,789
Community Planning and Development		40,553
State Housing Initiative Partnership-City		8,162
State Housing Initiative Partnership-County		6,202
Panama City Community Redevelopment		0,202
Agency - St. Andrews		5,900
• •		3,900
Panama City Community Redevelopment		2 425
Agency - Downtown		3,425
Panama City Community Redevelopment		(0.072
Agency - Downtown North		60,272
Panama City Community Redevelopment		450 554
Agency - Millville		158,574
Infrastructure Surtax		2,117,047
Debt Service Series 2008	156,241	
Debt Service Series 2013A	242,309	
Debt Service Series 2013B	1,139,711	
Debt Service Series 2016	250,533	
Debt Service Infrastructure Series 2018	2,117,047	
Debt Service Series 2018	1,438,525	
Debt Service Hurricane Series 2018	193,695	
Debt Service Hurricane Series 2019	265,036	
Aggregate Nonmajor	5,803,097	2,412,924
Proprietary Funds -		
Major		
Utilities	655,650	1,815,568
Solid Waste		1,427,273
Marina		367,925
Aggregate Major	655,650	3,610,766
Nonmajor		
Medical Self-Insurance	4,865,811	
Dental Insurance	119,912	
Equipment Maintenance		82,207
Aggregate Nonmajor	4,985,723	82,207
<i>55 5 3</i>	\$ 28,554,807	\$ 28,554,807
	-76-	

# NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS**

The City and component unit, the Panama City Port Authority (Port Authority), have provided retirement plans covering substantially all employees. All participants except Police Officers' and Firefighters' are included in the Florida Retirement System or the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida. The City and the Port Authority maintain a separate Pension Fund for each of the groups excluded by the Florida Retirement System or the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida. The City also provides a Senior Management Pension Plan.

#### 9.1 Florida Retirement System

#### Plan Administration:

All full time City and Port Authority employees hired before January 1, 1996, except Police and Fire sworn personnel, are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for employees filling a regularly established position in a state agency, county agency, district school board, state university, or state community college. Participation by Cities, Municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The FRS was established and administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. The Florida legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the FRS pension plan.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the web site: <a href="https://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce\_operations/retirement/publications">www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce\_operations/retirement/publications</a>.

#### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### **Pension Plan**

#### Plan Description:

The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

#### a. Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, and Elected Officers' class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3.0% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit at retirement multiplied by 3.0%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

#### b. Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3.0% of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions,

#### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular – 8.26% and 8.47%; Senior Management Service – 24.06% and 25.41%; and DROP participants – 14.03% and 14.60%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for both periods.

The contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Primary Government Component Unit \$125,644 \$19,837

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

#### **Primary Government:**

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$1,439,258 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was .004179199 percent, which was a decrease of .000012936 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2019, the Port Authority reported a liability of \$174,556 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Port Authority's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Port Authority's proportionate share was .000506861 percent, which was a decrease of .000161882 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The pension expense amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Primary Government S246,936 Discretely Presented Component Unit \$28,745

#### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

In addition, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Discretely Presented Component Unit				
	Out	Deferred Deferred utflows of Resources Resources		Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	85,367	\$	893	\$	10,353	\$	108	
Change of assumptions		369,663				44,833			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments				79,627				9,657	
Differences in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9,659		314,830		3,629		46,600	
Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,188				3,943			
<b>Total Pension Plan</b>		490,877	\$	395,350		62,758	\$	56,365	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Subsequent contributions are as follows;

	Discretely Presented
<b>Primary Government</b>	Component Unit
\$26,188	\$3,943

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:		Discretely Presented
-	 Primary Government	 Component Unit
2020	\$ (72,930)	\$ (6,809)
2021	(34,696)	(3,574)
2022	8,280	(682)
2023	25,757	1,596
2024	43,748	1,909
Thereafter	99,180	10,010
Total	\$ 69,339	\$ 2,450

#### Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.9%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

**NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

(1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

#### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the proportionate shares of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.9%) or one percentage point higher (7.9%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease 5.9%	Current Discount Rate 6.9%			1% Increase 7.9%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,487,998	\$	1,439,258	\$	563,383	
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	301,749	\$	174,556	\$	68,328	

#### NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Payables to the Pension Plan:

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$9,613 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit:

#### Payables to the Pension Plan:

At September 30, 2019, the Port Authority reported a payable in the amount of \$1,244 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **HIS Plan**

#### Plan Description:

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State, administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

#### a. Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

#### b. *Contributions*

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution for the period was 1.66%. The City and the Port Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

# **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

The contributions to the HIS Plan totaled for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Primary Government \$22,804 Discretely Presented Component Unit \$3,100

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

#### **Primary Government:**

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$479,068 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was .004281595 percent, which was a decrease of .000228675 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2019, the Port Authority reported a liability of \$61,851 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Port Authority's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Port Authority's proportionate share was .000552786 percent, which was a decrease of .000204671 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The pension expense (income) amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Primary Government S(34,369) Discretely Presented Component Unit \$(4,121)

In addition, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Primary Government				Discretely Presented Component Unit			
	Out	eferred flows of sources	D In	eferred flows of esources	Out	ferred flows of ources	De Inf	ferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,819	\$	587	\$	751	\$	76
Change of assumptions		55,472		39,155		7,162		5,055
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		309				40		
Differences in proportion and differences between HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions				228,227				35,714
HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,762				741		
Total HIS Plan	\$	66,362	\$	267,969	\$	8,694	\$	40,845

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Subsequent contributions are as follows:

	Discretely Presented
<b>Primary Government</b>	Component Unit
\$4,762	\$741

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Primary Government	 Discretely Presented Component Unit
2020	\$ (68,365)	\$ (8,510)
2021	(63,893)	(8,118)
2022	(41,461)	(5,981)
2023	(21,823)	(4,483)
2024	(12,815)	(3,233)
Thereafter	1,988	(2,567)
Total	\$ (206,369)	\$ (32,892)

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018 of the FRS Pension Plan.

#### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the City and the Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the City and the Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease 2.50%		Discount Rate 3.50%		1% Increase 4.50%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 546,880	\$	479,068	\$	422,587
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 70,606	\$	61,851	\$	54,559

## **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Payables to the HIS Plan:

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$1,455 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

## Discretely Presented Component Unit:

#### Payables to the HIS Plan:

At September 30, 2019, the Port Authority reported a payable in the amount of \$234 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **Investment Plan**

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2018-19 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, and County Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit

## **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account.

If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City did not have any participants in the Investment Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

## 9.2 Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management Pension Trust Funds

## Plan Description:

a. Plan Names

The Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management participate in single-employer contributory defined benefit retirement plans. They are as follows:

City of Panama City Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (Police Officers') City of Panama City Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Firefighters') City of Panama City Supplemental Retirement Plan for Designated General Employees (Senior Management)

b. Plan Administration, Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management Pension Trust Funds
The sole and exclusive administration of and responsibility for the proper operation of the systems
and for making effective the provisions of this division are hereby vested in each Board of
Trustees. Each Board is hereby designated as its plan administrator. Each Board shall consist of
five Trustees, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, shall be legal residents of the
City, who shall be appointed by the City Commission, and two of whom shall be members of the
system, who shall be elected by a majority of the respective police officers, firefighters, or senior
management participants who are members of that system. The fifth Trustee shall be chosen by a
majority of the previous four trustees as provided for herein, and such person's name shall be
submitted to the City Commission. The Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management
Pension Trust Funds do not issue audited stand-alone financial statements but rely on the audit
performed for the City. Full-time sworn police officers participate as a condition of employment.

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Full-time firefighters participate as a condition of employment. Designated employees (Senior Management) of the City of Panama City, including designated managers and directors, the City Engineer, the City Commission, the City Manager, the Assistant City Manager, and the City Clerk participate as a condition of employment.

## c. Plan Membership

Membership of each plan consisted of the following:

	Police Officers' Pension 10/1/18	Firefighters' Pension 10/1/18	Senior Management Pension
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	92	80	14
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	20	10	4
Active plan members	98	75	16
Total members	210	<u>165</u>	34
Number of participating employers	1	1	1

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

d. Benefits Provided

#### Normal Retirement

	Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Management <a href="Pension">Pension</a>
Date	Earlier of: 1) age 50 and the completion of 15 years of credited service, 2) the completion of 23 years of credited service, regardless of age, 3) age 55 and the completion of 10 years of credited service, or 4) if employed on or before 1/1/82, the completion of 15 years of credited service, regardless of age.	Earlier of:  1) Age 55 and the completion of 10 years of credited service, or 2) 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.	Age 59 with 10 years of credited service for Category 1 employees, or at least 6 years of credited service for Category 2 and 3 employees.

#### Benefit

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A summary of the benefit provisions can be found in the October 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation Report for the City of Panama City Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants. Incorporated are the benefit changes for measurement date 09/30/2019 as noted under the Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios.

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A summary of the benefit provisions can be found in the October 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation Report for the City of Panama City Municipal Firefighters' Retirement System prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants. Incorporated are the benefit changes for measurement date 09/30/2019 as noted under the Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios.

1% of average earnings times the years of credited service, or a minimum benefit of \$50 per month times up to 20 years each year of credited service for Category 1 and 2 employees, or \$100 per month for each year of service up to 10 years for Category 3 employees.

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Early	Retirement
Lair	

Early Reurein	<u>ent</u>		
	Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Date	Earlier of: 1) Age 40 and completion of 15 years of credited service, or 2) age 50 and the completion of 10 years of credited service.	Age 45 and completion of 10 years of credited service.	None provided
Benefit	Determined as for normal retirement and reduced 3% for each year the commencement of benefits precedes normal retirement date.	Determined as for normal retirement (without supplement) reduced 3% per year to age 50 and actuarially for years prior to age 50.	None provided
Termination o	f Employment		
	Less than 10 years: refund of accumulated member contributions without interest. 10 or more: refund of contributions or vested accrued benefit payable at age 50 (or reduced as early as age 40).	Less than 10 years: refund of accumulated member contributions without interest. 10 or more: refund of contributions or vested accrued benefit (supplemental benefit not included) payable at age 55 (or reduced as early as age 45).	Less than 6 years: refund of accumulated member contributions without interest. More than 6 years: vested accrued benefit payable at normal retirement date.
<u>Disability</u>			
Eligibility	Total and permanent as determined by the Board (medical proof required).	Total and permanent as determined by the Board (medical proof required). One year of service required for not-in-line of duty.	None provided
Benefit	Accrued benefit but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred) and 25% of average final compensation (non-service incurred).	Accrued benefit but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred) and 25% of average final compensation (nonservice incurred).	None provided

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Pre-Retirement Death Benefits

## Police Officers' Pension

Greater of: 1) death benefit provided in Chapter 185, F.S., 2) accumulated member contributions, or, 3) 3 times annual salary.

# Firefighters' Pension

Vested: Greater of: 1) actuarial equivalent of participant's accrued benefit payable as a Ten Year Certain and Life Annuity, or 2) 3 times annual salary. Prior to vesting: 3 times annual salary.

#### Senior Management Pension

Return of accumulated employee contributions

#### **Supplement**

Service retirees (Early and Normal) and members with vested deferred benefits who terminate on or after 10/1/2000, receive a \$450 per month benefit payable to the earlier of death or age 65. Those who terminate on or after 10/1/2006 will receive this benefit for the life of the member. Those who terminate on or after 10/1/2015 will receive \$650 per month for the life of the member.

\$575 per month to earlier of death or Social Security retirement age.

None provided

# Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Members retiring on or after 1/1/1998, receive a 2% per year increase beginning on January 1 following the later of age 50 or the date of retirement and ending on January 1 of the year the member reaches Social Security retirement age.

Each January 1, following retirement, the base benefit is increased annually by 3.0% (1.0% if retired prior to January 1, 1999). Adjustments cease at Social Security retirement age (age 65 if retired between 1/1/1994 and 9/30/1997). Supplemental benefits are not adjusted.

Cost of living increases of 2% per year for Category 1 employees with 15 continuous years of credited service and Category 2 and 3 employees with 10 continuous years of credited service.

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### e. Contributions

	Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Employee	8.13% of salary	7.5% of salary	4.5% of pensionable earnings
Employer	Remaining amount necessary after member and State contributions for payment of normal cost and amortization of accrued past service liability over 30 years.	Remaining amount necessary after member and State contributions for payment of normal cost and amortization of accrued past service liability over 30 years. In no event less than 7.5% of total salaries of the members.	Subject to State minimums.
State	0.85% tax on insurance premiums.	1.85% tax on insurance premiums.	None provided

#### Investments:

## a. Investment Policy:

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2019:

	Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Manage <u>Pension</u>	ment
	Target	Target		Target
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Allocation	Asset Class	<b>Allocation</b>
Domestic equity	32.00%	32.00%	Core bonds	15.00%
International equity	15.00%	15.00%	Core plus	15.00%
Bonds	24.00%	24.00%	U. S. large cap equity	34.00%
High yield bonds	5.00%	5.00%	U. S. small cap equity	11.00%
Convertibles	8.00%	8.00%	Non-U.S. equity	15.00%
Private real estate	5.00%	5.00%	Core real estate	10.00%
REITS	5.00%	5.00%		
Infrastructure	5.00%	5.00%		
Cash	1.00%	1.00%		

#### b. Concentrations:

The Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of each Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

c. Rate of Return:

Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Management <a href="Pension">Pension</a>
For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual moneyweighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 7.32%.	For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual moneyweighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 5.26%.	For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 4.94%.
The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.	The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.	The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.
Deferred Retirement Option Progr	am:	
Eligibility		

Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Senior Management
<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>

Satisfaction of Normal
Retirement requirements.

Retirement requirements
(earlier of (1) Age 55 and 10
years of credited service, or (2)
25 years of credited service).

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Senior Management
	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>
<u>Participation</u>			
	If a member has completed less than 25 years of service, not to exceed 60 months. If a member has completed at least 25 but less than 27 years of service, not to exceed 60 months.  If a member has completed at least 27 but less than 30 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. Members with 30 years and 1 day of service are ineligible.	If normal retirement is 55 with 10 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. If a member has completed 25-27 years of service, not to exceed 60 months. If a member has completed 27-30 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. Members with 30 years and 1 day of service are ineligible.	Categories are as follows: Category 1 - designated managers and directors and the City engineer. Category 2 - City Commission, Assistant City Manager, and City Clerk Category 3 - City Manager
Rate of Return			
	6.5% per annum, credited quarterly. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$351,551.	6.5% per annum, credited quarterly. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$322,015.	None provided

Employer Reporting of Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Actuarial Assumptions (Employer Reporting)

#### Reporting Date, Measurement Date, and Valuation Date (Employer Reporting):

Net pension liabilities, deferred pension outflows of resources, deferred pension inflows of resources, and pension expense are all presented as of the City's reporting date (September 30, 2019) and for the City's reporting period (the year ended September 30, 2019). These amounts are measured as of the measurement date and for the measurement period (the period between the prior and current measurement dates). GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the current measurement date be no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year. For the reporting date of September 30, 2019, the City has chosen to use the end of the prior fiscal year (September 30, 2018) as the measurement date, and the year ended September 30, 2018 as the measurement period for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pensions and September 30, 2019 as the measurement date, and the year ended September 30, 2019 as the measurement period for Senior Management Pension.

## **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

The total pension liability is determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the measurement date, or by the use of update procedures to roll forward to the measurement date amounts from an actuarial valuation as of a date no more than 30 months and 1 day earlier than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The City has elected to apply update procedures to roll forward amounts from an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2017 to the measurement date of September 30, 2018 for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pensions, and to apply update procedures to roll forward amounts from an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2018, to the measurement date of September 30, 2019 for the Senior Management Pension.

#### Net Pension Liability (Employer Reporting):

The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Police Officers'				Plan		
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total		Fiduciary		Net
		Pension		Net		Pension
		Liability		Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending						
September 30, 2018	\$	41,125,933	\$	33,364,256	\$	7,761,677
Changes for a year:						
Service cost		880,010				880,010
Interest		3,259,155				3,259,155
Change in Excess State Money		2,209				2,209
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(37,800)				(37,800)
Changes of assumptions		879,242				879,242
Changes of benefit terms						
Contributions – Employer				924,910		(924,910)
Contributions – State				343,438		(343,438)
Contributions – Employee				346,586		(346,586)
Contributions – Buy Back				,		, , ,
Net investment income				2,258,395		(2,258,395)
Benefit payments, including				_,,		( , , ,
refunds of employee						
contributions		(2,533,001)		(2,533,001)		
Administrative expense		(=,000,001)		(64,719)		64,719
Net changes		2,449,815		1,275,609		1,174,206
Reporting Period Ending		2,117,013		1,213,007		1,171,200
September 30, 2019	<b>\$</b>	43,575,748	\$	34,639,865	\$	8,935,883
September 30, 2019	<u> </u>	45,575,740	<u> </u>	34,037,003	<u> </u>	0,933,003

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Firefighters'		,		Plan		
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total Pension Liability		Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability
D. and an Desirel Falling		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$	49,189,281	\$	35,013,441	\$	14,175,840
Changes for a year:	Ψ	49,109,201	Ψ	33,013,441	Ψ	14,175,040
Service cost		807,572				807,572
Interest		3,813,594				3,813,594
Differences between expected and		, ,				, ,
actual experience		158,830				158,830
Changes of assumptions		556,455				556,455
Changes in benefit terms						
Contributions – Employer				1,912,733		(1,912,733)
Contributions – State				313,843		(313,843)
Contributions – Employee				252,579		(252,579)
Contributions – Buy Back						
Net investment income				2,119,621		(2,119,621)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,434,408)		(3,434,408)		
Administrative expense				(58,383)		58,383
Net changes		1,902,043		1,105,985		796,058
Reporting Period Ending						
September 30, 2019		51,091,324		36,119,426		14,971,898
Senior Management				Plan		
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total		Fiduciary		Net
Changes in 110t I chiston Elactricy		Pension		Net		Pension
		Liability		Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	3,545,464	\$	3,365,609	-\$	179,855
Changes for a Year:		, ,		, ,		,
Service cost		110,201				110,201
Expected interest growth		248,762		233,124		15,638
Unexpected investment income		(75.604)		(58,390)		58,390
Demographic experience		(75,694)		126,650		(75,694)
Contributions – Employer Contributions – Employee				60,396		(126,650) (60,396)
Net investment income				00,330		(00,370)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(244,545)		(244,545)		
Administrative expense				(14,254)		14,254
Net changes		38,724		102,981		(64,257)
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$	3,584,188	\$	3,468,590		115,598

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Pension Expense (Employer Reporting):

For the year ended September 30, 2019 the Sponsor will recognize a pension expense of:

Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Senior Management				
\$1,897,894	\$2,419,429	\$131,674				

# Deferred Pension Outflows of Resources and Deferred Pension Inflows of Resources (Employer Reporting):

On September 30, 2019, the Sponsor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Officers'				Firefighters'			 Senior Management				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows	Outflows		Inflows	
		of		of		of		of	of		of	
		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	 Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected actual experience			\$	424,261	\$	192,730	\$	813,645	\$ 64,551	\$	180,605	
Changes in assumptions	\$	659,433				1,289,859		127,629	423,331		131,890	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		643,802				782,103					41,354_	
Total	\$	1,303,235	\$	424,261	\$	2,264,692	\$	941,274	\$ 487,882	\$	353,849	

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Police Officers'		Firefighters'		Senior Management
September 30:	Pension		Pension		Pension
2020	\$ 578,362	\$	852,014	\$	3,022
2021	10,987		81,064		7,884
2022	215,338		126,003		4,343
2023	74,287		264,337		44,053
2024					42,105
Thereafter					32,626
Total	\$ 878,974	\$	1,323,418	 \$	134,033

# Actuarial Assumptions (Employer Reporting):

			Senior
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management
	Pension	Pension	Pension
Funding method	Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are utilized for determination of the total required contribution: -Interest – a half-year, based on the 8.0% assumptionSalary – a full-year, based on the 6% assumption.	Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are utilized for determination of the total required contribution: -Interest – a half-year, based on the 7.9% assumptionSalary – a full-year, based on the 5.9% assumption.	Aggregate cost method
Amortization method	Level % of pay, Closed	Level % of pay, Closed	Level % of pay, Open
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years	30 years

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

			Senior
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management
	Pension	Pension	Pension
Asset Valuation Method	Each year, the Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average of Market Value return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below Market Value of Assets.	Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average of Market Value return (net-offees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below Market Value of Assets.	Market Value
Post Retirement COLA	2% to Social Security retirement age	3% to Social Security retirement age	2% per year for category 1 with 15 years and category 2 and 3 with 10 years of service.
Inflation	2.7%	2.7%	2.77%
Salary Increases	Service based	Service based	4.00%
Investment rate of return	7.8%	7.8%	4.23%
Mortality Rates	RP-2000 Generational, with projection scale BB tables	RP-2000 Generational, with projection scale BB tables	RP-2000 combined with full generational improvements scale BB tables

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following tables:

Police Officers' and Firefighters' as of September 30, 2018

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	32.00%	8.1%
International equity	15.00%	3.4%
Bonds	24.00%	3.6%
High yield bonds	5.00%	5.6%
Convertibles	8.00%	6.7%
Private real estate	5.00%	4.9%
REITS	5.00%	6.8%
Infrastructure	5.00%	9.1%
Cash	1.00%	.7%

Senior Management as of September 30, 2019

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Target Allocation	Rate of Return
15.00%	1.6%
15.00%	2.1%
34.00%	4.6%
11.00%	5.5%
15.00%	6.7%
10.00%	5.0%
	15.00% 15.00% 34.00% 11.00% 15.00%

#### Discount Rate (Employer Reporting):

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.8% for Police Officers', 7.8% for Firefighters', and 7.0% for senior management. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Employer Reporting):

Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 6.80%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate 7.80%		1% Increase 8.80%
Police Officers'	\$ 13,868,205	\$	8,935,883	\$	4,826,623
Fine Colotons?	 1% Decrease 6.80%		Rate 7.80%	<b></b>	1% Increase 8.80%
Firefighters'	\$ 21,189,668 1% Decrease 6.00%	\$ Cu	14,971,898 arrent Discount Rate 7.00%	\$	9,836,770  1% Increase 8.00%
Senior Management	\$ 520,548	\$	115,598	\$	(222,219)

#### Net Pension Liability and Disclosures Required by GASB Statement No. 67 (Plan Reporting)

This section includes the information that is required to be presented by GASB Statement No. 67, reporting on the financial statement for the defined benefit plans for the year ended September 30, 2019. Separate valuations were performed by actuaries to calculate the total pension liability in accordance with this standard for financial reporting by pension plans and calculates the net pension liability (NPL). The plans elected to base the valuations on plan data as of September 30, 2019. In addition to presenting the NPL, this section also includes information on the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation, the discount rate that was used to calculate the NPL, and disclosures as to the sensitivity of the NPL to changes in the discount rate.

#### Net Pension Liabilities (Plan Reporting):

	Police Officers' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Firefighters' <a href="Pension">Pension</a>	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 45,382,135 _(35,909,459)	\$ 52,892,651 (37,242,193)	\$ 3,584,188 _(3,468,590)
Sponsor's net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension	<u>\$ 9,472,676</u>	<u>\$ 15,650,458</u>	<u>\$ 115,598</u>
liability	79.13%	70.41%	96.77%

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Plan Reporting):

The September 30, 2019 total pension liability for Police Officers' and Firefighters' was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of September 30, 2018 to September 30, 2019, using the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation on the plans. Except for the changes listed as follows there have been no other changes. For the 2019 fiscal year, amounts reported as changes of assumptions for the pension plan resulted from:

#### Changes of assumptions

#### Police Officers' Pension

For measurement date 09/30/2019, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.8% to 7.7%, net of investment related expenses.

#### Firefighters' Pension

For measurement date 09/30/2019, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.8% to 7.7% per year, net of investment related expenses.

#### The long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Police Officers'	Firefighters'
	Pension	Pension
	Long-Term	Long-Term
Asset Class	Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.3%	7.3%
International equity	2.7%	2.7%
Bonds	3.6%	3.6%
High yield bonds	5.7%	5.7%
Convertibles	6.3%	6.3%
Private real estate	4.9%	4.9%
REITS	7.2%	7.2%
Infrastructure	8.1%	8.1%
Cash	.7%	.7%

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

## Discount Rate (Plan Reporting):

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.7% for Police Officers', 7.7% for Firefighters', and 7.0% for senior management. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Plan Reporting):

Sponsor's Net Pension Liability			Curre	nt Discount		
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
		6.7%		7.7%		8.7%
Police Officers'	\$	14,644,465	\$	9,472,676	\$	5,170,175
			Curre	nt Discount		
	1	% Decrease	Rate		1% Increase	
		6.7%		7.7%		8.7%
Firefighters'	\$	22,098,412	\$	15,650,458	\$	10,332,251
			Curre	nt Discount		
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
		6.0%		7.0%		8.0%
Senior Management	\$	520,548	\$	115,598	\$	(222,219)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Combining Statement of Pension Plan Net Position September 30, 2019

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management Pension	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Short term investments	\$ 1,193,433	\$ 1,160,214		\$ 2,353,647
Cash	908		\$ 31,200	32,108
Total cash and equivalents	1,194,341	1,160,214	31,200	2,385,755
Receivables:				
Member contributions	1,918	687	1,961	4,566
City contributions	3,129	7,290		10,419
From broker for investments sold	288	3,361		3,649
Investment income	9,860	1,460		11,320
Total receivables	15,195	12,798	1,961	29,954
Investments:				
Common Stocks	8,962,418			8,962,418
Mutual funds:				
Fixed income	10,007,075	11,524,380		21,531,455
Equity	13,209,621	6,647,223		19,856,844
Pooled/common/commingled funds:				
Fixed income			499,195	499,195
Equity		15,005,566	2,599,971	17,605,537
Real estate investment trust	2,552,803	2,919,366	336,263	5,808,432
Total investments	34,731,917	36,096,535	3,435,429	74,263,881
Total assets	35,941,453	37,269,547	3,468,590	76,679,590
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable:				
Administrative expenses	2,696	1,856		4,552
Investment expenses	14,227	13,731		27,958
Prior refunds	668	575		1,243
Other payables	14,403	11,192		25,595
Total accounts payable	31,994	27,354		59,348
Total liabilities	31,994	27,354		59,348
Net Position:				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 35,909,459	\$ 37,242,193	\$ 3,468,590	\$ 76,620,242

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

# Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	- 4		Senior	
	Police Officer's	Firefighters'	Management	T-4-1
Additions	Pension	Pension	Pension	<u>Total</u>
Contributions:				
Plan members	\$ 365,560	\$ 263,161	\$ 60,396	\$ 689,117
Employer	969,030	1,942,755	126,650	3,038,435
State	356,414	290,472	120,030	646,886
Total contributions	1,691,004	2,496,388	187,046	4,374,438
Total contributions	1,091,004	2,490,366	107,040	4,374,436
Investment earnings:				
Net appreciation				
in fair value of investments	1,780,754	1,087,880	174,734	3,043,368
Interest	872,120	1,019,470		1,891,590
Total investment earnings	2,652,874	2,107,350	174,734	4,934,958
Less investment expense	(159,790)	(224,033)		(383,823)
Net investment earnings	2,493,084	1,883,317	174,734	4,551,135
Total additions	4,184,088	4,379,705	361,780	8,925,573
Deductions				
Distributions to members:				
Benefit payments	2,527,978	3,040,563	194,529	5,763,070
Lump sum DROP distributions	166,983	117,986		284,969
Refunds of member contributions	127,991	53,156	50,016	231,163
Total distributions	2,822,952	3,211,705	244,545	6,279,202
Administrative expenses	91,542	45,233	14,254	151,029
Total deductions	2,914,494	3,256,938	258,799	6,430,231
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	1,269,594	1,122,767	102,981	2,495,342
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits				
Beginning of year	34,639,865	36,119,426	3,365,609	74,124,900
End of year	\$ 35,909,459	\$ 37,242,193	\$ 3,468,590	\$ 76,620,242

# NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

# 9.3 Aggregate Schedule of Retirement Plan Information

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, in total, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

	Primary			<b>Discretely Presented</b>				
	Government			Component Unit			nit	
	]	Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	0	utflows of	I	nflows of	<b>Outflows of</b>		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources		sources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	348,467	\$	1,419,991	\$	11,104	\$	184
Change of assumptions		2,797,758		298,674		51,995		5,055
		2,777,730		270,074		31,773		3,033
Net difference between								
projected and actual								
earnings on investments		1,426,214		120,981		40		9,657
Differences in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of								
contributions		9,659		543,057		3,629		82,314
Contributions		9,039		343,037		3,029		02,314
Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		30,950				4,684		
Total	\$	4,613,048	\$	2,382,703	\$	71,452	\$	97,210

#### Pension Expense

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized total pension expense of \$4,661,564.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Port Authority recognized total pension expense of \$32,866.

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

# 9.4 The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida

#### a. Plan Description:

The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida (Fund), is a single-employer defined contribution plan administered by Voya Financial.

#### b. Plan Provisions and Eligibility:

All full-time City employees hired after January 1, 1996, are eligible to participate in the Plan. The City ordinances establish these plan provisions. Participants must be 18 years or older with three months of service. The effective date of participation is the first day of the month coinciding with or following ninety days of employment. Members qualify for normal retirement, after obtaining ten years of creditable service, on the first of the month coinciding with or following the participant's 65th birthday.

Each participant who is an employee on his or her attainment of normal retirement age or is terminated as a result of death or disability, to the extent not then vested, shall become fully vested. Upon the death of the participant, the participant's vested plan account shall be paid to the participant's beneficiary. If a participant's employment terminates for any reason other than retirement, disability or death, the benefits shall be vested as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
Less than 2	0%
2	20%
3	40%
4	60%
5	80%
6 or more	100%

The unvested portion shall be forfeited on the day the participant's employment is terminated. Any forfeitures that result from a participant's termination before he or she completes at least 12 months of service will be returned to the employer. All other forfeitures are allocated to the employer contribution accounts of eligible participants.

#### c. Contribution Obligations:

The City is required by a resolution of the City of Panama City, Florida to contribute 10% of participants' salaries to the plan. The City Commission has the authority to change contribution amounts. Total pension expense amounted to \$961,011, of which \$126,771 was forfeitures, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This is a noncontributory plan. Contributions are as follows:

## **NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS** (Continued)

		Percentage of
	Required	the Amount
	<b>Contribution</b>	Contributed
9/30/19	\$ 961,011	100%
9/30/18	929,999	100%
9/30/17	907,119	100%
9/30/16	838,546	100%
9/30/15	784,902	100%

d. A separately issued annual report of the Fund is available from the Voya Financial, Plan Number 666935, 1 Orange Way C35, Windsor, CT 06095.

#### 9.5 **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

#### Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees

The Port Authority participated in the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the Panama City Port Authority for employees hired after January 1, 1996, who were not eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System.

#### a. Plan Description:

The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the Panama City Port Authority is a single- employer defined contribution plan administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc.

#### b. Plan Provisions and Eligibility:

All Port Authority full-time employees hired after January 1, 1996 are eligible to participate in the Fund. Employees must be 18 years or older with three months of service. The effective date of participation is the first day of the month coinciding with or following ninety days of employment. Members qualify for normal retirement, after obtaining ten years of creditable service, on the first of the month coinciding with or following the participant's 65th birthday. Benefits fully vest after participant reaches ten years of service, with partial vesting after the completion of six through nine years of service. The benefits shall be vested as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
1-5	0%
6	60%
7	70%
8	80%
9	90%
10	100%

## NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Any forfeited amounts are allocated to future plan contributions, and plan administrative expenditures.

#### c. Contribution Obligations:

The Port Authority is required to contribute 7% of participants' salaries to the plan. The City Commission has the authority to change contribution amounts. Total pension expense amounted to \$183,661, of which \$14,977 was forfeitures, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This is a noncontributory plan. Contributions are as follows:

		Percentage of
	Required	the Amount
	Contribution	<u>Contributed</u>
9/30/19	\$ 183,661	100%
9/30/18	172,563	100%
9/30/17	138,205	100%
9/30/16	176,936	100%
9/30/15	146,249	100%

d. A separately issued annual report of the Fund is available from the Florida League of Cities, Inc., 201 West Park Avenue, Tallahassee, Florida 32302.

## NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Plan Description:

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "OPEB Plan"). Retirees under all of the City's Pension Plans continue their life insurance benefit (at a reduced level of \$1,000) and continue to receive health insurance benefits if they so choose. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit participation in the health insurance program by retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees.

#### a. Contribution requirement

		Discretely Presented
	City	Component Unit
Contribution requirement	Retirees must contribute an amount determined periodically by the City based on actual claims experience; there are no minimum required employer contributions.	Retirees must contribute an amount determined periodically by the Authority equal to 100% of the applicable health insurance premium charged by the insurance carrier; there are no minimum required employer contributions.

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

# b. Benefits Provided

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Employees Covered	Regular, full time employees of the City of Panama City.	Regular, full time employees of the Panama City Port Authority.
Types of benefits provided	Post-retirement medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits.	Post-retirement medical benefits.
Medical coverage	Post-retirement medical coverage is provided to eligible individuals under the same self-insured plan that covers active employees; no explicit subsidy is provided to retirees.	Post-retirement medical coverage is provided to eligible individuals under the same fully-insured plan that covers active employees; no explicit subsidy is provided to retirees.
Plan choice	For health insurance coverage, retirees may choose from a basic plan or a buy-up plan.	None provided
Life insurance	The City provides a fully-insured life insurance benefit of \$1,000 to all retirees.	None provided
Legal authority	Under Florida State law, the City is required to offer retirees health insurance on the same basis as employees provided that the retiree pays the full premium for the relevant coverage.	Under Florida State law, the Authority is required to offer retirees health insurance on the same basis as employees provided that the retiree pays the full premium for the relevant coverage.
Changes	The benefit terms did not change from the prior measurement date.	The benefit terms did not change from the prior measurement date.

#### c. Membership

As of the most recent actuarial valuation of the net OPEB liability, membership data is as follows:

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

		Discretely
		Presented
	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	52	_
Active members:	443	64
	495	<u>64</u>

#### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Actuarial Assumptions

#### Measurement Date, and Valuation Date

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019. The Total OPEB Liability was determined from an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, for the primary government and October 1, 2017 for the discretely presented component unit. The Net OPEB Liability is the Total OPEB Liability less the Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The Total OPEB Liability is the present value of all future benefit payments for current retirees and active employees, considering assumptions about demographics, turnover, mortality, disability, retirement, health care trends, and other actuarial assumptions.

Primary Government Discretely Presented

Component Unit

#### *Net OPEB Liability:*

Total OPEB Liability Less: Fiduciary Net Position	\$	3,036,531	\$	2	80,392
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,036,531	\$	2	80,392
Primary Government:		Total		Plan Fiduciary	Net
Timary Government.		OPEB		Net	OPEB
Change in Net OPEB Liability		Liability		Position	<u>Liability</u>
Beginning Net OPEB Liability		\$ 3,877,6	79		\$ 3,877,679
Service Cost		162,7	02		162,702
Interest		140,3	93		140,393
Changes of Assumptions		(293,4	37)		(293,437)
Benefit Payments		(239,6	60)		(239,660)
Difference between expected an	d actual				
experience		(611,1)	46)		(611,146)
Net Change		(841,1	48)		( 841,148)
Ending Net OPEB Liability		\$ 3,036,5	31		\$ 3,036,531

# NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

		Plan	
Discretely Presented Component Unit:	Total	Fiduciary	Net
•	OPEB	Net	OPEB
Change in Net OPEB Liability	Liability	Position	Liability
Beginning Net OPEB Liability	\$ 255,877		\$ 255,877
Service Cost	22,790		22,790
Interest	9,806		9,806
Assumption Changes	1,535		1,535
Benefit Payments	(9,616)		(9,616)
Net Change	24,515		24,515
<b>Ending Net OPEB Liability</b>	\$ 280,392		\$ 280,392

# OPEB Expense (Income):

The OPEB Expense (Income) amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Primary	Discretely Presented			
Government	Component Unit			
\$ (43.743)	\$ 23.105			

Deferred OPEB Outflows of Resources and Deferred OPEB inflows of Resources

	Primary Government  Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources				Discretely I Compone	
				O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net differences between expected and actual experience		\$	538,735			
Change of assumptions			258,670	\$	1,410	
Total		\$	797,405	\$	1,410	

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	 Primary Government	 Discretely Presented Component Unit
2020	\$ (107,178)	\$ 125
2021	(107,178)	125
2022	(107,178)	125
2023	(107,178)	125
2024	(107,178)	125
Thereafter	(261,515)	785
Total	\$ (797,405)	\$ 1,410

#### Actuarial Assumption:

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Discount Rate	3.58% per annum: this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade index as of the measurement date.	3.58% per annum: this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade index as of the measurement date.
Salary increases	3.0% per annum	3.0% per annum
Cost-of-living increases	Retiree contributions and health insurance premiums have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare cost trend rates	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 7.50% for the 2018/19 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/24 and later fiscal years.	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 8.00% for the 2017/18 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/24 and later fiscal years.

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Age-related morbidity	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.
Expected claims/Implied subsidy	Claims cost at age 59 is assumed to be \$12,325 per covered individual for the 2018/19 fiscal year; this amount was determined based on actual claims during the preceding two years, with greater weight given to more recent experience.	Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, an implied monthly subsidy of \$650 for the retiree and \$475 for the retiree's spouse has been assumed at age 62 for the 2017/18 fiscal year; at other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates; the implied subsidy is assumed to disappear at age 65.
Mortality basis	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 mortality table for general and public safety employees with full generation improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2017.	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.
Retirement	For general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at age 59 with 10 years of service or at any age with 30 years of service; for firefighters, retirement is assumed to occur at age 55 with 10 years of service or at any age with 25 years of service; for police officers, retirement is assumed to occur at age 55 with 10 years of service, at age 50 with 15 years of service, or at any age with 23 years of service.	For employees hired prior to July 1, 2011, retirement is assumed to occur at age 62 with six years of service or at any age with 30 years of service; for employees hired on or after July 1, 2011, retirement is assumed to occur at age 65 with 8 years of service or at any age with 33 years of service.

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Other decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1 for general employees and Class 4 for firefighters and police officers).	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study Class 1.
Coverage election	15% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement or disability until age 65 in accordance with their current health plan and coverage election; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.	20% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement or disability until age 65 under the "buy-up" plan upon retirement or disability; spouses are assumed to be covered in accordance with the employee's current election.
Spousal and dependents	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.
COBRA	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.

# NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Life Insurance	Life insurance premiums are assumed to be 25% higher than the pure insurance cost; because data was not provided for retirees who have not elected to continue their health insurance coverage under the City's plan, retiree life insurance liability has been loaded by a factor or four to account for the estimated number of covered retirees as well as the assumption that the unknown retirees are generally older than those retirees who are covered under the City's health insurance plan.	None provided
Changes	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 3.64% to 3.58% per annum, the assumed claims cost at age 59 for the 2018/19 fiscal year was decreased from \$12,771 to \$12,325, and the mortality basis was changed from the RP-2000 Mortality Table with generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB to the PUB-2010 Mortality Table with generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2017.	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 3.64% to 3.58% per annum.

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

	19	% Decrease 2.58%	Current se Discount Rate 1% Increas 3.58% 4.58%			% Increase 4.58%
City's OPEB liability	\$	3,330,526	\$	3,036,531	\$	2,784,442
Port Authority's OPEB liability		308,959		280,392		255,181

## NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

	1% Decrease 6.50% decreasing to 4.00%		T 7.50	althcare Cost rend Rates % decreasing to 5.00%	1% Increase 8.50% decreasing to 6.00%	
City's OPEB Liability	\$	2,741,188	\$	3,036,531	\$	3,384,602
	1% Decrease 7.00% decreasing to 4.00%		8.00% decreasing to 5.00%		1% Increase 9.0% decreasing to 6.00%	
Port Authority's OPEB liability	\$	241,961	\$	280,392	\$	327,791

#### **NOTE 11 - AGENCY FUNDS**

a. *Deferred Compensation Plans*. The City offers its employees three deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

As required by Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the assets are held in a trust for the employees' benefit. An administrator or committee, selected by the government, is responsible for the administration of the plan, including approval of certain investment alternatives (funds) which are made available to plan participants. The government has a fiduciary duty to administer the plans properly and to assure that the investment alternatives made available are reasonable. However, since plan participants select the investment fund or funds in which their deferred compensation accounts are invested, the government has no liability for investment losses which occur as a result of the investments selected by the plan participants.

Assets of the plans are valued at market value and amount to \$6,338,731 as of September 30, 2019. Since the City has no fiduciary responsibilities other than administrative in connection with the plans, the assets are not presented in these financial statements.

b. *Cafeteria Plan Agency Fund*. The City offers a flexible compensation program on an annual basis to all employees who have completed their initial probationary period. Enrolled employees make pre-tax contributions to pay for benefits which can include health care, dental care, vision care, and child care. The employee chooses among various health benefit programs that best meet the needs of the employee and the employee's family.

#### **NOTE 12 - ENCUMBRANCES**

The amount of encumbrances at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities; therefore, they are not reflected in the financial statements. The amount of encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Governmental Funds-		
General Fund	\$	242,020
Hurricane Michael		185,610
General Grants		430
Capital Projects		447,998
Capital Projects 2013	5,	,415,792
Capital Projects New City Hall	2,	,925,807
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax		173,646
Infrastructure Surtax		163,342
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - St. Andrews		579
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - Downtown North		85,644
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - Millville		49,543
State Housing Initiative Partnership – County		344
Community Planning and Development		144
Proprietary Funds-		
Equipment Maintenance		72,387
Marina	1,	,139,145
Solid Waste		247,361
Utilities	<u> </u>	,945,146
Total	<u>\$19.</u>	,094,938

#### **NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

**Non-spendable** – the portion of a fund balance that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Spendable –

**Restricted** – the portion of a fund balance for which external constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### **NOTE 13 – FUND BALANCES** (Continued)

**Committed** – the portion of fund balance that can be used only for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority. Such formal action may only be modified or rescinded by the same formal action that imposed the original constraint. An ordinance adopted by City Council establishes a fund balance commitment.

**Assigned** – the portion of fund balance amounts established by City Council that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed.

**Unassigned** – residual net resources, the general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In the event that funds other than the general fund include an unassigned fund balance, it would be a deficit.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City Commission, as the highest decision-making authority for the City, authorized the City of Panama City Fund Balance Management Policy by adopting an ordinance, which establishes the Disaster/Emergency reserve in order to meet unforeseen expenditures caused by disasters or emergencies. This commitment of fund balance is established due to the City's coastal location, hurricanes, and other natural disasters, as well as economic changes that can severely impact the City's ability to continue operations and provide services. The drawdown of Disaster/Emergency reserves may be utilized to respond and provide relief and recovery to disasters and emergencies which include, but are not limited to:

- Hurricanes or Tropical Storms
- Flooding
- Wildfires
- Terrorist activity

The City Commission authorized the commitment of fund balance and established a target balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures, including debt service and self-insurance fund transfers. Use of the reserves requires approval by the City Commission with a majority vote.



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**Major Funds** 

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

				·					
			]	Hurricane		Capital		Capital	
	General			Michael		Projects		Projects 2013	
Fund Balances:									
Non-spendable:									
Inventory	\$	140,711							
Prepaid items		161,178							
Other		2,252							
Total non-spendable		304,141							
Spendable:									
Restricted for:									
General Government									
Housing and Urban Developmer	nt								
Infrastructure									
Community Redevelopment									
Debt Service									
Hurricane Michael			\$	6,798,492					
Total restricted				6,798,492					
Committed to:									
Disaster/Emergency Reserve				71,961,293					
Assigned		242,020			\$	7,113,256	\$	8,166,399	
Unassigned		14,585,827							
Total	\$	15,131,988	\$	78,759,785	\$	7,113,256	\$	8,166,399	

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

	Major	r Funds		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds					
	Capital Projects Infrastructure Capital Projects Surtax New City Hall				rastructure Surtax		General Grants		
						\$	108,321		
				\$	6,328,580				
					6,328,580		108,321		
5	14,878,265	\$	1,818,153						
5	14,878,265	\$	1,818,153	\$	6,328,580	\$	108,321		

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds						
	Community Planning and Development		State Housing Initiative Partnership City		State Housing Initiative Partnership County		Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund	
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventory	\$	124,761	\$	2,207,379				
Prepaid items								
Other								
Total non-spendable		124,761		2,207,379				
Spendable:	<u></u>	_						
Restricted for:								
General Government								
Housing and Urban Development		1,032,060		5,086,164	\$	779,451		
Infrastructure								
Community Redevelopment								
Debt Service								
Hurricane Michael							\$	225,675
Total restricted		1,032,060		5,086,164		779,451		225,675
Committed to:								
Disaster/Emergency Reserve								
Assigned								
Unassigned								
Total	\$	1,156,821	\$	7,293,543	\$	779,451	\$	225,675

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds							
Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency St. Andrews		Co Red	nama City ommunity evelopment Agency owntown	C Red	nama City ommunity levelopment Agency ntown North	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Millville		
				\$	199,297 1,320 200,617			
\$	595,084	\$	510,364		1,097,228	\$	216,118	
\$	595,084	\$	510,364	\$	1,297,845	\$	216,118	

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

	Non-Major Debt Service Funds							
	Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013A		Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B		Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016		Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)	
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventory								
Prepaid items								
Other								
Total non-spendable								
Spendable:		_		_		_		
Restricted for:								
General Government								
Housing and Urban Development								
Infrastructure								
Community Redevelopment								
Debt Service	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	81,874
Hurricane Michael								
Total restricted		243,419		1,000,668		63,506		81,874
Committed to:								
Disaster/Emergency Reserve								
Assigned								
Unassigned								
Total	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	81,874

### NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### Fund Balance Summary

Non-Major Debt Service Funds						
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018		frastructure Sales Surtax evenue Note Series 2018	Huricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018	Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019		
\$ 1,185,659 1,185,659	\$	1,898,286				
\$ 1,185,659	\$	1,898,286				

### **NOTE 14 – MERCHANT LICENSE TAX ABATEMENT**

The City considers economic incentives to encourage retail businesses to build or expand within the city limits of Panama City. City Commission uses both qualitative and quantitative economic factors in approving abatements. To incentivize the development of a retail center located in Panama City, the City entered into an agreement with a real estate developer to refund a portion of the City's operating merchant license tax attributable to the merchants' operations on the retail center site. The agreement refunds 90% of the operating merchant license tax collected on the property, with a maximum reinvestment amount by the City of \$15,142,467 over a period of up to 15 years. As conditions for payments by the City, the developer must certify that 50% or more of the business units are new business units which are open to the public. The City's promise to pay is evidenced and secured by an annual covenant to budget and appropriate from lawfully available, non-ad valorem revenues containing a disclaimer of the City maintaining any particular revenue source, all in a form traditionally used in municipal borrowings and often validated under Florida Statutes Chapter 75. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City abated merchant license taxes totaling \$179,930, all of which were to this business.

### **NOTE 15 – HURRICANE MICHAEL**

The City experienced a catastrophic natural disaster when Hurricane Michael, a Category 5 storm, struck the area on October 10, 2018. The City suffered significant damage to water and sewer lines, other infrastructure, buildings, marinas, parks and equipment. The City had insurance to cover some of these damages. After the storm, the City incurred almost \$8 million in emergency protective measures which included costs to provide comfort stations for citizens and workers. Along with these widespread damages, the City also incurred costs for debris cleanup and removal. Estimates are that the City collected over forty years of debris in the fifteen months following Hurricane Michael.

The City has been and will continue to work with our consultants, FEMA and the State to determine all of the damages and the costs to restore the City. Debris cleanup and removal, restoration and repair work has been ongoing since the storm struck. The City expects the costs of the emergency protective measures and debris removal to exceed \$89 million. FEMA is expected to reimburse the City 100% of these costs incurred during the first 45 days after the storm, and 90% of the costs after that time period. As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had received \$14,961,503.72 from FEMA and expects to receive an additional \$86 million by September 30, 2020 for fiscal year 2019. The total costs of debris removal and to repair and restore the vast damages to the City are expected to be in excess of \$400 million with much of the costs to be reimbursed by insurance, FEMA, 428 projects, HMGP, CDBG-DR, CDBG-MIT and other State funds. As of the date of issuance, the City has over 200 projects started in various stages of processing with FEMA. At the time of issuance of these financial statements, the full impact of the damages and their effects on the City's financial statements have not been fully determined.

### NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

*Grant Program*. The City participates in various federal and state grants. These programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the funding agency or their representatives. If grant revenues are received for expenditures which are subsequently disallowed, the City may be required to repay the revenues to the funding agency. In the opinion of management, liabilities resulting from such disallowed expenditures, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2019, there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits in process or completed.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has approved a Community Development Block Grant in the amount of \$344,161 that begins on October 1, 2019.

Self-Insurance Programs. The City is self-insured for employee health. See Note 5 for further details.

**Construction Commitments.** The City has outstanding commitments for construction contracts at year end. The commitments represent the difference between the contract prices of the various projects and the amounts paid on each contract. Outstanding construction commitments by fund at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

### Governmental Funds -

General Fund	\$ 89,000
Hurricane Michael	188,851
Capital Projects	3,310,847
Capital Projects 2013	1,020,254
Capital Projects City Hall	2,998,118
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax	173,646
Community Redevelopment Agency-Downtown North	54,273
Community Redevelopment Agency-Millville	49,543
Infrastructure Surtax	336,988
Community Planning and Development	300

### **Proprietary Funds:**

Utilities	\$ 7,385,415
Marina	1,135,965
Equipment Maintenance	51,756

*Marina Project.* The City borrowed \$12,999,000 in 2013 of which \$8,166,399 remains unspent. The remaining portion of the project is still in the planning phase.

### **NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS** (Continued)

Line of Credit Issuance. On December 14, 2018 the City issued Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018 in the amount of \$50,000,000 for Hurricane Michael related expenses. On March 29, 2019 the City issued Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019 in the amount of \$75,000,000 which refunded the December 14, 2018 Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018 and will be used for Hurricane Michael related expenses. As of July 29, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were issued, the City has made \$10,000,000 in additional draws on the line of credit.

COVID-19. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, China. The World Health Organization has declared the outbreak to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our customers, employees and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

*Other Subsequent Events.* The City did not have any other subsequent events requiring disclosure or recording in these financial statements through July 29, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were issued.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON MAJOR FUNDS (GENERAL FUND)
- > PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT SCHEDULES



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### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 21,089,950	\$ 21,089,950	\$ 19,987,261	\$ (1,102,689)	
Licenses and permits	9,576,500	9,576,500	9,650,287	73,787	
Intergovernmental	5,758,210	6,974,869	7,758,341	783,472	
Charges for services	1,446,721	1,446,721	1,164,419	(282,302)	
Investment earnings	275,000	275,000	318,962	43,962	
Miscellaneous	270,000	821,000	2,135,286	1,314,286	
Total revenues	38,416,381	40,184,040	41,014,556	830,516	
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
General government	6,174,216	6,750,870	6,201,011	549,859	
Public safety	19,181,341	19,181,977	18,639,334	542,643	
Transportation	4,467,052	4,531,791	2,939,075	1,592,716	
Economic environment	1,188,456	1,188,456	1,175,295	13,161	
Human services	310,000	310,000	235,158	74,842	
Culture and recreation	3,232,824	2,827,105	2,050,925	776,180	
Debt Service:					
Capital lease principal	811,736	811,736	622,728	189,008	
Capital lease interest			44,326	(44,326)	
Capital outlay	678,035	1,508,649	1,334,561	174,088	
Total expenditures	36,043,660	37,110,584	33,242,413	3,868,171	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	2,372,721	3,073,456	7,772,143	4,698,687	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	2,127,571	2,353,752	2,353,541	(211)	
Transfers out	(8,828,993)	(21,776,273)	(21,333,348)	442,925	
Issuance of long-term debt			1,023,412	1,023,412	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(6,701,422)	(19,422,521)	(17,956,395)	1,466,126	
Net change in fund balance	(4,328,701)	(16,349,065)	(10,184,252)	6,164,813	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	25,316,240	25,316,240	25,316,240		
End of year	\$ 20,987,539	\$ 8,967,175	\$ 15,131,988	\$ 6,164,813	

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION **LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS** REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years**

		ice Officers' Pension 9/30/2019	ice Officers' Pension 9/30/2018	ice Officers' Pension 9/30/2017	Pension 9/30/2016	lice Officers' Pension 9/30/2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	,	\$ ,	\$ 885,176	\$ 1,254,367	\$ 1,110,917
Interest		3,259,155	3,181,465	3,099,797	2,907,190	2,710,277
Change in Excess State Money		2,209				
Changes in benefit terms					619,363	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(37,800)	(565,730)	(452,178)	726,890	
Changes in assumptions		879,242			184,891	
Contributions - buy back			13,249	11,054		
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,533,001)	(2,542,719)	 (2,456,851)	(2,136,270)	 (2,108,924)
Net change in total pension liability	·	2,449,815	948,226	1,086,998	3,556,431	1,712,270
Total pension liability - beginning		41,125,933	40,177,707	39,090,709	35,534,278	33,822,008
Total pension liability - ending (a)		43,575,748	41,125,933	40,177,707	39,090,709	35,534,278
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer		924,910	957,303	1,372,342	1,292,438	1,411,641
Contributions - state		343,438	336,697	325,836	312,431	292,899
Contributions - employee		346,586	329,705	334,052	221,583	220,523
Contributions - buy back		,-	13,249	11,054	,	- ,-
Net investment income		2,258,395	2,827,366	2,640,449	(966,448)	2,905,224
Benefit payments including refunds		2,200,000	2,027,000	2,0.0,	(>00,1.0)	2,5 00,22 .
of employee contributions		(2,533,001)	(2,542,719)	(2,456,851)	(2,136,270)	(2,108,924)
Administrative expense		(64,719)	(40,885)	(46,785)	(41,641)	(29,479)
Net change in plan fiduciary		(0.,72)	 (10,002)	 (10,700)	(11,011)	 (25,5)
net position		1,275,609	1,880,716	2,180,097	(1,317,907)	2,691,884
-		-,-,-,,,,,		 	(=,==+,,==+,)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		33,364,256	31,483,540	29,303,443	30,621,350	27,929,466
Plan fiduciary net position -		33,304,230	 31,403,340	 29,303,443	 30,021,330	 27,727,400
ending (b)		34,639,865	33,364,256	31,483,540	 29,303,443	30,621,350
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	8,935,883	\$ 7,761,677	\$ 8,694,167	\$ 9,787,266	\$ 4,912,928
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of the total pension		79.49%	81.13%	78.36%	74.96%	86.17%
Covered payroll  Net pension liability as a percentage of	\$	4,263,073	\$ 4,055,417	\$ 4,184,070	\$ 4,041,893	\$ 3,952,031
covered payroll		209.61%	191.39%	207.79%	242.15%	124.31%

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

### **Notes to Schedules:**

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from:

- •The member contribution rate increased from 5.58% to 8.13%, effective October 1, 2015.
- •Effective October 1, 2015, the supplemental benefit shall increase from \$450 to \$650 per month for Members who retire on or after October 1, 2015. This supplemental benefit is payable to service retirees (Early and Normal) and Members with vested deferred benefits who terminate employment.

Changes of assumption:

For measurement date 9/30/18, the investment rate of return was lowered from 8.00% to 7.80%

For measurement date 09/30/2016, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from an actuarial experience study dated December 2, 2015, the Board has approved a number of changes to the actuarial assumptions, including the following:

For the 2016 Reporting Period Ending year, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from an actuarial experience study dated December 2, 2015, the Board has approved a number of changes to the actuarial assumptions including the following:

- The assumed rate of salary increases has been changed from a flat assumption of 6.00% per year to a service-based assumption table.
- The mortality table assumption has been changed from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (sex distinct) with no adjustment for future mortality improvements for healthy lives and a 5-year set forward for disabled lives to the mortality table assumption that is in compliance with Chapter 2015-157, Florida Statutes. Specifically, the new mortality table assumption is the special risk mortality tables reflected in the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2014.
- The assumed probability of Early Retirement has increased from 5.0% to 10.0% per year.
- The assumed probability of Normal Retirement has been changed from 100% retirement probability for any member who has satisfied the requirements for Normal Retirement eligibility to a table with a 50% probability at first eligibility, 75% the following year and 100% two (2) years following first eligibility.
- The assumed rate of termination has been changed from an age-based table to a service-based table.
- The assumed rate of disablement has been reduced in half at each age.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2019	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2018	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2017	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2016	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2015	Police Officers' Pension 9/30/2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,321,483	\$ 1,271,961	\$ 1,290,387	\$ 1,688,178	\$ 1,604,869	\$ 1,704,540
Contributions in relation to the actuarially						
determined contributions	1,316,747	1,266,139	1,294,000	1,698,178	1,604,869	1,704,540
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 4,736	\$ 5,822	\$ (3,613)	\$ (10,000)		
Covered payroll	\$ 4,496,435	\$ 4,263,073	\$ 4,055,417	\$ 4,184,070	\$ 4,041,893	\$ 3,952,031
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	29.28%	29.70%	31.91%	40.59%	39.71%	43.13%

### **Notes to Schedules:**

Valuation Date: 10/1/2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method.

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, closed.

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2017).

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Healthy Inactive Female: RP-2000 Generational, 100%Combined Healthy, White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy, White Collar/90% Annuitant Healthy Blue

Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no

setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60 % RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no

setback, no projection scale.

Interest Rate: 8% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported by the

target asset allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Normal Retirement: Number of Years Following First

Eligibility	Retirement Probability
0	50%
1	75%
2	100%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial

experience study.

Early Retirement: Commencing with the earliest Early Retirement Age (40), Members are assumed to retire with an

immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 10% per year. This assumption was approved by the

Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Payroll Growth: 1.52% per year. The assumption is in compliance with Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

Disability Rates:

See table below (1207 \* 0.5). It is assumed that 75% of disablements are service related.

Age	Probability
25	0.045%
35	0.07%
45	0.15%
55	0.48%
65	0.00%

The assumed rates of disablement were approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

**Termination Rates:** 

Service	Probability
<1	12.0%
1	11.5%
2	11.0%
3	10.5%
4	10.0%
5	8.0%
6	7.5%
7	7.0%
8	6.5%
9	6.0%
10	5.5%
11	5.0%
12	4.5%
13	4.0%
14	3.5%
15+	2.0%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Salary Increases:

Service	Increase
<1	8.5%
1	7.5%
2	6.5%
3-10	5.5%
11+	5.0%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Additionally, the projected salary in the year of retirement is increased on an individual basis to account for payouts of non-regular compensation.

Cost-of-Living:

2% per year from the later retirement of age 50 to Social Security Retirement Age.

Asset Valuation Method:

Each year, the Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward using the historical geometric four-year average of Market Value Return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time, this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below the Market Value of Assets.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2019			Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2018	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2017			Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2016	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2015
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$	807,572	9	932,890	\$	814,109	\$	840,054	\$ 753,886
Interest		3,813,594		3,844,945		3,713,228		3,604,980	3,478,697
Changes in Benefit Terms									
Differences between expected and									
actual experience		158,830		(656,507)		(839,486)		196,997	
Changes in assumptions		556,455		(212,715)		1,689,388			
Contributions - buy back						20,069			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(3,434,408)		(3,709,120)		(4,030,129)		(2,495,847)	(2,984,580)
Net change in total pension liability		1,902,043		199,493		1,367,179		2,146,184	1,248,003
Total pension liability - beginning		49,189,281		48,989,788		47,622,609		45,476,425	44,228,422
Total pension liability - ending (a)		51,091,324		49,189,281		48,989,788		47,622,609	45,476,425
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer		1,912,733		1,730,909		1,641,064		1,568,772	1,433,019
Contributions - employer  Contributions - state		313,843		305,820		331,496		327,139	355,576
Contributions - state  Contributions - employee		252,579		248,753		229,393		218,870	207,185
Contributions - buy back		232,379		246,733		20,069		210,070	207,163
Net investment income		2,119,621		3,139,126		2,897,802		(1,162,379)	3,164,093
Benefit payments including refunds		2,119,021		3,139,120		2,097,002		(1,102,379)	3,104,073
of employee contributions		(3,434,408)		(3,709,120)		(4,030,129)		(2,495,847)	(2,984,580)
Administrative expense		(58,383)		(38,203)		(38,737)		(33,019)	(26,647)
Net change in plan fiduciary		(30,303)		(38,203)		(36,737)	_	(33,019)	 (20,047)
net position		1,105,985		1,677,285		1,050,958		(1,576,464)	2,148,646
Plan fiduciary net position -									
beginning		35,013,441		33,336,156		32,285,198		33,861,662	31,713,016
Plan fiduciary net position -						,,		,,	 - ,,-
ending (b)		36,119,426		35,013,441		33,336,156		32,285,198	33,861,662
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	14,971,898	\$	14,175,840	\$	15,653,632	\$	15,337,411	\$ 11,614,763
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		70.70%		71.18%		68.05%		67.79%	74.46%
Covered payroll	\$	3,367,671	\$	3,316,702	\$	3,058,582	\$	3,402,962	\$ 2,656,214
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		444.58%		427.41%		511.79%		450.71%	437.27%

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

### **Notes to Schedules:**

The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

### Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, the 30-year maximum accrual benefit cap for future retirees has been removed. The new benefit cap will be 100% of Average Final Compensation.

### Changes of assumption:

For measurement date 9/30/2018, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.9% to 7.8% per year net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 09/30/2017, as a result of an actuarial experience study dated November 16, 2017, the following changes have been incorporated:

- \*The assumed rate of investment return was lowered from 8.00% to 7.90% per year, net of investment related expenses.
- \* The assumed rates of salary increases were amended from a flat rate of 6.00% per year to a service-based table.
- \* As mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed from the rates used by the Florida Retirement System actuary in July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation to the rates used in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation for special risk lives.
- \*The assumed rates of retirement were amended to remove the assumption that members eligible for normal retirement on the valuation date will continue employment for one additional year. Additionally, the retirement rates were amended to be 75% upon completion of 25 or 26 years of service (previously 100% at completion of 25 years), and the assumed rates of early retirement were amended from 2% per year to 0% per year.
- \*The assumed rates of withdrawal were amended from an age-based table to a service-based table.
- \* The assumed rates of disablement were reduced at each age by 30%.
- \* The payroll growth assumption was reduced from 0.9% to 0.0% per year.
- \* Prior to measuring the impact of the assumption changes stated directly above, a "fresh start" to the existing Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was implemented. The "fresh start" effectively consolidated all existing UAAL layers into one single layer which will be amortized over a 16-year period. As approved by the Board of Trustees, all future UAAL layers will be amortized as a level dollar over a 15-year period.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2019	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2018		Pension 9/30/2017	Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2016		Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2015		Firefighters' Pension 9/30/2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,231,911	\$ 2,252,865	\$	2,003,301	\$	1,969,699	\$	1,895,911	\$ 1,788,595
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined									
contributions	2,233,227	2,226,576		2,036,729		1,972,560		1,895,911	1,788,595
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,316)	\$ 26,289	\$	(33,428)	\$	(2,861)	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,508,805	\$ 3,367,671	\$	3,316,702	\$	3,058,582	\$	3,402,962	\$ 2,656,214
covered payroll	63.65%	66.12%		61.41%		64.49%		55.71%	67.34%

### Notes to Schedules:

Valuation Date: 10/1/2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are utilized for determination of the Total Required

Contribution:

- Interest - a half-year, based on the 7.9% assumption.

- Salary - a full-year, based on the 5.9% assumption.

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, Layered closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2017)

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives: Female: RP-2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy, White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP-2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection

scale.

Male: 60 % RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The above assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report. We fee this assumption sufficiently accommodates future

mortality improvements

Interest Rate: 7.9% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age: Age Service Rate

Age	Service	Kate					
55+	Less than 25 years	100.0%					
All	25 years	75.0%					
All	26 years	75.0%					
A11	27+ years	100.0%					

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Early Retirement: Commencing with the eligibility for Early Retirement Age (45), Members are assumed to retire with an immediate

subsidized benefit at the rate of 0% per year.

 $Disability \ and \ Termination \ Rates: \qquad See \ table \ below. \ It \ is \ assumed \ that \ 75\% \ of \ disablements \ are \ service \ related.$ 

ility Rates	Termination Rates							
Rate	Service	Rate						
0.049%	<10	6.0%						
0.077%	10-15	4.0%						
0.130%	16+	2.0%						
0.357%								
	Rate 0.049% 0.077% 0.130%	Rate         Service           0.049%         <10	Rate         Service         Rate           0.049%         <10					

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Rate

Salary Increases: Service <1

<1 10.00% 1-9 5.50% 10-15 5.50% 16+ 4.50%

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Payroll Growth: 0.9% per year

Cost-of-Living Increase: 3% per year from retirement to Social Security Retirement Age.

Asset Valuation Method: Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average of

Market Value Return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or

below the Market Value of Assets.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	]	Management Pension /30/2019	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2018		Senior Management Pension 9/30/2017		Senior Management Pension 9/30/2016		Pension 9/30/2015		Senior Management Pension 9/30/2014	
Total Pension Liability												
Service cost	\$	110,201	\$	120,363	\$	132,908	5	111,867	\$	77,922	\$	82,808
Interest		248,762		251,099		225,197		175,476		230,283		194,644
Differences Between Expected and												
Actual Experience		(75,694)		(196,369)		85,036		(14,017)		58,580		
Changes in Assumptions						178,858		599,329		(250,495)		
Benefit payments, including refunds												
of employee contributions		(244,545)		(187,835)		(238,268)		(181,415)		(178,688)		(119,587)
Net change in total pension liability		38,724		(12,742)		383,731		691,240		(62,398)		157,865
Total pension liability - beginning		3,545,464		3,558,206		3,174,475		2,483,235		2,545,633		2,387,768
Total pension liability - ending (a)		3,584,188		3,545,464		3,558,206		3,174,475		2,483,235		2,545,633
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer		126,650		133,443		120,859		94,097		75,852		83,416
Contributions - employee		60,396		51,728		56,300		57,925		54,179		59,205
Net investment income				234,985		378,842		218,716		1,838		218,211
Benefit payments including refunds												
of employee contributions		(244,545)		(187,835)		(238, 268)		(181,415)		(174,790)		(142,266)
Administrative expense		(14,254)		(21,537)		(22,323)		(15,276)		(18,501)		(18,611)
Net change in plan fiduciary		<u> </u>		, , , ,		, , ,						
net position		(71,753)		210,784		295,410		174,047		(61,422)		199,955
Plan fiduciary net position -												
beginning		3,365,609		3,154,825		2,859,415		2,685,368		2,746,790		2,546,835
Plan fiduciary net position -		3,303,007		5,15 .,625		2,000,110		2,002,500		2,7 10,770		2,5 10,055
ending (b)		3,468,590		3,365,609		3,154,825		2,859,415		2,685,368		2,746,790
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	115,598	\$	179,855	\$	403,381	\$	315,060	\$	(202,133)	\$	(201,157)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		96.77%		94.93%		88.66%		90.08%		108.14%		107.90%
Covered payroll	\$	1,124,599	\$	1,147,863	\$	1,338,740	\$	1,203,982	\$	1,177,075	\$	1,250,562
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		10.28%		15.67%		30.13%		26.17%	No	ot applicable	No	ot applicable

### Notes to Schedule;

The amortization period for demographic experience and assumption changes was 10.56 years for the 2014/15 fiscal year, 9.71 years for the 2015/16 fiscal year, 4.97 years for the 2016/17 fiscal year, 4.72 years for the 2017/18 fiscal year, and 4.59 years for the 2018/19 fiscal year.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2019	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2018	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2017	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2016	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2015	Senior Management Pension 9/30/2014		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 122,134	\$ 133,443	\$ 120,859	\$ 94,097	\$ 77,852	\$ 83,416		
actuarially determined contributions	126,650	133,443	120,859	94,097	77,852	83,416		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 4,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 1,124,599	\$ 1,147,863	\$ 1,338,740	\$ 1,203,982	\$ 1,177,075	\$ 1,250,562		
covered payroll	11.26%	11.63%	9.03%	7.82%	6.61%	6.67%		

### **Notes to Schedules:**

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Aggregate actuarial cost method
Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, Open
Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2018)

Asset Valuation Method: Market Value Inflation: 2.77% per year

Salary Increases: 4%

Interest Rate: 7% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age: Age 59 with 10 years of credited service for Category I employees, or age 59

with 6 years of credited service for Category II and III employees. Categories are as follows: Category I - Designated managers and directors and the City Engineer. Category II - City Commission, Assistant City Manager, and City

Clerk. Category III - City Manager.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table, with

full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2019		F	Florida Retirement	R	Florida Letirement	R	Florida Letirement	F	Florida Retirement	
				System 9/30/2018	Ç	System 9/30/2017	Ç	System 9/30/2016	(	System 9/30/2015	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0.004179199%		0.004192135%		0.005168281%		0.005341020%		0.007041064%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,439,258	\$	1,262,693	\$	1,528,743	\$	1,348,612	\$	909,448	
City's covered payroll	\$	1,434,755	\$	1,485,888	\$	1,709,792	\$	1,783,283	\$	2,166,895	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		100.31%		84.98%		89.41%		75.63%		41.97%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.39%		84.88%		92.00%	

### **Notes to Schedules:**

The amounts presented were determined by an actuarial valuation on July 1 of the fiscal year. The measurement period and measurement date is June 30 of the fiscal year.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2019	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2018	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2017	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2016	Florida Retirement System 9/30/2015		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 125,644	\$ 119,349	\$ 133,004	\$ 132,720	\$ 133,750		
actuarially determined contributions	125,644	119,349	133,004	132,720	133,750		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 1,373,757	\$ 1,455,964	\$ 1,665,463	\$ 1,761,327	\$ 1,979,255		
covered payroll	9.15%	8.20%	7.99%	7.54%	6.76%		

### **Notes to Schedules:**

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, one year prior to the end of the plan year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level Percent, Closed, Layered

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years

Asset Valuation Method: 5 years, Asymptotic, 80%-120% of fair market value

Inflation: 2.60%
Salary Increases: 0.65%
Investment Rate of Return: 7.20%

Cost of Living Adjustments: 3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter

Mortality: PUB-2010 base table varies by member catergory and gender,

projected generationally with Scale MP-2018

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Subs	Ith Insurance sidy Program 0/30/2019	Sub	lth Insurance sidy Program 9/30/2018	Sub	lth Insurance sidy Program 9/30/2017	Subs	lth Insurance sidy Program 9/30/2016	Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2015		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0.004281595%		0.004510270%		0.005285613%		0.005781922%		0.007153432%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	479,068	\$	477,372	\$	565,162	\$	673,859	\$	729,538	
City's covered payroll	\$	1,434,755	\$	1,485,888	\$	1,709,792	\$	1,783,283	\$	2,166,895	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a											
percentage of its covered payroll		33.39%		32.13%		33.05%		37.79%		33.67%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%	

### **Notes to Schedules:**

The amounts presented were determined by an actuarial valuation on July 1 of the fiscal year. The measurement period and measurement date is June 30 of the fiscal year.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2019		Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2018		Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2017		Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2016		Health Insurance Subsidy Program 9/30/2015	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	22,804	\$	24,169	\$	27,647	\$	29,402	\$	27,071	
contributions		22,804		24,169		27,647		29,402		27,071	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 1,373,757		\$ 1,455,964		\$ 1,665,463		\$ 1,771,190		\$ 2	,003,319	
covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.35%	

### **Notes to Schedules:**

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age

Amortization Method: Level Percent, Closed, Layered

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 years

Asset Valuation Method: 5 years, Asymptotic, 80%-120% of fair market value

Inflation:2.60%Salary Increases:0.65%Investment Rate of Return7.20%

Cost of Living Adjustments 3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter

Mortality Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	<u>Poli</u>	ce Officers'				
Net of Investment Expense	7.32%	6.89%	9.15%	9.14%	(3.19%)	10.49%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	<u>Fir</u>	refighters'				
Net of Investment Expense	5.26%	6.16%	9.71%	9.15%	(3.45%)	10.13%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	<u>Senior</u>	Management				
Net of Investment Expense	4.94%	7.50%	13.41%	8.23%	0.07%	8.60%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	<u>Florida Re</u>	etirement Syst	<u>em</u>			
Net of Investment Expense	5.98%	9.28%	13.59%	0.57%	3.77%	17.57%
Annual Manay Weighted Date of Detum	<u>Health In</u>	surance Subsi	<u>dy</u>			
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	5.98%	9.28%	13.59%	0.57%	3.77%	17.57%

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	OPEB 9/30/2019		(	OPEB 9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability				_
Service cost	\$	162,702	\$	202,889
Interest		140,393		140,999
Changes in Assumptions		(293,437)		
Difference between actual and expected experience		(611,146)		
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(239,660)		(271,432)
Net change in total pension liability		(841,148)		72,456
Total OPEB liability - beginning, as restated		3,877,679		3,805,223
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		3,036,531		3,877,679
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer				
Contributions - employee				
Net investment income				
Benefit payments including refunds				
of employee contributions				
Administrative expense				
Net change in plan fiduciary				
net position				
Plan fiduciary net position -				
beginning				
Plan fiduciary net position -				
ending (b)				
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,036,531	\$	3,877,679
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB				
Covered payroll	\$	18,201,713	\$	17,336,337
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	Ψ	10,201,713	Ψ	17,550,557
		16 600/		22 270/
payroll		16.68%		22.37%

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

### THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
- ➤ BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON GENERAL FUND
- ➤ SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL OTHER MAJOR AND NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
- > INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
- > FIDUCIARY FUNDS



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### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

*Infrastructure Surtax* – This special revenue fund is used to account for local option infrastructure sales surtax (pursuant to Florida Statutes 212.055) to provide for the construction of various infrastructure improvements including park and recreation improvements, street resurfacing, and street reconstruction.

*General Grants* - This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues received from various state and federal agencies other than grants accounted for in other special revenue funds.

Community Planning and Development – This special revenue fund accounts for revenues from the Department of Housing and Urban Development and expenditures of these funds.

State Housing Initiative Partnership – City and County – These special revenue funds are used to account for revenues received from the State Housing Initiative Partnership program.

Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for charitable contributions for Hurricane Michael relief.

Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency – St. Andrews, Downtown, Downtown North, and Millville – These special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from the incremental increases in ad valorem taxes levied each year by taxing authorities on taxable real property in the project areas.

### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds account for the payment of principal and interest on debt reported in the general long-term debt account group.

The Capital Improvement Taxable Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013A, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2013A note.

The *Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2013B note.

The Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2016 note.

The *Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2008 revenue note.

The Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2018 note.

The *Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note*, *Series 2018*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2018 note.

The *Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2018 note.

The *Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note and Refunding, Series 2019*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the 2019 note.



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### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Special Revenue									
ASSETS	Infrastructure Surtax			General Grants		ommunity Planning and evelopment		State Housing Initiative Partnership City		
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governmental entities  Due from other funds  Prepaid items	\$	6,044,604 289,821	\$	61,369 73,389	\$	6,107 14,889 1,389	\$	1,970,161		
Inventories						124,761		2,207,379		
Notes receivable						1,193,701		3,152,000		
Total Assets	\$	6,334,425	\$	134,758	\$	1,340,847	\$	7,329,540		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	5,845	\$	26,437	\$	4,355	\$	33,682		
Due to other funds						171,096		371		
Due to other governmental entities										
Accrued salaries						8,575		1,944		
Total liabilities		5,845		26,437		184,026		35,997		
Fund Balances:										
Non-Spendable						124,761		2,207,379		
Spendable:										
Restricted		6,328,580		108,321		1,032,060		5,086,164		
Total fund balances		6,328,580		108,321		1,156,821		7,293,543		
Total Liabilities and										
Fund Balances	\$	6,334,425	\$	134,758	\$	1,340,847	\$	7,329,540		

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Special Revenue

Special Revenue											
State Housing Initiative Partnership County		Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund		Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency St. Andrews		Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown		Rec	nnama City community development Agency rntown North	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Millville	
\$	631,006 423,495 360	\$	225,675	\$	622,836	\$	512,983	\$	816,236 275 1,320 199,297 323,099	\$	189,790 36,672
\$	1,054,861	\$	225,675	\$	622,836	\$	512,983	\$	1,340,227	\$	226,462
\$	20,523 1,401			\$	26,835	\$	1,702	\$	39,798	\$	9,42
	251,615 1,871 275,410				917 27,752		917 2,619		2,584 42,382		910
									200,617		
	779,451	\$	225,675		595,084		510,364		1,097,228		216,113
	779,451		225,675		595,084		510,364		1,297,845		216,113
\$	1,054,861	\$	225,675	\$	622,836	\$	512,983	\$	1,340,227	\$	226,462

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Debt Service									
ASSETS	Im <sub>)</sub> Taxa Refu	Capital provement ble Revenue anding Note, ries 2013A	Im	Capital aprovement Revenue Note, ries 2013B	Imp R	Capital provement devenue Note, ries 2016	Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)			
Assets:		242.440				40.504		0.7.770		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental entities Due from other funds Prepaid items Inventories Notes receivable	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	95,779		
Total Assets	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	95,779		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable										
Due to other funds							\$	13,905		
Due to other governmental entities Accrued salaries										
Total liabilities								13,905		
Fund Balances:										
Non-Spendable										
Spendable:										
Restricted	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506		81,874		
Total fund balances		243,419		1,000,668		63,506		81,874		
Total Liabilities and										
Fund Balances	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	95,779		

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **Debt Service**

			Dent S	ei vice		
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018		Re	Frastructure Sales Surtax venue Note, eries 2018	Huricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2018	Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
\$	1,185,659	\$	1,898,286			\$ 15,568,084 801,594 2,024 1,320 2,531,437 4,705,472
\$	1,185,659	\$	1,898,286			\$ 23,609,931
						\$ 168,605 186,773 251,615 17,724 624,717
\$	1,185,659 1,185,659	\$	1,898,286 1,898,286			 2,532,757 20,452,457 22,985,214
\$	1,185,659	\$	1,898,286			\$ 23,609,931

				Special 1	Revenu	e		
	Ini	rastructure Surtax		General Grants		ommunity Planning and evelopment		State Housing Initiative Partnership City
Revenues:			Φ.	72.200	Φ.	270 220	ф	1 <10 704
Intergovernmental			\$	73,388	\$	378,238	\$	1,618,704
Taxes	\$	3,596,071						
Investment earnings		86,714		1,943		3,512		34,974
Miscellaneous				12,791		4,470		282,504
Total revenues		3,682,785		88,122		386,220		1,936,182
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic environment						323,128		418,665
Public Safety				8,506				
Debt service-								
Principal retirement								
Interest and other charges								
Capital outlay		243,886		60,929		2,600		
Total expenditures		243,886		69,435		325,728		418,665
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		3,438,899		18,687		60,492		1,517,517
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance proceeds Issuance of refunding debt Payment to refunding bond escrow agent								
Transfers in								
Transfers out		(2,117,047)		(12,789)		(40,553)		(8,162)
Total other financing		(0.115.045)		(10.500)		(40.550)		(0.162)
sources (uses)		(2,117,047)	-	(12,789)		(40,553)		(8,162)
Net change in fund balances		1,321,852		5,898		19,939		1,509,355
Fund Balances:		5.00 < 520		100.422		1.10 < 0.00		5 504 100
Beginning of year		5,006,728		102,423		1,136,882		5,784,188
End of year	\$	6,328,580	\$	108,321	\$	1,156,821	\$	7,293,543

	Speci	ial	Re	ven	ue
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State Housing Initiative Partnership County		Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency St. Andrews	C Rec	nnama City ommunity levelopment Agency Owntown	C Rec	nnama City ommunity levelopment Agency ntown North	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Millville		
\$	554,994		\$ 483,053	\$	278,779	\$	1,225,586	\$	323,844	
	11,129	\$ 236,346	8,086		7,500		12,461 280,267		2,334 161,404	
	566,123	236,346	491,139		286,279		1,518,314		487,582	
	566,123	10,671	197,632		145,219		1,017,352		155,742	
	566,123	10,671	197,632		145,219		1,268,544 2,285,896		155,742	
		225,675	293,507		141,060		(767,582)		331,840	
							1,223,814			
	(6,202)		(5,900	)	(3,425)		(60,272)		(158,574)	
	(6,202)		(5,900	)	(3,425)		1,163,542		(158,574)	
	(6,202)	225,675	287,607		137,635		395,960		173,266	
	785,653	,	307,477		372,729		901,885		42,852	
\$	779,451	\$ 225,675	\$ 595,084	\$	510,364	\$	1,297,845	\$	216,118	

	Debt Service										
	Imp Taxab Refun	Capital rovement le Revenue ding Note, es 2013A		Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B	:	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016	Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)				
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental											
Taxes	ď	1,910	¢	7 127	¢	620	ď	1,500			
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	1,910	\$	7,127	\$	620	\$	1,500			
		1.010		7 127		620		1.500			
Total revenues		1,910		7,127		620		1,500			
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Economic environment											
Public Safety											
Debt service-											
Principal retirement		231,000		845,000		197,000		143,000			
Interest and other charges		7,896		251,709		53,451		13,629			
Capital outlay											
Total expenditures		238,896		1,096,709		250,451		156,629			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(236,986)		(1,089,582)		(249,831)		(155,129)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance proceeds Issuance of refunding debt											
Payment to refunding bond escrow agen	t	2.12.200		1 120 511		250 522		154041			
Transfers in Transfers out		242,309		1,139,711		250,533		156,241			
Total other financing											
		242,309		1,139,711		250,533		156,241			
sources (uses)		242,309		1,139,/11		230,333		130,241			
Net change in fund balances		5,323		50,129		702		1,112			
Fund Balances:											
Beginning of year		238,096		950,539		62,804		80,762			
End of year	\$	243,419	\$	1,000,668	\$	63,506	\$	81,874			

#### **Debt Service**

			)CI VI			<del></del>	
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018		ment Surtax Recovery Note, Revenue Note, Revenue Note,			an Ro	Hurricane Recovery d Refunding evenue Note, Series 2019	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
							\$ 4,936,586
							3,596,071
\$	8,953	\$ 276					189,039
							 977,782
	8,953	276					 9,699,478
							2,834,532 8,506
	405,000						1,821,000
	505,263	259,678	\$	193,695	\$	265,036	1,550,357
							1,575,959
	910,263	259,678		193,695		265,036	7,790,354
	(901,310)	(259,402)		(193,695)		(265,036)	1,909,124
						41,185,195	1,223,814 41,185,195
						(41,185,195)	(41,185,195)
	1,438,525	2,117,047		193,695		265,036	5,803,097
							 (2,412,924)
	1,438,525	2,117,047	\$	193,695	\$	265,036	 4,613,987
	537,215	1,857,645					6,523,111
	648,444	40,641					 16,462,103
\$	1,185,659	\$ 1,898,286					\$ 22,985,214

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 Variance
Legislative	\$	343,556	\$	343,563	\$	297,966	\$ 45,597
Executive		907,171		877,411		875,159	2,252
Finance and Administration - City Clerk		929,400		927,669		917,996	9,673
Finance and Administration - Purchasing		33,138		37,434		33,758	3,676
Finance and Administration - Human Resources		506,584		504,816		468,528	36,288
Finance and Administration - Data Processing		679,607		965,525		693,567	271,958
Finance and Administration - Legal Counsel		532,200		832,200		820,993	11,207
Public Works - Engineering		835,283		823,865		739,662	84,203
Public Works - Street		4,670,010		4,751,249		2,879,171	1,872,078
Public Works - Other		1,036,001		921,293		936,411	(15,118)
Police	1:	2,439,927		12,470,021		11,976,002	494,019
Fire		7,697,450		8,590,607		8,594,917	(4,310)
Leisure Services		2,546,868		2,143,378		1,801,859	341,519
Non-departmental		2,886,465		2,921,553		2,206,424	715,129
Total General Fund Expenditures by Department	\$ 3	6,043,660	\$ :	37,110,584	\$	33,242,413	\$ 3,868,171

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA HURRICANE MICHAEL

	Budgete	d Am	ounts		
	Original		Final	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues:					_
Grants		\$	14,961,504	\$ 78,998,453	\$ 64,036,949
Investment earnings				124,948	124,948
Miscellaneous			156,644	31,696	 (124,948)
Total revenues			15,118,148	 79,155,097	 64,036,949
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
General government			71,575,164	74,217,364	(2,642,200)
Public safety			230,557	689,948	(459,391)
Transportation			328,670	301,012	27,658
Economic environment			140,150	135,835	4,315
Culture/recreation			54,900	4,511,273	(4,456,373)
Capital outlay:					
General government			78,270	1,296,860	(1,218,590)
Public safety			226,500	3,686,989	(3,460,489)
Transportation			6,830	383,636	(376,806)
Economic environment			141,900	141,871	29
Culture/recreation			181,360	5,409,882	(5,228,522)
Total expenditures			72,964,301	90,774,670	(17,810,369)
Deficiency of revenues					
under expenditures			(57,846,153)	(11,619,573)	46,226,580
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance proceeds			389,435	18,876,796	18,487,361
Proceeds from long-term debt			59,054,497	59,054,497	
Transfers in			12,906,769	12,906,796	27
Transfers out			(8,025,320)	(458,731)	7,566,589
Total other financing			· ·	<u> </u>	
sources (uses)			64,325,381	 90,379,358	26,053,977
Net change in fund balance			6,479,228	78,759,785	72,280,557
Fund Balance: Beginning of year					 
End of year		\$	6,479,228	\$ 78,759,785	\$ 72,280,557

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues: Taxes Investment earnings	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,596,071 86,714	\$ 396,071 86,714
Total revenues	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,682,785	482,785
Expenditures: Capital outlay	1,000,000	\$ 801,500	243,886	557,614
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,200,000	2,398,500	3,438,899	1,040,399
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - out	(2,211,682)	(5,162,007)	(2,117,047)	3,044,960
Net change in fund balance	(11,682)	(2,763,507)	1,321,852	4,085,359
Fund Balance: Beginning of year	5,006,728	5,006,728	5,006,728	
End of year	\$ 4,995,046	\$ 2,243,221	\$ 6,328,580	\$ 4,085,359

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL GRANTS

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental			\$	153,723	\$	73,388	\$	(80,335)
Investment Earnings			Ψ	133,723	Ψ	1,943	Ψ	1,943
Miscellaneous	\$	13,000		13,000		12,791		(209)
Total revenues	Ψ	13,000		166,723		88,122		(78,601)
		·				·		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety				13,897		8,506		5,391
Capital outlay				81,734		60,929		20,805
Total expenditures				95,631		69,435		26,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		13,000		71,092		18,687		(52,405)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in				40,484				(40,484)
Transfers out		(13,000)		(13,000)		(12,789)		211
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(13,000)		27,484		(12,789)		(40,273)
Net change in fund balance				98,576		5,898		(92,678)
Fund Balance:		102 422		102 422		102 422		
Beginning of year	-	102,423	-	102,423		102,423		
End of year	\$	102,423	\$	200,999	\$	108,321	\$	(92,678)

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		ariance
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	302,000	\$	302,000	\$	378,238	\$	76,238
Investment earnings	7	2,500		2,500	·	3,512	·	1,012
Miscellaneous		,		,		4,470		4,470
Total revenues		304,500		304,500		386,220		81,720
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic environment:								
Housing and Urban Development		539,394		545,200		323,128		222,072
Capital outlay						2,600		(2,600)
Total expneditures		539,394		545,200		325,728		219,472
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(234,894)		(240,700)		60,492		301,192
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(36,166)		(40,666)		(40,553)		113
Net change in fund balance		(271,060)		(281,366)		19,939		301,305
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		1,136,882		1,136,882		1,136,882		
End of year	\$	865,822	\$	855,516	\$	1,156,821	\$	301,305

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP - CITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original	Final	Actual		Variance
<b>D</b>						
Revenues:			<b>.</b> <del></del>	<b>A</b> 4 640 <b>7</b> 04	Φ.	(2.10.70.5)
Intergovernmental	\$	252,500	\$ 1,867,500	\$ 1,618,704	\$	(248,796)
Charges for services		250,000	250,000			(250,000)
Investment earnings		7,500	7,500	34,974		27,474
Miscellaneous		95,000	195,000	282,504		87,504
Total revenues		605,000	2,320,000	1,936,182		(383,818)
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Current:						
Economic environment:						
Housing and Urban Development		443,962	692,962	418,665		274,297
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		161,038	1,627,038	1,517,517		(109,521)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(2,505)	(2,505)	(8,162)		(5,657)
Net change in fund balance		158,533	1,624,533	1,509,355		(115,178)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year		5,784,188	5,784,188	5,784,188		
End of year	\$ :	5,942,721	\$ 7,408,721	\$ 7,293,543	\$	(115,178)

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP - COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	(	Original		Final	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$ 554,994	\$ 204,994
Investment earnings					 11,129	11,129
Total revenues		350,000		350,000	566,123	216,123
Expenditures: Current:						
Economic environment:						
Housing and Urban Development		350,284		606,937	566,123	40,814
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(284)		(256,937)		256,937
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out					(6,202)	(6,202)
Net change in fund balance		(284)		(256,937)	(6,202)	250,735
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year		785,653		785,653	 785,653	
End of year	\$	785,369	\$	528,716	\$ 779,451	\$ 250,735

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY FLORIDA HURRICANE DISASTER RELIEF FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				
	Original		Final		Actual	Variance	
Revenues:			_				
Contributions		\$	238,500	\$	236,346	\$	(2,154)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic environment			11,050		10,671		379
Net change in fund balance			227,450		225,675		(1,775)
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		_					
End of year		\$	227,450	\$	225,675	\$	(1,775)

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY ST. ANDREWS

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
		Original		Final	Actual	 ariance
Revenues:	'	_		_		
Intergovernmental	\$	450,410	\$	450,410	\$ 483,053	\$ 32,643
Investment earnings					8,086	8,086
Total revenues		450,410		450,410	491,139	40,729
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Economic environment		349,074		353,738	197,632	156,106
Capital outlay		392,169		376,896		376,896
Total expenditures		741,243		730,634	197,632	533,002
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(200, 922)		(280, 224)	202 507	572 721
over (under) expenditures		(290,833)		(280,224)	293,507	573,731
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(18,525)		(18,525)	(5,900)	12,625
Total other financing						
sources (uses)				(18,525)	 (5,900)	
Net change in fund balance		(309,358)		(298,749)	287,607	586,356
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year		307,477		307,477	 307,477	
End of year	\$	(1,881)	\$	8,728	\$ 595,084	\$ 586,356

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DOWNTOWN

	Budgeted	ounts			
	Original		Final	Actual	 Variance
Revenues:				 	
Intergovernmental	\$ 261,167	\$	261,167	\$ 278,779	\$ 17,612
Investment earnings				7,500	7,500
Total revenues	261,167		261,167	286,279	25,112
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic environment	165,743		67,982	145,219	(77,237)
Debt Service	313,558		471,739		471,739
Capital outlay			(520,575)		(520,575)
Total expenditures	479,301		19,146	145,219	(126,073)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(218,134)		242,021	141,060	(100,961)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	 (8,010)		(8,010)	 (3,425)	4,585
Net change in fund balance	(226,144)		234,011	137,635	(96,376)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	 372,729		372,729	 372,729	
End of year	\$ 146,585	\$	606,740	\$ 510,364	\$ (96,376)

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DOWNTOWN NORTH

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,147,116	\$	1,147,116	\$ 1,225,586	\$ 78,470
Investment earnings				12,461	12,461
Miscellaneous			81,000	280,267	199,267
Total revenues	1,147,116		1,228,116	1,518,314	290,198
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic environment	1,420,248		1,447,278	1,017,352	429,926
Capital outlay	156,540		879,283	1,268,544	(389,261)
Total expenditures	1,576,788		2,326,561	2,285,896	40,665
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(429,672)		(1,098,445)	(767,582)	330,863
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance proceeds				1,223,814	1,223,814
Transfers out	(60,675)		(60,675)	(60,272)	403
Total other financing	<u> </u>			, , , ,	
sources (uses)	 (60,675)		(60,675)	 1,163,542	 1,224,217
Net change in fund balance	(490,347)		(1,159,120)	395,960	1,555,080
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	 901,885		901,885	 901,885	 
End of year	\$ 411,538	\$	(257,235)	\$ 1,297,845	\$ 1,555,080

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY MILLVILLE

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	\	ariance
Revenues:	'							
Intergovernmental	\$	329,898	\$	329,898	\$	323,844	\$	(6,054)
Investment earnings		200		200		2,334		2,134
Miscellaneous				125,000		161,404		36,404
Total revenues		330,098		455,098		487,582		32,484
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic environment		89,485		97,485		155,742		(58,257)
Capital outlay		53,750		(39,930)				(39,930)
Total expenditures		143,235		57,555		155,742		(98,187)
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		186,863		397,543		331,840		(65,703)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(161,251)		(161,251)		(158,574)		2,677
Net change in fund balance		25,612		236,292		173,266		(63,026)
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		42,852		42,852		42,852		
End of year	\$	68,464	\$	279,144	\$	216,118	\$	(63,026)

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TAXABLE REVENUE REFUNDING NOTE, SERIES 2013A DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
	Original		Final	Actual	Va	ariance
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	 			\$ 1,910	\$	1,910
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$ 231,000	\$	231,000	231,000		
Interest and other charges	7,896		7,896	 7,896		
Total expenditures	238,896		238,896	 238,896		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(238,896)		(238,896)	(236,986)		1,910
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 242,309		242,309	 242,309		
Net change in fund balance	3,413		3,413	5,323		1,910
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	238,096		238,096	238,096		
End of year	\$ 241,509	\$	241,509	\$ 243,419	\$	1,910

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2013B DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Investment earnings					\$	7,127	\$	7,127
<b>Expenditures:</b>								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	845,000	\$	845,000		845,000		
Interest and other charges		207,103		252,103		251,709		394
Total expenditures		1,052,103		1,097,103		1,096,709		394
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(	(1,052,103)		(1,097,103)	(	1,089,582)		7,521
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,062,343		1,062,343		1,139,711		77,368
Net change in fund balance		10,240		(34,760)		50,129		84,889
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		950,539		950,539		950,539		
End of year	\$	960,779	\$	915,779	\$	1,000,668	\$	84,889

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2016 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	Va	riance
Revenues:								
Investment earnings					\$	620	\$	620
<b>Expenditures:</b>								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	197,000	\$	197,000		197,000		
Interest and other charges		53,454		53,454		53,451		3
Total expenditures		250,454		250,454		250,451		3
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(250,454)		(250,454)		(249,831)		623
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		250,533		250,533		250,533		
Net change in fund balance		79		79		702		623
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		62,804		62,804		62,804		
End of year	\$	62,883	\$	62,883	\$	63,506	\$	623

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2008 (MODIFIED)

#### DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

#### CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	Variance
Revenues:				_			_
Investment earnings					_\$_	1,500	 1,500
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	143,000	\$	143,000		143,000	
Interest and other charges		13,629		13,629		13,629	
Total expenditures		156,629		156,629		156,629	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(156,629)		(156,629)		(155,129)	1,500
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		156,241		156,241		156,241	
Net change in fund balance		(388)		(388)		1,112	1,500
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		80,762		80,762		80,762	
End of year	\$	80,374	\$	80,374	\$	81,874	\$ 1,500

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2018 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	7	Variance
Revenues:				_				
Investment earnings					\$	8,953		8,953
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	405,000	\$	405,000		405,000		
Interest and other charges		505,263		505,263		505,263		
Total expenditures		910,263		910,263		910,263		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(910,263)		(910,263)		(901,310)		8,953
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,438,525		1,438,525		1,438,525		
Net change in fund balance		528,262		528,262		537,215		8,953
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		648,444		648,444		648,444		
End of year	\$	1,176,706	\$	1,176,706	\$	1,185,659	\$	8,953

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INFRASTRUCTURE SALES SURTAX REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2018 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Am	ounts			
	Original		Final	Actual	7	/ariance
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	 			\$ 276	\$	276
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Debt service:						
Interest and other charges	\$ 361,309	\$	361,309	259,678		101,631
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(361,309)		(361,309)	(259,402)		101,907
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	2,211,682		2,211,682	2,117,047		(94,635)
Net change in fund balance	1,850,373		1,850,373	1,857,645		7,272
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	40,641		40,641	40,641		
			·			
End of year	\$ 1,891,014	\$	1,891,014	\$ 1,898,286	<u>\$</u>	7,272

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA HURRICANE RECOVERY REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2018 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final			Actual	Variance	
Revenues:							
Investment earnings							
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
Debt service:							
Interest and other charges		\$_	194,000	_\$_	193,695	\$	305
Excess of revenues over expenditures			(194,000)		(193,695)		305
over expenditures			(194,000)		(173,073)		303
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		\$	194,000	\$	193,695	\$	(305)
Net change in fund balance							
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year							
End of year							

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA HURRICANE RECOVERY AND REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2019 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	d Amo	ounts				
	Original	Original Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:							
Investment earnings							
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Interest and other charges		\$	265,036	\$	265,036		
Total expenditures			265,036		265,036		
Deficiency of revenues							
under expenditures			(265,036)		(265,036)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Issuance of refunding debt				۷	41,185,195	\$ 41,185,195	
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent				(4	41,185,195)	\$ (41,185,195)	
Transfers in			265,036		265,036		
Total other financing sources (uses)		\$	265,036	\$	265,036		
Net change in fund balance							
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year							
End of year		· <u></u>					

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL PROJECTS

		Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final			Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	· ·							
Investment earnings					\$	94,655	\$	94,655
<b>Expenditures:</b>								
Current:								
Public safety			\$	(6,145)		23,196		(29,341)
Transportation				40,995		40,309		686
Capital outlay:								
General government				82,989				82,989
Public safety	\$	524,000		29,339				29,339
Transportation		585,000		515,997		568,002		(52,005)
Culture/recreation		740,000		19,101		16,888		2,213
Total expenditures		1,849,000		682,276		648,395		33,881
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures		(1,849,000)		(682,276)		(553,740)		128,536
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,850,000		1,850,000		1,850,000		
Transfers out				(226,181)		(226,181)		
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		1,850,000		1,623,819		1,623,819		
Net change in fund balance		1,000		941,543		1,070,079		128,536
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		6,043,177		6,043,177		6,043,177		
End of year	\$	6,044,177	\$	6,984,720	\$	7,113,256	\$	128,536

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL PROJECTS 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
	Original	Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:	 						
Investment earnings	 			\$	141,870	\$	141,870
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
General government	 	\$	536,106				536,106
Net change in fund balance			(536,106)		141,870		677,976
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	\$ 8,024,529		8,024,529		8,024,529		
End of year	\$ 8,024,529	\$	7,488,423	\$	8,166,399	\$	677,976

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL PROJECTS INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Investment earnings		\$ 330,000	\$ 338,244	\$ 8,244	
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
Transportation		45,000		45,000	
Capital outlay:					
General government		(173,647)	44,039	(217,686)	
Total expenditures		(128,647)	44,039	(172,686)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		458,647	294,205	(164,442)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers - out		(648,336)	(430,650)	217,686	
Net change in fund balance		(189,689)	(136,445)	53,244	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	\$ 15,014,710	15,014,710	15,014,710		
End of year	\$ 15,014,710	\$ 14,825,021	\$ 14,878,265	\$ 53,244	

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL PROJECTS NEW CITY HALL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts								
Original		Final			Actual	Variance		
				\$	45,558	\$	45,558	
					794,615		(794,615)	
		\$	2,398,573		1,719,477		679,096	
			2,398,573		2,514,092		(115,519)	
			(2,398,573)		(2,468,534)		(69,961)	
\$	4,286,687		4,286,687		4,286,687			
\$	4 286 687	\$	1 888 114	\$	1 818 153	\$	(69,961)	
	\$	Original  \$ 4,286,687	\$ 4,286,687	Original         Final           \$ 2,398,573         2,398,573           2,398,573         (2,398,573)           \$ 4,286,687         4,286,687	Original         Final           \$ 2,398,573         \$           2,398,573         \$           (2,398,573)         \$           \$ 4,286,687         4,286,687	Original         Final         Actual           \$ 45,558           794,615           \$ 2,398,573         1,719,477           2,398,573         2,514,092           (2,398,573)         (2,468,534)           \$ 4,286,687         4,286,687         4,286,687	Original         Final         Actual         Y           \$ 45,558         \$           \$ 2,398,573         1,719,477           2,398,573         2,514,092           (2,398,573)         (2,468,534)           \$ 4,286,687         4,286,687	



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#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies on the costreimbursement basis.

The following funds account for the City's insurance operations:

Medical Self-Insurance

Dental Insurance

The following fund accounts for labor and repairs on City owned equipment:

Equipment Maintenance Fund



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#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Medical			
	Equipment		Self-	Dental		
Accepted	Maintenance		Insurance	Insurance		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 5,370,445	\$	372,337	\$ 5,742,782
Accounts receivable			50,000			50,000
Due from other government entities	\$	9,162				9,162
Inventories		316,243				316,243
Total current assets		325,405	5,420,445		372,337	6,118,187
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Machinery and equipment		153,526				153,526
Less accumulated depreciation		(145,041)				(145,041)
Total noncurrent assets		8,485				8,485
Total assets		333,890	5,420,445		372,337	6,126,672
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Due to other funds		56,178				56,178
Accounts payable		87,625	993,058			1,080,683
Accrued salaries		10,851				10,851
Compensated absences		4,771				4,771
Total current liabilities		159,425	993,058			1,152,483
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net OPEB liability		60,730				60,730
Compensated absences		14,312				14,312
Total noncurrent liabilities		75,042				75,042
Total liabilities		234,467	993,058			1,227,525
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related inflows		15,948				15,948
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		8,485				8,485
Restricted for claims			4,427,387		372,337	4,799,724
Unrestricted		74,990				74,990
Total net position	\$	83,475	\$ 4,427,387	\$	372,337	\$ 4,883,199

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Medical					
	Equipment		Self-	Dental		
	Ma	intenance	Insurance	Insurance		Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	801,598				\$ 801,598
Contributions:						
Employee contributions			\$ 827,815	\$	87,546	915,361
Other agency contributions			1,198,831		35,271	1,234,102
Retired employee contributions			647,020		62,589	709,609
Miscellaneous			51,028			51,028
Total operating revenues		801,598	2,724,694		185,406	3,711,698
Operating Expenses:						
Personnel services		366,911				366,911
Operating expenses:						
Operating expenses		381,189				381,189
Administration fees			1,250,499		309,243	1,559,742
Depreciation		4,319				4,319
Insurance claims and expenses		,	4,188,554			4,188,554
Total operating expenses		752,419	5,439,053		309,243	6,500,715
Operating income (loss)		49,179	(2,714,359)		(123,837)	(2,789,017)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(3,097)				(3,097)
Scrap sales		205				205
Investment earnings		748	62,942		5,588	69,278
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(2,144)	62,942		5,588	66,386
Income (loss) before transfers		47,035	(2,651,417)		(118,249)	(2,722,631)
Transfers:						
Transfers in			4,865,811		119,912	4,985,723
Transfers out		(82,207)				(82,207)
Total transfers		(82,207)	4,865,811		119,912	4,903,516
Change in Net Position		(35,172)	2,214,394		1,663	2,180,885
Net Position - beginning of year		118,647	2,212,993		370,674	2,702,314
Net Position - end of year	\$	83,475	\$ 4,427,387		372,337	\$ 4,883,199



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#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Equipment Maintenance		Medical Self- Insurance	Dental Insurance	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	\$	796,668			\$ 796,668
Payments to suppliers		(462,778)			(462,778)
Payments to employees		(363,274)	¢ 2.724.604	¢ 105 406	(363,274)
Cash received for insurance contributions			\$ 2,724,694	\$ 185,406	2,910,100
Cash paid for insurance claims  Net cash used in			(5,603,014)	(309,243)	(5,912,257)
operating activities		(29,384)	(2,878,320)	(123,837)	(3,031,541)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers in			4,865,811	119,912	4,985,723
Transfers out		(82,207)			(82,207)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
noncapital financing activities		(82,207)	4,865,811	119,912	4,903,516
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		235			235
Net cash provided by capital					22.5
and related financing activities		235			235
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from maturity of investments			816,597		816,597
Interest and dividends		748	62,942	5,588	69,278
Net cash provided by investing activities		748	879,539	5,588	885,875
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(110,608)	2,867,030	1,663	2,758,085
Cash and cash equivalents					
Beginning of year	\$	110,608	2,503,415	370,674	2,984,697
End of Year			\$ 5,370,445	\$ 372,337	\$ 5,742,782

	Equipment	Self -	Dental	
	Maintenance	Insurance	Insurance	Total
Reconciliation of operating income				
(loss) to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 49,179	\$ (2,714,359)	\$ (123,837)	\$ (2,789,017)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided				
by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	4,319			4,319
Loss due to impairment	51,976			51,976
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease:				
Inventories	(129,016)			(129,016)
Due from other governmental				
entities	(4,930)			(4,930)
Increase (Decrease):				
Accounts payable	(4,549)	(163,961)		(168,510)
Accrued salaries	(1,090)			(1,090)
Compensated absences	5,602			5,602
Deferred inflows of resources	15,948			15,948
Net OPEB liability	(16,823)			(16,823)
Net cash used in				 
operating activities	\$ (29,384)	\$ (2,878,320)	\$ (123,837)	\$ (3,031,541)



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#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held in a trust by the City for others. They include Trust and Agency Funds.

*Pension Trust Funds*. These funds account for the activities of the police officers, firefighters, and senior management defined benefit pension plans. These funds are as follows:

Police Officers' Pension

Firefighters' Pension

Senior Management Pension

Cafeteria Plan Agency Fund. This fund accounts for pre-tax contribution of enrolled employees for benefits which can include health care, dental care, vision care, and child care.



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#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Senior	
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management	
	Pension	Pension	Pension	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Short term investments	\$ 1,193,433	\$ 1,160,214		\$ 2,353,647
Cash	908		\$ 31,200	32,108
Total cash and equivalents	1,194,341	1,160,214	31,200	2,385,755
Receivables:				
Member contributions	1,918	687	1,961	4,566
City contributions	3,129	7,290		10,419
From broker for investments sold	288	3,361		3,649
Investment income	9,860	1,460		11,320
Total receivables	15,195	12,798	1,961	29,954
Investments:				
Common Stocks	8,962,418			8,962,418
Mutual funds:				
Fixed income	10,007,075	11,524,380		21,531,455
Equity	13,209,621	6,647,223		19,856,844
Pooled/common/commingled funds:				
Fixed income			499,195	499,195
Equity		15,005,566	2,599,971	17,605,537
Real estate investment trust	2,552,803	2,919,366	336,263	5,808,432
Total investments	34,731,917	36,096,535	3,435,429	74,263,881
Total assets	35,941,453	37,269,547	3,468,590	76,679,590
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable:				
Administrative expenses	2,696	1,856		4,552
Investment expenses	14,227	13,731		27,958
Prior refunds	668	575		1,243
Other payables	14,403	11,192		25,595
Total accounts payable	31,994	27,354		59,348
Total liabilities	31,994	27,354		59,348
Net Position:				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 35,909,459	\$ 37,242,193	\$ 3,468,590	\$ 76,620,242

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						Senior		
		e Officers'		refighters'	M	anagement		TD . 4 . 1
A J 3141	P	ension		Pension		Pension		Total
Additions								
Contributions:	¢.	265.560	¢	262 161	¢	60.206	Φ	690 117
Plan members	\$	365,560	\$	263,161	\$	60,396	\$	689,117
Employer		969,030		1,942,755		126,650		3,038,435
State		356,414		290,472		107.046		646,886
Total contributions		,691,004		2,496,388		187,046		4,374,438
Investment earnings:								
Net appreciation								
in fair value of investments	1	,780,754		1,087,880		174,734		3,043,368
Interest		872,120		1,019,470				1,891,590
Total investment earnings		2,652,874		2,107,350		174,734		4,934,958
Less investment expense		(159,790)		(224,033)				(383,823)
Net investment earnings		2,493,084		1,883,317		174,734		4,551,135
Total additions		,184,088		4,379,705		361,780		8,925,573
Deductions								
Distributions to members:								
Benefit payments	2	2,527,978		3,040,563		194,529		5,763,070
Lump sum DROP distributions		166,983		117,986				284,969
Refunds of member contributions		127,991		53,156		50,016		231,163
Total distributions	- 2	2,822,952		3,211,705		244,545		6,279,202
Administrative expenses		91,542		45,233		14,254		151,029
Total deductions	2	2,914,494		3,256,938		258,799		6,430,231
Change in Net Position	1	,269,594		1,122,767		102,981		2,495,342
<b>Net Position Restricted</b>								
for Pension Benefits								
Beginning of year	34,639,865		36,119,426			3,365,609	74,124,900	
End of year	\$ 35	5,909,459	\$	37,242,193	\$	3,468,590	\$	76,620,242

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA AGENCY FUND - CAFETERIA PLAN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Balance October 1, 2018 Additions Deductions							Balance September 30, 2019		
ASSETS Cash	_\$_	77,928	\$	269,459	\$	253,498	\$	93,889		
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	77,928	\$	269,459		253,498	\$	93,889		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued payroll deductions			\$	260,298	\$	260,298				
and matching	\$	77,928		15,961			\$	93,889		
Total Liabilities	\$	77,928	\$	276,259	\$	260,298	\$	93,889		



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### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ENTERPRISE AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
- ➤ SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY



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### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA UTILITIES FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	F	inal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	18,700,000	\$ 15,380,834	\$ (3,319,166)	
Connection fees		450,000	456,652	6,652	
Hydrant fees		65,000	72,720	7,720	
Miscellaneous		45,000	24,721	(20,279)	
Total operating revenues		19,260,000	15,934,927	(3,325,073)	
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel services		3,932,872	3,856,876	75,996	
Operating expenses		9,506,659	15,054,942	(5,548,283)	
Depreciation		2,555,700	3,008,598	(452,898)	
Total operating expenses		15,995,231	21,920,416	(5,925,185)	
Operating income		3,264,769	(5,985,489)	(9,250,258)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment earnings		150,000	461,975	311,975	
Grants			9,286,695	9,286,695	
Interest expense		(989,292)	(979,519)	9,773	
Other debt service costs		(110,000)	(163,153)	(53,153)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(949,292)	8,605,998	9,555,290	
Income before contributions and transfers		2,315,477	2,620,509	305,032	
Contributions and Transfers:					
Capital contributions		325,000	637,468	312,468	
Transfers in		8,225,000	655,650	(7,569,350)	
Transfers out		(1,856,709)	(1,815,568)	41,141	
Total contributions and transfers		6,693,291	(522,450)	(7,215,741)	
Change in Net Position		9,008,768	2,098,059	(6,910,709)	
Net Position - beginning of year		72,997,376	 72,997,376	 	
Net Position - end of year	\$	82,006,144	\$ 75,095,435	\$ (6,910,709)	

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SOLID WASTE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 7,035,000	\$ 5,904,191	\$ (1,130,809)
Miscellaneous	20,000	38,892	18,892
Total operating revenues	7,055,000	5,943,083	(1,111,917)
Operating Expenses:			
Personnel services	1,710,437	1,600,984	109,453
Operating expenses	3,847,665	3,385,268	462,397
Depreciation	830,000	1,380,532	(550,532)
Total operating expenses	6,388,102	6,366,784	21,318
Operating income (loss)	666,898	(423,701)	(1,090,599)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment earnings	50,000	48,840	(1,160)
Grant		367,946	367,946
Scrap sales		1,846	1,846
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(14,635)	(14,635)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	50,000	403,997	353,997
Income before transfers	716,898	(19,704)	(736,602)
Transfers:			
Transfers out	(1,476,563)	(1,427,273)	49,290
Change in Net Position	(759,665)	(1,446,977)	(687,312)
Net Position - beginning of year	11,109,028	11,109,028	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 10,349,363	\$ 9,662,051	\$ (687,312)

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA MARINA FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Rent	\$ 1,268,500	\$ 80,627	\$ (1,187,873)
Gas	465,000	233,900	(231,100)
Diesel	820,000	346,670	(473,330)
Miscellaneous	367,700	87,708	(279,992)
Total operating revenues	2,921,200	748,905	(2,172,295)
Total operating revenues	2,721,200	740,703	(2,172,273)
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>			
Personnel services	590,131	270,838	319,293
Operating expenses	1,049,831	2,048,312	(998,481)
Depreciation	320,000	217,426	102,574
Total operating expenses	1,959,962	2,536,576	(576,614)
Operating income (loss)	961,238	(1,787,671)	(2,748,909)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Grant		45,007	45,007
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(87,141)	(87,141)
Investment earnings	18,600	49,987	31,387
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	18,600	7,853	(10,747)
Income before transfers	979,838	(1,779,818)	(2,759,656)
Transfers:			
Transfers out	(394,998)	(367,925)	27,073
Change in Net Position	584,840	(2,147,743)	(2,732,583)
Net Position - beginning of year	7,395,981	7,395,981	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 7,980,821	\$ 5,248,238	\$ (2,732,583)

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Variance		
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	900,000	\$	801,598	\$	(98,402)	
Miscellaneous	Ψ	500	Ψ	001,570	Ψ	(500)	
Total operating revenues		900,500		801,598		(98,902)	
Operating Expenses:							
Personnel services		391,798		366,911		24,887	
Operating expenses		422,986		381,189		41,797	
Depreciation		10,000		4,319		5,681	
Total operating expenses		824,784		752,419		72,365	
Operating income		75,716		49,179		(26,537)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets				(3,097)		(3,097)	
Scrap sales		1,000		205		(795)	
Investment earnings				748		748	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,000		(2,144)		(3,144)	
Income before transfers		76,716		47,035		(29,681)	
Transfers:							
Transfers out		(106,920)		(82,207)		24,713	
<b>Change in Net Position</b>		(30,204)		(35,172)		(4,968)	
Net Position - beginning of year		118,647		118,647			
Net Position - end of year	\$	88,443	\$	83,475	\$	(4,968)	

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA MEDICAL SELF-INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>			
Contributions:			
Employee contributions	\$ 800,000	\$ 827,815	\$ 27,815
Other agency contributions	1,600,000	1,198,831	(401,169)
Retired employee contributions	750,000	647,020	(102,980)
Miscellaneous		51,028	51,028
Total operating revenues	3,150,000	2,724,694	(425,306)
Operating Expenses:			
Operating expenses:			
Administration fees	1,637,000	1,250,499	386,501
Insurance claims and expenses	7,000,000	4,188,554	2,811,446
Total operating expenses	8,637,000	5,439,053	3,197,947
Operating loss	(5,487,000)	(2,714,359)	2,772,641
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Investment earnings	15,000	62,942	47,942
Loss before transfers	(5,472,000)	(2,651,417)	2,820,583
Transfers:			
Transfers in	5,472,000	4,865,811	(606,189)
<b>Change in Net Position</b>		2,214,394	2,214,394
Net Position - beginning of year	2,212,993	2,212,993	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 2,212,993	\$ 4,427,387	\$ 2,214,394

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DENTAL INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	_Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Variance	
Operating Revenues: Contributions:						
Employee contributions	\$	99,750	\$	87,546	\$	(12,204)
Other agency contributions	т.	55,091	,	35,271	•	(19,820)
Retired employee contributions		63,000		62,589		(411)
Total operating revenues		217,841		185,406		(32,435)
Operating Expenses:						
Administration fees		357,634		309,243		48,391
Operating loss		(139,793)	(	(123,837)		15,956
Nonoperating Revenue:						
Investment earnings				5,588		5,588
Loss before						
transfers		(139,793)	(	(118,249)		21,544
Transfers:						
Transfers in		139,793		119,912		(19,881)
Change in Net Position				1,663		1,663
Net Position - beginning of year		370,674		370,674		
Net Position - end of year	\$	370,674	\$	372,337	\$	1,663

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **Governmental Activities**

	Capital Improvement												
		Revenu	e Note	e,	Ta	xable Reven	ue Refunding						
Year Ending		Series 2008	(Mod	lified)		Note, Series 2013A				Capital Leases			
September 30	P	Principal	I	nterest	Principal		I	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	146,000	\$	10,845	\$	237,000	\$	2,654	\$	296,926	\$	60,090	
2021		149,000		7,993						310,495		46,521	
2022		151,000		5,092						305,284		32,340	
2023		149,000		2,143						186,306		18,244	
2024										126,771		10,172	
2025										131,759		5,184	

 \$ 595,000
 \$ 26,073
 \$ 237,000
 \$ 2,654
 \$ 1,357,541
 \$ 172,551

	Capital Imp Revenu Series 2	e No	ote,	Revenue Note, Series 2016					Revenue	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018			
	 Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	\$ 865,000 885,000 905,000 926,000 948,000 969,000 992,000 1,015,000 1,038,000	\$	227,705 203,139 178,011 152,309 126,002 99,092 71,564 43,390 14,571	\$	201,000 204,000 208,000 212,000 216,000 220,000 225,000 229,000 233,000 237,000 242,000 246,000	\$	49,742 45,955 42,114 38,195 34,202 30,135 25,993 21,758 17,447 13,063 8,597 4,042	\$	913,000 943,000 975,000 1,007,000 1,040,000 1,074,000 1,110,000 1,146,000 1,184,000 1,223,000 1,264,000 1,305,000	\$	510,460 479,837 448,190 415,486 381,711 346,830 310,794 273,570 235,125 195,410 154,374 111,986		
2032					62,000		290		1,348,000		68,211		
2033									1,393,000		22,984		
	\$ 8,543,000	\$	1,115,783	\$	2,735,000	\$	331,533	\$	15,925,000	\$	3,954,968		

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **Governmental Activities (continued)**

Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note,

				,					
Year Ending	Series 2018								
September 30		Principal		Interest					
2020	\$	1,670,000	\$	430,803					
2021		1,752,000		379,131					
2022		1,804,000		325,435					
2023		1,859,000		270,124					
2024		1,915,000		213,137					
2025		1,973,000		154,428					
2026		2,033,000		93,937					
2027		2,094,000		31,619					
	\$	15,100,000	\$	1,898,614					

#### **Business-type Activities**

Year Ending	Water & Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012 Principal Interest				Water & S Refunding I Note, Serie	Revenue	Water & Sewer Revenue Note, Series 2015				
September 30		Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035	\$	62,000 1,638,000 1,673,000 1,703,000	\$	118,222 79,601 40,154	\$ 1,529,000		\$	1,315,000 1,350,000 1,390,000 1,430,000 1,475,000 1,520,000 1,565,000 1,610,000 1,705,000 1,705,000 1,805,000 1,860,000 1,915,000 1,970,000 2,030,000	\$	797,475 757,785 716,919 674,877 631,512 586,824 540,813 493,479 444,822 394,695 343,098 290,031 235,347 179,046 121,128 61,446	
2036								2,090,000			
	\$	5,076,000	\$	237,977	\$ 1,529,000		\$	28,440,000	\$	7,269,297	

### STATISTICAL SECTION

#### THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- > FINANCIAL TRENDS
- > REVENUE CAPACITY
- > DEBT CAPACITY
- > DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION
- > OPERATING INFORMATION



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#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Panama City, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules represent information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

				iscal Year						
Expenses	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 6,165,676	\$ 5,874,629	\$ 5,529,101	\$ 6,364,801	\$ 6,094,551	\$ 7,332,537	\$ 7,202,957	\$ 8,047,155	\$ 8,232,205	\$ 84,430,144
Public safety	16,776,513	17,346,057	17,954,974	18,443,729	19,060,516	18,241,148	21,345,141	21,091,964	21,197,707	22,418,938
Physical environment	75,055 5,876,999	37,477 5,760,884	5,877,854	5,455,287	5,481,149	5,320,025	5,293,976	5,781,421	5,824,445	5,478,278
Transportation Leisure Services	3,870,999	3,700,884	3,877,834	3,433,287	3,481,149	3,320,023	5,293,976	5,781,421	3,824,443	3,478,278
Economic environment	2,545,814	3,112,085	3,779,765	3,309,023	3,728,293	3,553,702	3,584,832	3,528,539	4,956,197	4,195,606
Culture and recreation	3,236,099	3,317,259	3,375,322	3,470,268	3,505,846	3,373,667	3,322,205	3,625,195	3,665,526	7,002,602
Human services	261,793	373,967	326,609	301,127	341,100	298,840	244,089	282,512	244,479	235,158
Interest on long-term debt	523,507	451,014	465,549	462,930	415,035	364,137	385,657	531,878	205,222	1,593,953
Total governmental activities expenses	35,461,456	36,273,372	37,309,174	37,807,165	38,626,490	38,484,056	41,384,605	42,888,664	44,325,781	125,354,679
Business-type activities:										
Utilities	13,219,349	13,708,629	13,889,586	14,032,601	13,575,865	13,818,774	15,018,401	15,252,532	15,981,122	23,524,617
Solid waste	4,990,240	5,458,696	5,422,422	5,591,570	5,450,759	5,592,968	5,764,430	6,012,230	6,440,541	6,569,405
Marina	3,631,068	3,296,092	3,669,461	3,213,703	3,025,662	2,895,496	2,500,262	2,707,680	2,842,914	2,656,578
Total business-type activities expenses	21,840,657	22,463,417	22,981,469	22,837,874	22,052,286	22,307,238	23,283,093	23,972,442	25,264,577	32,750,600
Total primary government expenses	\$ 57,302,113	\$ 58,736,789	\$ 60,290,643	\$ 60,645,039	\$ 60,678,776	\$ 60,791,294	\$ 64,667,698	\$ 66,861,106	\$ 69,590,358	\$158,105,279
D.,										
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 7,157,635	\$ 7,763,454	\$ 7,882,958	\$ 8,221,000	\$ 8,854,998	\$ 9,516,380	\$ 9,674,256	\$ 9,882,404	\$ 10,332,074	\$ 13,367,604
Public safety	828,425	830,845	777,578	928,896	1,002,506	942,066	1,081,365	1,127,848	1,106,826	4,897,479
Transportation	486,426	510,790	442,727	483,251	455,887	281,775	188,709	194,373	200,205	615,382
Economic environment	155 501	4 4 5 9 9 9 9	584,160	400.004	404.545	19,978	250 504	5,119	1,489	499,945
Culture and recreation Other	177,794 91,200	165,238 61,873	167,982	199,286	184,717	275,060	250,591	279,223	378,443	5,653,271
Operating grants and contributions	1,355,662	1,955,297	3,356,769	2,696,614	2,443,538	2,573,798	1,085,770	1,278,837	1,301,296	84,287,672
Capital grants and contributions	37,180	61,299	51,717	20,494	25,000	25,000	1,005,770	1,270,037	1,301,270	04,207,072
Total governmental activities program revenues	10,134,322	11,348,796	13,263,891	12,549,541	12,966,646	13,634,057	12,280,691	12,767,804	13,320,333	109,321,353
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:	14.027.700	16 411 020	15.062.245	17 400 007	17.061.107	10.051.265	10 524 701	10.565.041	10 622 502	15 024 027
Utilities Solid waste	14,827,798 6,740,634	16,411,828 6,855,496	15,962,245 6,513,969	17,409,907 6,499,983	17,861,187 6,607,800	19,054,265 6,749,482	18,524,781 6,716,863	19,565,041 6,906,065	19,622,582 7,186,148	15,934,927 5,943,083
Marina	4,017,054	3,374,900	3,511,819	3,123,838	2,976,178	3,099,610	2,772,635	3,050,304	3,148,592	748,905
Operating grants and contributions	,,,,,,,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	_,,,,,,,,	65,550	_,,,_,,,,	17,476	218,225	9,699,648
Capital grants and contributions	490,068	177,734	172,820	142,542	138,515	178,999	200,432	591,888	361,400	637,468
Total business-type activities program revenues	26,075,554	26,819,958	26,160,853	27,176,270	27,583,680	29,147,906	28,214,711	30,130,774	30,536,947	32,964,031
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 36,209,876	\$ 38,168,754	\$ 39,424,744	\$ 39,725,811	\$ 40,550,326	\$ 42,781,963	\$ 40,495,402	\$ 42,898,578	\$ 43,857,280	\$142,285,384
N-4 (F-m-nn-)/D-m-nn-										
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$ (25,327,134)	\$ (24,924,576)	\$ (24,045,283)	\$ (25,257,624)	\$ (25,659,844)	\$ (24,849,999)	\$ (29,103,914)	\$ (30,120,860)	\$ (31,005,448)	\$ (16,033,326)
Business-type activities	4,234,897	4,356,541	3,179,384	4,338,396	5,531,394	6,840,668	4,931,618	6,158,332	5,272,370	213,431
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (21,092,237)	\$ (20,568,035)	\$ (20,865,899)	\$ (20,919,228)	\$ (20,128,450)	\$ (18,009,331)	\$ (24,172,296)	\$ (23,962,528)	\$ (25,733,078)	\$ (15,819,895)
a 15 101 a 17.5 H							-		-	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,388,901	\$ 8,221,868	\$ 8,008,760	\$ 7,931,119	\$ 8,338,872	\$ 8,511,463	\$ 8,861,504	\$ 8,897,687	\$ 8,929,919	\$ 10.099,539
Tax increment ad valorem taxes	1,833,125	1,716,903	1,588,207	1,503,382	2,095,743	2,308,216	2,306,065	2,239,986	2,172,010	2,311,262
Local option gasoline tax	1,389,891	1,272,508	1,269,175	1,394,258	1,376,850	1,410,878	1,479,612	1,281,331	1,295,819	1,315,941
Franchise fees	2,408,155	3,616,998	3,798,295	4,066,491	4,149,648	4,409,262	4,373,282	4,112,022	4,261,663	3,490,296
Utility service tax	3,309,913	3,462,259	3,420,265	3,479,637	3,879,713	4,176,778	4,276,080	4,287,390	4,540,419	3,719,556
Communications service tax Local option sales tax	1,940,445 2,457,273	1,913,553 2,650,754	1,823,525 2,644,093	1,945,790 2,736,855	1,713,347 2,947,185	1,619,995 3,110,963	1,537,187 3,285,075	1,614,810 2,120,937	1,574,325 3,279,225	1,361,929 3,596,071
Unrestricted state revenue sharing	1,320,909	1,329,508	1,336,070	1,344,526	1,355,933	1,403,496	1,436,957	4,871,519	5,117,650	5,531,002
Unrestricted investment earnings	591,142	220,889	228,562	225,263	346,393	343,489	176,342	472,139	663,874	1,253,276
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(229)	52,993	1,468	16,980	14,930	23,980	28,398	33,503	(107,719)	
Miscellaneous	779,579	478,638	738,522	2,950,334	608,564	941,573	1,389,553	563,515	618,970	1,937,466
Contributions	4 000 400	5,242,210	4 0 4 0 4 77 7		4 000 0 00	4.040.000	4 440 505	2442440		4.505.045
Transfers  Total governmental activities general revenues	1,999,400 26,418,504	1,862,663 32,041,744	1,949,175 26,806,117	1,774,122 29,368,757	1,803,068 28,630,246	1,819,302 30,079,395	1,610,527 30,760,582	2,112,119 32,606,958	1,861,812 34,207,967	1,725,845 36,342,183
Total governmental activities general revenues	20,410,304	32,041,744	20,800,117	29,308,737	20,030,240	30,079,393	30,700,382	32,000,938	34,207,907	50,542,165
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	321,544	134,623	112,395	90,477	99,797	144,474	207,665	395,756	488,472	560,802
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(72,256)	3,200	100.070	50.600	3,145	22,964	24,775	(265,461)	8,585	1.046
Miscellaneous Transfers	8,047 (1,999,400)	(1,862,663)	182,378 (1,949,175)	50,689 (1,774,122)	13,196 (1,803,068)	6,807 (1,819,302)	2,433 (1,610,527)	4,258 (2,112,119)	12,844 (1,861,812)	1,846 (1,725,845)
Total business-type activities general revenues	(1,742,065)	(1,724,840)	(1,654,402)	(1,632,956)	(1,686,930)	(1,645,057)	(1,375,654)	(1,977,566)	(1,351,911)	(1,163,197)
Total primary government general revenues	\$ 24,676,439	\$ 30,316,904	\$ 25,151,715	\$ 27,735,801	\$ 26,943,316	\$ 28,434,338	\$ 29,384,928	\$ 30,629,392	\$ 32,856,056	\$ 35,178,986
and the second										
Changes in Net Position	¢ 1.001.270	\$ 7117160	\$ 2760.024	¢ 4111 122	\$ 2,070,402	¢ 5 220 207	\$ 1656.660	¢ 2.496.000	¢ 2 202 510	¢ 20 200 057
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 1,091,370 2,492,832	\$ 7,117,168 2,631,701	\$ 2,760,834 1,524,982	\$ 4,111,133 2,705,440	\$ 2,970,402 3,844,464	\$ 5,229,396 5,195,611	\$ 1,656,668 3,555,964	\$ 2,486,098 4,180,766	\$ 3,202,519 3,920,459	\$ 20,308,857 (949,766)
Total primary government changes in net position	\$ 3,584,202	\$ 9,748,869	\$ 4,285,816	\$ 6,816,573	\$ 6,814,866	\$ 10,425,007	\$ 5,212,632	\$ 6,666,864	\$ 7,122,978	\$ 19,359,091

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year												
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Governmental activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,918,883	\$ 45,114,329	\$ 48,578,821	\$ 41,666,862	\$ 57,092,075	\$ 60,426,245	\$ 61,541,617	\$ 70,309,572	\$ 70,572,052	\$ 72,191,254		
Restricted	4,804,128	3,429,960	2,884,127	1,842,298	2,415,183	4,740,198	6,387,711	14,901,299	19,045,770	31,273,810		
Unrestricted	43,997,797	45,293,687	45,135,862	55,225,669	42,197,973	21,883,518	20,777,301	5,981,856	4,356,416	10,818,031		
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 86,720,808	\$ 93,837,976	\$ 96,598,810	\$ 98,734,829	\$ 101,705,231	\$ 87,049,961	\$ 88,706,629	\$ 91,192,727	\$ 93,974,238	\$ 114,283,095		
Business-type activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,999,520	\$ 39,075,302	\$ 45,577,206	\$ 46,401,318	\$ 47,083,456	\$ 46,182,187	\$ 47,757,703	\$ 67,700,504	\$ 58,183,597	\$ 61,995,159		
Restricted	4,050,490	417,800	2,023,696	5,038,071	3,510,242	5,726,784	8,787,979	6,841,454	10,248,871	12,679,599		
Unrestricted	22,504,288	28,692,897	22,110,079	20,789,178	25,479,333	28,355,307	27,274,560	13,459,050	23,341,261	16,149,205		
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 65,554,298	\$ 68,185,999	\$ 69,710,981	\$ 72,228,567	\$ 76,073,031	\$ 80,264,278	\$ 83,820,242	\$ 88,001,008	\$ 91,773,729	\$ 90,823,963		
Primary government:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 76,918,403	\$ 84,189,631	\$ 94,156,027	\$ 88,068,180	\$ 104,175,531	\$ 106,608,432	\$ 109,299,320	\$ 138,010,076	\$ 128,755,649	\$ 134,186,413		
Restricted	8,854,618	3,847,760	4,907,823	6,880,369	5,925,425	10,466,982	15,175,690	21,742,753	29,294,641	43,953,409		
Unrestricted	66,502,085	73,986,584	67,245,941	76,014,847	67,677,306	50,238,825	48,051,861	19,440,906	27,697,677	26,967,236		
Total primary government net position	\$ 152,275,106	\$ 162,023,975	\$ 166,309,791	\$ 170,963,396	\$ 177,778,262	\$ 167,314,239	\$ 172,526,871	\$ 179,193,735	\$ 185,747,967	\$ 205,107,058		

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year														
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		2013		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Function/Program Revenues															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$ 7,157,635	\$ 7,763,454	\$	7,882,958	\$	8,221,000	\$	8,854,998	\$	9,516,380	\$	9,674,256	\$ 9,882,404	\$ 10,332,074	\$ 93,858,826
Public safety	1,225,533	1,746,190		3,142,050		1,993,601		2,192,020		2,576,709		1,196,295	1,188,058	1,156,941	6,063,332
Transportation	486,426	510,790		442,727		483,251		455,887		281,775		188,709	194,373	200,205	645,489
Economic environment	995,734	1,101,251		1,628,174		1,652,403		1,279,024		984,133		970,840	1,223,746	1,252,670	3,051,881
Culture and recreation	177,794	165,238		167,982		199,286		184,717		275,060		250,591	279,223	378,443	5,701,825
Other	91,200	61,873													 
Total governmental activities	10,134,322	11,348,796		13,263,891		12,549,541		12,966,646		13,634,057		12,280,691	 12,767,804	 13,320,333	 109,321,353
Business-type activities:															
Utilities	15,317,866	16,589,562		16,135,065		17,552,449		17,999,702		19,233,264		18,725,213	20,156,929	19,983,982	25,859,090
Solid waste	6,740,634	6,855,496		6,513,969		6,499,983		6,607,800		6,749,482		6,716,863	6,906,065	7,186,148	6,311,029
Marina	4,017,054	3,374,900		3,511,819		3,123,838		2,976,178		3,165,160		2,772,635	 3,067,780	 3,366,817	 793,912
Total business-type activities	26,075,554	26,819,958		26,160,853		27,176,270		27,583,680		29,147,906		28,214,711	 30,130,774	 30,536,947	 32,964,031
Total primary government function/program revenues	\$ 36,209,876	\$ 38,168,754	\$	39,424,744	\$	39,725,811	\$	40,550,326	\$	42,781,963	\$	40,495,402	\$ 42,898,578	\$ 43,857,280	\$ 142,285,384

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

					PRE-GASB 5 Fiscal Year 2010	<b>54</b>			
Governmental Funds									
General fund:									
Reserved					\$ 713,213				
Unreserved					21,464,954				
Total general fund					22,178,167				
All other governmental funds:									
Reserved					9,926,499				
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds					5,760,911				
Debt service funds					1,212,092				
Capital projects funds					9,209,758				
Total all other governmental funds					26,109,260				
Total governmental funds					\$ 48,287,427				
					POST-GASB	<b>5</b> 4			
					Fiscal Year	54			
	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>	2018	2019
Governmental Funds	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	<u> 2010</u>	2017	2018	2019
General fund:									
Non-spendable	\$ 161,098	\$ 432,325	\$ 160,252	\$ 212,444	\$ 355,237	\$ 292,545	\$ 293,011	\$ 319,010	\$ 304,141
Spendable:									
Restricted									
Committed	9,838,400	9,838,400	10,496,928	10,882,597	11,396,432	11,164,211	12,045,554	12,906,796	
Assigned	1,053,855	783,378	230,253	228,760	228,760	286,399	546,933	546,933	242,020
Unassigned	9,254,662	9,545,027	11,542,588	13,262,912	12,591,442	14,868,795	8,207,390	11,543,501	14,585,827
Total general fund	20,308,015	20,599,130	22,430,021	24,586,713	24,571,871	26,611,950	21,092,888	25,316,240	15,131,988
All other governmental funds:									
Non-spendable	167,695	164,350	161,352	166,328	1,931,733	1,947,538	2,322,141	2,285,632	2,532,757
Spendable:									
Restricted	13,077,348	11,914,160	8,823,094	9,664,348	8,059,411	9,821,489	10,344,149	14,176,471	27,250,949
Committed	4,147,234	4,388,146	2,544,340	1,759,587	2,260,097				71,961,293
Assigned	11,326,551	11,399,721	23,848,878	19,448,304	17,953,680	18,426,642	17,884,755	33,369,103	31,976,073
Total all other governmental funds	28,718,828	27,866,377	35,377,664	31,038,567	30,204,921	30,195,669	30,551,045	49,831,206	133,721,072
Total governmental funds	\$ 49,026,843	\$ 48,465,507	\$ 57,807,685	\$ 55,625,280	\$ 54,776,792	\$ 56,807,619	\$ 51,643,933	\$ 75,147,446	\$ 148,853,060

Note: The City began to report fund balances consistent with GASB 54 beginning in fiscal year 2011.

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

				Fiscal Yo	ear					
	2010	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 17,437,305	\$ 18,487,185	\$ 18,320,020	\$ 18,817,297	\$ 19,458,430	\$ 20,128,376	\$ 20,527,665	\$ 22,314,178	\$ 23,881,370	\$ 23,583,332
Licenses and permits	6,979,627	7,523,145	7,590,601	7,966,335	8,657,993	9,163,514	9,361,261	9,573,480	10,013,624	9,650,287
Intergovernmental	7,733,274	8,476,178	10,321,430	9,006,077	9,623,619	10,174,102	8,888,292	9,150,093	9,372,046	91,693,380
Charges for services	995,548	1,075,967	1,011,432	1,253,090	1,175,095	1,209,316	1,156,224	1,249,335	1,317,923	1,164,419
Investment earnings	595,264	220,889	228,562	225,263	346,626	343,489	176,342	472,139	663,874	1,253,276
Miscellaneous	775,457	539,298	2,878,779	969,360	532,062	890,468	1,320,962	640,337	555,772	3,144,764
Total revenues	34,516,475	36,322,662	40,350,824	38,237,422	39,793,825	41,909,265	41,430,746	43,399,562	45,804,609	130,489,458
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	5,090,301	4,951,169	4,555,892	5,357,993	4,928,462	5,465,271	5,043,149	5,314,495	5,631,954	81,212,990
Public safety	14,776,921	15,060,689	15,506,710	15,859,430	16,362,023	16,248,208	16,622,005	16,772,083	17,429,071	19,360,984
Physical environment	75,055	37,477	13,300,710	13,037,430	10,502,025	10,240,200	5,748	10,772,003	17,427,071	17,500,704
Transportation	3,731,508	3,728,533	3,727,188	3,888,680	3,852,140	3,660,154	3,601,914	3,754,584	3,821,614	3,280,396
Economic environment	2,515,436	3,076,424	3,747,936	3,265,201	3,682,475	3,500,184	3,514,085	3,455,302	4,881,270	4,145,662
Human services	246,858	347,571	305,925	274,702	313,463	265,926	244,089	282,512	244,479	235,158
Culture and recreation	2,315,498	2,306,535	2,330,338	2,446,464	2,447,613	2,588,130	2,626,840	2,713,367	2,790,838	6,562,198
Debt service:	2,313,496	2,300,333	2,330,336	2,440,404	2,447,013	2,366,130	2,020,640	2,713,307	2,790,636	0,302,198
Capital lease principal					395,642	806,349	750,414	381,959	535,300	622,728
Capital lease interest					10,070	6,666	62,601	45,269	33,583	44,326
Principal	1,631,000	1,690,000	1,771,000	1,387,000	1,187,000	1,802,000	1,838,000	3,243,000	216,000	1,821,000
Interest and other charges	517,256	450,642	1,618,578	715,680	418,705	370,427	332,915	493,141	175,387	1,550,357
2	2,203,932					8,729,922				
Capital outlay		3,833,890	6,493,415 40,056,982	7,464,200	7,298,532		3,302,128	13,782,228	16,793,745	16,178,164
Total expenditures	33,103,765	35,482,930	40,050,982	40,659,350	40,896,125	43,443,237	37,943,888	50,237,940	52,553,241	135,013,963
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	1,412,710	839,732	293,842	(2,421,928)	(1,102,300)	(1,533,972)	3,486,858	(6,838,378)	(6,748,632)	(4,524,505)
(				(=, :==, :==)	(=,===,===)	(1,000,000)		(0,000,000)	(0,110,002)	(1,000,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	4,476,428	8,845,631	11,691,407	7,368,623	7,778,812	9,467,567	7,353,850	7,020,694	11,290,553	22,913,434
Transfer out	(4,752,145)	(8,945,948)	(12,611,868)	(8,377,393)	(8,858,917)	(10,670,379)	(8,809,881)	(8,642,793)	(13,080,073)	(24,861,834)
Issuance of long term debt				14,194,945		1,888,296		3,296,791	32,082,490	60,077,909
Original issue discount									(40,825)	
Issuance of refunding bonds			2,883,000	3,315,000						41,185,195
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent			(2,817,717)	(3,289,219)						(41,185,195)
Insurance Proceeds										20,100,610
BP recovery				1,900,000						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(275,717)	(100,317)	(855,178)	15,111,956	(1,080,105)	685,484	(1,456,031)	1,674,692	30,252,145	78,230,119
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,136,993	\$ 739,415	\$ (561,336)	\$ 12,690,028	\$ (2,182,405)	\$ (848,488)	\$ 2,030,827	\$ (5,163,686)	\$ 23,503,513	\$ 73,705,614
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	6.95%	6.76%	10.10%	6.33%	5.99%	8.60%	8.61%	11.42%	2.69%	3.40%

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) UNAUDITED

Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Estimated

	Real P	roperty	<b>y</b>	Personal	Prope	rty	Centrally	Asse	ssed	Total				to Total	
Fiscal	Assessed		Estimated	Assessed	E	Estimated	 Assessed	E	stimated		Assessed		Estimated	Estimated	Total Direct
Year	Value	A	ctual Value	Value	Ac	tual Value	Value	Ac	tual Value		Value		ctual Value	Actual Value	Rate
2010	\$ 1,919,747	\$	3,186,211	\$ 288,066	\$	434,883	\$ 13,051	\$	13,279	\$	2,220,864	\$	3,634,373	61.11%	3.8152
2011	1,873,704		3,094,310	282,033		429,748	13,794		14,003		2,169,531		3,538,061	61.32%	3.8152
2012	1,847,348		2,994,001	275,999		419,831	13,756		13,953		2,137,103		3,427,785	62.35%	3.8723
2013	1,910,954		2,882,465	300,007		418,383	13,761		14,011		2,224,722		3,314,859	67.11%	3.8723
2014	1,915,492		2,876,959	320,082		440,593	15,372		16,216		2,250,946		3,333,768	67.52%	3.8570
2015	1,925,554		2,837,577	361,462		459,143	15,210		15,503		2,302,226		3,312,223	69.51%	3.9740
2016	1,938,954		2,845,484	337,167		433,798	16,547		17,190		2,292,668		3,296,472	69.55%	3.9740
2017	1,981,248		2,897,689	320,030		417,208	20,272		20,624		2,321,550		3,335,521	69.60%	3.9740
2018	2,051,763		2,964,195	328,829		425,405	15,412		15,795		2,396,004		3,405,395	70.36%	3.9740
2019	2,416,478		2,492,004	402,164		407,563	14,711		14,711		2,833,353		2,914,278	97.22%	3.9740

Source: Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

#### Overlapping Rates

	City of Panama City				Bay County		Bay	District Schoo	ols	Panama City	Northwest	Total Direct
		Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Total	Downtown	Florida Water	and
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	School	Improvement	Management	Overlapping
Year	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Board	District	Rates
2010	3.8152		3.8152	4.5840		4.5840	7.4030		7.4030	2.7180	0.0450	18.5652
2011	3.8152		3.8152	4.8025		4.8025	7.1180		7.1180	2.7180	0.0400	18.4937
2012	3.8723		3.8723	4.8025		4.8025	6.8580		6.8580	2.7578	0.0400	18.3306
2013	3.8723		3.8723	3.6500		3.6500	6.7610		6.7610	2.8918	0.0400	17.2151
2014	3.8570		3.8570	4.6500		4.6500	6.8890		6.8890	2.8918	0.0039	18.2917
2015	3.9740		3.9740	4.6500		4.6500	6.9070		6.9070	3.0000	0.0378	18.5688
2016	3.9740		3.9740	4.6500		4.6500	6.4750		6.4750	3.0000	0.0366	18.1356
2017	3.9740		3.9740	4.4362		4.4362	6.3410		6.3410	3.0000	0.0353	17.7865
2018	4.3500		4.3500	4.4362		4.4362	6.1220		6.1220	3.0000	0.0338	17.9420
2019	5.5469		5.5469	4.4362		4.4362	5.9476		5.9476	3.0000	0.0327	18.9634

Source: Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO UNAUDITED

		2019		2010					
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed		
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value		
Gulf Power Company	\$ 534,605,327	1	25.99%	\$	206,842,582	1	10.77%		
St. Joe Land & Development	119,408,669	2	5.80%		90,479,862	3	4.71%		
Westrock-Stone Container	99,707,214	3	4.85%						
Hospital Corporation of America	74,218,166	4	3.61%						
Pier Park LLC	71,954,279	5	3.50%						
Hilton Companies	68,591,800	6	3.33%						
Gulfview Holdings	60,894,631	7	2.96%						
Wyndham Vacation	54,446,567	8	2.65%						
Bay County - Ascension Sacred Heart	49,499,966	9	2.41%						
Wal-Mart Stores	48,671,177	10	2.37%						
Laketown Wharf Marketing Corp					106,076,878	2	5.53%		
Shores of Panama Collateral					70,847,357	4	3.69%		
Simon Property Group					57,301,644	5	2.98%		
Marriott Ownership Resorts					44,472,694	6	2.32%		
Panama City Port Authority/Oceaneering					43,339,655	7	2.26%		
St. Andrew Bay Land Company, LLC					38,429,075	8	2.00%		
The Bay Line Railroad, LLC					36,009,849	9	1.88%		
BellSouth Telecommunications					34,938,206	10	1.82%		
Total Principal Taxpayers	\$ 1,181,997,796		57.47%	\$	728,737,802		37.96%		
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 2,057,342,366			\$	1,919,746,632				

Source: Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

See independent auditor's report.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Total Tax		Collected 'Fiscal Year		Col	lections in		ons to Date	
		vied for the iscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	bsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
		iscar i car	 Amount	Of Levy		1 cars		Amount	Of Levy
2010	\$	8,717,144	\$ 8,347,555	95.76%	\$	103,904	\$	8,451,459	96.95%
2011		8,506,412	8,188,062	96.26%		68,765		8,256,827	97.07%
2012		8,274,835	7,985,216	96.50%		41,374		8,026,590	97.00%
2013		8,614,083	7,903,674	91.75%		27,445		7,931,119	92.07%
2014		8,680,847	8,310,016	95.73%		28,856		8,338,872	96.06%
2015		9,148,158	8,458,119	92.46%		53,346		8,511,465	93.04%
2016		9,110,571	8,813,050	96.73%		48,454		8,861,504	97.27%
2017		9,225,232	8,868,185	96.13%		29,502		8,897,687	96.45%
2018		9,227,409	8,905,109	96.51%		24,809		8,929,918	96.78%
2019		10,419,785	9,730,839	93.39%		368,700		10,099,539	96.93%

<sup>(1)</sup> By May 31, during each year for which taxes are levied, all taxes have been collected and remitted to the City or the delinquent taxes are raised by public auction of tax certificates and the proceeds are remitted to the City by the County Tax Collector. Therefore, there are no material unremitted tax revenues for each fiscal year on September 30.

Source: Based on information provided by Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Governm	nental Ac	ctivities	<u>B</u> 1	usiness-type Activi	<u>ties</u>	Total	Percentage		
Fiscal		Revenue		Capital Lease		Revenue		Primary	of Personal	Per	
<u>Year</u>		Bonds/Notes		Obligations		Bonds/Notes		Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)	
2010	\$	11,754,000			\$	18,120,000	\$	29,874,000	4.55%	799	
2011	Ψ	10,064,000			Ψ	17,035,000	Ψ	27,099,000	4.97%	760	
2012		7,203,000				16,400,000		23,603,000	5.75%	645	
2013		18,605,000	\$	295,945		15,202,000		34,102,945	4.42%	953	
2014		17,418,000		200,303		13,129,000		30,747,303	5.00%	860	
2015		15,638,480		1,582,251		44,878,789		62,099,520	2.58%	1,733	
2016		13,790,621		1,131,837		43,379,092		58,301,550	2.90%	1,580	
2017		13,748,090		839,668		37,899,394		52,487,152	3.36%	1,419	
2018		44,917,517		956,857		37,891,697		83,766,071	2.70%	2,251	
2019		43,095,787		1,357,541		35,045,000		79,498,328	Not Available	2,359	

Note: For the fiscal years ended September 30. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 206 for personal income and population data. For the purpose of this schedule, personal income attributable to Panama City was utilized.

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) UNAUDITED

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable 1	S	timated hare of erlapping Debt
Bay County:				
Bonds payable	\$ 64,927	17.65%	\$	11,461
Capital leases	1,115	17.65%	,	197
Notes payable	127,745	17.65%		22,550
Bay County School Board:				
State school bonds	81	16.14%		13
Sales tax revenue anticipation note	6,364	16.14%		1,027
Revenue Anticipation Note	4,052	16.14%		654
Certificates of participation	62,854	16.14%		10,147
Subtotal of overlapping debt				46,049
City of Panama City direct debt	44,453			44,453
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	90,502

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values, for 2019, that are provided by the Bay County Property Appraiser's Office. The percentages were calculated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by the County or School Board taxable assessed value.

Source: - Bay County Clerk of Court & Comptroller for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019

See independent auditor's report.

District School Board of Bay County Superintendent's Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Local Option Gas Transportation Bonds

Utility Service Tax Bonds

		Debt Service							Debt S			
Fiscal Year	 Revenue Collected		Principal		Interest	Coverage		Revenue Collected		Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 1,389,891	\$	_	\$	-	-	\$	3,309,913	\$	1,010,000	\$ 201,908	2.73
2011	1,272,508		_		-	-		3,462,259		865,000	162,555	3.37
2012	1,269,175		-		-	-		3,100,905		910,000	73,420	3.15
2013	1,394,258		_		_	-		3,479,637		515,000	12,253	6.60
2014	1,376,850		-		-	-		3,879,713		291,000	7,900	12.98
2015	1,410,878		-		-	-		4,176,778		293,000	4,746	14.03
2016	1,479,612		_		_	-		4,276,080		293,000	1,582	14.52
2017	1,281,331		-		-	-		4,287,390		-	_	-
2018	1,295,819		_		_	-		4,540,419		-	_	-
2019	1,315,941		_		_	-		3,719,556		-	-	-

Utility Service Tax, Communications Services Tax, and Merchants' License Fee Bonds

Fiscal	Revenue			Deb			
Year		Collected (1)		Principal	Interest		Coverage
2013	\$	12,025,916	\$	750,000	\$	87,756	14.35
2014		13,801,666		349,000		66,438	33.22
2015		14,250,305		605,000		52,886	21.66
2016		14,604,875		621,000		38,976	22.13
2017		15,191,733		1,272,000		44,453	11.54
2018		15,920,513		-		-	-
2019		14,629,936		-		-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenue collected for Utility Service Tax, Communications Services Tax, and Merchants' License Fee Bonds includes the amount remaining after principal and interest payments for the bonds covered solely by Utility Service Taxes, plus the Communications Services Tax and the Merchants' License Fees.

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal	al Gross		Net Revenue Available for	Г	DEBT SERVICE REQ	EQUIREMENTS		
<u>Year</u>	Revenue (2)	Expenses (3)	Debt Service (4)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage	
2010	\$ 15,008,581	\$ 9,930,201	\$ 5,078,380	\$ 1,045,000	\$ 797,916	\$ 1,842,916	2.76	
2011	16,484,624	10,167,967	6,316,657	1,085,000	761,203	1,846,203	3.42	
2012	16,202,985	10,573,093	5,629,892	1,647,000	165,837	1,812,837	3.11	
2013	17,500,817	10,642,101	6,858,716	1,198,000	519,315	1,717,315	3.99	
2014	17,914,768	10,140,302	7,774,466	1,261,000	520,473	1,781,473	4.36	
2015	19,140,180	10,440,568	8,699,612	416,000	225,781	641,781	13.56	
2016	18,709,289	10,657,103	8,052,186	1,492,000	1,165,638	2,657,638	3.03	
2017	19,906,474	10,941,850	8,964,624	2,692,000	1,080,841	3,772,841	2.38	
2018	19,850,187	11,445,855	8,404,332	2,780,000	1,036,363	3,816,363	2.20	
2019	25,683,597	19,074,971	6,608,626	2,839,000	979,519	3,818,519	1.73	

Notes:

- (1) Includes Utilities Fund only.
- (2) Includes all operating and nonoperating revenues except impact fees.
- (3) Includes all operating and nonoperating expenses except interest expense and depreciation expense.
- (4) Before operating transfers out.

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Estimated City Population (1)	Estimated County Population (2)	City to County Population Ratio	Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (3)	
2010	37,120	168,852	21.98%	\$ 6,280,322	\$ 37,194	10.6%	
2011	36,590	169,278	21.62%	6,456,932	38,144	10.7%	
2012	35,800	169,392	21.13%	6,568,180	38,775	9.3%	
2013	35,720	169,866	21.03%	6,634,581	42,179	7.8%	
2014	35,773	170,781	20.95%	6,888,553	42,998	5.8%	
2015	35,835	173,310	20.68%	7,214,062	44,731	5.1%	
2016	36,909	176,016	20.97%	7,529,278	45,744	4.8%	
2017	36,988	178,820	20.68%	7,796,975	47,648	3.3%	
2018	37,208	181,199	20.53%	8,010,201	48,944	2.8%	
2019	32,951	167,283	19.70%	Not Available	Not Available	2.6%	

Source:

- (1) Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau
- (3) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

#### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (1) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO UNAUDITED

		2019			2010	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			<b>Total County</b>			<b>Total County</b>
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Naval Support Activity Panama City	5,200	1	5.75%	3,908	2	4.50%
Tyndall Air Force Base	3,888	2	4.30%	7,352	1	8.47%
Bay District Schools	3,000	3	3.31%	3,062	3	3.53%
General Dynamics IT	2,000	4	2.21%			
Eastern Shipbuilding Group	1,800	5	1.99%	823	7	0.95%
Wal-Mart and Sam's Club	1,500	6	1.66%	1,500	5	1.73%
Bay County Constitutional Officers	1,214	7	1.34%			
Bay Medical Center	1,000	8	1.10%	2,000	4	2.31%
Trane Company	800	9	0.88%			
Gulf Coast Medical Center	631	10	0.70%	651	8	0.75%
Gulf Coast State College				600	9	0.69%
City of Panama City				537	10	0.62%
Bay County Board				1,214	6	1.40%
	21,033		23.24%	21,647		24.95%
Total Bay County Labor Force	90,503			86,751		

(1) Data presented reflects Bay County

Source: Bay County Economic Development Alliance

# CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities:										
Police:										
Total crime arrests	5,083	4,210	4,190	4,074	5,807	5,297	5,346	4,177	4,834	5,220
Traffic violations	7,544	10,551	11,240	10,286	6,683	9,179	8,385	8,438	5,427	6,870
Parking violations	151	315	104	135	154	98	42	70	61	31
Code enforcement reports	1,342	839	1,022	2,059	2,707	3,160	4,164	4,971	4,104	2,256
Calls for service	53,291	56,398	56,880	54,480	53,421	53,343	55,069	55,876	61,206	57,113
Fire:										
Structure fires	40	39	49	48	44	35	62	29	44	38
Total calls for service	1,740	1,756	1,870	1,821	2,479	2,735	2,779	5,206	6,186	5,185
Inspections	2,412	1,985	2,132	1,721	1,870	2,358	2,508	3,396	2,502	2,606
Business-type activities:										
Wastewater system:										
Number of service connections	14,583	14,575	14,554	14,643	14,730	14,683	14,734	14,885	15,038	13,532
Water system:										
Number of service connections	16,948	16,933	16,928	17,011	17,052	17,139	17,221	17,449	17,668	15,929

Source: City Departments

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year										
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities:										
Police:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of substations	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	0
Number of vehicles in fleet	119	121	118	121	120	121	122	126	137	137
Fire:	11)	121	110	121	120	121	122	120	157	137
Number of stations	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Transportation:			Ü	· ·	· ·	Ü	· ·	· ·	· ·	Ü
Miles of paved streets	201	198	198	198	198	199	201	201	204	204
Number of street lights	4,544	4,401	4,832	4,846	4,857	4,949	4,952	5,036	5,060	5,060
<b>Culture and recreation:</b>	7-	, -	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Community centers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Parks	33	33	33	33	34	35	35	35	35	35
Park acreage	146	146	146	146	150	156	156	156	156	156
Baseball and softball fields	13	13	13	13	13	10	10	10	10	10
Soccer fields						1	1	1	1	1
Public marinas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public boat launching areas	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Civic centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Business-type activities:										
Wastewater system:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	289	290	294	295	292	293	295	295	297	3
Number of treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Daily average treatment in gallons	5,117,000	4,435,000	4,775,000	6,074,000	5,244,000	4,200,000	5,200,000	5,000,000	6,200,000	4,983,000
Water system:										
Miles of water mains	364	365	368	338	337	339	339	339	341	341
Number of fire hydrants	1,618	1,635	1,677	1,681	1,683	1,701	1,718	1,730	1,759	1,615
Daily average consumption in gallons	5,416,000	5,807,000	5,754,000	6,049,000	5,190,000	5,351,000	5,310,000	5,680,000	4,926,000	3,980,000

Source: City Departments

See independent auditor's report.

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FULL - TIME EQUIVALENT - CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Y	<i>Y</i> ear				
Function/Program	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities:										
General government	66	66	65	67	67	71	82	74	69	69
Public safety	219	220	220	220	213	216	224	243	233	257
Transportation	50	50	50	50	39	36	40	43	35	46
Culture and recreation	25	25	28	25	24	24	22	24	25	30
Economic environment	5	5	8	7	14	13	14	14	12	15
Business-type activities:										
Utilities	92	92	93	91	79	83	79	77	82	90
Solid waste	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	40	39	44
Marinas	9	9	9 _	9 _	13	13	14	14	14	15
Total	505	506	512	508	488	495	514	529	509	566

Source: City of Panama City Annual Budget



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# SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

### THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.	p. 214
► INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.	p. 216
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT.	p. 218
➤ INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE 218.415 RELATED TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES.	p. 22I
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> SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL	p. 224
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### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal/State Agency, Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program/State Projects	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Expenditures		
1 cuciai i rogiani/State i rojects	rumber	<u> La</u>	<del>Jenarares</del>	
Federal Awards				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct programs:				
Community Development Block Grants	14.219	\$	378,238	
Passed through Department of Economic Opportunity:				
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228		79,407	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			457,645	
U.S Department of Justice:				
Direct Programs:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - 2017 PCPD	16.607		6,815	
2017 Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant	16.738		24,160	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - 2018 PCPD	16.607		2,866	
2018 Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant	16.738		2,780	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			36,621	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs:				
Port Security Grant Program - 2018	97.056		36,769	
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially				
Declared Disasters)	97.036		15,709,578	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			15,746,347	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	16,240,613	

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal/State Agency, Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program/State Projects	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Ex	xpenditures
1 oderum 1 rogrammi odere 1 rojectio	- Transcr		Politica
State Financial Assistance			
Division of Emergency Management			
Residential Construction Mitigation Program	31.066	\$	215
Hurricane Michael State Recovery Grant	31.070		1,000,000
Total Division of Emergency Management			1,000,215
Florida Housing Finance Corp:			
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	40.901		353,410
Passed through Bay County:			
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	40.901		492,119
Total Florida Housing Finance Corp			845,529
<b>Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance</b>		\$	1,845,744
COMPONENT UNIT - Panama City Port Authority			
Florida Department of Transportation:			
Grant No 43876319406	55.005	\$	1,966,406
Grant No 43876319402	55.005		4,425,638
Grant No 43876319403	55.005		1,568,859
Grant No 43876319405	55.005		1,466,325
Grant No 42836479401	55.005		76,459
<b>Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance</b>		\$	9,503,687

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the grant activity of the City of Panama City, Florida and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance summarizes the federal and state expenditures of the City under programs of the federal government and state departments for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. The amounts reported as federal awards and state expenditures were obtained from the City's general ledger. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

For purposes of the schedule, federal awards and state projects include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly with the federal government and state departments. The City has obtained Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) and Catalog of State Financial Assistance (CSFA) numbers to ensure that all programs have been identified in the schedule.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2020.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material

weaknesses or significant deficiencies Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, however material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Panama City, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state financial assistance applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal programs and state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City of Panama City, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City of Panama City, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 and 2019-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Tipton, Marly, Llamer: Chastain
Panama City, Florida
Inter 20, 2000

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. Two significant deficiencies in internal control over a major state project are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs and major state projects for the City of Panama City, Florida, expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal award programs and major state projects.
- 6. Our audit disclosed no findings to federal programs and state projects required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516 (a) and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.
- 7. The programs and projects tested as major programs and projects included the following:

<u>Federal Programs</u>	Federal CFDA No.
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036
,	2,1000
State Projects State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	State CSFA No. 40.901
State Troubing motivations I armership Trogram	.0.,01

31.070

8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.

Hurricane Michael State Recovery Grant

9. The City of the Panama City, Florida, did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the federal programs, but did qualify as a low-risk auditee for the state projects.

## CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### **B.** Findings - Financial Statements Audit

**NONE** 

### C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program and State Project

#### 2019 - 001

Condition: As noted in Note 15-Hurricane Michael, the City and its citizens suffered devastating destruction and property damage from Hurricane Michael. The immediate need to assist the citizens with housing issues led to expenditures that were not within the scope of the existing Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP). The Local Housing Assistance Plan was later amended.

Criteria: Eligibility for the program requires the LHAP to be followed.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure expenditures were allowed under the approved LHAP.

Effect: The cost of the assistance may be disallowed.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff implement controls to ensure expenditures fall under the strategies allowed within the LHAP.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the auditors' recommendations. See page 220 for Planned Corrective Actions.

### 2019 - 002

Condition: Eligibility documentation was incomplete. Due to the catastrophic event, the housing needs were and continue to be significant. The City saw an overwhelming increase in the number of people needing assistance. As a result, the City found it difficult to maintain complete eligibility records.

Criteria: The program requires that eligibility be documented and complete.

Cause: Citizens were unable to provide documentation and staff was not able to verify completeness of records.

Effect: The cost of the assistance may be disallowed.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff establish controls to ensure and verify eligibility and completeness of documents before assistance is provided.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the auditors' recommendations. See page 220 for Planned Corrective Actions.

### D. Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Program and State Project

**NONE** 



## "Dedicated to Excellence... People Serving People"

July 29, 2020

City of Panama City, Florida Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

### Finding Number 2019-001, 2019-002

Planned Corrective Action:

The City has implemented the following additional internal controls to ensure expenditures fall under the strategies allowed in the LHAP.

- Strategies have been rebranded and applied retroactively because of the catastrophic loss to our community;
- Institution of written procedures and control measures to ensure appropriate use of strategies;
- Review of files prior to closeout to verify all documentation has been obtained;
- Implementation of new Grants Management System (GMS) to store and obtain pertinent documentation from clients:
- Scheduled weekly staff meetings to ensure all established procedures are followed consistently in order to effectively and efficiently reach the program's goals;
- Outsourced assistance via consultants and FHFC training staff;
- Added a department Accountant position to accumulate and report on financial information about the
  performance, financial position, and cash flows of the department; reconcile CDBG, SHIP and NSP
  accounts receivable and expenses; reconciliation of rental payments from tenants and prepare bank
  deposits; utilize the City's financial applications, and other financial applications to monitor project
  budges and payments; assist with preparation for period grant audits by State and other granting
  agencies and create spreadsheets and input data, as necessary;
- City employees submitting applications for assistance will receive review, acknowledgement and sign off by City Manager's office prior to fund disbursement.

It is important to note Hurricane Michael presented a number of challenges that made 2018-2019 operations extremely unique. The storm, considered the third strongest to ever hit the country, crippled the City and seriously affected its ability to operate under normal circumstances. The Community Development Department was displaced from its St. Andrew's location due to building damage and relocated twice thereafter. Staff's ability to access files, forms, documents, manuals, plans, etc., to continue normal operations under the circumstances were extremely impacted. Due to limited access to electricity, telephones, staff was placed in recovery mode and worked hard to assist immediate needs and recovery of our citizens.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** December 31, 2020

Responsible Contact Person: Brandy Waldron
Blands Waldrow

Interim City Clerk-Treasurer

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE 218.415 RELATED TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

We have examined the City of Panama City, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and with Federal and State laws, rules, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements related to the receipt and expenditure of funds (see section 288.8018(1), Florida Statutes) they received related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements, based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Tipton, Marly, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2020.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated July 29, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report in regards to segregation of duties and deficit fund balance.

### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. We determined that the City of Panama City, Florida compiled this information in Note 1 to the financial statements.

### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of Panama City, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Panama City, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City of Panama City, Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Panama City, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Commissioners, City Manager, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tipton, Marly, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida

### CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	2019				
Source	Amount Received	Amount Expended			
British Petroleum: Triumph Gulf Coast Inc.	\$1,215,659	\$ 1,216,659			
COMPONENT UNIT-Panama City Port Authority					
British Petroleum: Triumph Gulf Coast Inc.	\$3,964,343	\$ 5,533,066			

Note: This does not include funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill that are considered Federal awards or State financial assistance. The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance includes \$0 of expenditures of State financial assistance that are related t the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill.