Town of Davie Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024



THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

Prepared by Budget and Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BUDGET AND FINANCE DEPARTMENT

OF DALL OF DAL

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March 27, 2025

In accordance with Section 11.45, Florida Statutes and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town of Davie's (the "Town") Charter, submitted herewith is the Town's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (the "Annual Report") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

The financial statements included in this report conform to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Town is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. The financial statements have been audited by Citrin Cooperman. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion that this report fairly presents the financial position of the Town and complies with all reporting standards noted above.

The contents of this report are aimed at compliance with GASB pronouncements, including Statement No. 34, requiring the preparation of government-wide financial statements on a full accrual basis of accounting for all funds and including Management's Discussion and Analysis. Also included are additional and enhanced Statistical Tables required by GASB Statement No. 44.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Town was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961. The Town exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. Under Florida law, Davie is considered a Municipal Corporation. The Mayor is elected by all registered voters of the Town, while the four Council members are each elected only by the registered voters of the specific District they are elected to represent. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. The Council appoints the Town Administrator (who is the Chief Administrative Officer) and the Town Attorney. The Town Administrator is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the Council and appoints Department Directors or Division Managers. The Department Directors and Division Managers have the primary responsibility to hire and fire employees, however, the final decision ultimately rests with the Town Administrator. The Town is organized into various Departments and Divisions that are significantly reflected in the attached Illustration 1 (page vii). The Budget and Finance Department, which has the responsibility for preparation of this report, is shown in Illustration 2 (page viii).

The activities included in our report are those over which the Town has ultimate financial accountability. Any activity for which the Town, as a "primary" government, is ultimately financially accountable is presented within this report. No activity has been excluded which would cause our financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA"), in which the main function is to assist with redevelopment in designated areas of the Town. It is financed by property tax revenues that are levied by the Town and certain other taxing authorities (i.e. Broward County, South Broward Hospital District, North Broward Hospital District, Children's Services Council and the Central Broward Water Control District) on the increased taxable values in those targeted areas that exceed a base year amount. This is called the tax increment. The CRA is a blended component unit of the Town and is therefore included within this report. Its resources are tracked from year to year and its surpluses, if any, are available for purposes approved by the CRA Board, which is comprised of the Town Council members.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, cultural arts, recreation, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, textile recycling and towing services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

While part of the larger Fort Lauderdale metropolitan area, the Town has maintained much of its pioneering heritage, rustic, and rural lifestyle. Agriculture, though still present and important to the Town, is giving way to higher education facilities and research and development centers. The Town has grown to over 35.5 square miles and a population of 107,410 residents. The Town's Open Space and Recreational programs were the first of their kind in Florida and they are a source of great civic pride. With modern port facilities and a world-class airport only moments away and linked by several interstate and toll highways, the Town has proven to be a great location for individuals and businesses wishing to be part of the growing South Florida community. Only twenty minutes from downtown Miami and less than half that to Fort Lauderdale, Davie has capitalized on this central and important location.

Fiscal Year 2024

Since the inception of the global pandemic, the Town had to reassess and adapt to a new business model to effectively provide services. Although the Town has recovered from the financial impacts of the global pandemic, the challenge with inflation continued to fiscal year 2024. Inflation continues to increase pressure on the Town's operating and capital expenses. By budgeting accordingly, the Town was prepared for inflation. The Town will continue to monitor the impacts of inflation and will continue to budget accordingly. Additionally, to maintain operational efficiencies, the Town added 20 positions to our workforce, comparing the original fiscal year 2023 budget to the original fiscal year 2024 budget, while keeping our operating millage rate unchanged. The Town did increase the residential fire assessment from \$206 to \$296. This increase helps cover a greater portion of our fire service operating costs, 24/7 full staffing to support ladder truck personnel, fire apparatus replacements and new or renovated fire stations.

Per the original fiscal year 2024 budget, the Town's taxable value is approximately \$ 13.8 billion. After four consecutive years of declining property values due to the economic recession, the Town's taxable value increased this year, for the twelfth consecutive year, by approximately \$ 1.4 billion or 11% and overall property values also showed a modest increase. During the year, we continued to see positive signs that the local economy continued to improve as the activity within our building and engineering division continued to be strong. The Town's population continues to grow and is over 107,000 residents.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In the continued effort of making maintenance of its infrastructure a priority, the Town's major capital improvements included the following expenditures during fiscal year 2024:

General Government:

- Stormwater / Drainage Improvements \$ 3.5 million
- Boys and Girls Club Remodel \$ 1.5 million
- Police and Fire Improvements (building / equipment) \$ 1.2 million
- Davie Road Improvements \$ 1.1 million
- Pavement Overlay \$ 1.1 million
- EMS Ambulance / Fire Equipment \$900K
- Roadway Improvements \$839K
- Public Safety Radios \$ 534K

Water and Sewer:

- Membrane Replacement \$ 987K
- SW 36th Court Water Main Replacement \$ 939K
- Davie Orange Drive Water Main \$ 935K
- Improvements to Equipment \$833K
- Palm Gardens Water Main \$ 689K
- Improvements to Land \$ 667K

Additionally, the fiscal year 2024 budget included budgetary initiatives that had a significant impact on the Town's financial statements. For example, when comparing the original budget for fiscal year 2023 to original fiscal year 2024 budget, the Town increased the operating budget by \$ 12.9 million or 16%. As it relates to capital outlay, the Town's capital outlay expenditure budget moderately increased by approximately \$ 509K or 1%. Overall, the Town continues to move forward with significant projects, initiatives and transactions, as well as high inflationary concerns.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Internal Accounting Control</u>

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

An annual budget is adopted for most governmental funds, which includes part of the Capital Improvements Program ("CIP"). Although not all the CIP-related funds are inclusive in the annual budget, the Town Council approves, annually, the CIP. The Town does not adopt a budget for its Capital Projects Fund. In accordance with Town Ordinance, appropriations are legally controlled at the Department or Division level. With the exception of projects approved within the CIP, and some vehicles, and vehicle related expenses within the Vehicle Maintenance Fund, all appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Encumbrances for projects within the Town's CIP do roll forward, along with some other projects within the Vehicle Maintenance Fund, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting records and are utilized throughout the fiscal year.

Overview of Financial Activity

The accompanying financial statements reflect that the Town has continued to expand its services to meet the demands of its residential and business communities. A summary of the major financial activities is included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Section of this report.

Financial Policies

The Town's Financial Policies set forth the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the Town. These policies represent a foundation, provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future programs, and assist the Town Council and the Town Administrator in making decisions. Some examples of these type of policies relate to the Town's budget, revenue, expenditures and fund balances (which is discussed in more detail in the next paragraph).

Fund Balances

Previously, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, for its governmental activities. GASB Statement No. 54 establishes various classifications of fund balance based on a hierarchy which details constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and those internally imposed. Fund balances classified as restricted are those with externally enforceable limitations on use. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the Town Council through a resolution or ordinance (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority). Commitments can only be changed or lifted only by the Town Council through formal action. Assigned fund balances are amounts that the Town intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent to utilize these funds is delegated to the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator, or designee. Unassigned fund balance can be viewed as the net resources available at the end of the year.

Retirement Programs

The Town contributed to three (3) defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the plan documents within each pension plan and one (1) defined contribution pension plan based on employee classifications created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The plans currently cover all full-time employees, except some contractual employees, of the Town. Under the defined benefit pension plans, the Town and the employees make contributions. Under the defined contribution plan, the Town contributes 11.4% while the employees do not make contributions. Employer contributions for the defined benefit plans for fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 were approximately as follows: Firefighters' Pension \$ 5.4 million, Police Employees' Pension \$ 8.0 million and Management and General Employees' Pension \$ 2.7 million.

A defined benefit pension plan provides a pension benefit that pays the employee a specific amount of money, typically per month, once the employee becomes eligible for receiving the retirement benefits. Some of the factors that are used to determine the retirement benefit include number of years of service, years of vesting, salary and the multiplier. Under a defined benefit pension plan, the benefits that are paid to the participant will be the sole responsibility of the employer.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be reallocated to such participant's account.

In order to encourage employees to supplement their retirement income, a deferred compensation program is also available to all employees. Under this program, employees may voluntarily elect to defer a portion of their salary to future years. Both programs, the defined contribution plan and deferred compensation program, are administered by Voya under a trust agreement. The plan assets are separate and the Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements. Please see Notes 13 and 14 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of the retirement program.

Financing Programs and Debt Administration

The Town currently has 10 outstanding long-term debt issues. At September 30, 2024, the principal balance outstanding totaled approximately \$ 166 million.

General Obligation Bonds:

The Town previously issued \$ 12.4 million General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has a 16-year amortization, due August 2031, with a fixed rate of 2.59%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

The Town previously issued \$ 16.3 million Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has an 11-year amortization, due August 2026, with a fixed rate of 2.18%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds:

Previously, the Town issued \$ 10.0 million and \$ 7.4 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, respectively. The purpose of these Refunding Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding \$ 20.0 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2010. The Series 2013 Bonds have a 12-year amortization, due December 2025, with a fixed rate of 3.002% on Series A and 2.953% on Series B. The bonds are secured by a gross pledge and lien of tax increment revenues of Davie's CRA.

Note payable:

Previously, the Town issued a \$ 3.5 million note payable for the purpose of financing the acquisition of public safety equipment. The note bears no interest maturing in February 2028. The Town has not pledged revenue in connection with this credit facility, except for that it is payable from legally available funds.

Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2021:

In December 2021, the Town issued \$ 36.6 million of a Special Obligation Bond, Series 2021. The purpose of these bonds is for the construction and equipping of the new Town Hall and the Davie Wetlands Park (formerly Van Kirk). The Series 2021 Bonds have a 30-year amortization, due October 2051, with a fixed rate ranging from 4% to 5%. Legally available non-ad valorem revenues from the General Fund, and certain investment earnings, are pledged to repay this obligation.

Water and Sewer Bonds:

In June 2020, the Town issued \$ 47.7 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020. The purpose of these Bonds was to refund and defease a significant portion of the then outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011. The Refunding Bonds have a 22-year amortization, due October 2041, bearing interest between 1.004% and 3.111%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In August 2019, the Town issued \$ 49.9 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. The purpose of these Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. The Refunding Bonds have a 22-year amortization, due October 2040, with a fixed rate of 2.76%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system..

In November 2012, the Town issued Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, in the amount of \$ 28.2 million, due October 2042, bearing interest between 2.00% and 4.00%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

State Revolving Loan:

In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$ 4.6 million, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$ 17,594 and \$ 89,782, respectively. Semiannual payments are due each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$ 135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

In accordance with Section 11.45(3)(a) (4), Florida Statutes, and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town's Charter, the Town engaged the firm of Citrin Cooperman, to perform the independent audit of the Town's accounts and records. The independent auditor's report is included in the Financial section.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Davie for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

In addition, the Town also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for the Town's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. It was the thirteenth consecutive year the Town received the award for the document, which serves as the Town's primary fiscal policy document.

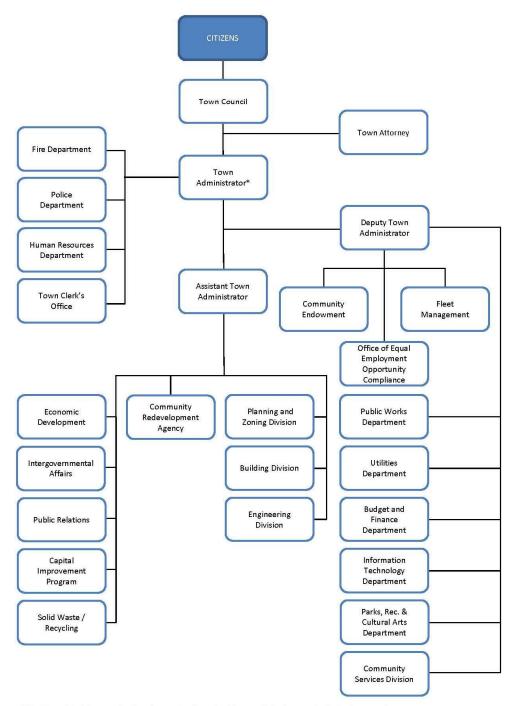
<u>Acknowledgements</u>

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Budget and Finance Department. We express our appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would like to express our thanks for the cooperation received from our independent auditors, Citrin Cooperman, as they worked diligently with the Town. Of course, we greatly appreciate and thank the Town's Council and Town Administration for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town.

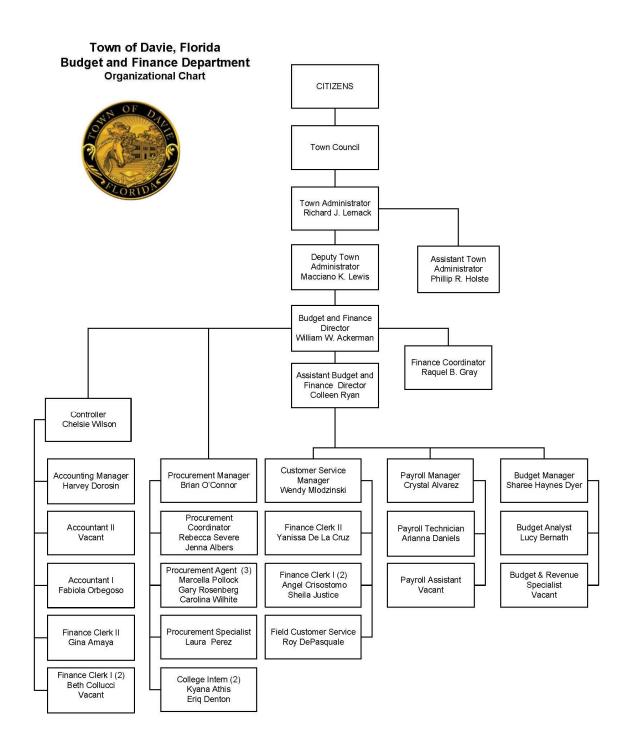
Respectfully submitted,

Richard J. Lemack, Town Administrator William W. Ackerman, Budget and Finance Director

Town of Davie Table of Organization FY 2024



 $^{^*}$ The Town Administrator also functions as the Executive Director of the Community Redevelopment Agency.



List of Principal Officials

2023-2024 Town Council

Judy Paul Mayor

Susan Starkey Vice-Mayor

Caryl Hattan Councilmember

Marlon Luis Councilmember

Michelle Whitman Councilmember

Administrative Officials

Richard J. Lemack Town Administrator

Macciano K. Lewis Deputy Town Administrator

Phillip R. Holste Assistant Town Administrator

William W. Ackerman Budget and Finance Director

Jorge Gonzalez Fire Chief

Grace Garagozzo Human Resources Director

Nelson Martinez, Jr. Information Technology Director

Jeffrey Pohlman Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Director

Stephen Kinsey Police Chief

Osdel Fernandez-Larrea Public Works/Capital Projects Director

Allan Weinthal Town Attorney

Evelyn Roig Town Clerk

Renuka Mohammed Utilities Director

Citrin Cooperman & Company LLP Town Auditors



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

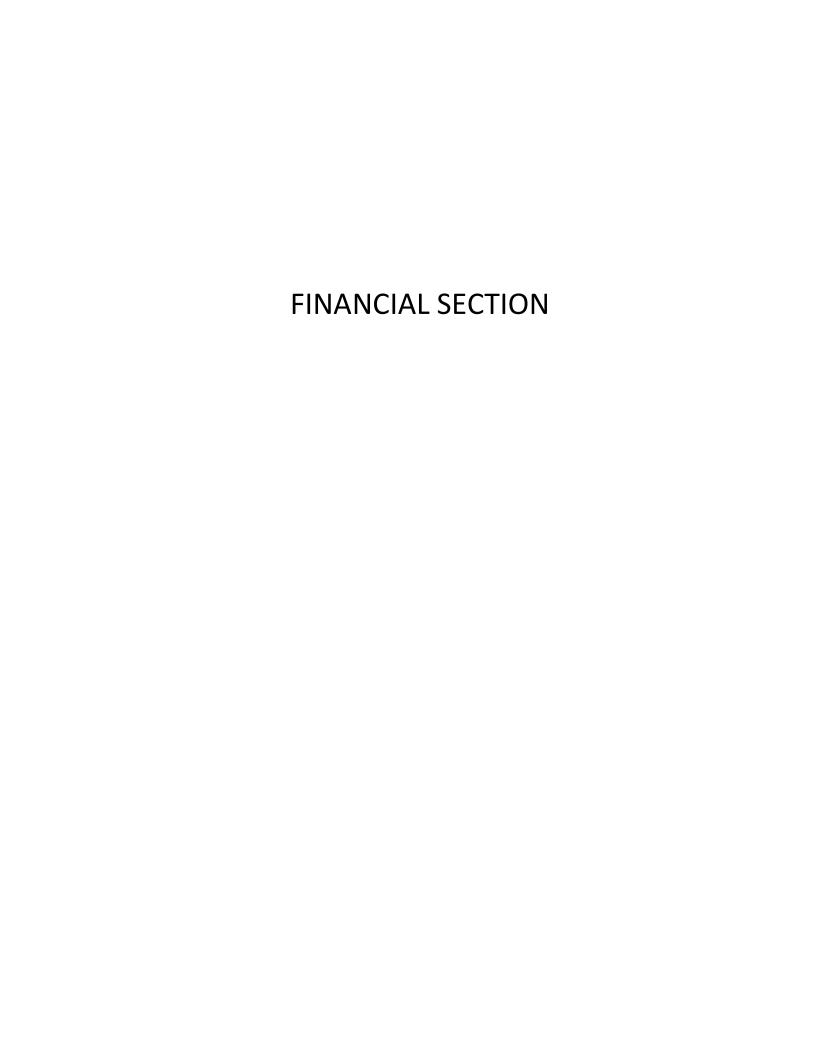
Town of Davie Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Davie, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan or the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, which together represent 70 percent, 71 percent, and 60 percent, respectively, of the assets, fund balance/net position, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Davie, Florida, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

"Citrin Cooperman" is the brand under which Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP, a licensed independent CPA firm, and Citrin Cooperman Advisors LLC serve clients' business needs. The two firms operate as separate legal entities in an alternative practice structure. The entities of Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP and Citrin Cooperman Advisors LLC are independent member firms of the Moore North America, Inc. (MNA) Association, which is itself a regional member of Moore Global Network Limited (MGNL). All the firms associated with MNA are independently owned and managed entities. Their membership in, or association with, MNA should not be construed as constituting or implying any partnership between them.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Davie, Florida's, ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Town of Davie, Florida's, ability to continue as a going concern for
 a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

[&]quot;Citrin Cooperman" is the brand under which Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP, a licensed independent CPA firm, and Citrin Cooperman Advisors LLC serve clients' business needs. The two firms operate as separate legal entities in an alternative practice structure. The entities of Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP and Citrin Cooperman Advisors LLC are independent member firms of the Moore North America, Inc. (MNA) Association, which is itself a regional member of Moore Global Network Limited (MGNL). All the firms associated with MNA are independently owned and managed entities. Their membership in, or association with, MNA should not be construed as constituting or implying any partnership between them.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparisons schedules, and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 5–15 and 95–106, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Davie, Florida's, basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, respectively, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2025, on our consideration of the Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Citim Coopermané, Caupany, LAP

March 27, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town of Davie's (the "Town") Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide a broad overview on short-term and long-term analysis of the Town's activities based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Town. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The Town presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The reader of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and the Required Supplementary Information (RSI), provided in addition to this MD&A.

Understanding the Basic Financial Statements

GASB Statement 34 represented a monumental change from the way in which government financial statements are recorded and presented. It provided for the first time a concise "entity-wide" Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, providing the user of the financial statements a combined overview of the Town's financial position and result of operations, eliminating interfund activities and "other people's money" such as pension funds, which can mislead users when incorporated in a combined manner. The Government-Wide Financial Statements also differentiate between Governmental and Business-Type Activities, further assisting the reader in their evaluation.

The reporting model requires the use of accrual accounting (which focuses on economic resources) at the top most level, while maintaining modified accrual accounting (which focuses on current financial resources—budgeted resources) at the individual fund level. This was an important change in governmental accounting. The impact of long-term financial decisions is accurately matched to the period in which the expense or revenue is attributed. In short, an accurate presentation of information is achieved and the impacts of long-term decisions are promptly recorded as the transactions occurred, as opposed to the traditional method of recording them when the bill is paid. A good example of this is the recording of compensated absences such as vacation time. Previously, this time was "expensed" as paid, not when earned. As a result, employees could accrue hundreds of hours in the past without that expense being attributed to the taxpayers who benefited from those employees' services. Once the employees separate from the Town it is future taxpayers who will bear the financial liability, but would not benefit from those employees' services. This is but one of many examples of "expenses" that have traditionally not been matched to the period of benefit.

Users interested in "budgetary performance" will find that information available in the required supplementary information and other financial information following the notes to the financial statements. An overview discussion of the different sections of this reporting model follows.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. Both statements represent an overview of the Town as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. All information is presented utilizing the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method better matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenues are earned and the expenses attributed. The Town's Community Redevelopment Agency is shown as a blended component unit. Fiduciary funds, such as pension trust funds, are precluded from these Government-Wide Financial Statements because they represent money and funds legally set aside for use by the employee groups they benefit. Previously, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This pronouncement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expense/expenditures. Although Florida law requires municipalities to fund pension plans on an actuarially sound basis, it is important for the user to study the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (as explained in the following section) as well as the footnotes, required supplementary information, and statistical sections of this report. Previously, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits offered to retirees other than pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB. Also, combined into the Government-Wide Financial Statements, are the Internal Service Funds of the Town.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the Town and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type and component unit), which are supported by the government's general tax and program revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of cost of various governmental services and the local taxing efforts necessary to sustain each of those activities..

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The Governmental Funds presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary (or Trust) Funds summarized by type (pension, investment, private purpose trusts and custodial funds). While these Funds represent fiduciary responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. While the Total column on the Business-Type Fund Financial Statements is the same as the Business-Type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statements, after adjusting for internal service funds, the Governmental Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement. The flow of current financial resources will reflect debt proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and debt principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations (debt and others), among other items, into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-Wide statements).

Analysis of the Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

In evaluating the financial position and short-term financial performance of the Town, two tools are particularly valuable: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

It is useful for the user to compare the current year with the prior year. This aids in spotting trends and other areas of concern or interest. For ease of relative comparisons, we include the percent change from one year to another (Tables 1 and 2).

The General Fund fiscal year 2024 financial statements were impacted by an increase in our workforce to improve operational efficiencies, a significant increase in projects and initiatives and inflation. Despite the overall increase in operating expenses, the General Fund revenue increased to help offset some of the aforementioned expenses.

Statement of Net Position

Net position of the Town represents the difference between (assets, deferred outflows) and (liabilities, deferred inflows) using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Net position of the Town represents the difference between (assets, deferred outflows) and (liabilities, deferred inflows) using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

In general terms, the governmental activities of the Town's total current and other assets increased 12%. The overall increase in governmental activities is primarily due to the increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments and capital assets not being depreciated. The increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments in governmental activities is primarily due to the Town's General Fund receiving more revenue than anticipated and spending less expenses than budgeted. The Town also continues to invest in its capital assets.

The governmental activities of the Town's capital assets increased 3%, while the current liabilities of those activities decreased 2%. The increase in capital assets in governmental activities is primarily due to some of the large projects that the Town has completed or are still in progress of completing. Town-wide significant projects include stormwater / drainage improvements, Boys and Girls Club Remodel, police and fire improvements (building / equipment), Davie Road improvements, pavement overlay, EMS Ambulance / fire equipment and other Town-wide projects. The decrease in current liabilities is primarily due to the decrease in unearned revenue for funds that are not yet recognized as revenue. Total liabilities in governmental activities decreased 9%, as this total includes an overall 11% decrease in the long-term liabilities due in more than one-year from the prior year and an overall 1% decrease in the long-term liabilities due within one-year. The significant decrease in the liabilities is primarily due to net pension liability and bonds and notes payable. Net pension liability decreased due to all three defined benefit plans improving subsequent to a year of enduring significant investment losses. The Town also saw a reduction related to GASB 96 — Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) during the second year since implementing it. Net Investment in capital assets increased by 6% and unrestricted net position now stands at \$ 199 million, an approximate \$ 26 million increase from the previous year.

Overall deferred outflows and inflows of resources changed significantly due to the actual and actuarial results of the Town's deferred benefit pension plans.

Business-type activities, the Town's Water and Sewer system, had an increase in total assets of approximately 1%, a 3% decrease in total liabilities, and a 6% increase in net position. The increase in total assets is primarily due to an increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments. The 3% decrease in total liabilities is due to the reduction of current outstanding bonds. There was a slight 1% reduction in net capital assets. In January 2008, the Town Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included predetermined rate increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. This approved study allowed the Town to adequately fund operations now and in the future, as well as support the capital improvement necessary for system growth. During FY 2022, the Town Council approved an Ordinance that led to two rate increases during FY 2022. Additionally, this Ordinance established rate increases through fiscal year 2026. For FY 2024, water rates increased 2.5% while sewer rates increased 2.0%. Lastly, the Ordinance allows the use of the Consumer Price Index to implement rate increases after fiscal year 2026. The increased rates charged to customers have positively impacted the system.

On a total government basis, with current assets increasing and current liabilities slightly decreasing, the Town is able to meet its short-term obligations (the Town has nearly 11 times the current assets than current liabilities). Total net position increased by 9% for the year and the reason for the increase will be explained below under Statement of Activities.

The table below presents a summary of net position as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Summary of Net Position (in thousands)

	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
		ernmental Activ			ss-Type Activ		Total		Characa		
	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change		
Assets:											
Current and other	\$ 330,646	\$ 296,140	12%	87,335	\$ 84,867	3% \$	417,981	\$ 381,007	10%		
Capital assets, net	226,675	221,096	3%	109,405	110,803	-1%	336,080	331,899	1%		
capital assets, net	220,073		370	103,103	110,005	170	330,000	331,033			
Total assets	557,321	517,236	8%	196,740	195,670	1%	754,061	712,906	6%		
Total deferred outflows											
of resources:	68,766	92,547	-26%	5,207	6,046	-14%	73,973	98,593	-25%		
		·									
Liabilities:											
Current	34,670	35,288	-2%	3,341	3,922	-15%	38,011	39,210	-3%		
Long-term:											
Due within 1 year	11,639	11,724	-1%	4,734	4,610	3%	16,373	16,334	0%		
Due in more than 1 year	151,575	171,086	-11%	114,010	117,766	-3%	265,585	288,852	-8%		
,		·									
Total liabilities	197,884	218,098	-9%	122,085	126,298	-3%	319,969	344,396	-7%		
Total deferred inflows											
of resources:	5,407	7,471	-28%	850	1,036	-18%	6,257	8,507	-26%		
Net Position:											
Net investment in				((
capital assets:	207,053	195,402	6%	(4,131)	(6,521)	37%	202,922	188,881	7%		
Restricted for:											
Contribution charges and											
capital replacement		-	-	21,404	22,026	-3%	21,404	22,026	-3%		
Building services	5,650	6,645	-15%	-	-	-	5,650	6,645	-15%		
Debt service	85	64	33%	3,345	3,345	0%	3,430	3,409	1%		
Community											
redevelopment	5,192	1,932	169%	-	-	-	5,192	1,932	169%		
Community development											
projects and services	230	230	0%	-	-	-	230	230	0%		
Parks and recreation -											
parks and open space	1,638	1,485	10%	-	-	-	1,638	1,485	10%		
Public safety - fire	1,098	1,007	9%	-	-	-	1,098	1,007	9%		
Public safety - police	756	715	6%	-	-	-	756	715	6%		
General government											
activities	854	963	-11%	-	-	-	854	963	-11%		
Affordable housing	682	682	0%	-	-	-	682	682	0%		
Public service	182	57	219%	-	-	-	182	57	100%		
Other post-employment											
benefits	582	2,507	-77%	51	194	-74%	633	2,701	-77%		
Unrestricted	198,794	172,525	15%	58,343	55,338	5%	257,137	227,863	13%		
Total net position	\$ 422,796	\$ 384,214	10%	79,012	\$ <u>74,382</u>	6%	501,808	\$ 458,596	9%		

Statement of Activities

Activities of the Town (Table 2) reflected a 10% increase in overall revenues when compared to the prior year and total Town expenses reflected a 7% increase. The Statement of Activities illustrates some particular areas that need to be further discussed.

The governmental activities represent the most significant activity within the Town. Program revenues increased 16% in governmental activities mainly due to the increases in both charges for services and capital grants and contributions. The 8% increase in general revenues in governmental activities is primarily due to an increase in Ad Valorem (operating) revenues, utility service taxes, and investment income. The increase in Ad Valorem (operating) revenue is due to higher taxable values and new construction. Increases in utility service taxes are due to growth. The increase in investment income is due to a significant improvement in interest income and unrealized gains.

The business-type activities, which represent the water and sewer operations activities of the Town, included a 3% increase in program revenues. The increase in the program revenues is attributed mainly to increase in charges for services and an increase in capital grants and contributions. The 57% increase in general revenues in business-type activities is primarily due to a significant increase in investment income from the previous year.

Total program expenses in governmental activities increased by 7% from the previous year with a significant increase occurring in general government, building and engineering, police, fire, public works and parks, recreation and cultural arts offset by a decrease in interest expenses. The increases in the noted departments and divisions were anticipated, due to an increase in personnel for some of those departments and divisions, and increased operating expenses, including inflationary pressures. Interest expenses were anticipated to decrease based on the payments made from the debt service schedule.

Program expenses of business-type activities increased by 6%. This included a significant increase in maintenance costs and some increase to personnel services, professional fees, cost of supplies and materials, and insurance costs.

Overall, change in net position increased 25% for the year, with a 26% increase noted for governmental activities and an 13% increase noted for business-type activities.

The table below presents a summary of changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, as derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities:

Table 2
Summary of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Gov	ernm	ental Activ	rities		Business-Type Activities				Total				
	2024		2023	Change	-	2024		2023	Change	-	2024		2023	Change
Revenues:		_			_		_			_		_		
Program revenues:														
•	\$ 53,806	\$	45,959	17%	\$	30,309	\$	29,818	2%	\$	84,115	\$	75,777	11%
Operating grants and														
contributions	2,977		4,045	-26%		-		-	-		2,977		4,045	-26%
Capital grants and														
contributions	5,028		3,315	52%	_	765	_	312	145%	_	5,793	-	3,627	60%
Total program revenues	61,811		53,319	16%		31,074	_	30,130	3%	_	92,885	-	83,449	11%
General revenues:														
Ad Valorem, operating	74,200		67,366	10%		-		-	-		74,200		67,366	10%
Ad Valorem, debt service	2,664		2,654	0%		-		-	-		2,664		2,654	0%
Utility service taxes	11,917		11,320	5%		-		-	-		11,917		11,320	5%
Other general taxes	4,014		4,205	-5%		-		-	-		4,014		4,205	-5%
Franchise fees	13,629		13,739	-1%		-		-	-		13,629		13,739	-1%
Intergovernmental, not														
restricted for specific														
purposes	20,239		20,710	-2%		377		328	15%		20,616		21,038	-2%
Investment income(loss)	12,051		7,808	54%		2,581		1,927	34%		14,632		9,735	50%
Miscellaneous	3,999		3,806	5%		275		309	-11%		4,274		4,115	4%
Transfers	14		515	-97%	_	(14)	_	(515)	97%	_		_		0%
Total general														
revenues	142,727		132,123	8%		3,219		2,049	57%		145,946		134,172	9%
			101/110		-	0,220	-	_,0 .0	37,70	-	0,5 .0	-	20 1,272	
Total revenues	204,538		185,442	10%	_	34,293	_	32,179	7%	_	238,831	-	217,621	10%
Program expenses:														
General government	19,590		17,154	14%		-		-	-		19,590		17,154	14%
Building and engineering	8,239		7,513	10%		-		-	-		8,239		7,513	10%
Public safety - police	68,245		64,621	6%		-		-	-		68,245		64,621	6%
Public safety - fire	42,588		39,525	8%		-		-	-		42,588		39,525	8%
Public works	16,422		15,421	6%		-		-	-		16,422		15,421	6%
Parts, recreation and														
cultural arts	9,186		8,848	4%		-		-	-		9,186		8,848	4%
Interest	1,686		1,774	-5%		-		-	-		1,686		1,774	-5%
Water and sewer					_	29,663	_	28,077	6%	_	29,663	_	28,077	6%
Total expenses	165,956	_	154,856	7%	_	29,663	_	28,077	6%	_	195,619	_	182,933	7%
Change in net position	38,582		30,586	26%		4,630		4,102	13%		43,212		34,688	25%
Net position,														
beginning of year	384,214		353,628	9%	_	74,382	-	70,280	6%	_	458,596	-	423,908	8%
Net position,														
end of year	\$ 422,796	\$=	384,214	10%	\$_	79,012	\$=	74,382	6%	\$_	501,808	\$ =	458,596	9%

Individual Fund Performance

Governmental Funds Types

In the General Fund, the Town's revenues exceeded its expenditures by over \$ 48.7 million while the overall fund balance increased by about \$ 9.5 million. These changes are due to higher revenue than anticipated in utility service taxes, franchise fees, permits and fees, charges for services and investment income. Additionally, the Town is experiencing a high number of vacancies which has led to significant salary savings. The General Fund transferred out approximately \$ 39.5 million in which was mostly for capital related projects and purchases. Due to the minimal activity and amount within the Community Endowment Fund, it will no longer be considered a major fund and is now considered a nonmajor fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency had an increase in their fund balance of approximately \$ 3.3 million. The amount available in the Community Redevelopment Agency now stands at approximately \$ 5.2 million. The increase in the amount available in the Community Redevelopment Agency is due to actual expenditures being significantly less than budgeted.

For the other Special Revenue Funds, the approximate amounts available are as follows: Community Development Block Grant, \$ 230K; Community Endowment, \$ 103K; Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, \$ 1.6 million; Fire Impact Fees, \$ 1.1 million; Police Impact Fees, \$ 185K; Forfeitures, \$ 571K; General Government Impact Fees, \$ 854K; and Affordable Housing, \$ 682K.

The Capital Projects Fund provided projects of approximately \$ 11.4 million to the community this year, compared with approximately \$ 11.8 million in the previous year. Approximately \$ 3.5 million was spent on Stormwater / Drainage Improvements, \$ 1.5 million on the Boys and Girls Club Remodel, \$1.2 million on Police and Fire Improvements (building / equipment) and \$ 1.1 million on Davie Road Improvements.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds: The Town's Water and Sewer System experienced an operating income of \$ 4.2 million, compared to an operating income of \$ 5.4 million in FY 2023. The operations resulted in a pledged revenue coverage of 2.09x, which is an increase from FY 2023 which was 2.06x. The minimum pledged revenue coverage requirement is 1.15x. In January 2008, the Town's Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included recommended increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. During FY 2022, Council adopted an Ordinance that included rate increases that would contribute to the Town's ability to maintain the coverage ratio over the last several years. Additionally, this Ordinance established rate increases through fiscal year 2026. Lastly, the Ordinance allows the use of the Consumer Price Index to implement rate increases after fiscal year 2026. The increased rates charged to customers have positively impacted the system.

Internal Service Funds: The Vehicle Maintenance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 1.7 million resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 16.8 million, of which approximately \$ 8.3 million is unrestricted. The increase is due to not spending everything that was budgeted for operations. Vehicle charge rates to departments are reviewed periodically and adjusted accordingly. When the Town built a new garage facility several years ago, it was completed utilizing funding from the unrestricted net position of the fund which was sufficient to cover all anticipated outlays without affecting working capital needs.

The Self-Insurance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 1.2 million resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 22.0 million, of which approximately \$ 22.0 million is unrestricted. The increase in the net position is due primarily to less than anticipated claims and less than anticipated administrative costs.

The Information Technology Fund net position decreased by approximately \$ 269K resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 9.7 million, of which approximately \$ 8.0 million is unrestricted. This fund is accumulating enough resources to sustain its operations. This Fund continues to focus on ensuring that the net position is sufficient to accommodate for the Town's planned improvements to information technology.

The use of these funds has served to insulate recurring capital replacement needs from the volatile budgetary process. As a result, the Town's needs for vehicles and information systems component replacement and maintenance have been adequately addressed.

Fiduciary Funds Types

The Town's pension funds posted an aggregate increase of approximately \$85.8 million to the net position of the plans. The combined fair value of the plans' holdings is \$552.4 million as of September 30, 2024. The net position held for pension and other post-employment benefits of the various trusts, total approximately \$559.7 million.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

Budget variance reporting is only included for the General Fund. Summarized below are the significant final variances accompanied by an explanation:

General Fund

- Utility service taxes, Favorable \$ 2.0 million. The favorable variance is primarily attributed to higher than anticipated tax revenue from Florida Power and Light Company due to impacts from new construction and rate increases implemented in the prior year.
- Permits and Fees, Favorable \$ 1.7 million. The favorable variance is attributable to higher than anticipated revenue from building permits and engineering permits.
- Charges for Services, Favorable \$ 1.6 million. The favorable variance is primarily attributable
 to higher than anticipated revenue from fire inspections, EMS transports, tree preservation
 and lien searches.

- Investment income, Favorable \$ 4.7million. The favorable variance results from higher than anticipated interest earned on the Town's cash as well as higher than anticipated unrealized gains.
- General government, Favorable \$ 5.7 million. The favorable variance is primarily attributable
 to a delay in planned assistance toward remodeling the gym at a local Boys and Girls Club
 facility. The favorable variance also results from lower than anticipated expenditures for
 insurance premiums and deductibles, contractual services, software, and grants. Payroll
 savings and operating savings additionally were experienced due to unplanned position
 vacancies.
- Public safety, Favorable \$ 10.5 million. The personnel services variance is mainly attributed to pension and health insurance savings in the Police and Fire Rescue departments resulting from unplanned vacancies, while associated salary savings were partially used toward overtime costs. The largest factor in the favorable operating variance is software expenditures with lower than budgeted expenditures due to subscription-based IT arrangement (SBITA) related accounting methods. The favorable operating variance is also attributable to lower than anticipated spending on fuel, fleet costs, the red-light camera program, and operating items with low expenditures due to vacant positions such as uniforms, various supplies/equipment and training. The favorable capital outlay variance is primarily attributed to lower than anticipated grant-related expenditures in the Police Department.
- Public works, Favorable \$ 1.5 million. The favorable variance is primarily attributable to lower than anticipated maintenance costs for roads, facilities, parks, generators and streetlights, for tree preservation projects, and contingency. Unanticipated vacant positions also resulted in lower than anticipated personnel expenditures.
- Total non-departmental, Favorable \$3.4 million. The favorable variance is primarily attributable to contingency funds being unexpended and not paying a budgeted development incentive.
- Other financing sources, Unfavorable \$22.9 million. The unfavorable variance arises from a budgeting tool utilized to reflect the appropriation of fund balance as a revenue source to fund expenditures, but for which new revenue will not be receipted to the budgeted general ledger account(s) as such revenue was previously recorded in a prior fiscal year.

Significant Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity

Debt has been issued as part of a long-term financing mechanism for some of the capital projects or significant capital outlay items. Additionally, the Town has utilized one-time revenue sources (for example General Fund Unrestricted Reserves) to also fund some capital projects.

The Town currently has ten (10) outstanding long-term debt issues as follows: two (2) General/Limited Obligation Bonds, two (2) Community Redevelopment Bonds, one (1) equipment note payable, one (1) special obligation bonds, three (3) Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, and a loan (1) with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program. Additional information related to long-term debt activity can be found under Note 9 to the financial statements.

The Town spent approximately \$ 16.1 million in governmental funds on capital assets. Of this amount, some of the Town-wide significant projects include stormwater / drainage improvements, Boys and Girls Club Remodel, police and fire improvements (building / equipment), Davie Road improvements, pavement overlay, EMS Ambulance / fire equipment, vehicles and other Town-wide projects.

Approximately \$ 7.0 million in new capital assets was provided for business-type activities, in which significant portions were related to projects such as Davie Orange Drive Water Main, SW 36th Court Water Main Replacement, Palm Gardens Water Main as well as costs associated with membrane, improvements to land and equipment.

Capital contributions from developers in the Water and Sewer system amounted to approximately \$ 765K, representing mostly contributions-in-aid of construction.

Additional information related to capital assets can be found under Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In the conduct of municipal government, various lawsuits, commitments, and contingencies will arise. Disclosure of these items appear in the accompanying notes to this report.

Florida has many limiting measures on residential property taxes, and all affect the Town. The first \$ 25,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation on homestead property. A second \$ 25,000 exemption is available but only applies to the portion of the assessed value between \$ 50,000 and \$ 75,000 (excluding taxes paid to the School Board). Florida's Constitution further limits taxable values on homestead property through the Save-Our-Homes amendment. Although an increase in property values is anticipated in the future, Homestead property is limited to a maximum 3% increase in assessed value per year, or less if inflation is less, while commercial property is limited to a maximum 10% increase in assessed value per year. The Town's taxable value decreased over a four-year period, fiscal year 2009 through 2012. The taxable value has increased annually starting in fiscal year 2013 and the Town has fully recovered. FY 2024 represents the highest taxable value in the Town's history. There is no direct correlation with respect to the Town's tax base and the Town's budget as the former will likely not grow as quickly as the latter.

Additionally, the Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency that is making improvements on the east-side of the Town. This Agency encompasses an area which has most of the industrial lands within the Town. The growth in this area's tax base will benefit the component unit and not the governmental activities of the Town, restricting the Town's revenue growth potential even further until the Community Redevelopment Agency expires.

The Town's bargaining groups will continue to request improved pay, benefits, and working conditions. Given the increasing cost of personnel, coupled with moderately increasing revenues, the Town continues to face a structural budget issue whereas the pace of expenses continues to exceed revenues. The Town has recognized this structural issue and will continue to address it and find solutions.

The Town is located within Broward County in South Florida. Davie is a desirable location for both residences and businesses. Fortunately, the "leading indicators" of growth, such as platting of parcels of lands, site plans of lands, requested land use and zoning changes, continue to increase, indicating the outlook for growth is somewhat positive. The Town is heavily weighted towards residential properties and the mix of land use could be a problem in the future. The Town currently levies slightly more than half its legally available millage rate.

Impacting fiscal year 2008, the State Legislature required property tax revenues to be rolled back to fiscal year 2007 levels, and then required to be reduced by another 9%. This resulted in a net reduction in property tax revenues of 6% for fiscal year 2008. The Town's fiscal year 2010 and 2011 budget reflected similar operating millage rates, an increase from fiscal year 2009 to help offset the reduction in the assessed property tax values and does not recapture the loss in property tax revenue suffered from the implementation of the State Legislature requirements. The Town slightly lowered the operating millage for fiscal year 2012 and then maintained it for FY 2013. In order to offset increasing operating expenditures and address the structural budget issues, the Town increased the operating millage for FY 2014, which was kept the same for fiscal year 2015. In a symbolic gesture, the Town slightly reduced the operating millage for FY 2016 and had a slight reduction for FY 2017. During the FY 2018 Budget process, it was noted that future ad valorem revenue could decrease if the voters throughout the State of Florida voted for an increase in the homestead exemption. In preparation for this possibility, the Town increased the millage rate for FY 2018. The revenue that was generated from the increased millage rate was budgeted to be used towards necessary capital projects and would be used in the future to offset the loss of revenue if the homestead exemption was approved. Although the voters did not approve the additional homestead exemption initiative, the Town generally maintained the operating millage rate for FY 2019, FY 2020, FY 2021, FY 2022, FY 2023 and FY 2024 and continued to set aside some funding towards necessary capital projects.

The Town's adopted FY 2025 budget is \$ 362.9 million, which is approximately a \$ 28.7 million (or 9%) increase from the original adopted FY 2024 budget of \$ 334.2 million. The primary reason for the increase in the Town's budget relates to the General Fund, which increased by over \$ 16 million and the Water and Sewer Fund, which increased by over \$ 13 million. The increase in the General Fund is due to several reasons. Personnel costs increased nearly \$ 8.8 million, including the associated taxes and benefits. These increases are due to position changes made during FY 2024 and for FY 2025, collective bargaining agreement commitments and non-represented employee costs. Pension costs increased by over \$ 2.5 million for the Town's three defined benefit plans, largely driven by losses incurred by the pension plans, particularly the Police Pension plan. The General Fund is transferring \$ 13.6 million to the Capital Projects fund. This transfer to the Capital Projects Fund includes funding for 25 projects. Operating expenditures increased due to a new stormwater assessment that was implemented as well as higher information technology costs, inflation impacts to contractual services, fuel and supplies.

It is worth noting the continued unknown overall economic impact that inflation will continue to have on the Town. As of the date of these financial statements, it is unknown how long the economic impacts will affect the Town. The Town will continue to use its resources to best serve the Town residents, business owners, employees and visitors.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Town of Davie, Budget and Finance Department at 8800 SW 36th Street, Davie, Florida, 33328, or call (954) 797-1050.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	313,488,377	\$	59,095,623	\$	372,584,000
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments		-		25,442,626		25,442,626
Receivables, net		6,757,498		1,809,908		8,567,406
Due from other governments		3,586,782		-		3,586,782
Prepaid items		6,154,916		1,617		6,156,533
Inventories		76,509		808,593		885,102
Other assets		-		126,385		126,385
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		105,130,663		10,831,214		115,961,877
and amortization Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset		121,544,124 582,370		98,574,015 50,611		220,118,139 632,981
Total assets	-	557,321,239	-	196,740,592		754,061,831
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_		_			
Pension related		67,634,501		1,679,553		69,314,054
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) related		1,131,915		85,715		1,217,630
Deferred charge on refunding		· · · · -		3,441,385		3,441,385
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	68,766,416	-	5,206,653		73,973,069
Linkilision	-		-			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		14,250,649		1,707,587		15,958,236
Insurance claims payable		2,450,257		1,707,367		2,450,257
Other liabilities		2,450,257		-		2,430,237
Unearned revenues		14,181,168		-		14,181,168
Accrued interest payable		805,634		1,633,651		2,439,285
Due within one year:		603,034		1,033,031		2,433,263
Compensated absences payable		5,277,131		231,838		5,508,969
Bonds and notes payable		5,204,950		4,502,607		9,707,557
SBITA payable		1,156,821		4,302,007		1,156,821
Due in more than one year:		1,130,021				1,130,021
Net pension liability		92,571,463		1,127,731		93,699,194
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets		-		693,270		693,270
Compensated absences payable		6,556,200		326,951		6,883,151
Bonds and notes payable		50,537,311		111,861,136		162,398,447
SBITA payable		1,909,895		-		1,909,895
Total liabilities	-	197,884,361	-	122,084,771		319,969,132
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	-	-	-			
Pension related		3,350,537		850,397		4,200,934
Deferred amount on lease receivable	_	2,056,123	_	-		2,056,123
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	5,406,660	-	850,397		6,257,057
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		207,052,860		(4,131,390)		202,921,470
Contribution charges, and capital replacement		-		21,404,234		21,404,234
Building services		5,650,392		-		5,650,392
Debt service		85,524		3,345,122		3,430,646
Community redevelopment		5,192,037		-		5,192,037
Community development projects and services		229,825		-		229,825
Parks and recreation - parks and open space		1,638,212		-		1,638,212
Public safety - fire		1,098,202		-		1,098,202
Public safety - police		756,329		-		756,329
General government activities		853,746		-		853,746
Affordable housing		682,019		-		682,019
Public service		181,733		-		181,733
Other post-employment benefits Unrestricted		582,370 198,793,385		50,611 58,343,500		632,981 257,136,885
Total net position	- \$	422,796,634	-	79,012,077	,	501,808,711
τοται πετ μοσπίοπ	۶ :	722,730,034	\$ =	73,012,077	^ب =	301,000,711

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Town of Davie, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Program Revenues				Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total					
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities: General government Building and engineering	\$ 19,589,793 8,239,360	\$ 1,915,219 11,041,733	\$ 1,968,646 -	\$ 4,807,948 -	\$ (10,897,980) 2,802,373	· -	\$ (10,897,980) 2,802,373					
Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts Interest on long-term debt	68,244,690 42,588,147 16,421,852 9,185,761 1,686,435	10,182,494 28,604,541 418,536 1,643,836	800,000 67,353 134,447 6,750	186,297 33,679 - - - -	(57,075,899) (13,882,574) (15,868,869) (7,535,175) (1,686,435)	- - -	(57,075,899) (13,882,574) (15,868,869) (7,535,175) (1,686,435)					
Total governmental activities	165,956,038	53,806,359	2,977,196	5,027,924	(104,144,559)	-	(104,144,559)					
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	29,663,693	30,309,085		765,085		1,410,477	1,410,477					
Total business-type activities	29,663,693	30,309,085		765,085		1,410,477	1,410,477					
Total	\$195,619,731_	\$ 84,115,444	\$ 2,977,196	\$5,793,009	(104,144,559)	1,410,477	(102,734,082)					
	General revenues: Taxes:											
	Ad valorem ta Utility service Other general Franchise fees		ervice		74,200,026 2,664,374 11,916,671 4,013,412 13,629,284 20,239,112	- - - - - 377,401	74,200,026 2,664,374 11,916,671 4,013,412 13,629,284 20,616,513					
	Investment inco Miscellaneous Transfers	me			12,050,747 3,999,144 14,500	2,581,176 275,063 (14,500)	14,631,923 4,274,207 -					
	Total general r	evenues and transfer	rs		142,727,270	3,219,140	145,946,410					
	Change in I	net position			38,582,711	4,629,617	43,212,328					
	Net position, begin	nning of year			384,213,923	74,382,460	458,596,383					
	Net position, end o	of year			\$ 422,796,634	\$ 79,012,077	\$ 501,808,711					

	Comparel	R	Community		ADDA		Capital	(Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental
Assets:	General	_	Agency	_	ARPA	-	Projects	_	Funds	_	Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and											
investments	\$ 143,131,948	\$	7,527,381	\$	11,847,699	\$	105,358,446	\$	7,978,181	\$	275,843,655
Receivables:	Ψ 1.0,101,5.0	Ψ.	,,52,,551	~	11,0 ,033	~	203,030,110	Ÿ	7,575,101	Ψ.	275,015,055
	58,939		_		_		_		_		58,939
Property taxes, net	2,970,033		_		_		_		_		2,970,033
Utility taxes and franchise fees, net											
Lease	2,145,473		-		-		22.045		-		2,145,473
Other	1,072,963		-		-		33,815		5,833		1,112,611
Due from other governments	3,533,751		-		-		32,107		20,924		3,586,782
Advances to other funds	2,000,000		-		-		-		-		2,000,000
Prepaid items	222,292	_	466	_	-	_	22,113	_		_	244,871
Total assets	\$ 155,135,399	\$_	7,527,847	\$_	11,847,699	\$	105,446,481	\$_	8,004,938	\$_	287,962,364
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and											
accrued liabilities	\$ 10,452,295	\$	335,344	\$	899,968	\$	1,199,542	\$	274,422	\$	13,161,571
Other liabilities	2,982,382		-		-		-		500		2,982,882
Advances from other funds	-		2,000,000		-		-		-		2,000,000
Unearned revenues	802,022	_	-	_	10,947,731	_	62,586	_	2,368,829	_	14,181,168
Total liabilities	14,236,699	_	2,335,344		11,847,699		1,262,128	_	2,643,751		32,325,621
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Deferred amount on lease receivable	2,056,123	_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_	2,056,123
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid expenditures	222,292		466		-		22,113		-		244,871
Leases	89,350		-		-		-		-		89,350
Advances to other funds	2,000,000		-		-		-		-		2,000,000
Restricted for:											
Building services	5,650,392		-		-		-		-		5,650,392
Debt service	85,524		-		-		-		-		85,524
Community redevelopment	-		5,192,037		-		-		-		5,192,037
Community development											
projects and services	_		_		-		_		229,825		229,825
Parks and recreation -											
parks and open space	_		_		_		_		1,638,212		1,638,212
Public safety - fire	_		_		_		_		1,098,202		1,098,202
									756,329		756,329
Public safety - police	_		_		_		_		853,746		853,746
General government activities											
Affordable housing	101 722		-		-		-		682,019		682,019
Public service	181,733		-		-		-		-		181,733
Committed to:											
Hurricane/emergency and disaster											
recovery operating reserves	51,272,274		-		-		-		-		51,272,274
Community obligations	-		-		-		-		102,854		102,854
Capital projects	-		-		-		103,162,240		-		103,162,240
Wetland mitigation	454,795		-		-		1,000,000		-		1,454,795
Tree preservation	905,218		-		-		-		-		905,218
Assigned to:											
Subsequent year's expenditures	7,104,413		-		-		-		-		7,104,413
Unassigned	70,876,586	_	-	_		_	-	_		_	70,876,586
Total fund balances	138,842,577		5,192,503				104,184,353		5,361,187		253,580,620
Total liabilities, deferred				_		-					
Inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 155,135,399	\$_	7,527,847	\$_	11,847,699	\$	105,446,481	\$_	8,004,938	\$=	287,962,364

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	253,580,620
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Cost of capital assets is Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 493,833,474 (267,158,687)		226,674,787
Accrued interest payable not reported in the governmental funds.			(805,634)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Net pension liability Bonds and notes payable SBITA payable	(92,571,463) (55,742,261) (3,066,716)		
Compensated absences	(11,833,331)		(163,213,771)
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset, is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the government funds.			582,370
Certain funds related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Prepaid pension contributions	5,296,898		
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	67,634,501		
Deferred outflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)	1,131,915		
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	(3,350,537)		70,712,777
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities, other than capital assets and long-term liabilities already included above.		_	35,265,485
Net position of governmental activities		\$	422,796,634
		_	

		General		Community Endowment	Community Redevelopment Agency		ARPA		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-		-			-		_		-		-	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	76,864,400	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,864,400
Utility service taxes		11,916,671		-	-		-		-		-		11,916,671
Franchise fees		13,556,283		-	-		-		-		73,001		13,629,284
Intergovernmental		17,296,447		-	4,838,917		4,548,256		272,124		1,035,441		27,991,185
Other general taxes		4,013,412		-	-		-		-		-		4,013,412
Permits and fees		10,652,385		-	-		-		-		-		10,652,385
Charges for services		21,703,236		-	2,120		-		-		384,366		22,089,722
Fire assessments		19,540,913		-	-		-		-		-		19,540,913
Fines and forfeitures		1,523,978		-	-		-		-		186,297		1,710,275
Investment income		11,003,809		-	311,877		-		663,877		71,184		12,050,747
Miscellaneous	-	4,018,112				_			60,000	-	400	_	4,078,512
Total revenues	-	192,089,646	-		5,152,914	_	4,548,256	_	996,001	-	1,750,689	_	204,537,506
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government:													
General services department:													
Personnel services		7,847,681		-	315,801		-		-		201,495		8,364,977
Operating		5,268,351		-	1,772,906		-		-		269,284		7,310,541
	-	13,116,032	-	-	2,088,707	-	-	_	-	-	470,779	-	15,675,518
Building and	-		-			-		_		-	·	-	· ,
engineering division:													
Personnel services		5,766,271		_	_		_		_		_		5,766,271
Operating		1,550,672		_	_		_		_		_		1,550,672
ope.u ₆	-	7,316,943	•	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		-	7,316,943
Total general													
government	_	20,432,975			2,088,707	_		_	-	_	470,779	_	22,992,461
Public safety:													
Police department:													
Personnel services		47,215,695		-	-		-		-		-		47,215,695
Operating		10,092,389		-	-		-		-		37,060		10,129,449
562	-	57,308,084	•	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	37,060	-	57,345,144
Fire department:	_							_		-		_	
Personnel services		34,989,909		-	-		-		-		-		34,989,909
Operating		6,343,857		-	-		-		-		-		6,343,857
	-	41,333,766	•	-	-	_	-	_	-	-		_	41,333,766
Total public safety	_	98,641,850	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	37,060	_	98,678,910
Public works:													
Personnel services		4,869,499		-	-		-		-		-		4,869,499
Operating	_	6,797,640	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	6,797,640
Total public works	_	11,667,139	-			_	<u>-</u>	_	-	-		_	11,667,139

Town of Davie, Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2024
(continued)

Perpass Perp		General Fund	Community Endowment	Community Redevelopment Agency	ARPA	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Personnel services 3,879,664	Expenditures (continued):							
Personnel services 3,879,664	•							
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts								
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts 6,956,191 . . . 1,109 6,957,300 Non-departmental: Operating			-	-	-	-	-	
Non-departmental: Operating Operatin	Operating	3,076,527					1,109	3,077,636
Operating 768,593 - - - - - - 768,593 Total non-departmental 768,593 - - - - - 768,593 Debt service: Principal 3,190,276 - 1,594,275 - 521,048 632,317 5,937,916 Interest and other fiscal charges 343,481 - 111,090 - 2,865 1,507,947 1,965,383 Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299 Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Total other financing sources (Uses): (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 <td< td=""><td>• •</td><td>6,956,191</td><td><u>-</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,109</td><td>6,957,300</td></td<>	• •	6,956,191	<u>-</u>				1,109	6,957,300
Operating 768,593 - - - - - - 768,593 Total non-departmental 768,593 - - - - - 768,593 Debt service: Principal 3,190,276 - 1,594,275 - 521,048 632,317 5,937,916 Interest and other fiscal charges 343,481 - 111,090 - 2,865 1,507,947 1,965,383 Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299 Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Total other financing sources (Uses): (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 <td< td=""><td>No. december</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	No. december							
Total non-departmental 768,593 - - - - - 768,593	•	769 502						769 502
Debt service: Principal 3,190,276 1,594,275 - 521,048 632,317 5,937,916 Interest and other fiscal charges 343,481 - 111,090 - 2,865 1,507,947 1,965,383 Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299 Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4,548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 143,348,900 - 6,195,134 4,548,256 11,373,860 3,715,840 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) - (268,347) - (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (Uses): Total other financing sources (Uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Operating	708,593						708,393
Principal 3,190,276 - 1,594,275 - 521,048 632,317 5,937,916 Interest and other fiscal charges 343,481 - 1111,090 - 2,865 1,507,947 1,965,383 Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299 Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4,548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 143,348,900 - 6,195,134 4,548,256 11,373,860 3,715,840 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Cottler Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) (268,347) - (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Total non-departmental	768,593	-			-	-	768,593
Interest and other	Debt service:							
Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299	Principal	3,190,276	-	1,594,275	-	521,048	632,317	5,937,916
Total debt service 3,533,757 - 1,705,365 - 523,913 2,140,264 7,903,299 Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4,548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 143,348,900 - 6,195,134 4,548,256 11,373,860 3,715,840 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811								
Capital outlay 1,348,395 - 2,401,062 4,548,256 10,849,947 1,066,628 20,214,288 Total expenditures 143,348,900 - 6,195,134 4,548,256 11,373,860 3,715,840 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872)	fiscal charges	343,481		111,090		2,865	1,507,947	1,965,383
Total expenditures 143,348,900 - 6,195,134 4,548,256 11,373,860 3,715,840 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) 112,872 112,872 112,872	Total debt service	3,533,757	_	1,705,365	_	523,913	2,140,264	7,903,299
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Capital outlay	1,348,395		2,401,062	4,548,256	10,849,947	1,066,628	20,214,288
of revenues over expenditures 48,740,746 - (1,042,220) - (10,377,859) (1,965,151) 35,355,516 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in 268,347 - 4,302,721 - 31,928,338 2,132,125 38,631,531 Transfers out (39,485,891) - - - (268,347) - 39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 112,872 - Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213	Total expenditures	143,348,900		6,195,134	4,548,256	11,373,860	3,715,840	169,181,990
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Jean of the primary of t								
Transfers in Transfers out 268,347 (39,485,891) - 4,302,721 (268,347) - 31,928,338 (2,132,125) 38,631,531 (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 129,319,375 - - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	expenditures	48,740,746		(1,042,220)		(10,377,859)	(1,965,151)	35,355,516
Transfers in Transfers out 268,347 (39,485,891) - 4,302,721 (268,347) - 31,928,338 (2,132,125) 38,631,531 (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 129,319,375 - - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out (39,485,891) (268,347) - (39,754,238) Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) 112,872 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811		268.347	-	4.302.721	-	31.928.338	2,132,125	38,631,531
Total other financing sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) 112,872 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Transfers out	•	_	-	-		-	
sources (uses) (39,217,544) - 4,302,721 - 31,659,991 2,132,125 (1,122,707) Net change in fund balances 9,523,202 - 3,260,501 - 21,282,132 166,974 34,232,809 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 112,872 - Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Total other financing							
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 112,872 - Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811		(39,217,544)		4,302,721		31,659,991	2,132,125	(1,122,707)
as previously presented 129,319,375 112,872 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,081,341 219,347,811 Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) 112,872 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	-	9,523,202	-	3,260,501	-	21,282,132	166,974	34,232,809
Changes within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) 112,872 Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Fund Balances, beginning of year,							
entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 112,872 - Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	as previously presented	129,319,375	112,872	1,932,002		82,902,221	5,081,341	219,347,811
entity (major to nonmajor fund) - (112,872) - - - 112,872 - Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Changes within financial reporting							
as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811		-	(112,872)	-	-	-	112,872	-
as adjusted 129,319,375 - 1,932,002 - 82,902,221 5,194,213 219,347,811	Fund Balances, beginning of year.							
Fund Balances, end of year \$ 138,842,577 \$ - \$ 5,192,503 \$ - \$ 104,184,353 \$ 5,361,187 \$ 253,580,620		129,319,375		1,932,002		82,902,221	5,194,213	219,347,811
	Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 138,842,577	\$	\$ 5,192,503	\$	\$ 104,184,353	\$ 5,361,187	\$ 253,580,620

Town of Davie, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	34,232,809
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets, net Less: current year depreciation/amortization Less: loss on dispoal of capital assets	16,066,132 (9,540,577) (12,567)		6,512,988
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			6,178,034
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset Change in net pension liability Change in prepaid pension contributions Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences	(1,924,735) 13,351,781 472,976 38,830 (796,932)		11,141,920
Certain changes related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:			
Change in deferred outflows relating to pensions Change in deferred outflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB) Change in deferred inflows relating to pensions Change in deferred inflows relating to other post	(24,524,500) 744,188 564,251		(24 202 257)
employment benefits (OPEB) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The allocated change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	1,233,104		(21,982,957) 2,499,917
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ <u></u>	38,582,711

		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Internal Service Funds
Assets:	_	_		_
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	56,136,356	\$	40,603,989
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		25,442,626		=
Receivables, net of allowance for				
uncollectibles		1,809,908		470,442
Prepaid items		1,617		613,147
Inventories	-	808,593	_	76,509
Total current assets	_	84,199,100	_	41,764,087
Noncurrent assets:				
Other assets	_	126,385		-
Net other post employment	_			
benefits (OPEB) asset	_	50,611	_	
Capital assets:		7 224 047		
Land Construction in progress		7,331,847		- 175 624
Construction in progress Buildings and improvements		3,499,367 126,870,716		175,634 2,913,153
Infrastructure		32,417,623		2,913,133
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		55,990,781		29,600,778
Intangible assets- SBITA		-		2,961,111
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(116,705,105)		(24,309,946)
Net capital assets	-	109,405,229	_	11,340,730
Total noncurrent assets	_	109,582,225		11,340,730
Total assets	_	193,781,325		53,104,817
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension related		1,679,553		-
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) related		85,715		-
Deferred charge on refunding	<u>-</u>	3,441,385		=
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	5,206,653		-
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,707,587		1,089,078
Compensated absences payable		231,838		-
Insurance claims payable		-		2,450,257
Accrued interest payable		1,633,651		=
Bonds and notes payable, current		4,502,607		402 600
SBITA payable, current	_		_	482,699
Total current liabilities	_	8,075,683	_	4,022,034

		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Internal Service Funds
Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability Customer deposits - payable from		1,127,731		-
restricted assets Compensated absences payable Bonds and notes payable SBITA payable		693,270 326,951 111,861,136		- - - 628,112
Total noncurrent liabilities		114,009,088	_	628,112
Total liabilities		122,084,771		4,650,146
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension related Other post employment benefits (OPEB) related		850,397 -		<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		850,397		-
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for contribution charges, and capital replacement Restricted for debt service Restricted for other post-employment benefits		(4,131,390) 21,404,234 3,345,122 50,611		10,166,648 - -
Unrestricted	,	55,384,233	_	38,288,023
Total net position	\$	76,052,810	\$_	48,454,671
Explanation of difference between proprietary funds statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position:				
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance, insurance and information technology, to individual funds. The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here and the residual assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.		2,959,267		
Total net position - government-wide statement of net position	\$	79,012,077		

	_	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	-	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	30,309,085	\$	32,783,047
Operating expenses: Personnel services Professional fees Utilities Supplies and materials	-	5,983,521 859,486 2,283,829 1,434,833	-	3,292,329 - - -
Maintenance Insurance Claims and other fees Administration		2,269,534 422,141 - 3,086,238		7,125,109 4,030,542 12,905,530 2,659,525
Other Depreciation and amortization		1,099,842 8,653,269		3,272,390
Total operating expenses		26,092,693	_	33,285,425
Operating income (loss)	_	4,216,392	_	(502,378)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental Other income, net Investment income Interest and other fiscal charges		377,401 275,063 2,581,176 (3,714,311)		- 2,064,806 - (56,407)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(480,671)	_	2,008,399
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		3,735,721	_	1,506,021
Contributions and transfers: Capital contributions Transfers from (to) other funds	_	765,085 (14,500)	_	- 1,137,207
Total contributions and transfers	_	750,585	-	1,137,207
Change in net position		4,486,306		2,643,228
Net position, beginning of year	_	71,566,504	_	45,811,443
Net position, end of year	\$_	76,052,810	\$	48,454,671
Explanation of difference between proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the government-wide statement of activities:				
Change in net position - proprietary funds financial statements	\$	4,486,306		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance, insurance and information technology, to individual funds. The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here.		143,311		
Change in net position - government-wide statement of activities	- \$	4,629,617		
	7	•		

		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating				
Activities: Receipts from customers	\$	30,533,049	\$	
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and service	Ş	-	Ş	32,592,489
providers		(11,023,460)		(25,877,747)
Payments to employees		(5,669,559)		(3,175,770)
Other receipts		980,814		1,921,186
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,820,844		5,460,158
Cash Flaves from Nancanital				
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers from (to) other funds		(14,500)		1,137,207
Net cash provided by (used in)		(14 500)		1 127 207
noncapital financing activities		(14,500)		1,137,207
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of		/7.024.464)		(2.562.440)
capital assets, net Principal retirements on debt and SBITA		(7,021,464) (4,372,576)		(2,563,110) (863,284)
Interest and other fiscal charges		(4,372,370)		(803,284)
paid on capital debt and SBITA		(3,364,624)		(56,407)
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		-		368,874
Capital contributions		765,085		
Net cash used in				
capital and related financing				
activities		(13,993,579)		(3,113,927)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Investment income		2,581,176		_
Net cash provided by		0.504.476		
investing activities		2,581,176		
Net increase in				
cash, cash equivalents				
and investments		3,393,941		3,483,438

Town of Davie, Florida Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2024 (continued)

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Internal Service Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	78,185,041	37,120,552
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$ 81,578,982	\$ 40,603,990
Cash, cash equivalents and investments per Statement of Net Position:		
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 56,136,356 25,442,626	\$ 40,603,989
	\$ 81,578,982	\$ 40,603,989
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 4,216,392	\$ (502,378)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Other operating revenues, net	980,815	1,921,186
Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in assets:	8,653,269	3,272,390
Receivables, net	244,429	(190,558)
Prepaid items	(1,241)	715,831
Inventories Net other post employment benefits	346,106	43,571
(OPEB) asset	143,756	-
Deferred outflows relating		
to pensions	519,145	-
Deferred outflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)	(55,582)	_
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	(,,	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities	(5.505)	107.101
and compensated absences Insurance claims payable	(5,535)	187,101 13,015
Customer deposits	(20,465)	-
Net pension liability/asset, net	(15,066)	-
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	(90,181)	-
Deferred inflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)	(94,998)	_
Total adjustments	10,604,452	5,962,536
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 14,820,844	\$ 5,460,158

		Pension (and other employee benefits) Trust Fund
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 11,470,224
Investments, at fair value:		
Domestic equity funds	\$ 100,990,498	
Equity securities, including mutual funds	207,430,234	
Real estate investment funds	70,184,012	
International equity funds	53,721,887	
Fixed income funds	49,411,452	
Absolute return funds	11,996,984	
United States agency securities	9,729,640	
Corporate notes/debt securities	1,890,359	
United States treasuries	7,137,009	
Pooled separate accounts - self directed DROP	13,020,082	
Hedge funds	21,128,352	
Private credit funds	5,795,445	552,435,954
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends		164,254
Contributions		141,879
Securities sold		944,184
Prepaid expenses		12,528
Trepata expenses		12,320
Total assets		565,169,023
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		122,380
Payable for securities purchased		14,073
Advanced contributions from employer		5,296,898
Total liabilities		5,433,351
Net Position:		
Net position restricted for pensions		556,217,445
Net position restricted for other post-employment		, , ,
benefits		3,518,227
		-,,
Total net position		\$ 559,735,672

	Pension (and other employee benefits) Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer \$	16,199,262
Plan members	4,193,700
Buy back	323,007
State of Florida	3,032,838
Total contributions	23,748,807
Investment income:	
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	84,665,241
Interest and dividends, net	8,516,176
Total investment income	93,181,417
Less:	
Investment expenses	1,836,874
Net investment income	91,344,543
Other income	36,566
Total additions	115,129,916
Deductions:	
Benefits paid	28,377,560
Refunds of contributions	448,748
Administrative expenses	477,619
Total deductions	29,303,927
Change in net position	85,825,989
Net Position, beginning of year	473,909,683
Net Position, end of year \$	559,735,672

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town") was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961, as authorized by Special Acts – Chapter 61-2056 under the Laws of Florida, and exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. All registered voters elect the Mayor and four Council members; each of the four Council members represents a specific district. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. Each elected official serves a three-year term of office. Each year, the Council elects a Vice Mayor who serves in the capacity of the Mayor when the Mayor is unable to perform his or her duties.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, parks, recreation and cultural arts, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, and towing services.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing state and local governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

As required by various GASB Statements, the accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component unit, an entity for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town is financially accountable if the Town Council appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the Town is able to impose its will on that organization, or the Town has a financial benefit/burden relationship or operational responsibility (fiscal dependence) with the organization. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the Town's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the Town.

Blended Component Unit - The Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA"), although an entity legally separate from the Town, is governed by the Town's Council. In December 1988, Ordinance No. 88-75 created the Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency, pursuant to Sec. 163.330 et. seq., Florida Statutes. While the Town Council is not the CRA Board, the CRA's own five-member board, appointed by the Town Council, serves in the capacity of an advisory board since the CRA's annual budget, contracts, grants and all other actions must be authorized directly by resolutions of the Town Council. In addition, the Town has issued bonds to finance CRA projects and is financially responsible for the CRA. The CRA is reported as a blended component unit (special revenue fund) since its Board of Directors is the same as the governing body of the Town and the Town has the financial benefit/burden relationship and operational responsibility for the CRA relating to its assets and debts. All redevelopment activities of a contractual, financial and programmatic nature shall have a maximum duration of 30 years from date of adoption. The Town of Davie CRA is due to expire in 2039. The CRA is the Town's only component unit.

Separate financial statements have been prepared for the CRA and are available through the Town of Davie's department of finance office. Effective for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the Florida Legislature enacted Chapter 2019-163, Laws of Florida, which amended Section 163.387(8), Florida Statues, to require that each CRA meeting the specified \$ 100,000 threshold provide for a separate audit and that the resultant audit report accompany the Town's annual financial report filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services. The CRA audit is to be separate from the audit of the County or the municipality that created the CRA, which must include within their reporting entities the CRA as a component unit. In addition, the separate CRA audit report must present standalone financial statements which include basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, and other required supplementary information.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – There are currently no discretely presented component units for the Town.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund (enterprise and internal service funds) and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within sixty days after year-end, except for federal, state and local grant financial assistance, which is considered available if collection is expected within twelve months after year end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that debt service on general obligation long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgements; if any, is recognized when due. Expenditures related to pension and other post-employment benefits are recognized when the Town has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under right of use assets leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, utility taxes, other general taxes, assessments, and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Permits, certain charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions and miscellaneous revenues are considered measurable and available when cash is received by the government. Revenue received in advance of fiscal year to which they apply is presented as unearned on the balance sheet. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. Expenditures-driven grants are recognized as revenues when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period.

Internal service funds of a government are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the Town's governmental activities, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated mainly into the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds and fiduciary-type component units, as applicable, are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The financial transactions of the Town are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: The focus of governmental fund measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net position. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

General Fund (a major fund)

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Community Redevelopment Agency, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund ("CRA") is used to account for the activities of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency, a blended component unit of the Town. The Town presents the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund as a major fund. Revenue is derived primarily from tax incremental revenue, which is the revenue that the CRA collects from the Town, Broward County, Central Broward Water Control District, Children's Services Council of Broward County, and the South & North Broward Hospital District. Those taxes are based on the incremental increase of the real property value and are dedicated to the redevelopment of the area. The annual audit of the Town included an evaluation of the CRA in light of the applicable requirements of Section 163.387, Florida Statues. Per the Town's management, the year end fund balance of approximately \$5.2 million has been restricted for specific redevelopment projects pursuant to the Community Redevelopment Plan.

ARPA, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The ARPA Fund is used to account for Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) awarded to the Town under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA).

Capital Projects Fund (a major fund)

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the cost of acquiring, constructing, and placing into service those capital assets which are associated with activities in the governmental funds and are typically financed by the General Fund or long-term debt issues, which are repaid by the recurring operating revenues and assessments in the General Fund. Improvements made from resources provided by this fund are approved in the Town's ten-year capital program and generally have no regard for fiscal periods. In addition, the fund accounts for capital projects funded by the Broward County Transportation Surtax. These capital projects will focus on improved traffic management, transportation connectivity, transit service, and multimodal transportation options.

Community Endowment, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Community Endowment Fund was established in a prior fiscal year with a fund transfer from a terminated General Employees' Pension Plan. The funds are to assist with certain unfunded liabilities; projects or programs that need capital creation that will be repaid over time; or community projects or charitable programs that have one-time needs.

Community Development Block Grant, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Community Development Block Grant Fund is mainly used to account for the activities of the Town's grants received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or the State of Florida related to community development and housing.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP), Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund accounts for funds provided through the State of Florida's State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Program, to produce and preserve affordable homeownership and multifamily housing.

Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Parks and Open Space Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities.

Fire Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Fire Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provision of fire and rescue services.

Police Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The *Police Impact Fees Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provision of law enforcement services.

Forfeitures, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Forfeitures Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The General Government Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.

Affordable Housing Fund, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Affordable Housing Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of funds associated with the Town's affordable housing incentive program as defined in the Town's applicable Land Development Code.

Debt Service Fund (a non-major fund)

This *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the repayment of debt and the accumulation of resources for the purpose of making principal and interest payments made on debt issued, beginning in fiscal year 2022, for the construction of Davie Town Hall and Davie Wetlands Park.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: Proprietary Funds include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation and amortization) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one Town department to another Town department on a cost reimbursement basis and to accumulate working capital for the renewal and replacement of assets in those funds. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

Water and Sewer, Enterprise Fund (a major fund)

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer utility system. The cost of operating the water and sewer system is recovered almost entirely by user charges. Tax dollars are not permanently used in this fund. The acquisition, maintenance, and improvement of the physical plant facilities are financed from existing cash resources, issuance of revenue bonds and state or federal grants.

Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance

The Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance is used to accumulate the cost of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance. The cost allocation utilized provides for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacement vehicles. Costs of operating vehicles (replacement reserve, insurance reserve, maintenance, etc.) are established as a monthly rental rate per class of vehicle and the user department is charged for each vehicle it uses.

Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance

The *Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance* was established to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Internal Service Fund for Information Technology

The Internal Service Fund for Information Technology is used to accumulate the costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, networks, software and support. The cost allocation utilized provides for operational costs of the IT department and for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacing and maintaining the Town's equipment.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Town's programs. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The following is a description of the fiduciary funds of the Town, of which all are Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds:

Firefighters' Pension

The Firefighters' Pension is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the firefighters employed by the Town.

Police Employees' Pension

The *Police Employees' Pension* is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the sworn police officers employed by the Town.

Management and General Employees' Pension

The Management and General Employees' Pension is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan.

OPEB Trust

The *OPEB Trust* is maintained solely for the benefit of retired employees of the Town to provide specified post-employment health care benefits for participants.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund.

Per the Town's charter, interdepartmental budget transfers of \$ 5,000 and under may be approved by the Town Administrator and carried out by the Budget and Finance Department. Budget transfers exceeding \$ 5,000, budget transfers between departments in the same fund, and all budget amendments require the approval by the Town Council. The Town Administrator may approve some interdepartmental transfers over \$ 5,000, if the Town Council has delegated such authority for the fiscal year and so long as the net change in a department's total appropriation is zero. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Appropriations in budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Project balances of previously appropriated, active capital projects are reappropriated for the next fiscal year. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's "cash and cash equivalents" are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits, money market funds, and deposits held with the State Board of Administration ("SBA") Investment pool. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments are carried at estimated fair value. Unrealized gains and losses in fair value are recognized. Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension and OPEB trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end. The SBA Pool (Pool) allows certain types of governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in the Pool are valued at the Pool's share price, the price at which the investment could be sold

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any remaining balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

The Town recognizes receivables in its various funds based on the accounting basis required for that fund. Allowances are provided for possible uncollectible accounts.

The Town's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Any variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) or weighted average method. Inventories are maintained on a consumption basis of accounting where items are purchased for inventory and charged as an expenditure/expense as items are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items in the governmental fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Town's proprietary fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the funds are segregated and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and other similar arrangements. The Town is required to maintain contribution charges, and capital replacement resources. See Note 8 for additional information.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as assets, tangible or intangible, with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 5 years. Where cost could not be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost was used to record the estimated value of the assets. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items are reported at acquisition value at the date of acquisition, as applicable. Depreciation has been provided over estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Infrastructure	15-40 years
Buildings and improvements	15-50 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	5-20 years

Upon disposal of property, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposal reported currently. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals and betterments are charged as incurred. Renewals and betterments of a major character are capitalized. In the fund financial statements, acquisition of capital assets is recorded as expenditure and no depreciation is recorded.

The Town follows the provisions of GASB 87, Leases and GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The right of use assets and software subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related liability plus any payments made prior to the terms of these arrangements, less incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the assets into service. These assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease and subscription arrangements. At September 30, 2024, management evaluated the Town's current lease and software subscription arrangements and has concluded that the current lease arrangements (lessee) do not meet the criteria to be recorded/capitalized in the Town's financial statements. Software subscription and lease arrangements (lessor) are discussed later in the annual report.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the water and sewer fund – statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is the deferred outflows relating to the pension plans, and other post employment benefits, as applicable, and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, as applicable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available (i.e. lease receivables). The second item are the deferred inflows relating to the pension plans, and other post-employment benefits, as applicable, and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issue costs are expensed at issuance. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, and principal payments, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are salary related payments to employees for accumulated vacation, sick, and paid time off (PTO) leave. They are recorded as expenditures when used or are accrued as payables for employees who are entitled to vacation, sick, or PTO leave. Employees accumulate vacation, sick, and PTO for a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Upon separation, employees are paid based on the limitation set forth in policies or collective bargaining agreements and are paid at their current rate of pay upon separation.

Accumulated compensated absences are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. Expenditures for accumulated compensated absences have been recorded in the governmental funds only if they have matured, (e.g., resulting from employee resignations and retirements).

N. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary funds is categorized as net investment in capital assets; restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus unspent bond proceeds, as applicable. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations which does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted — net position and unrestricted — net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted — net position to have been depleted before unrestricted — net position is applied.

For fund balance disclosures, please refer to Note 10.

O. Pension Plans

As of year-end, the Town sponsors four pension plans: three defined benefit plans (Note 14) and a Money Purchase Plan (Note 13), covering substantially all of its full-time employees. The Town also has an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust plan (Note 15) maintained for the health care benefit of retired employees. The investments of the pension plans and OPEB trust are all carried at fair value.

P. Unearned Revenues

Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

R. Subsequent events

Subsequent events are evaluated by management through March 27, 2025, the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

S. Impact of Changes in Accounting Principles

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of the Statement were effective for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2024.

The Town implemented GASB 100 in fiscal year 2024 and the changes were incorporated into the Town's 2024 financial statements. There was no material effect on the beginning net position of the governmental and business-type activities.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

As required by Florida Statutes, the Town Council has adopted a written investment policy, which may, from time to time, be amended. Under the current policy, Town officials are generally authorized to invest funds in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA Pool), intergovernmental investment pools, United States Government Securities, guaranteed agencies and sponsored agencies, commercial paper, corporate notes, taxable and/or tax-exempt municipal debt, asset-backed securities, interest bearing certificates of deposit or savings accounts, repurchase agreements, and registered investment companies-money market mutual funds. The Community Endowment Special Revenue Fund is authorized to invest in corporate equity securities in addition to the previously listed investments.

The Town's investment policy does not apply to funds not under the direct control of the Town; such as, the deferred contribution plan, deferred benefit plans (Firefighters, Police, Management and General), the OPEB trust fund, or accounts created under resolution or ordinance pursuant to the issuance of debt. The defined benefit pension plans' investment policy is determined by their respective Boards of Trustees and invests in securities as summarized in the tables below.

As of September 30, 2024, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

	C	arrying Amount (Fair \	/alue)
	Primary	Fiduciary	
Investment Type	Government	Funds	Total
Florida NA vaisinal lavoratus aut Turet			
Florida Municipal Investment Trust		4 400 000 004	A 400.000
Funds	\$ 6,033,341	\$ 122,323,631	\$ 128,356,972
United States treasuries	29,118,315	7,137,009	36,255,324
United States agency securities	32,539,618	9,729,640	42,269,258
Corporate notes/debt securities	18,371,695	1,890,359	20,262,054
Fixed income funds	-	13,059,441	13,059,441
Equity securities, including mutual		, ,	, ,
funds	-	207,430,234	207,430,234
Domestic equity funds	-	52,086,720	52,086,720
International equity funds	-	28,295,619	28,295,619
Real estate investment funds	-	58,542,438	58,542,438
Absolute return funds	-	11,996,984	11,996,984
Hedge funds	-	21,128,352	21,128,352
Private credit funds	-	5,795,445	5,795,445
State Board of Administration -			
Florida PRIME	27,738,119	-	27,738,119
Pooled separate accounts - self			
directed DROP	-	13,020,082	13,020,082
Plus: Cash and money market funds	284,225,538	11,470,224	295,695,762
Total	¢ 208 026 626	¢ 562 006 179	\$ 061 022 904
Total	\$ 398,026,626	\$ 563,906,178	\$ 961,932,804

Deposits: The Town's cash balances were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. As of September 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$ 246,599,879, with a bank balance of \$ 246,790,254. Cash balances held by the fiduciary funds generally exists temporarily as cash is in the process of collection from sales or to acquire securities.

State statutes require, and it is the Town's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintains eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and the reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the Treasurer is defined by statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should need arise. The Town's deposits of \$ 246,290,254, which are in excess of the federal insured level of \$ 250,000, are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool because the District has identified itself as a public entity.

Investments:

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure is to interest rate risk. The Town, primary government, limits their risk by requiring all non-amortizing securities maturities to a maximum of seven years. All amortizing securities are limited by their effective duration rather than their final maturity. The effective duration of the amortizing securities held by the Town is limited to a maximum of five years. At year end, the weighted average effective duration of the Town's securities ranges from 0.69 to 2.46 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and aim to provide sufficient liquidity to meet any required payments.

The table below summarizes the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2024:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	_	Less than 1	_	1 to 5	_	6 to 10	More than 10
United States treasuries United States agency	\$	29,118,315	\$	9,052,846	\$	20,065,469	\$	-	\$ -
securities Corporate notes/debt		32,539,618		3,949,505		19,931,912		1,754,293	6,903,908
securities	-	18,371,695	_	3,522,528	_	14,849,167	_		
Total	\$	80,029,628	\$_	16,524,879	\$_	54,846,548	\$_	1,754,293	\$ 6,903,908

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) and the weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2024, is 39 days and 74 days, respectively.

The table below summarizes the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2024:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	. <u>-</u>	Less than 1	-	1 to 5	_	6 to 10	_	More than 10
Unites States treasuries United States agency	\$	7,137,009	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,578,383	\$	2,558,626
securities Corporate notes/debt		9,729,640		-		-		-		9,729,640
securities		1,890,359		-		534,638		1,355,721		-
Fixed income funds	-	13,059,441	-	-	-	2,650,434	_	2,512,002	_	7,897,005
Total	\$	31.816.449	\$	_	\$	3.185.072	\$	8.446.106	Ś	20.185.271

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The Town controls this risk by investing primarily in U.S. Government backed securities, and setting minimum credit ratings for other securities, rated by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"). The fiduciary funds investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk, and provide for certain minimum ratings as established by policy. The SBA Florida, PRIME has a credit rating by Standard & Poor's ("S&P") of AAAm, while the money market mutual funds are not rated.

The NRSRO ratings for the Town's investments, including those held in pension trust funds as of September 30, 2024, are summarized below.

NRSRO Rating	-	Total Fair Value		Primary Government	_	Fiduciary Funds
AAA/Aaa	\$	12,504,904	\$	4,038,405	\$	8,466,499
AA+	•	61,657,933	·	61,657,933	•	-
AA		765,898		-		765,898
AA-		509,880		509,880		-
A+		695,897		695,897		-
A		4,657,639		4,006,001		651,638
A-		7,467,793		7,467,793		-
A1		501,080		-		501,080
A3		926,056		-		926,056
Aa1		16,866,649		-		16,866,649
Aa3		463,223		-		463,223
BBB		1,940,426		-		1,940,426
BB		500,984		-		500,984
В		336,715		-		336,715
B-		397,281		-		397,281
NR	-	1,653,719		1,653,719	_	-
Total	\$	111,846,077	\$	80,029,628	\$_	31,816,449

Concentration risk: The Town's and fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. Specific limits have been established which limit the percentage of portfolio assets that can be invested with a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more of the total investments in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investments pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this disclosure requirement. The Town's (primary government) investments requiring disclosure are as follows: Federal National Mortgage Association - Fannie Mae (10.6%), Federal Home Loan Banks (7.0%) and Freddie Mac (6.24%). The Town's (fiduciary funds - Firefighters' Pension Plan) investments requiring disclosure are as follows: AF International Growth & Income Fund (6.4%), RhumbLine Russell 1000 Pooled Index Fund (47.3%), Blackrock Systematic Multi Strategy Fund (6.0%), (ARA Core Property Fund (5.8%), and Florida Municipal Investment Trust (6.8%). The Town's (fiduciary funds – Police Employees' Pension Plan) investments requiring disclosure are as follows: Wellington Management Small Cap Fund (12.3%), Aristotle Value Equity Fund (9.4%), Vanguard Institutional Index Fund (14.1%), Vanguard Mid Index Fund (8.0%), and Hardman Johnston I.E. Group Trust (11.8%).

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town and fiduciary funds would not recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investment policy of the Town and fiduciary funds minimizes this risk by establishing minimum standards for institutions and dealers used by the Town. Consistent with the Town's and Plans' investment policy, the investments are held by custodial banks/institutions in the Town's and Plans' name, or in street name or nominee name as the agent, as applicable.

Foreign currency risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in the currency exchange rate may materially affect transactions conducted in currencies other than U.S. Dollars and the carrying value of foreign investments. The Town's investments are not subject to foreign currency risk. The Fiduciary Funds exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from investments in international equity funds.

Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds: The Town manages its Defined Benefit Pension Plan investments for its management and general employees and the OPEB trust with the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund ("FMPTF"). The FMPTF is managed through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust ("FMIVT"), a Local Government Investment Pool. The Town also has investments of the primary government with the FMIvT. Required disclosures are as follows:

<u>Credit Risk</u> :	Fitch Rating	_	Amount
Fixed Income Funds: FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	AAf/S4 AAAf/S1 AAAf/S2 Not rated	\$	17,862,496 66,685 5,966,656 18,489,515
Equity Portfolios: FMIvT Diversified Large Cap Equity Portfolio FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Equity Portfolio FMIvT International Equity Portfolio FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund	Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated	_	30,917,285 17,986,493 25,426,268 11,641,574
		\$	128,356,972

Interest Rate Risk (In Years):

Fixed Income Funds:	Duration	WAM
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	5.10	7.10
FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund	0.88	0.90
FMIvT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	1.63	1.80
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	6.24	6.66

Fair Value Hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets, either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a general description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments classified as Level 1 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.

Investments classified as Level 2 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued based on other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, cash flows, maturity, and credit ratings), or other market corroborated inputs specific to the investment type.

Investments classified as Level 3 for the fiduciary funds, in the table below, are valued based on significant unobservable inputs to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value of classified level 3 investments represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds may be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2024 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	_	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds United States treasuries United States agency	\$	6,033,341 29,118,315	\$ - 29,118,315	\$	6,033,341	\$	- -
securities Corporate notes/debt securities	_	32,539,618 18,371,695	 32,539,618 18,371,695	_	-	. <u>-</u>	- -
Total investments measured at fair value		86,062,969	\$ 80,029,628	\$_	6,033,341	\$ <u></u>	<u>-</u>
Investments measured at amortized cost: Florida PRIME		27,738,119					
Money market funds and other deposits	_	284,225,538					
Total	\$_	398,026,626					

A description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement for Level 2 and 3 inputs above, as applicable, are as follows: Level 2 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

Additionally, Florida PRIME issues separate financial statements that are publicly available from https://prime.sbafla.com/audits/.

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2024 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	_	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Florida Municipal								
Investment Trust Funds	\$	122,323,631	\$	_	\$	92,192,542	\$	30,131,089
United States treasuries	Y	7,137,009	Y	7,137,009	Y	J2,1J2,J42 -	Y	-
United States agency		7,237,003		7,237,003				
securities		9,729,640		_		9,729,640		-
Corporate notes/debt		, ,				, ,		
securities		1,890,359		-		1,890,359		-
Fixed income funds		13,059,441		13,059,441		-		-
Equity securities, including								
mutual funds		207,430,234		207,430,234		-		-
Domestic equity funds		52,086,720		52,086,720		-		-
International equity funds		28,295,619		28,295,619		-		-
Absolute return funds		11,996,984		11,996,984		-		-
Pooled separate accounts -								
self directed DROP	-	13,020,082		-		13,020,082	_	-
Total investments measured								
at fair value		466,969,719	\$	320,006,007	Ś	116,832,623	\$	30,131,089
at fall value		100,303,713	Ψ	320,000,007	Y	110,032,023	Ψ	30,131,003
Investments measured at NAV		85,466,235						
Money market funds and								
other deposits	_	11,470,224						
Total	\$	563,906,178	:					

A description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement for Level 2 and 3 inputs above, as applicable, are as follows: Level 2 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborate inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted. Level 3 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds invest in single underlying funds where the shares of the funds are not publicly quoted. These funds are generally measured based on specific pricing models, internal assumptions, and the weighting of the best available pricing input, including quarterly real estate appraisals, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Individual investment holdings may, in turn, include investments in both non-marketable and market-traded securities.

Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued as follows: government and corporate securities using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.

Pooled separate accounts, classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued based on the net asset value of the underlying investments.

Additional information for investments classified as Level 3, measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share, or equivalent, is presented in the table below as of September 30, 2024.

	Fair Value		Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Real estate investment funds (1) Florida Municipal	\$ 58,542,438	\$	860,925	N/A & Quarterly	N/A & 10-90 days
Investment Trust Funds (2)	30,131,089		-	Monthly to Quarterly	1-15 days & Quarterly
Hedge funds (3)	21,128,352		-	Quarterly	90 Days
Private credit funds (4)	5,795,445	_	9,948,053	N/A & Quarterly	N/A & 90 Days
Total	\$ 115 597 324	\$	10 808 978		

- (1) Real estate funds hold investments as follows: (a) in an open-end diversified core real estate comingled fund that invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multifamily properties located throughout the United States - the investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 10 days prior to guarter end; (b) in an open-end commingled real estate fund that invests in a pool of real estate assets that are diversified by geography and property type, with a focus of yield-driven investments and, to a lesser extent, on value-added investments -the investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 90 days prior to quarter end; (c) in a real estate fund partnership engaged in the acquisition and resale of value-added investments in real estate and real estate-backed assets with a focus on opportunities in the Southeast, Southwest, Mid East, and Mountain regions of the United States of America – the investment is valued at NAV and no redemptions are allowed; (d) in a real estate fund that invests through subsidiary entities in the acquisition or lease of real estate development sites located in the State of Florida to construct, develop and finance multifamily and mixed-used real estate and make available for lease upon future completion – the investment is valued at NAV and no redemptions are allowed; and (e) in various other open-end commingled private equity real estate portfolios which are structured as limited partnerships - their primary focus is to invest in well-based income producing properties within major U.S. markets – the investments are valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 60 days prior to guarter end.
- (2) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds consists of core real estate funds and core plus fixed income funds. The core real estate fund invests in core real estate in the United States; while the core plus fixed income fund invests in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, debt securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts, and litigation trusts for both United States and foreign companies and governments. These funds are considered level 3 investments, since the value is based on unobservable inputs.

- (3) This hedge fund seeks to acquire fundamentally cheap corporate and mortgage securities in order to reduce drawdowns during market dislocations. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 90 days prior to guarter end.
- (4) Private credit funds hold investments as follows: (a) investment strategy is to provide senior secured debt financing primarily to early stage, emerging growth companies financed by top-tier investment firms and strategic corporate partners the investment is valued at NAV and redemptions requests must be made in writing and are considered on a quarterly basis once the option becomes available, and (b) a fund that offers investors access to a diversified portfolio of middle market investments spanning first lien loans, second lien loans, mezzanine debt, and associated equity co-investments in mid-size U.S. companies the investment is valued at NAV and no redemptions are allowed.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of investments held by the primary government and its fiduciary funds will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied and becomes a lien on real and personal property on October 1 of each year based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. The Broward County Property Appraiser establishes assessed values. Broward County mails tax bills for the Town as the collection agent on or about October 1 of each year and is payable beginning November 1, with discounts of one to four percent if paid before March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1.

At September 30, material uncollected current year amounts are classified as delinquent taxes receivable in the General Fund and offset by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue in the General Fund during the fiscal year in which they are received.

The Town levied a total rate of 5.8257 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for the fiscal year commencing October 1, 2023.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2024 for the Town's major and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	_	General Fund	_	Capital Projects Funds	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total
Governmental funds:								
Accounts receivable, other	\$	733,649	\$	-	\$	5,833	\$	739,482
Interest		340,886		33,815		-		374,701
Property taxes and assessments		58,939		-		-		58,939
Utility taxes and franchise fees		2,970,033		-		-		2,970,033
Leases		2,145,473		-		-		2,145,473
Intergovernmental	_	3,533,751	_	32,107	_	20,924	_	3,586,782
Gross receivables		9,782,731		65,922	_	26,757	_	9,875,410
Less: allowance for uncollectible	_	(1,572)	_		-		-	(1,572)
Net receivables	\$ _	9,781,159	\$ =	65,922	\$ _	26,757	\$ _	9,873,838

Note 4 - Receivables (continued)

The Town is reporting lease receivables of approximately \$2.1 million at September 30, 2024. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discounted rate. The leases are for certain facilities throughout the Town.

As of September 30, 2024, future base minimum lease payments expected to be received are as follows:

	_	Governm			
Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2033	\$	249,523 243,899 246,550 257,556 268,936 879,009	\$	25,856 23,021 20,139 17,133 13,993 21,732	\$ 275,379 266,920 266,689 274,689 282,929 900,741
Total	\$_	2,145,473	\$_	121,874	\$ 2,267,347

Receivables at September 30, 2024 for the Town's Water and Sewer Fund, and Internal Service Funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	Water and Sewer Fund	_	Internal Service Funds
Accounts receivable Less: allowance for uncollectible	\$ 5,584,486 (3,774,578)	\$ <u>_</u>	470,475 (33)
Net receivables	\$ 1,809,908	\$_	470,442

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

A summary of interfund advances (receivables and payables) at September 30, 2024 is as follows:

Interfund advances		Receivables		Payables
Governmental Funds: General Fund Community Redevelopment Agency		2,000,000	\$_	- 2,000,000
Total	\$	2,000,000	\$_	2,000,000

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions (continued)

The outstanding balances between funds may result generally from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. During fiscal year 2022, the General Fund advanced \$ 4 million to the Community Redevelopment Agency for the continuation of redevelopment projects and is to be repaid in four annual installments of \$ 1 million with no interest.

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2024 is as follows:

Transfers		In		Out	
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	268,347	\$	39,485,891	
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	•	4,302,721	•	-	
Capital Projects Fund		31,928,338		268,347	
Debt Service Fund (nonmajor governmental					
fund)		2,132,125		-	
Proprietary Funds:					
Water and Sewer Fund		-		14,500	
Vehicle Maintenance Fund	_	1,218,707		81,500	
Total	\$_	39,850,238	\$	39,850,238	

Funds were transferred from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for completed, modified, or canceled projects. Funds were also transferred from the General Fund to the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund related to tax increment funding. Transfers were used to move funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to provide for certain capital improvement projects, as approved within the Capital Improvement Program, including the new Town Hall facilities, park renovations, fire apparatuses and for future projects. Funds were also transferred from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to pay the current year interest on the Series 2021 bonds. Funds were also transferred from the General Fund to the Vehicle Maintenance Fund, as the Town purchased/funded mostly police vehicles during the year.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	_	Balance October 1, 2023		Additions and Transfers	_	Retirements and Transfers	_	Balance September 30, 2024
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$	83,582,740 15,918,347	\$	3,914,619 8,329,736	\$	- (6,614,779)	\$	87,497,359 17,633,304
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		99,501,087	. <u>-</u>	12,244,355	. <u>-</u>	(6,614,779)	-	105,130,663

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance October 1, 2023	Additions and Transfers	Retirements and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2024
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and	181,244,878 105,196,774	5,780,337 3,227,676	-	187,025,215 108,424,450
vehicles Intangible assets - SBITA	84,834,264 7,030,582	3,991,653 	(2,408,253) (195,100)	86,417,664 6,835,482
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	378,306,498	12,999,666	(2,603,353)	388,702,811
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for:				
Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	111,722,039 73,876,137	3,595,454 2,963,789	- -	115,317,493 76,839,926
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	69,833,933	4,500,606	(2,183,050)	72,151,489
Intangible assets - SBITA	1,279,143	1,753,118	(182,482)	2,849,779
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	256,711,252	12,812,967	(2,365,532)	267,158,687
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	121,595,246	186,699	(237,821)	121,544,124
Governmental activities capital assets, net	221,096,333	\$ <u>12,431,054</u>	\$ (6,852,600)	\$226,674,787
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land \$ Construction in progress	7,331,847 2,194,032	\$ - 1,620,999	\$ - (315,664)	\$ 7,331,847 3,499,367
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated/amortized	9,525,879	1,620,999	(315,664)	10,831,214
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Infrastructure Building and improvements	29,539,373 126,203,602	2,878,249 667,114	-	32,417,622 126,870,716
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	53,593,203	2,397,579		55,990,782
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	209,336,178	5,942,942		215,279,120

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance October 1, 2023	Additions and Transfers	Retirements and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2024
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for:				
Infrastructure	21,865,010	1,220,012	-	23,085,022
Buildings and improvements	61,053,604	5,212,360	-	66,265,964
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	25,140,656	2,213,463		27,354,119
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	108,059,270	8,645,835		116,705,105
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	101,276,908	(2,702,893)		98,574,015
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 110,802,787	\$(1,081,894) \$	(315,664)	\$ 109,405,229

Depreciation/amortization was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,243,678
Building and engineering		252,294
Public safety - police		933,488
Public safety - fire		1,323,025
Public works		3,986,794
Parks, recreation and cultural arts		1,801,298
Subtotal		9,540,577
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage		
of the assets	,	3,272,390
Total depreciation/amortization		
expense Governmental activities	\$	12,812,967
Business type - activities:		
Water and sewer	\$	8,645,835
Total depreciation/amortization		
expense Business type - activities	Ş	8,645,835

Note 7 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities reported by the governmental and proprietary funds at September 30, 2024 were as follows:

Governmental Funds:

	_	General Fund	F	Community Redevelopment Agency	: -	ARPA	_	Capital Projects	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total
Accounts Contracts and retainage Payroll, taxes and	\$	6,000,378 174,334	\$	322,145 3,255	\$	- 899,968	\$	252,080 947,462	\$	11,398 16,298	\$	6,586,001 2,041,317
benefits Other	_	4,036,373 241,210		9,944 -	_	- -	_	-	_	5,265 241,461	_	4,051,582 482,671
	\$_	10,452,295	\$	335,344	\$_	899,968	\$_	1,199,542	\$_	274,422	\$	13,161,571

Proprietary Funds:

	Water and Sewer	Internal Service Funds	Total
Accounts Contracts and retainage Payroll, taxes and benefits	\$ 1,087,960 614,261 5,366	\$ 552,977 63,271 472,830	\$ 1,640,937 677,532 478,196
	\$ 1,707,587	\$ 1,089,078	\$ 2,796,665

Note 8 - Restricted Assets

At September 30, 2024, the Town had \$25,442,626 in restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments in the Water and Sewer Fund. This balance is comprised of the following items:

Restriction	
Contribution charges Capital replacement Debt service reserve Customer deposits	\$ 11,003,336 10,400,898 3,345,122 693,270
Total	\$ 25,442,626

Contribution charges – In addition to the monthly rate for water and wastewater service, the Town currently charges contribution charges based upon the equitable and proportionate share of the cost for the: i) water production and transmission capacity; and ii) wastewater transmission, treatment, and effluent disposal capacity of the System. The purpose is for paying or reimbursing the equitable share of the capital costs.

Note 8 - Restricted Assets (continued)

Capital replacement - Previously, the Town hired consultants to perform a rate study and determined that the Town should commence a capital replacement reserve to be funded with an annual deposit of 7.5% of total operating revenues of the facilities. This account was established to provide an additional mechanism to fund the costs of renewals, replacements, betterments and upgrades to the water and sewer system. The Town anticipates that it will continue to make deposits in the same approximate amount in future years in order to maintain the system.

Debt service reserve – As described in Note 9, the Town was required to establish a debt service reserve fund equating to the maximum annual debt service on the 2019 issuance.

Customer deposits – Amount represents the total amount of customer deposits held by the Town.

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024:

	Balance October 1, 2023		Additions	Reductions	:	Balance September 30, 2024		Due Within One Year
		_	7.00.0.0	 	-		-	0.10 1001
Community Redevelopment								
Bonds, Series 2013A *	\$ 2,336,46	2 \$	-	\$ 917,104	\$	1,419,358	\$	940,344
Community Redevelopment								
Bonds, Series 2013B *	1,724,67	1	-	677,172		1,047,499		694,053
General Obligation Refunding								
Note, Series 2015 *	6,870,00	0	-	785,000		6,085,000		805,000
Limited General Obligation								
Refunding Note, Series 2015 *	4,825,00	0	-	1,575,000		3,250,000		1,610,000
Special Obligation Bonds,								
Series 2021	36,100,00	0	-	625,000		35,475,000		660,000
Note Payable *	2,477,76	3	-	495,553		1,982,210		495,553
Bond Premiums	6,723,31	2	-	240,118		6,483,194		-
	61,057,20	8	-	5,314,947	-	55,742,261	-	5,204,950
Insurance claims payable	2,437,24	2	12,918,545	12,905,530		2,450,257		2,450,257
SBITA payable	4,793,08	8	-	1,726,372		3,066,716		1,156,821
Compensated absences								
payable	11,036,39	9	7,628,570	6,831,638		11,833,331		5,277,131
	18,266,72	9	20,547,115	21,463,540	_	17,350,304	_	8,884,209
Total	\$ 79,323,93	7 \$	20,547,115	\$ 26,778,487	\$_	73,092,565	\$_	14,089,159

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 13,784,067 as of September 30, 2024.

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The entire insurance claims liability is reported in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund and will be liquidated by that fund.

Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") Bonds - The CRA previously issued \$ 20,000,000 Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2010, to make various infrastructure improvements, including drainage, road, and water and sewer improvements, and to acquire land for redevelopment purposes. On August 28, 2013 and September 28, 2013, the CRA issued Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, amounting to \$ 10,000,000 and \$ 7,394,769, respectively, to currently refund the then outstanding Series 2010 Bonds. The 2013A and 2013B Bonds bear interest at the fixed rate of 2.470% and 2.430%, respectively, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rates were increased to 3.002% and 2.953% for the 2013A and 2013B Bonds, respectively, due to a change in the corporate tax rate. Principal and interest on both series is payable semiannually on each June 10 and December 10 through maturity in December 2025. The Bonds are secured by a pledge and lien on tax increment revenues of the Town's CRA. In addition, the Town covenants to annually budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues to cover any shortfall in tax increment revenue of the CRA to pay for scheduled principal and interest.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2025 2026	\$_	940,344 479,014	_	36,110 7,310	\$_	976,454 486,324
Total	\$ _	1,419,358	\$ <u>_</u>	43,420	\$ _	1,462,778

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013B are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025 2026	\$_	694,053 353,446		26,217 5,306	\$_	720,270 358,752
Total	\$_	1,047,499	\$	31,523	\$_	1,079,022

The outstanding CRA Series 2013A and 2013B arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and failure to budget and appropriate. These events may increase the current interest rate to the lesser of 18% or the maximum lawful rate during the continuation of an event of default. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

\$ 12,465,000 General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 12,465,000 of a General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2031, with a fixed interest rate of 2.59%, to refund the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with constructing and furnishing fire and rescue facilities, and the procurement of certain equipment and technology, including the improvement of emergency management and terrorism preparedness. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2031. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2025	Ś	805,000	157,602	\$	962,602
2026	•	825,000	136,752		961,752
2027		845,000	115,385		960,385
2028		870,000	93,499		963,499
2029		890,000	70,966		960,966
2030-2031	_	1,850,000	72,261	_	1,922,261
Total	\$_	6,085,000	\$ 646,465	\$_	6,731,465

\$ 16,260,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 – Previously, the Town issued \$ 16,260,000 of a Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2026, with a fixed interest rate of 2.18%, to refund the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with acquiring land to protect the quality of water bodies, preserving and improving wildlife habitat and parks, and constructing and improving recreational areas. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2026. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2025 2026	\$_	1,610,000 1,640,000	70,850 35,752	\$	1,680,850 1,675,752
Total	\$	3,250,000	\$ 106,602	\$	3,356,602

The outstanding Series 2015 (both general and limited general obligation) arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and the downgrade to certain ratings assigned by nationally recognized agencies. These events may result in a late charge on overdue payments of 6% (G.O. Series 2015); and may increase, during default, the current interest rates on these arrangements to the higher of the then prime rate or adjusted one-month SOFR rate plus a spread ranging from 4% to 6%. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lenders may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available to them and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lenders. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

<u>Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2021</u> — Previously, the Town issued \$ 36,600,000 of a Special Obligation Bond, Series 2021, to fully mature by October 2051, with an interest rate ranging from 4% to 5%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the construction and equipping of the new Town Hall and the Davie Wetlands Park (formerly Van Kirk). Interest is paid semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal is paid annually commencing October 2022 through October 2051. Legally available non-ad valorem revenues from the General Fund, and certain investment earnings, are pledged to repay this obligation. This obligation provides for certain redemption provisions on or after October 2032. No debt services reserve account was required to be established to secure these bonds.

The outstanding Series 2021 bonds include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as violation of covenants, payment defaults, and insolvency. Certain events of default are deemed to be declared if continued for sixty days after receipt of a written notice form the holders; unless the Town is in good faith and diligently acting to remedy the default and such default is curable by such remedial action. The bondholders may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available to them and allowed by law, including enforce payment and receive any and all amounts due at time of default.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Special Obligation Bond, Series 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$	660,000 690,000 725,000 760,000 800,000 4,635,000 5,750,000 6,990,000	\$ 1,475,000 1,441,250 1,405,875 1,368,750 1,329,750 5,996,975 4,884,000 3,613,800	\$ 2,135,000 2,131,250 2,130,875 2,128,750 2,129,750 10,631,975 10,634,000 10,603,800
2045-2049 2050-2052		8,505,000 5,960,000	2,068,900 363,800	10,573,900 6,323,800
Subtotal	•	35,475,000	\$ 23,948,100	\$ 59,423,100
Plus: unamortized premium	\$	6,483,194 41,958,194		

Note Payable – Previously, the Town issued a \$ 3,468,869 note payable for the purposes of financing the acquisition of public safety equipment. The note bears no interest, with annual principal payments due February 1, 2022, through February 1, 2028. The note may be prepaid in whole or in part without penalty. A payment not received within (10) days will bear interest at the highest lawful rate from the due date. Other events of default include violations of covenants and insolvency. The Town has not pledged revenue in connection with this credit facility, except for that it is payable from legally available funds.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Note Payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal
2025	495,553
2026	495,553
2027	495,553
2028	495,551
Total	\$ 1,982,210

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the governmental activities debt is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	<u>-</u>	Interest	<u>-</u>	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 2045-2049	\$ 5,204,950 4,483,013 2,065,553 2,125,551 1,690,000 6,485,000 5,750,000 6,990,000 8,505,000	\$	1,765,779 1,626,370 1,521,260 1,462,249 1,400,716 6,069,236 4,884,000 3,613,800 2,068,900	\$	6,970,729 6,109,383 3,586,813 3,587,800 3,090,716 12,554,236 10,634,000 10,603,800 10,573,900
2050-2052	5,960,000		363,800		6,323,800
Total	\$ 49,259,067	\$.	24,776,110	\$	74,035,177

Business - Type Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024:

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

	_	Balance October 1, 2023	_	Additions		Reductions		Balance September 30, 2024	_	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:										
Water and Sewer Revenue	Ļ	26 225 000	۲		۲	305 000	ċ	26 040 000	ċ	240.000
Bonds, Series 2012 Water and Sewer Revenue	\$	26,335,000	\$	-	\$	295,000	\$	26,040,000	\$	340,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 *		46,920,000		-		2,050,000		44,870,000		2,105,000
Water and Sewer Revenue		, ,						. ,		
Refunding Bonds, Series 2020		45,370,000		-		1,810,000		43,560,000		1,835,000
State Revolving Fund Loan										
Program*		2,416,796		-		217,576		2,199,220		222,607
Bond Discounts		(322,448)		-		(16,971)		(305,477)		-
	_	120,719,348	-	=	-	4,355,605		116,363,743	_	4,502,607
Compensated Absences	_	513,042	_	280,893		235,146		558,789	_	231,838
	\$_	121,232,390	\$_	280,893	\$	4,590,751	\$	116,922,532	\$_	4,734,445

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 47,069,220 as of September 30, 2024.

\$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 — Previously, the Town issued \$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, maturing October 1, 2042, with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2014 through October 2042. The Bond Indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. At issuance, the Town obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest			Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039	\$ 340,000 380,000 440,000 500,000 555,000 3,825,000 6,070,000	\$	878,300 863,100 845,500 830,500 813,850 3,740,876 2,896,988	\$	1,218,300 1,243,100 1,285,500 1,330,500 1,368,850 7,565,876 8,966,988
2040-2043	13,930,000	-	1,117,025	_	15,047,025
Subtotal	26,040,000	\$	11,986,139	\$	38,026,139
Less: unamortized discount	\$ (305,477) 25,734,523				

\$ 49,915,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 49,915,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, to refund the then outstanding Series 2010 Bonds, with a fixed rate of 2.76%, subject to adjustment based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. The gross proceeds from the 2019 issuance were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance, the establishment of a debt service reserve fund, and the required debt service payments on the call date of October 2020. Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2021 through October 2040.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$ 2,105,000	\$ 1,209,363	\$	3,314,363
2026	2,160,000	1,150,506		3,310,506
2027	2,220,000	1,090,062		3,310,062
2028	2,285,000	1,027,893		3,312,893
2029	2,345,000	963,999		3,308,999
2030-2034	12,740,000	3,798,312		16,538,312
2035-2039	14,595,000	1,915,095		16,510,095
2040-2041	6,420,000	178,434		6,598,434
Total	\$ 44,870,000	\$ 11,333,664	\$	56,203,664

\$ 47,650,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 47,650,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, with an interest rate ranging from 1.004% to 3.111%, for the primary purpose of refunding on an advance basis a significant portion of the then outstanding Series 2011 Bonds. The gross proceeds from the Series 2020 issuance, along with other funds of the Town, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance and the required debt service payments through the redemption (call) date of October 1, 2021. Interest on the Series 2020 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2020 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2021 through October 2041. The Bond indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. At issuance, the Town obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	1,835,000	\$	1,128,291	\$	2,963,291
2026	,	1,860,000	,	1,099,296	,	2,959,296
2027		1,885,000		1,066,456		2,951,456
2028		1,925,000		1,029,832		2,954,832
2029		1,965,000		989,512		2,954,512
2030-2034		10,515,000		4,233,815		14,748,815
2035-2039		11,965,000		2,737,433		14,702,433
2040-2042		11,610,000		656,422		12,266,422
Total	\$	43,560,000	\$	12,941,057	\$ <u>_</u>	56,501,057
			-		_	

The Series 2012, 2019 and 2020 Bonds were issued in parity as to the lien of the pledged revenues. The Water and Sewer Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues derived from the Town's water and sewer system and proceeds from contribution charges received by the Town in connection with the system.

The Town is subject to certain rate covenants outlined in the Bond Indentures. The Bond Indentures contain certain other covenants related to the operation of the water and sewer fund, including the establishment of contribution charges and capital replacement fund.

The 2012, 2019 and 2020 arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults as failure to make payment (principal and interest), inability to pay debts – bankruptcy, and violation of material covenants or conditions. However, those violations of covenants or conditions that cannot be remedied within thirty days, shall not constitute an event of default if the Town shall begin to remedy such default within a thirty-day period and is diligently pursuing such remedy. Events of defaults may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately; however, the Town may obtain consent of the holders of not less than fifty-one percent to not force or effect the acceleration of maturities provision. In general, upon occurrence and continuation of an event of default, the default rate is set at the lesser of prime rate plus 5% or the maximum rate permitted by law; or in the event that the consent described above is received, the default rate is then set at the lesser of 18% or the maximum rate permitted by law. Certain bonds may also be subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by trustee/lender. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply. The Series 2012 and 2020 scheduled payments of principal and interest when due are guaranteed under insurance policies issued concurrently with the delivery of each bond. The Series 2019 have established debt service reserve accounts as required at issuance.

\$4,601,081 State Revolving Fund Loan - In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$4,601,081, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$17,594 and \$89,872, respectively. Semiannual payments are due on each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore, the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the State Revolving Fund Loan, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	222,607	\$	49,311	\$	271,918
2026	,	227,757	•	44,161	•	271,918
2027		233,025		38,893		271,918
2028		238,416		33,502		271,918
2029		243,931		27,987		271,918
2030-2033		1,033,484		52,655		1,086,139
Total	\$_	2,199,220	; ;	246,509	\$	2,445,729

The State Revolving Fund Loan arrangement discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as failure to make monthly deposits and semiannual loan payments, violation of covenants or actions required by the arrangement with such failure continuing for a period of sixty days after written notice, insolvency-bankruptcy, and false representations. Non-payment may result in acceleration of the repayment schedule or increasing the financing rate on the unpaid principal balance to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the business-type activities is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039	\$	4,502,607 4,627,757 4,778,025 4,948,416 5,108,931 28,113,484 32,630,000	\$ 3,265,265 3,157,063 3,040,911 2,921,727 2,795,348 11,825,658 7,549,516	\$ 7,767,872 7,784,820 7,818,936 7,870,143 7,904,279 39,939,142 40,179,516
2040-2043	_	31,960,000	1,951,881	 33,911,881
Total	\$	116,669,220	\$ 36,507,369	\$ 153,176,589

Pledged Revenues:

The Town's debt is collateralized by multiple sources. The following table provides the gross revenue received in the current year and pledged for each debt issuance, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenue for each debt, which is the amount remaining of principal and interest on the indebtedness at September 30, 2024:

Debt Issue	Pledged Revenue		Gross Revenue Received		and Interest Paid		Maturities Principal and Interest	Pledged Through:
Governmental Activities:			_	-		_		
Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B	Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency	\$	9,141,638	\$	1,705,365	\$	2,541,800	2026
General Obligation Note, Series 2015 (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$	970,898	\$	962,933	\$	6,731,465	2031
Limited General Obligation Note, Series 2015 (Refunding)	Ad valorem tax	\$	1,693,476	\$	1,680,185	\$	3,356,602	2026
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 Business-Type Activities:	Legally available Non-Ad valorem revenues	\$	73,283,168	\$	2,132,125	\$	59,423,100	2052
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, 2019 (Refunding), 2020 (Refunding) and State Revolving Fund Loan Program	Net revenues from the water and sewer system and contribution charges	\$	34,307,810	\$	7,737,200	\$	153,176,589	2043

Note 10 - Fund Balance

The Town follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, and leases — portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. In fiscal year 2024, this category represents \$ 2,334,221.

Restricted fund balance - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In fiscal year 2024, this category represents \$ 16,368,019.

Committed fund balance – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority) remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance or resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category. In fiscal year 2024, this category represents \$ 156,897,381.

Assigned fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council through a resolution authorized the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator, or designee, to assign fund balance. The Town Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment. In fiscal year 2024, this category represents \$7.104.413.

Unassigned fund balance - This classification includes the remaining fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. In fiscal year 2024, this category represents \$ 70,876,586.

The Town considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal agreements that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending.

Note 10 - Fund Balance (continued)

Additionally, the Town would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Hurricane/Emergency and Disaster Recovery Operating Reserves - This reserve is to be maintained at 25% of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources. This reserve is established for the purposes of responding to and providing relief and recovery efforts to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during hurricane/emergency/disaster situations. Such emergencies include, but are not limited to, hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes, flooding, terrorist activity and other natural or man-made disasters. In the event these funds are utilized, they should be replenished in order to prepare for possible future events. The Town will make every effort to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of recovery from the event for which the reserve funds were used. At September 30, 2024, the 25% operating reserve to be maintained is \$ 51,272,274 and is reported under committed fund balance.

Contingency and Capital Reserve - It is the Town's Council intent to maintain reserve funds "minimum fund balance" to provide for a mechanism to fund unanticipated expenditures or to finance future capital outlay requirements providing a degree of financial stability by reducing reliance on indebtedness. This category includes two separate items. The first item requires 3% (\$ 6,152,673 at September 30, 2024) of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources, to be set aside. If such reserve is to be used, it is the Town's intention to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of the contingency for which the reserve funds were used. The second item recognizes the need to identify ongoing funding sources for capital projects. If available, the Town intends to dedicate 0.1 mills of the upcoming fiscal year operating millage to capital projects. Such amount will then be used for the upcoming Capital Improvement Plan; unless during the budget process, it is determined that such funds must be utilized to offset general fund operational expenditures. At September 30, 2024, the Town elected not to dedicate such amount for capital projects.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its insured and uninsured risks of loss.

Previously, the Town joined the Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust ("PGIT"), a Public Entity Insurance Program primarily for the Town's liability and workers compensation exposures. The members of PGIT include over 400 governmental agencies who have entered into agreements with the trust. Should a deficit develop in PGIT, after excess reinsurance recoveries, whereby claims or other expenses cannot be paid, each member assumes liability for the costs of claims brought against that member as if individually self-insured.

Effective July 2002, the Town became self-insured for health benefits. In 2024, the Town conducted a study on its liability for unpaid claims relating to its health benefits and workers compensation. As a result of this study, the Town recorded a liability of \$ 2,450,257 based upon actuarial calculations.

Note 11 - Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the estimated liability for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	-	Beginning Liability	•	Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid and Adjustments	Ending Liability
2023	\$	2,562,366	\$	11,819,284	\$ 11,944,408	\$ 2,437,242
2024	\$	2,437,242	\$	12,918,545	\$ 12,905,530	\$ 2,450,257

The estimated liability for health care claims and workers compensation claims as of September 30, 2024 was approximately \$ 930,000 and \$ 1,520,000, respectively.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior fiscal year. The Town purchases insurance for exposures not covered by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. During the past three (3) fiscal years, no settlements exceeded the coverage provided by this insurance.

Amounts are paid into the Self-Insurance Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, premiums and administrative costs of the program.

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, SBITA, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt

Litigation: The Town is involved in various pending lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of management, any potential losses resulting from claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

Commitments: The Town has entered into various agreements related to major infrastructure projects. Outstanding commitments at September 30, 2024 amounted to approximately \$72,966,000, which are included in the encumbrances discussed below.

In addition, as a prerequisite for approval of development plats, the Town requires developers to install certain infrastructure elements (roadways, drainage, sidewalks, lighting, landscaping, etc.) that accrue to a development as a whole. Should the developer fail to install the required infrastructure, the Town would be obligated to complete the amenities. To reduce the financial risk that may exist, the Town also requires the developer to guarantee, through third parties, the estimated amount of money that would be necessary to complete the project. At September 30, 2024, the Town held the following guarantees for developers' infrastructure requirements.

Surety bonds Irrevocable letters of credit Cash bonds	\$ 21,736,370 1,989,663 119,241
Total	\$ 23,845,274

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, SBITA, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt (continued)

Subscription Based Technology Arrangements (SBITA): For the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town has entered into subscription arrangements ranging from 12 to 70 months for the use certain software. As described in Note 9, an SBITA liability in the amount of \$ 3,066,716 remains outstanding at September 30, 2024. The subscription arrangements have an implied interest rate ranging from 2.23% to 3.16%. The value of the right to use asset (SBITA) as of September 30, 2024 was \$ 6,835,482 with accumulated amortization of \$ 2,794,550, which is included with intangible assets - SBITA in Note 6.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$_	1,156,821 973,280 912,436 24,179	\$_	74,527 44,227 20,194 76	\$_	1,231,348 1,017,507 932,630 24,255
Total	\$_	3,066,716	\$_	139,024	\$_	3,205,740

Note: The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported within governmental activities.

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At September 30, 2024, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor/contractor in the next year are estimated to be as follows:

Governmental Funds:		
ARPA Fund	\$	5,802,512
Capital Projects Fund	•	63,419,660
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		934,206
Proprietary Funds:		
Water and Sewer Fund		5,915,484
Vehicle Maintenance Fund		930,597
Information Technology	_	8,078
	_	
Total	\$	77,010,537

The encumbrances and related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, but are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year.

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt (continued)

Contingencies:

Financial Assistance

The Town receives financial assistance from numerous federal, state, and local governmental agencies in the form of grants and revenue sharing. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, such disallowed claims, if any, are not expected to have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the Town at September 30, 2024.

Conduit Debt: In June 2018, the Town authorized the issuance of \$ 141 million Educational Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018, as conduit debt on behalf of Nova Southeastern University. The bond proceeds were earmarked to refund existing debt, and to pay for the acquisition, construction, improving and equipping of dormitory facilities, residence halls and classroom facilities, located on the University Campus. The outstanding balance on these Bonds at September 30, 2024 was \$ 135,070,000. The Town is not obligated to repay these Bonds.

Note 13 - Defined Contribution Plan

The Town of Davie is a single employer that contributes to the Town of Davie Money Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan currently covers all eligible full-time employees hired prior to October 1, 2007, not covered by the Police Employees' or Firefighters' Pension Plans, and who opted not to join the Management and General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan. At September 30, 2024, there were 10 plan members. Contributions for fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 for the Plan were approximately \$98,600 (representing approximately \$865,000 in covered payroll).

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depends solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. The Plan provides for two contribution rate levels based on job classifications. For full-time managers, professionals, and certain technical non-unionized personnel, the Town is required to contribute an amount equal to 10% of the employees' gross earnings. The employees must contribute 1.4% of their pretax pay to the Plan; however, under IRC 401(a), the Town has elected to "pick-up" the employees' mandatory contribution. The Town has no liability to the employees covered by this Plan other than the employer contribution to the Plan. For all other employees covered by the Plan, the Town is currently required to contribute 11.4% of the employees' gross earnings. There is no mandatory employee contribution to the Plan. Employees hired before January 1, 1996 are 100% vested for all amounts contributed. Employees hired after January 1, 1996 are vested 100% for Town contributions after five years of eligible service. These contribution rates are established in the Plan documents which were adopted by resolution of the Town Council and which may be amended only by the Town Council.

The Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plan's assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide such contributions. State contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State of Florida. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions, and pension expense (credit), information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. The overall valuation processes and information sources by major investment classification are as follows: 1) equity securities and similar funds traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year, and at net asset value of those shares held by the plans; 2) debt securities and similar fixed income funds can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type; 3) alternative investments and similar real estate, hedge, and private credit investment funds typically include investments where no readily ascertainable market value exists. Net asset value is typically the measurement unit price. To value these investments, management, in consultation with the general partner and investment advisors, determines the fair values for the individual investments based upon the partnership's or limited liability company's most recent available financial information adjusted for cash flow activities through year end - the estimated fair value of these investments may differ from values that would have been used had a ready market existed; and 4) mutual funds, including pooled separate accounts and absolute return funds, are generally valued by a third party pricing source who strikes the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the holdings at year end. Other mutual funds held by the Plans are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission; publish the NAV on a daily basis; and are deemed actively traded.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recognized as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are generally based on average cost identification methods.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position.

B. General Information About the Plans

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Firefighters' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Firefighters' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 80-42 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 13141 66th, Largo, Florida 33773.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time firefighters that have met the conditions of eligibility. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. Management of the plan is vested in the Board. The Board of Trustees make plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier one members are members hired prior to January 20, 2016 and Tier two members hired on or after such date.

Contributions: Members are required to contribute 9% of their earnable compensation, starting at their eligibility date and continuing to their date of retirement, disability, termination, death, or entry into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP"), whichever comes first. Payouts of accrued vacation and sick leave are excluded from earnable compensation. The State contributes pursuant to Chapter 175 of the Florida Statutes, a premium tax on certain casualty insurance contracts written on Town of Davie properties. The premium tax is collected by the State and remitted to the Town. The Town received \$ 1,521,590 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town contributions are based upon actuarially determined amounts, which together with earnings, plan member and State contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay for benefits when due.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. A Tier One member may retire on the first day of the month which falls on, or next follows, the date on which the member completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age, or the date on which a member attains age 55 and completes 10 years or more of credited service. A Tier Two member is eligible for retirement after completion of 20 years of credited service, regardless of age, or age 55 with at least 10 years of credited service.

For a Tier One member the amount of normal retirement benefit is 3% times final monthly compensation multiplied by credited service for the first 10 years. Normal retirement benefit is a 4% multiplier for years 11 to 15, and a 5% multiplier for years 16 through 20, resulting in a 75% benefit after 20 years of service. After 20 years of service, the multiplier shall be 2% per year. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 95% of final monthly compensation.

For a Tier Two member, the amount of normal retirement income is 3.125% times final monthly compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 80% of final monthly compensation.

Early retirement is the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date the member attains age 50 with 10 or more years of credited service. The amount of early retirement income is the monthly accrued benefit earned by a member at his or her early retirement date, reduced by 3% per year for commencement prior to normal retirement date.

Share Plan benefit: In addition to the monthly pension benefit, individual "share accounts" have been created for each participant. The Share Plan is funded exclusively with excess Chapter 175 premium tax revenues. Participants receive "shares" for each full year of service rendered. Partial shares are allocated for full months of service. Vesting occurs when the participant has completed ten years of credited service; or the participant becomes eligible for a normal, early, disability, deferred vested or death benefit. Each year, after receipt of the annual distribution of chapter money from the State, the Board of Trustees, with the advice of their actuary, determines the amount of excess chapter money received during the fiscal year that has not been otherwise committed for benefits. Allocation of shares are credited to the participants who are on the Town's payroll on September 30 of the year. Upon retirement, participants become eligible to receive a distribution of their share account balance.

Effective upon the ratification of the 2017-2020 collective bargaining agreement, it was agreed that all of the Chapter 175 premium tax revenues that were then being held in reserve (including but not limited to any available funds as defined in the Share Plan, which have not yet been allocated to individual share accounts as of the date of ratification) and any premium tax revenues received on or after that date shall be used to offset the Town's contributions to the pension plan. As a result of this, beginning on the 2020 fiscal year, these amounts are no longer used to fund the Share Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: In a year where a COLA reserve check is awarded, the retiree will receive 5% of the annual retirement benefit times the number of years that the participant has been retired up to a maximum of 10 years, resulting in a benefit not to exceed the lesser of 50% of the participant's annual pension or \$ 26,500. In the event of an actuarial gain, a positive market value return on assets, or both, retirees receive a "13th check," subject to adjustments.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP")</u>: Effective September 30, 1998, members who continue in employment past normal retirement date and have attained the 20 years of credited service may enter the DROP. The rate of return earned by the DROP is the same as that earned by the Plan less a \$ 10 per month adjustment for expenses. Once a member enters the DROP, the monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and the monthly benefit is paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them and they also begin to receive the (frozen) monthly retirement benefit. In general, the maximum period of DROP participation is six years for all members entering the DROP on or after December 2, 2009. The total years of credited service plus DROP participation cannot exceed 31 years.

For the Plan year beginning October 1, 2011, DROP participants have the option to "self-direct" their DROP account balances using certain investment options available under the DROP program, administered by Mass Mutual. Any losses, charges or expenses incurred by the DROP participant shall be borne by the participant, not the Town or the Plan.

The value of the total DROP balance, including amounts pertaining to "self-directed" balances, at September 30, 2024 was \$ 14,681,062.

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Police Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Police Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 76-13 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Police Employees' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 13790 NW 4th Street, Suite 105, Sunrise, Florida 33325.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time police employees. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier One members are members hired prior to April 20, 2011 and Tier Two members are members hired on or after such date.

Contributions: Members are required to contribute 9% of pretax earnings, which the Town pays as a pickup contribution pursuant to Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 414(h)(2). Effective May 1, 2011, the limit of the amount of overtime that is included in pensionable compensation is 300 hours. Pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 185, contributions from the State of Florida Department of Insurance consist of an excise tax imposed by the Town upon certain casualty insurance companies on the gross amount of receipts of premiums from policy holders on all premiums collected on casualty insurance policies covering property within the Town. The Town received \$ 1,511,248 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town contributions are based upon actuarially determined amounts, which together with earnings, plan member and state contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient amounts to pay for benefits when due.

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits.

Tier One members - The member may retire the earlier of the date on which they attain 20 years of benefit service or the date on which they attain age 55. For a vested terminated member with at least 15 years of benefit service, full deferred accrued benefit would be payable on the first of the month coincident with or next following the anniversary of the date that the member would have completed 20 years of benefit service. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly benefit amount equal to the number of years of benefit service multiplied by 3% of final average earnings for the first 10 years of service, plus 4% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 5% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 2% for the next 10 years of benefit service, with a 95% maximum. However, after 47 ½ years of benefit service, benefits shall recommence at a rate of 2% of final average earnings per year.

Tier Two members - Tier Two benefits shall be administered in the same manner as Tier One benefits, except as follows: the normal retirement benefit for Tier Two members shall be calculated using a 3% multiplier for the first 20 years of service, plus 2% for each additional year, up to a maximum benefit of 80%. However, after 40 years of benefit service, benefits shall recommence at a rate of 2% of final average earnings per year.

Any member who has completed 10 years of benefit service and attained age 50 may retire early. The monthly amount of retirement benefit, payable in the normal form of payment to a participant on his early retirement date. The benefit will be reduced for early payment so that it is actuarially equivalent to the normal retirement benefit. Effective May 1, 2011, the early retirement reduction will be 3.0% per year for each year prior to normal retirement date. The participant also has the option of deferring the commencement of his monthly benefit to his normal retirement date, the earlier of the date he would have attained 20 years of benefit service (provided he has completed 15 years of actual benefit service) or age 55. In such case, there would be no actuarial reduction to his monthly benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA"): An annual COLA will be granted to retirees and beneficiaries. The amount of the COLA will be 2% per year. For recipients who retired prior to October 1, 1997, the monthly benefit after the yearly COLA will not exceed 115% of the original monthly benefit prior to any COLA. For post October 1, 1997 retirees, the limit for future monthly benefits after COLA will be 130% of the original benefit amounts prior to any COLA. The first annual COLA will commence on the fifth anniversary of retirement, but no earlier than November 1, 2004.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP"):</u> The DROP is available only if the member makes an irrevocable election to participate after meeting the eligibility for normal retirement benefit. For members who entered the DROP before October 1, 2020, there is a five (5) year maximum participation period, after which the employee is deemed separate from the Town. For members who entered the DROP on or after October 1, 2020, there is a six (6) year maximum participation period, after which the employee is deemed separated from the Town. In no event can a member who enters the DROP exceed 30 years of total benefit service plus years of DROP participation. If the member dies or becomes disabled during the DROP period, the member will have presumed to have retired on a normal retirement on the day prior to disability or death.

The value of the total DROP balance, including amounts pertaining to "self directed" balances, at September 30, 2024 was \$ 20,854,017.

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Management and General Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 2004-2 and has been subsequently amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, there is no separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description:</u> On October 1, 2003 the Town Council created, under the laws of the State of Florida, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan covers substantially all full-time management and general employees. Management level employees include the Town Administrator, Assistant Town Administrator, Directors, Police and Fire Chief, Deputy Police and Fire Chief, Town Clerk, Deputy Town Clerk, Redevelopment Administrator and Assistant Directors. General employees are full-time employees not classified as management and are not otherwise restricted. The plan is administered by the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund ("FMITF"). The Plan is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval.

<u>Contributions:</u> The Town provides all funding requirements for the Plan, based on actuarial determined amounts. All active members hired prior to October 1, 2013 are required to contribute 2.5% of salary. All active members hired on or after October 1, 2013 shall make regular contributions to the Plan of 3% of salary. Overtime in excess of 300 hours per year after September 30, 2012 (for bargaining members) and after June 30, 2011 (for non-bargaining members); and payments for unused sick and annual leave accrued after those dates are excluded from compensation. Annual compensation in excess of \$ 200,000 (as indexed) is excluded in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. Management level employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 52 and three years of vested service or age 48 and twenty years of vested service. General employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 60 and six years of vested service or age 56 and thirty years of vested services. For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal retirement date is attainment of age 65 with ten years of vested service or thirty years of vested service and age 60.

Normal benefits for management level employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 3%. Average final compensation, for management, means the one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best three years of credited service or career average, whichever is greater. Normal benefits for general employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 2%. Average final compensation, for general employees, means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best five years of credited service or career average, whichever is greater.

For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal benefits shall be a monthly benefit equal to the number of years of credited service multiplied by average final compensation and multiplied 1.80%. For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, average final compensation means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the six best years of credited service prior to separation as an active member or the career average, whichever is greater.

The employee contributions accumulated with interest at the rate of 6% per annum; if a non-vested participant terminates employment, the member receives the accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan; vested participants may optionally elect to receive their accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: All benefits include an automatic 3% annual cost-of-living adjustment which is effective for payments made at least five years after initial retirement.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP"):</u> A member is eligible to participate in the management and general employees Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") at attainment of normal retirement age for a period of up to 60 months. The Plan earns a 6.5%, per annum, rate of return. Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them.

The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2024 was \$ 582,725.

Plan Membership: Employee membership data for the plans at October 1, 2023 was as follows:

	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Inactive employees:			
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but			
not yet receiving them Deferred retirement option plan	102	154	283
·	18	20	9
participants		38	_
Active plan participants	150	145	308
Total	270	337	600

C. Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was determined based on a measurement date of September 30, 2023 for all three plans.

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at September 30, 2024, were as follows:

	_	Firefighter's Pension Plan	_	Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
Total pension liability	\$	193,877,158	\$	262,335,602	\$	108,461,392	\$	564,674,152
Plan fiduciary net position	•	(165,240,819)	-	(205,412,366)	,	(100,321,773)	-	(470,974,958)
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$	28,636,339	\$_	56,923,236	\$	8,139,619	\$	93,699,194
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (asset)		85.23%		78.30%		92.50%		83.41%

For governmental activities, net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total net pension liability (asset) at September 30, 2024 was determined by using actuarial valuations as of October 1, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total net pension liability (asset) to September 30, 2023 (the measurement date). The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.05%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.50% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 6.95%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 2.62%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum. Investment rate of return: 7.00% per annum.

Mortality: Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates

set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-

2018 and with male ages set back one year.

<u>Investment Policy</u> -The Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by their respective Boards. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plans.

The following are the adopted target asset allocations:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Domestic equity	55.00%	50.00%	39.00%
International equity	10.00%	12.50%	21.00%
Fixed income	25.00%	27.50%	
Real estate funds	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Core bonds			15.00%
Core plus			15.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan		
Domestic equity	4.50% - 4.80%	4.50% - 4.90%	4.60% - 5.50%		
International equity	5.00%	5.00%	6.70%		
Fixed income	1.60%	1.60%			
Real estate funds	4.40%	4.40%	5.00%		
Core bonds			1.60%		
Core plus			2.10%		
Absolute return	2.90%				
Global infrastructure	3.90%				

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 20.40%, 18.20%, and 19.82% for the Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%, 6.95% and 7.00% per annum for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that the Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates (statutorily required) and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plans was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

D. Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

Firefighter's Pension Plan:

rirengitter's Pension Plan.	Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2022, Measurement Date	\$_	182,624,192	\$_	148,215,504	\$_	34,408,688	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		5,127,830		-		5,127,830	
Expected interest growth		12,958,656		-		12,958,656	
Contributions - employer		-		5,177,744		(5,177,744)	
Contributions - state		-		1,535,732		(1,535,732)	
Contributions - members		-		1,575,284		(1,575,284)	
Net investment income		-		14,678,946		(14,678,946)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(5,784,432)		(5,784,432)		_	
Change in assumptions		1,808,977		(3,704,432)		1,808,977	
Demographic experience		(2,858,065)		_		(2,858,065)	
Administrative expenses		-		(157,959)		157,959	
Net changes	-	11,252,966	-	17,025,315	_	(5,772,349)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2023,	-	, - ,	-	77	_	(-, ,,	
Measurement Date	\$	193,877,158	\$	165,240,819	\$	28,636,339	
Police Employees' Pension Plan:	-		-		_		
	_			Increase (Decreas	se)		
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2022,							
Measurement Date	\$_	254,849,666	\$	190,441,264	\$	64,408,402	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		4,848,712		-		4,848,712	
Expected interest growth		17,476,327		-		17,476,327	
Contributions - employer		-		6,566,449		(6,566,449)	
Contributions - state		-		1,247,409		(1,247,409)	
Contributions - members		-		2,905,384		(2,905,384)	
Net investment income (loss)		-		17,643,649		(17,643,649)	
Benefit payments, including		(12 107 220)		(12 107 220)			
refunds of member contributions Demographic experience		(13,197,328)		(13,197,328)		- (1,641,775)	
Administrative expenses		(1,641,775)		- (194,461)		194,461	
Net changes	_	7,485,936	•	14,971,102		(7,485,166)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2023,	-	.,,	•	,5, 1,102	•	(1,100,100)	
Measurement Date	\$_	262,335,602	\$	205,412,366	\$	56,923,236	

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)								
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)						
Balances, as of September 30, 2022, Measurement Date	\$ 100,872,479 \$	92,623,528 \$	8,248,951						
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	4,398,174	-	4,398,174						
Expected interest growth	7,259,193	-	7,259,193						
Contributions - employer	-	2,298,961	(2,298,961)						
Contributions - members	-	645,777	(645 <i>,</i> 777)						
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including	-	8,067,816	(8,067,816)						
refunds of member contributions	(3,228,967)	(3,228,967)	-						
Demographic experience	(839,850)	-	(839,850)						
Administrative expenses	-	(85,705)	85,705						
Net changes	7,588,550	7,697,882	(109,332)						
Balances, as of September 30, 2023,									
Measurement Date	\$ 108,461,029 \$	100,321,410 \$	8,139,619						

The net pension liability for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is allocated to the governmental activities and business-type activities based on the distribution of current year contributions to the Plan. At September 30, 2024, it is distributed 86% to governmental activities and 14% to business-type activities.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.05%, 6.95% and 7.00% for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Current Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
Firefighters' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ <u>49,433,191</u>	\$ 28,636,339	\$ <u>11,469,426</u>
	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Discount Rate (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Police Employees' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ <u>87,704,710</u>	\$56,923,236	\$ <u>31,598,424</u>

	1% Decrease (6.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)
Management and General Employees': Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ <u>23,797,416</u>	\$ 8,139,619	\$(4,558,879)

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense (credit) as follows:

			Management					
				Police		and General		Total
		Firefighter's		Employees'		Employees'		Pension
Pension			Pension		Pension		Trust	
		Plan	_	Plan	_	Plan		Funds
Total Pension Expense	\$	8,659,675	\$	15,858,939	\$	5,850,851	\$	30,369,465

At September 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows:		Firefighters' Pension Plan		Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	6,968,614	\$	9,531,248	\$ 2,847,238	\$	19,347,100
investments Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	-	5,254,946 3,952,769 3,728,493	. <u>-</u>	16,576,229 7,833,487 5,340,455	 7,280,575 - -		29,111,750 11,786,256 9,068,948
Total	\$_	19,904,822	\$.	39,281,419	\$ 10,127,813	\$.	69,314,054

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the subsequent fiscal period, September 30, 2025.

At September 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Inflows:		Firefighters' Pension Plan		Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and	\$	-	\$	-	\$	289,433	\$	289,433
actual experience	-	-	-	-		3,911,501	-	3,911,501
Total	\$		\$_	-	\$_	4,200,934	\$ _	4,200,934

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Firefighters' Pension Plan	,	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
2025	\$ 2,326,905	\$	7,308,870	\$ 696,365	\$ 10,332,140
2026	2,563,294		6,517,101	421,344	9,501,739
2027	5,888,340		11,299,425	2,930,756	20,118,521
2028	(110,549)		813,623	(823,064)	(119,990)
2029	896,538		2,183,173	(145,760)	2,933,951
Thereafter	1,371,680		1,627,979		2,999,659
	\$ 12,936,208	\$	29,750,171	\$ 3,079,641	\$ 45,766,020

F. Pension Trust Funds

The Town maintains three pension trust funds to account for its fiduciary responsibility. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for pension benefits at September 30, 2024 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statements of Net Position:

	_	Firefighters' Pension Plan	<u>.</u>	Police Employees' Pension Plan	 Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	. <u>.</u>	Total Pension Trust Funds
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,335,966	\$	2,447,565	\$ 1,686,693	\$	11,470,224
Investments		192,820,483		237,291,840	118,791,331		548,903,654
Receivables		1,002,039		204,786	43,492		1,250,317
Prepaid expenses		-		12,528	-		12,528
Total assets	-	201,158,488		239,956,719	 120,521,516		561,636,723
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Advanced contributions from		50,199		72,181	-		122,380
employer	_	5,296,898		-	 -		5,296,898
Total liabilities	_	5,347,097		72,181	 -		5,419,278
Net position restricted for pensions	\$_	195,811,391	\$	239,884,538	\$ 120,521,516	\$	556,217,445

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position:

		Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions:	-					
Contributions	\$	8,560,551	\$ 11,760,116	\$	3,428,140	\$ 23,748,807
Net investment income		32,444,834	38,000,236		20,300,637	90,745,707
Other income	-	-	 36,566			 36,566
Total additions	-	41,005,385	 49,796,918	• •	23,728,777	 114,531,080
Deductions:						
Benefits paid		10,180,263	15,117,224		3,080,073	28,377,560
Refunds of contributions		80,431	8,029		360,288	448,748
Administrative expenses		174,119	 199,493		88,310	 461,922
Total deductions	-	10,434,813	 15,324,746		3,528,671	 29,288,230
Change in net position	\$	30,570,572	\$ 34,472,172	\$	20,200,106	\$ 85,242,850

Note 15 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the Town is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the Town's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The Town does not provide retirees with any subsidy for this benefit.

The Town elected to establish an irrevocable other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") trust and began funding the obligation during fiscal year 2009, leaving no unfunded obligation.

Plan Description: In September 2008, the Town established the OPEB Trust, a single-employer defined benefit health care plan for all of its employees except for part-time employees and full-time employees who either resign or are terminated. The Town Council is authorized to establish and amend benefit levels, subject to minimum requirements set forth by Florida Statutes, and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

As of October 1, 2022, employee membership data related to the OPEB Plan was as follows:

Inactive employees:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	41
Active plan participants	673
Total	714

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Funding Policy: The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, at their own cost to continue to obtain health, dental and other insurance benefits upon retirement. The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, consider an offset to the cost of these benefits as an Employer Contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset generally equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees, and their dependents for the year, net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made: Since inception, the Town has contributed \$ 968,000 to the plan through the Florida League of Cities-Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) to pre-fund the Town's OPEB costs. There were no employer/employee contributions made to the plan during the current year.

OPEB Trust Fund: The Town maintains an OPEB trust fund to account for its fiduciary responsibility, but there are no annual minimum required employer contributions. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for OPEB benefits at September 30, 2024 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statement of Net Position:

	OPEB Trust
Assets: Investments	\$ 3,532,300
Total assets	3,532,300
Liabilities: Payable for securities purchased	14,073
Total liabilities	14,073
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$ 3,518,227
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position:	
	OPEB Trust
Additions: Net investment income	\$ 598,836
Total additions, net	598,836
Deductions: Administrative expenses	15,697
Total deductions	15,697
Change in net position	\$ 583,139

Investment Policy: The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town's Council. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan. The following is the adopted target asset allocation:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Core bonds Core plus U.S. large cap equity U.S. small cap equity Non-U.S. equity Core real estate	15.00% 15.00% 25.00% 14.00% 21.00%
Total	100.00%

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, was 20.36%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the Plan did not have concentrations (individual investment; 5% or more of fiduciary net position) that required disclosure.

Net OPEB (Asset) Liability of the Town: The components of the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town at September 30, 2024 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$	2,302,107
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(2,935,088)
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ =	(632,981)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (asset)		N/A

For governmental activities, net other post employment obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2024 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2022, with update procedures used to roll-forward the total net OPEB (asset) liability to September 30, 2023 (measurement date). The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement age:

Firefighters and police officers retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 55 with 10 years of service or any age with 20 to 24 years of service, based on date of hire. Management employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 52 with 3 years service or age 48 with 20 years of service. General employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 60/65 with 6/10 years of service or age 56/60 with 30 years of service, based on date of hire.

Healthcare cost trend rates: Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 8.00% for

the 2022-2023 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to

5.00% for the 2028-2029 and later fiscal years.

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum; this rate was used to discount all future

benefit payments and is based on the expected long-term return on assets, which was determined as of the valuation

date by the Asset Consulting Group.

Cost-of-living increases: Retiree contributions and health insurance claims have been

assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost

trend rates.

Inflation: 2.62%

Salary increases: 3.00% per annum.

Investment rate of returns: 7.00% per annum.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table,

with full generational improvements in mortality using

Scale MP-2018.

Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	•	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	•	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances, as of September 30, 2022, Measurement Date	\$ -	\$	2,701,472	\$	(2,701,472)			
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	72,400		-		72,400			
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including	1,807		242,098		(240,291)			
refunds of member contributions	(94,786)		-		(94,786)			
Change in assumptions	194,544		-		194,544			
Demographic experience	2,128,142		-		2,128,142			
Administrative expenses	-		(8,482)		8,482			
Net changes	2,302,107		233,616	•	2,068,491			
Balances, as of September 30, 2023, Measurement Date	\$ 2,302,107	\$	2,935,088	\$	(632,981)			

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Real Rate of Return
Core bonds	1.60%
Core plus	2.10%
U.S. large cap equity	4.60%
U.S. small cap equity	5.50%
Non-U.S. equity	6.70%
Core real estate	5.00%

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% per annum. The OPEB's plan fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(319,183)	\$	(632,981)	\$ (897,738)		

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates</u>: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare		
				Cost Trend		
	1	.% Decrease		Rates		1% Increase
	(6	.50% graded	(7	7.50% graded		(8.50% graded
	down to 4.00%)		do	wn to 5.00%)	_	down to 6.00%)
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$_	(968,583)	\$_	(632,981)	\$.	(227,854)

Note 15 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

OPEB Expense (Credit) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the Town recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$ (59,381).

At September 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
Demographic experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	\$	219,707 232,745	\$	-
investments	_	765,178	_	
	\$	1,217,630	\$	-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Amount
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$	134,855 132,837 198,276 78,691 89,350 583,621
	\$	1,217,630

Note 16 - Stewardship and Accountability

Budget: The Town is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Appropriations at the year-end that are encumbered are brought forward and become part of the subsequent year's original budget.

Note 17 - Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Adopted

The GASB has issued several Statements not yet implemented by the Town. The Statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

Note 17 - Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Adopted (continued)

Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences, was issued in June 2022. This Statement will aim to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

Statement No. 102 - Certain Risk Disclosures, was issued in December 2023. This Statement establishes financial reporting requirements for risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement apply to the financial statements of all state and local governments. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

Statement No. 103 - Financial Reporting Model Improvements, was issued in April 2024. The Statement requires improving key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The Statement also addresses certain application issues. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2026.

Statement No. 104 - Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets, was issued in September 2024. The Statement requires users of government financial statements be provided with essential information about certain types of capital assets. The Statement also requires certain types of capital assets be disclosed separately in the capital assets not disclosures. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending September 30, 2026.

The Town's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the Town's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Budgete	d A			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
_	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	 (Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Utility service taxes Franchise fees Intergovernmental Other general taxes Permits and fees Charges for services Fire assessments Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	76,258,188 9,880,000 12,474,153 18,446,770 4,225,000 7,142,320 20,403,179 19,290,642 1,300,950 2,900,000 4,823,694	\$	76,258,188 9,880,000 12,474,153 17,857,770 4,125,000 8,994,875 20,135,504 19,290,642 1,355,120 6,315,000 4,890,694	\$	76,864,400 11,916,671 13,556,283 17,296,447 4,013,412 10,652,385 21,703,236 19,540,913 1,523,978 11,003,809 4,018,112	\$ 606,212 2,036,671 1,082,130 (561,323) (111,588) 1,657,510 1,567,732 250,271 168,858 4,688,809 (872,582)
Total revenues		177,144,896		181,576,946		192,089,646	10,512,700
Expenditures: General government: General services department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	-	8,360,553 8,797,615 106,445 17,264,613		8,361,067 8,843,641 109,925 17,314,633		7,847,681 5,268,351 8,765 13,124,797	 513,386 3,575,290 101,160 4,189,836
Building and engineering division: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	-	6,514,627 2,201,015 5,780 8,721,422	• .	6,660,203 2,167,494 22,280 8,849,977	· -	5,766,271 1,550,672 19,867 7,336,810	 893,932 616,822 2,413 1,513,167
Total general government	_	25,986,035		26,164,610	_	20,461,607	 5,703,003
Public safety: Police department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	_	51,347,613 11,731,623 1,730,457 64,809,693		51,058,283 11,875,123 1,730,457 64,663,863	_	47,215,695 10,092,389 992,280 58,300,364	 3,842,588 1,782,734 738,177 6,363,499
Fire department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	-	36,808,683 6,992,029 289,000 44,089,712		38,064,335 7,138,809 303,000 45,506,144	- - -	34,989,909 6,343,857 55,554 41,389,320	 3,074,426 794,952 247,446 4,116,824
Total public safety	-	108,899,405		110,170,007	_	99,689,684	 10,480,323

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2024
(continued)

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued): Public works:				
Personnel services	5,330,607	5,347,700	4,869,499	478,201
Operating	7,930,667	7,798,264	6,797,640	1,000,624
Capital outlay	120,000	235,310	184,234	51,076
Total public works	13,381,274	13,381,274	11,851,373	1,529,901
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	4,284,300 3,415,803 168,560	4,260,541 3,468,925 139,197	3,879,664 3,076,527 87,695	380,877 392,398 51,502
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts	7,868,663	7,868,663	7,043,886	824,777
Non-departmental: Operating	6,786,185	4,156,233	768,593	3,387,640
Total non-departmental	6,786,185	4,156,233	768,593	3,387,640
Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges	2,360,000 283,118	3,210,000 358,118	3,190,276 343,481	19,724 14,637
Total debt service	2,643,118	3,568,118	3,533,757	34,361
Total expenditures	165,564,680	165,308,905	143,348,900	21,960,005
Excess of revenues over expenditures	11,580,216	16,268,041	48,740,746	32,472,705
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated fund balance Transfers in Transfers out SBITA	9,276,241 1,268,347 (22,124,804)	22,150,916 1,268,347 (39,687,304)	268,347 (39,485,891) 	(22,150,916) (1,000,000) 201,413
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,580,216)	(16,268,041)	(39,217,544)	(22,949,503)
Net change in fund balance \$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,523,202	9,523,202
Fund balance, beginning of year			129,319,375	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>138,842,577</u>	

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,868,500	\$ 4,868,500	\$ 4,838,917	\$ (29,583)
Charges for services	- ·,eee,eee	-	2,120	2,120
Investment income	15,000	15,000	311,877	296,877
Total revenues	4,883,500	4,883,500	5,152,914	269,414
Expenditures: General government: General services department:			247.224	
Personnel services	317,436	317,436	315,801	1,635
Operating	4,299,348	4,339,173	1,772,906	2,566,267
Capital outlay	6,204,925	6,770,368	2,401,062	4,369,306
Total general government	10,821,709	11,426,977	4,489,769	6,937,208
Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	1,594,278 111,089 1,705,367	1,594,278 111,089 1,705,367	1,594,275 111,090 1,705,365	3 (1) 2
Total expenditures	12,527,076	13,132,344	6,195,134	6,937,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,643,576)	(8,248,844)	(1,042,220)	7,206,624
Other Financing				
Sources (Uses): Appropriated fund balance Transfers in Transfers out	4,326,735 4,316,841 (1,000,000)	4,932,003 4,316,841 (1,000,000)	- 4,302,721 -	(4,932,003) (14,120) 1,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,643,576	8,248,844	4,302,721	(3,946,123)
Net change in fund balance	\$\$	\$	3,260,501	\$ 3,260,501
Fund balance, beginning of year			1,932,002	
Fund balance, end of year			\$5,192,503	

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida ARPA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	15,388,555	\$	15,495,988	\$	4,548,256	\$	(10,947,732)
Total revenues	•	15,388,555	_	15,495,988	_	4,548,256	_	(10,947,732)
Expenditures: General government:								
Capital outlay	-	15,388,555	_	15,495,988	_	4,548,256	_	10,947,732
Total expenditures	-	15,388,555	-	15,495,988	_	4,548,256	_	10,947,732
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-		_		_		_	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$_			-	\$_	
Fund balance, beginning of year					_			
Fund balance, end of year					\$_			

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund. In September, formal public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

Per the Town's Charter, intradepartmental budget transfers of \$ 5,000 and under may be approved by the Town Administrator and carried out by the Budget and Finance Department. Budget transfers exceeding \$ 5,000, budget transfers between departments in the same fund, and all budget amendments require approval by the Town Council. The Town Administrator may approve some intradepartmental transfers over \$ 5,000 if the Town Council has delegated such authority for the fiscal year and so long as the net change to a department's total appropriation is zero. The level of budgetary control is established at the department level. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Capital outlay expenditures are presented in the budgetary comparison schedule by department in accordance with the legally adopted budget. In the fund financial statements, capital outlay is reported as a separate expenditure category in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This presentation difference may cause the capital outlay amounts in the budgetary schedule to appear in various departmental lines, whereas in the fund statements it is aggregated under 'Capital Outlay'.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Firefighters' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2024 9/30/2023	9/30/2023 9/30/2022	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015 9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 5,127,830 12,958,656 (2,858,065) 1,808,977 (5,784,432)	12,418,841 3,847,326 2,527,015	4,635,251 11,551,244 1,731,765 1,011,838 (7,541,897)	\$ 4,334,532 10,914,826 1,690,491 (4,088,573) (7,568,321)	\$ 4,249,641 10,457,898 655,040 1,420,307 (4,870,970)	\$ 4,094,128 9,741,256 2,287,868 491,896 (4,382,442)	\$ 3,736,220 8,870,894 1,857,324 4,290,680 (3,897,474)	\$ 3,763,362 \$ 7,880,847 (1,334,314) 1,123,055 (5,231,413)	3,662,229 \$ 4,492,271 7,534,708 6,644,317 2,896,606 - (12,277,911) - (4,807,524) (3,462,249)
Net change in total pension liability	11,252,966	16,607,671	11,388,201	5,282,955	11,911,916	12,232,706	14,857,644	6,201,537	(2,991,892) 7,674,339
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	182,624,192 \$ 193,877,158	\$\frac{166,016,521}{182,624,192} \\$	154,628,320 166,016,521	149,345,365 \$ 154,628,320	137,433,449 \$ 149,345,365	125,200,743 \$ 137,433,449	110,343,099 \$ 125,200,743	104,141,562 \$ 110,343,099 \$	107,133,454 104,141,562 \$ 99,459,115 107,133,454
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - state Net investment and other income (loss) and other Benefit payments, including	\$ 5,177,744 1,575,284 1,535,732 14,678,946	1,532,647 1,141,158 (16,791,171)	1,506,463 1,045,628 30,625,461	1,447,141 994,485 10,281,303	1,490,415 952,655 4,916,515	1,340,288 872,448 10,947,094	1,281,189 886,398 11,650,504	\$ 3,892,289 \$ 1,102,176 919,987 8,278,023	4,216,386 \$ 4,036,070 1,060,367 1,122,208 984,329 966,799 848,808 7,424,391
refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	(5,784,432) (157,959)		(7,541,897) (125,172)	(7,568,321) (121,625)	(4,870,970) (134,572)	(4,382,442) (143,489)	(3,897,474) (128,754)	(5,231,413) (148,650)	(4,807,524) (3,462,249) (144,044) (126,638)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	17,025,315	(16,157,221)	30,528,979	9,797,339	7,624,296	13,953,619	14,903,331	8,812,412	2,158,322 9,960,581
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	148,215,504	164,372,725	133,843,746	124,046,407	116,422,111	102,468,492	87,565,161	78,752,749	76,594,427 66,633,846
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 165,240,819	\$ 148,215,504 \$	164,372,725	\$ 133,843,746	\$ 124,046,407	\$ 116,422,111	\$ 102,468,492	\$ 87,565,161 \$	78,752,749 \$ 76,594,427
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 28,636,339	\$ 34,408,688 \$	1,643,796	\$ 20,784,574	\$ 25,298,958	\$ 21,011,338	\$ 22,732,251	\$ 22,777,938 \$	25,388,813 \$ 30,539,027
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.23%	81.16%	99.01%	86.56%	83.06%	84.71%	81.84%	79.36%	75.62% 71.49%
Covered payroll	\$ 16,879,579	\$ 16,124,627 \$	15,689,368	\$ 15,008,291	\$ 14,614,321	\$ 13,995,127	\$ 13,101,270	\$ 10,905,908 \$	12,095,009 \$ 12,085,728
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	169.65%	213.39%	10.48%	138.49%	173.11%	150.13%	173.51%	208.86%	209.91% 252.69%

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Police Employees' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2024 9/30/2023	9/30/2023 9/30/2022	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 4,848,712 17,476,327 (1,714,601) - (13,197,328)	\$ 4,814,200 \$ 16,935,970 4,929,304 11,378,119 (11,393,003)	4,499,322 \$ 16,071,892 588,690 2,211,069 (10,003,426)	4,362,363 \$ 15,293,941 2,795,825 (6,550,964) (8,645,596)	4,413,896 14,835,448 2,026,532 - (10,013,274)	\$ 4,574,502 13,924,970 497,848 3,193,344 (6,438,104)	\$ 4,567,940 12,970,707 5,256,258 5,409,186 (6,036,548)	\$ 4,172,243 \$ 11,090,225	4,080,569 10,820,739 (698,115) 21,912,756 (7,246,724)	\$ 3,065,753 10,387,808 - - (5,771,558)
Net change in total pension liability	7,413,110	26,664,590	13,367,547	7,255,569	11,262,602	15,752,560	22,167,543	8,800,483	28,869,225	7,682,003
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	254,922,492 \$ 262,335,602	228,257,902 \$ 254,922,492 \$	214,890,355 228,257,902 \$	207,634,786	196,372,184	180,619,624 \$ 196,372,184	\$\frac{158,452,081}{180,619,624}	149,651,598	120,782,373	113,100,370 \$ 120,782,373
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - state Contributions - members Contributions - buy back DROP account Net investment income (loss) and other Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$ 6,566,449 1,247,409 2,905,384 - - 17,643,649 (13,197,328) (194,461)	\$ 5,753,551 \$ 1,043,745 2,349,635 150,331 - (35,937,550) (11,463,383) (212,769)	6,210,000 \$ 1,000,965 1,473,942 271,029 594,364 39,822,297 (10,003,426) (183,548)	6,367,000 \$ 1,055,365 1,456,925 45,108 754,421 15,746,361 (8,645,596) (190,823)	6,625,000 1,051,508 1,442,754 12,888 557,598 3,714,484 (10,013,274) (206,958)	\$ 6,223,000 938,653 1,382,963 643,473 431,816 13,757,131 (6,438,104) (200,479)	\$ 6,472,000 905,664 1,417,689 686,748 129,155 16,147,239 (6,036,548) (197,732)	\$ 5,672,500 \$ 858,749 1,359,147 365,598 221,440 10,696,539 (6,691,573) (192,512)	5,797,600 784,261 1,128,753 256,789 106,274 844,685 (7,246,724) (152,164)	\$ 5,503,045 747,469 1,670,986 - - 9,398,648 (5,771,558) (171,358)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	14,971,102	(38,316,440)	39,185,623	16,588,761	3,184,000	16,738,453	19,524,215	12,289,888	1,519,474	11,377,232
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	190,441,264 \$ 205,412,366	228,757,704	189,572,081 228,757,704 \$	172,983,320 189,572,081	169,799,320	\$\frac{153,060,867}{169,799,320}	133,536,652 \$ 153,060,867	121,246,764	119,727,290	108,350,058
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 56,923,236	\$ 64,481,228 \$	(499,802) \$	25,318,274	34,651,466	\$ 26,572,864	\$ 27,558,757	\$\$ \$	28,404,834	\$1,055,083
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.30%	74.71%	100.22%	88.22%	83.31%	86.47%	84.74%	84.28%	81.02%	99.13%
Covered payroll	\$ 15,475,959	\$ 15,654,087 \$	15,490,823 \$	15,564,522	15,236,338	\$ 15,388,083	\$ 15,278,632	\$ 14,068,195 \$	13,411,960	\$ 13,916,944
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	367.82%	411.91%	-3.23%	162.67%	227.43%	172.68%	180.37%	177.10%	211.79%	7.58%

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		9/30/2023 9/30/2022 9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020 9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018 9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016 9/30/2016 9/30/2015	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Change of assumptions and benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 4,398,174 \$ 7,259,193 (839,850) - (3,228,967)	4,081,936 \$ 3,846,854 \$ 6,846,670 6,473,034 (3,059,823) (902,598) 921,768 (1,654,672) (3,085,890) (2,544,828)	3,783,983 \$ 3,754,711 6,040,080 5,645,966 (1,403,868) (1,666,386) - (2,091,222) (1,976,083)	5,281,827 4,294,721 (1,804,327) 99,312 7,656,456	\$ 2,927,750 \$ 1,955,824 3,100,243 4,028,736 (972,917) (449,761 12,806,161 (5,257,095 (1,400,451) (1,298,996	3,255,473) -) -
Net change in total pension liability	7,588,550	5,704,661 5,217,790	6,328,973 5,758,208	5,238,042 14,136,772	16,460,786 (1,021,292) 4,351,541
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)		95,168,181 89,950,391 100,872,842 \$ 95,168,181 \$	83,621,418 77,863,210 89,950,391 \$ 83,621,418	72,625,168 58,488,396 \$ 77,863,210 \$ 72,625,168	\$\frac{42,027,610}{58,488,396} \\$\frac{43,048,902}{42,027,610}	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - buy back Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$ 2,298,961 \$ 645,777 - 8,067,816 (3,228,967) (85,705)	3,237,324 \$ 3,753,438 \$ 608,761 566,736 - (14,315,876) 17,538,904 (3,087,293) (2,558,794) (86,925) (101,211)	3,895,203 \$ 4,029,322 544,347 495,591 - 313,056 5,406,011 4,259,240 (2,117,320) (1,998,008) (93,136) (92,337)	481,568 446,412 5,065,294 7,747,395 (1,965,892) (1,596,059)	\$ 2,951,697 \$ 2,885,279 417,945 363,834 4,102,297 (31,289 (1,415,811) (1,242,993 (98,335) (112,831	204,808 - 3,755,706) (1,223,456)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,697,882 ((13,644,009) 19,199,073	7,635,105 7,006,864	7,879,055 9,498,025	5,957,793 1,862,000	6,027,171
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)		106,267,900 92,623,891 \$ 106,267,900 \$	79,433,722 72,426,858 87,068,827 \$ 79,433,722	\$ \frac{64,547,803}{72,426,858} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\$\frac{49,091,985}{55,049,778} \\$\frac{47,229,985}{49,091,985}	\$\frac{41,202,814}{47,229,985}
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 8,139,619 \$	8,248,951 \$ (11,099,719) \$	2,881,564 \$ 4,187,696	\$ 5,436,352 \$ 8,077,365	\$ 3,438,618 \$ (7,064,375) \$ (4,181,083)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.50%	91.82% 111.66%	96.80% 94.99%	93.02% 88.88%	94.12% 116.81%	6 109.71%
Covered payroll	\$ 22,629,478 \$	21,400,737 \$ 20,078,565 \$	18,916,341 \$ 18,315,307	\$ 17,699,671 \$ 16,597,598	\$ 14,841,440 \$ 13,954,054	\$ 12,904,184
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	35.97%	38.55% -55.28%	15.23% 22.86%	30.71% 48.67%	23.17% -50.63%	6 -32.40%

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions Firefighters' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	 2024	_	2023		2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,173	\$	6,927	\$	6,400	\$	6,258	\$	6,031	\$	6,350	\$	6,210	\$	5,992	\$	4,740	\$	5,076
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 7,173	_	6,927	_	6,400		6,258	_	6,031	_	6,350	_	6,210	_	5,992	_	4,740	_	5,076
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	-	\$_		\$_	-	\$_		\$_	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 16,617	\$	16,880	\$	16,125	\$	15,689	\$	15,008	\$	14,614	\$	13,995	\$	13,101	\$	10,906	\$	12,095
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	43.2%		41.0%		39.7%		39.9%		40.2%		43.5%		44.4%		45.7%		43.5%		42.0%

Notes to Schedule: Valuation date:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age-Normal.

Asset valuation method Phasing in the deviations between the actual and expected return on assets at the rate of 25% per year.

The actuarial value is then adjusted, if necessary, to be within the corridor of 80% to 120% of the market

value of assets.

October 1, 2023

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension investment expense.

Projected salary increases 5.00%

Inflation 3.00%

Retirement rates For Tier 1 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 50% to 25 years of service or more at 100%.

For Tier 2 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 25% to 24 years of service or more at 100%.

Age 55 with 10 or more years of credited service, 100% of retiring upon eligibility.

Mortality Table with separate rates for males

and females. For disabled participants, the 20%/80% PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018 Disability Table was used

with separate rates for males and females.

Changes from most recent valuation The assumed fund investment return was changed from 7.05% to 6.90%.

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated January 23, 2025.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions Police Employees' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:		2024	_	2023		2022	2021	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	10,048	\$	8,901	\$	7,016 \$	7,088	\$	7,115 \$	7,175 \$	7,171 \$	7,272 \$	6,419 \$	6,361
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	10,048	_	8,901	_	7,016	7,088		7,115	7,175	7,171	7,272	6,419	6,361
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	<u> </u>	· -	\$_	<u> </u>	- \$_	<u> </u>	- \$_	<u> </u>	
Covered payroll	\$	15,410	\$	15,475	\$	15,654 \$	15,491	\$	15,565 \$	15,236 \$	15,388 \$	15,279 \$	14,068 \$	13,412
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		65.2%		57.5%		44.8%	45.8%		45.7%	47.1%	46.6%	47.6%	45.6%	47.4%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2023

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age-Normal.

Asset valuation method Determined by smoothing the differences between the actual investment earnings and assumed

investment return over four years (limited to between 80% and 120% of the market value).

Investment rate of return 6.95%, net of pension investment expense.

Projected salary increases 5.50%

Inflation 3.00%

Retirement rates Participants with 20 or more years of benefit service: ranging from 20 years of service at 65% to

25 years of service and over at 100%.

Participants who attain age 55 with 10 or more years of benefit service, 100% of retiring upon eligibility.

Mortality are calculated with the PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018 Mortality Table with separate rates

for males and females. For disabled participants, the 80% PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018 Disability Table

was used with separate rates for males and females.

Changes from most recent valuation The actuarial value of assets is determined by smoothing the difference between actual investment earnings

and assumed investment return over four years; instead of three years.

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated February 11, 2025.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,847	\$	2,299	\$	3,236	\$	3,616	\$	3,790	\$	3,944	\$	4,502	\$	3,253	\$	3,091	\$	3,062
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 2,847	_	2,299		3,236		3,739		3,869		4,007	_	4,370	_	2,977		2,936		2,873
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$_	-	\$_	(123)	\$_	(79)	\$_	(63)	\$_	132	\$_	276	\$_	155	\$_	189
Covered payroll	\$ 24,241	\$	22,629	\$	21,401	\$	20,079	\$	18,916	\$	18,315	\$	17,700	\$	16,598	\$	14,841	\$	13,954
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.7%		10.2%		15.1%		18.6%		20.5%		21.9%		24.7%		17.9%		19.8%		20.6%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2023

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate Cost Method.

Asset valuation method Market value of assets, adjusted to reflect a five-year phase-in of the unexpected investment gains and losses.

Investment rate of return 7.00% per annum

Projected salary increases 5.00%

Inflation 2.62%

Retirement rates For participants who have met the age and service requirements to retire with a normal retirement benefit

prior to age 60, 70% are assumed to retire at normal retirement age, 10% are assumed to retire each of the next five years, and 100% are assumed to retire six years after normal retirement age. For all other participants, retirement is assumed to occur at the rate of 70% upon the attainment of normal retirement age, 10% per year

at each of the next two years, and 100% three years after normal retirement age.

Mortality

Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted
Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in
mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based

on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB

and with male ages set back one year.

Changes from most recent valuation No assumptions were changed since the prior measurement date.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns -Firefighters' Pension Plan Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate										
of return, net of investment										
expense	20.40%	10.90%	-9.60%	22.30%	8.30%	4.10%	10.50%	12.30%	10.30%	1.00%

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns -Police Employees' Pension Plan Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment										
expense	18.20%	9.10%	-15.80%	20.30%	9.15%	2.30%	8.90%	11.80%	8.40%	0.50%

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Investment Returns Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment										
expense	19.82%	8.61%	-13.28%	19.42%	6.60%	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%	8.11%	-0.05%

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan
Last Seven Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		9/30/2024 9/30/2023	_	9/30/2023 9/30/2022	_	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	_	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	_	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	_	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	_	9/30/2018 9/30/2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Expected interest growth Assumption changes	\$	72,400 1,807 194,544	\$	- - -	\$	- 102,511 -	\$	30,401 96,916 -	\$	30,401 96,057 164,543	\$	35,911 89,813 -	\$	35,911 84,384 -
Demographic experience Benefit payments and refunds - implicit Net change in total OPEB liability	_	2,128,142 (94,786)	_	- -	-	(1,566,949)	-	(33,424)	-	(252,181) (19,910) 18,910	-	(41,739)	-	(43,692)
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$ =	2,302,107	\$ =	<u>.</u>	\$ =	1,464,438	\$ =	1,370,545 1,464,438	\$ =	1,351,635 1,370,545	\$ =	1,267,650 1,351,635	, \$ =	1,191,047 1,267,650
Plan fiduciary net position Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses Net change in plan fiduciary net	\$	242,098 (8,482)	\$	(430,008) (15,591)	\$ _	508,993 (6,844)	\$	164,102 (14,957)	\$ _	132,379 (7,953)	\$ _	169,197 (14,776)	\$ _	263,795 (10,798)
position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	233,616	_	(445,599) 3,147,071	_	502,149 2,644,922	-	149,145 2,495,777	<u>-</u>	124,426 2,371,351	_	2,216,930	-	252,997 1,963,933
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B) Town's net OPEB (asset) liability	\$=	2,935,088	\$=	2,701,472	\$ =	3,147,071	\$ =	2,644,922	\$ =	2,495,777	\$ =	2,371,351	\$ =	2,216,930
ending (A) - (B) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB	\$ ==	(632,981)	\$=	(2,701,472)	\$ =	(3,147,071)	\$ =	(1,180,484)	\$ =	(1,125,232)	\$ =	(1,019,716)	\$ =	(949,280)
Covered payroll	\$	127.50% 57,597,282	\$	N/A 55,169,146	\$	N/A 55,169,146	\$	180.61% 48,117,836	\$	182.10% 48,117,836	\$	175.44% 44,542,602	\$	174.89% 44,542,602
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll		-1.10%		-4.90%		-5.70%		-2.45%		-2.34%		-2.29%		-2.13%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Contributions -Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Unaudited)

The Town does not currently contribute to the OPEB Plan and therefore there is no funding schedule.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Investments Returns Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan
Last Eight Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return,								
net of investment expense	20.36%	8.61%	-13.28%	19.42%	6.60%	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for funds received with specific restrictions on how the funds must be spent.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for revenue received mainly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or State of Florida. The revenue is restricted to accomplish the various objectives of the community development and housing related programs.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) - This fund accounts for funds provided from the State of Florida's Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Program, to produce and preserve affordable homeownership and multifamily housing.

Parks and Open Space Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities.

Fire Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provisions of fire and rescue services.

Police Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provisions of law enforcement services.

Forfeitures - This Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenses from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.

Affordable Housing - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of funds associated with the Town's affordable housing incentive program as defined in the Town's applicable Land Development Code.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund -This fund is used to account for the replacement of debt and the accumulation of resources for the purpose of making principal and interest payments made on debt issued, beginning in fiscal year 2022, for the construction of Davie Town Hall and Davie Wetlands Park.

Town of Davie, Florida Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2024

								Sp	ecial Revenue	Fund	ds									
		Community Development Block Grant		State Housing Initiative Partnership	Community Endowment		Parks and Open Space Impact Fees		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees	 Forfeitures	,	General Government Impact Fees		Affordable Housing	_	Debt Service Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables: Other Due from other governments	\$	215,709 - 20,924	\$	2,373,588 - -	\$ 97,521 5,833 -	\$	1,651,218 - -	\$	1,098,202 - -	\$	185,212 - -	\$ 820,966 - -	\$	853,746 - -	\$	682,019 - -	\$	- - -	\$	7,978,181 5,833 20,924
Total assets	\$	236,633	\$_	2,373,588	\$ 103,354	\$_	1,651,218	\$_	1,098,202	\$_	185,212	\$ 820,966	\$_	853,746	\$_	682,019	\$_	-	\$_	8,004,938
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued																				
liabilities Other liabilities Unearned revenues	\$ _	6,808 - -	\$ _	4,759 - 2,368,829	\$ - 500 -	\$ _	13,006 - -	\$	- - -	\$ _	- - -	\$ 249,849 - -	\$ _	- - -	\$ _	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ _	274,422 500 2,368,829
Total liabilities	_	6,808	_	2,373,588	 500	_	13,006	_	-	_	-	249,849	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	2,643,751
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Community development projects and services Parks and recreation - parks and		229,825		-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		229,825
open space Public safety - fire Public safety - police		-		-	-		1,638,212 -		- 1,098,202		- - 185,212	- - 571,117		-		-		-		1,638,212 1,098,202 756,329
General government activities Affordable housing		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -		- -		163,212	3/1,11/ - -		853,746 -		682,019		-		853,746 682,019
Committed to: Community obligations	_	-	_	-	 102,854		-	_	-	_	-			-	_	-	_	-	_	102,854
Total fund balances	_	229,825	_	-	102,854		1,638,212	_	1,098,202	_	185,212	571,117	_	853,746	_	682,019	_	-	_	5,361,187
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	236,633	\$_	2,373,588	\$ 103,354	\$_	1,651,218	\$ <u>_</u>	1,098,202	\$_	185,212	\$ 820,966	\$_	853,746	\$_	682,019	\$_	-	\$_	8,004,938

Town of Davie, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

					Special Revenue	Funds					
	Community Development Block Grant	State Housing Initiative Partnership	Community Endowment	Parks and Open Space Impact Fees	Fire Impact Fees	Police Impact Fees	Forfeitures	General Government Impact Fees	Affordable Housing	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:											
Franchise fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,001	\$ - 5	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,001
Intergovernmental	860,749	174,692	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,035,441
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	193,437	90,894	47,671	-	52,364	-	-	384,366
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	186,297	-	-	-	186,297
Investment income	-	66,338	4,598	-	-	-	248	-	-	-	71,184
Miscellaneous			400								400
Total revenues	860,749	241,030	77,999	193,437	90,894	47,671	186,545	52,364			1,750,689
Expenditures: General government: General services department:											
Personnel services	139,175	62,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,495
Operating	2,557	178,710	88,017				-	-			269,284
Total general government	141,732	241,030	88,017								470,779
Public safety: Police department: Operating Total police department			<u>-</u> _			<u>-</u>	37,060 37,060	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		37,060 37,060
Total public safety							37,060				37,060
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Operating Total parks, recreation				1,109							1,109
and cultural arts				1,109							1,109
Debt service: Principal and SBITA Interest and other fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	7,317 822	-	625,000 1,507,125	632,317 1,507,947
Total debt service	_	_			_			8,139	_	2,132,125	2,140,264
Capital outlay:	719,017			39,151		155,309		153,151			1,066,628

Town of Davie, Florida
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
(continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Community Development Block Grant	State Housing Initiative Partnership	Community Endowment	Parks and Open Space Impact Fees	Fire Impact Fees	Police Impact Fees	Forfeitures	General Government Impact Fees	Affordable Housing	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Total expenditures	860,749	241,030	88,017	40,260		155,309	37,060	161,290		2,132,125	3,715,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(10,018)	153,177	90,894	(107,638)	149,485	(108,926)		(2,132,125)	(1,965,151)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Total other financing										2,132,125	2,132,125
sources (uses)										2,132,125	2,132,125
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(10,018)	153,177	90,894	(107,638)	149,485	(108,926)	-	-	166,974
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as previously presented	229,825			1,485,035	1,007,308	292,850	421,632	962,672	682,019		5,081,341
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)	-	-	112,872	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,872
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as adjusted	229,825		112,872	1,485,035	1,007,308	292,850	421,632	962,672	682,019		5,194,213
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 229.825	\$ -	\$ 102.854	\$ 1.638.212	\$ 1.098.202 \$	185.212	\$ 571.117	\$ 853.746	682.019	\$ -	\$ 5.361.187

Town of Davie, Florida Community Development Block Grant Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

								Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	d Am					Positive
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$_	1,909,140	\$_	2,127,454	\$	860,749	\$_	(1,266,705)
Total revenues		1,909,140		2,127,454		860,749		(1,266,705)
Total Tevendes	_	1,303,110		2,127,131	_	000,7 13	-	(1,200,703)
Expenditures: General government: General services department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	140,376 2,969 1,765,795 1,909,140	_	140,376 9,814 1,977,264 2,127,454	_	139,175 2,557 719,017 860,749	-	1,201 7,257 1,258,247 1,266,705
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	-	_		_		_	
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			-	\$_	-
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	229,825		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	229,825		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-	- ,		

								Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	d Ar	mounts				Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	2,564,282	\$	2,564,282	\$	174,692	\$	(2,389,590)
Investment income			-		-	66,338		66,338
Total revenues		2,564,282	-	2,564,282	•	241,030		(2,323,252)
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Personnel services		97,923		97,923		62,320		35,603
Operating		2,574,419		2,574,419		178,710		2,395,709
Total expenditures		2,672,342	-	2,672,342		241,030		2,431,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(108,060)	-	(108,060)	-		-	108,060
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance		108,060	-	108,060	•		•	(108,060)
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	108,060	-	108,060				(108,060)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		-	\$	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year						-		
Fund balance, end of year					\$			

								Variance with Final Budget
	_		d A	Amounts				Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Franchise fees	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	73,001	\$	3,001
Investment income	•	-	•	, -	•	4,598	•	4,598
Miscellaneous		200		200		400		200
							_	
Total revenues	_	70,200		70,200		77,999		7,799
Expenditures:								
General government:								
General services department:								
Operating		111,319		111,319		88,017		23,302
G P G	_				_	33,62.	-	
Total expenditures		111,319		111,319		88,017		23,302
						-	_	
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	_	(41,119)		(41,119)		(10,018)		31,101
Other Financing Sources (Heas).								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance		41,119		41,119		_		(41,119)
Appropriated (excess) fully balance	_	41,119		41,119	_		-	(41,119)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		41,119		41,119		-		(41,119)
,	_	,			_		_	, ,
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$	-		(10,018)	\$_	(10,018)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	112,872		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	102,854		
i uliu balalice, cliu ol yeal					ر =	102,034		

								Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	d Ar			A -41		Positive
	•	Original	-	Final	_	Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	200,000	\$_	200,000	\$_	193,437	\$_	(6,563)
Total revenues	-	200,000	_	200,000	_	193,437	_	(6,563)
Expenditures: Parks, recreation and cultural arts:		4.400		1 100		1.100		
Operating Capital outlay		1,109 1,219,346		1,109 1,219,346		1,109 39,151		- 1,180,195
Capital Outlay	•	1,213,340	-	1,213,340	-	33,131	-	1,100,133
Total expenditures		1,220,455	_	1,220,455	_	40,260	_	1,180,195
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(1,020,455)	_	(1,020,455)	-	153,177	_	1,173,632
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance		1,020,455	_	1,020,455	_		_	(1,020,455)
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	1,020,455	_	1,020,455	_	-	_	(1,020,455)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_			153,177	\$_	153,177
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	1,485,035		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	1,638,212		

	_	Budgete Original	d Am	ounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	-	Original		Filiai		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$	90,894	\$_	40,894
Total revenues	_	50,000		50,000		90,894	_	40,894
Expenditures: Total expenditures	_	<u> </u>			_		_	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	50,000		50,000		90,894	_	40,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance Transfers out	-	(50,000)	_	(50,000)	_	<u>-</u> -	_	50,000 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(50,000)		(50,000)	_		_	50,000
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			90,894	\$_	90,894
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	1,007,308		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	1,098,202		

		Dudanto	-l A					Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete Original	u An	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	_				_		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Revenues: Charges for services	\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$_	47,671	\$_	(2,329)
Total revenues	_	50,000		50,000	_	47,671	_	(2,329)
Expenditures: Public safety: Police department:								
Capital outlay	_	193,344		193,344	_	155,309	_	38,035
Total expenditures	_	193,344	_	193,344	_	155,309	_	38,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(143,344)		(143,344)	_	(107,638)	_	35,706
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	143,344		143,344	_		_	(143,344)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	143,344	_	143,344	_		_	(143,344)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			(107,638)	\$_	(107,638)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	292,850		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	185,212		

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	u All	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	186,297 248	\$	186,297 248
Total revenues	_			-		186,545		186,545
Expenditures: Public safety: Police department: Operating	_	160,000	_	160,000		37,060	_	122,940
Total expenditures	_	160,000	_	160,000		37,060	_	122,940
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(160,000)	_	(160,000)	_	149,485	_	309,485
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	160,000	_	160,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	(160,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	160,000	_	160,000	_		_	(160,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			149,485	\$_	149,485
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	421,632		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	571,117		

		Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
			•				•	
Revenues:		F0 000		F0 000		E4 72E		4 725
Charges for services	\$_	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	51,725	\$	1,725
Total revenues	_	50,000	-	50,000	-	51,725		1,725
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Operating		13,000		13,000		(639)		13,639
Capital outlay	_	712,200	_	712,200		153,151		559,049
Total general government	_	725,200		725,200	•	152,512		572,688
Debt service: Principal and SBITA Interest and other fiscal charges	_	- -	-	32,813 3,700		7,317 822	•	25,496 2,878
Total debt service	_	<u>-</u>	-	36,513	•	8,139	•	28,374
Total expenditures	_	725,200	-	761,713	•	160,651		601,062
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(675,200)	-	(711,713)	•	(108,926)		602,787
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance SBITA		675,200 -	_	711,713		- -		(711,713) <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	675,200	-	711,713	•			(711,713)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$			(108,926)	\$	(108,926)
Fund balance, beginning of year						962,672		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	853,746		

	Rudgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Permits and fees	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total revenues	<u> </u>			
Expenditures: Community services:				
Operating	515,737	682,019		682,019
Total expenditures	515,737	682,019		682,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(515,737)	(682,019)		682,019
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance	515,737	682,019	_	(682,019)
Total other financing sources (uses)	515,737	682,019		(682,019)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	-	\$
Fund balance, beginning of year			682,019	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 682,019	

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	u Ai	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	-	Original	_	Tillai	-	Actual	-	(ivegative)
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	-
Expenditures: Debt service:								
Principal		625,000		625,000		625,000		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	1,507,125	_	1,507,125		1,507,125	_	-
Total expenditures	-	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(2,132,125)	_	(2,132,125)	_	(2,132,125)	_	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	_	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	2,132,125	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$ ₌	<u>-</u>	\$_	-		-	\$_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	-		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_			

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Vehicle Maintenance - This fund is used to accumulate the costs of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance.

Self-Insurance - This fund is used to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Information Technology - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of capital and distribution of costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, networks, software, and support.

	-	Vehicle Maintenance	•	Self- Insurance	-	Information Technology	-	Total
Assets: Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents								
and investments Receivables, net of allowance	\$	8,593,078	\$	23,903,523	\$	8,107,388	\$	40,603,989
for uncollectibles Prepaid items Inventories	-	99,070 17,512 76,509		371,372 205,026 	-	390,609 -		470,442 613,147 76,509
Total current assets	-	8,786,169	,	24,479,921	-	8,497,997	-	41,764,087
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:								
Construciton in progress Building and improvements Machinery, equipment and		175,634 2,913,153		-		-		175,634 2,913,153
vehicles Intangible assets - SBITA Less accumulated depreciation		24,253,886 81,603		- 286,074		5,346,892 2,593,434		29,600,778 2,961,111
and amortization	-	(18,873,910)	•	(147,275)	-	(5,288,761)		(24,309,946)
Total noncurrent assets	-	8,550,366	,	138,799		2,651,565		11,340,730
Total assets	-	17,336,535		24,618,720	-	11,149,562		53,104,817
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities Insurance claims payable		531,500 -		63,661 2,450,257		493,917 -		1,089,078 2,450,257
SBITA payable	-	15,896	,	95,337	-	371,466	-	482,699
Total current liabilities		547,396		2,609,255	-	865,383		4,022,034
Noncurrent liabilities: SBITA payable	-	33,289	,		-	594,823		628,112
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	33,289	·		-	594,823	-	628,112
Total liabilities		580,685		2,609,255	_	1,460,206		4,650,146
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	-	8,437,910 8,317,940		43,462 21,966,003		1,685,276 8,004,080		10,166,648 38,288,023
Total net position	\$	16,755,850	\$	22,009,465	\$	9,689,356	\$	48,454,671

	Vehicle Maintenance	-	Self- Insurance	_	Information Technology	_	Total
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services \$	5,991,686	\$	18,936,280	\$_	7,855,081	\$_	32,783,047
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	158,946		178,100		2,955,283		3,292,329
Maintenance	3,162,189		-		3,962,920		7,125,109
Insurance	496,157		3,534,385		-		4,030,542
Claims and other fees	-		12,905,530		-		12,905,530
Administration	-		2,659,525		-		2,659,525
Depreciation and amortization	2,009,847	-	95,358	_	1,167,185	_	3,272,390
Total operating expenses	5,827,139		19,372,898	_	8,085,388	_	33,285,425
Operating income (loss)	164,547		(436,618)	_	(230,307)	_	(502,378)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Other income, net	371,655		1,682,366		10,785		2,064,806
Interest and other fiscal charges	(2,007)	-	(4,863)	_	(49,537)	_	(56,407)
Total nonoperating							
revenues (expenses)	369,648	-	1,677,503	_	(38,752)	_	2,008,399
Income (loss) before transfers	534,195	-	1,240,885	_	(269,059)	_	1,506,021
Transfers:							
Transfers from (to) other funds	1,137,207	-		_		_	1,137,207
Total transfers	1,137,207			_		_	1,137,207
Change in net position	1,671,402		1,240,885		(269,059)		2,643,228
Net position, beginning of year	15,084,448		20,768,580	_	9,958,415	_	45,811,443
Net position, end of year \$	16,755,850	\$	22,009,465	\$_	9,689,356	\$_	48,454,671

	_	Vehicle Maintenance	•	Self- Insurance	-	Information Technology		Total
Cash Flows from Operating								
Activities:								
Receipts from interfund charges	\$	5,919,667	Ś	18,817,741	\$	7,855,081	\$	32,592,489
Payments to suppliers and	۲	3,313,007	۲	10,017,741	۲	7,033,001	ڔ	32,332,403
service providers		(3,504,140)		(18,979,229)		(3,394,378)		(25,877,747)
Payments to employees		(158,176)		(177,419)		(2,840,175)		(3,175,770)
Other receipts	-	228,035		1,682,366	_	10,785		1,921,186
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	_	2,485,386		1,343,459	_	1,631,313		5,460,158
Cash Flows from Non Capital								
Financing Activities:								
Transfers from (to) other funds	-	1,137,207		-	-	-		1,137,207
Net cash provided by (used in)								
non capital financing activities	_	1,137,207			_			1,137,207
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		368,874		-		-		368,874
Principal retirements on debt and SBIT	Α	(15,417)		(92,937)		(754,930)		(863,284)
Interest and other fiscal charges Acquisition and construction of		(2,007)		(4,863)		(49,537)		(56,407)
capital assets, net and SBITA		(1,898,374)			_	(664,736)		(2,563,110)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,546,924)		(97,800)	_	(1,469,203)		(3,113,927)
illiancing activities	-	(1,340,924)	•	(37,800)	-	(1,409,203)	_	(3,113,927)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments		2,075,669		1,245,659		162,110		3,483,438
and investinents	-	2,073,009	•	1,243,033	-	102,110	•	3,403,436
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	-	6,517,409		22,657,864	-	7,945,279		37,120,552
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	Ļ	8,593,078	Ļ	23 0U3 E22	۲	Q 107 200	۲	40,603,990
investinents, end of year	\$_	0,333,076	۶.	23,303,323	ې :	8,107,389	, د	+0,003,330

Town of Davie, Florida Combining Statement of Cash Flows -Internal Service Funds (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	<u>r</u>	Vehicle Maintenance	_	Self- Insurance	-	Information Technology	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$_	164,547	\$_	(436,618)	\$_	(230,307) \$	(502,378)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Other operating revenues, net		228,035		1,682,366		10,785	1,921,186
Depreciation and amortization		2,009,847		95,358		1,167,185	3,272,390
(Increase) decrease in assets:							
Receivables, net		(72,019)		(118,539)		-	(190,558)
Prepaid items		(17,512)		112,528		620,815	715,831
Inventories		43,571		-		-	43,571
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued							
liabilities		128,917		(4,651)		62,835	187,101
Insurance claims payable	_	-	-	13,015	-		13,015
Total adjustments	_	2,320,839	_	1,780,077	-	1,861,620	5,962,536
Net cash provided by (used in) operating							
activities	\$	2,485,386	\$	1,343,459	\$	1,631,313 \$	5,460,158

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary trust funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity.

Firefighters' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified firefighter employees of the Town of Davie.

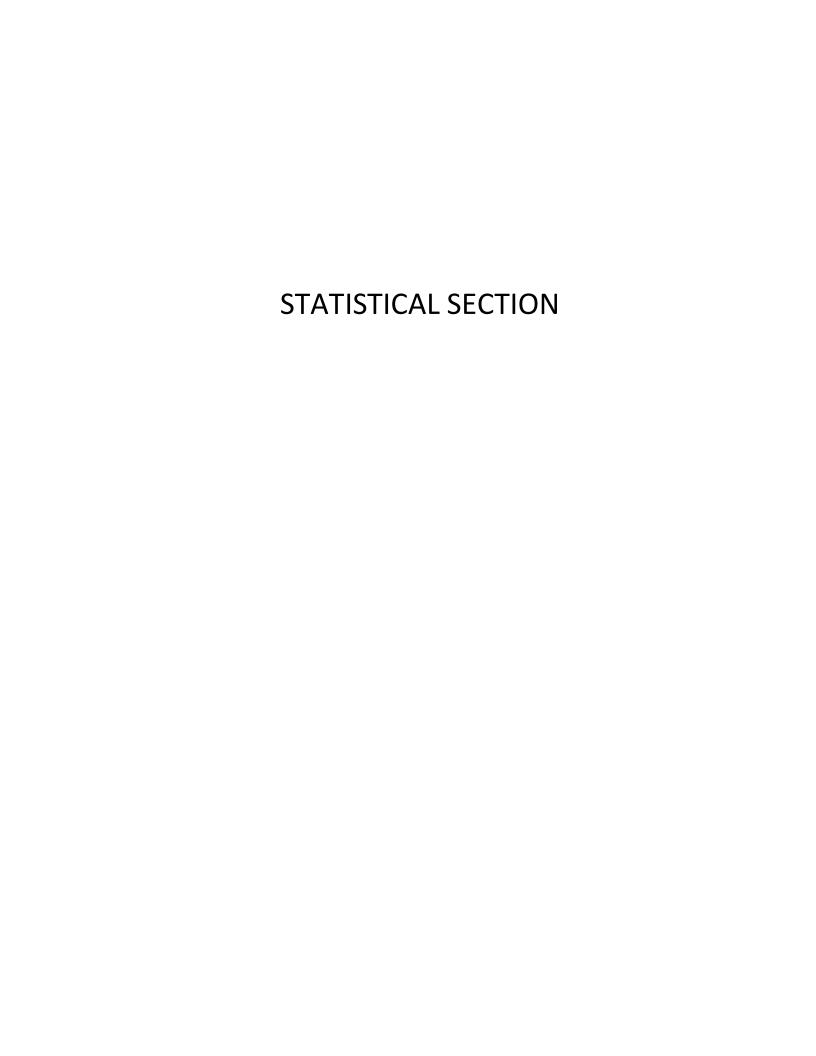
Police Employees' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified police employees of the Town of Davie.

Management and General Employees' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan of the Town of Davie.

OPEB Trust - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for other post- employment health care benefits of the Town of Davie retired employees.

	,	Firefighters' Pension	Police Employees' Pension	Management and General Employees' Pension	OPEB Trust	· ·	Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,335,966	\$ 2,447,565	\$ 1,686,693	\$ -	\$	11,470,224
Investments, at fair value: Domestic equity funds Equity securities, including		-	52,086,720	47,468,341	1,435,437		100,990,498
mutual funds		130,183,433	77,246,801	-	-		207,430,234
Real estate investment funds		26,714,553	31,827,885	11,324,934	316,640		70,184,012
International equity funds		-	28,295,619	24,697,995	728,273		53,721,887
Fixed income funds		13,059,441	-	35,300,061	1,051,950		49,411,452
Absolute return funds		11,996,984	-	-	-		11,996,984
United States agency securities		-	9,729,640	-	-		9,729,640
Corporate notes/debt securities		-	1,890,359	-	-		1,890,359
United States treasuries Pooled separate accounts -		-	7,137,009	-	-		7,137,009
self directed DROP		5,070,627	7,949,455	-	-		13,020,082
Hedge funds		-	21,128,352	-	-		21,128,352
Private credit funds		5,795,445	-	-	-		5,795,445
Receivables:							
Interest and dividends		67,017	97,237	-	_		164,254
Contributions		38,776	59,611	43,492	-		141,879
Securities sold		896,246	47,938	-	-		944,184
Prepaid expenses		-	12,528			,	12,528
Total assets		201,158,488	239,956,719	120,521,516	3,532,300		565,169,023
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Payable for securities purchased Advanced contributions from		50,199 -	72,181 -	-	- 14,073		122,380 14,073
employer	,	5,296,898	-	_	-	,	5,296,898
Total liabilities		5,347,097	72,181	-	14,073		5,433,351
Net Position: Net position restricted for pensions Net position restricted for other	,	195,811,391	239,884,538	120,521,516	-	•	556,217,445
post-employment benefits		-	-	-	3,518,227		3,518,227
Total net position	\$	195,811,391	\$ 239,884,538	\$ 120,521,516	\$ 3,518,227	\$	559,735,672

		Firefighters' Pension		Police Employees' Pension		Management and General Employees' Pension		OPEB Trust	,	Total
Additions: Contributions: Employer	\$	5,447,024	\$	8,020,000	\$	2,732,238	\$	-	Ś	16,199,262
Plan members Buy back	τ.	1,591,937	τ.	1,905,861 323,007	Τ.	695,902	τ	-	Τ	4,193,700 323,007
State of Florida		1,521,590		1,511,248		-			,	3,032,838
Total contributions		8,560,551		11,760,116		3,428,140				23,748,807
Investment income: Net appreciation (depreciation)										
in fair value of investments Interest and dividends, net		28,653,088 4,438,858		35,112,680 4,077,318		20,300,637		598,836 -		84,665,241 8,516,176
Total investment income	•	.,,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			•			0,010,110
(loss)		33,091,946		39,189,998		20,300,637		598,836		93,181,417
Less: Investment expenses		647,112		1,189,762				-		1,836,874
Net investment income (loss)		32,444,834		38,000,236		20,300,637		598,836		91,344,543
Other income		-		36,566		-		-		36,566
Total additions	•	41,005,385		49,796,918	•	23,728,777	•	598,836	•	115,129,916
	•			,,	•		•		•	
Deductions: Benefits paid		10,180,263		15,117,224		3,080,073		-		28,377,560
Refunds of contributions Administrative expenses		80,431 174,119		8,029 199,493		360,288 88,310		- 15,697		448,748 477,619
Total deductions	•	10,434,813		15,324,746	•	3,528,671	•	15,697	į	29,303,927
Change in net position		30,570,572		34,472,172		20,200,106		583,139		85,825,989
Net position, beginning of year		165,240,819		205,412,366	•	100,321,410	•	2,935,088	,	473,909,683
Net position, end of year	\$	195,811,391	\$	239,884,538	\$	120,521,516	\$	3,518,227	\$	559,735,672



Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Davie's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net position by component Changes in net position Governmental activities tax revenues by source Fund balances of governmental funds Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	126 127-128 129 130 129-130
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property Property tax rates - direct and overlapping governments Principal property taxpayers Property tax levies and collections	131 132 133 134
<u>Debt Capacity</u> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of outstanding debt by type Ratios of general bonded debt outstanding Direct and overlapping governmental activity debt Legal debt margin information Pledged-revenue coverage	137 138 139 140 141
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and economic statistics Principal employers	142 143
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-time equivalent town government employees by function/program Operating indicators by function/program Capital asset statistics by function/program	144 145 146

Sources: Unless otherwise indicated, information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the respective years.

	Fiscal Year																		
	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017 1	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	2021	_	2022	_	2023	_	2024
Governmental Activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	121,184,791	\$	123,156,231	\$	128,321,610	\$	141,487,954	\$	146,079,895	\$	162,894,649 \$	174,093,393	\$	179,044,601	\$	195,401,555	\$	207,052,860
Restricted		17,875,329		18,283,193		18,334,762		18,723,026		15,255,824		16,713,155	14,181,963		11,932,983		16,286,965		16,950,389
Unrestricted	_	60,155,607	_	72,638,771	_	83,974,637	-	74,810,077	_	104,324,444	_	121,151,298	134,938,457	_	162,649,931	_	172,525,403	_	198,793,385
Total governmental																			
activities net position	_	199,215,727	_	214,078,195		230,631,009	_	235,021,057	_	265,660,163	_	300,759,102	323,213,813	_	353,627,515	_	384,213,923	_	422,796,634
Business-Type Activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets		16,184,828		10,610,125		7,645,777		4,717,415		2,025,211		(5,633,052)	(9,111,298)		(7,335,964)		(6,521,465)		(4,131,390)
Restricted		30,737,703		31,667,288		31,257,099		30,817,049		34,969,555		31,405,754	31,712,438		30,328,592		25,565,880		24,799,967
Unrestricted	_	28,881,521	_	32,962,336	_	33,936,829	_	36,154,223	_	34,334,631	-	38,687,094	42,503,400	_	47,287,829	_	55,338,045	_	58,343,500
Total business-type																			
activities net position	_	75,804,052	_	75,239,749	_	72,839,705	_	71,688,687	_	71,329,397	_	64,459,796	65,104,540	_	70,280,457	_	74,382,460	_	79,012,077
Primary Government:																			
Net investment in capital assets		137,369,619		133,766,356		135,967,387		146,205,369		148,105,106		157,261,597	164,982,095		171,708,637		188,880,090		202,921,470
Restricted		48,613,032		49,950,481		49,591,861		49,540,075		50,225,379		48,118,909	45,894,401		42,261,575		41,852,845		41,750,356
Unrestricted	_	89,037,128	_	105,601,107	_	117,911,466	_	110,964,300	_	138,659,075	_	159,838,392	177,441,857	_	209,937,760	_	227,863,448	_	257,136,885
Total primary government																			
net position	\$ =	275,019,779	\$ =	289,317,944	\$ =	303,470,714	\$ =	306,709,744	\$ =	336,989,560	\$ =	365,218,898 \$	388,318,353	\$ =	423,907,972	\$ =	458,596,383	\$ =	501,808,711

¹ Fiscal year 2017, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 75.

						Fiscal Y	ear				
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses: Governmental activities:											
General government Building and engineering Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts Interest on long-term debt	3 2 1	0,675,017 \$ 4,358,435 6,013,987 6,843,925 1,098,196 6,215,254 2,298,240	10,881,782 \$ 4,531,890 44,696,828 25,317,372 10,978,597 6,443,584 1,450,160	9,892,198 \$ 4,858,164 47,024,033 29,420,157 12,012,003 6,841,915 1,187,592	22,313,374 \$ 5,953,001 50,793,842 31,228,673 13,102,659 6,875,546 1,082,179	11,038,576 \$ 6,361,974 50,755,743 31,932,877 13,464,587 6,852,682 934,230	9,513,064 \$ 6,779,926 53,662,619 34,845,009 14,208,213 6,980,087 733,664	12,643,662 \$ 6,674,954 52,871,670 34,597,375 13,279,847 7,167,759 667,153	11,353,883 \$ 7,133,082 49,071,433 33,321,875 15,952,697 7,838,818 1,905,756	17,153,811 \$ 7,512,694 64,620,974 39,525,303 15,421,243 8,848,371 1,773,989	19,589,793 8,239,360 68,244,690 42,588,147 16,421,852 9,185,761 1,686,435
Total governmental activities expenses	9	7,503,054	104,300,213	111,236,062	131,349,274	121,340,669	126,722,582	127,902,420	126,577,544	154,856,385	165,956,038
Business-type activities: Water and sewer Golf	2	6,205,254 158,796	26,705,805 133,986	27,566,881 199,089	29,405,466 205,982	30,462,905 190,840	28,141,027	26,255,756 - 	26,052,519	28,076,767	29,663,693
Total business-type activities expenses	2	6,364,050	26,839,791	27,765,970	29,611,448	30,653,745	28,141,027	26,255,756	26,052,519	28,076,767	29,663,693
Total primary government expenses	\$ 123	3,867,104 \$	131,140,004 \$	139,002,032 \$	160,960,722 \$	151,994,414 \$	154,863,609 \$	154,158,176 \$	152,630,063 \$	182,933,152 \$	195,619,731
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: General government Building and engineering Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts	1	2,944,443 \$ 6,802,367 4,445,337 7,719,169 265,794 1,365,575	4,077,774 \$ 7,162,150 4,280,240 18,385,454 1,024,235 1,169,962	3,095,962 \$ 8,531,709 3,912,618 21,687,637 959,633 2,107,932	3,747,644 \$ 9,041,193 7,397,548 20,040,367 271,210 1,782,978	3,451,942 \$ 12,664,335 9,436,824 20,079,188 1,617,979 1,416,001	15,013,915 \$ 8,725,023 8,008,534 19,796,055 1,217,934 619,440	8,492,330 \$ 6,913,561 7,346,425 20,492,124 445,388 711,226	7,899,547 \$ 8,543,144 8,245,184 21,202,953 1,344,139 1,406,126	8,452,507 \$ 9,934,301 9,667,386 22,673,124 899,291 1,692,877	8,691,813 11,041,733 11,168,791 28,705,573 552,983 1,650,586
Total governmental activities program revenues	3	3,542,685	36,099,815	40,295,491	42,280,940	48,666,269	53,380,901	44,401,054	48,641,093	53,319,486	61,811,479
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Golf Capital grants and contributions		2,138,550 73,565 2,701,909	22,584,362 59,873 1,989,676	22,601,271 36,413 1,285,972	23,666,225 - 2,778,293	24,330,000 - 3,073,107	25,055,372 - 207.703	26,379,996 - 123,477	28,615,768 - 2,068,507	29,817,661 - 311,757	30,309,085 - 765,085
Total business-type activities program revenues		1,914,024	24,633,911	23,923,656	26,444,518	27,403,107	25,263,075	26,503,473	30,684,275	30,129,418	31,074,170
Total primary government program revenues	\$\$	3,456,709 \$	60,733,726 \$	64,219,147 \$	68,725,458 \$	76,069,376 \$	78,643,976 \$	70,904,527 \$	79,325,368 \$	83,448,904 \$	92,885,649

									Fis	cal Y	ear								
	201	<u> </u>	2016		2017		2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022		2023	_	2024
Net (Expense) Revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	, ,	0,369) 0,026)	\$ (68,200,398) (2,205,880)	\$	(70,940,571) (3,842,314)	\$	(89,068,334) (3,166,930)	\$	(72,674,400) (3,250,638)	\$	(73,341,681) (2,877,952)	\$	(83,501,366) 247,717	\$	(77,936,451) 4,631,756	\$	(101,536,899) 2,052,651	\$	(104,144,559) 1,410,477
Total primary government, net expense	\$ (65,41	0,395)	\$ (70,406,278)	\$_	(74,782,885)	\$_	(92,235,264)	\$=	(75,925,038)	\$ =	(76,219,633)	\$ =	(83,253,649)	\$=	(73,304,695)	\$_	(99,484,248)	\$=	(102,734,082)
General Revenues, Transfers, and Other Change in Net Position: Governmental activities:																			
Ad valorem taxes Utility service taxes Other general taxes Franchise fees on gross receipts	8,20 3,88	5,856 9,059 1,030 5,366	\$ 44,666,126 8,402,373 3,384,206 9,795,497	\$	47,756,767 8,630,327 3,750,301 10,152,528	\$	50,905,694 8,932,428 4,314,907 10,429,276	\$	55,494,922 9,192,055 4,204,111 10,730,123	\$	58,151,265 9,265,030 4,115,796 10,279,152	\$	61,162,957 9,374,155 3,995,604 11,027,274	\$	63,702,854 9,841,440 4,162,727 12,381,218	\$	70,019,619 11,320,472 4,204,603 13,738,806	\$	76,864,400 11,916,671 4,013,412 13,629,284
Intergovernmental, not restricted for specific purposes Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous Transfers	7,94	5,082 5,065 2,197 4,052)	11,998,577 973,382 3,842,705		12,492,468 648,353 4,509,340 52,227		14,547,591 808,057 3,520,429		15,109,657 3,376,739 5,177,489 28,410		14,103,989 2,940,510 4,012,110 754,336		16,349,765 236,407 3,809,915		18,934,105 (3,677,726) 3,005,535		20,710,570 7,808,573 3,805,664 515,000		20,239,112 12,050,747 3,999,144 14,500
Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities		-		. <u>-</u>				_	-	_	4,818,432	_		_				_	
Total governmental activities	81,69	1,603	83,062,866		87,992,311	_	93,458,382	-	103,313,506	-	108,440,620	_	105,956,077	_	108,350,153	_	132,123,307	_	142,727,270
Business-type activities: Intergovernmental, not restricted for specific purposes Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous Transfers	1,58	- 9,058 5,692 4,052	- 105,886 1,535,691 -		- 90,115 1,347,570 (52,227)		- 287,286 1,728,626 -		- 1,184,418 1,735,340 (28,410)		- 1,365,459 215,660 (754,336)		71,246 69,072 256,709		- (192,664) 736,825 -		328,351 1,927,258 308,743 (515,000)		377,401 2,581,176 275,063 (14,500)
Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities				_	<u> </u>			_		_	(4,818,432)			_			-	_	<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities	4,64	3,802	1,641,577		1,385,458	_	2,015,912	_	2,891,348	_	(3,991,649)	_	397,027	_	544,161	_	2,049,352	_	3,219,140
Total primary government general revenues, transfers, and other change in net position	\$ 86,34	0,405	\$ 84,704,443	\$ =	89,377,769	\$_	95,474,294	\$ =	106,204,854	\$ =	104,448,971	\$ =	106,353,104	\$ =	108,894,314	\$ =	134,172,659	\$=	145,946,410
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities Business-type activities		1,234 3,776	\$ 14,862,468 (564,303)	\$	17,051,740 (2,456,856)	\$	4,390,048 (1,151,018)	\$	30,639,106 (359,290)	\$	35,098,939 (6,869,601)	\$	22,454,711 644,744	\$	30,413,702 5,175,917	\$	30,586,408 4,102,003	\$	38,582,711 4,629,617
Total primary government	\$ 20,93	0,010	\$ 14,298,165	\$ =	14,594,884	\$_	3,239,030	\$=	30,279,816	\$=	28,229,338	\$=	23,099,455	\$=	35,589,619	\$=	34,688,411	\$=	43,212,328

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	 Ad Valorem Tax	_ 6	Other General Taxes	 Utility Service Taxes	_0	Franchise Fees on Gross Receipts	 Total
2015	2014	\$ 42,385,856	\$	3,881,030	\$ 8,209,059	\$	9,816,366	\$ 64,292,311
2016	2015	44,666,126		3,384,206	8,402,373		9,795,497	66,248,202
2017	2016	47,756,767		3,750,301	8,630,327		10,152,528	70,289,923
2018	2017	50,905,694		4,314,907	8,932,428		10,429,276	74,582,305
2019	2018	55,494,922		4,204,111	9,192,055		10,730,123	79,621,211
2020	2019	58,151,265		4,115,796	9,265,030		10,279,152	81,811,243
2021	2020	61,162,957		3,995,604	9,374,155		11,027,274	85,559,990
2022	2021	63,702,854		4,162,727	9,841,440		12,381,218	90,088,239
2023	2022	70,019,619		4,204,603	11,320,472		13,738,806	99,283,500
2024	2023	76,864,400		4,013,412	11,916,671		13,629,284	106,423,767

										Fisc	al Y	ear								
		2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023	_	2024
General Fund:																				
Nonspendable	\$	3,850	\$	4,487	\$	107,789	\$	155,988	\$	182,683	\$	236,509	\$	309,135	\$	4,307,256	\$	3,325,300	\$	2,311,642
Restricted		6,153,040		7,131,226		7,636,505		10,384,853		4,149,230		4,388,841		4,501,448		6,519,402		6,766,517		5,917,649
Committed		28,053,495		30,442,397		20,706,954		21,109,246		24,423,779		36,270,513		39,258,560		40,243,041		48,365,794		52,632,287
Assigned		5,624,999		5,880,838		16,564,352		2,302,517		3,260,526		4,001,395		10,907,601		1,372,785		9,276,241		7,104,413
Unassigned	_	14,212,084	_	13,358,506	_	17,000,000	_	27,225,497	_	39,850,096	_	51,868,009	_	40,796,608	_	55,466,299		61,585,523		70,876,586
																	_			
Total General Fund	\$_	54,047,468	\$_	56,817,454	\$_	62,015,600	\$_	61,178,101	\$_	71,866,314	\$_	96,765,267	\$_	95,773,352	\$_	107,908,783	\$_	129,319,375	\$_	138,842,577
			_		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		_	
All Other Government Funds:			,																	
Nonspendable	Ş	40,000	Ş	79	\$	102,992	Ş	405,497	Ş	96,800	Ş	71,844	Ş	48,965	Ş	44,059	Ş	51,136	Ş	22,579
Restricted		34,883,256		34,042,946		26,015,489		12,486,808		11,633,283		12,324,314		9,680,515		5,413,581		7,013,343		10,450,370
Committed	-	21,429,807		28,164,892	_	32,157,920	-	28,229,054		38,033,807	-	29,893,122		40,868,221	_	81,983,054	_	82,963,957	_	104,265,094
Total all other																				
governmental funds	\$	56,353,063	Ś	62,207,917	Ś	58,276,401	Ś	41,121,359	Ś	49,763,890	Ś	42,289,280	Ś	50,597,701	ς	87,440,694	ς	90,028,436	Ś	114,738,043
governmentariumas	´ =	30,333,003	·	02,207,317	=	33,270,401	٠=	11,121,555	٠=	13,7 33,030	٠=	12,233,200	٠=	30,337,701	٠=	37,140,034	٠=	30,020,430	=	111,730,043
Total all																				
governmental funds	\$	110,400,531	\$	119,025,371	\$	120,292,001	\$	102,299,460	\$	121,630,204	\$	139,054,547	\$	146,371,053	\$	195,349,477	\$	219,347,811	\$	253,580,620

Fiscal Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Revenues: 42,385,856 \$ 50,905,694 \$ 63,702,854 \$ Ad valorem taxes 44,666,126 \$ 47,756,767 \$ 55,494,922 \$ 58,151,265 \$ 61,162,957 \$ 70,019,619 \$ 76,864,400 8,209,059 8,402,373 8,630,327 8,932,428 9,192,055 9,265,030 9,374,155 9,841,440 11,320,472 11,916,671 Utility service taxes Franchise fees 9,816,366 9,795,497 10,152,528 10,429,276 10,730,123 10,279,152 11,027,274 12,381,218 13,738,806 13,629,284 Intergovernmental 12,145,881 12,805,620 13,955,628 19,072,642 18,517,232 26,997,992 23,966,833 26,193,988 27,957,075 27,991,185 4,204,111 3,995,604 Other general taxes 3,881,030 3,384,206 3,750,301 4,314,907 4,115,796 4,162,727 4,204,603 4,013,412 Permits and fees 7,392,240 7,722,855 9,210,223 8,739,976 12,111,749 8,847,134 6,823,431 8,230,822 9,875,806 10,652,385 Charges for services 13,783,812 14,410,193 15,625,682 16,553,995 18,051,652 16,377,496 16,216,833 18,723,093 20,832,468 22,089,722 10,110,026 10,426,283 11,843,257 12,172,946 12,898,200 12,976,551 13,503,267 13,168,534 13,666,647 19,540,913 Fire assessments Fines and forfeitures 1,970,968 1,389,538 1,106,928 1,368,869 2,065,823 1,224,413 1,122,202 1,618,088 1,674,103 1,710,275 973,382 648,353 808,057 3,376,739 2,940,510 236,407 (3,677,726)7,808,573 12,050,747 Investment income (loss) 966,065 Miscellaneous 4,238,622 4,248,026 7,425,918 4,259,292 3,686,554 5,234,380 3,811,415 4,228,677 3,829,621 4,078,512 Total revenues 118,087,221 118,235,365 126,918,616 136,985,344 151,876,986 155,423,365 151,240,378 158,573,715 184,927,793 204,537,506 **Expenditures:** General government 14,920,656 17,221,056 23,846,879 31,331,610 20,054,045 19,051,546 26,708,523 27,947,030 28,553,763 22,992,461 Public safety 65,483,238 69,282,330 75,422,433 79,987,940 81,980,266 84,497,415 87,503,353 89,209,498 96,849,119 98,678,910 Public works 7,372,191 7,496,375 8,108,498 8,631,348 8,683,451 9,849,941 9,580,221 9,995,348 11,076,462 11,667,139 Non-departmental 232,615 241,219 1,434,922 9,926,355 870,295 1,071,540 760,540 680,233 1,480,944 768,593 Parks, recreation and cultural arts 4,277,132 4,363,583 4,762,304 5,818,517 4,894,981 5,202,698 5,501,376 5,950,765 6,730,307 6,957,300 5,051,591 6,803,684 Capital outlay 7,159,809 11,953,331 9,677,684 12,844,627 9,433,359 16,697,571 11,832,646 20,214,288 Debt service: Principal 6,614,497 7,103,785 6,404,719 6,027,670 5,176,762 4,582,244 3,680,541 4,268,146 6,021,553 5,937,916 Interest and other fiscal charges 2,456,049 1,476,029 1,249,135 1,105,114 976,860 809,207 688,731 1,354,098 2,049,217 1,965,383 Total expenditures 106.407.969 156.102.689 114.344.186 128.032.574 154,781,885 132,314,344 137.909.218 143.856.644 164,594,011 169,181,990 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 11,679,252 3,891,179 (1,113,958)(17,796,541)19.562.642 17,514,147 7,383,734 2,471,026 20,333,782 35,355,516 Town of Davie, Florida
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(continued)

Table 5

	Fiscal Year											
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers in	7,664,951	9,451,352	12,680,690	8,017,648	17,190,158	9,605,398	23,265,787	12,427,484	18,825,753	38,631,531		
Transfers out	(10,709,003)	(9,682,691)	(12,824,007)	(8,213,648)	(17,422,056)	(9,695,202)	(23,333,015)	(13,152,484)	(18,602,321)	(39,754,238)		
Sale of capital assets	8,440,500	4,965,000	2,523,905	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Issuance of debt	28,725,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,068,869	3,441,120	-		
Premiums on debt issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,163,529	-	-		
Payment to escrow agent	(28,725,000)	<u> </u>	- .	<u> </u>		- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,396,448	4,733,661	2,380,588	(196,000)	(231,898)	(89,804)	(67,228)	46,507,398	3,664,552	(1,122,707)		
Net change in fund balances	\$\$	8,624,840 \$	1,266,630 \$	(17,992,541) \$	19,330,744 \$	17,424,343 \$	7,316,506 \$	48,978,424 \$	23,998,334 \$	34,232,809		
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.96%	8.04%	6.81%	5.55%	5.09%	4.34%	3.40%	4.10%	5.56%	5.28%		

Taxable Assessed

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Rate	_	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2015	2014 \$	8,165,770,910 \$	348,276,267	\$ 1,197,325,920	\$ 7,316,721,257	5.8910	\$	11,085,286,065	66.00%
2016	2015	8,577,709,770	365,641,052	1,193,105,540	7,750,245,282	5.7976		12,020,234,773	64.48%
2017	2016	9,143,047,930	423,261,411	1,181,288,540	8,385,020,801	5.6962		13,070,563,470	64.15%
2018	2017	9,824,850,650	469,092,425	1,211,819,750	9,082,123,325	5.8485		14,033,435,693	64.72%
2019	2018	10,417,873,270	504,534,955	1,253,357,700	9,669,050,525	6.0121		14,822,705,163	65.23%
2020	2019	11,062,753,930	504,714,867	1,270,094,570	10,297,374,227	5.9123		15,784,674,086	65.24%
2021	2020	11,655,452,509	493,155,299	1,572,682,960	10,575,924,848	5.8836		16,377,976,137	64.57%
2022	2021	12,205,807,270	465,139,047	1,314,080,660	11,356,865,657	5.8561		17,131,606,978	66.29%
2023	2022	13,318,786,690	472,549,574	1,296,760,360	12,494,575,904	5.8467		19,799,881,746	63.10%
2024	2023	14,584,211,050	514,782,027	1,324,967,840	13,774,025,237	5.8118		23,028,768,915	59.81%

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser.

Note: Property in the County is reassessed annually. Tax rates are per \$ 1,000 of assessed value.

		Tow	n of Davie, Flo	rida									
Fiscal Year Ended	Tax Roll	Operating	Debt Service	Total Direct	Broward County	Broward County School District	South Florida Water Management	North Broward Hospital	South Broward Hospital	Broward Children's Services	Florida Inland Navigational	Total Di	
September 30,	Year	Millage	Millage	Rate	Millage	Millage	District	District	District	Council	District	(1)	(2)
2015	2014	5.0829	0.8081	5.8910	5.7230	7.4380	0.3842	1.5939	0.1863	0.4882	0.0345	21.5528	20.1452
2016	2015	5.0819	0.7157	5.7976	5.7230	7.2740	0.3551	1.4425	0.1737	0.4882	0.0320	21.1124	19.8436
2017	2016	5.0799	0.6163	5.6962	5.6690	6.9063	0.3307	1.3462	0.1615	0.4882	0.0320	20.4686	19.2839
2018	2017	5.3220	0.5265	5.8485	5.6690	6.5394	0.3100	1.2483	0.1496	0.4882	0.0320	20.1354	19.0367
2019	2018	5.6270	0.3851	6.0121	5.6690	6.4029	0.2936	1.0855	0.1414	0.4882	0.0320	19.9833	19.0392
2020	2019	5.6270	0.2853	5.9123	5.6690	6.7393	0.2795	1.0324	0.1260	0.4882	0.0320	20.1527	19.2463
2021	2020	5.6270	0.2566	5.8836	5.6690	6.5052	0.2675	1.1469	0.1199	0.4882	0.0320	19.9924	18.9654
2022	2021	5.6250	0.2311	5.8561	5.6690	6.4621	0.2572	1.2770	0.1144	0.4699	0.0320	20.0233	18.8607
2023	2022	5.6250	0.2217	5.8467	5.5306	5.9510	0.2301	1.6029	0.1144	0.4500	0.0320	19.6433	18.1548
2024	2023	5.6250	0.1868	5.8118	5.6690	6.4260	0.2301	1.4307	0.1144	0.4500	0.0288	20.0464	18.7301

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector.

Notes: Overlapping rates are those of local and County governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Davie, Florida.

State law requires all counties to assess at 100% just valuation and limits millage for operating purposes to ten (10) mills.

- (1) Excluding South Broward Hospital District.
- (2) Excluding North Broward Hospital District.

			2024				2015	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Florida Power & Light	\$	162,898,594	1	1.18%	\$	73,532,972	2	1.00%
SCG Atlas PalmTrace Landings LLC		151,861,020	2	1.10%		-	-	_
PPF AMLI 5971 Toscana Drive LP		136,423,438	3	0.99%		-	-	_
Davie Medical Center LLC		105,989,340	4	0.77%		-	-	_
Pr Centro Sunforest Holdings LLC		104,011,325	5	0.76%		-	-	-
BP Avenue LLC		96,733,911	6	0.70%		-	-	-
FR Tower Shops LLC		92,967,810	7	0.67%		44,800,150	5	0.61%
Bridge 595 LLC		92,106,550	8	0.67%		-	-	-
33 West Owner LLC		91,438,307	9	0.66%		-	-	-
Bcdpf The Palms LLC		80,456,245	10	0.58%		-	-	-
City National Bank of Trustee		-	-	-		77,825,493	1	1.06%
CC Davie LLC		-	-	-		59,081,000	3	0.81%
GSG Residential SunForset LLC		-	-	-		46,659,996	4	0.64%
AVR Davie, LLC		-	-	-		41,524,706	6	0.57%
Equity One		-	-	-		37,609,790	7	0.51%
Palm Owner LLC		-	-	-		32,603,431	8	0.45%
EQR Marina Bay Apt LLC		-	-	-		31,802,163	9	0.43%
Actavis Watson Laboratories, Inc.	_		-		-	23,000,000	10	0.31%
Total	\$_	1,114,886,540		8.08%	\$	468,439,701		6.39%

Source: Broward County Records, Taxes, and Treasury Division.

Final Tatal					Collected Vear	Within the of the Levy				Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	_	Total Tax Levy for the Fiscal Year	_	Amount Collected	Percentage of the Levy	_	Collections (Credits) in Subsequent Years	_	Amount Collected	Percentage of the Levy	
2015	2014	\$	43,066,409	\$	41,051,588	95.32%	\$	48,831	\$	41,100,419	95.43%	
2016	2015		44,936,250		43,030,891	95.76%		39,370		43,070,261	95.85%	
2017	2016		47,805,550		45,792,620	95.79%		40,414		45,833,034	95.87%	
2018	2017		53,166,153		50,840,147	95.63%		13,684		50,853,831	95.65%	
2019	2018		58,142,998		55,585,234	95.60%		(19,529)		55,565,705	95.57%	
2020	2019		60,862,442		58,199,871	95.63%		127,583		58,327,454	95.83%	
2021	2020		63,690,768		60,733,179	95.36%		19,754		60,752,933	95.39%	
2022	2021		66,451,269		63,665,198	95.81%		32,280		63,697,478	95.86%	
2023	2022		73,069,689		69,944,773	95.72%		-		69,944,773	95.72%	
2024	2023		80,262,044		79,768,029	99.38%		-		79,768,029	99.38%	

Source: Broward County Revenue Collection Division Accountability Statement.

	_	Governn	nent	al Activities	_	Business-Type	e Ac	tivities	_				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,		General Obligation Bonds	. <u>-</u>	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds and Other	-	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds		Note Payable		Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	_	Debt Per Capita (1)
2015	\$	35,998,230	\$	20,356,788	\$	136,124,818	\$	3,529,405	\$	196,009,241	6.57%	\$	2,022.63
2016		31,671,818		17,579,415		133,647,249		3,808,142		186,706,624	5.56%		1,877.58
2017		27,560,284		15,286,230		131,114,680		3,622,752		177,583,946	5.48%		1,763.79
2018		23,692,450		13,126,394		128,527,111		3,433,073		168,779,028	4.80%		1,636.01
2019		20,739,050		10,903,032		129,559,542		3,239,006		164,440,630	4.58%		1,577.38
2020		18,445,000		8,614,838		129,426,639		3,040,450		159,526,927	4.14%		1,518.52
2021		16,245,000		7,134,297		126,713,610		2,837,301		152,930,208	3.94%		1,446.96
2022		13,990,000		52,153,450		122,325,581		2,629,452		191,098,483	4.84%		1,786.23
2023		11,695,000		49,362,208		118,302,552		2,416,796		181,776,556	4.01%		1,699.02
2024		9,335,000		46,407,261		114,164,523		2,199,220		172,106,004	3.78%		1,602.33

Note: Debt is presented net of discounts and premiums, as applicable.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population data is disclosed in Table 15.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	 General Obligation Bonds (1)	-	Less: Accumulated Resources Restricted To Repaying the Principal of General Bonded Debt	_	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	-	Per Capita (3)
2015	\$ 35,998,230	\$	145,300	\$	35,852,930	0.32%	\$	369.97
2016	31,671,818		189,200		31,482,618	0.26%		316.60
2017	27,560,284		234,500		27,325,784	0.21%		271.40
2018	23,692,450		260,000		23,432,450	0.17%		227.14
2019	20,739,050		282,700		20,456,350	0.14%		196.23
2020	18,445,000		299,100		18,145,900	0.11%		172.73
2021	16,245,000		172,000		16,073,000	0.10%		152.08
2022	13,990,000		42,000		13,948,000	0.08%		130.37
2023	11,695,000		64,300		11,630,700	0.06%		108.71
2024	9,335,000		85,500		9,249,500	0.04%		86.11

⁽¹⁾ General bonded debt is presented net of discounts and premiums, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ For property value data see Table 6: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.

⁽³⁾ For population data see Table 15: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Governmental Unit:				
Broward County School Board Broward County	\$ 83,988,100 1,066,140,000	4.55% 5.05%	\$ -	3,818,978 53,813,046
Subtotal, overlapping debt				57,632,024
Town of Davie, Florida			_	55,742,261
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ _	113,374,285

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town of Davie, Florida. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

		Fiscal Year											
		2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020		2021	2022	2023	2024
Debt limit	\$	851,404,718 \$	894,335,082	\$	956,630,934 \$	1,029,394,308 \$	1,092,240,823 \$	1,156,746,880	\$	1,214,860,781 \$	1,267,094,632	1,379,133,626 \$	1,509,899,308
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	35,852,930	31,482,618	_	27,325,784	23,432,450	20,456,350	18,145,900	_	16,073,000	13,948,000	11,630,700	9,249,500
Legal debt margin	\$_	815,551,788 \$	862,852,464	\$ =	929,305,150 \$	1,005,961,858 \$	1,071,784,473 \$	1,138,600,980	\$ =	1,198,787,781 \$	1,253,146,632	\$1,367,502,926 \$	1,500,649,808
Total net debt applicabl to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	e _	4.21%	3.52%		2.86%	2.28%	1.87%	1.57%		1.32%	1.10%	0.84%	0.61%
	_			_					_				
Taxable assessed value	\$	7,316,721,257 \$	7,750,245,282	\$	8,385,020,801 \$	9,082,123,325 \$	9,669,050,525 \$	10,297,374,227	\$	10,575,924,848 \$	11,356,865,657	\$ 12,494,575,904 \$	13,774,025,237
Tax exempt real property		1,197,325,920	1,193,105,540		1,181,288,540	1,211,819,750	1,253,357,700	1,270,094,570		1,572,682,960	1,314,080,660	1,296,760,360	1,324,967,840
	\$_	8,514,047,177 \$	8,943,350,822	\$_	9,566,309,341 \$	10,293,943,075 \$	10,922,408,225 \$	11,567,468,797	\$=	12,148,607,808 \$	12,670,946,317	\$ 13,791,336,264 \$	15,098,993,077
					1	Legal Debt Margin Calcul	lation for Fiscal Year 202	24:					
						Taxable Assessed Value Add back: exempt real pi	roperty			\$	13,774,025,237 1,324,967,840 15,098,993,077		
					ı	Debt limit (10% of total a	assessed value)			\$	1,509,899,308		
						General obligation bonds				\$	9,335,000		
					1	Less: Amounts set aside t general oblig				,	85,500		
					-	Total net debt applicable	to limit				9,249,500		
					1	Legal debt margin				\$	1,500,649,808		

Fiscal	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds										
Year	Water	Less:	Net								
Ended	Charges	Operating	Available	Debt S	ervice						
September 30,	and Other *	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage					
2016	\$ 28,486,341	12,073,335	16,413,006	2,665,294	6,743,818	174.44%					
2017	25,207,810	12,387,452	12,820,358	2,596,944	6,757,287	137.05%					
2018	24,320,696	13,485,764	10,834,932	2,700,390	6,610,944	116.36%					
2019	27,450,471	15,169,017	12,281,454	2,759,679	6,562,409	131.75%					
2020	29,443,300	16,451,215	12,992,085	2,814,067	6,302,363	142.51%					
2021	26,844,194	15,675,640	11,168,554	2,873,556	4,796,561	145.61%					
2022	26,900,500	14,207,242	12,693,258	2,933,149	4,159,579	178.96%					
2023	31,228,436	14,116,449	17,111,987	4,612,849	3,922,505	200.48%					
2023	32,693,770	15,982,024	16,711,746	4,252,656	3,821,668	206.97%					
2024	34,307,810	17,439,424	16,868,386	4,372,576	3,714,311	208.59%					

^{*} Water charges and other includes charges for services, intergovernmental, other income, investment income (loss), gain (loss) on sale of capital assets and capital contributions.

Year	Population (1,2,3)	Median Age (1,2)	Personal Income (1,3) (Thousands of Dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (1,3)	School Enrollment (4)	Broward County Unemployment Rate (5,6)
2015	96,908	37.6	2,983,797	30,790	16,161	5.1%
2016	99,440	40.8	3,360,276	33,792	16,539	4.6%
2017	100,683	37.6	3,240,080	32,181	17,083	3.3%
2018	103,165	37.7	3,518,649	34,107	17,174	2.8%
2019	104,249	37.7	3,593,567	34,471	17,235	2.6%
2020	105,054	36.8	3,857,268	36,717	16,809	7.8%
2021	105,691	36.8	3,880,656	36,717	16,821	4.4%
2022	106,984	37.5	3,945,570	36,880	15,068	2.8%
2023	106,989	38.4	4,530,877	42,349	16,736	3.0%
2024	107,410	36.6	4,548,706	42,349	16,528	3.4%

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) American Community Survey.
- (3) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Research.
- (4) Broward County School 20th day Enrollment.
- (5) State of Florida Unemployment Statistics.
- (6) U.S. Department of Labor.

			2024		2015			
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	
Nova Southeastern University	Educational Complex	6,093	1	0.56%	4,236	1	0.42%	
Broward County Schools	Educational Complex	1,695	2	0.15%	1,923	2	0.19%	
Broward College	Educational Complex	1,372	3	0.13%	1,548	3	0.15%	
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	856	4	0.08%	708	6	0.07%	
Town of Davie	Municipality	788	5	0.07%	708	5	0.07%	
Home Depot	Retail	651	6	0.06%	-	-	-	
HCA Hospital	Medical	650	7	0.06%	-	-	-	
Rick Case Automotive	Auto/Cycle Dealership	425	8	0.04%	646	7	0.06%	
Walmart	Retail	338	9	0.03%	421	9	0.04%	
Target	Pharmaceutical	340	10	0.03%	230	10	0.02%	
Actavis (Watson)	Pharmaceutical	_	-	-	1,000	4	0.10%	
Stryker	Medical Device		-		436	8	0.04%	
Total		13,208		1.21%	11,856		1.16%	

Source: Greater Fort Lauderdale Broward Economic Development Alliance and Town of Davie Administration Department.

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program:										
General Government:										
Legislative	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Administrative	79	93	100	91	100	99	93	84	92	97
Public Works/Utilities	106	110	112	113	115	120	122	124	125	124
Parks, Recreation and										
Cultural Arts	48	49	49	49	51	52	52	58	60	70
Building and Engineering	38	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	44	44
Public Safety:										
Police	253	258	263	274	277	286	298	299	301	306
Fire/Rescue	<u>157</u>	162	176	<u>177</u>	<u>177</u>	184	184	184	187	193
Total	686	710	738	743	760	782	791	792	814	839

Source: Various Town Departments.

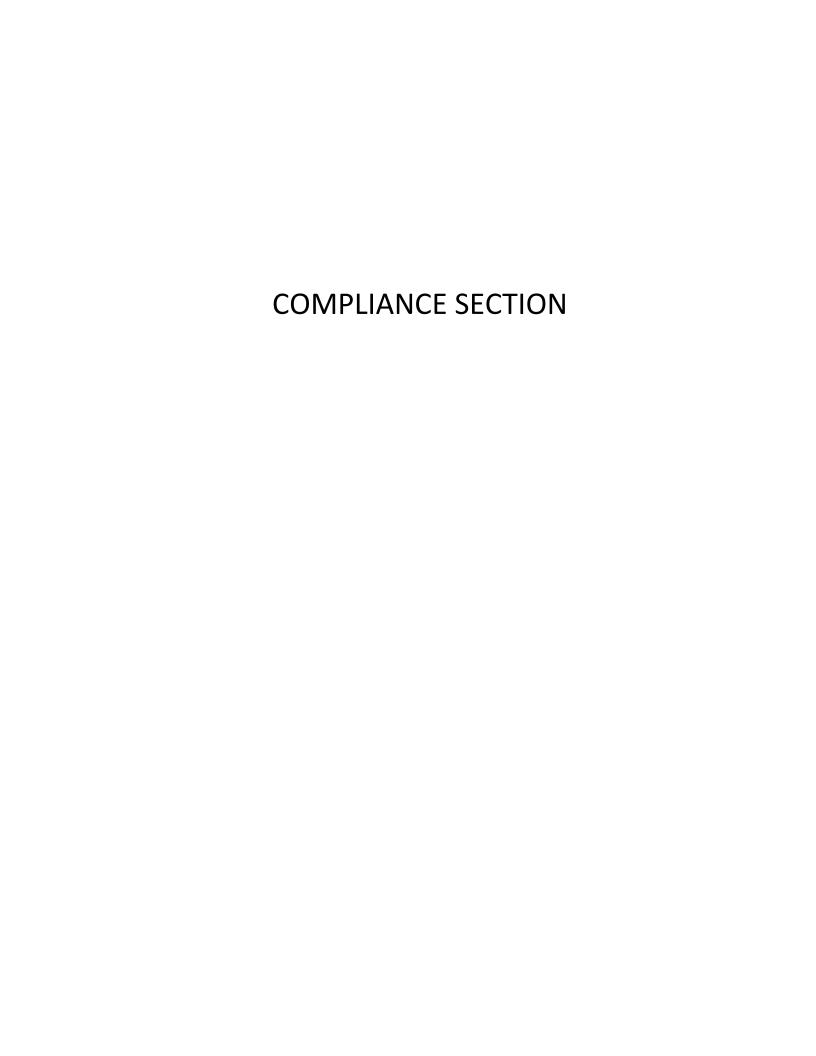
	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program: Police:										
Physical arrests	1,237	1,873	954	964	1,134	912	1,278	755	736	788
Citations issued	13,897	9,407	8,279	11,756	12,674	7,281	5,746	15,133	8,117	9,067
Fire rescue:										
Numbers of calls answered	13,649	14,094	14,566	14,174	13,964	13,200	14,338	14,860	15,534	15,219
Fire inspections	5,457	5,358	5,444	8,366	10,599	7,530	8,771	9,900	10,863	10,698
Community development: New Residential/Commercial										
building permits issued	157	188	110	239	284	150	203	668	460	534
Highway and streets:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	10	3	3	8	6	14	9	4	4	8
Parks, recreation and cultural arts:										
Athletic programs (participants)	2,984	3,279	2,054	2,332	1,614	825	822	1,877	2,888	2,909
Youth camps (participants)	498	551	458	539	495	-	319	436	458	487
Club memberships	424	489	627	961	946	1,027	1,090	1,713	2,112	2,420
Facility rentals	2,464	2,613	1,749	3,687	3,324	922	257	3,460	7,381	9,579
Pool admissions	94,088	98,790	100,413	134,790	136,415	55,431	25,489	76,006	109,315	112,615
Water:										
Number of water meters operating	9,517	9,691	10,181	10,171	9,876	10,393	9,956	10,000	10,023	10,038
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	3.73 MGD	4.64 MGD	4.51 MGD	4.47 MGD	4.42 MGD	4.15 MGD	4.00 MGD	4.00 MGD	4.10 MGD	3.39 MGD
Sewer: Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	3.30 MGD	3.46 MGD	3.78 MGD	3.90 MGD	3.76 MGD	3.54 MGD	3.60 MGD	3.55 MGD	3.71 MGD	3.79 MGD

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Source: Various Town Departments

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program: Public safety:										
Police stations	1	1	1	1 6	1	1	1	1	1 6	1
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Highway and streets:										
Streets (miles)	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	310
Number of street lights	5,152	5,153	5,156	5,164	5,174	5,215	5,215	5,215	5,215	4,567
Parks, recreation and cultural arts:										
Number of parks	35	35	36	37	37	37	33	33	33	33
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 8
Community centers	6	6	6	6	7	8	8	8	8	8
Community bus shuttles	3	3	3	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	162	162	163	163	169	165	170	163	174	163
Fire hydrants	1,460	1,460	1,587	1,587	1,587	1,461	1,638	1,693	1,611	1,595
Maximum daily capacity (in thousand of gallons)	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	10.0 MGD	8.0 MGD	6.0 MGD
Sewer/stormwater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	73	73	73	73	73	68	70	74	74	74
Storm sewers (miles) Maximum daily treatment capacity (in millions of gallons	84	84	84	89	89	89	117	117	122	213
per day - MGD)	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD	8.35 MGD

Source: Various Town Departments







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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Davie, Florida's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan as described in our report on the Town of Davie, Florida's, financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Citim Coopermané Caupany, LAP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Davie, Florida's, financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

March 27, 2025



Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Davie, Florida's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Davie, Florida's, major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The Town of Davie, Florida's, major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Davie, Florida, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Davie, Florida, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Davie, Florida's, compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Davie, Florida's, federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town of Davie, Florida's, compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town of Davie, Florida's, compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town of Davie's, Florida, compliance with
 the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town of Davie, Florida's, internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Davie, Florida's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Citim Coopermané, Caupany, LP

March 27, 2025





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MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, (the "Town") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan or the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 27, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name or official title and legal authority of the Town and its blended component unit are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Town reported the specific information in Exhibit 1 accompanying this report. The information for compliance with Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State, and other granting agencies, Members of the Town Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Caupany, LP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

March 27, 2025

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Data Element	Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency
Number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the the district's fiscal year at 09/30/2024	None
Number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year, September 2024	None
Employee compensation, earned or awarded, for FYE 9/30/2024 (paid/accrued)	\$ -
Nonemployee independent contractor compensation, earned or awarded, for FYE 9/30/2024 (paid/accrued)	\$ -
Each construction project approved by the district scheduled to begin on or after October 1, 2023; (>\$65K):	None
Budget variance report	Page 92





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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

We have examined the Town of Davie, Florida's (the "Town"), compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, (the "specified requirements") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements, for the year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Members of the Town Council. and the State of Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

oophruane Caupany, LLP Fort Lauderdale, Florida

March 27, 2025

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Town of Davie, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>	Provided to Sub-recipients
Federal Agency Name: Direct Programs: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development - CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218		\$ 160,672 42,425 164,047 51,000 8 105,000 199,147 138,135	\$ - - - - - - - -
		Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster:	860,434	-
United States Department of Treasury - COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds United States Department of Justice -	21.027		4,548,256	<u> </u>
Congressionally Recommended Awards	16.753		800,000	-
Indirect Programs: United States Department of Justice - Passed through Broward County Sheriff's Office - Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	UNKNOWN	26,560	<u> </u>
United States Department of Homeland Security - Passed through the Florida Division of Emergency Management - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially				
Declared Disasters)	97.036 97.036 97.036	Mutual Aid Reimbursement-423 Mutual Aid Response-2020-0151 Mutual Aid Response Services-2020-0002 97.036 Total	22,025 19,258 26,071 67,354	- - - - -
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,302,604	\$

See notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"). The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are generally on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, as well as other applicable provisions of contracts and grant agreements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement, as applicable.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Contingency

The grant and contract revenue received is subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor/contract agencies would become a liability of the Town. In the opinion of management, all grant and contract expenditures are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal/state laws and other applicable regulations.

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report is	Unmodified Opinion				
Internal control over fina	ncial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) i	dentified?	yes	<u>X</u> no		
Significant deficiency(ie	s) identified?	yes	X none reported		
Noncompliance material	to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no		
Federal Programs					
Internal control over maj	or federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) i	yes	<u>X</u> no			
Significant deficiency(ie	yes	X none reported			
Type of auditor's report is major federal programs:	Unmodified Opinion				
Any audit findings disclos to be reported in accordance	ed that are required ance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no		
Identification of major fe	deral programs:				
Assistance Listing No.	Federal Program(s)				
14.218	CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster				
16.753	United States Department of Treasury - Congressionally Recommened Awards				
21.027	United States Department of Treasury - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			\$ 750,000 federal programs		
Auditee qualified as low-	_X_yes	no			

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

None Reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL PROGRAMS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None Reported.